# 10018 Reverse and Add

The "reverse and add" method is simple: choose a number, reverse its digits and add it to the original. If the sum is not a palindrome (which means, it is not the same number from left to right and right to left), repeat this procedure.

	195	Initial number
	591	
	786	
	687	
For example:	1473	
	3741	
	5214	
	4125	
	9339	Resulting palindrome

In this particular case the palindrome '9339' appeared after the 4th addition. This method leads to palindromes in a few step for almost all of the integers. But there are interesting exceptions. 196 is the first number for which no palindrome has been found. It is not proven though, that there is no such a palindrome.

You must write a program that give the resulting palindrome and the number of iterations (additions) to compute the palindrome.

You might assume that all tests data on this problem:

- will have an answer,
- will be computable with less than 1000 iterations (additions),
- will yield a palindrome that is not greater than 4,294,967,295.

### Input

The first line will have a number N ( $0 < N \le 100$ ) with the number of test cases, the next N lines will have a number P to compute its palindrome.

## Output

For each of the N tests you will have to write a line with the following data:  $minimum_number_of_i terations(additions)_to_g et_to_the_palindrome$  and  $the_resulting_palindrome_i tself$  separated by one space.

### Sample Input

3 195 265

750

## Sample Output

- 4 9339
- 5 45254
- 3 6666