[ЛИН-2] Настии какон. вид оргог опер-ра $\frac{1}{7}\begin{pmatrix} 6 & -2 & 3\\ 2 & -3 & -6\\ 3 & 6 & -2 \end{pmatrix}$ = $\frac{1}{6}$ oprør onep weeem bug: $\frac{1}{7}\begin{vmatrix}6-7\\7\\2\\3\\6\\-2-7\end{vmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix}3\\9\\4\\3\\-6\end{vmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix}3\\4\\9\\4\\2\\4\end{pmatrix}, \qquad 34\\4\\234\\4\\3\end{pmatrix}, \qquad 34\\4\\234\\4\\234\\4$ $= (8140103140) \frac{1}{7} ((6-4)) ((3+4)) (2+4) + 36) +$ $+\frac{2}{7}(-4-14)+18)+\frac{3}{7}(12+9+21)=$ $=\frac{1}{4}\left((6-4\lambda)(49\lambda^2+35\lambda+42)\right) -28\lambda+28+36+27+$ $+63\lambda$) = $\frac{1}{7}(6.49)^{2}+6.35\lambda+6.42-4.49\lambda^{3}$ $-7.35\lambda^{2}-4.42\lambda.+35\lambda+99)=$ $= 42\lambda^2 + 30\lambda + 36 - 49\lambda^3 - 35\lambda^2 - 42\lambda + 5\lambda + 83 =$ $= 43 + \frac{1}{49} \left(-49 \lambda^{3} + 4 \lambda^{2} - 4 \lambda + 49\right) = -\lambda^{3} + \frac{1}{4} \lambda^{2} - \frac{1}{4} \lambda + 1$ 1=1 $4\lambda^3 - \lambda^2 + \lambda - 4 = 0$ $(\lambda - \ell)(4\lambda^2 + 6\lambda + 4) = 0$ D = 36 - 300 = 4.49 = -160 = 70 = 4100 $\lambda_{1,2} = \frac{-6 \pm 4i \sqrt{10}}{14} = \frac{-3 \pm 2i \sqrt{10}}{4} = eos \varphi_1 \pm i \cdot sin \varphi$ $\begin{pmatrix} -\frac{3}{4} & -\frac{2\sqrt{10}}{4} & 0 \\ \frac{2\sqrt{10}}{4} & -\frac{3}{4} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$

NUH-3/ 7? MEH. nperto, nepelog f bg f = 2x12+ 9x2+ 3x32+ SX1X2 # 4x1X3-10x2X3 g = 5 y12 + 6 y2 + 12 y1 y2 Приведён квадр, формы к норм, виду. 1) $f = 2x_1^2 + 8x_1x_2 - 4x_1x_3 + 9x_2^2 + 3x_3^2 - 10x_2x_3 =$ $\left(2x_1^2 + 8x_1x_2 + 4x_2^2 + 2x_3^2 - 4x_1x_3 - 8x_2x_3\right) - 4x_2^2 - 2x_3^2 + 8x_2x_3 =$ = 2 (X1+2X2-X3)2-4X2-2X3+8X2X3 $5x_{2}^{2} - 2x_{2}x_{3} + \frac{1}{5}x_{3}^{2} - \frac{1}{5}x_{3}^{2} = (\overline{v_{5}}x_{2} - \frac{x_{3}}{\overline{v_{5}}})^{2} - \frac{1}{5}x_{3}^{2}$ вин. невыронед. заисеена коорд. (X1 = (X1 + 2X2 - X3) V2 $\sqrt{\hat{\chi}_{2}} = \sqrt{5}\chi_{2} - \frac{f}{f_{5}}\chi_{3} = f = \tilde{\chi}_{1}^{2} + \tilde{\chi}_{2}^{2} + \tilde{\chi}_{3}^{2}$ (X3 = /4/X3 2) $g = 5y_1^2 + 12y_1y_2 + \frac{36}{5}y_2^2 - \frac{6}{5}y_2^2 = (\sqrt{5}y_1 + \frac{6}{\sqrt{5}}y_2)^2 - \frac{6}{5}y_2^2$ Лин. невыр. зашена коорд.: $(\tilde{y}_1 = 15\tilde{y}_1 + \frac{6}{15}\tilde{y}_2) = 9 = \tilde{y}_1^2 - \tilde{y}_2^2$) y2 = 1/5 y2 3) Норм. вид квадрент. Формен еденетв. -> => \ 1 recen. 10 eoop., nepelog. f & g, T.K. Ву норие. вид КФ разносет.

114-4/ 28, 1+x, 19+x) 4 - 1/4 HQ EO, ~)? Tpegn, euem. 1/3, T.e. Fao, a... an (ac+...+an); $a_0 + \frac{u_\ell}{1+x} + \dots + \frac{u_h}{(1+x)^h} = 0$ P-bo boincernero 6 rang Toure => boincernero 6 T. => $\int a_0 + a_1 + ... + a_n = 0$ $\int a_0 + a_1 \frac{1}{a} + ... + a_n \left(\frac{1}{a}\right)^n = 0$ | ao + a+ 1+ + + cm (1+n) = 0 B mampurenous buge: $\begin{pmatrix}
1 & f & \dots & f \\
1 & \frac{f}{2} & \dots & \left(\frac{f}{2}\right)^{n} \\
1 & \frac{f}{1+n} & \dots & \left(\frac{f}{1+n}\right)^{n}
\end{pmatrix}
\begin{pmatrix}
a_{0} \\
a_{1} \\
\vdots \\
a_{n}
\end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix}
0 \\
0 \\
\vdots \\
0
\end{pmatrix}$ y euem. I rempub. perer, earen onpeg. =0, T.E. det $\begin{pmatrix} 1 & \frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{2} \\ 1 & \frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{2} \end{pmatrix}^{n} = 0 = \prod_{i>j} (X_{i} - X_{j})$ T.K. Onpeg. BaugepulougaHo & small cuyear Xi +X; Vi +j => det +0 Противорение. Omb. : 1/4. 11, Enx, En 2x... In (nx) y - 1/4?

[14H-4] 29, +x, ... +y y - 1/4 Ha IO, ~)? Предп., # ao, a, ... an, ao2+...+ an2 + 0: Оперсипор
Вандершенд ao + \frac{\an}{\lambda_{1+x}} + \dots + \frac{\an}{\lambda_{1+x}} = 0 \rightarrow \frac{\frac{\an}{\lambda_{1+x}}}{\lambda_{1+x}} = 0 \rightarrow \frac{\lambda_{1+x}}{\lambda_{1+x}} = 0 \rightarrow \frac{\lambda_{1+x}}{\lambda_{1+x}}} = 0 \rightarrow \frac{\lambda_{1+x}}{\lambda_{1+x}} = 0 \rightarrow \frac{\lambda_{1+x}}{\lambda_{1+x}} = 0 \rightarrow \frac{\lambda_{1+x}}{\lambda_{1+x}} = 0 \rightarrow \frac{\lambda_{1+x}}{\lambda_{1+x}} = 0 \righ <=/> ao(1+x)"/+ a1(1+x)"/+ ... + an/=0 +xelp, ~) 3/ашена: 11 + 1+х aoun+ a+ up-++ ... + ap = 0 +u/E[+, ~) => y /yp-reces pe bouce / n pagesfrencex roppeer =>/ Toncgeombo bomoefreero the Et, -7. Посевко при a0 = 1/1 = an = 6 => (1/H) [NHH-5! 21, cosx, ... cosNxy-1/4 Ha I-T, TI]? Tpegn, I ao ... an: ao2+ ... + an2 +0 ao + a1. cosx + ... + an . cos NX = 0 Decensement examerepres na cos kx, k=0...N (enemana) K=0: a0 = 0 => a0 = 0 K=1: AS DD D=121X90 A1 (COSX, COSX) = 0 <=> A1 =0 $\int \cos^2 x \, dx = -\pi$ k = N! $a_N(eosNX, eosNX) = 0$ T.e. ao + 9, cos x + ... + an cos NX = 0 <=> au = ,, = an = 0 => (a/H)

14H-6 | Onepamop & R IXI convem. Hacimus warp 6 Tayerce 18, x... x 54 Разионения образов базысных векторов по 1+ X3 Пусть А- некосение матрина A.1=1 A. X = X $A \cdot \chi^2 = \chi^2$ $A X^3 = A ((X^3+\ell)-\ell) = -1$ $A X^{4} = A \left(X \left(X^{3} + \ell \right) - X \right) = -X$ $AX^{5} = A\left(X^{2}(X^{3}+\ell)-X^{2}\right) = -X^{2}$ $A. \begin{cases} x \\ x^{2} \\ x^{2} \\ x^{3} \\ x^{4} \\ x^{5} \end{cases} = \begin{cases} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{cases}$ Матрица вперетера — образы базенных векторов, записанные по етонбизаци

[144-9] Harimu pacem. om V= (1, 1, 3, 1) go мин. подпр-ва L= < (1,0,1,-2), (1,1,1,3) > Иизем орт, проежиземо и на во : $V_{np.} = \lambda e_1 + \omega e_2$ $e_1 = (1, 0, 1, -2)$ = $= V_{np.} = (\lambda + \omega, \omega, \lambda + \omega, -2\lambda + 3\omega)$ $e_2 = (1, 1, 1, 3)$ Ортогонамонал сост. У по отн. к С. V-= V- Vap. = (1-1-1, 1-1, 3-1-1, 1+2)-3,4) Условия ортогонаминенности! $(V^{\perp}, e_1) = 1 - \lambda - \mu + 3 - \lambda - \mu - 2 - 4\lambda + 6\mu =$ = 2-6)+4,er=0 $(V_{+}^{+}, e_{\alpha}) = 1 - \lambda - u + 1 - u + 3 - \lambda - u + 3 + 6\lambda - 9 u =$ = 8+4) -12 e1 = 0 $\begin{cases} 2-6\lambda+4\mu=0 \\ 8+4\lambda-12\mu=0 \end{cases} => \begin{cases} 28\lambda-28\mu=0 \\ 2-2\mu=0 \end{cases} => \lambda=\mu=1$ $=>V^{\perp}=(-1,0,1,0)=>|V^{\perp}|=V_{d}$