# Activity - Import and parse a text file Introduction

Security logs are often stored in text files. To analyze the security logs in these files, security analysts have to import and parse these files. Python has some functions that come in handy for these tasks, allowing analysts to efficiently access information from text files.

In this lab, you'll practice using functions and other syntax in Python to import and parse text files.

Note: Have you already completed this lab once? Due to how Coursera handles files, you will need to reset the login.txt" file used in this lab to its original contents if you want to complete this lab more than once. The File contents reset section at the end of this notebook contains code that allows you to reset the login.txt" file to its original contents. After you have run the code in that section, you can begin the lab again.

# Tips for completing this lab

## Scenario

In this lab, you're working as a security analyst. You're responsible for preparing a security log file for analysis and creating a text file with IP addresses that are allowed to access restricted information.

# Task 1

In this task, you'll import a security log text file and store it as a string to prepare it for analysis.

In Python, a with statement is often used in file handling to open a file and then automatically close the file after reading it.

You're given a variable named import\_file that contains the name of the log file that you want to import. Start by writing the first line of the with statement in the following code cell. Use the open() function, setting the second parameter to "r". Note that running this code will produce an error because it will only contain the first line of the with statement; you'll complete this with statement in the task after this. Be sure to replace the ### YOUR CODE HERE ### with your own code.

```
# Assign `import_file` to the name of the text file that contains the security log file
import_file = "login.txt"

# First line of the `with` statement
# Use `open()` to import security log file and store it as a string

with open(import.file, "r") as file:
```

#### Hint 1

## Task 2

Now, you'll use the .read() method to read the imported file, and you'll store the result in a variable named text. Afterwards, display the text and explore what it contains by running the cell. Be sure to replace the ### YOUR CODE HERE ### with your own code before you run the following cell.

```
# Assign `import_file` to the name of the text file that contains the security log file
import_file = "data/login.txt"
# The `with` statement
# Use 'open()' to import security log file and store it as a string
with open(import_file, "r") as file:
# Use `.read()` to read the imported file and store the result in a variable named `text`
text = file.read()
# Display the contents of 'text'
print(text)
username, ip address, time, date
tshah, 192.168.92.147, 15:26:08, 2022-05-10
dtanaka, 192.168.98.221, 9:45:18, 2022-05-09
tmitchel, 192.168.110.131, 14:13:41, 2022-05-11
daquino, 192.168.168.144, 7:02:35, 2022-05-08
eraab, 192.168.170.243, 1:45:14, 2022-05-11
jlansky, 192.168.238.42, 1:07:11, 2022-05-11
acook, 192.168.52.90, 9:56:48, 2022-05-10
asundara, 192.168.58.217, 23:17:52, 2022-05-12
jclark, 192.168.214.49, 20:49:00, 2022-05-10
cjackson, 192.168.247.153, 19:36:42, 2022-05-12
jclark, 192.168.197.247, 14:11:04, 2022-05-12
apatel, 192.168.46.207, 17:39:42, 2022-05-10
mabadi, 192.168.96.244, 10:24:43, 2022-05-12
iuduike, 192.168.131.147, 17:50:00, 2022-05-11
abellmas, 192.168.60.111, 13:37:05, 2022-05-10
gesparza, 192.168.148.80, 6:30:14, 2022-05-11
cgriffin, 192.168.4.157, 23:04:05, 2022-05-09
alevitsk, 192.168.210.228, 8:10:43, 2022-05-08
eraab, 192.168.24.12, 11:29:27, 2022-05-11
jsoto, 192.168.25.60, 5:09:21, 2022-05-09
jrafael, 192.168.243.140, 4:56:27, 2022-05-09
```

Hint 2

Hint 3

### Task 3

The output in the previous step is one big string. In this task, you'll explore how you can split the string that contains the entire imported log file into a list of strings, one string per line.

Use the .split() method to perform this split and then display the result. Be sure to replace the ###
YOUR CODE HERE ### with your own code before you run the following cell.

Note that displaying <code>.split()</code> doesn't change what is stored in the <code>text</code> variable. Variable reassignment would be necessary if you want to store the result after splitting.

```
# Assign `import_file` to the name of the text file that contains the security log file
import_file = "data/login.txt"

# The `with` statement
# Use `open()` to import security log file and store it as a string
with open(import_file, "r") as file:

# Use `.read()` to read the imported file and store the result in a variable named `text`

text = file.read()

# Display the contents of `text` split into separate lines

print(text.split())
```

['username,ip\_address,time,date', 'tshah,192.168.92.147,15:26:08,2022-05-10', 'dtanaka,192.168.98.221,9:45:18,2022-05-09', 'tmitchel,192.168.110.131,14:13: 41,2022-05-11', 'daquino,192.168.168.144,7:02:35,2022-05-08', 'eraab,192.168. 170.243,1:45:14,2022-05-11', 'jlansky,192.168.238.42,1:07:11,2022-05-11', 'ac ook,192.168.52.90,9:56:48,2022-05-10', 'asundara,192.168.58.217,23:17:52,2022-05-12', 'jclark,192.168.214.49,20:49:00,2022-05-10', 'cjackson,192.168.247.1 53,19:36:42,2022-05-12', 'jclark,192.168.197.247,14:11:04,2022-05-12', 'apate 1,192.168.46.207,17:39:42,2022-05-10', 'mabadi,192.168.96.244,10:24:43,2022-05-12', 'iuduike,192.168.131.147,17:50:00,2022-05-11', 'abellmas,192.168.60.11 1,13:37:05,2022-05-10', 'gesparza,192.168.148.80,6:30:14,2022-05-11', 'cgriff in,192.168.4.157,23:04:05,2022-05-09', 'alevitsk,192.168.210.228,8:10:43,2022-05-08', 'eraab,192.168.24.12,11:29:27,2022-05-11', 'jsoto,192.168.25.60,5:09 :21,2022-05-09', 'jrafael,192.168.243.140,4:56:27,2022-05-09']

#### Hint 2

#### Question 1

What do you notice about the output before and after using the .split() method? [Double-click to enter your responses here.]

## Task 4

There is a missing entry in the log file. You'll need to account for that by appending it to the log file. You're given the missing entry stored in a variable named missing entry.

Use the .write() method and the parameter "a" in the open() function. Be sure to replace each ###
YOUR CODE HERE ### with your own code before you run the following cell.

After the portion of the code that writes to the file, another with statement uses the .read() method to read the updated file into the text variable and then display it.

```
# Assign 'import_file' to the name of the text file that contains the security log file
import_file = "login.txt"

# Assign 'missing entry' to a log that was not recorded in the log file
missing_entry = "jrafael,192.168.243.140,4:56:27,2022-05-09"

# Use 'open()' to import security log file and store it as a string
# Pass in "a" as the second parameter to indicate that the file is being opened for appending purposes

with open(import_file, "a") as file:

# Use 'write()' to append 'missing_entry' to the log file
file.write(missing_entry)

# Use 'open()' with the parameter "r" to open the security log file for reading purposes

with open(import_file, "r") as file:

# Use 'read()' to read in the contents of the log file and store in a variable named 'text'

text = file.read()

# Display the contents of 'text'
```

#### print(text)

```
username, ip address, time, date
tshah, 192.168.92.147, 15:26:08, 2022-05-10
dtanaka, 192.168.98.221, 9:45:18, 2022-05-09
tmitchel, 192.168.110.131, 14:13:41, 2022-05-11
daquino, 192.168.168.144, 7:02:35, 2022-05-08
eraab, 192.168.170.243, 1:45:14, 2022-05-11
jlansky, 192.168.238.42, 1:07:11, 2022-05-11
acook, 192.168.52.90, 9:56:48, 2022-05-10
asundara, 192.168.58.217, 23:17:52, 2022-05-12
jclark, 192.168.214.49, 20:49:00, 2022-05-10
cjackson, 192.168.247.153, 19:36:42, 2022-05-12
jclark, 192.168.197.247, 14:11:04, 2022-05-12
apatel, 192.168.46.207, 17:39:42, 2022-05-10
mabadi, 192.168.96.244, 10:24:43, 2022-05-12
iuduike, 192.168.131.147, 17:50:00, 2022-05-11
abellmas, 192.168.60.111, 13:37:05, 2022-05-10
gesparza, 192.168.148.80, 6:30:14, 2022-05-11
cgriffin, 192.168.4.157, 23:04:05, 2022-05-09
alevitsk, 192.168.210.228, 8:10:43, 2022-05-08
eraab, 192.168.24.12, 11:29:27, 2022-05-11
jsoto, 192.168.25.60, 5:09:21, 2022-05-09
jrafael, 192.168.243.140, 4:56:27, 2022-05-09 jrafael, 192.168.243.140, 4:56:27, 202
2-05-09
```

#### Hint 1

Hint 2

Hint 3

#### Question 2

What do you notice about the position of the entry that was added to the log file? [Double-click to enter your responses here.]

# Task 5

The next task you're responsible for is creating a text file. This text file should include a list of IP addresses that are allowed to access restricted information. Documenting this in a text file will help you communicate your findings to your security team.

Start by creating a variable named import\_file that stores the name of the file, which should be "allow list.txt".

You're also given a variable named ip\_addresses that stores a string containing the IP addresses that are allowed.

Run the code to display the two variables and explore what they contain. Be sure to replace the ### YOUR CODE HERE ### with your own code before you run the following cell.

```
# Assign `import_file` to the name of the text file that you want to create

import_file = "data/allow_list.txt"

# Assign `ip_addresses` to a list of IP addresses that are allowed to access the restricted information

ip_addresses = "192.168.218.160 192.168.97.225 192.168.145.158 192.168.108.13 192.168.60.153 192.168.

96.200 192.168.247.153 192.168.3.252 192.168.116.187 192.168.15.110 192.168.39.246"

# Display `import_file`

print(import_file)

# Display `ip_addresses`

print(ip_addresses)

data/allow_list.txt

192.168.218.160 192.168.97.225 192.168.145.158 192.168.108.13 192.168.60.153

192.168.96.200 192.168.247.153 192.168.3.252 192.168.116.187 192.168.15.110 1

92.168.39.246
```

#### Hint 1

# Task 6

Your next goal is to create a with statement in order to write the IP addresses to the text file you created in the previous step.

You'll first open the file using the "w" parameter. Then, you'll write the IP addresses to the file. Be sure to replace each ### YOUR CODE HERE ### with your own code before you run the following cell. Note that the code cell will contain a with statement that writes to a file but does not display information to the screen, so running it will not produce an output.

```
# Assign `import_file` to the name of the text file that you want to create

import_file = "data/allow_list.txt"

# Assign `ip_addresses` to a list of IP addresses that are allowed to access the restricted information

ip_addresses = "192.168.218.160 192.168.97.225 192.168.145.158 192.168.108.13 192.168.60.153 192.168.

96.200 192.168.247.153 192.168.3.252 192.168.116.187 192.168.15.110 192.168.39.246"

# Create a `with` statement to write to the text file
```

```
with open(import_file,"w") as file:
# Write `ip_addresses` to the text file
file.write(ip_addresses)
```

Hint 2

Hint 3

# Task 7

In this final step, you'll complete the code you've been writing up to this point. You'll add code to read the file containing IP addresses.

Complete a with statement that reads the text file and stores it in a new variable called text.

Afterwards, display the contents of text and run the cell to explore the result. Be sure to replace each ### YOUR CODE HERE ### with your own code before you run the following cell.

```
# Assign `import_file` to the name of the text file that you want to create
import_file = "allow_list.txt"

# Assign `ip_addresses` to a list of IP addresses that are allowed to access the restricted information
ip_addresses = "192.168.218.160 192.168.97.225 192.168.145.158 192.168.108.13 192.168.60.153 192.168.
96.200 192.168.247.153 192.168.3.252 192.168.116.187 192.168.15.110 192.168.39.246"

# Create a `with` statement to write to the text file
with open(import_file, "w") as file:
    # Write `ip_addresses` to the text file
file.write(ip_addresses)

# Create a `with` statement to read in the text file
with open(import_file, "r") as file:
    # Read the file and store the result in a variable named `text`
text = file.read()
```

#### # Display the contents of `text`

#### print(text)

192.168.218.160 192.168.97.225 192.168.145.158 192.168.108.13 192.168.60.153 192.168.96.200 192.168.247.153 192.168.3.252 192.168.116.187 192.168.15.110 1 92.168.39.246

Hint 1

Hint 2

Hint 3

## Conclusion

#### What are your key takeaways from this lab?

[Double-click to enter your responses here.]

## File contents reset

You can run the following code to reset the "login.txt" file to its original contents. Because of how Coursera handles files, this will be necessary if you wish to complete this lab more than once or if you have unintentionally changed the file in a way that does not correspond to the lab tasks.

# Resets the `"login.txt"` file to its original contents # Allows learners to complete lab more than once

# Assigns the original contents of the file to the `login\_file` variable

login\_file = """username,ip\_address,time,date tshah,192.168.92.147,15:26:08,2022-05-10 dtanaka,192.168.98.221,9:45:18,2022-05-09 tmitchel,192.168.110.131,14:13:41,2022-05-11 daquino,192.168.168.144,7:02:35,2022-05-08 eraab,192.168.170.243,1:45:14,2022-05-11 jlansky,192.168.238.42,1:07:11,2022-05-11 acook,192.168.52.90,9:56:48,2022-05-10 asundara,192.168.58.217,23:17:52,2022-05-12 jclark,192.168.214.49,20:49:00,2022-05-10 cjackson,192.168.247.153,19:36:42,2022-05-12 jclark,192.168.197.247,14:11:04,2022-05-12 apatel,192.168.46.207,17:39:42,2022-05-10 mabadi,192.168.96.244,10:24:43,2022-05-12 iuduike,192.168.131.147,17:50:00,2022-05-11 abellmas,192.168.60.111,13:37:05,2022-05-10 gesparza,192.168.148.80,6:30:14,2022-05-11 cgriffin,192.168.4.157,23:04:05,2022-05-09 alevitsk,192.168.210.228,8:10:43,2022-05-08

eraab,192.168.24.12,11:29:27,2022-05-11

```
jsoto,192.168.25.60,5:09:21,2022-05-09
"""

# Writes `login_file` to the `"login.txt"` file
with open("login.txt", "w") as file:
    file.write(login_file)
```