Programming Assignment #1

Assignment Description

Write an SIC assembler that reads an SIC assembly program, translates SIC statements into their machine code equivalents, and generates an object file.

Goals

- 1. Get familiar with C programming language.
- 2. Learn to use the I/O facilities and library functions provided by standard C.
- 3. Get experience with the system-level programming.
- 4. Get familiar with separate compilation, make utility, and C debugger.

Guidelines:

- 1. The score for a programming assignment includes demonstration in person (70%) and a report (30%). You have to demonstrate your program in person. For a two-member team, two programming assignments need to be demonstrated by different members. You will get 15% bonus if you succeed in demonstrating your program (without any obvious bugs) on November 19 noon, or earlier. On the other hand, you will be 15% penalty if you failed in demonstrating your program or handing in your report on December 24 noon, or earlier.
 - 1) Your score = X * 70% + Y * 30%
 - 2) (11/4) In-class demonstration = X * 70% * 115% + Y * 30%
 - 3) Late demonstration = X * 70% * 85% + Y * 30%
 - 4) Late demonstration + late report = X * 70% * 85% + Y * 30% * 85%
- 2. You need to upload your report to www.elearn.ndhu.edu.tw
 - 1) Your report is suggested to include the following elements:
 - i. A cover page
 - ii. Brief description of the assignment problem
 - iii. Highlights on how you write the program
 - iv. Program listing
 - v. Test run snapshots
 - vi. Discussion
 - 2) Make your report in a pdf file, and upload to <u>www.elearn.ndhu.edu.tw</u>.
 - The upload link will be suspended at the due time for a while for recording on-time hand-ins, and will be reopened for accepting late hand-ins. There will be a 10% penalty for lateness. (S = X * 70% + Y * 30% * 85%)

Programming Assignment #1 Addendum

Assembler Directives

START, END, BYTE, WORD, RESB, and RESW.

Format of SIC Assembly Program

- 1) Each line has 4 fields:
 - i. (Optional) Label (up to 6 characters)
 - ii. Operation
 - iii. (Optional) Operands (no blank allowed)
 - iv. (Optional) Comment
- 2) If the first character is a ".", the whole line is a comment.
- 3) There is no blank line in an SIC assembly program source file, except for the last line.

SIC OPCODE Table

Mnemonic	Opcode	Mnemonic	Opcode	Mnemonic	Opcode
ADD	18	AND	40	COMP	28
DIV	24	J	3C	JEQ	30
JGT	34	JLT	38	JSUB	48
LDA	00	LDCH	50	LDL	08
LDX	04	MUL	20	OR	44
RD	D8	RSUB	4C	STA	0C
STCH	54	STL	14	STSW	E8
STX	10	SUB	1C	TD	E0
TIX	2C	WD	DC		

SIC Instruction Format

8	1	15
opcode	Х	address

Mode	Indication	Target Address
Direct	x = 0	TA = address
Indexed	x = 1	TA = address + (X)

Chung Yung

Example Assembly Program

```
COPY
      START 1000
FIRST STL RETADR
CLOOP JSUB RDREC
      LDA LENGTH
      COMP ZERO
      JEQ
           ENDFIL
      JSUB WRREC
      J
           CLOOP
           EOF
ENDFIL LDA
      STA
           BUFFER
      LDA
           THREE
      STA LENGTH
      JSUB
          WRREC
      LDL
            RETADR
      RSUB
     BYTE C'EOF'
EOF
THREE WORD
ZERO
      WORD 0
RETADR RESW 1
LENGTH RESW
          1
           4096
BUFFER RESB
      SUBROUTINE TO READ RECORD INTO BUFFER
RDREC LDX
            ZERO
      LDA
            ZERO
RLOOP TD INPUT
      JEQ
           RLOOP
      RD
           INPUT
      COMP
           ZERO
      JEQ
           EXIT
      STCH BUFFER, X
      TIX
           MAXLEN
      JLT
           RLOOP
      STX
EXIT
            LENGTH
      RSUB
INPUT BYTE
            X'F1'
```

MAXLEN WORD 4096

.

SUBROUTINE TO WRITE RECORD FROM BUFFER

•

WRREC LDX ZERO
WLOOP TD OUTPUT

JEQ WLOOP

LDCH BUFFER, X

WD OUTPUT TIX LENGTH

JLT WLOOP

RSUB

OUTPUT BYTE X'05'

END FIRST

Types of Record in SIC Object Code

Header record:

Col. 1 H

Col. 2–7 Program name

Col. 8–13 Starting address of object program (hexadecimal)

Col. 14–19 Length of object program in bytes (hexadecimal)

Text record:

Col. 1 T

Col. 2–7 Starting address for object code in this record(hexadecimal)

Col. 8–9 Length of object code in this record in bytes (hexadecimal)

Col. 10–69 Object code, represented in hexadecimal (2 columns per

byte of object code)

End record:

Col. 1 E

Col. 2–7 Address of first executable instruction in object program

(hexadecimal)

Example Target Program

HCOPY 00/10000107A
T0010001E1410334820390010362810303010154820613C100300102A0C103900102D
T00101E150C10364820610810334C0000454F46000003000000
T0020391E041030001030E0205D30203FD8205D2810303020575490392C205E38203F
T0020571C1010364C0000F1001000041030E02079302064509039DC20792C1036
T002073073820644C000005
E001000