Dans yp-s y'(x)=f(x) noespour paquoes. exercy c noul. nof. aufour na pelleulus

$$\frac{y_{k-y_{k-2}}}{2h} = a_1 f_k + a_0 f_{k-1} + a_{-1} f_{k-2}$$

Perueuce: $\| L_h SyJ_h - f_h \| = \max_{k} \left| \frac{y(x_k) - y(x_k - 2h)}{2h} - a_1 f(x_k) - a_0 f(x_k - h) - a_1 f(x_k - 2h) \right| =$

= $\max_{k} \left| \frac{1}{2h} \left(\frac{y(x_0)}{2h} - \frac{y'(x_0)}{2h} + \frac{g(0)^2}{2} \frac{y''(x_0)}{6} + \frac{g(h)^3}{24} \frac{y'''(x_0)}{24} + \frac{g(h)^3}{24} \frac{y'''(x_0)}{120} + \frac{g(h)^3}{120} \frac{y''(x_0)}{120} + \frac{g(h)^3}{120} \frac{y''($

- ao (f(xu) - h. f'(xu) + h2 f'(xu) - h3 f''(xu) + m f(4)(xu) + O(h) (xu) - f(xu) - Q-1 (f(xe)-2h. p'(xe)+ QA)2 p"(xe) - Qh)3 p"(xe)+ (2h) 4 p(4) (xe)+ Q(4) = 24 recueme

= max / y'(xx) (1-a_1-Ro-a_1) + h. y"(xx) (-1+ao+20-1) +h? y"/Ke) (4 - 20 - 20-1)

 $-\frac{9}{24} + \frac{20}{6} + \frac{8}{6} \cdot 0 - 1 = -\frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{6} \cdot \frac{2}{3} + \frac{8}{6} \cdot \frac{1}{82} = \frac{4 + 2 - 6}{18} = 0.$

npolepielu verp. npur h 4: 124 15 $\frac{16}{120} - \frac{20}{24} - \frac{16}{24} \cdot 0 - 1 = \frac{1}{15} - \frac{1}{24} \cdot \frac{2}{3} - \frac{16}{24} \cdot \frac{1}{63} = \frac{48 - 10 - 40}{24 \cdot 15} = -\frac{2}{24 \cdot 15} \neq 0 \Rightarrow 0 \cdot (h^{4})$

Ombem: a-1 = a1 = 1 nonspou anhous. D/h")

(2) ucenes yenviruloes paquoes exemoz

8. yk+1- yk + (1-0) yk-yk-1 = fk; 8 610,17.

Решение: это уп-е 1 поредка » будем проверыя d-услойчивося. 0. [u2-u) + (1-0) [u-1)=0. 0.112-0.11 + 11-1-0.11+0=0.

$$\Rightarrow y(x_N) - y_N = e^{\ell} - \left(\frac{2+h}{2-h}\right)^{-\ell/h} = \ell - e^{\ell} \frac{1}{h} \ln \left(\frac{2+h}{2-h}\right) = 0$$

$$f(x) = \ln\left(\frac{2+x}{2-x}\right)$$

$$f(x) = f(0) + h \cdot f'(0) + \frac{h^2}{2} \cdot f''(0) + \frac{h^3}{6} \cdot f'''(0) + \dots$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{2-x}{2+x} \cdot \frac{1 \cdot (2-x) - (-s) \cdot (2+x)}{(2-x)^2} = \frac{4}{(2+x)(2-x)} = \frac{4}{4-x^2} = > f'(0) = 1.$$

$$f''(x) = \left(\frac{4}{4-x^2}\right)' = 4 \cdot \left(-\frac{1}{4}\right) \cdot \left(-\frac{2}{4}x\right) = 2x$$

$$J''(x) = \left(\frac{4}{4-x^2}\right)' = 4 \cdot \left(-\frac{1}{4-x^2}\right) \cdot \left(-2x\right) = \frac{8x}{(4-x^2)^2} \Rightarrow f''(0) = 0.$$

$$J'''(x) = 8 \cdot (4-x^2)^2 - 9(4-x^2)^2 \Rightarrow f''(0) = 0.$$

$$f'''(x) = 8 \cdot (4-x^2)^2 - 2(4-x^2)(-2x) \cdot 8x = 8/4-x^2/(4-x^2) + 4x^2/ = > f'''(0) = 8 \cdot 4 = \frac{2}{4^3} = \frac{2}{4} = \frac{1}{4}$$

$$= 2 \ln |2+h| = h + h^3$$

$$= h \left(\frac{2+h}{2-h} \right) = h + \frac{h^3}{6} \cdot \frac{1}{2} + \dots$$

=>
$$\frac{1}{h} \ln \left| \frac{k+h}{2-h} \right| = 1 + \frac{h^2}{12} + \dots$$

Cxofurices = anhone + yerociruloes

· Anhone (Ha remeneus):

= near
$$\left[\frac{1}{4}\left(\frac{y(xu+\frac{h}{2})}{2} + \frac{h}{2} \cdot \frac{y'(xu+\frac{h}{2})}{2} + \frac{1}{2}\frac{h}{2}\right)^{2} \frac{y''(xu+\frac{h}{2})}{2} + \frac{h}{2}\cdot \frac{h}{2}\frac{h}{2} \cdot \frac{h}{2}\right]^{2} \frac{y''(xu+\frac{h}{2})}{2} + \frac{h}{2}\cdot \frac{h}{2}\frac{h}{2}\cdot \frac{h}{2}\frac{h$$

=
$$\max_{K} \left\{ \frac{y'(x_k + \frac{h}{2})}{3} + \frac{1}{3} \cdot \frac{h^2}{9} \cdot \frac{y''(x_k + \frac{h}{2})}{3} + \dots + \frac{1}{3} \cdot \frac{h^2}{9} \cdot \frac{y''(x_k + \frac{h}{2})}{3} + \dots \right\} = O(h^2) \Rightarrow \text{before anhore.}$$

• Here it is both on the second of the point of t

· Vereiruboer: no yp.e 1 nopipua => phobepulcu d-yer.

M-1=0 => M=1 => d-yer.

=> ler exogumoer & nopiopua. 479.

(6.) Nocheur anhouc. un rememu a nohippug no 20=0 u 2+-4.

Khaeboro yen. U'(0)-U(0)=0 gne yp-s u"-2u=sinx-1.

```
(c/p3)
     and japanu f- u"(x)+p.u(x)=f(x) ; p=cont>0.
                                                                       1 U(0)=a
                                                                                                                                nochour na reconery cere was every a nopropus crog.
                                                                        4'/1/=8
                                  Down anhous, you no maker rain , spoper T. Punnunola 1 years wheny)
Peucenue: \int - u_{i+1} - u_{i+1} + u_{i-1} + pu_{i} = f_{i} := f(x_{i}); X_{i} = ih; u_{i} = u_{i} + u_{i-1} + u_{i} + u_
                               Ans u'(1)=8: \frac{uv-uv-1}{h}=u'(1)+Q/h(1-ne nogr, re Q/h)
                                                                                                            U(1-h) = U(1) - h \cdot U'(1) + \frac{h^2}{2} \cdot U''(1) + \dots
PU(1) - f(1)
                                                                                                   => U'(1) = U(1)-U(1-1) + 1/2 · [pu(1)-f(1)]+...
                                                                        => U'(1)=6 - CTARO: \( \left( \frac{\left( N - U N - 1}{h} + \frac{h}{2} \left( \pu N - \frac{f}{N} \right) = \frac{6}{5}. \)
  · Anpone: 1-e xpaeloe yen-nouno
                                                       1-e kpaelse you: 0143)
```

eneparp: $||Lh syz_h - f_h|| = \max_{k} \left| \left(|u''(x_k)| + \frac{h^2}{4} \cdot u'''(x_k) + \dots \right) + p u(x_k) - f(x_k) \right| = O(h^2)$

• Схоримось настрем Яти и покашем что Яти гонето. То решини rouga 11 A 11 - orpanurena -> les yes, no nhabour racre T.K & MAC y = A f => ||y||* = ||A ||x . ||f||*
=const.

Hopina 11-11x = 11-112, A,

The 11 Ulan = VELLE-L - ona cornacobarea e renpeperaphicas. WTORK, MUYELLE COSER YMERCA U COSER PLAYEUMS.

Famerus, ruo ruet pui - Mollino yopar, The love nor marigon 2" symo - so 7 eum = 2 54 mens + p

>> шуши собеле чиста и собеле. до чиш зараги:

$$\frac{1}{h^{2}} \left(\frac{y_{N-1} - 2y_{N-1} + y_{N-1}}{h^{2}} = \frac{1}{2}y_{N} \right) = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{y_{N-1} - y_{N-1}}{h} + \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{y_{N-1} - y_{N-1}}{h} \right) = 0. = \frac{2}{h^{2}} \left| \frac{y_{N-1} - y_{N-1}}{h} \right| = \frac{2}{h^{2}} \left| \frac{y_{N-1} - y_{N-1}}{h}$$

```
Xap.yp.e: 12-2/1-9/2/11+1=0.
                 => ho T. Buera: 11+1/2 = 1-2h2
                                       => 262 = 1 - Mi+ Az
                                            7h = 2-1 Mi+Mz)
                                           ( ) = 2 - (M. + M2)
    1) Eene 4,= 12, 70 yk = (C, +Czk) 4k
                      · 40 =0 => (1=0 => yk = Cak. 4 K
                   · 2/yw-ywa) = nyw
                    => & (CaNyun-Ca(N-1) un-1) = 7. C2. N. UN
                    => 25/1 N.4 - (N-1) = 7. 85. h. N. 4
                    => 2NM-2(N-1) = ANN
                             => N\mu(2-\lambda) = 2(N-1) = 3 \mu = 2(N-1) - \mu = 2(N-1) - \mu = 2(N-1) - \mu = 2(N-1)
    2) Eence 4, + 1/2, 10 yx = C, 11, 4 C/4 12 14
         · 40=0=> G+G=0=> Cx=-C1=> Yk=C1/41 - /2 k)
       · 2 (yn-yn-1) = 24n
         => 2 /1 ( M, "- M2 "- ( M, "- M2 N-) = 7. Cf. ( M, "- M2 ")
           R ( M1 - M2 N - (4, N- M2 N-1)) = (2 - M1+M2) (M1 N-M3N)
       => \frac{2}{h^2} \left( \frac{\mu_1^N - \mu_2^N}{h^2} \right) - \frac{2}{h^2} \left[ \mu_1^N - \mu_2^N \right] = \frac{2}{h^2} \left[ \mu_1^N - \mu_2^N \right] - \frac{1}{h^2} \left[ \mu_1 + \mu_2 \right] \left[ \mu_1^N - \mu_2^N \right]
                => 2 ( M, N-1 - M2 N-1) = ( M, +M2 ) ( M, N-M2 N)
                   2 (N, N-1 / Nz N-1) = M, N+1 - M, M2 N + M2 M, N - M2 N+1
                   2 ( M, N-1 / Nel) = H, N+1 - H2 N-1 + H, N-1 - H2 N+1
                    -> M, N-1 - M2 N-1 = M, N+1 - M2 N+1
                         => $1, N-1/1-42) = - H2 N-1/1-1/2)
```

$$= \frac{\mu_1^{N-1}}{\mu_2^{N-1}} = \frac{1 - \mu_2^2}{1 - \mu_1^2} = \frac{\mu_2(\mu_2 + \mu_2)}{\mu_1(\mu_2 + \mu_1)} = -\frac{\mu_2}{\mu_1}$$

=>
$$U_1^{N} = -U_2^{N}$$

=> $U_1^{2N} = -1 = e^{-\pi i + 2\pi i n}$

$$M_2 = \overline{M_1} = e^{-\pi i (n-0.5)}$$

Myen 7 segp:

JR+1-24x+4x-1= 2Sin Aln-0.5) 2x cof Aln-0.5/h -2Sin Aln-0.5/2x = 2 Sin Aln-0.5) 2x (-2Sih 7/n-0.5/h)=

$$\Rightarrow \lambda^{(n)}_{cp} = \lambda^{(n)}_{syp} + p = \frac{4}{h^2} \sinh^2 \frac{\pi(n-a.s)h}{2} + p.$$

$$\Rightarrow \partial_{min} = \frac{4}{h^2} gih^2 \frac{\pi h}{4} + b \geqslant \frac{4}{h^2} \cdot \left(\frac{2}{\pi} \cdot \frac{\pi h}{4}\right)^2 + b = 1 + b \geqslant court > 0$$

T. Qumunosa: (Buspiece 11.11a, h):

1) 3aparu (1),2) 413,4) - nuneisuo - 99

2) Il pleueur gafaru (1,2) gna spouje shabox mores. - 90, mor yneen perioure naxopus.

3) бари счена апроис исх. зарагу на решении с порершен г:

The enauno, ymo or c, a see 11-1/2, h - T.K con & c- nopule & c. h ?, TO 4 & L2.4 - uphue & e. h 2 _

T.K (&Vi. 2. h) 1/2 C. h 2 (21. h) 1/2 6 C. h 2.

V) Poquoenas exema yenerruba-ya, buopuse 11-121: (a uchura 42.4 4 11.1124 - Aubleb) 11 A Men = cont - spolepuru

=> no T. Punnunola como exog. hopopua DILY & 11-1/2.4. 1 47.

3) leconep. neeropon anhuopunx oyeuou yerouruboch. |- Ui+1-2Ui+Ui-1+piUi=fe UN=UN-1; (N-1)h=1. Pluenue: $-\frac{1}{h^2}\sum_{k=1}^{N-1} (y_{k+1} - y_k - y_k + y_{k-1}) + \sum_{k=1}^{N-1} p_k y_k^2 = \sum_{k=1}^{N-1} f_k y_k$. 10=0 Wy-un-1 h2 (=x) (yk+1-yk) yk + 1 × 1yk-yk-1) yk = -1 × (yk+1-yk)yk + 1 × (yk-yk-1)yk j=i+1 = 1 = (gj-yj-) yj-1 +1 = 1 | yk-yk-1) yk = = 1 2 (- 9-1 (yi-yi-1)+yilyi-yi-s) 4 1 2 (- 24iyis + (yo.s) + (yo)) 1 . 2 /yi- wo-s) 2 $= \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{2}}} \frac{1}{$ 2) Douauces Ceroruni ananor não g'uidx = g'u'dx Ano groso: UK = & (Ui-Ui-S) => \\\\ \(\text{N-1}: \(\text{Uk}^2 = \left| \frac{2}{\text{Ui-Ui-s}} \right)^2 \left| \frac{2}{\text{Ui-Ui-s}} \right|^2 \left| \(\text{Ui-Ui-s} \right)^2 \left| \(\text{V-1} \right)^2 \right| \\ \text{V-1} \right| \(\text{V-1} \right)^2 \right| \\ \text{V-1} \right| \(\text{V-1} \right)^2 \right| \(\text{V-1} \right)^2 \right| \\ \text{V-1} \righ Супашруя пок: We will a lui-ui-s) = 1 & lui-ui-s) = 1 & lui-ui-s) = 1 & pilli = = 1 filli = 1 (= fil + 2 lie) = \\ \frac{1}{5} \line \frac{1 => Bor aspurpuas oyeuna & wefice HUAlly := h. (U4, U4) : 11 U4 1/2 = 1 fully. >> CXCMA yerouruba. 4 rg