

Custom Compiler

Layout Editor (LE)
Advanced Editing Functions

O-2018.09



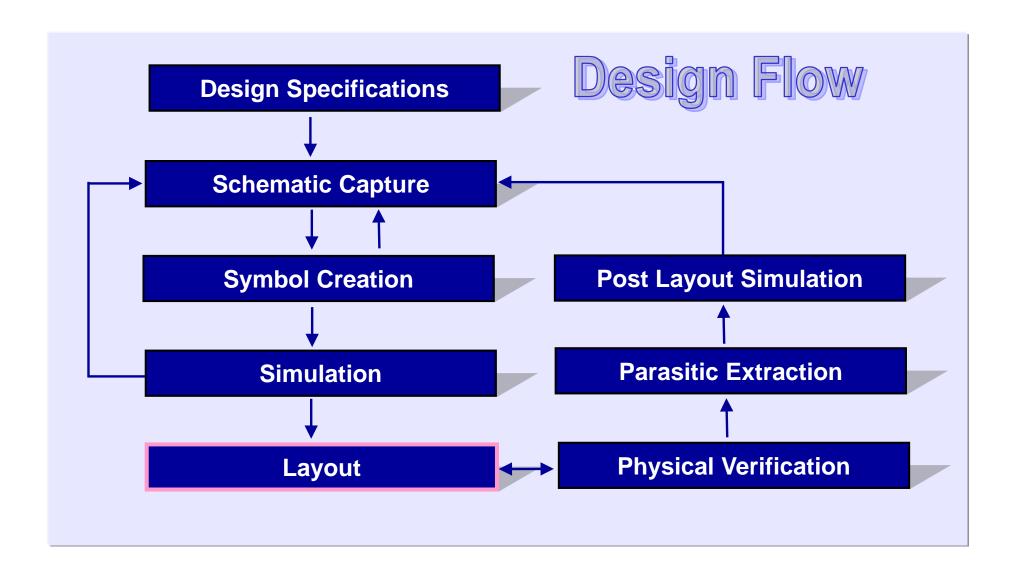
Unit Objectives



After completing this unit, you will be able to:

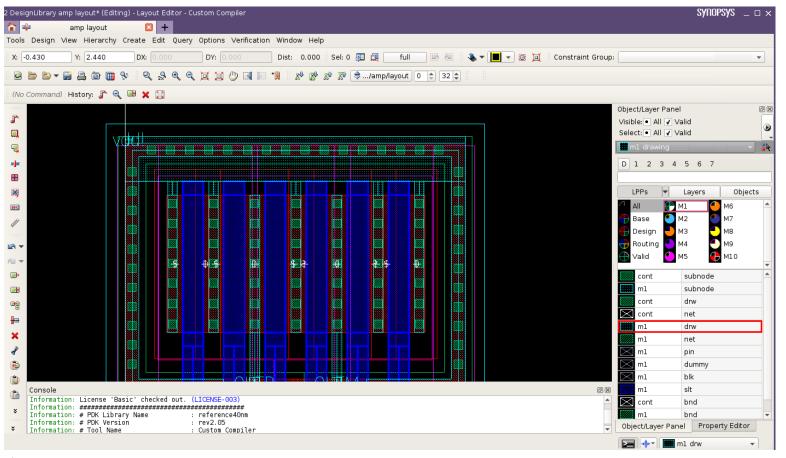
- Use different modes for data creation & editing functions
- Stripe Wires
- Use Cut Poly command

Full Custom Compiler Flow



Layout Editor Console

 User can input commands from Console assistant invoked right in Layout Editor window



Selection Use Models

Pre Selection

- Select the objects and activate the command
- Command is one-shot and selected set remains.

Post Selection

- Activate the command and select the objects
- Command is modal and selected set becomes de-selected

Post Selection with Infix

 If infix enabled and active object exists, first point defines the reference point for the command

Infix Mode Use Model

What is Infix mode?

- Applicable when a command is initiated with bindkey
- Edit commands operate on active object (no selection)
- Create commands start from cursor location

How to set

- Options > General dialog
- Preference delnFixMode: true | false (default)

Non-Infix with/without bindkey

- Activate the command
- LMB to define initial point

Direct Manipulation: Stretch/Copy

Direct Manipulation

- Move/copy/stretch operations on objects by cursor drag
- Controlled by two preferences

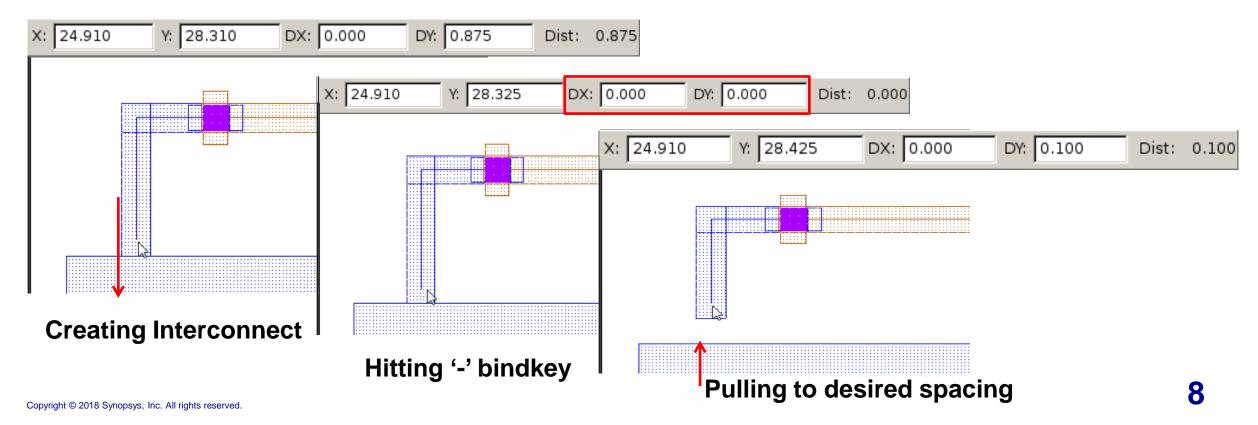
leDirectManipulation	true false (default)	Enable or disable
leDirectManipulationSelectedOnly	true (default) false	Execute when active object is selected

BindKey	Description	Action
Button1 + Drag	Start stretch on selected or active object(s)	leStartStretchDrag
Ctrl + Button1 + Drag	Start copy on selected or active object(s)	IeStartCopyDrag

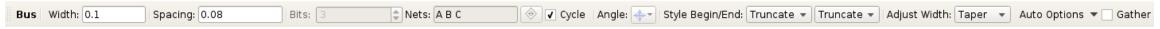
Reset DX/DY Relative Distances

Toolbar's Dx/Dy can be reset to 0,0 while editing

- Ex.: during Create Interconnect, Move, Stretch
- Binding "-" → Redefines the anchor point to be the actual point
- Binding "0" → Resets the anchor point back to the original location



Bus Creation: Bus command options



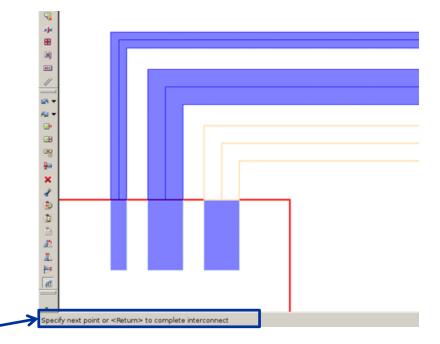
Create Bus command supports per-pin width and spacing

Use Model:

- Start Create Bus command
 - ♦ Bits: # bits in bus
 - Select Angle: Orthogonal, Diagonal, X-First, Y-First
 - Adjust width: Taper
 - ◆ Auto Options: Terminate = Off
- Select the first pin
- Shift-dragButton1 select all other pins of the bus
- Route to the destination pin
- Shift-dragButton1 select all destination pins
- Best use with pathSegs for different source and destination pin widths
 - Note: Instructions are located in the Message bar

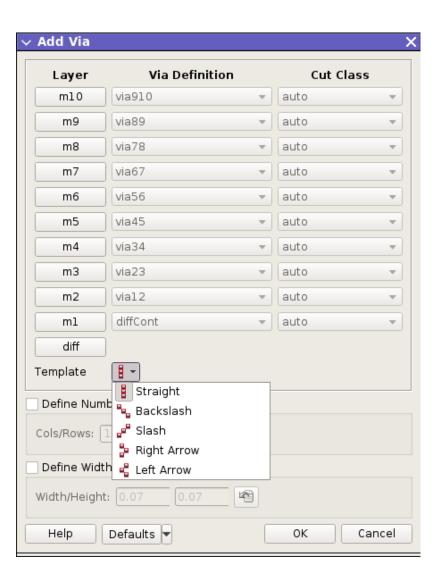
Gather option

- Defines if always use minSpacing of two adjacent bits during bus creation.
- If this option is True, spacing option will be disabled to forbid user from changing spacing value.



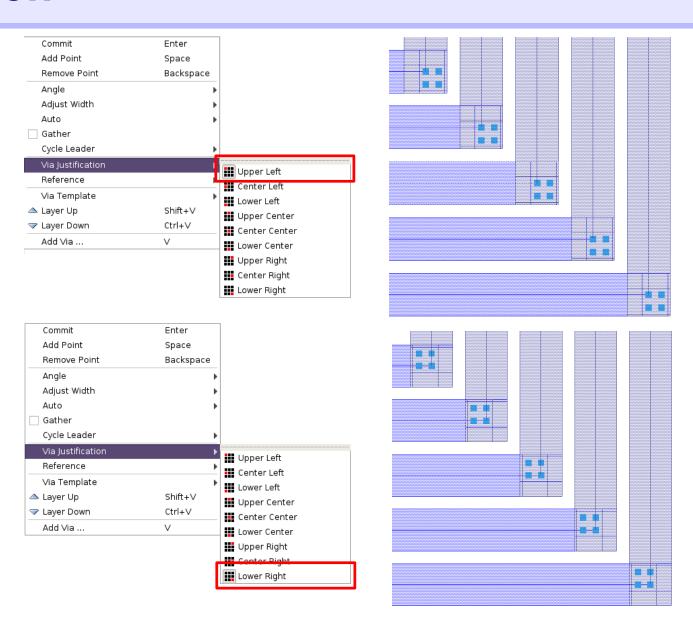
Bus Creation: Via Templates

Straight Backslash Slash **Right Arrow Left Arrow**



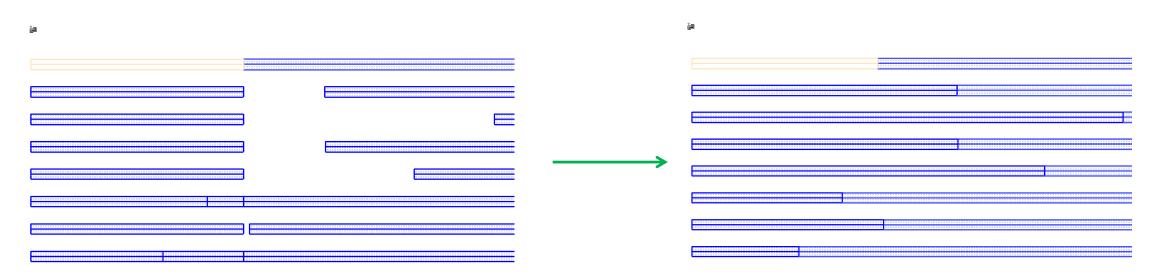
Bus Creation: Via Justification

 Allows to specify justification for Vias when change layer during bus creation



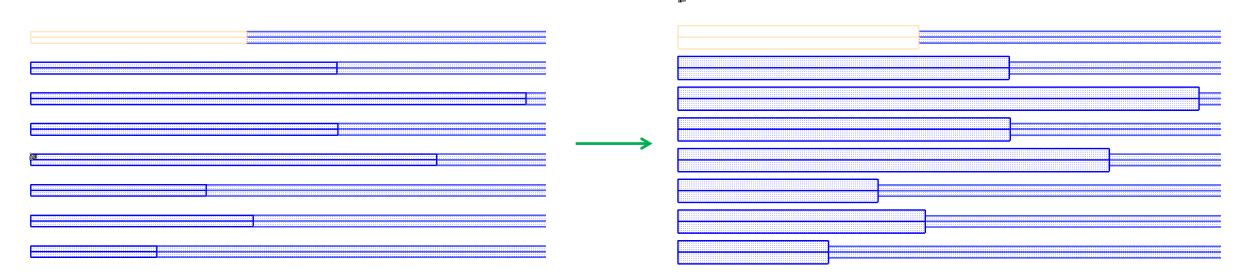
Bus Creation: Non Aligned Shapes Support

- Works only with Adjust Width = Taper
- Use Model
 - Click on first bit to start bus
 - Use Shift+Button1+drag to draw a selection window around pins
 - Use Shift-Button1 click to select additional pins
 - Use Ctrl-Button1 click to deselect pins
 - Proceed with bus creation



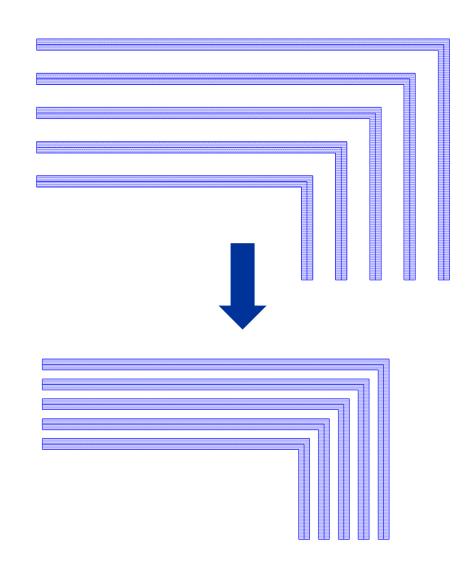
Bus Creation: NDR Support

- Only using 'Adjust Width' = Taper
 - Create Bus honors NDR after first turn
 - Other modes honor NDR for first segment too
- In all 'Adjust Width' modes
 - User can cycle through widths using Ctrl-4 or Shift-4



Compact Bus

- Allows to compact bus bits to reduce spacing between bus interconnects to frees space
 - Follow DRC rules in technology
 - Avoid 0x shapes as obstacles
 - Compacting will be ignored in case of existing 0x shape between bus bits
 - Use model:
 - Select bus interconnects
 - Call Compact Bus command
 - Use Apply to compact bus interconnects

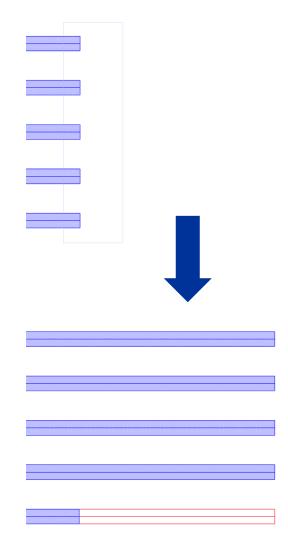


Continue Bus



Allow to continue bus wire as solid bus

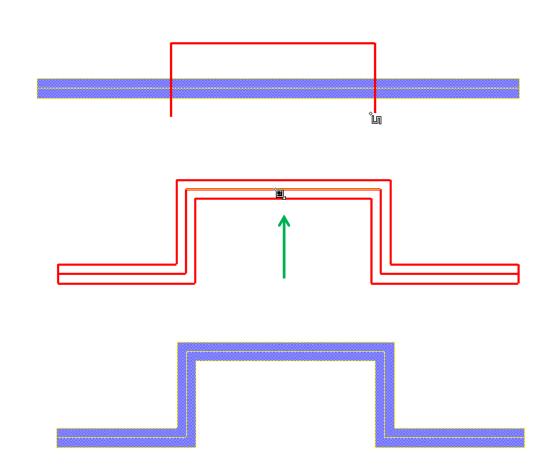
- Works as Stretch with bus creation capabilities
- Has same options as Create Bus
- Use Model:
 - Invoke Continue Bus command
 - Select bus bits edges by region select
 - Click LMB to start bus creation from that point
 - Adjust option



Split



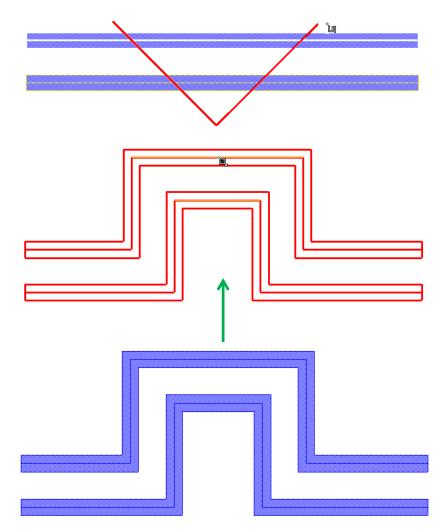
- Used to add segments to existing shapes or paths
 - Menu Edit → Split → Split
 - Bindkey 'Ctrl-S'
 - Use Model
 - Select objects to operate on
 - Draw the separation shape
 - Space key to Toggle Shape
 - ◆ Click Button1 & drag
 - Snaps to tracks



Split



- Used to add segments to existing shapes or paths
 - Menu Edit → Split→ Split
 - Bindkey 'Ctrl-S'
 - Use Model
 - Select objects to operate on
 - Draw the separation shape
 - Space key to Toggle Shape
 - ◆ Click Button1 & drag
 - Snaps to tracks

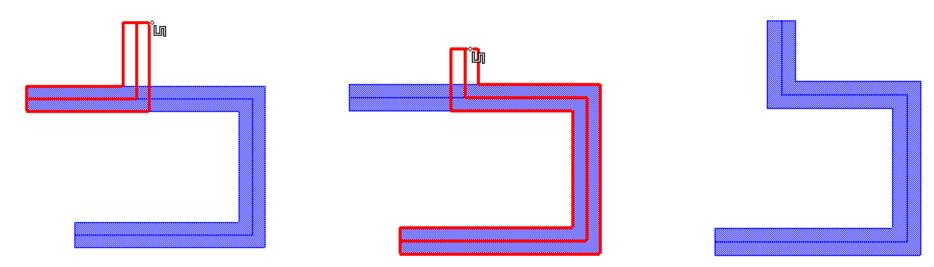


Reshape Shape

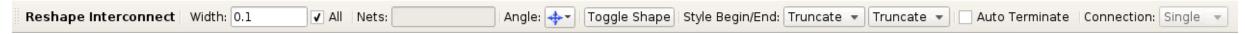
- Edit → Reshape → Shape
 - Bindkey 'Shift-R'



- Allows to modify the object shape's point list
 - Polyline only for Paths and PathSegs
- Use Toggle Shape to select the desired topology
- Snaps to tracks



Reshape Interconnect



- Edit → Reshape → Interconnect
- Allows to modify the object shape's point list
 - Bindkey 'g' to set gravity on, snaps to path's center line
 - Toggle Shape with CSM or 'Shift-T'
 - Change layer same as Create Interconnect
 - Width of path can be adjusted
 - Supports multiple layers interconnect
 - Supports PathSegs only
 - Snaps to tracks
 - Supports bridge via during the interconnect reshaping
 - The Bridge Via definition in technology are required.
 - ◆ Use the CSM menu or bind keys Shift+S / Cntr+S / S to apply bridge via



Bridge Interconnect

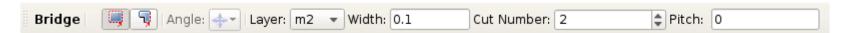
- Edit → Wire → Bridge Interconnect
 - Bindkey '='
- Allows to change layer for an existing path

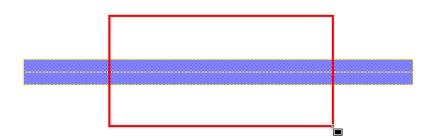


- Select Object
- Draw window



- leBridgeInterconnectDirection
 - Above (default) | below

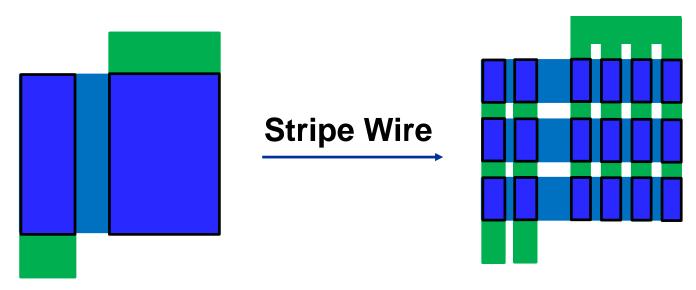






What is it?

- Converts fat/wide wires to striped wires
 - Design constraints
 - Physical manufacturing constraints.
- Convert wires to a parameterized deFigure
 - Pre and post selection
- Example
 - ♦ High current == Wide wire > maxWidth



Use model

- Invoked by:
 - ◆ Edit → Wire → Stripe Wire
 - ile::stripeWire TCL command
- Begin Strap
 - Defines whether to add a strap at the beginning of the wire preference: leSlotBeginStrap
- End Strap
 - Defines whether to add a strap at the ending of the wire, preference: leSlotEndStrap
- Slot and Stagger
 - Defined whether to add slots in a striped wire, preference: leSlot
 - ◆ Define if slots should be placed with an offset, preference: leSlotStagger
- Expand Wire Selection
 - Selects the shapes by expanding the connection
- 45 degree paths/pathSegs not supported

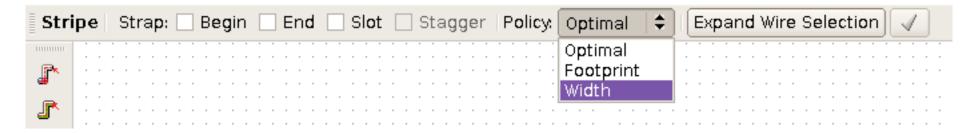


Stripe Wire engine works in the following way:

- No maxWidth constraint for the specified layer
 - Not striped
 - Converted to parameterized deFigure
- maxWidth and minSpacing constraints for the specified layer:

Three striping policy:

- Optimal
- Footprint
- Width



Stripe Wire: Striping Policy

Three Wire Striping policy:

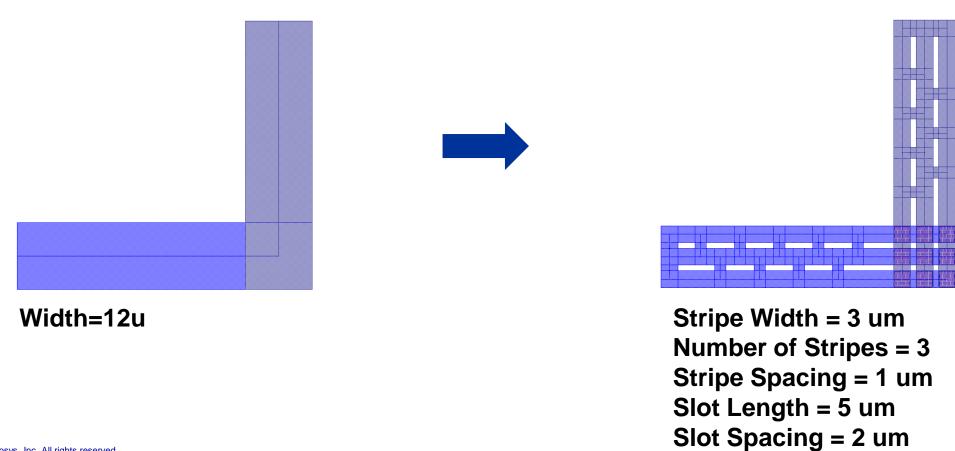
- Optimal (default)
 - Maximize the material area within the original footprint

<= maxWidth	Not striped Converted to parameterized deFigure
<pre>> maxWidth && < 2*maxWidth + minSpacing</pre>	Two stripes
> 2*maxWidth + minSpacing	N stripes where N=(W-maxWidth)/(maxWidth+minSpacing)+1

- Footprint
 - ◆ Keeps the same footprint with the smallest number of stripes
- Width
 - ◆ The total width of the striped wire will be equal to the width of the original wire
- Preference: leStripePolicy
 - Values: optimal | footprint | width

Engine Operation Results

Some examples of Stripe Wire engine operation



Trim Wire Command

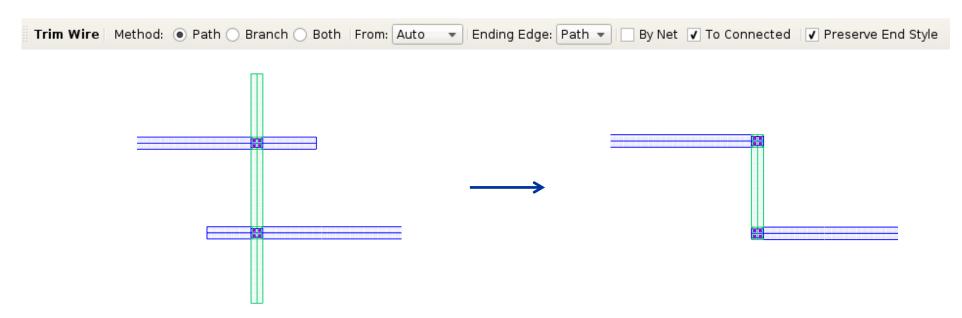
- Used to trim interconnect wiring according to the selected method
 - Path operates sequentially on 1 or more Path/PathSeg to shorten or lengthen the object to connected neighbor
 - Branch operates on 1 or more connected branches to prune away dangling objects
 - Both Combination of Path and Branch methods



■ Can be invoked from Edit → Trim Wire or by using 7 bin key

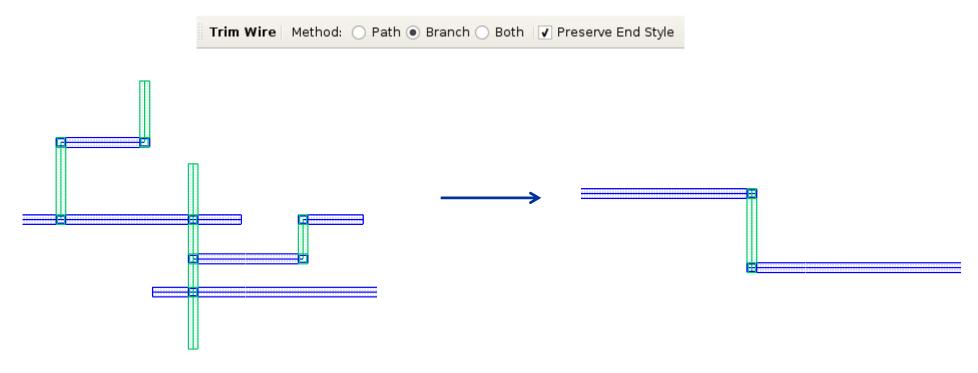
Trim Wire: Path Method

- Operate on a selection of figures, collection of figures, or figures on a net
- Control which edges to adjust
- Control which edge of connected neighbor to trim to
- Preserve begin and end style (PathSeg) and style(Path)



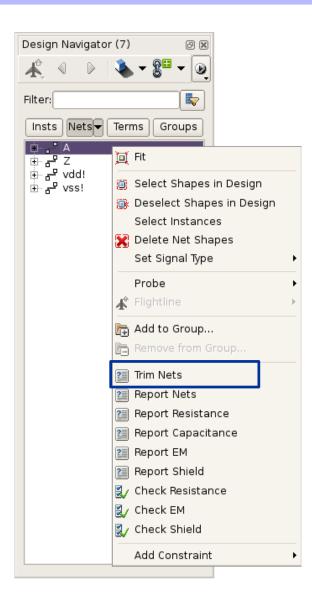
Trim Wire: Branch Method

- Operate on one or more branches by selecting objects belonging to the branch, or all branches on a net
- Preserve begin and end style (PathSeg) and style (Path)
- Removes entire branch (all figures on branch) if the branch is dangling or floating



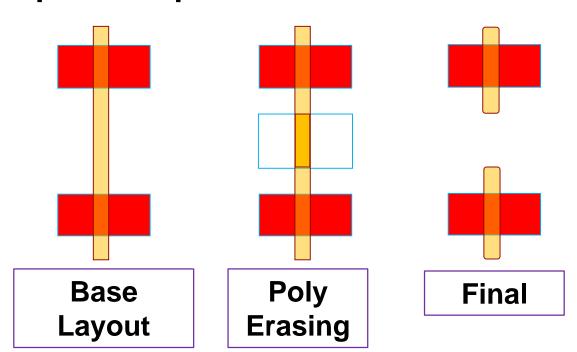
Trim Wire: Both Methods

- Combination of Path and Branch methods
- Will be used when executed on a net from Design Navigator or batch command



Erase Layer

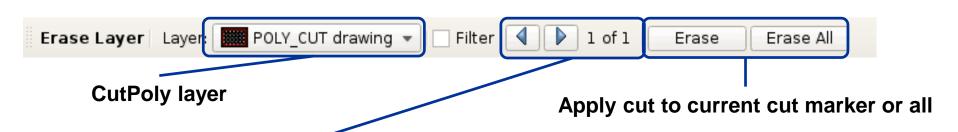
- A special layer is introduced to improve poly shapes on Si
 - Designers draw single line for stacked devices
 - Special marker will remove unnecessary poly during process
- Custom Compiler provides a command to erase the poly (or other shapes) to keep nets separate



Erase Layer Command Use Model

- Prerequisites in tech file
- erasingLayer constraint for defining the "cutting" and "cuttee" layers
 - Tech file section example:

- Call the ile::eraseLayer command from menu Edit -> Other -> Erase Layer
 - Will erase "cuttee" shapes at 0x to separate nets and keep SDL compliancy



Results: Custom
Compiler sees two
nets
Middle segment not

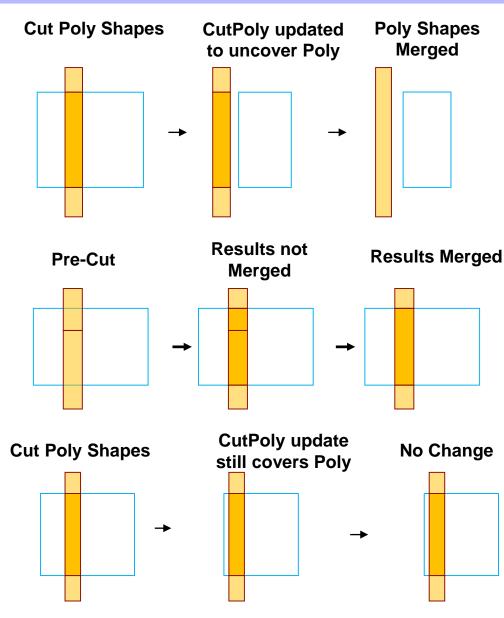
propagating

Navigate through cut marker shapes at 0x

Examples of Edits After Erasing Poly Shapes

- If CutPoly marker is moved
 - Poly shapes are merged automatically
- Poly shapes are merged within the CutPoly marker while cutting

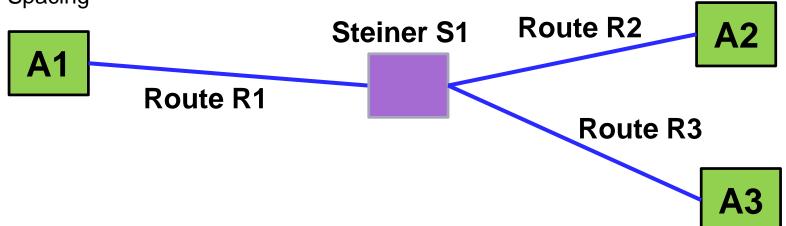
As long as the marker covers the cut poly shape, it remains as is



Topology

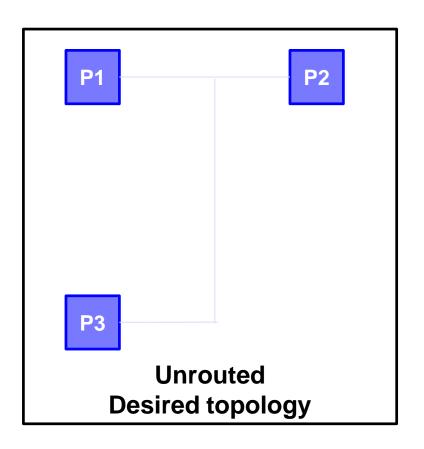
What is it?

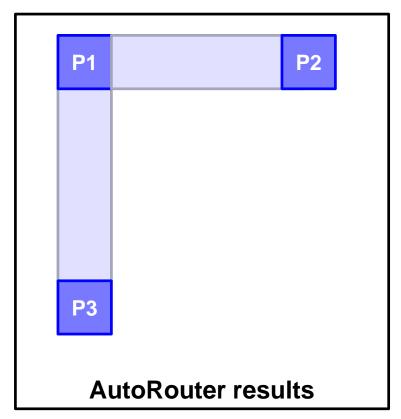
- Allows the user to provide virtual pins or connection points for a net that divides the net into virtual net segments
 - oaSteiner == virtual pin/connection point
 - oaRoute == virtual net segment
- Used to control the topology or location of routing
- User can define constraints on individual oaRoutes
- Per-segment control
 - Width
 - Layer
 - Spacing

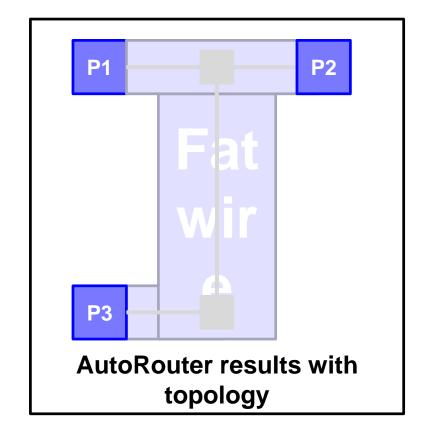


Topology Creation

Usage example



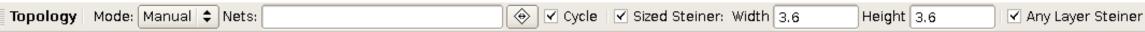




Topology

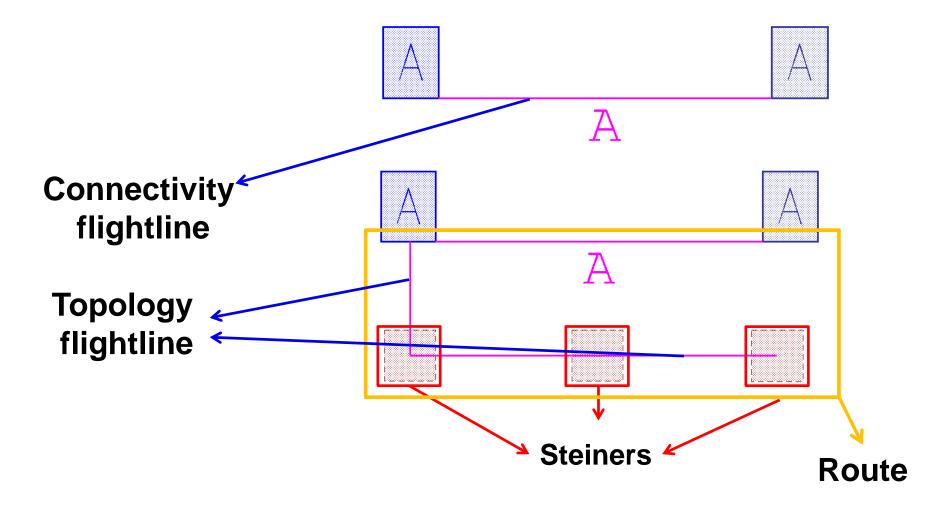
Use Model

- Invoked from
 - Select Net from Design Navigator
 - ◆ Use Create → Topology
 - ile::createTopology TCL command
 - Create topology toolbar provides the following options:
 - Mode: Defines operation modes for creating topology
 - Nets: Defines net name(s) to be associated with topology objects to be created
 - Cycle: Defines whether the first net name in the net name field is removed or remains after object is committed
 - Sized Steiner: Steiner's bBox size
 - » Width/Height: Width/Height of Steiners
 - Any Layer Steiner: Defines whether create Steiner objects on any layer or use active layer from OLP
- Basic point-click from source to destination to create Steiners
 - Can snap topology to the closest valid object using "s" bindkey
 - Can have intermediate points



Topology

Example



Topology

Preferences

Preference Name	Type	Scope	Default	Description
leTopologyMode	enTopologyMode	cellview	manual	Operation mode for creating topology
leNetName	String	cellview	4633	Net name for ile::createTopology command
leCycleName	bool	cellview	True	Flag that specifies if we need to keep net name for subsequent objects that will be created in the same command
leSizedSteiner	bool	cellview	True	Flag that whether use specified steiner size or user interactively define it.
leSteinerWidth	float	cellview	0.1	Width of newly created steiners
leSteinerHeight	float	cellview	0.1	Height of newly created steiners
leAnyLayerSteiner	<bool< td=""><td>cellview</td><td>True</td><td>Flags that whether create steiner objects of any layer</td></bool<>	cellview	True	Flags that whether create steiner objects of any layer

Topology

Topology vs. Connectivity Flightlines

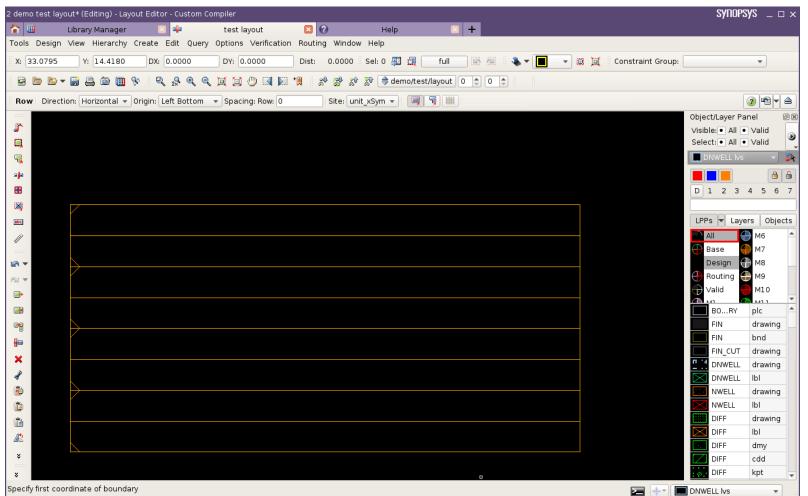
- Connectivity Flightlines
 - Generated between same-net shapes
 - Not physically connected
 - Determined by the Connectivity Engine.
- Topology flightlines
 - Generated on net topology
 - Based on oaRoutes
- Both kinds of flightlines:
 - Can be static or dynamic
 - Assigned a color
 - Turned ON/OFF the same way
 - Only shown for the editable designs in an LE

Topology

Support both Steiner and Routes	Support Steiner Ignores Routes	Support only Steiner
Delete Attach/detach Group/ungroup Make cellview from selection Flatten	Split Reshape Merge Bridge interconnect Convert to polygon Create pins from selection	Move Stretch Copy Align Resize Copy to clipboard Cut Paste Chop Yank Rotate

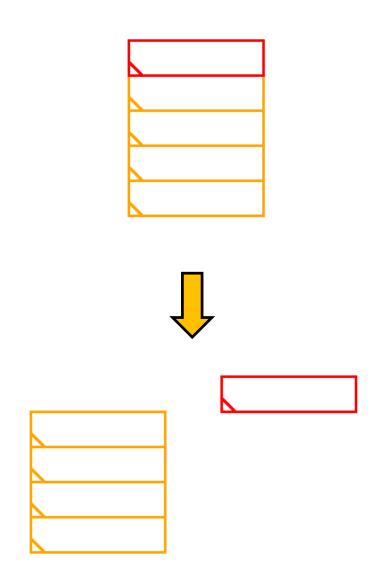
Create Row

- The Rows can be created in Custom Compiler
 - Create → Row
 - Uses site definitions from technology



Create Row

- Rows can be edited manually by using Move command:
 - Supported Angle modes:
 - Orthogonal
 - Diagonal
 - Any Angle
 - Supported Rotate modes:
 - Clockwise
 - ◆ Flip Horizontally
 - ◆ Flip Vertically
- Row Sites
 - Number of sites can be modified in the Property Editor



Cloning

Edit → Instance → Clone command in the Layout Editor



- Searches for clone patterns
 - In Layout (e.g. ICC view) or Schematic if SDL is enabled
 - Source selection must include instances
 - Interconnect can be part of selection
- Moves clone targets on cursor for placement
 - Orientation of clones can be changed
 - Clones with Standard Cells will snap to row in ICC designs
- Arrows allow to skip a clone target
- Already placed clones will not be in search results

Finding Clones With TCL

Ix::findCloneCandidates

- Returns a collection of objects from the layout view
- Input is a given collection of layout objects
- Command works when IxCloneFrom preference is set to layout or ICC layout
- The source clone objects must include instances

Synchronous cloning

- Enabled with Keep Sync check box in Clone
 - Prior to placing the clone targets



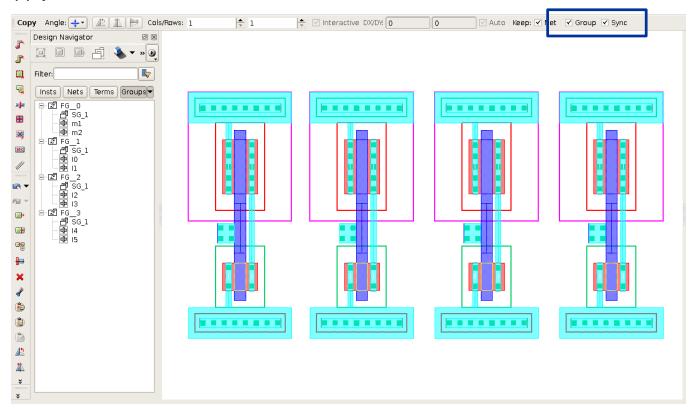
- Clone targets are synchronized on placement
 - All clones belong to same Synchronous Group
 - Any modification to one clone is replicated to all clones within the same Synchronous Group

Object grouping during copy

Possibility to group objects that will be copied

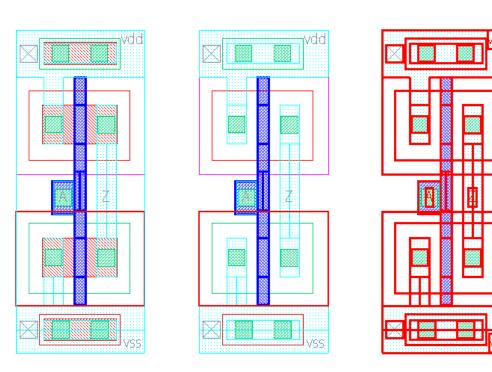


- 'Keep Sync' keeps copies as synchronous clones
 - In ICC designs, operates only on interconnect
 - In OA layout, can apply to instances and interconnect



Repeat Copy Command

- Invoked from Edit → Copy → Repeat Copy or by "." bindkey
- Allows to repeat copy of last copied object or group of objects
 - Keeps same distance used during last copy
 - Keeps same direction used during last copy



Edit In Group (EIG)

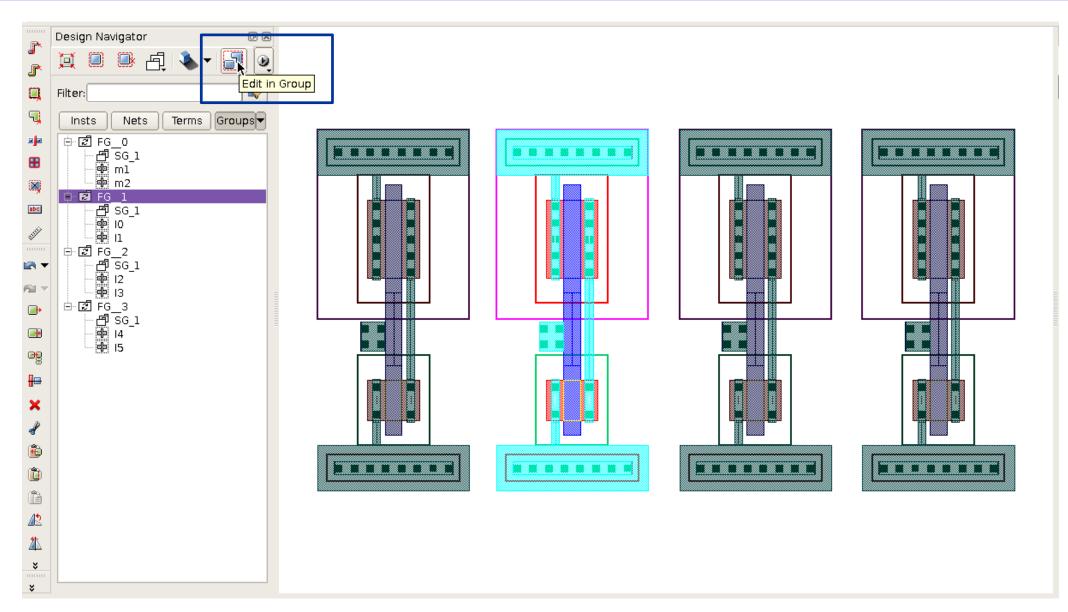
- Edit In Group allows to edit figure groups created with Edit Clone
 - All edits to any clone will be synchronized to others immediately
- Use Hierarchy → Edit In Group
 - Hierarchy → Return to return or Ctrl-E
- The level being edited shown in the hierarchy pull down button



To identify clearly what is being edited, use EIG shadow

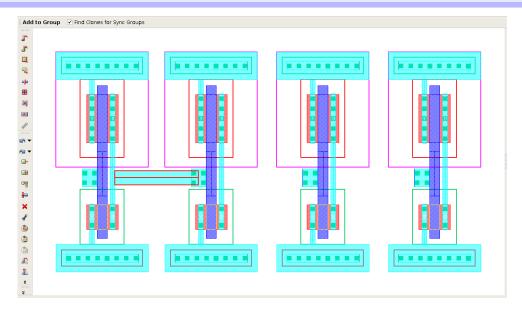
db::setPrefValue deShadowEIG -value true

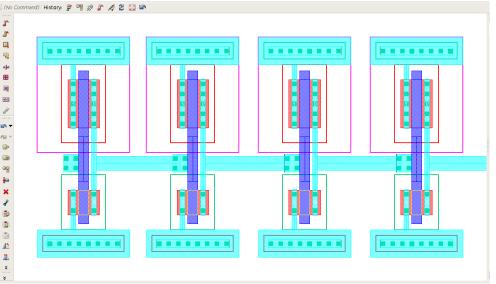
Edit In Group Example



Add To Group

- Allows designers to add an object at the top level to a any figure group or clone
- Call from Edit → Hierarchy → Add To Group
- Select all the shapes to add to the clone
- Select the clone
- All clones are updated



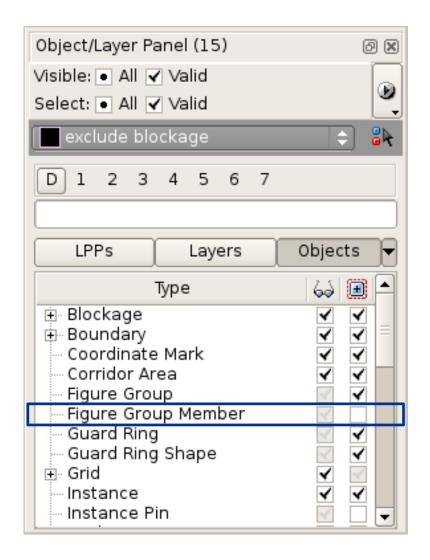


Remove From Group

- In case a route needs to be different for one clone, use Remove From Group
- First EIG in any clone of the Synchronous Group
- Call Edit → Hierarchy → Remove From Group
- Select the shapes to remove
- The shapes are moved to the top level for all synchronized clones

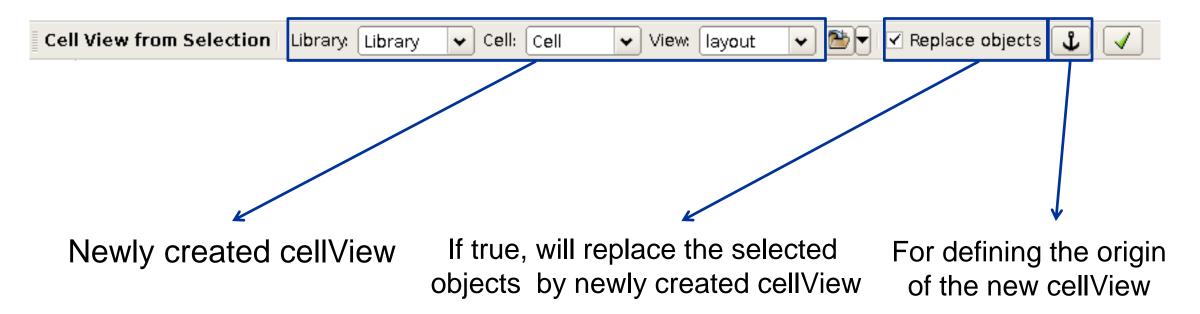
Editing Figure Group Members

- Allows to edit figure groups members directly
 - Option Figure Group Member should be enabled from OLP Object Panel
 - When enabled, allows to select Figure Group Member directly



Make CellView From Selection

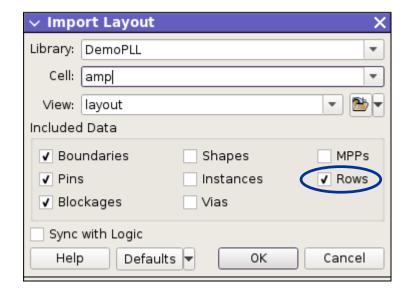
■ Edit → Hierarchy → Make CellView



Works only for fully selected objects

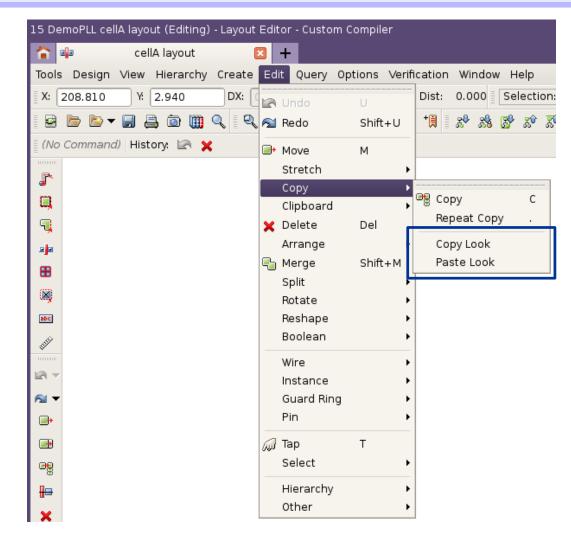
Import Layout

- Create → Import Layout
- Import Layout can be used to import an ICC block to LE
- Option to import Rows
 - Copy the Row information across cells
 - Importing Rows only works when importing layout between OA designs.
 - Does not work for designs opened through ICC plug-in



Copy Look and Paste Look

- Allows user to copy and paste instance and via parameters from one object to another
 - Parameters managed by SDL will be ignored during copy/paste look process

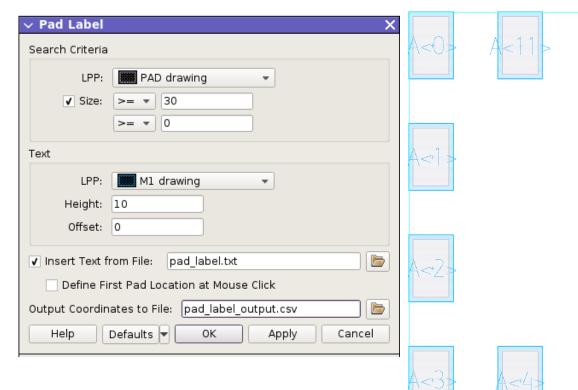


Pad Label

- Pad Label Command creates labels on bound pad shapes
 - Bound pads are defined based on size and LPP filtering
- Edit → Other → Pad Label
- Create label
 - Create label on specified LPP
 - Text of the label is from a file
 - Syntax follows Create Label with Expand
 - ABCDE
 - 1:5 \rightarrow 1, 2, 3, 4, 5
 - A<1:5> → A<1>, A<2>, ...A<5>
 - A<1:10:3> → A<1>, A<4>, A<7>, A<10>
- Can dump pad label location to a CSV file with the following format:
 - Label Name, X-coordinate of label, Ycoordinate of label, width of pad, height of pad, BBox of pad



le::padLabel



Replace Vias

- Allows to replace vias with a larger number of via cuts to improve reliability
 - Located under Query→ Replace Vias
- Interactive command
 - Works on a selected via only
 - Can support changing N cuts to M cuts
 - Prefers single row or column
 - ◆ Array of via cuts possible
 - Grows vias along longer path first
 - Except in case of obstacles
 - Replacement By Region and Design
 - ◆ By Region: Click, Release and Drag to draw region
 - Source and Target via type to replace
- **Preference**

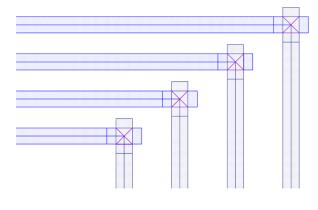
leReplaceViaCutNum [Default: 2]

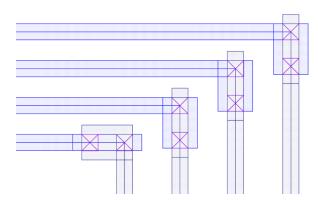
Command name

ile::replaceVia

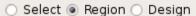
Non-interactive command

le::replaceVia -design <oaDesign> [-sourceCutNum <int>] [-targetCutNum <int>]







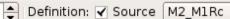






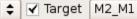
Cut Number: 2













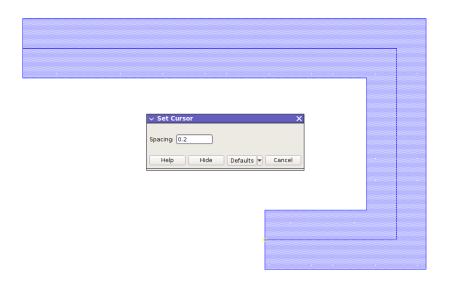


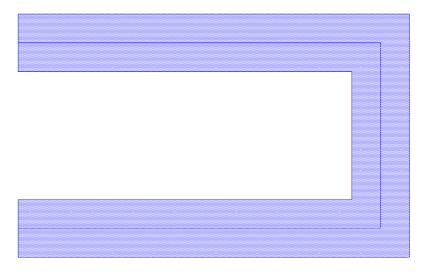
Filter by Bottom Layer AA



Set Cursor

- Allow to set cursor to the user defined coordinated during creation and editing
 - Works with editing and creation commands
 - Use Shift-Space binding to activate command
 - Set the value and activate edge that need to be set
 - Allow to input negative values





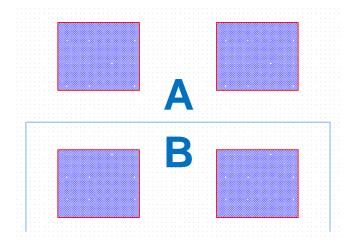
Context Sensitive Cursor

- The cursor's look changes depending on the command
 - Helps the user know which command is active
- Examples shown in table below

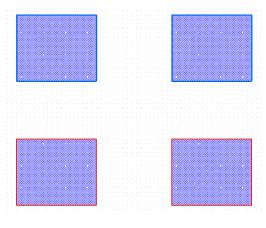
Command	Cursor Icon	
Create Rectangle	*	
Сору		
Create Interconnect	*	
Move	% ↑	
Ruler	% [200]	
Stretch		
Create Via	* _□	

Line Select

- Allows to split selection set to two separate sets with further toggling between sets
 - Use Alt-V to call line select
 - Available within edit commands
 - Operates only on already selected objects
 - Use model:
 - Draw line to separate layout in two regions and commit by Enter
 - Use Backspace to backtrack the previous point
 - Use Spacebar to reset the line
 - Click in region to create a sub selection
 - Use Backspace to deselect only sub selection
 - Use Ctrl-' to deselect both sub and original selections
 - Complete the edits on the sub selection



Click A region to select



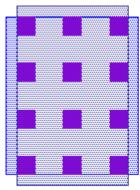
Ready to edit

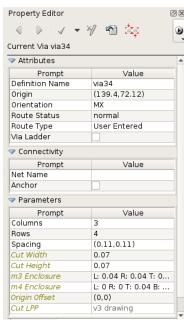
Built-In Custom Vias

OA custom vias with built-in procedures for selection, stretch, chop

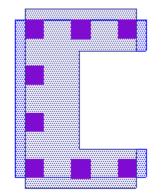
- Identical to standard vias but extends the capability of standard vias especially in chop functionality
- Fully integrated with creation and editing commands
- Built-in custom vias represented just like standard vias but with more powerful functionalities
 - Can chop layer1 of built-in custom via to any shape while standard via only supports the rectangle type
 - When operated on a standard vias and the editing operation is not supported, standard vias will be implicitly changed to built-in custom vias to perform this editing

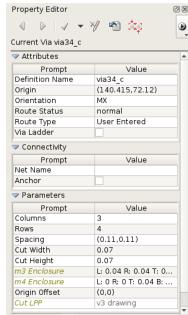
Standard Via





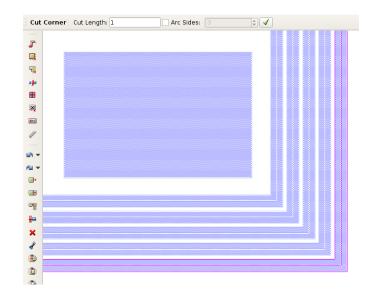
Built-In Custom Via

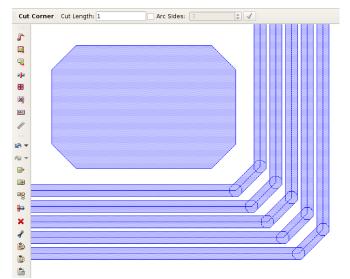


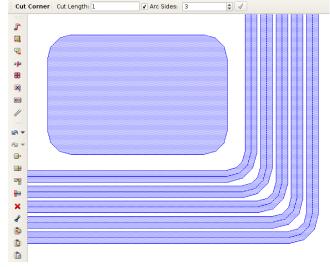


Cut Corner

- Allows to cut corners of shapes and busses
 - User can specify Cut Length for corner cut
 - Corners can be cut to Arcs
 - Arc Sides should be enabled
 - Number of sides can be specified
- Edit > Other > Cut Corner (Alt-B)



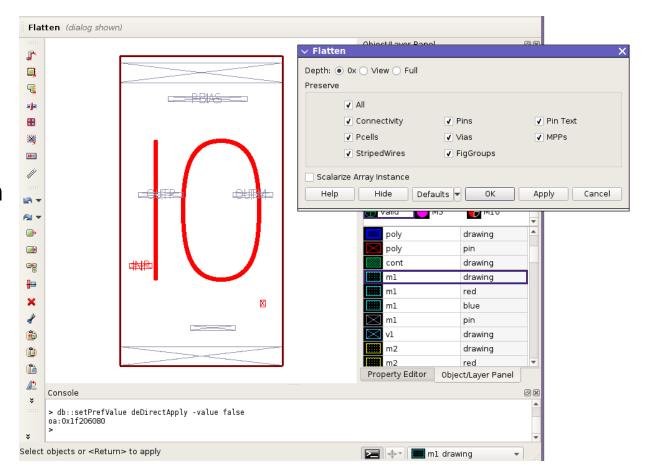




Direct Apply Control for Editing Commands

Use preference deDirectApply

- Allows to control whether editing command will be directly applied in pre-selection mode or not
 - Particularly designed for Flatten command to allow users to control Flatten in preselection mode
- Default value is false



db::setPrefValue deDirectApply -value 1

Test For Understanding





- Abutment adjusts placement of one instance with respect to another instance: True / False
- Split requires selection of editable objects: True / False
- Edit In Place can be used for editing Synchronous Groups: True / False

Lab 1: Layout Advanced Editing Functions



Goals:

- Build a mask layout of a differential amplifier by using:
 - pcells
 - ◆ Instance creation
 - Manual placement
 - Routing functions

