

Homework 1

Task 1

a) Read a raw image

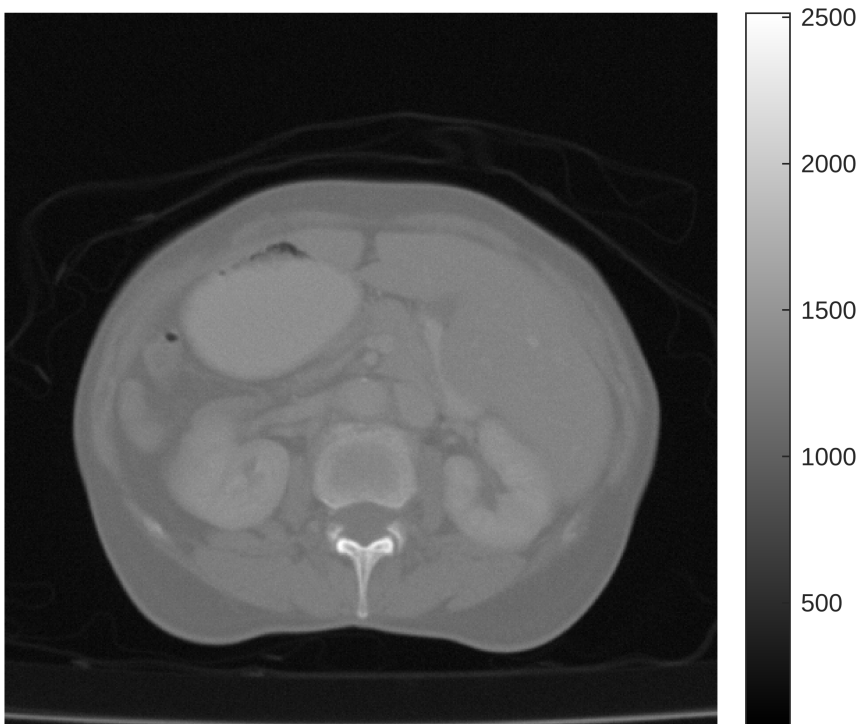
Read the image with:

- pixel size 512x512
- unsigned integer with 16 bits
- big-endian encoding

```
im_0069 = fread(fopen("data/IM_0069_rot.raw"), [512, 512], 'int16', 'ieee-  
be');
```

b) Display the image with a colorbar

```
figure();  
imshow(im_0069, []);  
colorbar
```



c) Measure the noise

Formula:

`standard_deviation(image_area) / mean(image_area)`

```
image_width = 614.4
```

```
image_width =  
614.4000
```

```
pixel_width = 512
```

```
pixel_width =  
512
```

```
pixel_size_mm = image_width / pixel_width
```

```
pixel_size_mm =  
1.2000
```

```
measurement_width_mm = 24
```

```
measurement_width_mm =  
24
```

```
measurement_width_pixel = measurement_width_mm / pixel_size_mm + 1
```

```
measurement_width_pixel =  
21
```

```
measurement_pos_x = 210
```

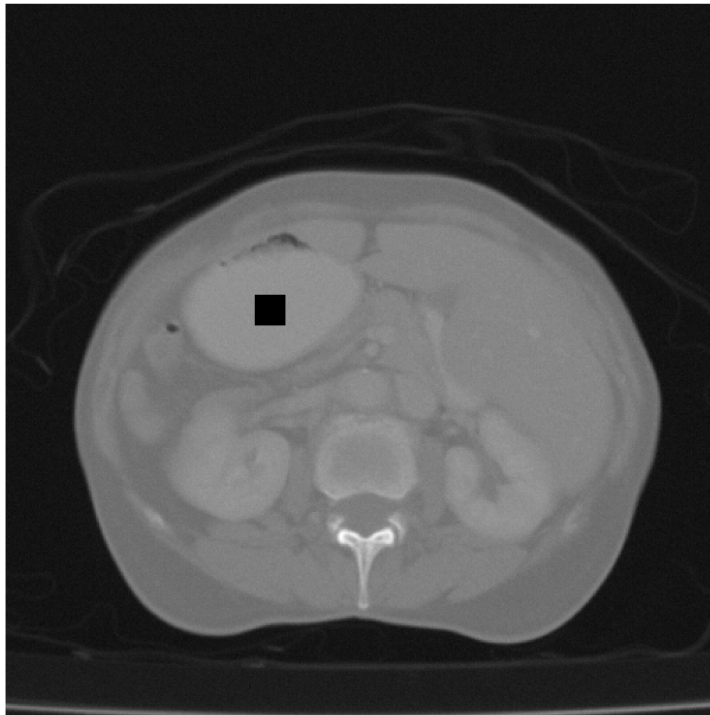
```
measurement_pos_x =  
210
```

```
measurement_pos_y = 180
```

```
measurement_pos_y =  
180
```

This visualization is just added to show that a homogeneous area is chosen.

```
ma_marked_im_0069 = im_0069(:, :);  
ma_marked_im_0069(measurement_pos_x:measurement_pos_x +  
measurement_width_pixel, measurement_pos_y:measurement_pos_y +  
measurement_width_pixel) = 1;  
figure();  
imshow(ma_marked_im_0069, [])
```



```
measurement_area_im_0069 = im_0069(measurement_pos_x:measurement_pos_x  
+ measurement_width_pixel, measurement_pos_y:measurement_pos_y +  
measurement_width_pixel);  
measurement_area_im_0069_std = std(measurement_area_im_0069(:))
```

```
measurement_area_im_0069_std =  
27.0400
```

```
measurement_area_im_0069_mean = mean(measurement_area_im_0069(:))
```

```
measurement_area_im_0069_mean =  
1.4272e+03
```

```
im_0069_noise_estimation = measurement_area_im_0069_std /  
measurement_area_im_0069_mean
```

```
im_0069_noise_estimation =  
0.0189
```

Task 2

a + b) Implement subsampling to 256x256

```
subsampled_im_size_x = 256;  
subsampled_im_size_y = 256;
```

First approach

```
tic;
subsamped_im_0069 = zeros(subsamped_im_size_x, subsamped_im_size_y);
for x = 1:subsamped_im_size_x
    for y = 1:subsamped_im_size_y
        pixel_sample = [im_0069(x * 2 - 1, y * 2 - 1), im_0069(x * 2 - 1, y
* 2), im_0069(x * 2, y * 2 - 1), im_0069(x * 2, y * 2)];
        subsamped_im_0069(x, y) = mean(pixel_sample);
    end
end
toc;
```

Elapsed time is 0.041895 seconds.

Second approach

```
tic;
subsampling_index_x = 1:2:size(im_0069, 1);
subsampling_index_y = 1:2:size(im_0069, 2);
subsamped_im_0069 = (im_0069(subsampling_index_x, subsampling_index_y)
+ im_0069(subsampling_index_x + 1, subsampling_index_y)
+ im_0069(subsampling_index_x, subsampling_index_y + 1) +
im_0069(subsampling_index_x + 1, subsampling_index_y + 1)) / 4;
toc;
```

Elapsed time is 0.004508 seconds.

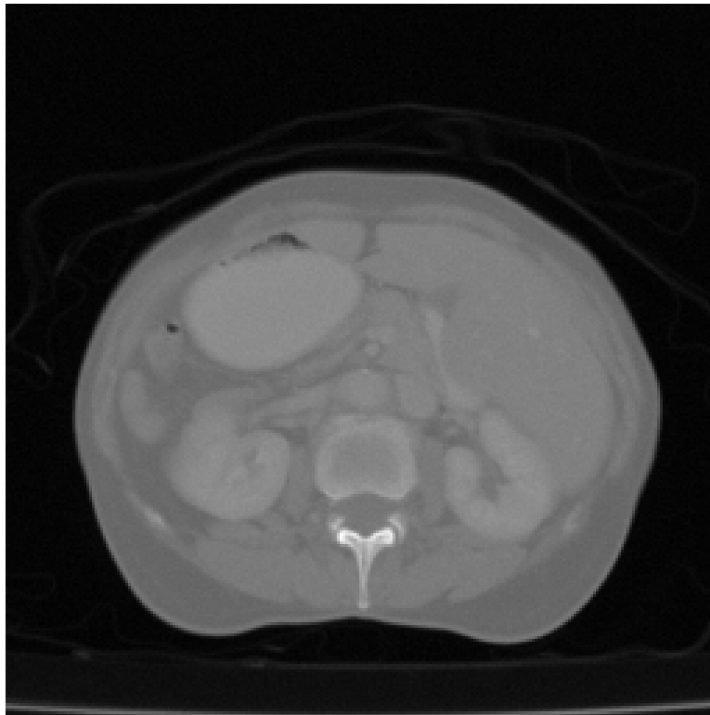
Time measurements

As expected, the second approach is much faster.

In one example run, approach one took 40 milliseconds while approach two finished after 4 milliseconds.

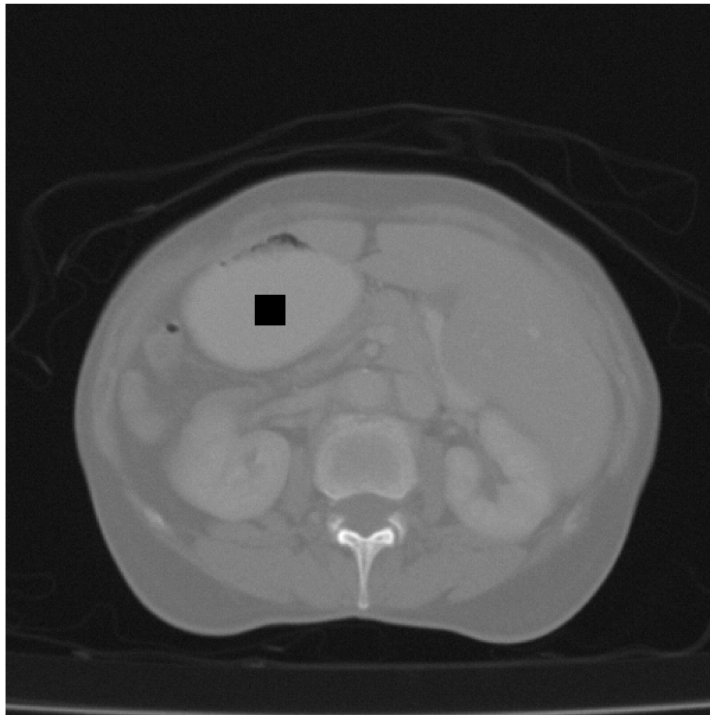
c) Display the subsampled image

```
figure();
imshow(subsamped_im_0069, []);
```



d)

```
ma_marked_subsampled_im_0069 = subsampled_im_0069(:, :);  
ma_marked_subsampled_im_0069(measurement_pos_x / 2:measurement_pos_x +  
int16(measurement_width_pixel / 2), measurement_pos_y:measurement_pos_y +  
int16(measurement_width_pixel / 2)) = 1;  
figure();  
imshow(ma_marked_im_0069, [])
```



```
measurement_area_subsampled_im_0069 =
subsampled_im_0069(measurement_pos_x:measurement_pos_x +
int16(measurement_width_pixel / 2), measurement_pos_y:measurement_pos_y +
int16(measurement_width_pixel / 2));
measurement_area_subsampled_im_0069_std =
std(measurement_area_subsampled_im_0069(:))
```

```
measurement_area_subsampled_im_0069_std =
15.8190
```

```
measurement_area_subsampled_im_0069_mean =
mean(measurement_area_subsampled_im_0069(:))
```

```
measurement_area_subsampled_im_0069_mean =
1.0932e+03
```

```
subsampled_im_0069_noise_estimation =
measurement_area_subsampled_im_0069_std /
measurement_area_subsampled_im_0069_mean
```

```
subsampled_im_0069_noise_estimation =
0.0145
```

e) Caculate the noise reduction effect

$(\text{noise_original} - \text{noise_subsampled}) / \text{noise_original}$

```
noise_reduction_ratio = (im_0069_noise_estimation -  
subsampled_im_0069_noise_estimation) / im_0069_noise_estimation
```

```
noise_reduction_ratio =  
0.2362
```