

1305 – Area of a Parallelogram

A parallelogram is a quadrilateral with two pairs of parallel sides. See the picture below:

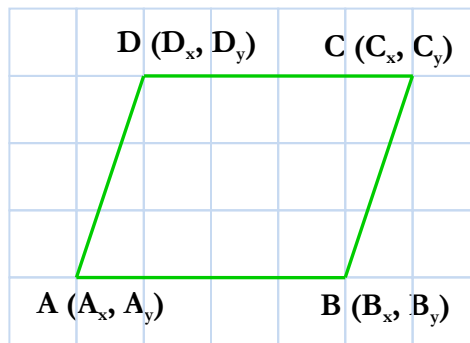


Fig: a parallelogram

Now you are given the co ordinates of **A**, **B** and **C**, you have to find the coordinates of **D** and the area of the parallelogram. The orientation of **ABCD** should be same as in the picture.

Input

Input starts with an integer **T** (≤ 1000), denoting the number of test cases.

Each case starts with a line containing six integers $A_x, A_y, B_x, B_y, C_x, C_y$ where (A_x, A_y) denotes the coordinate of **A**, (B_x, B_y) denotes the coordinate of **B** and (C_x, C_y) denotes the coordinate of **C**. Value of any coordinate lies in the range $[-1000, 1000]$. And you can assume that **A**, **B** and **C** will not be collinear.

Output

For each case, print the case number and three integers where the first two should be the coordinate of **D** and the third one should be the area of the parallelogram.

Sample Input	Output for Sample Input
3	Case 1: 0 10 100
0 0 10 0 10 10	Case 2: 0 -20 200
0 0 10 0 10 -20	Case 3: -32 9 1247
-12 -10 21 21 1 40	