17.09. 20. Encycype Bynuneras, gg 4 Toracla Americangpa 409

Ayens
$$f_{\mathbf{X}}(x) = e^{-\left|\frac{x}{\theta}\right|}$$
; $x \in (-\infty, +\infty)$; $\theta > 0$

Here $f_{\mathbf{X}}(x) = e^{-\left|\frac{x}{\theta}\right|}$; $x \in (-\infty, +\infty)$; $\theta > 0$

Pennenne: $F_{\gamma}(x) = P(\gamma \leq x) = P(e^{x} \leq x) = P(x \leq \ln x) = F_{x}(\ln x)$

$$\Rightarrow f_{\gamma}(x) = f_{\chi}'(ux) \cdot \underline{f} = \frac{f_{\chi}(ux)}{x}; x > 0.$$

The second series of
$$\frac{1}{x} = \frac{1}{x}(\frac{\ln x}{x})$$
, $\frac{1}{x} = \frac{1}{x}(\frac{\ln x}{x})$, $\frac{1}{x}(\frac{\ln x}{x})$, $\frac{1}{x} = \frac{1}{x}(\frac{\ln x}{x})$, $\frac{1}{x} = \frac{1}{x}$

$$=\frac{\chi^{1/\theta}}{2\chi\theta}\cdot\frac{I(\chi\epsilon(0,1))}{2\chi\theta}+\frac{\chi^{-\frac{1}{\theta}}}{2\chi\theta}\cdot\frac{I(\chi\geqslant 1)}{2\chi\theta}=\frac{1}{2\theta}\left(\chi^{\frac{1}{\theta}-1}\cdot\frac{I(\chi\epsilon(0,1))}{\chi^{\frac{1}{\theta}-1}\cdot\frac{I(\chi\geqslant 1)}{\chi^{\frac{1}{\theta}-1}\cdot\frac{I(\chi\geqslant 1)}{\chi^{\frac{1}{$$

2. byget nu chépica coetabuox nyac. paenp cuola coet. nyac. paenp?

Peruenue: "no rause coer, nyac pacap.

Apobenius, rnio PN(2) = PN(PNK12)

Ecnee Na Pois (21, 10 PN (21) =
$$E_{2}^{N} = \underbrace{E_{2}^{N}}_{k=0} \underbrace{2^{k} \cdot 2^{k} \cdot 2^{k}}_{k!} = e^{-\lambda} \underbrace{2^{k} \cdot 2^{k} \cdot 2^{k}}_{k!} = e^{-\lambda} \underbrace{e^{2\lambda}}_{k!} = e^{-\lambda} \underbrace{e^{2\lambda$$

Nacen. elépney 2-x eocrabuox. nyae. paon best sur superior no un las segendo eléments.

X = Z Xi; Y = Z Yi; se Ni ~ Pois (3x)

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=> Px(2) = PNI (Pxi(2)) = e 2 (Pxi(2)-1)
                        Py(2) = PN2 (Px: (2)) = e 22 (Px:(21-1)
         MO P_{X+Y}(z) = E z^{X+Y} = E (x^2 z^Y) = E z^X . E z^Y = P_X(z) . P_Y(z) = e^{-2x^2 - 2x^2} P_X(z) . P_X(z) - e^{-2x^2 - 2x^2} P_X(z) - e^{-2x^2} P_X(z) - e^{-2x^2 - 2x^2} P_X(z) - e^{-2x^2} P_X(z) - e^{-2x^2 - 2x^2} P_X(z) - e^{-2x^2} P_X(z) - 
                                      = \ell^{\frac{2}{3} \left( \frac{P_{Ki}(2) + \frac{1}{2} P_{Vi}(2) - 1\lambda_1 + \lambda_2}{2} \right)} = \rho^{\left( \frac{2}{3} \frac{P_{Ki}(2) + \lambda_2 P_{Vi}(2)}{\lambda_1 + \lambda_2} \right) - 1 \right) \left( \frac{1}{\lambda_1 + \lambda_2} \right)}
                BOJONEN N3 ~ Pois (2+22); U= 5/3 Ui
                                             a lfi - mores IN3, carps the c nough gruen Pg. 12)= 7, Pxi(2)+22 Pxi(2)
                     Tonga Px+y(2) = Py (2) -> soncercs.
                       Ananourus, eenu clipnea n coer. nyae paens.
                                                                            S = S1+S2+. +Sn, 80 &-ever. nyac. paenp. c ?= = ??
            3) проверить, что NB - эго пуас -погариры раст
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        PS(x) = E Tipicx)
                     Pellesue: NB (m;p): P(N=K) = C K p (1-p) k; K=0,1.2...
                                                                                                           Pois(2): P(N=K) = 9k.e. ; K=0,1,2...
                                                                                                       Nonap. (p): p(N=K) = \frac{(B)^{K}}{(1+p)^{K}} = \frac{1}{(1+p)^{K}}
K = 1, 2...
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     m ( hip-la11-29)
                                               Ментрем произв. д-чин пашрого:
                                            PNB(nip) = EZE = & ZK. CM+K-1 PM QK = pm. & (29) . Cm+K-1 = pm. (1-29) = (1-29)
                                   Prois(2) = EZE = 2 24. 24. (2) = e - 3 (2) 4 = e - 3 (2) = e 2 (2)
                              \begin{array}{l} P_{nonep(z)} = E 2^{E} = \underbrace{\sum_{k=1}^{2} \frac{Z^{k}(B)}{(k + p)^{k}}}_{|k| = 1} = \underbrace{\frac{1}{k + p}}_{|k| = 1} \underbrace{\frac{Z^{k}}{(1 + p)}}_{|k| = 1} = \underbrace{\frac{1}{k + p}}_{|k| = 1} = \underbrace{\frac{1}{k + p}}
                                                   >> CYMMA # Z Xi ~ NB(m; q)
                                                                                                                                          rge Na Pois ( -mang) MA
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The normalist, the grant coeff have packed in $g_n = \frac{g}{n} \cdot \frac{g}{g_n} \cdot g_n$

Petterum:
$$\tilde{N} = \underset{i=1}{\overset{N}{=}} Mi$$
 $g_{n} = P(\tilde{N} = n)$
 $P_{n} = P(N = n)$

Ma quaem, ruo PN (2)= PN (Pm: (2))

Coet. Mac. paenp - mo korga $N \sim Pois(3)$.

Pois(3) $\in K \cap Recey(q, \ell, 0) : p_K = p_{K-1} \cdot \left(\frac{q + \ell}{K}\right); K \geqslant 1$.

Ans Pois(x): a=0 $b=\pi$. The $p_{K}=p_{K-1}\cdot\frac{\lambda}{K}$

YMMORIUM OSE TAETH HA $(P_{N_i}(z))^{k-1}$ $P_{N_i}(z)$ u spoeymoupymen no $k \ge 1$:

$$= \frac{1}{\left(P_{Ni}(z)\right)^{k-1}} \cdot P_{Ni}(z) \cdot P_{Ni}(z) = \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{2} \cdot$$

Paynoumen ou vaene no exercusm 2 u noupabuellu kosp nou 2 "-1:

$$n \cdot g_n = \lambda \cdot \underbrace{z}_{j=0} \quad j \cdot f_j \cdot g_{n-j} = \lambda \cdot \underbrace{z}_{j=1} \quad j \cdot f_j \cdot g_{n-j}$$

$$= \underbrace{\lambda}_{j=0} \quad \underbrace{\lambda}_{j=1} \quad \underbrace{\lambda}_{j=1} \quad f_j \cdot g_{n-j} \quad \text{ang.}$$

Ence replanace paint $N \in Knacey (a, b, s)$, so $g_n = [p_s - (a+b)p_o]f_n + \sum_{j=1}^n (a+\frac{b_j}{h})f_j \cdot g_{m_j}$ Permenue: $p_k = p_{k-1} \cdot (a+\frac{b}{k})$; $k \geqslant 2$.

> Kpk = a(k-1)px-1+(a+6)px-1. ik72

YMNORUUM OSE raere HA (Philz)) * PM: (12) 4 npoeynaue pyere no K > 1.

Man me xbaraer characulax npu K=1: (Anile) = (Pro (Pm (2)) - Pm (2)) K=1 K. PM. (PM: (2)) K-1 PM: (2) - P1. PM: (2) = Q. (2 (K-1) px., (PM: (2) - 0) + 10+8) (2 px. (PM: (2) - po PM: (2)) $\Rightarrow (P_{N}^{*}(2)) - p_{2} \cdot P_{N_{i}}(2) = 0 \cdot P_{N_{i}}(2)^{2} + (a+b) (P_{N_{i}}(2) \cdot P_{N_{i}}(2) - p_{0} P_{N_{i}}(2))$ luyeur Rosp. npu 2 n-1. $n \cdot g_n - p_1 \cdot n \cdot f_n = 0 \cdot \sum_{j=0}^{n} f_j \cdot (n_j) g_{n-j} + (a+6) \left(\sum_{j=0}^{n} j \cdot f_j \cdot g_{nj} - p_0 \cdot f_j \cdot n \cdot f_n \right)$ Moqueum & npaloi raem enancemore $e_j=0$: $n \cdot g_n - p_1 \cdot n \cdot f_n = \Omega f_0 \cdot n \cdot g_n + \alpha \leq \frac{n}{j-1} f_j \cdot |n-j| g_{n-j} + |\alpha+\epsilon| \leq \frac{n}{j-1} f_j \cdot g_{n-j} - |\alpha+\epsilon| p_0 \cdot n \cdot f_n$ =>ngn (1-afo) = nfn(p1-(a+8)po) + $\frac{n}{2}$ (a(n-j)+(a+e)j) fj gnj => gn (1-afo) = fn(p1-(a+b)po) + = (a+bij)fj.gnj