11.12.19. Napamonol lemmas 15. принцип аргунента. Перреней Руше Teopera (Pyrue) fig & OIG), G-ORP. ODNAED capoener sparegers. u myes |f(2)| > |g(2)|, # 2 600 Torga fu f+g unevor opuneu. Mueno nyreit & G, e querone uparacea I ANY MHEL & OSMACH MOMERUSE MUENO MY T. EQUILEBEMINOCH a y fufty her nymer wa spanige - The 1f(2)/>/g(2)/ wa spanige. Mudiep1 Pl2/= 75+272+52+1. D= 312/2/24 Marin rueno regner sucoronneca P & D. Penne: f(2) = 52 $|f(z)||_{a=1}=6.$ A | 25+222+1/164 A y 52 - HET MYNEW & MORBYE NO NOT JADANE MAD BULLEURS MALLEY - TAILLY THE F = Z 5 троуобойн зарочу на г: 1/ D1 = 1/2/218. => f1/2/= 52 g1/21=25+223+1 => |fi(2)|=5>47/g1/2)| ND1 (f1+g1) = ND1(fi) = 1. \ lunu filt=57+1 => ma |H=1: 2) A2 = 1/2/23 1f1/21/7,5-1=4. Gepen fa(2) = 25 galz = 222+57+1. Ma DD2: |f2/2) | = 32 7, 19 > | g, (2) | => NAz (fe+ge) = Maz (fz)=5. => Lenu D = D2/D1 1200 ND (f+g) = 5-1=6) mong ner numer Moline rueno nymer gryne hlet = 22-cosz b odnacne D = 1/2/223

(804-80, 480 UX 2 ULT, N 050 € (-2,2) NOR).

1(2) = 24 U 9040, 40 19(2)|| 44

8(2) = -cos 2

Tre x0 Muce: 1912/1/21-0 moppino le Bereneuj - bley raco nuneur: 2=2eit => |g|2eit||=|e +e it it HOURS MAX, Y Youfeld, EN reac < 4 Mangaga (2) DOUSO, TONO MAN +>1 E/R: YME 2.0 t-2 & repyre /121-1/ robus 1 respect, nouver gurest. nyetuzet Munique apripulata O rorapugnuer reckeur borer. nyeme f & Olusiall, f ≠ 0 & Wolal (ba m. & nonvoe) Tonga f' = 0/45/all superenen larges (res f' = Lres f. Yell ON NONEJEM: eenle a - propose grulle nopogua n, so tres f = 4. Teoperalonor bareray nomor nofugna D, to Lores f = -p. f(2) dz = No(f)-Po(f) ueno. nyver f & D Mueno noniocof &D Yenebew: of -orp. obrach a npoerai spanyers C YETTELL UPAROCRI · f = 0(2) · f he holes ha Da hyper a pomocol - Myar. Rollie pasareer. noneny on nonapurpullent! ln-ero besto beerga nou 3.
copay neuer nuso bue papega_ Kopore, nuso in decobuses, nuso 50, 277 Muson le Diall des a mosansuo-ket - 2 u 1 cuocos lu Z = lu 121+i.4 hpurery (ln f(2))' = f'(2) f(2) 404- menope Boropar menpepor fue - y mero enemon & happere no spry usuno bookal fopy wan - o vu goo? MA DYRUM MAXAGUA NO(F)-PO(F), erusus unserpar. Lewes Een Do y 1/2 soma nepleceSp, 10 Melleyun apropuleura: 21 file) dz lig y & her nephood, TK St= 201 to, a cenu so some neploced, no sano sa =0 I DAng (4) - y & net ronour replaces ⇒ lu z - ne renou. ZnoS.

Nemma Memo f: [d, B] - C = C 104 - MA. Tonga que uno o pranior so que Ag (o(t)) na boir [L, b]] Ognosse memper berbo 41th, Fre 74 & C(Id, B3), Tanas remo & teldis) Uneen: 4/1/E Arg / 8/18/. Muller aux so: ett = 14 = t. my the string reper for the first of the ElH=t., rea so, ans. A ang (8/4) +t nou t>1 - i.u ang (eno yrapus) < 1. Ang lately = ft + ank & kc] larg 14+2nug So, 2013 Oup |S& A9121=4101-4161 = The sporopus repejo- enous Ang of munayeure inspersion of apryneura Leans &. -nous fle/ 2 I no me bapuaque! A sprepayerne! Mycomo f: Cd, B2 - C; fec(st?); f =0 Ha st? anglottell # . 6/4= f/HH// - teame nyto; on me nhoxogur cepy o line ftour st? Beforeen [Do Ang (w) m = : St Ang (f) - upupamenue & spone t. lem D= RODOLO, TO MORN OFGEROUS NORMITERS NO 2-M MANUYAN a DArg(2) god nonoya =0 - The buyone the menyers, nu nonnecole Techeura B yen. T. O nor boyerax: Ma(f)- Pa(f) = In fra (f).

Inp. Dore to, row yp-e +g ?= z unes romono Buy. Nopully le nynu u nomoca muou Rey. honweof grynux y bg == 7 Me MOMET DOIR. enocos T. Pymu NASAU NO (f+g) = 1 App Arg (f) Tulles nomocol. 12 (4) - For DOSD Arg (4) 40 f+g = f(1+g). We Arg (f-g)= 4+(+)+4+(+), mensey bets MO Arg (f. /1+9/) = 41/1+ 42/1/ - menpep. Berbo. Toerances pour, no sarg /1+9/=0. -hy ones. - Me oronger 3 Pureme: Pacen. flit = 2-tg ? y new в wyne none 3 nopegua. -nv UMBBLE NON (f) - PON (f) = In Dran Centrae morniany, My Tuna MX 2N W MOI UX praem
Y SHALLU NON (f) - 2N+1. Cgryreis, especies, NI-NN, MNJ (+) - memo naism y sparfruia. U oucueros, ymo Non (f) = N_F-NN, NN] (f). 4rg. my noexanu. 3 gledo y f 3 ugnis Papece y 7-tg 2 1 more 1 reprepula. ranses me, was => 2N+1 nons na beeg. Dell. (ny 3+2(N-1)) = 2N+1) U Ma MIMMON DRY Derandes gou-n, mue (In 15 of an Arg/4) = I a ua millides och to Dou-10. Il to 21/200 = - rieno noeruras. fl21= 2-192 = 2/1-(1)3 nee bruser na npupayour apripulity => 20 Aran Arg(f) = 1 Aran Arg/2/ = 20 = 1. Chanous tubery. Hyreis uneen pying 27-692? DOU-10, 400 & range. Oresp. Janua. Krypa beers uneer rangel vary

10. 12.19. TOKN. Clauwap 13.

6 DET, YEROX YEEENAX - NONESC I nopregue

1) Paga Teinopa, nopaxea 2) Morrem, t. 0 borrerax

3) Universal $\int_{\infty}^{\infty} \frac{dse}{x^{10}+1}$ -reps boreon (uni mabile no primering)

where $\int_{\infty}^{\infty} \frac{dse}{x^{10}+1}$ -reps boreon (uni mabile no primering)

uni $\int_{\infty}^{\infty} \frac{sme}{x^{10}+2} dse$ $\int_{\infty}^{\infty} \frac{dse}{x^{10}+2} dse$ $\int_{\infty}^{\infty} \frac{dse}{x^{10}+2} dse$ Manuel 1 $J = V \cdot p \cdot \int \frac{dse}{20^3 - 1}$ - $J \cdot Lee \cdot b$ equily normal $J \cdot Lee \cdot b$ equily ray we passine $J \cdot Lee \cdot$ $\ell \frac{2ni}{3} - nonve. que f(2) = \frac{1}{2^3 - 1}$ NO F. O BOYLETAX: $\int f(z)dz + \int f(z)dz + \int$ of equalies of flatola. Men 2=1+8-eig 40 f(2) = 1 = 1 23-1 (242+1) $\begin{cases}
\frac{1}{1} & \frac{1}{1} \cdot \frac$ => (y = ni + ani) - ONO HOL CANONI GENE Bery примеря 3 d =? T. O borerax que sonacri = Kbappoir b Leyne nonoc 5 nongra

Ś

$$| \frac{1}{2} | \frac{$$

 $\binom{5}{5} f(n) = -n \le resa. f(2) elg(n2)$

```
Ecne royun apr... aps & Z,
                              \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} f(n) = -\pi \sum_{j=1}^{m} res_{q_{j}} f(z) cfg(\pi z)
          (noerwaere nouse wave pop, upowe & rund - my parabuse ux.
         Mullet & E1)9
                                                                            Pacen. f(r) = \frac{1}{2^{2u} \cdot gu(n2)} - Crusar apapeau org 2.

and uppy c R = k + 1
          Nemma Vappana too, \int e^{it^2} f(t)dt \rightarrow 0, som M(R) = \max |f(t)| \xrightarrow{R \rightarrow \infty}
              (D31) 5 1/18 + 12 = ?
Musicp \int_{-6+3eOI}^{8} \frac{d\varphi}{6+3eOI} = ?
             Macen. f(z) = \frac{1}{5+3\cos z}.

Omaco = \frac{5+3\cos z}{\sqrt{2}}.
      = \frac{1}{5 + \frac{3}{2} \cdot e^{-R} e^{iR} + e^{R} e^{-iR}} \cdot M \longrightarrow 0
\Rightarrow \int \int \frac{1}{2} e^{-R} e^{iR} + e^{R} e^{-iR} \cdot M \longrightarrow 0
\Rightarrow \int \int \frac{1}{2} e^{-R} e^{iR} + e^{R} e^{-iR} \cdot M \longrightarrow 0
\Rightarrow \int \int \frac{1}{2} e^{-R} e^{iR} + e^{-R} e^{-iR} \cdot M \longrightarrow 0
\Rightarrow \int \int \frac{1}{2} e^{-R} e^{iR} + e^{-R} e^{-iR} \cdot M \longrightarrow 0
\Rightarrow \int \int \frac{1}{2} e^{-R} e^{iR} + e^{-R} e^{-iR} \cdot M \longrightarrow 0
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\Rightarrow \int \int \frac{1}{2} e^{-R} \cdot M \longrightarrow 0
\Rightarrow \int \frac{1}{2} e^{-
                             hynu quareriasens: 5+30012 = 0.
                                                                                                                                                                                               3 (eit+e-it)=-5.
                                                                                                                                                                                                 e 202+1+10e it=0.
                                                                                                                                                                                              0^{i2} = -\frac{10}{3} \pm \frac{8}{3} = \frac{13}{43}
```

1

-> Z=-ilu = + Nlou+1) ; Z=ilu 3+9 it=lu f + Anik +ni it = lu3 + 2nik + ni => Z=iln3 + MUK+1) Z=iln3-J. >> 2 MAOKUL PORULI idas es illus - E) $\Rightarrow \int \frac{dz}{5+3coz} = \int$ $=\int_{-\frac{\pi}{2}}^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \frac{\ell \cdot \ell e^{\frac{i\eta}{2}} d\varphi}{\xi \cdot \ell e^{\frac{i\eta}{2}} \cdot 3(-sm | i \ln 3 - n + \xi \ell e^{\frac{i\eta}{2}})_{+--}} = \frac{-i\eta}{3} \cdot \frac{1}{sm | i \ln 3}.$ Ananourus, que tr?: lim f flildz = Az. -n-E n-E notice 1 mones rome.

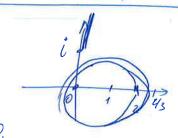
-n-E n-E notice to make per file).

04.12.19. Парашонов. Сенинар 14.

почистение импералов с полющью вочеть.

(a) sof g(3.6)
$$\frac{d2}{\ln(1+i2t)\cdot(2-2)^2}$$

 $x^2+y^2=2x+\frac{2}{9}$



Venuerue: $(z-2)^2 \cdot \ln(1+iz) = 0$.

$$\frac{res}{2}f = \lim_{z \to z} \left(\frac{|z|^2}{\ln(\pi iz)} \right)^2 = -\frac{i}{\ln^2(\pi + \lambda i)}$$

$$\frac{res}{2}f = \frac{1}{|z|^2} \left(\frac{|z|^2}{\ln(\pi iz)} \right)^2 = -\frac{i}{\ln^2(\pi + \lambda i)}$$

$$\frac{1}{|z|^2} \left(\frac{|z|^2}{|z|^2} \right)^2 = \frac{1}{|z|^2} = -\frac{i}{|z|^2}$$

$$\frac{1}{|z|^2} \left(\frac{|z|^2}{|z|^2} \right)^2 = -\frac{i}{|z|^2}$$

Куда направлен парку у погариртия: из i-вверх!

②
$$\int \overline{z} \cos z \, dz - bapannaen \overline{z} : |z-i|/\overline{z}+i'|=y$$

(3.)
$$\int \frac{dz}{s_{1}n} = -2nc. \text{ res } \frac{1}{z}$$

$$\int \frac{dz}{s_{1}n} = -2nc. \text{ res } \frac{1}{z}$$

$$\int \frac{1}{z} - ueucer chueuraya.o.$$

$$\frac{1}{SM\frac{1}{2}} = \frac{1}{\frac{1}{2}(1 - \frac{1}{622} + \dots)} = \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{(1 - \frac{1}{622} + \dots)} = \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{(1 + \frac{1}{622} + \dots)} = \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{(622} + \dots) = \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{(622} + \dots)$$

 $\int \frac{dt}{sin \frac{t}{2}} = -xnc \cdot res = \frac{1}{sin \frac{t}{2}} = \frac{1}{\frac{t}{2} - \frac{1}{62^2} + \dots} = \frac{1}{\frac{t}{2} \cdot (1 - \frac{t}{62^2} + \dots)} = \frac{1}{\frac{t}{62^2} + \dots} = \frac{1}{\frac{t}{62$

$$\frac{n_{\text{funcep1}}}{\left|\int_{-n}^{n} \frac{dt}{5-3smt}\right|} => |2|=1.$$

$$cost = \frac{e^{it_{+}e^{-it}}}{2} = \frac{2+2^{-1}}{2}$$

$$\frac{1 - 4n^{2}}{it - 4n^{2}}$$

(Ay) res e ctg &

0- 90 cycy acodes

-grunaes Menon

cly - wo no beg

ho remoen. - wer.

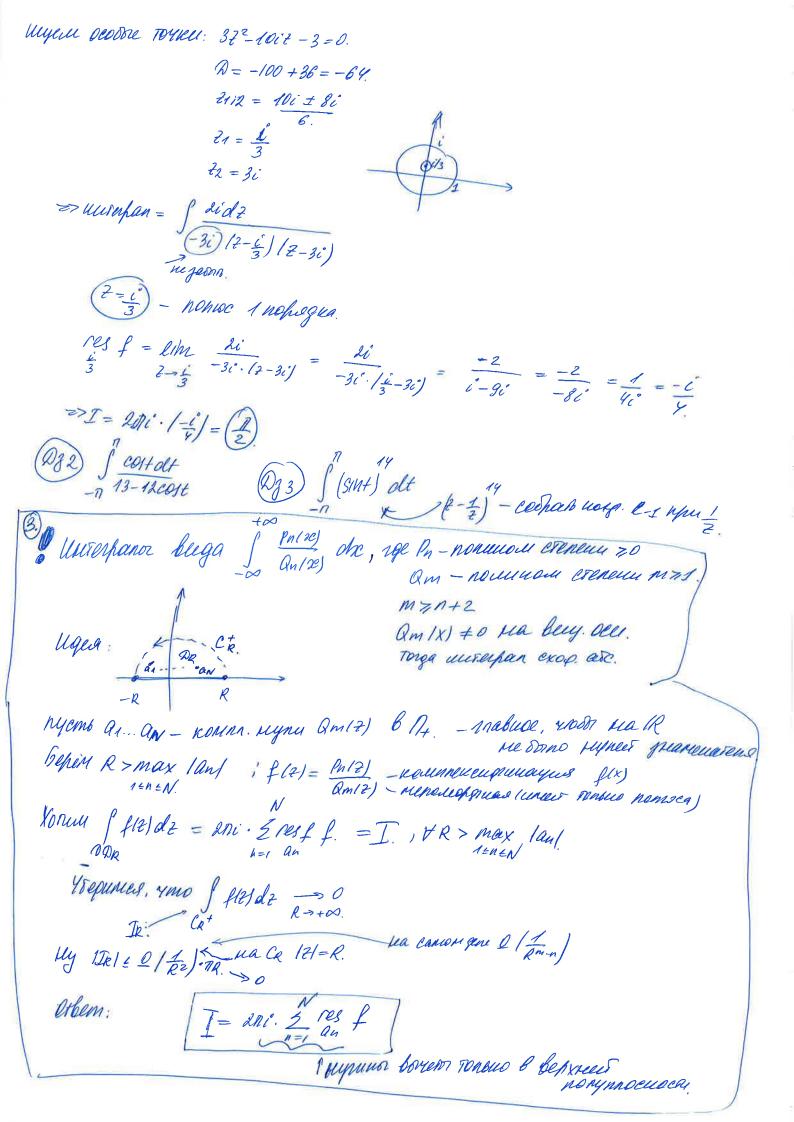
-наропо ор

$$cos(nt) = \frac{z^{n} + z^{-n}}{z}$$

$$sm(n+) = \frac{z^{n} - z^{-n}}{2i}$$

$$dz = ie^{it}$$

$$dt = \frac{dz}{iz}$$



homewers $\int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \frac{x^2 dx}{x^4 + y} = ?$ $\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{x^2 dx}{x^4 + y} = ?$

$$X = \sqrt{-y}$$

 $-4 = 4 \cdot e^{i\pi}$ => $\sqrt{-y} = \sqrt{z} \cdot e^{i\pi y}$

O)

$$\frac{2}{1} = \sqrt{2} \left(eos \frac{R}{4} + ism \frac{R}{4} \right) = \sqrt{2} \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} + i \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \right) = (1+i)$$

$$\frac{2}{3} = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} + ism \frac{R}{4} \right) = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} + i \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \right) = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} + i \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \right) = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} + i \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \right) = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} + i \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \right) = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} + i \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \right) = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} + i \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \right) = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} + i \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \right) = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} + i \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \right) = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} + i \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \right) = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} + i \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \right) = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} + i \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \right) = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} + i \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \right) = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} + i \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \right) = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} + i \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \right) = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} + i \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \right) = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} + i \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \right) = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} + i \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \right) = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} + i \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \right) = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} + i \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \right) = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} + i \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \right) = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} + i \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \right) = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} + i \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \right) = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} + i \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \right) = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} + i \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \right) = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} + i \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \right) = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} + i \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \right) = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} + i \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \right) = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} + i \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \right) = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} + i \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \right) = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} + i \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \right) = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} + i \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \right) = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} + i \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \right) = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} + i \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \right) = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} + i \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \right) = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} + i \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \right) = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} + i \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \right) = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} + i \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \right) = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} + i \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \right) = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} + i \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \right) = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} + i \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \right) = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} + i \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \right) = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} + i \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \right) = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} + i \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \right) = \frac{1$$

$$\frac{22}{\sqrt{2}} = \sqrt{2} \left(\frac{20}{\sqrt{2}} + i \frac{30}{\sqrt{2}} \right) = \sqrt{2} \left(-\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} + i \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \right) = -1 + i$$

$$= \frac{2^{2}}{2s} \frac{(2-(1+i))(2-(1-i))(2-(1-i))(2-(1-i))}{(2-(1-i))(2-(1-i))(2-(1-i))} = \frac{(1+i)^{2}}{(1+i+1-i)(1+i+1+i)(1+i-1+i)} = \frac{(1+i)^{2}}{2\cdot 2(1+i)\cdot 2i} = \frac{1+i^{2}}{8i} = \frac{1+i^{2}}{2}$$

$$= -\frac{i(1+i)}{8} = -\frac{i+1}{8} = \frac{1-i}{8}$$

$$\text{res } f = \text{res } \frac{2^2}{2^4+4} = \frac{f+i}{4^{1/2}+i^{1/2}} = \frac{1}{4^{1/2}+i^{1/2}} = \frac{-1-i}{8}$$

$$\frac{1}{8} = \frac{1}{8} = \frac{-1-i}{8} = \frac{1}{8} =$$

$$\int_{0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{x^{6}+6y} = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{1}{x^{6}+6y} =$$

$$\int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \frac{(x^4 + x)dx}{x^6 + 6y} = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \frac{x^4 dx}{x^6 + 6y} + \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \frac{x dx}{x^6 + 6y}$$

$$\int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \frac{x^2 elx}{(x^2+1)^3} - \text{NNOUD } i, \text{ ND } 3 \text{ NOHAGKA.}$$

(A) provenence neodo Pypse or pay grue.

$$\left| \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} |f(x)|^{2} dx = -\frac{1}{2} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} |f(x)|^{2} dx$$

Obp. Meosp. Pypoe:
$$\hat{f}(\lambda) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2n}} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} f(x) e^{i\lambda x} dx$$

speads. Typue repelapier ones. questos l'acceptant yacroverne na -? f"+f=0. => 12+1 of=0 => f=1 Ma palen enquair $f(x) = \frac{\rho_n(x)}{q_m(x)}$, m_{7n+2} .

Henpep na becy see R. The first - pult me wallet possess wealth. f(2) = 1 | f(x) e - 12x dx hyperil $g(0) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(2) e^{-i2\pi R} d2 = \int$ f(x) = 22 ; f(x) =? 1) Prog rewropa, nopaca Pype Conruen weep. 3) Buy wurespan my upu 220 - novembles. 1 mpu 120 - morning 120 mg f(n)=f(n) - lenu gryung reman, so speaso. Sypol morrisse - unace i girch. Merinais, popular 1040 Me. - Mulacon les pas

My f[n] = 1 f(x) / cot <math>3x - ism 3x / dx.

Genu f remain, n for auserhan = 0 fusing a fusing a

03.12.19. TOKA. Cenuscap 12.

17 genaspil - up

$$\frac{\text{Number 1}}{\text{SM(2-3) cos 2}} \int \frac{dz}{(z^2-5)/2-10} = 2\pi i \frac{2}{3} \text{ res } f(z)$$

$$|z|=4$$

Pellelle: Moeigen occore Torku: 2=10

$$7-3 = 7K$$

$$(z=3)$$
 $f(z)=\frac{1}{6}=\infty$ - nonvoc nopregua 1. - TH y praneuraseme none nepogua 1.

$$f(2) = \frac{\varphi(2)}{4721} = \frac{1/(6012 \cdot (2^2 - 5)12 - 10)}{SM(2 - 3)}$$

$$\frac{77788 f(2) = 1/(6013 \cdot 4 \cdot (-7))}{(\cos 7-3)_{2=3}} = \frac{1}{28.0013}$$

$$(\dot{c}\dot{c}\dot{s}\dot{z}=0)$$
 $\dot{z}=\frac{\pi}{2}+k\pi k$.

$$t = \pm 1$$
 $t = \pm 1$
 $t = -nonial 1 nonigua.$

$$Nes = \frac{4(a)}{4(a)} = \frac{1/(s)n(\frac{\pi}{2}-3)\cdot(\frac{\pi}{4}-5)\cdot(\frac{\pi}{2}-10)}{s}$$

U otber = young gove y-x boreers

Municipal
$$\int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \frac{x \cdot \sin tx}{x^2 + 1} dx$$
, $t > 0 - napare - b$ charene lim

Newcere: Municipal T. O borrerax & obvious

 $f(z) = \frac{z \cdot e}{z^2 + 1} - u$ young $Im(f(z))$
 $\frac{1}{z^2 + 1} - u$ young $Im(f(z))$

MO OCOSAIS DOUNA - PONDICO i.

T= In $(nie^{-t}) = n \cdot e^{-t}$ raper t > 0.

Note that t < 0: $I = -n \cdot e^{-t}$ raper t < 0. T = 0 raper t = 0.

Youpen, your reclula llopgana relepua nou t<0: t20: ffletde = f

niet luy & borens) (nocrusa)

>> lim | gizse êtz R-> 00 8R = Anie + nie * 0. Nousprunes u nearne Vorgana.

Mpunep3 $\int_{X_{+1}}^{+\infty} \frac{x^5+7x+1}{x^8+1} dx$

Moligem ocoobre royuu: $X = \sqrt[8]{-1}$.

 $\sqrt{Z} = \sqrt{r} \cdot \left(\frac{201(\varphi + 2\pi K)}{n} + isus \frac{\varphi + 2\pi K}{n} \right) ; K = 0... n.-1.$

1 = 1,3,5,7 - Te, ROPPORE & BEXXUELT NOWYMNOEUDERI.

 $700 = e^{\frac{\pi i}{8} \cdot 3k} + 7e^{\frac{\pi i \cdot k}{8}} + 7$

holinen, norwy & 25+72+1 ? 0

 $\int_{\mathbb{R}} \left| \frac{2^{5} + 7^{2} + 1}{2^{8} + 1} \right|^{\frac{1}{2}} \int_{\mathbb{R}} \left| \frac{e^{5} e^{5i y} + 7 e^{i y} + 1}{R^{8} \cdot e^{5i y} + 1} \right| |R| \cdot e^{i y} dy \leq \int_{\mathbb{R}} \left| \frac{R^{5} \cdot e^{5i y} + 7 e^{i y} + 1}{R^{8} e^{5i y} + 1} \cdot R \right| b |\psi| \leq$

Rf 1 R8 e six / 6/4/ + Rf 1 7Re ig / 6/4/ + Rf 1/8 e six, / 6/4/ + R

(a) $R \int_{R_{-1}}^{\eta} \frac{R^{5}}{R^{8}-1} d\varphi + R \int_{R_{-1}}^{\eta} \frac{7}{R^{8}-1} d\varphi = \frac{R^{6}\eta}{R^{8}-1} + \frac{7R^{3}\eta}{R^{8}-1} + \frac{1R^{3}e^{i\varphi}|_{=}|R^{3}e^{i\varphi}|_{=}|R^{3}e^{i\varphi}|_{=}|R^{3}e^{i\varphi}|_{=}|R^{3}e^{i\varphi}|_{=}|R^{3}e^{i\varphi}|_{=}|R^{3}e^{i\varphi}|_{=}|R^{3}e^{i\varphi}|_{=}|R^{3}e^{i\varphi}|_{=}|R^{3}e^{i\varphi}|_{=}|R^{3}e^{i\varphi}|_{=}|R^{3}e^{i\varphi}|_{=}|R^{3}e^{i\varphi}|_{=}|R^{3}e^{i\varphi}|_{=}|R^{3}e^{i\varphi}|_{=}|R^{3}e^{i\varphi}|_{=}|R^{3}e^{i\varphi}|_{=}|R^{3}e^{i\varphi}|_{=}|R^{3}e^{i\varphi}|_{=}|R^{3}e^{i\varphi}|_{=}|R^{3}e^{i\varphi}|_{=}|R^{3}e^{i\varphi}|_{=}|R^{3}e^{i\varphi}|_{=}|R^{3}e^{i\varphi}|_{=}|R^{3}e^{i\varphi}|_{=}|R^{3}e^{i\varphi}|_{=}|R^{3}e^{i\varphi}|_{=}|R^{3}e^{i\varphi}|_{=}|R^{3}e^{i\varphi}|_{=}|R^{3}e^{i\varphi}|_{=}|R^{3}e^{i\varphi}|_{=}|R^{3}e^{i\varphi}|_{=}|R^{3}e^{i\varphi}|_{=}|R^{3}e^{i\varphi}|_{=}|R^{3}e^{i\varphi}|_{=}|R^{3}e^{i\varphi}|_{=}|R^{3}e^{i\varphi}|_{=}|R^{3}e^{i\varphi}|_{=}|R^{3}e^{i\varphi}|_{=}|R^{3}e^{i\varphi}|_{=}|R^{3}e^{i\varphi}|_{=}|R^{3}e^{i\varphi}|_{=}|R^{3}e^{i\varphi}|_{=}|R^{3}e^{i\varphi}|_{=}|R^{3}e^{i\varphi}|_{=}|R^{3}e^{i\varphi}|_{=}|R^{3}e^{i\varphi}|_{=}|R^{3}e^{i\varphi}|_{=}|R^{3}e^{i\varphi}|_{=}|R^{3}e^{i\varphi}|_{=}|R^{3}e^{i\varphi}|_{=}|R^{3}e^{i\varphi}|_{=}|R^{3}e^{i\varphi}|_{=}|R^{3}e^{i\varphi}|_{=}|R^{3}e^{i\varphi}|_{=}|R^{3}e^{i\varphi}|_{=}|R^{3}e^{i\varphi}|_{=}|R^{3}e^{i\varphi}|_{=}|R^{3}e^{i\varphi}|_{=}|R^{3}e^{i\varphi}|_{=}|R^{3}e^{i\varphi}|_{=}|R^{3}e^{i\varphi}|_{=}|R^{3}e^{i\varphi}|_{=}|R^{3}e^{i\varphi}|_{=}|R^{3}e^{i\varphi}|_{=}|R^{3}e^{i\varphi}|_{=}|R^{3}e^{i\varphi}|_{=}|R^{3}e^{i\varphi}|_{=}|R^{3}e^{i\varphi}|_{=}|R^{3}e^{i\varphi}|_{=}|R^{3}e^{i\varphi}|_{=}|R^{3}e^{i\varphi}|_{=}|R^{3}e^{i\varphi}|_{=}|R^{3}e^{i\varphi}|_{=}|R^{3}e^{i\varphi}|_{=}|R^{3}e^{i\varphi}|_{=}|R^{3}e^{i\varphi}|_{=}|R^{3}e^{i\varphi}|_{=}|R^{3}e^{i\varphi}|_{=}|R^{3}e^{i\varphi}|_{=}|R^{3}e^{i\varphi}|_{=}|R^{3}e^{i\varphi}|_{=}|R^{3}e^{i\varphi}|_{=}|R^{3}e^{i\varphi}|_{=}|R^{3}e^{i\varphi}|_{=}|R^{3}e^{i\varphi}|_{=}|R^{3}e^{i\varphi}|_{=}|R^{3}e^{i\varphi}|_{=}|R^{3}e^{i\varphi}|_{=}|R^{3}e^{i\varphi}|_{=}|R^{3}e^{i\varphi}|_{=}|R^{3}e^{i\varphi}|_{=}|R^{3}e^{i\varphi}|_{=}|R^{3}e^{i\varphi}|_{=}|R^{3}e^{i\varphi}|_{=}|R^{3}e^{i\varphi}|_{=}|R^{3}e^{i\varphi}|_{=}|R^{3}e^{i\varphi}|_{=}|R^{3}e^{i\varphi}|_{=}|R^{3}e^{i\varphi}|_{=}|R^{3}e^{i\varphi}|_{=}|R^{3}e^{i\varphi}|_{=}|R^{3}e^{i\varphi}|_{=}|R^{3}e^{i\varphi}|_{=}|R^{3}e^{i\varphi}|_{=}|R^{3}e^{i\varphi}|_{=}|R^{3}e^{i\varphi}|_{=}|R^{3}e^{i\varphi}|_{=}|R^{3}e^{i\varphi}|_{=}|R^{3}e^{i\varphi}|_{=}|R^{3}e^{i\varphi}|_{=}|R^{3}e^{i\varphi}|_{=}|R^{3}e^{i\varphi}|_{$

+> Uusapan = Dri - 2 borcerol.



Touce queen cruvar, noughleg Q(x)-deg P(x) >1.

 $\int_{0}^{\infty} = \int_{0}^{\infty} + \int_{0}^{\infty} dR$ $\int_{0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{\sqrt{R}} = \int_{0}^{\infty} + \int_{0}^{\infty} dR$

Munier of Fcore of.

17-11=2

Borpapule: == 4(2)

 $(\overline{z}-i^\circ)\cdot(\overline{z}+i^\circ)=Y.$

 $= \sum_{z=i}^{z} \frac{y}{z} - i$

=> [/4 -i) cost d2.

17-11=2

res = 4 - nonve 1 nopoqua.

 $= \int \left(\frac{4}{z_{-i}} - i \right) \cos z dz = 8\pi i$

02.12.19. TPKN. 917 or cenunapa 11. (1) $f(z) = tg z \cdot (1-z) = ghz \cdot (1-z)$ - Havin run wordx (1-23) (1+co12) co12. (1-23) (1+co122) OCOORE TOURU: $\circ CO(2=0 \Rightarrow 2=\frac{\pi}{2}+\pi\kappa$; $f(\frac{\pi}{2}+\pi\kappa) \Rightarrow \frac{const}{6} = \infty \Rightarrow nonuc$, apurony nopregue. · 1-7=0 => 7=1 - yespanunas · (1+2+22) = 0. 72+2+1=0 Q = 4 - 4 = -3 $\frac{21}{2} = -1 \pm i\sqrt{3}$ $f(ornux) \rightarrow \frac{const}{o} = \infty \Rightarrow nonuc, neuron$ navene nopisqua 1 (2) $f(z) = \frac{z^3 - 1}{(z^4 - 1) (cfg z + 2)}$ - Haun Boren $f(z) = \frac{1+2+2^2}{(z-1)^3} \cdot (cfgz+2)$ Deorail TOYKA: 7-1 - nonve nohigua 3. nes f(2) = 1 / 1+2+22 / C+92+2 $g(z) = \frac{1 + z + z^2}{c \cdot g \cdot z + z}$ $g'(2) = (1+27)(e4g2+2) - (1+2+2^2) \cdot \left(-\frac{1}{sm^2z}\right) = (1+27)(sih z \cdot eos z + 2sm^2z) + 1+2+2^2$ $(c4g z + 2)^2$ $(c4g z + 2)^2$ $g''(z) = \int \left(2(\sin z \cdot \cos z + 2\sin^2 z) + 11 + 2z\right) (\cos^2 z - \sin^2 z + 4\sin z\cos z) + 2z + 1) (cfgz + 2)^2 -$ -{(1+22)(sm2.e012+2sm22)+1+2+22}2(ctg2+2).(-1/sm22) $g''(1) = \frac{1}{(ctg1+2)^4} \left(2 \cdot sm1 \cdot cog1 + 4sih^2 1 + 3(2cog^2 1 + 4sm1cog1)(ctg1+2)^2 + \frac{2}{sm^2 1}(ctg1+2) \int 3 sm1cog1 + 6sm^2 1 + 3 \int \frac{1}{2} \left(ctg1+2\right) \int \frac{1}{2} \left(ctg1$ $= \frac{(7s1h2 + 2cos^21)(cos1 + 2sm²) + 6sm1cos1 + 12sm²1 + 6}{(cfg1+2)^3 \cdot s1h²1}$

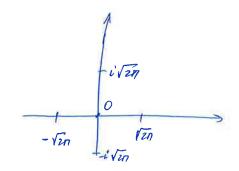


27.11.19. TOKN. Naparionos N 13

Knaceumenayun Morox. Moreer 1-co122

MOUTH See MOTOX a nopregues.

1-0017 =0



1) Zex = I VANK - WYMU & nopregua The = ±i \ rau - upru & nopregue => y fle/ 200

2) 20 = 0 - 4 20 progra. => y f(21-200 no mac 4 naprogra

Occino rueno ocorox muen.

horency peyou a nopregua?

f(2) = 1-co122 | 2+1 =0.

1'(2) = (1-00127) = #SIN 22. 22

= SM 2M. 22 = 0.

f"/2// =0. => none xnopsqua.

Orber: A Zo=0 - nomoe 4 nopa qua.

Hora noune ocoone rouxu-nonvoca 2 nopagua.

4mb hyems f(2) = f1(2); a ma-upaup. De. TOYKA, f1/2/4/2/2/-2010.01. BT. q.

Mess M-noprigor myne a gnil for low moner sorts = o eem menureno 6 Uz - nopropou upme geno fz.

Torga: 1) April 12712 - a-yesp. De. Porus falf. 2) April p=12-11 >0 - 10 a-nomine nepisquap.

Mullep. $f(z) = \frac{z^2}{1 - \cos(z^2)}$ q = 0.

f1/2/= 22 ; 11 = 2. => p=12-11=2 - nopsgow nomoca a=0 gmef fe (Z) = 1-COSZ2 /12 = 4

Eenu $f(z) = \frac{z^{10}}{1-co1z^2} - 70$ Syper yeef. De. POYKA. Win u knalligneyapobar bee wordx que f(2) = cfg(2) MOUS ON UKAQUELLED. BEE LLOTOR JM flz1 = COS 1/2

My y cos 1/2 - no bely. Dele ller spepera (1+22)2

A y manawarene - eer spepera - syper cyry. Deares Porna. 033) flz1 = 7- cos 1/2 Memo acc- noux binnet; templiquely 8pt = 3/2-9/= pf; pelos). Tonga benuruwa A f f12/d2 =: res f.] -boreer f & nouve a. Elnu nos hagnorumu g-ymo b pog nopanes: $f(\ell) = \frac{1}{2} C_n \cdot (2-a)^n$ rea 45(a)Torga res $f = C_{-1} - PK$ mes exop paluous, nepeeralus un report cyning, y boex crenouses, whosee 1/7, syper reploespoqual = ux moupon =0. Mpunel. Harimu pes tgz -nonve 3 nopoques; Tu 6 suchu Tene of nopoque, ab quareus sen al quarenaven & nopregua. My a=0-MORDX - on tg ? Bryne roman. A court - rouver b rhousonors out on US. A S= I -TU I - nephase ocoseuwoen y tg z. Margen to C-1. $tg = 2 + \frac{23}{3} + \frac{225}{1525} + \dots$ - my Z-tgz - novumen rpsuff. Cugae $\Rightarrow \frac{tg2}{24} = \frac{1}{7^3} + \frac{1}{32} + \frac{2}{15}2 + \dots$ $\Rightarrow (C_{-1} = \frac{1}{3})$

Boren 6∞: Eenu f ∈ Mol/ USZ. (0)) = 5 ± 2/2-20/2+20} Ma & b pog nopaua moumo pogranas no & yempy UC-1 Eyger of beerga quiamolee. A gryme mosp - M.E. spyree. Peg no 20: f(2) = 2 Cn. (2-20)" 70 - bossipaeue eaner; es l € 2-i -> 20 =i. -T.e & - Vauais-10 Torma, oup -16 neropour co gepxui so $\Rightarrow \text{res } f = -C_{\pm} = \frac{1}{2\pi i} \int f(z)dz, \text{ spe } y_{2}^{+}(\infty) = \int |z-z_{0}| = \rho + \int \int \int |z-z_{0}| dz$ МОГ ФХОРИМ ТАИ, 40007 « Выпаснева, те ориестория с именую. y flet= tg2
24: co-ree uprup. ce. rorus. Mulief. res sm2 =? &- eyy. yon. rorua. $SM2 = 2 - \frac{2^3}{6^2} + \dots \Rightarrow res = \frac{1}{2^3} - \frac{1}{6^2} + \dots \Rightarrow res = \frac{1}{6^2}$ Зам вени годи невреними по вачето. ymb hyems acc, a-nonve f nopegua p=1. gon via noneus B. => res f = lim f(2) (2-a) Eenu a-nomoe f nopogua p7,2 => (pes $f = \frac{1}{(p-1)!}$ lim $[f(z), (z-a)^p]$ Year vous yepanimas, no lover =0. A Ma or Tak Meller. Me Dro (Boxer +0). my f(2) = = = 0 = 0 = 0 = yep. no borrer = -l-1 = -1. +0. Qui 160: f(2) = C-p
(2-a) 0 + ... + C-1
2-a + ... = (2-9) - f(2) = C-p + - + C-1 · 12-9) p 0xp (6-a) f (2) = (b-1)!·C-1). 259. => NOAWC Inopogra Meso flet = filet san, referres-ron. 6 oup a ace; fila) +0 1 - TIE & ruen wiener rie 0, a b prancenarene -

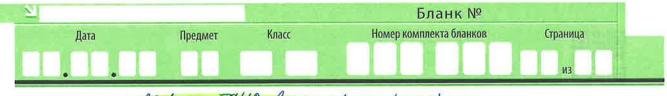
Qui tho: res $f = \lim_{a \to a} \frac{f(l)}{f_2(l)} = \lim_{a \to a} \frac{f_1(l)}{f_2(l)} \xrightarrow{\text{TYLOS-the MODELY IN }} \left(\frac{f_2(l)}{f_2(l)} - \frac{f_2(l)}{f_2(l)} \right)$ f(2) = c+g? - Maisse fee word in for year & Hux. $f(z) = \frac{\cos z}{\sin z \cdot z^3} \xrightarrow{z \to 0} \frac{1}{0} = \infty \implies a = 0 - nonnoc.$ посинани поредым попыса. Uenonspece, en flet = f1/3/ No f1(0) +0 => M=0. fatel=0, 00 folg-0082/2= \$+0 -> AZZ 12/2/= 23. SINZ. heprepou ryme = 3+1 = 4-na r. o regness. -My SMZ = Z. h(2) =>23. 8/h2=24. h(2/ => M2=4 >> = n2 -n1 = y > nonve nopregray. о найден вочет - ноши униочил на 24, дир. з раза. une pog repana - ero see present. Wy ## res = $\frac{1}{3!} \left(\frac{Z^4}{\cdot} \cdot cfg z \right)^{\frac{17}{4}} - cnounco.$ MOPUL . ENDEOS. Econi p-yus romas oncoc. From porus, ref |a+z| = f(a-z), the TO bores baub $\infty = 0$. — my my en-us que map. $a_1 = \frac{1}{10!} \int \frac{f(z)}{4-a_1^{10+1}} dz$ My elg? - rémais -> les =0) Tu des rémais. a = 1/2 / f(2) Try pryme remas $(a = \pi k)$ $f(z) = \frac{e4gz}{z^3} = \frac{e0jz}{sinz \cdot z^3} = \frac{e0jz}{sinz} = \frac{e0jz}{sinz}$ a opuevayeles noneuenach, lenu fla+2/00 fla-8) The f = $\frac{4(a)}{\sqrt{(a)}} = \frac{\cos \pi \kappa / (\pi \kappa)^3}{\cos \pi \kappa} = \frac{1}{(\pi \kappa)^3}$ 073 MOUSIN res ctg2 - Bores que to. a) no p-ne

S) reply pag nopand

Wy $f(z) = \frac{coj z}{z^2 \cdot sin z} - nonucc 3 nopeque$ The first $= \lim_{z \to \infty} \frac{1}{z!} \left(\frac{z \cdot coj z}{sin z} \right)''$

 $\frac{1 - \frac{7^2}{3} + 0/2^3}{2^3} = borrer = -43$ Nopaua 1+W=1-W+D/W2) Teoperera (Rour, o borerax) пусть Д- ограниченный облась с прости гранизей. myer A = ban. and c D 1 pagnuruore vorum 60 Meso De Hol (Oup-2 (D) 1A) f121 dz Dou-bo. OC. TOURA: Q1=0; Qx=7K ha spannye oc. men Nonanu $B R : Q_2 = -77; Q_2 = 7.$ ue pontro onto. I = ani (resf + resf + resf) Utau sono nocerco = |7-3i/=5 -rouse borest=0. 17-11=12 x24g=ex+7 rocnoper. myga papey roper. Donven bobie. гот видри област выти пита исть 7 costdz -видри стетее миво иотох. 12-11-2 40-ue yonup rosua nhunements





26.11.19. TAKN. CENULAS 11 14 308)

$$1) \frac{t^2}{SMZ} = 2 = 0$$

$$Z = 2K, K \neq 0.$$

3)
$$tg(\frac{1}{2}) = \frac{sn(\frac{1}{2})}{cos(\frac{1}{2})} - \frac{2}{2} - ue$$
 uponuf. oerdese. $roua$.

 $richtarrow nonvoen \frac{1}{nk+\frac{n}{2}} \rightarrow 0$.

400 MOUMO CHAJAN OF HOTORE, plane pag repans?

nouloument flat:=Co. => prog Termoha, before, spe exopured, 279.

Paccon. 912) =
$$\frac{1}{f(2)}$$
 $\in Hol(le, f)$.

Mourem em g(2) = $\frac{1}{\infty} = 0$. $\Rightarrow a - 200$ yeh or rouse pure g(2)

3 & page topaux gns glz) her only reced.

rechla) +0



Эту сторону бланка можно использовать как черновик. Она не сканируется и не проверяется.

$$|| \frac{1}{2}| = \frac{1}{(2-a)^{N}} \cdot \frac{1}{h(2)} = \frac{1}{h(2)} \cdot \frac{1}{h(2)} = \frac{1}{h(2)}$$

Эту сторону бланка можно использовать как черновик.
Она не сканируется и не проверяется.

15



Она не сканируется и не проверяется

чени почка-попис, по вочет мочко насти дидереренциро ванием

2)
$$N > 1$$
. $f(z) = \frac{C - N}{(z - a)^N} + \dots + \frac{C - 1}{z - a} + C_0 + \dots$

- lenu nong an (N-1) . DA-1 \$12/ 12-9/ N=C-1.

Genu nonver 1 nopregua, u $f(z) = \frac{4|z|}{4|z|}$, rec $4|a| \neq 0$ W/11 =0

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} = \frac{1$$

$$f(2) = \frac{12^3 + 2}{(2^2 + 10)(2 - 7) \sin 2}$$

AG. 11.19. TOKA. CEMURAP 11/4 310)

@ Uzonupolanuou ocoone muu

f(2), muca a, 02/2-a/ce-oup-a.

a) lim f(e) & C - Yerpanunges

 $\delta) \lim_{z \to q} f(z) = \infty - nonne$

6) I like fle) - cynyech ocodan roma.

noen-to cromocol->0.

y sm(\frac{1}{2}) - Torna 0 - ne uponupobacueae, tam nyme navannu bacores.

my 2= 1 -> 0. , new.

Eenu De Torna yerpanumas: ¿ Cut"; (cu = M), rel fill=M-

 \Rightarrow

The Oc. Torna yelpaneurea & 8 page repaire mer openy crange

Ch E M

Cn = M = M.ph, r - 0; C-n = 0 HUEN.

(G) => lim f(2)=Co - nhepen eco.

219

TO YVA nonvoc & & hope rohaux ronous romeruse ruens opiny inavaeresy. Tre & Cn 12-21", C-N +0.

>> Men 7 lim f(2) = 00 => 6.04p-ne rouse a: f(2) 40.

=> g(z) = 1 - 20 noru. в нешог. проиопот. опр. по гочни а. 02/2-4/28.

Jamenue, mo lin get = $a_n = 0$ $\Rightarrow a - yep gne g$

=> g(2) = (2-a) Nh(2) => h(2) Me oop. BO B OUP-N OL 12-a/282.

 $\frac{1}{h(2)} = \frac{2}{n} a_n \cdot (2-a)^n - hog \ Textropa \ gas \ h(2)$

(=) f(z) = 2 cn(z-a) => f(z) = 1 2 cn(z-a) => 0.74 cn +0 » nonvoc. 219. 6) Mer cyn. 0008. Toula => y poga Nohaua Secu Muno orpuy. cranaerusx -My ocrabulitae congrais

whenep nyer f(2)

9 02/2-9/28, npwen ybeens, 200/12-9/ 1/2 - 046. Kanovi Tun y Torku a?

My yemanunous, The me of a me b).

More $f(z) = \frac{2}{1-co12}$, z = 0 - lbn. Uponup. De. Porcupes?

The fine oup-B, b compair from such forces.

Managen mynu prymu 1-colz =0. uy 7 oup-to ugns, & KOPOPOLT COI 7 40. => uponup.

Onperenum nin: nuso cruvaen nperen, nuos numen per nopana.

$$1-\cos z = \frac{z^{2}}{z} - \frac{z^{4}}{4!} + \dots = \frac{z^{2}}{z} - \frac{z^{2}}{4!} + \dots$$

$$= \frac{z^{2}}{|z|} - \frac{z^{2}}{4!} + \dots$$

 $=7 f(2) = \frac{7}{1-\cos 2} = \frac{7}{2^2} \cdot h(2) \rightarrow \infty \Rightarrow uons - 700 nonuce 1 nophogua.$

hopepou nomoca = nopel pou signis odranious p-que.

Mulnep $f(z) = \frac{gin \frac{1}{z}}{Z(z-e)}$

Ocome rouxu: Z=0; Z=2.

WHU Z=Z: NONDC, TH DETABLELLE MUNICIPERS ROMONLISH 4 70.

When z=0: $SIN = \frac{1}{z} = \frac{1}{3z^2} + \dots$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{\sin \frac{1}{2}}{\frac{2}{2(2-2)}} = \frac{1}{2^2(2-2)} \Rightarrow 8000. \quad \text{unors oping. characters} \\ \Rightarrow cycly-destas Torke.$$

hpoconotais out to 0: R2121200.

Troon namuears represent represent neg nopana, napo pacen. f/2/

=> 0 - yep to met nousy. rnews

a - nonvoc => roueruse rueno nonox menos u eyy, ocosas - lenu bees

Teopera (Coxognoso)

Mu-lo npepensuax praxeriui δ oup-ne egy, ocoobii noruu = \overline{C} - 7.8 bee rorue npegensuare.

Monney Danor fulz) u fulz).

Map z=0 - norox que aseux gr-yeus,

Newton y for - 200 nonce nopogue N, a y for - name nopogua K.

Kancol Tun decret Tomu gans $g(z) = f_N(z) + f_K(z) - norme nopogua max(N,K),$ Lenu N=K-memer onto bee 3 rung.

(m) | f(2) = tg 2. [1-2]

-наиги ос. точки и и опреренить тип.

Pyus nay yener, come ona sonorer. B C.

hhepnonounum, your B or y mee- yesp. Porma unu nonco.

Torga f - Muororner.

Deu 160: l'oup-ri co : l'proge nopaux ronoire reverse rivero navoy, rouse.

Borrey up f eë nonoy. Maen nopaua.

hle = f(z) - 2 bn. 2 h t b Hellos. oup-N & brepa R 2 Z 2 co. Mes ronom - sup.

A b. 121 ER - reuse orp.

A not. Muybunne: leun gyma ronom. le te u orp => ouen = comp. -> hl?l = compt => fl?l = muoronnen. 2rg.

Kp

· Unserpan

с Суманрован ред

· mair nuna oc. rorek.

Morelm / 18 uponup. Deosoi mue)

onp. a- monup. Dessag roma; f & Mol (02/2-a/2)

 $res_a f(z) := \frac{1}{2\pi i} \int f(z) dz$ — unrespan we jab or out no respense kouser



Тебрена Коши Дана обпаса В с кус-гларкой границей. uf e Mallo, me 6 2 D. Tonga universan no opueus. spannye =0: f flet d2 =0. Myero e greet ognaem een moroxu: пуст Яг - повых граница, с вошенующи тогнами. $0 \Re \int \frac{f(z)dz}{\sqrt{2}} = 0 = \int \frac{f(z)dz}{\sqrt{2}} - \frac{5}{4} \int \frac{f(z)dz}{\sqrt{2}}$ "-2ni. 5 res f(2). The flet dz = mane. 2 borent D'Kak maein boner: C-1 = resa f(2). $= 1 \cdot C_{-1} \cdot 2\pi i = C_{-1}.$ When 3am, e Genu de norma yelp => res=0. · Eenu oe. Porka yelp => 125=c.
· Eenu oe. Porka - nonne nopogka N, TO res nouve ucual guppefeagupobang. @MYer N=1 => f(2) = C-1 + Co + C1(2-9)+... => e-1 = lim (2-a) f(2) = C-1 = resa f(2). (3) Men $N>1 \Rightarrow f(t) = \frac{C-N}{(z-a)^N} + \dots + \frac{C-1}{(z-a)} + Co + C_1(z-a) + \dots$ $\lim_{n \to \infty} \left| \frac{\partial^{n-1}}{\partial z^{n-1}} \cdot f(z) / (z-a)^{N} \right|_{N(-1)!} = C_{-1} = \text{res }_{\alpha} f(z)$

$$Pes_{o} f(z) = 2m (z-0) \cdot 1$$

 $z \to 0$. $Smz \cdot (z-6) = -1/6$.

Unu rau:
$$(81117/2-6)) = 0012 \cdot (2-6) + 81112 \cdot |_{z=0} = -6$$
.

Mpermet
$$|f(z)| = \frac{1}{(z^2+i)^2 \cdot \cos z} = \frac{1}{(z+i)^2 \cdot (z-i)^2 \cdot \cos z}$$

Res_i $f(z) = ?$

Lauro nopegna nonve: a nopegna.

=>
$$Res_{i}f(2) = \frac{1}{(N-1)!}lm\frac{0}{2^{2}}\left(\frac{1}{(2\pi i)^{2}}cos2\right) = -\frac{4smi+4iconi}{-4cos^{2}i}$$

$$\left(\frac{1}{(2+c)^2\cos^2 2}\right)' = \frac{-1}{(2+c)^2\cos^2 2} \left(-\frac{1}{(2+c)^2\cos^2 2} + 2(2+c)\cos^2 2\right) = \frac{1}{(2+c)^2\cos^2 2} = \frac{1}{(2+c)^2\cos^2 2}$$

hyere borner res fla) =0. Kauser nun morex?

Da 200 gropue, Til 200 brever renous C+ =0. Ouransuse Ci - Mossie.

Municip. $f(z) = e^{\frac{4}{2z}} \cdot z$ — eupy. occodennoes 60. — res nhepens unusuoso. $res_0 f(z) = ?$

$$\text{by } f(z) = \ell^{\frac{1}{2^2}} \cdot z = \frac{1}{2} \left(1 + \frac{1}{2z^2} + \frac{1}{2z^4} + \dots \right) = \frac{1}{2} + \frac{2}{2^2} + \frac{2}{2z^4} + \dots = \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2z^3} + \dots = \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2z^3} + \dots = \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} + \dots = \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} + \dots = \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} + \dots = \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} + \dots = \frac{1}{2} + \dots =$$

-> C-1 = 1

Unu Tax:
$$C_{11} = \frac{1}{2\pi i} \int \frac{f(z)}{(z-q)^{n+1}} dz$$

$$\int_{-1}^{2\pi} C_{-1} = \frac{1}{4\pi i} \int_{-1}^{2\pi} \frac{1}{2} dt = -1$$

$$\int_{-1}^{2\pi} \frac{1}{2} dt = -1$$

1 4 e = 2 - borrer = 0.

Cenu yesp. vonua unu nomo c-ecro Te enocolos. Eence cycy. Ocodais rosus - no sonous procuum hier Pypoc.

$$|f(z)| = \frac{z^3 - 1}{(z^4 - 1)(ctgz + 2)} - \mu \omega \omega m \cos \omega n \cos$$

19.11.19 TOKT. CEMUNAS 10.

T. (O haznomermen & hog nopama)

f = Hol 18a, n, R), Sa, n, R = 6 1- 12- 91 - 12

=> $f(z) = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} c_n \cdot (z-a)^n$, $\forall z \in S_{a,r,R}$, $rege c_n := \frac{1}{ani} \int_{|z-a|=0}^{\infty} f(z) (z-a) dz$, $\forall reper.$

Te pag la been smorte konsye rorus exopures (a mouter, u ayi age -10)

те от р не завишет - иу ипи по г. о гомогопич, пибо по инт. теорене коми: T. u fly. 12-9-4-1- ranover. pryce => musespan or rece no oup-en =0.

Yne7

Chepertue 1/4-20 Koull)

Mycm6 Mp := max /f(2)/ 12-01-P-punc

=> |cn| = Mp , YAEZ

Cheperbue 2 (1. muybunna)

(ronon+orp => paluon.orp.)

come f & mol(c) - orpanurena ma (, rof = conf. ronon. B& gryus hay yerses

NONOLLEM N: =0; R:=+00.

Ap=>+00.

 \Rightarrow $|C_n| \leq \frac{M\rho}{\rho^n} \xrightarrow{\rho \to \infty} 0. \Rightarrow \text{ bee worp = 0.} \Rightarrow f = court.$

Of 1) ryoms f - yenan grynwyns c gbynn beny, negeb. nepneogann Ti u 72. (rpe T1, T2 \$0, T1/T2 \$1R) => f = const.

Sih u cos - unevor nepreop an И е - Пеше - ти ре 21 i = 1. 1 е г. е г. е г.

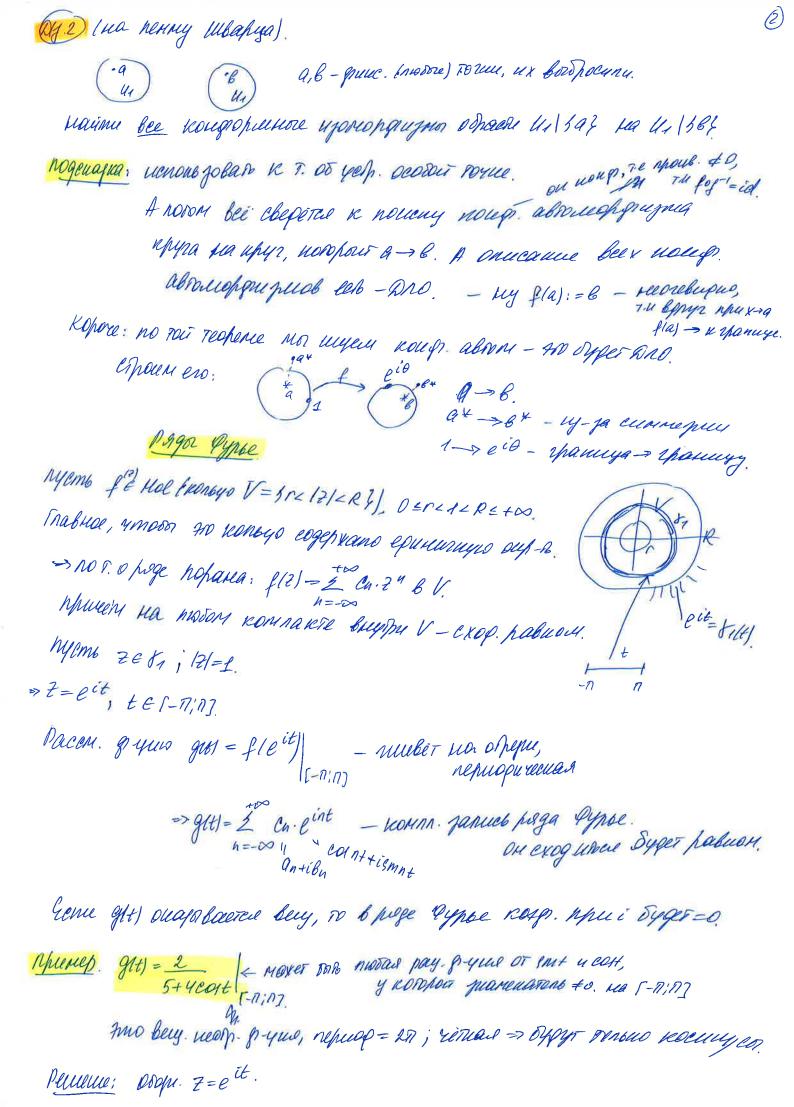
Elenn of your relacion, to ear um reperor, a veranouse upancor.

Cheperbice 3 hyems fettol (u'e la)) (Tonga a may uzoniep ocoobit tounais 10212-91283

hyems &-orpanuseua & U'e, (a), rpe 028'28.

=7 no r. 08 yespanniai cood. Torne: I lin fle) ES, u noene poonhepeneum f(a) 19

mun phepenon, To f & Hol (UE(a)) - TE com oup => chappe eco megan a mail: Egget sm & - orp, no west upegeng. DOU-160: 1=0; R= 8. YOREM: BEE Con nou a < 1 = 0. |C-1| = Mp = p. Mp -> 0 => bee openy wargs. =0. on syget pag Teinopa. Cheperbue 4 (neuma Mbapya). Nyomo U1 = 1/2/21/, fe Mol(U1), f(U1) = U1; f(0) = 0. Tonga | f(2) | = 121, # 2 Ell. npurem eenu 3 2, ≠0/4/21) = 121, 10 30€/R: \$/21 = € .2. Pacen. 9(2) = f(2), rpe f(2) = co + c12+... = 2(c+c22+...) U nonoucen glos= lim fles, noropais of mox as yelp o. => no T. 05 yespa numoi deosoit rouce: g rouce = real /41), u /9/2/1 = 1. - my 7.0 chequeu (g) marenue ronon. gr-4 un l чине голим. г., почие = спернему риакения па гранце >18(3) | F | 51 А по принципу шаксируми: тансирум не монет зоемпанся Cheperbuers hyeme D- KAYLOBALS DENACRO / WAY, nonymocuses, buenuses upyra - Fix esnacry expansione soody our sany Myems f- Konepopuluous abromoppupu Diea D, M UX Bise wiesers (Hanpullep. DAO: confropilles & B E). Torga f-DNO: 97+8, rge / 28/+0. Те на ваписани все конр. опор. круга - и рругих ист. => 12= 14(2) => Born. 2 yen.
neauna mbapya. => 4= 21 of 0 22 - OHA 0-00, npurem 3 14 = 18(2) =7 no heave Mbanya: mofor= eioz - ano => f = m·g·n2 - rue and. 259.



$$||f(x)|| = ||f(x)|| + ||f(x)||$$

Mynu ronaceoppunx gryneyuis.

f & Mol (UE(a)), E>O. ; neN.

You pearent, you a- mone grynwynu f nopegna n.

```
oup a - mont grymeyem f nopisgua n.
                                              (=) f(a)=0=f(a)=..=f(a-1)(a), no f(a)(a)=0.
    Municip. f(2) = 1-co122 ; a = 0.
                                                                                                  Manigeri nohispou negris.
                                                                                    f'(2) = SM + 2 \cdot 22 - TOLLE = 0 note = 0.
                                                                         \int_{0}^{\infty} |\hat{z}|^{2} = 2 \cdot S M z^{2} + cot^{2} + cot^{2} + |z|^{2} \Big|_{z=0} = 0.
                                                         \int_{1/2}^{1/2} \left| \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{2}
                                                   f''(2) = 12\cos^2 2 + \dots \Big|_{z=0} = 12 \neq 0.
                                    =>(No=4)
    Whenep. f(z) = 11 - cos(z^2) - 2019 - 2019
```

recheura (o signist ronoileopgreen pyun)

Myemo a e C, u f e Mol/UE(a).

Maga enep. yen. ronom: (1) a-mons prime f romenous nopregua ne so, 1,2... } (2) I g & Holluglas), nomen glas +0 bremon leval/ $f(z) = (z-a)^n \cdot g(z)$, u naodopom. B Macrisch, & odoux chyrail x a - upnup, mons

gryun f - The Bullion. Out no porule a new gryenx hypers - The g-sonor, gla) to => 4 & news out nivere.

Elene regne kollerword nohegua - all Beliga yong

_ ecnu f(9) +0,

TO BOND O refregues.

Teoperera repuncir bennoem

hyeme Ω - estaceme θ (; fe heal(Ω), Nf = $\int z \in \Omega/f(z) = 0$ Ecnu Ng uneem xon ogny npepensuyis roruy & D => f=0 & D.

Dou-60: 12 rouce to no weaper n: fl2/20.

Genu DOT & roque to DOTA HOUR KOURTHORD nopregue, TO & DUJ-14 Do ne dono pryrux nymen - oun eer - mont dech mopagag ->) f = beans.

=> 8 NOT Japare: f(21= 11-co/122) 2019 = 74 no = 4.2019 = 8046. har: 9/21=1-col(22) = 24. 91/2) - Tuyg - nohopou = 4. => f(2) = 24.2019. (91(2)) roue ronair. gr-yus, not +0 bronce o. (вепомиий, кание пупи укостует) ("com. 3m2/22) => fle/20 &> 12 = N4, KEZ. K=0-срепапи. Zuj ; j=1,2,3,4, men Cenu 470: 240pm & Vine TR phil Kaupono W- 4 Mphil. U gne rangoro ryme: ucyen enarana noprepou nyme pro 1-co12? ECNU UZO: 2 MULLIONX UOPERA. Mpleacep. 7? f∈ Hool (41 - 6/2/2+3): ffth = th3 1 n = 2,3--104 Offer = 2) (y 11-cos 22) 2019 f(-1) = 1 n = 1, 3 = 1Pennene: pacem. g(2)=23 nopogou = 2-2019 $\Rightarrow g(f_1) = f(f_1)$, $u = 2, 3. - (g(-f_1) = -f_3)$ Pacen: # h(2) = f(2) - g(2) & MOR (44) => $h(\frac{1}{n}) = 0$, prie n = 2, 3.... $mo f_{n} = 0 \Rightarrow k = 0, mo h(-\frac{1}{n}) = \frac{2}{n^{3}} \neq 0.$ when k = 0. DIS J? fexal(U1) 9) $f(\frac{1}{n}) = \frac{1}{2n} ; n = 2, 3...$ - uen hiero rennefa, none noveruero nepigna U 50, 200 flo)=0. no weapon A S|f(f)=1 ; n=2,3... Jamesen, 210 flot=0-no recept so. nouver \$ \$0, 3.8 DJ6) MICMO & E MORCE); f(IR) < IR - DUR BLLY. WA BLEG. DELL " TRUCKED DE TRANSPORTER DE TRUCKED DE У ней ноль в идне иминого породия - инте в Tonga f(2) = f(2), Htel - re our neperopris comm. Dens ven b cum. Donn - Done v. Apriles. ДДЭ И - еришинай круг. fe Mollus 1 Blennes (UI) fly =0 Tonga f =0.

17.11.19. TOKO. Als OT CEMUHAPA 9

$$(20.08) (1) \left[\frac{1}{(7+1)(2-2)} \right] = \frac{-1/3}{2+1} + \frac{1/3}{2-2}$$



$$\rho = \frac{1}{3} \cdot \frac{1}{2+1} = \frac{1}{3} \cdot \frac{1}{2(1+\frac{1}{2})} = \frac{1}{32} \cdot \frac{2(1)}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\frac{1}{[2+1](2-2)} = \frac{-1}{32} \cdot \frac{2}{k=0} (-1)^{\frac{1}{2}} \cdot \frac{1}{6} \cdot \frac{2}{2} \cdot \frac{2^{\frac{1}{4}}}{2^{\frac{1}{4}}} = \frac{-1}{3} \cdot \frac{2}{k=0} (-1)^{\frac{1}{4}} \cdot \frac{1}{6} \cdot \frac{2}{2^{\frac{1}{4}}} \frac{2^{\frac{1}{4}}}{2^{\frac{1}{4}}} = \frac{-1}{3} \cdot \frac{2}{k=0} (-1)^{\frac{1}{4}} \cdot \frac{1}{6} \cdot \frac{2}{2^{\frac{1}{4}}} \frac{2^{\frac{1}{4}}}{2^{\frac{1}{4}}} = \frac{-1}{3} \cdot \frac{2}{k=0} (-1)^{\frac{1}{4}} \cdot \frac{1}{6} \cdot \frac{2}{k=0} \frac{2^{\frac{1}{4}}}{2^{\frac{1}{4}}} = \frac{-1}{3} \cdot \frac{2}{k=0} (-1)^{\frac{1}{4}} \cdot \frac{1}{6} \cdot \frac{2}{k=0} \frac{2^{\frac{1}{4}}}{2^{\frac{1}{4}}} = \frac{-1}{3} \cdot \frac{2}{k=0} (-1)^{\frac{1}{4}} \cdot \frac{1}{6} \cdot \frac{2}{k=0} \frac{2^{\frac{1}{4}}}{2^{\frac{1}{4}}} = \frac{-1}{3} \cdot \frac{2}{k=0} (-1)^{\frac{1}{4}} \cdot \frac{1}{6} \cdot \frac{2}{k=0} \frac{2^{\frac{1}{4}}}{2^{\frac{1}{4}}} = \frac{-1}{3} \cdot \frac{2}{k=0} (-1)^{\frac{1}{4}} \cdot \frac{1}{6} \cdot \frac{2}{k=0} \frac{2^{\frac{1}{4}}}{2^{\frac{1}{4}}} = \frac{-1}{3} \cdot \frac{2}{k=0} (-1)^{\frac{1}{4}} \cdot \frac{1}{6} \cdot \frac{2}{k=0} \frac{2^{\frac{1}{4}}}{2^{\frac{1}{4}}} = \frac{-1}{3} \cdot \frac{2}{k=0} (-1)^{\frac{1}{4}} \cdot \frac{1}{6} \cdot \frac{2}{k=0} \frac{2^{\frac{1}{4}}}{2^{\frac{1}{4}}} = \frac{-1}{3} \cdot \frac{2}{k=0} (-1)^{\frac{1}{4}} \cdot \frac{2}{k=0} \frac{2^{\frac{1}{4}}}{2^{\frac{1}{4}}} = \frac{-1}{3} \cdot \frac{2}{k=0} (-1)^{\frac{1}{4}} \cdot \frac{2}{k=0} \frac{2^{\frac{1}{4}}}{2^{\frac{1}{4}}} = \frac{-1}{3} \cdot \frac{2}{k=0} (-1)^{\frac{1}{4}} \cdot \frac{2}{k=0} \frac{2}{k=0} \frac{2^{\frac{1}{4}}}{2^{\frac{1}{4}}} = \frac{-1}{3} \cdot \frac{2}{k=0} (-1)^{\frac{1}{4}} \cdot \frac{2}{k=0} \frac{2}{k$$

$$\int_{|x-1|=n}^{\infty} \frac{1}{3!} \frac{1}{2!} \frac{1}{(-1)^{n+1}} \frac{1}{2!} \frac{1}{2!} \frac{1}{2!} \frac{1}{2!} = \frac{1}{2!} \frac{$$

$$(2-1)(2+2) = 7^2 + 2-2$$

$$\frac{2^{4}+1/2^{2}+2-2}{2^{4}+2^{3}-2t^{2}+2^{2}-7+3}$$

$$-\frac{2^{3}+2^{2}+1}{2^{3}+2^{2}+1}$$

$$-\frac{2^{3}-2^{2}+2^{2}}{2^{2}+2^{2}}$$

$$-\frac{37^{2}+27+1}{27+27+1}$$

$$-\frac{37^{2}+27+1}{27+27+1}$$

$$\frac{2^{4}+1}{(2-1)(2+2)} = 2^{2}-2+3+\frac{-52+7}{(2-1)(2+2)} = 2^{2}-2+3+\left(\frac{2/3}{2+1}+\frac{-17/3}{2+2}\right) =$$

$$= \frac{2^{2}+2+3}{2-1} + \frac{2/3}{2+2} - \frac{12/3}{2+2} = \frac{2^{2}-2+3}{2(1-\frac{1}{2})} - \frac{17/6}{1+\frac{2}{2}} = \frac{2^{2}-2+3}{3\frac{1}{2}} + \frac{2}{3\frac{1}{2}} + \frac{2}{6} + \frac$$

$$= \frac{2}{3} \frac{2}{5} \frac{2}{n} + 2^{3} - 2 + 3 - \frac{17}{6} \left(1 - \frac{2}{5} + \frac{2^{2}}{4}\right) - \frac{17}{6} \frac{5}{n - 3} \frac{(-1)^{n}}{2^{n}} \cdot \frac{2^{n}}{n} = \frac{17}{6} \frac{5}{n} \cdot \frac{17}{6} \frac{5}{n} \cdot \frac{17}{6} \frac{5}{n} = \frac{17}{6} \frac{5}{n} = \frac{17}{6} \frac{5}{n} \cdot \frac{17}{6} \frac{5}{n} = \frac{17}{6} \frac{$$

$$= \left(\frac{2}{3} \frac{1}{8} \frac{1}{2^{n}} + \frac{7}{24} \frac{2^{2}}{12} + \frac{5}{12} \frac{1}{2^{2}} + \frac{1}{6} \frac{1}{2^{2}} - \frac{17}{6} \frac{1}{8} \frac{1}{2^{n}} \cdot \frac{1}{2^{n}} + \frac{7}{2^{n}} \frac{1}{2^{n}} \cdot \frac{1}{2^{n}} \right) \text{ on the } i$$

$$\frac{2}{(2^{2}+1)(2+2)}, \frac{1}{2} < |2| < 2$$

$$\frac{2}{(2^{2}+1)(2+2)} = \frac{2}{2^{2}+1} + \frac{-215}{2+2}$$

$$\frac{2}{2^{2}+1} < \frac{2}{2+2} + \frac{2}{2+2} + \frac{2}{2+2}$$

$$\frac{2}{5} \frac{1}{2^{2}+1} = \frac{2}{5} \cdot \frac{2}{2^{2}+1} + \frac{1}{5} \cdot \frac{1}{2^{2}+1} = \frac{2}{5} \cdot \frac{2}{2^{2}/1+\frac{1}{2}} + \frac{1}{5} \cdot \frac{1}{2^{2}/1+\frac{1}{2}} = \frac{2}{5} \cdot \frac{2}{2^{2}/1+\frac{1}{2}} = \frac{2}{5} \cdot \frac{2}{2^{2}/1+\frac{1}{2}$$

$$= \frac{2}{5} \cdot \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{2}{2} \cdot \frac{2}{k=0} \left(-1\right)^{k} \cdot \frac{1}{2\pi k} + \frac{1}{52^{2}} \cdot \frac{2}{5} \left(-1\right)^{k} \cdot \frac{1}{2\pi k} =$$

$$= \frac{2}{5} \cdot \frac{2}{k=0} (-1)^{\frac{1}{2}} \cdot \frac{1}{2^{2k+1}} + \frac{1}{5} \cdot \frac{2}{k=0} (-1)^{\frac{1}{2}} \cdot \frac{1}{2^{2k+2}} = \frac{2}{5} \cdot \frac{5}{5} (-1)^{\frac{1}{2}} \cdot \frac{1}{2^{2k}} + \frac{1}{5} \cdot \frac{1}{4^{2-1}} \cdot \frac{1}{2^{2k}} \cdot \frac{1}{2^{2k}} = \frac{2}{5} \cdot \frac{5}{5} (-1)^{\frac{1}{2}} \cdot \frac{1}{2^{2k}} + \frac{1}{5} \cdot \frac{1}{4^{2-1}} \cdot \frac{1}{2^{2k}} \cdot \frac{1}{2^{2k}} = \frac{2}{5} \cdot \frac{5}{5} (-1)^{\frac{1}{2}} \cdot \frac{1}{2^{2k}} \cdot \frac{1}{2^{2k}} \cdot \frac{1}{2^{2k+1}} + \frac{1}{5} \cdot \frac{1}{4^{2-1}} \cdot$$

$$\frac{-2/5}{\frac{7}{2+2}} = -\frac{2}{5} \cdot \frac{1}{2/1+\frac{2}{2}} = -\frac{1}{5} \cdot \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{2} \times \frac$$

$$\frac{2}{(2^{2}+1)(2+1)} = \frac{1}{5} \cdot \frac{5}{8} \cdot (2 \cdot (-1)^{\frac{n-2}{2}} + (-1)^{\frac{n-2}{2}})^{\frac{n}{2}} + \frac{2}{5} \cdot \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{5} \cdot \frac{5}{8=0} \cdot \frac{(-1)^{\frac{n}{2}} \cdot \frac{2}{4}}{2^{\frac{n}{2}}}$$

$$(20.09)$$
 (1) $\frac{1}{2(2-3)^2}$ $0=1$ $(2-1)(2-1)$

$$f(2) = \frac{1}{(W+1)(W-2)^2} = \frac{1/9}{W+1} + \frac{1/3}{(W-2)^2} + \frac{-1/9}{W-2}$$

$$\frac{1/9}{N+1} = \frac{1}{9} \cdot \frac{1}{N(4+in)} = \frac{1}{9N} \cdot \frac{1}{N=0} = \frac{1}{9} \cdot \frac{1}{N+1} =$$

• Kan epenan
$$\frac{1}{(x-2)^2}$$
?

$$\left(\frac{1}{(x-2)^2}\right)' = -\frac{1}{(x-2)^2} \cdot 1 \implies \frac{1}{(x-2)^2} = -\left(\frac{1}{(x-2)}\right)'$$

$$\frac{1}{x-2} = \frac{1}{2(x-2)} = -\frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{2}{2} \cdot \frac{x^{k}}{2^{k}}$$
149.49

$$\Rightarrow \frac{1/3}{(W-2)^2} = \frac{1}{6} \cdot \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{(n+1)W^n}{2^{n+1}} + \frac{1}{18} \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{(3n+3)(n+3)}{2^{n+3}}$$

$$\frac{-1/9}{N-2} = \frac{1}{9-2(1+\frac{1}{2})} = \frac{1}{18} \cdot \frac{2}{N=0} \cdot \frac{N^{h}}{2h}$$

$$\frac{1}{(x-2)^{0}} = \frac{1}{(x-2)^{2}} \cdot 1 \implies \frac{1}{(x-2)^{2}} = -\frac{1}{(x-2)^{2}} \cdot 1 \implies \frac{1}{(x-2)^{2}} = -\frac{1}{(x-2)^{2}} \cdot 1 \implies \frac{1}{(x-2)^{2}} = -\frac{1}{2} \cdot \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{x^{k}}{2^{k}}$$

$$\Rightarrow -\left(\frac{1}{Y-2}\right)' = \frac{1}{2} \cdot \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{x \cdot x^{k-1}}{2^{k}} = \frac{1}{2} \cdot \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(n+4) \cdot x}{2^{n+1}}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{1}{(x-2)^{2}} = \frac{1}{6} \cdot \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(n+1) \cdot k^{n}}{2^{n+1}} + \frac{1}{18} \cdot \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{w^{n}}{2^{n}}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{1}{(x-2)^{2}} = \frac{1}{6} \cdot \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(n+1) \cdot k^{n}}{2^{n+1}} + \frac{1}{18} \cdot \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{w^{n}}{2^{n}}$$

(Ž)

(2)/1/2²(2²-9); Q=1; D: 1<12+1/2²/

(P)

$$\Rightarrow f(z) = \underline{f}$$

$$(W+1)^2 \cdot (z-3)(z+3) = \underline{f}$$

$$(W+1)^2 \cdot (W-2)(W+4)$$

$$\frac{1}{(w+1)^2(w-2)(w+4)} = \frac{1/54}{w+2} + \frac{-\frac{1}{9}\cdot\frac{1}{6}}{w+4} + \frac{-1/9}{(w+1)^2}$$

$$\frac{1}{(W+1)^{2}} = -\left(\frac{1}{W+1}\right)' = -\left(\frac{1}{W}\right)' = -\left(\frac{1}{$$

$$= \frac{1}{g} - \frac{1}{g} = \frac{1}{g} - \frac{1}{g} - \frac{1}{g} = \frac{1}{g} - \frac{1}{g} = \frac{1}{g} - \frac{1}{g} = \frac{1}{g} - \frac{1}{g} = \frac{$$

•
$$\frac{1/54}{W-2} = -\frac{1}{54} \cdot \frac{1}{2-W} = -\frac{1}{108} \cdot \frac{1}{1-\frac{1}{2}} = -\frac{1}{108} \cdot \frac{2}{h=0} \cdot \frac{w^{h}}{2^{h}} + \frac{2}{108} \cdot \frac{w^{h}}{1-\frac{1}{2}} = -\frac{1}{108} \cdot \frac{2}{h=0} \cdot \frac{w^{h}}{2^{h}} \left(2 \cdot 2^{h} + h\right)$$

$$\frac{-1/54}{w+4} = -\frac{1}{54.4} \cdot \frac{1}{1+\frac{w}{4}} = -\frac{1}{216} \cdot \frac{5(-1)}{4} \cdot \frac{w}{22n}$$

$$= f(W) = \frac{1}{(w+1)^2 \cdot (w-2)(w+1)} = \frac{1}{9} \cdot \frac{1}{(w+1)^2 \cdot (w+1)^2 \cdot (w+1)^2} \cdot \frac{1}{(w+1)^2 \cdot (w+1)^2} \cdot \frac{1}{($$

$$= (f(2) = \frac{1}{9} \cdot \frac{5^{2}}{n = -\infty} \cdot (n+1) \cdot (-1)^{n-2} \cdot (2-1)^{n} - \frac{1}{27} \cdot \frac{5}{n = 0} \cdot \frac{2^{n+1} + (-1)^{n}}{2^{2n+3}} \cdot (2-1)^{n})$$
 (mbem)

Banena: Z-i=W.

$$= -\left[\sum_{N=-\infty}^{\infty} (p+1) \cdot (-1)^{-1} \cdot (-$$

f(2) = f(20) + f'(20) - (2-20) + f"(20) 12-20) 2+ ...

$$\Rightarrow f(2) = \frac{W-2}{W^2}$$

Mu w-ro:
$$f(z) \sim -\frac{2}{W^2} = -\frac{2}{(z+2)^2}$$

$$f'(2) = 1.W^{2} - (W-2).2W = W^{2} - 2W^{2} + 4W = -W^{2} + 4W = -W^{2$$

$$= \sqrt{\left\{\left(\frac{1}{2}\right\} \sim \frac{-2}{\left(\frac{2}{2}+2\right)^2} + \frac{\sqrt{2}}{\left(\frac{2}{2}+2\right)^2}\right\} \circ \text{obst}};$$

(2)
$$\left| \frac{\ell^2 + 1}{\ell^2 - 1} \right| : 20 = 0; \pm 2ni; \pm 4ni - \cdots$$

$$\frac{\ell^{2}+1}{\ell^{2}-1} = 1 + \frac{2}{\ell^{2}-1} = 1 + \frac{2}{\ell^{2}+\cdots} = 1 + \frac{2}{\ell^{2}} \left(1 - \frac{2}{\ell^{2}} + \frac{2^{\ell}}{\ell^{2}} - \cdots\right) = 1 + \frac{2}{\ell^{2}} \left(1 - \frac{2}{\ell^{2}} + \frac{2^{\ell}}{\ell^{2}} - \cdots\right) = 1 + \frac{2}{\ell^{2}} \left(1 - \frac{2}{\ell^{2}} + \frac{2^{\ell}}{\ell^{2}} - \cdots\right) = 1 + \frac{2}{\ell^{2}} \left(1 - \frac{2}{\ell^{2}} + \frac{2^{\ell}}{\ell^{2}} - \cdots\right) = 1 + \frac{2}{\ell^{2}} \left(1 - \frac{2}{\ell^{2}} + \frac{2^{\ell}}{\ell^{2}} - \cdots\right) = 1 + \frac{2}{\ell^{2}} \left(1 - \frac{2}{\ell^{2}} + \frac{2^{\ell}}{\ell^{2}} - \cdots\right) = 1 + \frac{2}{\ell^{2}} \left(1 - \frac{2}{\ell^{2}} + \frac{2^{\ell}}{\ell^{2}} - \cdots\right) = 1 + \frac{2}{\ell^{2}} \left(1 - \frac{2}{\ell^{2}} + \frac{2^{\ell}}{\ell^{2}} - \cdots\right) = 1 + \frac{2}{\ell^{2}} \left(1 - \frac{2}{\ell^{2}} + \frac{2^{\ell}}{\ell^{2}} - \cdots\right) = 1 + \frac{2}{\ell^{2}} \left(1 - \frac{2}{\ell^{2}} + \frac{2^{\ell}}{\ell^{2}} - \cdots\right) = 1 + \frac{2}{\ell^{2}} \left(1 - \frac{2}{\ell^{2}} + \frac{2^{\ell}}{\ell^{2}} - \cdots\right) = 1 + \frac{2}{\ell^{2}} \left(1 - \frac{2}{\ell^{2}} + \frac{2^{\ell}}{\ell^{2}} - \cdots\right) = 1 + \frac{2}{\ell^{2}} \left(1 - \frac{2}{\ell^{2}} + \frac{2^{\ell}}{\ell^{2}} - \cdots\right) = 1 + \frac{2}{\ell^{2}} \left(1 - \frac{2}{\ell^{2}} + \frac{2^{\ell}}{\ell^{2}} - \cdots\right) = 1 + \frac{2}{\ell^{2}} \left(1 - \frac{2}{\ell^{2}} + \frac{2^{\ell}}{\ell^{2}} - \cdots\right) = 1 + \frac{2}{\ell^{2}} \left(1 - \frac{2}{\ell^{2}} + \frac{2^{\ell}}{\ell^{2}} - \cdots\right) = 1 + \frac{2}{\ell^{2}} \left(1 - \frac{2}{\ell^{2}} + \frac{2^{\ell}}{\ell^{2}} - \cdots\right) = 1 + \frac{2}{\ell^{2}} \left(1 - \frac{2}{\ell^{2}} + \frac{2^{\ell}}{\ell^{2}} - \cdots\right) = 1 + \frac{2}{\ell^{2}} \left(1 - \frac{2}{\ell^{2}} + \frac{2^{\ell}}{\ell^{2}} - \cdots\right) = 1 + \frac{2}{\ell^{2}} \left(1 - \frac{2}{\ell^{2}} + \frac{2^{\ell}}{\ell^{2}} - \cdots\right) = 1 + \frac{2}{\ell^{2}} \left(1 - \frac{2}{\ell^{2}} + \frac{2^{\ell}}{\ell^{2}} - \cdots\right) = 1 + \frac{2}{\ell^{2}} \left(1 - \frac{2}{\ell^{2}} + \frac{2^{\ell}}{\ell^{2}} - \cdots\right) = 1 + \frac{2}{\ell^{2}} \left(1 - \frac{2}{\ell^{2}} + \frac{2^{\ell}}{\ell^{2}} - \cdots\right) = 1 + \frac{2}{\ell^{2}} \left(1 - \frac{2}{\ell^{2}} + \frac{2^{\ell}}{\ell^{2}} - \cdots\right) = 1 + \frac{2}{\ell^{2}} \left(1 - \frac{2}{\ell^{2}} + \frac{2^{\ell}}{\ell^{2}} - \cdots\right) = 1 + \frac{2}{\ell^{2}} \left(1 - \frac{2}{\ell^{2}} + \frac{2^{\ell}}{\ell^{2}} - \cdots\right) = 1 + \frac{2}{\ell^{2}} \left(1 - \frac{2}{\ell^{2}} + \frac{2^{\ell}}{\ell^{2}} - \cdots\right) = 1 + \frac{2}{\ell^{2}} \left(1 - \frac{2}{\ell^{2}} + \frac{2^{\ell}}{\ell^{2}} - \cdots\right) = 1 + \frac{2}{\ell^{2}} \left(1 - \frac{2}{\ell^{2}} + \frac{2^{\ell}}{\ell^{2}} - \cdots\right) = 1 + \frac{2}{\ell^{2}} \left(1 - \frac{2}{\ell^{2}} + \frac{2^{\ell}}{\ell^{2}} - \cdots\right) = 1 + \frac{2}{\ell^{2}} \left(1 - \frac{2}{\ell^{2}} + \frac{2^{\ell}}{\ell^{2}} - \cdots\right) = 1 + \frac{2}{\ell^{2}} \left(1 - \frac{2}{\ell^{2}} + \frac{2^{\ell}}{\ell^{2}} - \cdots\right) = 1 + \frac{2}{\ell^{2}} \left(1 - \frac{2}{\ell^{2}} + \frac{2^{\ell}}{\ell^{2}} - \cdots\right) = 1$$

$$=14\frac{2}{2}+1-\frac{2}{2}...=\frac{2}{2}-\frac{2}{2}...$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{\ell^{\frac{3}{2}+1}}{\ell^{\frac{3}{2}-1}} \sim \frac{2}{\ell^{\frac{3}{2}}} n \mu \ell \frac{2}{\ell^{\frac{3}{2}}} \rightarrow 0.$$

Mu Z= 27Ki:

$$W = 2 + 20 \implies 2 = W + 2 \pi K i$$

$$\Rightarrow e^{2} + 1 = 1 + \frac{2}{e^{2} - 1} = 1 + \frac{2}{e^{2} - 1}$$

=>
$$e^{z+1} \sim \frac{2}{V} = \frac{2}{z-2\pi ki}$$
 nhu $z \rightarrow 2\pi ki$) onchem?

(3.)
$$\left[\frac{Z-1}{9h^22} + i \approx 0\right]$$

$$\frac{Z-1}{9h^{2}z} = \frac{2-1}{(1-\cos 2z)/z} = \frac{2(2-1)}{1-\cos 2z} = \frac{2(2-1)}{\frac{4z^{2}}{z}} - \frac{1}{3} + \dots = \frac{2(2-1)}{2} + \frac{2(2-1)}{2} + \dots = \frac{2(2-1)}{2$$

$$\frac{2-1}{2^2} = \left(\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2^2}\right)$$
 Omben:

(3)



(3)
$$\left[\frac{2^{3} \cos \frac{1}{2-2}}{2-2} \quad \alpha=2; \ 0<12-2|<\infty\right]$$

$$3a$$
 $Meua: $2-2=N$
 $\Rightarrow (N+2)^3 \cdot \cos \frac{1}{N}$$

$$(W+2)^{3} = W^{3} + 2W^{2} + 9W + 8$$

$$\cos \frac{1}{k} = e^{\frac{1}{k}} + e^{-\frac{1}{k}} = \frac{1}{2} \cdot \left[\frac{2}{k!} \frac{i^{k}}{k!} \frac{k!}{k!} \frac{k!}{k!} + \frac{2}{k!} \frac{(-1)^{k} i^{k}}{k!} \frac{1}{k!} \right] = \frac{1}{2} \cdot \left[\frac{2}{k!} \frac{i^{k}}{k!} \frac{k!}{k!} \frac{k!}{k!} \left(1 + (-1)^{k} \right) \right] = \frac{2}{n=0} \cdot \frac{(-1)^{n}}{(2n)!} \frac{2n}{k!}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \cdot \left(\frac{2}{k!} \frac{i^{k}}{k!} \frac{k!}{k!} \frac{k!}{k!} \left(1 + (-1)^{k} \right) \right] = \frac{2}{n=0} \cdot \frac{(-1)^{n}}{(2n)!} \frac{2n}{k!}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \cdot \left(\frac{2}{k!} \frac{i^{k}}{k!} \frac{k!}{k!} \frac{k!}{k!$$

$$2W^{2} \cdot \frac{5}{(2n)!} \frac{(-1)^{n}}{(2n)!} W^{2n} = 2W^{2} / 1 - \frac{1}{2W^{2}} + \frac{5}{(2n)!} \frac{(-1)^{k}}{(2n)!} W^{2k}) =$$

$$= 2W^{2} - 1 + 2 \cdot \frac{5}{(2n)!} \frac{(-1)^{k}}{(2n)!} W^{2k-2} = 2W^{2} - 1 + 2 \cdot \frac{5}{(2n+2)!} \frac{(-1)^{k}}{(2n+2)!} W^{2k}$$

$$0 \ 4W \cdot \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{(2n)!} W^{2n} = 4W \left(-1 + \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k}{(2n)!} W^{2k} \right) = 4W + 4 \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k}{(2n)!} W^{2k-1}$$



12.11.19. TOKA. CEMUNAS 9 ropaua 2. Сп. [2-а]" - прибличение 2 Сп. (2-а)" - прибличение до-чин раз. проблеми всии до-упо голошорума вируге - повируге тек расилар в Тестора. вени р-чил голоморрия в мольце - то в какори - в рез порачел. # T. Asons Marc. Kpy exopunoen cogen vur na chous oup-a Ocosyns Torry. -The neg exop go nephow ocosenwoen. Municip 1 (a)* $\frac{1}{\chi^{2}+1} = \frac{5}{4} (-1)^{n} \cdot \chi^{2n} - C \chi_{0} \rho \cdot \mu_{0} (-1,1)$ A ganouce - Mer, MU ±i - DEDDRE TOYMU Man 1 - 8 holy repassa, ja njegenaru (-1:1). $\frac{1}{\chi^{2}+1} = \frac{2}{1-1} \frac{1-1}{1-1} \frac{1}{\chi^{2}} = \frac{1}{\chi^{2}} \frac{2}{1-1} \frac{1}{1-1} \frac{1}{\chi^{2}} = \frac{1}{\chi^{2}} \frac{2}{1-1} \frac{1-1}{\chi^{2}} \frac{1-1}$ et pag noparea exog $=> \left|\frac{1}{x^2}\right| < 1$, re |x| > 1. o opua u ta une propus na papiax vonsyax: 0=12/21. nheperabris. емея рариони редани порана => наро унановаль домино normy a konsyo Munepa: 1 - gryus a=0- TO YWA paynovenus 12/2/22. 3 Ronoya => 3 paga napaua Хопим в средием кольуе разлочить. $\frac{1}{(2+1)(2-2)} = \frac{-1/3}{2+1} + \frac{1/3}{2-2}$

 $\frac{1}{(2+1)[2-2]} = \frac{1}{2+1} + \frac{1}{2-2}$ $\frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{2+1} = \frac{1}{2+1} + \frac{1}{2-2}$ $\frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{2+1} \times \frac{1}{2+1} = \frac{1}{2+1} = \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{2} \cdot$

$$\frac{11}{2 \cdot 2} = -\frac{1}{12} = \frac{1}{6} \cdot \frac{1}{12} = \frac$$

Municip 5
$$f(z) = \frac{RZ}{Z^2 - Ri}$$

3afora $f \in \mathbb{R}^n \text{Hol}(12/2R)$ $f(x) \in |R| \text{ npu} \quad x \in (-R;R)$ $f(z) = \underbrace{2}_{n=0}^{\infty} c_n \cdot 2^n = 7 c_n \in |R|$ (e)

Ronogo nopospañ canua rave, $4moon -1 \in \mathbb{R}$, oon.exop.

Monigent occore Tours: requien replace y 20.

$$\sqrt{\lambda}i' = \pm \sqrt{2} \cdot \left(\frac{62}{2} + i \cdot \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}\right) = \pm \left(1 + i'\right)$$

$$\Rightarrow 1 < |2 - 1| < \sqrt{5}$$

3aneua: 2-1=W

=>
$$\frac{2}{2^{2}-\lambda i}$$
 = $\frac{2(W+1)}{(W+1)^{2}-\lambda i}$ = $\frac{2W+2}{(W-i)(W+2+i)}$ = $\frac{1}{W-i}$ + $\frac{1}{W+2+i}$

$$\frac{1}{w-i} = \frac{1}{w(1-i)} = \frac{1}{w} \cdot \frac{1}{n-o} \left(\frac{i}{w}\right)^n - once. \frac{1}{w}$$

$$\frac{1}{W+2+i} = \frac{1}{(2+i)\left(1+\frac{W}{i+2}\right)} = \frac{1}{2+i} \cdot \frac{2}{2} \left(-1\right)^{\frac{n}{2}} \left(\frac{W}{i+2}\right)^{\frac{n}{2}} - omoe. W$$

Muneps e smz - pagnomen na beer nnoencen 06/2/200.

$$e^{\frac{2}{3}} \cdot \frac{5}{n} = e^{\frac{2}{3}} \cdot \frac{e^{\frac{2}{3}} - e^{-\frac{2}{3}}}{2i} = \frac{1}{2i} \cdot \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{2}{1+i} - e^{\frac{2}{3}(1-i)} = \frac{1}{2i} \cdot \frac{1}{n=0} \cdot \frac{1}{n!} \cdot \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{n=0} \cdot \frac{1}{n!} \cdot \frac{1}{n=0} \cdot \frac{1}{n!} \cdot \frac{1}{n} \cdot \frac{1}{n}$$

$$Cn - (1+i)^{n} - (1-i)^{n} = \frac{2^{n/2}}{n!} \cdot e^{\frac{inn}{4}} - e^{-\frac{inn}{4}} = \frac{2^{n/2}}{n!} \cdot sn \frac{nn}{4} \Rightarrow nosp. bey$$

$$1+i = \sqrt{2} \cdot e^{\frac{in}{4}}$$

a = 1

1 < 12-1/62

Dehalu cobur: $\xi + |-W| \ge \xi = W + 1 \Rightarrow f = \frac{\varepsilon^{\frac{1}{W}}}{(W+1)(W+2)}$

$$\frac{1}{W^{2}(W+Ni8)^{4}} = \frac{-i}{16} \cdot \frac{1}{W^{2}} + ...$$

$$\frac{W^{2}(W+Ni8)^{4}}{W^{2}(W+Ni8)^{2}} = \frac{W+i8}{W^{2}} = \frac{W+i8}{W^{2}} + \frac{W+i8}{W^{2}} + \frac{W+i8}{W^{2}} = \frac{W+i8}{W^{2}} + \frac{W+i8}{W^{2}} + \frac{W+i8}{W^{2}} = \frac{W+i8}{W^{2}} + \frac{W+i8}{W^{2}} + \frac{W+i8}{W^{2}} = \frac{W+i8}{W^{2}} + \frac{W+i8}{W^{2}} = \frac{W+i8}{W^{2}} + \frac{W+i8}{W$$

\$20 : N 8,9,16,21 -no 3 nepbox nyulta

