# Data Structures Fundamentals -

## Retake Exam – Java

### 1. ViTube - 100 pts

You've been tasked with implementing the data management of an online video platform. The software should work with users, which upload and watch videos.

You are given a skeleton with a class ViTubeRepositoryImpl that implements the ViTubeRepository interface.

ViTube works with Users and Videos as entities. All entities are identified by a unique Id.

The **User** entity contains the following properties:

- Id string
- Username string

The **Video** entity contains the following properties:

- Id string
- Title string
- Length double
- Views Integer
- Likes Integer
- Dislikes Integer

Implement the following functionalities to make the **ViTube** software fully operative:

- void registerUser(User user) adds an user to the ViTube software.
- void postVideo(Video video) adds a video to the ViTube software.
- bool contains(User user) returns whether the user is contained inside the ViTube software.
- **bool contains(Video video)** returns whether the **video** is **contained** inside the **ViTube** software.
- Iterable<Video> getVideos() returns a collection of all videos.
- void watchVideo(User user, Video video) the given user, watches the given video incrementing the views of the given video with 1. If either the user or video are not contained in the ViTube throw IllegalArgumentException()
- void likeVideo(User user, Video video) the given user, likes the given video incrementing the likes of the given video with 1. If either the user or video are not contained in the ViTube throw IllegalArgumentException()
- void dislikeVideo(User user, Video video) the given user, dislikes the given video incrementing the dislikes of the given video with 1. If either the user or video are not contained in the ViTube throw IllegalArgumentException()
- Iterable<User> getPassiveUsers() returns a collection of all users, which have never watched, liked or disliked a video.



• Iterable<Video> getVideosOrderedByViewsThenByLikesThenByDislikes() – returns all of the videos ordered by views in descending order, then by likes in descending order, then by dislikes in ascending order.

If there aren't any videos – return an **empty collection**.

Iterable<User> getUsersByActivityThenByName() – returns all of the users ordered by count of videos they've watched in descending order, then by count of videos they've liked or disliked in descending order, and lastly – by username in alphabetical (ascending) order.

If there aren't any users – return an **empty collection**.

NOTE: If all sorting criteria fails, you should order by order of input. This is for all methods with ordered output.

## 1.5 ViTube – Performance – 50 pts

For this task you will only be required to submit the **code from the previous problem**. If you are having a problem with this task you should **perform detailed algorithmic complexity analysis** and try to **figure out weak** spots inside your implementation.

For this problem it is important that other operations are **implemented correctly** according to the specific problems: **add**, **size**, **remove**, **get** etc... Also, make sure you are using the correct data structures. ©

You can submit code to this problem **without full coverage** from the previous problem, **not all test cases** will be considered, only the **general behaviour** will be important, **edge cases** will mostly be ignored such as throwing exceptions etc...

### 2. Movie Database – 100 pts

You've been tasked with implementing a program for managing a movie database. The software should work with actors and movies.

You are given a skeleton with a class MovieDatabaseImpl that implements the MovieDatabase interface.

This MovieDatabase works with Actors and Movies as entities. All entities are identified by a unique Id.

NOTE: Two actors could have the same movie.

The **Actor** entity contains the following properties:

- Id string
- Name string
- Age integer

The **Movie** entity contains the following properties:

- **Id** string
- DurationInMinutes integer
- Title string
- Rating double
- Budget- double

Implement the following functionalities to make the Movie Database software fully operative:



- void addActor(Actor actor) adds an actor to the Movie Database software.
- void addMovie(Actor actor, Movie movie) adds a movie to the given actor in the Movie Database software. If the actor does not exist throw IllegalArgumentException()
- **bool contains(Actor actor)** returns whether the **actor** is **contained** inside the **Movie Database** software.
- bool contains(Movie movie) returns whether the movie is contained inside the Movie Database software.
- Iterable<Movie> getAllMovies() returns a collection of all movies.
- Iterable<Actor> getNewbieActors() returns a collection of all actors that do not have any movies.
- Iterable<Movie> getMoviesOrderedByBudgetThenByRating() returns all of the movies ordered by budget in descending order, then by rating in descending order.
  If there aren't any movies return an empty collection.
- Iterable<Actor> getActorsOrderedByMaxMovieBudgetThenByMoviesCount() returns all of the actors ordered by maximum budget of one of their movies in descending order, then by count of movies in descending order.
  - If there aren't any actors return an **empty collection**.
- Iterable<Movie> getMoviesInRangeOfBudget(double lower, double upper) returns all of the movies ordered by rating in descending order, which have a budget in the range defined by the given lower and upper boundaries. The range is inclusive.
   If there aren't any movies – return an empty collection.

NOTE: If all sorting criteria fails, you should order by order of input. This is for all methods with ordered output.

### 2.5 Movie Database – Performance – 50 pts

For this task you will only be required to submit the **code from the previous problem**. If you are having a problem with this task you should **perform detailed algorithmic complexity analysis** and try to **figure out weak** spots inside your implementation.

For this problem it is important that other operations are **implemented correctly** according to the specific problems: **add**, **size**, **remove**, **get**, etc. Also, make sure you are using the correct data structures.

You can submit code to this problem **without full coverage** from the previous problem, **not all test cases** will be considered, only the **general behaviour** will be important, **edge cases** will mostly be ignored such as throwing exceptions etc.

