

付録 4.B 積分など

m, n を整数とする. このとき以下が成り立つ.

$$\sin(m\pi) = 0, \quad \cos(m\pi) = \begin{cases} 1, & m : \text{偶数}, \\ -1, & m : \text{奇数}. \end{cases}$$

$$\cos^2(mx) = \frac{1 + \cos(2mx)}{2}, \quad \sin^2(mx) = \frac{1 - \cos(2mx)}{2}.$$

$$\cos(mx) \cos(nx) = \frac{1}{2} \left[\cos \{(m+n)x\} + \cos \{(m-n)x\} \right].$$

$$\sin(mx) \sin(nx) = -\frac{1}{2} \left[\cos \{(m+n)x\} - \cos \{(m-n)x\} \right].$$

$$\sin(mx) \cos(nx) = \frac{1}{2} \left[\sin \{(m+n)x\} + \sin \{(m-n)x\} \right].$$

$$\int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \cos(mx) dx = \left[\frac{1}{m} \sin(mx) \right]_{-\pi}^{\pi} = \frac{1}{m} (\sin(m\pi) - \sin(-m\pi)) = 0 \quad (m \neq 0).$$

$$\int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \sin(mx) dx = \left[-\frac{1}{m} \cos(mx) \right]_{-\pi}^{\pi} = -\frac{1}{m} (\cos(m\pi) - \cos(-m\pi)) = 0 \quad (m \neq 0).$$

$$\int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \cos(mx) \cos(nx) dx = \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \frac{1}{2} \left[\cos \{(m+n)x\} + \cos \{(m-n)x\} \right] dx = 0 \quad (m \neq n).$$

$$\int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \cos(mx) \sin(nx) dx = \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \frac{1}{2} \left[\sin \{(m+n)x\} + \sin \{(m-n)x\} \right] dx = 0.$$

$$\int e^{ax} dx = \frac{1}{a} e^{ax} + C \quad (C \text{ は積分定数}).$$

$$\int e^{jk\Omega_0 x} dx = \frac{1}{jk\Omega_0} e^{jk\Omega_0 x} + C = -\frac{j}{k\Omega_0} e^{jk\Omega_0 x} + C \quad (C \text{ は積分定数}).$$

部分積分 :

$$\int f(x)g'(x)dx = f(x)g(x) - \int f'(x)g(x)dx.$$

$$\int x \cos x dx = x \sin x - \int \sin x dx = x \sin x + \cos x + C \quad (C \text{ は積分定数}).$$

$$\int x \sin x dx = -x \cos x + \int \cos x dx = -x \cos x + \sin x + C \quad (C \text{ は積分定数}).$$