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pareonel-i receive

$$u'' = (u^{\circ}, u^{\circ})$$
 $u'' = (u^{\circ}, u^{\circ})$
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 $v_2' = \frac{\sqrt{1-V_2^2}v_2}{1-\frac{V}{22}v_2}$

 $\int t' = \Gamma(t - \frac{\vec{V} \cdot \vec{r}}{c^2})$

 $\vec{\vartheta} = \frac{d\vec{r}}{dt}$, $\vec{\vartheta}' = \frac{d\vec{r}'}{dt}$

 $+(P-1)[(\vec{h}, \frac{cl\vec{r}}{clt})\vec{h} - \frac{cl\vec{r}}{clt}]) \cdot (P(1-\frac{\vec{V}}{clt}))^{-1}$

 $\vec{v} = \frac{d\vec{r}}{dt} = \frac{d\vec{r}'}{dt} \cdot \frac{dt}{dt} = \frac{d\vec{r}'}{dt} \cdot (\frac{dt'}{dt}) = (\Gamma(\frac{d\vec{r}}{dt} - \vec{V}) + \vec{v} \cdot \frac{d\vec{r}'}{dt}) = (\frac{d\vec{r}'}{dt} - \vec{V}) + \vec{v} \cdot \frac{d\vec{r}'}{dt} = \frac{d\vec{r}'}{dt} \cdot (\frac{d\vec{r}'}{dt} - \vec{V}) + \vec{v} \cdot \frac{d\vec{r}'}{dt} = \frac{d\vec{r}'}{dt} \cdot (\frac{d\vec{r}'}{dt} - \vec{V}) + \vec{v} \cdot \frac{d\vec{r}'}{dt} = \frac{d\vec{r}'}{dt} \cdot (\frac{d\vec{r}'}{dt} - \vec{V}) + \vec{v} \cdot \frac{d\vec{r}'}{dt} = \frac{d\vec{r}'}{dt} \cdot (\frac{d\vec{r}'}{dt} - \vec{V}) + \vec{v} \cdot \frac{d\vec{r}'}{dt} = \frac{d\vec{r}'}{dt} \cdot (\frac{d\vec{r}'}{dt} - \vec{V}) + \vec{v} \cdot \frac{d\vec{r}'}{dt} = \frac{d\vec{r}'}{dt} \cdot (\frac{d\vec{r}'}{dt} - \vec{V}) + \vec{v} \cdot \frac{d\vec{r}'}{dt} = \frac{d\vec{r}'}{dt} \cdot (\frac{d\vec{r}'}{dt} - \vec{V}) + \vec{v} \cdot \frac{d\vec{r}'}{dt} = \frac{d\vec{r}'}{dt} \cdot (\frac{d\vec{r}'}{dt} - \vec{V}) + \vec{v} \cdot \frac{d\vec{r}'}{dt} = \frac{d\vec{r}'}{dt} \cdot (\frac{d\vec{r}'}{dt} - \vec{V}) + \vec{v} \cdot \frac{d\vec{r}'}{dt} = \frac{d\vec{r}'}{dt} \cdot (\frac{d\vec{r}'}{dt} - \vec{V}) + \vec{v} \cdot \frac{d\vec{r}'}{dt} = \frac{d\vec{r}'}{dt} \cdot (\frac{d\vec{r}'}{dt} - \vec{V}) + \vec{v} \cdot \frac{d\vec{r}'}{dt} = \frac{d\vec{r}'}{dt} \cdot (\frac{d\vec{r}'}{dt} - \vec{V}) + \vec{v} \cdot \frac{d\vec{r}'}{dt} = \frac{d\vec{r}'}{dt} \cdot (\frac{d\vec{r}'}{dt} - \vec{V}) + \vec{v} \cdot \frac{d\vec{r}'}{dt} = \frac{d\vec{r}'}{dt} \cdot (\frac{d\vec{r}'}{dt} - \vec{V}) + \vec{v} \cdot \frac{d\vec{r}'}{dt} = \frac{d\vec{r}'}{dt} \cdot (\frac{d\vec{r}'}{dt} - \vec{V}) + \vec{v} \cdot \frac{d\vec{r}'}{dt} = \frac{d\vec{r}'}{dt} \cdot (\frac{d\vec{r}'}{dt} - \vec{V}) + \vec{v} \cdot \frac{d\vec{r}'}{dt} = \frac{d\vec{r}'}{dt} \cdot (\frac{d\vec{r}'}{dt} - \vec{V}) + \vec{v} \cdot \frac{d\vec{r}'}{dt} = \frac{d\vec{r}'}{dt} \cdot (\frac{d\vec{r}'}{dt} - \vec{V}) + \vec{v} \cdot \frac{d\vec{r}'}{dt} - \vec{v} \cdot \frac{d\vec{r}'}{dt} -$

 $P = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-V^2}} ; \vec{R} = \frac{\vec{V}}{|\vec{V}|}$

Répenya é despeu cuyrae:

 $v'_{y} = c \frac{u'^{2}}{u'^{6}} = \frac{c u^{2}}{7(u'^{6} - Vu')} = V_{1} - \frac{V_{1}^{2}}{2} \frac{c u^{2}}{u_{0}} = \frac{V_{1} - V_{1}^{2}}{1 - V_{1}^{2}}$

r'= r(r-Vt)+(r-1)[(n.r)n-r]

$$\begin{array}{l} = \frac{\Gamma(\bar{v} - \bar{v}) + (\Gamma - 1)[(\bar{F}, \bar{v})\bar{h} - \bar{v}]}{\Gamma(1 - \bar{v}, \bar{v})} \\ = \overline{V} + \overline{v}' + (1 - \frac{1}{\Gamma})[(\bar{F}, \bar{v}')\bar{h} - \bar{v}']} \\ + \overline{v}' + (1 - \frac{1}{\Gamma})[(\bar{F}, \bar{v}')\bar{h} - \bar{v}']} \\ + \overline{v}' + (1 - \frac{1}{\Gamma})[(\bar{F}, \bar{v}')\bar{h} - \bar{v}']} \\ + \frac{1}{\Gamma(\bar{v} - \bar{v}')} + (1 - \frac{1}{\Gamma})[(\bar{F}, \bar{v}')\bar{h} - \bar{v}']} \\ + \frac{1}{\Gamma(\bar{v} - \bar{v}')} + (1 - \frac{1}{\Gamma})[(\bar{F}, \bar{v}')\bar{h} - \bar{v}']} \\ + \frac{1}{\Gamma(\bar{v} - \bar{v}')} + (1 - \frac{1}{\Gamma})[(\bar{F}, \bar{v}')\bar{h} - \bar{v}']} \\ + \frac{1}{\Gamma(\bar{v} - \bar{v}')} + (1 - \frac{1}{\Gamma})[(\bar{F}, \bar{v}')\bar{h} - \bar{v}']} \\ + \frac{1}{\Gamma(\bar{v} - \bar{v}')} + (1 - \frac{1}{\Gamma})[(\bar{F}, \bar{v}')\bar{h} - \bar{v}']} \\ + \frac{1}{\Gamma(\bar{v} - \bar{v}')} + (1 - \frac{1}{\Gamma})[(\bar{F}, \bar{v}')\bar{h} - \bar{v}']} \\ + \frac{1}{\Gamma(\bar{v} - \bar{v}')} + (1 - \frac{1}{\Gamma})[(\bar{F}, \bar{v}')\bar{h} - \bar{v}']} \\ + \frac{1}{\Gamma(\bar{v} - \bar{v}')} + (1 - \frac{1}{\Gamma})[(\bar{F}, \bar{v}')\bar{h} - \bar{v}']} \\ + \frac{1}{\Gamma(\bar{v} - \bar{v}')} + (1 - \frac{1}{\Gamma})[(\bar{F}, \bar{v}')\bar{h} - \bar{v}']} \\ + \frac{1}{\Gamma(\bar{v} - \bar{v}')} + (1 - \frac{1}{\Gamma})[(\bar{F}, \bar{v}')\bar{h} - \bar{v}']} \\ + \frac{1}{\Gamma(\bar{v} - \bar{v}')} + (1 - \frac{1}{\Gamma})[(\bar{F}, \bar{v}')\bar{h} - \bar{v}']} \\ + \frac{1}{\Gamma(\bar{v} - \bar{v}')} + (1 - \frac{1}{\Gamma})[(\bar{F}, \bar{v}')\bar{h} - \bar{v}']} \\ + \frac{1}{\Gamma(\bar{v} - \bar{v}')} + (1 - \frac{1}{\Gamma})[(\bar{F}, \bar{v}')\bar{h} - \bar{v}']} \\ + \frac{1}{\Gamma(\bar{v} - \bar{v}')} + (1 - \frac{1}{\Gamma})[(\bar{F}, \bar{v}')\bar{h} - \bar{v}']} \\ + \frac{1}{\Gamma(\bar{v} - \bar{v}')} + (1 - \frac{1}{\Gamma})[(\bar{F}, \bar{v}')\bar{h} - \bar{v}']} \\ + \frac{1}{\Gamma(\bar{v} - \bar{v}')} + (1 - \frac{1}{\Gamma})[(\bar{F}, \bar{v}')\bar{h} - \bar{v}']} \\ + \frac{1}{\Gamma(\bar{v} - \bar{v}')} + (1 - \frac{1}{\Gamma})[(\bar{F}, \bar{v}')\bar{h} - \bar{v}']} \\ + \frac{1}{\Gamma(\bar{v} - \bar{v}')} + (1 - \frac{1}{\Gamma})[(\bar{F}, \bar{v}')\bar{h} - \bar{v}']} \\ + \frac{1}{\Gamma(\bar{v} - \bar{v}')} + (1 - \frac{1}{\Gamma})[(\bar{F}, \bar{v}')\bar{h} - \bar{v}']} \\ + \frac{1}{\Gamma(\bar{v} - \bar{v}')} + (1 - \frac{1}{\Gamma})[(\bar{F}, \bar{v}')\bar{h} - \bar{v}']} \\ + \frac{1}{\Gamma(\bar{v} - \bar{v}')} + (1 - \frac{1}{\Gamma})[(\bar{F}, \bar{v}')\bar{h} - \bar{v}']} \\ + \frac{1}{\Gamma(\bar{v} - \bar{v}')} + (1 - \frac{1}{\Gamma})[(\bar{F}, \bar{v}')\bar{h} - \bar{v}']} \\ + \frac{1}{\Gamma(\bar{v} - \bar{v}')} + (1 - \frac{1}{\Gamma})[(\bar{F}, \bar{v}')\bar{h} - \bar{v}']} \\ + \frac{1}{\Gamma(\bar{v} - \bar{v}')} + (1 - \frac{1}{\Gamma})[(\bar{F}, \bar{v}')\bar{h} - \bar{v}']} \\ + \frac{1}{\Gamma(\bar{v} - \bar{v}')} + (1 - \frac{1}{\Gamma})[(\bar{F}, \bar{v}')]} \\ + \frac{1}{\Gamma(\bar{v} - \bar{v}')} + (1 - \frac{1}{\Gamma})[(\bar{F}, \bar{v}')]}$$

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$$H = \frac{m \cdot x^{2} + m \dot{y}^{2} + m \dot{z}^{2}}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{\dot{y}^{2}}{c^{2}}}} + mc^{2}\sqrt{1 - \frac{\dot{y}^{2}}{c^{2}}} = \frac{mv^{2} + mc^{2} - mv^{2}}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{\dot{y}^{2}}{c^{2}}}}$$

$$= \frac{mc^{2}}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{\dot{y}^{2}}{c^{2}}}}$$

$$p^{2} = p_{x}^{2} + p_{y}^{2} + p_{z}^{2} = \frac{mz^{2}}{1 - \frac{\dot{y}^{2}}{c^{2}}}$$

$$= v^{2} \left(m^{2} + \frac{\dot{p}^{2}}{c^{2}}\right) = p^{2}$$

$$v^{2} = \frac{c^{2}p^{2}}{m^{2}c^{2} + p^{2}}$$

$$H = \frac{mc^{2}}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{\dot{p}^{2}}{c^{2}}}} = \frac{mc^{2}}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{\dot{p}^{2}}{m^{2}c^{2} + p^{2}}}} = \frac{mc^{2}\sqrt{mc^{2} + p^{2}}}{\sqrt{m^{2}c^{2} + p^{2}}}$$

$$p^{2} = \vec{\nabla} \cdot \vec{S} \qquad \frac{\partial S}{\partial t} + C\sqrt{m^{2}c^{2} + (\vec{\nabla}S)^{2}} = 0 - yp - e + p^{2}$$

$$\frac{f}{c^{2}} \left(\frac{gS}{gt}\right)^{2} - \left[\frac{gS}{gt}\right)^{2} + \frac{gS}{gt}\right]^{2} = mc^{2}$$

$$\frac{f}{c^{2}} \left(\frac{gS}{gt}\right)^{2} - \left[\frac{gS}{gt}\right]^{2} + \frac{gS}{gt}\right]^{2} = mc^{2}$$

$$hlphinenum x$$

 $p = \frac{\partial h}{\partial x}$, $\dot{g} = \dot{r}$

 $H = \dot{x} p_x + \dot{y} p_y + \dot{z} p_z - \lambda$; $p_x = \frac{m \times \sqrt{1 - 2v^2}}{\sqrt{1 - 2v^2}}$

 $H = p \cdot \dot{q} - \lambda$

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{95}{9+} \right)^{2} - \left[\left(\frac{95}{9x} \right)^{2} + \left(\frac{95}{9y} \right)^{2} + \left(\frac{95}{9z} \right)^{2} \right] = m^{2}c^{2}$$

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$$unx$$

$$S = T(t) + f_{1}(x) + f_{2}(y) + f_{3}(2)$$

$$\frac{1}{c^{2}} \left(\frac{dT}{dt} \right)^{2} - \left(\frac{df_{1}}{dx} \right)^{2} - \left(\frac{df_{2}}{dz} \right)^{2} = m^{2}c^{2}$$

$$|f(t)| + f_1(x) + f_2(y) + f_3(z)$$

$$|f(t)|^2 + \left(\frac{\partial f_1}{\partial x}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{\partial f_2}{\partial y}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{\partial f_3}{\partial z}\right)^2 = m^2c^2$$

$$|f(t)|^2 + \left(\frac{\partial f_1}{\partial x}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{\partial f_2}{\partial y}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{\partial f_3}{\partial z}\right)^2 = m^2c^2$$

$$|f(t)|^2 + \left(\frac{\partial f_1}{\partial x}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{\partial f_2}{\partial y}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{\partial f_3}{\partial y}\right)^2 +$$

 $\frac{d7}{dt} = -E \qquad \frac{df_1}{dx} = \alpha, \quad \frac{df_2}{dy} = \alpha_2 \qquad \frac{df_3}{dz} = \alpha_3$

$$\frac{df_1}{dx} = \alpha_1 \quad \frac{df_2}{dy} = \alpha_2$$

$$\pm + \alpha_1 x + \alpha_2 y + \alpha_3 \pm$$

$$\frac{dx}{dx} = \alpha_1 \frac{dy}{dy} = \alpha_2$$

$$St + \alpha_1 x + \alpha_2 y + \alpha_3 = \alpha_3$$

$$\frac{df_1}{dx} = \alpha_1 \quad \frac{df_2}{dy} = \alpha_2$$

$$= \pm + \alpha_1 x + \alpha_2 y + \alpha_3 \pm$$

$$\frac{df_1}{dx} = \alpha, \quad \frac{df_2}{dy} = \alpha_2$$

$$\pm + \alpha, x + \alpha_2 y + \alpha_3 \mp$$

$$ucxanon:$$

$$(\alpha, +\alpha_2+\alpha_3) = mc^2$$

$$(1+\alpha_2+\alpha_3^2)=m^2c^2$$

$$\frac{\mathcal{E}^2}{C^2} - (\alpha_1^2 + \alpha_2^2 + \alpha_3^2) = m^2 c^2$$

$$(x^2 + \alpha x^2 + \alpha x^2) = m^2 c^2$$

$$\frac{\partial S}{\partial s} = P_x = S \quad \alpha = P_x \quad ...$$

$$\frac{\partial S}{\partial x} = P_x = > \alpha' = P_x.$$

$$\frac{\partial S}{\partial x} = P_x \implies \forall_i = P_x.$$

$$\frac{\partial S}{\partial x} = P_x = > \alpha_1 = P_x$$

$$\mathcal{E} = \frac{MC^2}{V_1 - \frac{M^2}{C^2}} = H \qquad \frac{\partial S}{\partial x} = P_x \implies \alpha_x = P_x \dots$$

$$\Rightarrow \mathcal{E} = C \sqrt{\alpha^2 + m^2 c^2}$$

$$\frac{\partial S}{\partial x} = P_x = > \alpha_x = P_x$$

$$\mathcal{E} = C \sqrt{\alpha^2 + m^2 c^2}$$

$$\mathcal{E} = \mathcal{C} \sqrt{\overline{a}^{2} + m^{2} c^{2}}$$

$$\mathcal{E} = \mathcal{C} \sqrt{\overline{a}^{2} + m^{2} c^{2}}$$

$$\mathcal{E} = P_x = > \alpha_1 = P_x.$$

$$\mathcal{E} = C \sqrt{a^2 + m^2 c^2}$$

$$\mathcal{E} = C \sqrt{a^2 + m^2 c^2}$$

$$\beta_{1} = \frac{\partial S}{\partial \alpha_{1}} = x - t \cdot \frac{\partial E}{\partial \alpha_{1}} = x - \frac{t \cdot \partial A}{E}$$

$$\beta_{2} = \frac{\partial S}{\partial \alpha_{1}} = x - t \cdot \frac{\partial E}{\partial \alpha_{2}} = x - \frac{t \cdot \partial A}{E}$$

=>
$$X = \beta_1 + \frac{C^2}{\epsilon} \alpha_1 t$$

ander. $y = \beta_2 + \frac{C^2}{\epsilon} \alpha_2 t$
 $z = \beta_3 + \frac{C^2}{\epsilon} \alpha_2 t$
 $z = \alpha_3 + \frac{C^2}{\epsilon} \alpha_3 t$
 $z = \alpha_4 + \frac{C^2}{\epsilon} \alpha_4 t$
 $z = \alpha_5 + \frac{C^2}{\epsilon} \alpha_5 t$
 $z =$

P= 75

 $\Phi = \Phi(t, \vec{r})$ $\vec{A} = \vec{A}(t, \vec{r})$ $\vec{E} = -\frac{1}{2} \vec{H} - \vec{\nabla} \vec{\Phi} - \kappa \alpha n p en e - 00$ 3 re $\kappa \sigma \rho \nu r n c n \phi$ B=rot A - nanpene-72 enarment. noue, Mocroennoe ognop-e marmut none ognaraem, zov $\vec{E} = 0$, $\vec{B} = \vec{B}\vec{e_2}$

 $\left(\begin{array}{c}
\overline{B} = B\overline{e}_{\pm} = \begin{vmatrix} \overline{e}_{x} & \overline{e}_{y} & \overline{e}_{z} \\
\overline{\partial}_{x} & \overline{\partial}_{y} & \overline{\partial}_{z} \end{vmatrix} = \overline{e}_{x} \left(\overline{\partial} - \frac{\partial}{\partial z} \times B \right) + \overline{e}_{y} \left(\frac{\partial}{\partial x} \overline{\partial} - \frac{\partial}{\partial z} \overline{\partial} \right) + \overline{e}_{z} \left(\frac{\partial}{\partial y} \overline{\partial} + \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \times B \right) = B\overline{e}_{z}$ P= OL = mr + eA $H = \vec{r} \cdot \vec{p} - \lambda = \frac{\vec{m}(\vec{r})^{2}}{\sqrt{1 - \vec{r}^{2}}} + \frac{e}{c} \vec{A} \vec{r} + mc^{2} \sqrt{1 - \frac{c^{2}}{c^{2}}} + e\Phi - \frac{e}{c} \vec{A} \cdot \vec{r} \geq 0$ $= \frac{mc^2}{\sqrt{1-\frac{e}{c^2}}} + e\Phi \qquad (\overrightarrow{p} - \frac{e}{c}\overrightarrow{A})^2 = \frac{m^2v^2}{1-\frac{v^2}{c^2}}, v^2 = \frac{c^2(\overrightarrow{p} - \frac{e}{c}\overrightarrow{A})^2}{m^2c^2(\overrightarrow{p} - \frac{e}{c}\overrightarrow{A})^2}$ HZCVmc2+(p-ep)2+et

$$y = y_0 \pm R \sin(\omega t + \varphi)$$

$$\beta_1 = \frac{2S}{2\sigma_3} = 2 \pm \int \frac{-\sigma_3}{\sqrt{p_1^2 - (\frac{eB}{C}x - \sigma_0)^2}} = 2 \mp \sigma_0 \int \frac{dx}{\sqrt{p_1^2 - (\frac{eB}{C}x - \sigma_0)^2}}$$

$$= 2 \mp \sigma_3 \int \frac{dx}{\frac{eB}{C}\sqrt{R^2(x - x_0)^2}} = 2 \mp \frac{c\sigma_3}{eB} \arccos \frac{x - x_0}{R} = \frac{c\sigma_0}{R}$$

$$= c\sigma_0 \cos \frac{x - x_0}{R} = \omega t + \varphi$$

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$$= c\sigma_0 \cos \frac{x - x_0}{R} = \omega t + \varphi$$

$$= c\sigma_0 \cos \frac{x - x_0}{R}$$

 $\frac{1}{e^{2}} \left(\frac{2S}{9t} - eEt \right)^{2} - \left(\frac{2S}{9x} \right)^{2} - \left(\frac{2S}{9x} \right)^{2} - m^{2}e^{2} = 0.$ $S = -Et + \alpha_{1} \times + \alpha_{2} y + f(t)$ $\frac{1}{e^{2}} \left(E + eEt \right)^{2} - \alpha_{1}^{2} - \alpha_{2}^{2} - \left(\frac{dt}{e^{2}} \right)^{2} - m^{2}e^{2} = 0.$ $f'(t) = t \sqrt{\frac{1}{e^{2}}} \left(E + eEt \right)^{2} - \alpha_{1}^{2} - m^{2}e^{2} = 0.$ $S = -Et + \alpha_{1} \times + \alpha_{2} y + \sqrt{\frac{1}{e^{2}}} \left(E + eEt \right)^{2} - \alpha_{1}^{2} - m^{2}e^{2} dt$ $S = -Et + \alpha_{1} \times + \alpha_{2} y + \sqrt{\frac{1}{e^{2}}} \left(E + eEt \right)^{2} - \alpha_{1}^{2} - m^{2}e^{2} dt$ $S = -Et + \alpha_{1} \times + \alpha_{2} y + \sqrt{\frac{1}{e^{2}}} \left(E + eEt \right)^{2} - \alpha_{1}^{2} - m^{2}e^{2} dt$ $S = -Et + \alpha_{1} \times + \alpha_{2} y + \sqrt{\frac{1}{e^{2}}} \left(E + eEt \right)^{2} - \alpha_{1}^{2} - m^{2}e^{2} dt$ $S = -Et + \alpha_{1} \times + \alpha_{2} y + \sqrt{\frac{1}{e^{2}}} \left(E + eEt \right)^{2} - \alpha_{1}^{2} - m^{2}e^{2} dt$ $S = -Et + \alpha_{1} \times + \alpha_{2} y + \sqrt{\frac{1}{e^{2}}} \left(E + eEt \right)^{2} - \alpha_{1}^{2} - m^{2}e^{2} dt$ $S = -Et + \alpha_{1} \times + \alpha_{2} y + \sqrt{\frac{1}{e^{2}}} \left(E + eEt \right)^{2} - \alpha_{1}^{2} - m^{2}e^{2} dt$ $S = -Et + \alpha_{1} \times + \alpha_{2} y + \sqrt{\frac{1}{e^{2}}} \left(E + eEt \right)^{2} - \alpha_{1}^{2} - m^{2}e^{2} dt$ $S = -Et + \alpha_{1} \times + \alpha_{2} \times + \alpha_{2} \times + \alpha_{3} \times + \alpha_{4} \times + \alpha_{4} \times + \alpha_{4} \times + \alpha_{5} \times +$

Important 5)
$$\frac{2S}{2t} + c \sqrt{mc^{2}} + (\overline{c}S - \frac{e}{c}\overline{A})^{2} + e P = 0 \quad \text{were};$$

$$\frac{1}{c^{2}} \left(\frac{2S}{2t} - e P\right)^{2} - (\overline{c}S - \frac{e}{c}\overline{A})^{2} + e P = 0 \quad \text{were};$$

$$\frac{1}{c^{2}} \left(\frac{2S}{2t}\right)^{2} - (\frac{2S}{2t}\right)^{2} - (\overline{c}S - \frac{e}{c}\overline{A})^{2} = m^{2}c^{2} \quad (*) - y_{P} - e^{-c}S$$

$$B \quad \text{Namelian} \quad \text{cutyrax} \quad y_{P} - e^{-c}S = 0$$

$$\frac{1}{c^{2}} \left(\frac{2S}{2t}\right)^{2} - \left(\frac{2S}{2x}\right)^{2} - \left(\frac{2S}{2x}\right)^{2} + f(X)$$

$$\frac{1}{c^{2}} \left(\frac{e}{c}\right)^{2} - \left(\frac{df}{2x}\right)^{2} - \left(\frac{d}{c}S - \frac{e}{c}S\right)^{2} - \alpha_{3}^{2} - m^{2}c^{2} = 0$$

$$\frac{1}{c^{2}} \left(\frac{e}{c}\right)^{2} - \left(\frac{df}{dx}\right)^{2} - \left(\frac{e}{c}S - \frac{e}{c}S\right)^{2} - \alpha_{3}^{2} - m^{2}c^{2} = 0$$

$$\frac{1}{c^{2}} \left(\frac{e}{c}\right)^{2} - \alpha_{3}^{2} - m^{2}c^{2} = P^{2} - honepernal \quad \text{finen-7a} \quad \text{cut may noca}$$

$$S' = -Et + \alpha_{3}y + \alpha_{3}z + \int dx \sqrt{p_{2}^{2} - \left(\frac{e}{c}S - \alpha_{3}\right)^{2}} = -t + \int dx \left(\frac{2e}{c^{2}}\right) = -$$

$$f_{3} = \frac{9S}{2E} = -t + \int \frac{1}{e^{-t}} (E + e^{-t}) dt = -t + \frac{1}{e^{-t}} \int \frac{E + e^{-t}}{E(2)} dt = -t + \frac$$

 $2 \approx \frac{1}{cF} \left(\mathcal{E}_1 \left(1 + \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{ceE(t+\beta_2)}{\mathcal{E}_1} \right)^2 \right) - \mathcal{E}_2$ = E1-E+1 creE(+13)2

$$2 \approx \frac{1}{eE} \left(\mathcal{E}_{1} \left(1 + \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{eE(t+\beta_{2})}{\varepsilon_{L}} \right)^{2} \right) - \mathcal{E}_{2} \right)$$

$$= \frac{\mathcal{E}_{1} - \mathcal{E}}{eE} + \frac{1}{2} \frac{e^{2}eE(t+\beta_{2})^{2}}{\varepsilon_{L}}$$

$$\mathcal{E}_{1} \approx mc^{2} \Rightarrow 2 \approx \frac{\mathcal{E}_{1} - \mathcal{E}}{eE} + \frac{eE(t+\beta_{1})^{2}}{m} = \mathcal{E}_{0} + \mathcal{V}_{0} + \frac{1}{2} \alpha t^{2},$$

$$ye \quad \mathcal{V}_{0} = 9\beta_{3}, \quad \mathcal{E}_{0} = \frac{\mathcal{E}_{1} - \mathcal{E}}{eE} + \frac{1}{2} \alpha \beta_{3}, \quad \alpha = \frac{e^{2}eE}{\varepsilon_{L}}$$

Memoson Pansacorona-luose nacion-zavon strene-e plusare. zapene raconya E xynonosom none. E = eir (3anon Kynena)

$$\overline{E} = \frac{e_1}{r^3} \overrightarrow{r} - (3a non kynena)$$

$$- \overrightarrow{\nabla} \varphi \qquad \Rightarrow \qquad \varphi = \frac{e_1}{r} , \overrightarrow{R} = 0.$$

$$\frac{\dot{r}^{2} + r^{2}\dot{\varphi}^{2}}{\dot{r}^{2} + r^{2}\dot{\varphi}^{2}} = \frac{\dot{r}^{2} + r^{2}\dot{\varphi}^{2}}{(\dot{r}^{2} + r^{2}\dot{\varphi}^{2})} - \frac{eq}{eq} = -mc^{2}\sqrt{4}$$

$$L = -mc^{2}\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^{2}}(\dot{r}^{2}+r^{2}\dot{\phi}^{2})} - \frac{e}{r} = -mc^{2}\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^{2}}(\dot{r}^{2}+r^{2}\dot{\phi}^{2})} - \frac{\alpha}{r}$$

$$L = -mc^{2}V1 - \frac{1}{c^{2}}(\dot{r}^{2} + r^{2}\dot{p}^{2}) - \frac{ee}{r} = -m$$

$$H = \dot{r}p_{r} + \dot{p}p_{p} - \lambda$$

$$H = \dot{r} p_{r} + \dot{\varphi} p_{\varphi} - \lambda$$

$$P_{r} = \frac{2\lambda}{3\dot{r}} = \frac{m\dot{r}}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c_{1}}(\dot{r}^{2}_{r}\dot{r}^{2}\dot{\varphi}^{2})}}; P_{\varphi} = \frac{2\lambda}{2\dot{k}} = \frac{mr^{2\dot{\varphi}}}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c_{1}}(\dot{r}^{2}_{r}\dot{r}^{2}\dot{\varphi}^{2})}} = \lambda = 0 \quad \text{(i.i. no. jabos)}$$

$$2 \quad \text{(i.i. no. jabos)}$$

$$2 \quad \text{(i.i. no. jabos)}$$

$$\frac{1}{e^{\frac{1}{2}(\hat{h}^{2}+r^{2}\hat{\phi}^{2})}}$$

H= mc2 + = me2 Vmc2+p2+p2+ + x

$$m^{2}\left(\dot{r}^{2}+r^{2}\dot{r}^{2}\right)$$

$$m^{2} (\dot{r}^{2} + r^{2}\dot{\rho}^{2})$$

$$\frac{p_{r}^{2} + \frac{p_{\psi}^{2}}{r^{2}}}{1 - \frac{(r^{2} + r^{2}\psi^{2})}{1 - \frac{(r^{2} + r^{2}\psi^{2})}{r^{2}}} = \frac{m^{2}v^{2}}{1 - \frac{v^{2}}{c^{2}}}; \quad (p_{r}^{2} + \frac{p_{\psi}^{2}}{r^{2}}) \left(1 - \frac{v^{2}}{c^{2}}\right) = m^{2}v^{2}}$$

4-e 1-9: 25 + CVm2c2+/25)2+ 1 (25)24 = 0.

S=-86+64+f(r)

unu: $\frac{1}{c^2} \left(\frac{95}{97} + \frac{\alpha}{r} \right)^2 \left(\frac{95}{9r} \right)^2 - \frac{1}{r^2} \left(\frac{95}{9r} \right)^2 = m^2 c^2$

 $\frac{z^{2}}{m^{2}e^{2} + p^{2} + p^{2}} = \frac{e^{2} \left(p^{2} + \frac{p^{2}}{r^{2}} \right)}{4 - \frac{z^{2}}{e^{2}}} = \frac{1 - \frac{p^{2} + p^{2}}{r^{2}}}{m^{2}e^{2} + p^{2} + p^{2}} = \frac{m^{2}e^{2}}{m^{2}e^{2} + p^{2} + p^{2}} = \frac{m^{2}e^{2}}{m^{2}e^{2} + p^{2} + p^{2}}$

 $29^{2}\left(m^{2}+\frac{1}{2}\left(p^{2}+\frac{p^{2}}{r^{2}}\right)\right)=p_{x}^{2}+\frac{p^{2}}{r^{2}}$

$$\frac{\partial S}{\partial \ell} = \varphi_{0} \qquad \frac{\partial S}{\partial \ell} = \varphi \pm \int \frac{dr}{r^{2}} \left(-\frac{\ell}{r^{2}} \right)^{2} \frac{\ell^{2}}{r^{2}} - m^{2} \ell^{2}} \frac{1}{r^{2}} \frac{dr}{\ell^{2}} \left(-\frac{\ell}{r^{2}} \right)^{2} \frac{\ell^{2}}{r^{2}} - m^{2} \ell^{2}} \frac{1}{r^{2}} \frac{1}{r^{2}} \frac{dr}{\ell^{2}} \frac{1}{r^{2}} \frac{1}{r^{2}} \frac{\ell^{2}}{r^{2}} \frac{1}{r^{2}} \frac{\ell^{2}}{r^{2}} \frac{1}{r^{2}} \frac{\ell^{2}}{r^{2}} \frac{1}{r^{2}} \frac{1}{r^{2}} \frac{\ell^{2}}{r^{2}} \frac{1}{r^{2}} \frac{1$$

 $\frac{1}{C^2} \left(-\xi + \frac{\alpha}{r} \right)^2 - \left(f'(r) \right)^2 - \frac{\ell^2}{r^2} = m_c^2$

S=-Et+ly + Salt V1 (-E+x)2 2 2 - m22

R.
$$l = \frac{i\alpha l}{c} = l_1$$
 $\varphi - \psi_0 = \frac{i}{2} \int \frac{du}{\sqrt{a - b u + x^2 u^2}}$

analor, horyselm $r = \frac{signo.R}{1 - B ch x} \varphi$

B = $\sqrt{a - l \cdot \frac{1}{2}}$
 $2 + 0 \Rightarrow r = \frac{1}{1 - B ch x} \varphi$
 $|x = \sqrt{a - l \cdot \frac{1}{2}}|^2$
 $|x = \sqrt{a - l \cdot \frac{1}{2}}|^2}$
 $|x = \sqrt{a - l \cdot \frac{1}{2}}|^2$

B roopfun januen: (Xa) M gra = - PMA (Xa) x (Xa) HA = - (Xe) HA - UI-HA Xa ROCCCEMIL-NA Concesability Range a -> (xB) Xxx = - Xxx. => (Xxx) = - (Xxx) = - (Xxx) Museu (Xap) po & lege (Xap) po = C, Gap gro + C, Sap gro => (xxp) = e2 (pxpfp) - fxvfpm)= e2(8x gpv - 9 mon) (And soon pacen veneral Haugen Cz. $x' = \frac{x + v_{\pm}}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{v_{\pm}}{c_{\pm}}}}$ y' = y y' = zV= thy Successor $7crfa \begin{cases} x' = x^{\circ}ch \psi + x sh \psi \\ x' = x^{\circ}sh \psi + x^{\prime}ch \psi \end{cases}$ $\begin{cases} x'^{\circ} = x^{\circ}sh \psi + x^{\prime}ch \psi \\ x'^{\circ} = x^{\circ}sh \psi + x^{\prime}ch \psi \end{cases}$ $\begin{cases} x'^{\circ} \\ x'^{\circ} \\ x'^{\circ} \\ x'^{\circ} \end{cases} = \begin{cases} ch \psi + sh \psi + ch \psi$

(No)
$$\frac{1}{V}$$
 - $\frac{1}{V}$ -

$$\begin{array}{llll}
 & = \frac{7}{2} \chi_{\kappa} = -\frac{7}{2} \chi_{\kappa} \\
 & = \frac{7}{2} \chi_{\kappa} \\
 & = -\frac{7}{2} \chi_{$$

$$(700)$$
. $z \vec{p} = -\frac{3p}{24} \vec{\nabla} p - \frac{3p}{24} \vec{\nabla} p^*$

$$\vec{Z} = \int d^3x \vec{r} \times \vec{p}$$

To meop. Here naive

To meop. Kernep kairy japel kound.

ckan now, chique i c ienb-to narpaunen.

ana orn. kariebp-x repeobp-i. $\chi^{2}(\partial_{\mu}\varphi^{*})[\partial_{\mu}\varphi^{*}] - m^{2}\varphi^{*}\varphi.$ Kamep-e $p-\varphi$: $\chi'=\chi$ $\psi'=e^{i\alpha}\varphi$, $\varphi''=e^{i\alpha}\varphi$ $\chi'=(\partial_{\mu}e^{-i\alpha}\varphi^{*})(\partial_{\mu}e^{i\alpha}\varphi)-m^{2}e^{i\alpha}\varphi^{*}=\chi$ (r.e eero unbay-or percobure) => $J''_{i}=T''_{\lambda}\frac{g\chi^{\lambda}}{swi}-\partial_{\mu}\chi^{\alpha}\frac{gu^{\alpha}}{swi}$

(re eco unbap-00 percobers) => $J'' = T'' \frac{8x^{2}}{8x^{2}} - \frac{\partial x}{\partial x} \frac{8u^{2}}{8w^{2}} - \frac{1}{2v^{2}} \frac{8x^{2}}{8w^{2}} - \frac{\partial x}{\partial y} \frac{8u^{2}}{8w^{2}} - \frac{1}{2v^{2}} \frac{8x^{2}}{8w^{2}} = 0$ $\Rightarrow J'' = -\frac{\partial x}{\partial (y^{2})} \frac{8u^{2}}{8w^{2}} \frac{8u^{2}}{8w^{2}} \frac{3u^{2}}{8w^{2}} \frac{3u$

M= Id x J = L Id x (P Dt Dt. P) - Japel.

m resp. Kê mep da = 0.

(I) Bancean cuer. yp-4 Paul-ra. fine
bery. ckan. none u nox-vo eë sububacenoroch yp-n Narpanxea.

B meopen
$$\chi = \chi(u^2, Q_u u^2, \chi)$$
; $\frac{\partial u}{\partial t} = iu^2$
 $(u^2, \nabla u^2)$; $\frac{\partial u}{\partial t} = iu^2$
 $(u^2, \nabla u^2)$; $\frac{\partial u}{\partial t} = iu^2$
 $(u^2, \nabla u^2)$; $\frac{\partial u}{\partial t} = iu^2$
 $(u^2, \nabla u^2)$; $\frac{\partial u}{\partial t} = iu^2$
 $(u^2, \nabla u^2, \nabla u^2, t, F)$
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P + P 2 P + m P = O

114+m28=0

Raspannee

 $(B+m^2) \varphi = 0$. \Rightarrow ceceptura Paruente = 0 . $\Rightarrow p - 10$

nseotpaj-s Sopenese gue no. 7 cons. none. FMO = 2 AV - DO AM = - FOM ; E = (FKO) - wanp - 00 manp B'= (-1Exen Fen) - nang-so mark. apris Fen=-Eenm Bin BAB', EAE! $A^{\prime\prime} = (\mathcal{P}, \overline{A}) ; A^{\prime\prime} = \Lambda^{\prime\prime} A^{\prime\prime}$ F'MD=NMNN F aB Paceur, rose up-e ropenisa lo Dujeur buje F'RO = 1 x 10 F or = 1 k 10 F not 1 k 10 F on 1 k 10 F nom (XB = ON, no, ON=-ON, AB=MM). E'= (1 m1 0 - 1 0 1 n) E, -1 1 n E me Be nayplu abn. buy 13 F'= P(r-Vt) + (F-1) [6.F/5-F] t'= r(t-Vir) $X' = \Lambda_{n}^{\circ} X^{\circ} + \Lambda_{n}^{\circ} X^{n} = PX^{\circ} - PV n^{n} X^{n}$ x'k = r(x-Vnxx)-(r-1)[x-2nxn.n=-1xx+1x) -> 10=1) 10=- [Vnh 12- [Vnh 128 + (1-1)n] Ekz ((18 m+ r(1-1) nm) + rvn + rvn = rvn = [8 + (1-1) nh + (d) · hmenne Be = TV"ELMEB, o elèptra cum tenje e anoichme,

 $E_{k}^{\prime} = \left(\Gamma - 1 \right) n^{m} n^{m} \right) + \Gamma V n^{k} \cdot \Gamma \cdot V n^{m} \right) E_{m} - \left(S_{n}^{k} + \left(\Gamma - 1 \right) n^{m} h^{k} \right) \left(\delta h \right)$ $\cdot n^{m} \mathcal{E}_{nme} B_{e} = \frac{1}{3}$ $\cdot e^{\frac{1}{6} p \pi k a} \quad euccu. \quad \tau eng. \quad e \quad anaicc....$ $E = T E + \Gamma \left(\Gamma - 1 \right) \left(\overrightarrow{h} \cdot \overrightarrow{E} \right) \overrightarrow{h} - \Gamma^{2} V^{2} \left(\overrightarrow{h} \cdot \overrightarrow{E} \right) \overrightarrow{h} + \Gamma V \overrightarrow{n} \times \overrightarrow{B} \cdot \left(\Gamma - 1 \right) - \Gamma^{2} V^{2} = \Gamma^{2} \left(1 - V^{2} \right) - \Gamma^{2} 1 - \Gamma \right)$ $\left(E = \Gamma \overrightarrow{E} - \left(\Gamma - 1 \right) \left(\overrightarrow{h} \cdot \overrightarrow{E} \right) \overrightarrow{h} + \Gamma \overrightarrow{V} \times \overrightarrow{B} \cdot \partial n e \quad \overrightarrow{B} : \left(\overrightarrow{V} - \overrightarrow{V} \right) \right)$ $E = \Gamma \overrightarrow{B} - \left(\Gamma - 1 \right) \left(\overrightarrow{h} \cdot \overrightarrow{E} \right) \overrightarrow{h} - \Gamma \overrightarrow{V} \times \overrightarrow{B} \cdot \partial n e \quad \overrightarrow{B} : \left(\overrightarrow{V} - \overrightarrow{V} \right) \right)$ $E = \Gamma \overrightarrow{B} - \left(\Gamma - 1 \right) \left(\overrightarrow{h} \cdot \overrightarrow{E} \right) \overrightarrow{h} - \Gamma \overrightarrow{V} \times \overrightarrow{B} \cdot \partial n e \quad \overrightarrow{B} : \left(\overrightarrow{V} - \overrightarrow{V} \right) \right)$ $E = \Gamma \overrightarrow{B} - \left(\Gamma - 1 \right) \left(\overrightarrow{h} \cdot \overrightarrow{E} \right) \overrightarrow{h} - \Gamma \overrightarrow{V} \times \overrightarrow{B} \cdot \partial n e \quad \overrightarrow{B} : \left(\overrightarrow{V} - \overrightarrow{V} \right) \right)$ $E = \Gamma \overrightarrow{B} - \left(\Gamma - 1 \right) \left(\overrightarrow{h} \cdot \overrightarrow{E} \right) \overrightarrow{h} - \Gamma \overrightarrow{V} \times \overrightarrow{B} \cdot \partial n e \quad \overrightarrow{B} : \left(\overrightarrow{V} - \overrightarrow{V} \right) \right)$ $E = \Gamma \overrightarrow{B} - \left(\Gamma - 1 \right) \left(\overrightarrow{h} \cdot \overrightarrow{E} \right) \overrightarrow{h} - \Gamma \overrightarrow{V} \times \overrightarrow{B} \cdot \partial n e \quad \overrightarrow{B} : \left(\overrightarrow{V} - \overrightarrow{V} \right) \right)$ $E = \Gamma \overrightarrow{B} - \left(\Gamma - 1 \right) \left(\overrightarrow{h} \cdot \overrightarrow{E} \right) \overrightarrow{h} - \Gamma \overrightarrow{V} \times \overrightarrow{B} \cdot \partial n e \quad \overrightarrow{B} : \left(\overrightarrow{V} - \overrightarrow{V} \right) \right)$

Kain aventpourn nont nengtun

$$\begin{cases}
S = e \cdot \delta(\vec{r}) & S = 0 \\
\delta \vec{E} = 0
\end{cases}$$

$$\vec{E} = g \cdot \delta \vec{n} \cdot \vec{r} \quad \vec{r} = |\vec{r}|$$

$$\vec{E}(\vec{r}) = \vec{E}(r) \cdot \frac{\vec{r}}{r} \quad r = |\vec{r}|$$

$$\bar{E}$$
 g. En 76 compareen en $\bar{E}(\bar{r})=E(r)\cdot \frac{\bar{r}}{r}$, $r=|\bar{r}|$ unserpour ype $\bar{\nabla}\cdot \bar{E}=S$

unserpen
$$yp-e = \overline{Q}.\overline{E}=S^2$$

$$\oint \overline{E}.\overline{n} dZ = \int Sd\overline{s}_{x} Q$$

$$V$$

$$4\pi \cdot r^{2}E(r) = \int e S^{(2)}(r) = e$$

accs - ne

$$E(r) = E(r) \cdot \frac{r}{r}, r = 0$$

$$\text{unserped } yp = 0 \quad \overline{Q} \cdot \overline{E}$$

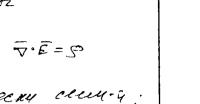
$$\oint \overline{E} \cdot \overline{n} dZ = \int Sd\overline{s}_{r} Q$$

$$= E(r) \cdot \frac{r}{r}, r = \frac{1}{\sqrt{r}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{$$

yp i paxel:

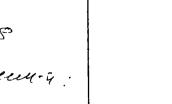
 $\begin{cases}
\nabla \cdot \vec{E} = S \\
\nabla \cdot \vec{C} = \vec{c} J
\end{cases} \cdot \vec{c} \frac{\partial \vec{F}}{\partial \vec{c}}$ $\nabla \cdot \vec{B} = 0$ $\nabla \times \vec{F} = -\vec{c} \cdot \vec{J} \cdot \vec{c} \frac{\partial \vec{F}}{\partial \vec{c}}$

 $=>E(r) = \frac{e}{4\pi r^2} \Rightarrow \overline{E}(r) = \frac{er}{4\pi r^3}$



$$\nabla \cdot \vec{E} = S$$
 $e_{RY} cecuy \cdot \vec{q}$:

 $r = |\vec{r}|$



Кайти зискоронеать поле пепор-всененого равномерно зарешенного jr= (s,j) $\nabla \times \vec{E} = -\frac{2\vec{B}}{2t}$ Paceu. $S = S(\overline{r})$ $\begin{cases} \frac{\partial P}{\partial t} = 0 \\ \frac{\partial F}{\partial t} = 0 \end{cases}$ $\frac{\partial \widetilde{F}}{\partial t} = 0 \quad \widehat{B} = 0$ V. E=p Rych s=s(r), r=IF NOTE = E(N) F WIT-4 J.E=8 no capepe: \$ E. nds = Spod x = Q To - normanis 47 r2 = 9(r) p= { \$ 0 , r≤ R 0 , r> R 50 = Q 47 R3 1) 47 r 2 E(r) = Q (x)3 , r = R 2) 4752 E(r)= Q E(r) = Q , r > R $E(r) = \begin{cases} \frac{Q}{40R^2} r, r \ge R \\ \frac{Q}{40R^2} r, r > R \end{cases}$, r.e. E(r) (5) plaime exameterol none seexon specesson S=0, $\frac{\partial \bar{b}}{\partial t}=0$ \Rightarrow $\int \frac{\partial \bar{b}}{\partial t}=0$ $\bar{b}=0$ $= \begin{cases} \nabla \cdot \vec{B} = \vec{J} \\ \nabla \cdot \vec{B} = \vec{J} \end{cases}$

y σουμεί σεοριμ: = = σ(r-Vt)+(0-1)[h.r)h-r] (下·下')= み(下·下-ひも)

$$\begin{split}
E &= \frac{e}{4\pi r'^{3}} \left[3^{2}(\vec{r} - \vec{v}t) + 3(\vec{\sigma} - \vec{\eta} \left[(\vec{h} \cdot \vec{r} \right) \vec{h} - \vec{r} \right] - (\vec{\sigma} - \vec{\eta}) \vec{\sigma} \left[\vec{h} \cdot \vec{r} - \vec{v}t \right] \vec{n} \right] = \\
&= \frac{e}{4\pi r'^{3}} \left[3^{2}(\vec{r} - \vec{v}t) - 3(\vec{\sigma} - \vec{\eta}) \vec{r} + 3(\vec{\sigma} - \vec{\eta}) \vec{v}t \vec{h} \right] \frac{2e}{4\pi r'^{3}} \left[3r - 3\vec{v}t \right] \vec{v} \\
&= 3 \frac{e}{4\pi r'^{3}} \left[\vec{r} - \vec{v}t \right] \\
&= r'^{2} \left[\vec{r} - \vec{v}t \right] \\
&= r'^{2} \left[\vec{r} - \vec{v}t \right] \\
&= r'^{2} \left[\vec{r} - (\vec{h} \cdot \vec{r}) \vec{h} \right] \vec{r} \vec{r} \cdot (\vec{h} \cdot \vec{r}) - \vec{v}t \vec{r} \cdot \vec{r} + r''_{11} - 2r''_{11} + 3^{2}(r'_{11} - \vec{v}\cdot \vec{r}) \\
&= r'^{2} \left[(\vec{r} - (\vec{h} \cdot \vec{r}) \vec{h}) \vec{r} + 3^{2}((\vec{h} \cdot \vec{r}) - \vec{v}t) \vec{r} + r''_{11} - 2r''_{11} + 3^{2}(r'_{11} - \vec{v}\cdot \vec{r}) \right] \\
&= r'^{2} \left[\vec{r} - (\vec{h} \cdot \vec{r}) \vec{h} + 3^{2}((\vec{h} \cdot \vec{r}) - \vec{v}t) \vec{r} + r''_{11} - 2r''_{11} + 3^{2}(r'_{11} - \vec{v}\cdot \vec{r}) \right] \\
&= r'^{2} \left[\vec{r} - (\vec{h} \cdot \vec{r}) \vec{h} + 3^{2}(r'_{11} - \vec{v}\cdot \vec{r}) \vec{r} + 3r''_{11} + r''_{11} - 2r''_{11} + 3r''_{11} + r''_{11} + 3r''_{11} + 3r''_{11$$

97) насти зикором поке равном рвине-се дарине гасочено, интегрируя ур-е Макев.

 $\begin{cases} Q_{\mu} F^{\mu 0} = J^{0} \\ Q_{\mu} F^{\mu 0} = 0 \end{cases} \qquad \begin{cases} J^{\mu} = (9, J^{0}) \\ Q_{\mu} F^{\mu 0} = 0 \end{cases} \qquad \begin{cases} J^{\mu} = (9, J^{0}) \\ Q_{\mu} F^{\mu 0} = 0 \end{cases}$ S 3(t, r) = e8(r-5t) y-il ellenet. (*) chopieral x $A^{M} = (\mathcal{P}, \overline{A}) , \quad \overline{A} = \overline{\nabla} \times \overline{A}$ $\overline{E} = -\overline{\nabla} \Phi - \frac{2\overline{A}}{2\pi}$ => 07 = 9 7 7 0 -cong

A=v. P(rak il bordyay znarens, nogrum: DP=9 Bz マx(でア)=-(でxマ)中=でx(-マヤ) >> B=O×E E=- VO - 5.20 nongralu: SE=-VP-V. 27 B = TOXE

»> nego nain Ø y yp-e IP=s(t, F) Men-en mesog Pypoe.

P(t, F) = Saw ask e-int til F (w, E) S(t,F)= Saw d'k e-iwtik. Fo(w, E). (-w2+E2) = 5 $P(t,\bar{r}) = \int \frac{d\omega}{2\pi} \frac{d^3k}{(2\pi)^3} e^{-i\omega t + i\bar{k}\bar{r}} \frac{\mathcal{D}(\omega,\bar{k})}{\bar{k}^2 - \omega^2}$ $\mathcal{D}(\omega,\bar{k})^2 \int dt d^3x e^{-i\omega t - i\bar{k}\bar{r}} \frac{\mathcal{D}(\omega,\bar{k})}{g(t,\bar{r})}.$ 920 au , 200 s(t, r)= e8(r-vt) F(w, k)=e Sold'x eiwt-ikr S(r-ot) = e Solt e (w-Ev)t = 20. e 8(w- F 0) $\Rightarrow \varphi(t,r) = e \int \frac{d^3 E}{(vn)^3} \frac{e^{-i\vec{k}\cdot\vec{v}t+(\vec{k}\cdot\vec{r})}}{\vec{k}^2 \cdot (\vec{v}\cdot\vec{k})^2} = e \int \frac{d^3 E}{(vn)^3} \frac{e^{i\vec{k}\cdot(\vec{r}-\vec{v}t)}}{\vec{k}^2 \cdot (\vec{v}\cdot\vec{k})^2}$ F = EL + En E, 2(n. E)n | F-22, k, = k, 1, 9-2, 2 k·(r-3t/2k,·r, dk, r, -9. k, + = k, ·r, + k)(F, -0 3 anene rep-x: $E'_{11}=\partial^{-1}E'_{11}$ \Rightarrow $\exists x \in \mathbb{R}^{1/2}$ $\exists x \in \mathbb{R}^{1/2}$ $\exists x \in \mathbb{R}^{1/2}$ $\exists x \in \mathbb{R}^{1/2}$ P(E,F)= re sake: F:F'=8(1) 9'= e 40r' P(t, r)= 20 , r'= 8(r- 5 t)+ r, Dance hoperature & F=- \(\pi\P - \frac{\partial P}{\partial L}\) u 6 mpg-t jagare g- ny, 200 Noragaso, rod yp-4 March. Seg moornunst mueros pem-e & buge modrux snerspo-evann. Born. On FNO=0 J.-yp-e March. Seg On FNO=0 -усл-е. келибровки

AMX)= Salte e-ikx AM(k) DAM=0 (0) - L27 M/R/=0 1 peu-e AM(k)= CM(k). 8(k2) A"/x/= Sak e-itx c"(k)8(k2) A"/x/- Bery- > A"(x)=A"(x) -> S. C* (K)eikx = S. cr(k)eikx L → -k => C**(k)= C*(-k) (*) A"(X)= Sat dko C"(k)8(ko2-E2) w=(E1 8(k2-w2)=1 [8(k0+w)+8(k0-w]] K. X= (kot- E.F) $A^{r}(x) = \int \frac{d^{3}k}{(2\pi)!(2\omega)} e^{ik} \left[C^{r}(-\omega, \overline{k})e^{i\omega t} + C^{r}(\omega, \overline{k})e^{-i\omega t} \right]$ A"(X)= $\int \frac{d^3k}{2\pi^{\mu}.2\omega} \left[\frac{e^{\mu \omega}}{e^{\mu \omega}} \right] e^{-i\omega t + i \overline{t} \cdot \overline{r}} + e^{\mu \omega} \left[\frac{e^{\mu \omega}}{e^{\mu \omega}} \right] e^{-i\omega t}$ bev-e Brjan-e $\frac{C^{n}(\omega, \vec{k})}{72.\omega} = a^{n}(\vec{k}) e^{-i\varphi(k)}$ hjeger e komm. q-yuy A " (x) = Solt a" (k) cos (wt-E·r+P(k))

wonoxpanear Borns. $\int E = |f_{0k}| = - \nabla \varphi - \frac{\partial A}{\partial +}$ BZVXA 3a crès bordopa xaccespobru fobuspa e 7000 p = 0. $\partial_{\mu} A^{\mu} = 0 = \frac{3 A^{\circ}}{3 t} + \overline{7} \cdot \overline{A} = 0$. AIN=AM+OMf u DAMEO $\Rightarrow \int \Delta f = \nabla \cdot \vec{A} \Rightarrow \nabla f = 0.$ $\Rightarrow \int \frac{\partial f}{\partial t} = -\nabla - \nabla \theta \quad \text{cuts. paperumana}$

B god Rucesposse
$$\int_{E} E = -\frac{9\pi}{9t}$$
 $\overline{A}_{N} = \int \frac{d^{2}t}{(2\sigma)^{2}} \overline{a}(\overline{t}) \cos(\omega t - \overline{t} \cdot \overline{r} + v(\overline{t}))$

*\tilde{E} = \int \frac{\d^{2}t}{(2\sigma)^{2}} \overline{a}(\overline{t}) \cos(\overline{t} - \overline{t} \cos(\overline{t}))

\tilde{\text{\$\sigma}} \frac{\d^{2}t}{(2\sigma)^{2}} \overline{a}(\overline{t}) \cos(\overline{t} - \overline{t} \cos(\overline{t}))

\tilde{\text{\$\sigma}} \frac{\d^{2}t}{(2\sigma)^{2}} \left(\overline{t} \tilde{a}) \sigma(\overline{t} - \overline{t} \cos(\overline{t}))

\tilde{E}(\overline{t}, \overline{r}) = \overline{\text{\$\text{\$\sigma}}} \sigma(\overline{t} - \overline{t} \cos(\overline{t} - \overline{t} \cos(\overline{t}))

\tilde{E}(\overline{t}, \overline{r}) = \overline{\text{\$\text{\$\sigma}}} \sigma(\overline{t} - \overline{t} \cos(\overline{t}))

\tilde{E}(\overline{t}, \overline{t}) = \overline{t} \tilde{\text{\$\text{\$\sigma}}} \sigma(\overline{t} - \overline{t} \cos(\overline{t}))

\tilde{E}(\overline{t}, \overline{t}) = \overline{t} \tilde{\text{\$\text{\$\sigma}}} \tilde{t} = \overline{t} \tilde{\text{\$\t

 $W = \frac{e^{4}}{\zeta_{0M^{2}}} \left(\vec{F}^{2} - \vec{f}_{0}^{2} \right), \quad W = \frac{e^{4}}{\zeta_{0M^{2}}} \vec{\sigma}^{2} \left(\vec{E} + \vec{v} \times \vec{b} \right)^{2} - \left(\vec{v} \cdot \vec{E} \right)^{2}$

Sem VIE, 00 WZ en =2

 $W = \frac{e^{\gamma}}{62m^2} \partial^2 \left[\overline{E}^2 \left(\overline{v} \cdot \overline{E} \right)^2 \right]$

19): snergur. none L=> B=0.

12 8 (F+ 70× B)

MEANNER NOVE (==
$$\overline{E}$$
=0)

 $\overline{W} = \frac{e^2 \sigma^2}{60 m^2} (\overline{v} \times \overline{B})^2$

Rem $v \perp B \Rightarrow W = \frac{e^2 \sigma^2}{60 m^2} v^2 t$