SESSION 4 LAB 8:

1. Create a class by extending Thread Class to print a multiplication table of a number supplied as parameter. Create another class Tables which will instantiate two objects of the above class to print multiplication table of 5 and 7.

pgm1.java

```
class A implements Runnable {
  Thread t;
  int n;
  A(int a) {
    t = new Thread(this);
    n = a;
    t.start();
  }
  public void run() {
    try {
      for (int i = 1; i <= 10; i++) {
        System.out.println(n + "\t*" + i + "\t=" + (n * i));
      t.sleep(500);
    } catch (InterruptedException e) {
      System.out.println(e.getMessage());
    System.out.println();
  static class tables {
    tables() {
      A ob1 = new A(5);
      try {
        ob1.t.sleep(1000);
      } catch (InterruptedException e) {
        System.out.println(e.getMessage());
      System.out.println("Exiting...");
    A ob2 = new A(7);
class pgm1 {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    A.tables ob = new A.tables();
}
```

OUTPUT:

```
student@lplab-Lenovo-Product: ~/190905514/week6
student@lplab-Lenovo-Product:~/190905514/week6$ javac pgm1.java
student@lplab-Lenovo-Product:~/190905514/week6$ java pgm1
         *1
                 =5
         *1
7575757577777555
                  =7
         *2
                 =10
         *2
                  =14
         *3
                  =15
         *3
                  =21
         *4
                  =20
         *4
                  =28
         *5
*5
                  =25
                  =35
         *6
                  =30
        *6
                  =42
         *7
                  =49
         *8
                  =56
         *9
                  =63
         *10
                  =70
         *7
                  =35
         *8
                  =40
         *9
                  =45
         *10
                  =50
Exiting...
student@lplab-Lenovo-Product:~/190905514/week6$
```

2.Write and execute a java program to create and initialize a matrix of integers. Create n threads(by implementing Runnable interface) where n is equal to the number of rows in the matrix. Each of these threads should compute a distinct row sum. The main thread computes the complete sum by looking into the partial sums given by the threads.

```
pgm2.java
```

```
import java.util.Scanner;
class matrixAdd implements Runnable {
  int arr[];
  int sum;
  Thread t;
  matrixAdd(int a[]) {
    t = new Thread(this);
    t.start();
  public void run() {
        System.out.println("\n\t\t\tRunning matrix thread ");
    for (int i = 0; i < arr.length; i++) {
      sum = sum + arr[i];
 }
public class pgm2 {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
    int m:
```

```
int n;
  int mSum = 0;
  System.out.println("\n\t\tt\tEnter the size of array = m X n ");
  m = scanner.nextInt();
  n = scanner.nextInt();
  int matrix[][] = new int[m][n];
  System.out.println("\n\t\t\tEnter Elements = ");
  for (int i = 0; i < m; i++) {
    for (int j = 0; j < n; j++) {
      matrix[i][j] = scanner.nextInt();
  }
  matrixAdd mobj[] = new matrixAdd[matrix.length];
  for (int x = 0; x < matrix.length; x++)
    mobj[x] = new matrixAdd(matrix[x]);
    try {
      for (int i = 0; i < matrix.length; i++)
        mobj[i].t.join();
    } catch (InterruptedException e) {
      System.out.println(e.getMessage());
    for (int i = 0; i < matrix.length; i++) {
      mSum =mSum+ mobj[i].sum;
    System.out.println("\n\t\t\tSum is = " + mSum);
}
```

OUTPUT:

```
student@lplab-Lenovo-Product: ~/190905514/week6
student@lplab-Lenovo-Product: ~/190905514/week6$ javac pgm2.java
student@lplab-Lenovo-Product: ~/190905514/week6$ java pgm2

Enter the size of array = m X n

Enter Elements =

9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1

Running matrix thread

Running matrix thread

Running matrix thread

Sum is = 45
student@lplab-Lenovo-Product: ~/190905514/week6$
```

3.Write and execute a java program to implement a producer and consumer problem.

pgm3.java

}

```
class Q{
  int n;
  boolean valuSet=false;
  synchronized int get(){
    if(!valuSet){
      try{
        wait();
    }catch (InterruptedException e){
      System.out.println(e.getMessage());
}
```

```
}
    System.out.println("Got "+n);
    valuSet=false;
    notify();
    return n;
  synchronized int Rest(int n){
    if(valuSet){
      try{
        wait();
      }catch (InterruptedException e){
        System.out.println(e.getMessage());
    System.out.println("Got "+n);
    valuSet=false;
    notify();
    return n;
  synchronized void put(int n){
    if(!valuSet){
      try{
        wait();
      }catch (InterruptedException e){
        System.out.println(e.getMessage());
      }
    this.n=n;
    valuSet=true;
    System.out.println("put:"+n);
    notify();
abstract class Producer implements Runnable{
  Qq;
  Producer(Q q){
    this.q=q;
    new Thread(this, "producer");
  public void mainly(){
    int i=0;
    while (true){
      q.put(i++);
    }
 }
abstract class Consumer implements Runnable{
  Qq;
  Thread thra;
  Consumer(Q q){
    this.q=q;
    thra=new Thread(this,"comsumer");
  public void main(){
    while (true){
      q.get();
    }
 }
public class pgm3 {
```

OUTPUT:

```
student@lplab-Lenovo-Product: ~/190905514/week6

student@lplab-Lenovo-Product: ~/190905514/week6$ javac pgm3.java
student@lplab-Lenovo-Product: ~/190905514/week6$ java pgm3

PRESS CONTROL-C TO STOP....
student@lplab-Lenovo-Product: ~/190905514/week6$
```