

$$dS_t^i = S_t^i \mu^i dt + S_t^i \sigma^i dW_t^i \quad i=1,2, \quad dW_t^1 dW_t^2 = 0$$

$$V_T = \mathbb{1}(S_T^1 > S_T^2)$$

1 путь

$$p.u.u.: \quad dS_t^i = S_t^i \sigma^i dW_t^i \quad \mathbb{P}$$

$$V_T = \mathbb{1}(S_T^1 > S_T^2) = \mathbb{1}\left(\frac{S_T^1}{S_T^2} > 1\right)$$

$$V_0 = \mathbb{E}^{\mathbb{P}}[\mathbb{1}(S_T^1 > S_T^2)]$$

2 путь

B_t — безрисковый актив

$$V_t = g(X_t)$$

$$V_0 = \mathbb{E}^Q\left[\frac{g(X_T)}{B_T} \middle| \mathcal{F}_0\right]$$

$$dB_t = B_t \lambda dt, \quad B_0 = 1$$

$$V_0 = e^{-\lambda T} \mathbb{E}^Q[g(X_T) | \mathcal{F}_0]$$

$$S_t^1 \text{ — Numeraire} \quad \frac{S_t^1}{S_t^2} \text{ — маржинал}$$

$$B_t \equiv 1 \quad \frac{B_t}{S_t^2} \text{ — маржинал}$$

покупки по Q

$$\frac{1}{S_t^2} \text{ — марж. — } S_t^2$$

$$V_T = \mathbb{1}\left(\frac{S_T^1}{S_T^2} > 1\right)$$

$$V_0^{S^2} = \mathbb{E}^Q\left[\frac{\mathbb{1}\left(\frac{S_T^1}{S_T^2} > 1\right)}{S_T^2}\right]$$

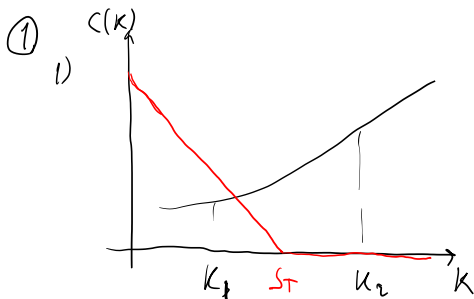
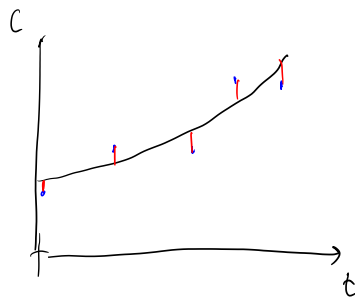
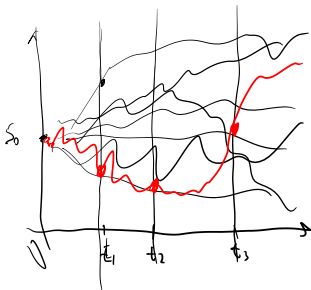
$$V_0^{\$} = V_0^{S^1} \cdot S_0^1 = S_0^2 \mathbb{E}^Q\left[\frac{\mathbb{1}\left(\frac{S_T^1}{S_T^2} > 1\right)}{S_T^2}\right]$$

$$\tilde{\sigma} = \sqrt{(\sigma^1)^2 + (\sigma^2)^2}$$

покупки: $S_t^1, S_t^2, \dots, S_t^n$ — numeraire
 B_t — безрисковый

марж. мера:

$$\forall i=1, n \quad \frac{S_t^i}{B_t} \text{ — маржинал}$$



$C(T, K)$

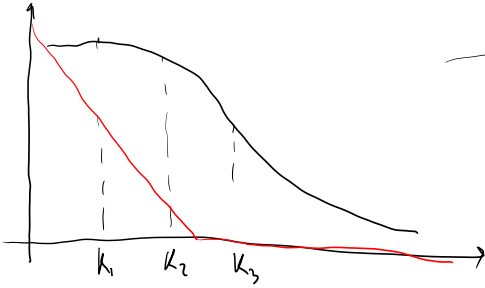
3 в t маржинал

$$C(t, K_1) \leq C(t, K_2), \quad K_1 < K_2$$

1) купим 1 контракт 2

$$2) \text{ в } K_1 \quad C(T, K_1) = (S_T - K_1)^+ \leq (S_T - K_2)^+ \quad \text{анализируем}$$

2) $C(K)$ convex



$$\exists K_2: \frac{1}{2}(K_1, K_3)$$

$$\begin{aligned} 1) \text{ no arbitrage: } C(t, K_1) - 2C(t, K_2) + C(t, K_3) &\leq 0 \\ 2) \text{ no arbitrage: } C(T, K_1) - 2C(T, K_2) + C(T, K_3) &\geq 0 \end{aligned} \quad \left| \begin{array}{l} n, u, \\ n, s, \end{array} \right. \text{ arbitrage}$$

$$P_n L \stackrel{n, u}{\geq} 0 \Rightarrow \text{arbitrage}$$

$$C(T, K) = (S_T - K)^+$$

9)

$$F_\xi(x) = P(\xi \leq x) \quad \text{ACHTUNG!}$$

$$F_\xi(\xi) = P(\xi \leq \xi) = 1$$

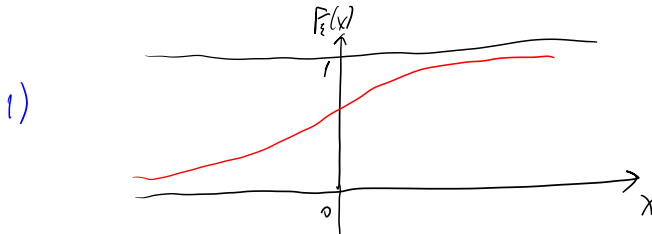
$$F_\xi(x) = P(\{\omega: \xi(\omega) \leq x\})$$

$$\eta: F_\xi(\xi)$$

$$P(\eta \leq y) = P(F_\xi(\xi) \leq y) = P(\xi \leq F_\xi^{-1}(y)) = F_\xi(F_\xi^{-1}(y)) = y, \quad y \in [0, 1]$$

$$P(\eta \leq y) = y, \quad y \in [0, 1] \Rightarrow \eta \sim U[0, 1].$$

$$\eta = F_\xi(\xi) \sim U \Rightarrow F_\xi^{-1}(\eta) \stackrel{d}{=} \xi$$

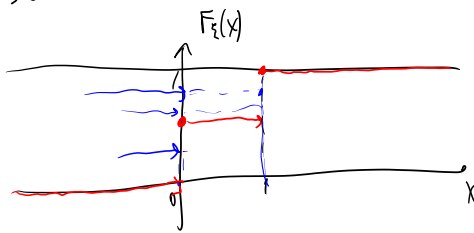


für OK

$$\exists x \in \mathbb{R} \quad F_\xi(x) \in (0, 1)$$

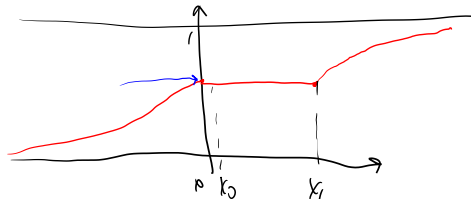
$$\eta_{\xi \leq x} = 0$$

2)



für OK

3)



Modell auf x_0, x_1
ke Kommo, x_1 , x_2 ≤ 0 .

6)

$$X_m = \sum_{n=0}^{N-1} e^{-\frac{2\pi i}{N} n m} x_n$$

$$X_{m+N} = \sum_{n=0}^{N-1} e^{-\frac{2\pi i}{N} n(m+N)} x_n = \sum_{n=0}^{N-1} e^{-\frac{2\pi i}{N} n m} \cdot \underbrace{e^{-\frac{2\pi i}{N} n N}}_{=1} x_n = \sum_{n=0}^{N-1} e^{-\frac{2\pi i}{N} n m} x_n = X_m$$

$$e^{-2\pi i n} = 1$$