(1) 6.44) + yerownelboer Are yps DU=f noespour anhous na pecu. e nop. Qlh's spanner you 24-du=o npu x =0, uen. min kou-lo yznob bpons ocux. U(1,n) = U(0,n) + 1x. U'(0,n) + Miller hx2 U'x (0,n)+... => $U'_{\times}(0,n) = \frac{U(1,n) - U(0,n)}{h_{\times}} - \frac{h_{\times}}{2} \cdot U''_{\times \times}(0,n) + O(h^2)$ " u(f- Uyy) / (9n) 1 foin - Un-1,0 - 2Un,0 + Un+1,0 hy2 $= \frac{2}{2} \frac{\partial y}{\partial x} - du = 0$ \(\sim \frac{\partial x}{\partial x} - \frac{\partial x}{2} \left(\frac{\partial x}{2} \left(\frac{\partial x}{2} \left(\frac{\partial x}{2} \right) - \frac{\partial x}{2} \right Yerresruboer: 8 repens e une buspens 12? max 14mm/ = 11gh/+ 1/2 / no me suchue 124 nhosepelin yeneruboer renous no npalous race? YNO TAUDE BYT L? А ут по ист. даниям наро? Umulon = dmn the ryr € shauciye Uan-1, Uan u Ua, n+1?

(2) (9.61) e gosabros luga - p(x) 4/t.x) UL = Uxx -> JUm" - Um" = Um-1 - 2Um" + Um+1 / Um = Uo(mh) lo"= Un"=0, Vn=0. enhepenier nopropose exop. neuseur & pesseens nou haguerson p= == Decueuce: onpoue: 012+h2) Yet: max 11441 = 11401 + c. 11541 + max + 11411, 11/13 Ecnu 1-22 20, re 2 = 12 / 1 - 22 / Um" + 2 Um" + 2 Um" + 2 Um" => || until 2 /1- 22) || um/ + 22 || um/ = || um/ => 11 4 n+1/16 ... 6 1/4°/1. 479. Tenepo pus Ut = Uxx+p.U. -> Um - Um = Um-1 - Allm + Um+1 + p.Um. -> || U n+1 || = (1-22 + p. 2 + 2 x) . || Um | = (1+p. 2) . || U''||. u 400, parte mo ¿ c.114/1) 60 990 ye

(234) Meeny yestertuber & maisse represent anpene Схемп Аугласа - Распорода:

Want - Na Huck + Volla

Wart-Murils = Volumer-Mad => Murils Muril Lundaning

=> ("" TA IN"" W) - W" = TA (U" - TA = [U" - U") + TA U"

("" - "") - ENS IN " - " N) = EN, "" - E N, N2 | W" + U" + Th2 W. (1- EN,) (1-TA2) = Maring) TAN Mel + TA2U" - TAy 10 me u")

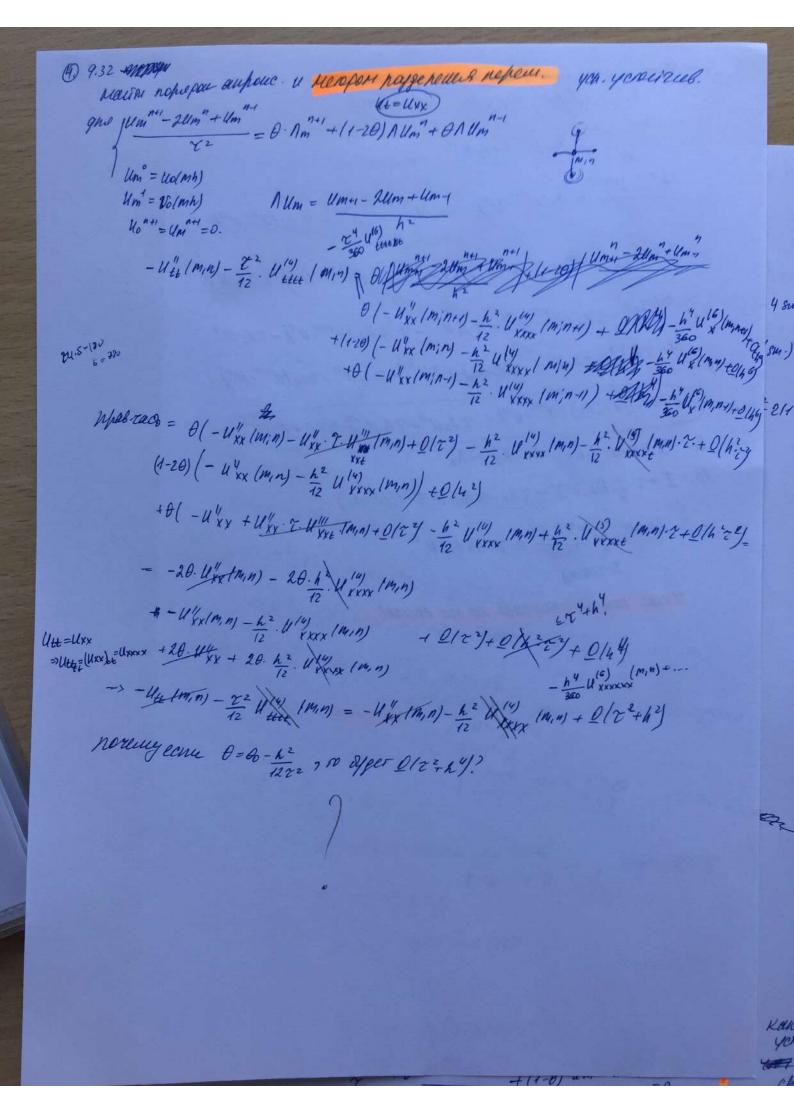
(11-The)(1-The) (4"4-4") = TheU"+ Th, U"= T(1+12)U")

Bd=I+TRd. 1 R1 -- A+; R2 =- Az

B=I+2. ERa = I-21/1-th2 = I-7/1/+/2)

CKEMA BUNILU" = $\gamma(\Lambda_1 + \Lambda_2)U$ "

Wear nounds, yorcirula nu son evenu?



Margen yen yenriruboen:

(M3)

Um = My"(KI. SIM (OKMA)

Theorem 14th 1 2 et -> /Mh/=1.

=> Sin (nkmh) u 2 - 2u+1) = \frac{\theta}{\tau^2} = \frac{\theta}{\theta} \langle u \(\langle +0: 11 (sm.)1-4sm2nu)

=> $\frac{\mu^2 - 2\mu + 1}{2^2} = \left(\frac{\theta}{h^2} \mu^2 + (1 - 2\theta)\mu + \frac{\theta}{h^2}\right) \left(-48\mu^2 \frac{\pi kh}{2}\right)$

mago 12-211 d/4+1=0.

 $\mu^{2} = 2\mu + 1 = -2 \cdot \frac{1}{2} \cdot \lambda_{k} \cdot (\theta \mu^{2} + \mu - 2\mu\theta + \theta)$

 $N^{2}(1+\tau^{2}_{1},\theta) = 2\mu+1 + \tau^{2}_{1}\mu(1-2\theta) + \tau^{2}_{1}\mu\theta.$

N2(1+27×0) -211(1-23×(1-0)) + (1+22×0)=0.

N2(1+22/40)-24(4+22/40)-122/K)+(1+22/40)=0.

=> M2 - 2M(1-d)+1=0, rge d = 123k $|\mu_{12}|^{2} = \frac{2(1-d)}{2} = 1-d \quad |\mu_{1}|_{2} = 1.$ $|\mu_{12}|^{2} = 1 - \frac{2(1-d)}{2} = 1-d \quad |\mu_{1}|_{2} = 1.$ $|\mu_{12}|^{2} = 1 - \frac{2(1-d)}{2} = 1-d \quad |\mu_{1}|_{2} = 1.$ $|\mu_{12}|^{2} = 1 - \frac{2(1-d)}{2} = 1-d \quad |\mu_{1}|_{2} = 1.$ $|\mu_{12}|^{2} = 1 - \frac{2(1-d)}{2} = 1-d \quad |\mu_{1}|_{2} = 1.$ $|\mu_{12}|^{2} = 1 - \frac{2(1-d)}{2} = 1-d \quad |\mu_{1}|_{2} = 1.$ $|\mu_{12}|^{2} = 1 - \frac{2(1-d)}{2} = 1-d \quad |\mu_{1}|_{2} = 1.$ $|\mu_{12}|^{2} = 1 - \frac{2(1-d)}{2} = 1-d \quad |\mu_{1}|_{2} = 1.$ $|\mu_{12}|^{2} = 1 - \frac{2(1-d)}{2} = 1-d \quad |\mu_{1}|_{2} = 1.$ $|\mu_{12}|^{2} = 1 - \frac{2(1-d)}{2} = 1-d \quad |\mu_{1}|_{2} = 1.$

11-421 to 1 x 20 maps or x 20 0. \ \ \frac{1}{2} \frac{\tau^2 \lambda \kappa \kap

22 2 6 4 4 4 2 2 1 k d. => 0 > -1 + 2 2 1 k = 1 -1 1 2 2 1 k

No 2k = 4 8m2 (TKb) < 4 => (0> \(\frac{1}{4} - \frac{h^2}{472}\) - yenobu yer.

Crewn yes:

(5) 9.23 + CNY) And ype Ut + Ux = 0 pacer.

Um 1- Um + 0 Um 1- Um - + (1-0) Um - Um - = 0.

Mu nanux juarence & E 19,13 exerca segger. 468?

chapy chy?

$$\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1$$



D NY4 Temus benoncramentryso zagary Ври каких с для решения задачи $\frac{130}{500} + u'' + cu = f(x) \quad \text{$x \in C9,1$}$ $u(0) = u(1) = 0 \quad c = const$ межне применить метод Ритуа? Решение: Нам нутна самостратенность и положительная определенность операторы Lu =- u" - cu 1) (Lu, v) = S(- d2/4 - cu) v = (-d4/v) + S dudv dx -- e $\int uvdx = \left(-u\frac{dv}{dx}\right)\left| - \int u\frac{d^2v}{dx} dx - c \int uvdx =$ = (u, Lv), m.e. onepamor Sygem canocoxpen. gra te 2) Jemenne grop. zagary u = C, e 3, x + Cz e 32x + û - orp. Her ompeyee to, 13 ep-ua. Pazromenn eë B pag Pypee U= 00 + E (0 cos 8kx + 6k sin 16kx) B cuy spanweneux yerobuú an: 0 bk u pewenue cregyem ucuams b bucy: 4= 2 Besin tex Lus E By (18° k°-c) sin Elex (Lu,u) = E & (122 2-c) & B; S sin Ekx sin Rjxdx







vk.com



D. W. S SINAKKSINAJX = Six, mo (Lu,u) = 8 (82k2-c) 62 . Th. x. was ap. paga Pypel абе- интег. функции стремется к пулью, то gerobul nasom. onpeg: c< 82 B namen syral c=2#=> nemog hpuneneme Monero. - 4" = f(x) u(0)=u'(1)=9 Аналогично редидущей задаче оперситор и в чани данном содие самостратенний. Туроверим полотитьмую пределенность: Komius, model (Ku,u) > gree u; u(a) = u'(1) = 0 $(Lu,u) = S(-\frac{d^2u}{dx^2} - 2u)udx = \int_{-\alpha}^{-\alpha} \frac{d^2u}{dx^2} - \int_{-\alpha}^{1} 2u^2dx$ -u"-zu=f(x) Аналогично гредыдущей задаче оператор Си в данном мугае самогопритенный The resonum. onply: снова разложим решение в рад Руров: U= 20 + E UK COS FRX + Bx SINTEK пу граничним условий 2:- Е ск ви 50





