16:09.11. benoragrum. 291. (\$19,5) Bleen nort roche, nain janon gluncius cheps, nume rous a passio. a) fr= alt x1  $V_2 = \frac{Q(t)}{2\pi r^2} \frac{v_2}{Q(t)} > 0$  $\frac{dx_1}{dt} = \frac{Q(t)dy}{2\pi (x_1^2 + y_1^2)} \implies \frac{dx_2}{dx_1} = \frac{k_2}{x_1} \implies \frac{dx_2}{k_1} = \frac{dx_1}{k_1} \implies \chi_2 = C \cdot \chi_1$   $\frac{dx_2}{dt} = \frac{Q(t) \chi_2}{2\pi (x_1^2 + y_2^2)}$   $= \frac{dx_2}{dx_1} = \frac{k_2}{x_1} \implies \frac{dx_2}{k_1} = \frac{dx_1}{k_1} \implies \chi_2 = C \cdot \chi_1$   $= \frac{dx_2}{dx_1} = \frac{dx_1}{x_1} \implies \frac{dx_2}{k_1} \implies \chi_2 = C \cdot \chi_1$   $= \frac{dx_2}{dx_1} = \frac{dx_2}{x_1} \implies \frac{dx_2}{k_1} \implies \chi_2 = C \cdot \chi_1$   $= \frac{dx_2}{dx_1} = \frac{dx_2}{x_1} \implies \frac{dx_2}{x_1} \implies$ Ho Mpu t=0: \$2=C. \$1 => C = \frac{\frac{5}{2}}{\frac{5}{2}}. =>  $\frac{dx_1}{dt} = \frac{Q(t)x_1}{2\pi(x_1^2 + x_2^2)} = \frac{Q(t)x_1}{2\pi(x_1^2 + x_2^2)} = \frac{Q(t)}{2\pi(x_1^2 + x_2^2)} = \frac{Q(t)}{2\pi(x_1^2 + x_2^2)} = \frac{Q(t)}{2\pi(x_1^2 + x_2^2)}$ Shick hi- sext- beling C! THE HADES MULLIUM TORO:  $\int \frac{dx_1}{d\lambda} = \frac{QHK_1}{3\pi (x_1^2 + x_2^2)} = \frac{1}{3\pi (x_1$ варашает ди исипосленого =>  $\begin{cases} x_{1}^{2} = \frac{Q/U}{J} = \frac{1}{(1+c^{2})^{3}} \end{cases}$  =>  $\begin{cases} x_{1}^{2} - c_{1} \\ x_{2}^{2} - c_{2} \end{cases}$  =  $\frac{Q/U}{J} = \frac{1}{(1+c^{2})^{3}} \end{cases}$  =>  $\frac{x_{1}^{2} - c_{1}}{(1+c^{2})^{3}} = \frac{1}{c^{2}} \Rightarrow \frac{x_{2}^{2} - c_{1}}{(1+c^{2})^{3}} = \frac{1}{c^{2}} \Rightarrow \frac{x_{2}^{2} - c_{2}}{(1+c^{2})^{3}} = \frac{1}{(1+c^{2})^{3}} \Rightarrow \frac{x_{2}^{2} - c_{2}}{(1+c^{2})^{3}} \Rightarrow \frac{x_{2}^{2} - c_{2}}{(1+c^{2})^{3$ x2= cx2=cx1 2 mo nhouses! Omben: Thoewropium:  $\int_{X_3 = S_2}^{X_2 = S_2} x_2$ Saucu glav:  $\int_{X_3 = S_3}^{X_3 = S_3} x_2$   $\int_{X_3 = S_3}^{X_3 = S_3} (1 + \frac{S_2}{S_3})^2 + \frac{S_1}{S_1}^2$   $\int_{X_3 = S_3}^{X_3 = S_3} (1 + \frac{S_2}{S_3})^2 + \frac{S_2}{S_3}^2$ 

Numer romo: { x2= (x),

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{du}{x} \Rightarrow y_1 = C \cdot y_1 \text{ to Aputo: } z_1 = C \cdot y_1 \Rightarrow c = \frac{1}{2} = \frac{5}{2} \cdot y_2 \\
\Rightarrow \frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{y_1}{x_1} \Rightarrow y_2 = C \cdot y_1 \text{ to Aputo: } z_1 = C \cdot y_1 \Rightarrow c = \frac{1}{2} = \frac{5}{2} \cdot y_2 \\
\Rightarrow x_1 dx = \frac{a(e) k_1}{40 \left( y_1^2 + \frac{1}{2} y_1^2 \right)^2 \left( y_1^2 + \frac{1}{2} y_1^2 \right)^2} \\
\Rightarrow x_1 dx = \frac{a(e) de}{40 \left( y_1^2 + \frac{1}{2} y_1^2 \right)^2 \left( y_1^2 + \frac{1}{2} y_1^2 \right)^2} \\
\Rightarrow x_1^2 = \frac{a(e) de}{40 \left( y_1^2 + \frac{1}{2} y_1^2 + \frac{1}{2} y_1^2 \right)^2} \\
\Rightarrow x_1^2 = \frac{a(e) de}{3} \cdot \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{2$$

npumorel

unyga gebah Czucz? Un nato lapavan refy

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(1.11) Насти пиши при и фантории
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          (Miz)
                                                        @) 1/4=-W/2
                                                                                                                                                                                                    4 = const
                                                                             Y Vz = WXI
                                                                \frac{dk_2}{dt} = \omega \chi_1 = \sum \chi_2^2 = \omega C_1 \cos \omega t + \omega C_2 \sin \omega t.
\int_{0}^{\infty} c_1 x \times \dot{\chi}_2 = -\omega \chi_2
                                                                                                                                                                                       >> 4 = - C18/hwt + C2001wt + C ecyc? som becaye go, no non a margan?
                                                            No how t=0? \begin{cases} x_1=c_1 \\ x_2=c_2 \end{cases} \begin{cases} x_1=s_1c_1wt+s_2s_1wt \\ x_2=s_1s_1wt+s_2coswt \end{cases} - Thancohom - enupanu. \begin{cases} x_3=4t+s_3 \end{cases} or makusuu in gluvesuus yeraus.
                                  Mulliu roka: - bocsiye orlu gorvin eostraos e francistariu, in glavenue yerausluderees

\int \frac{dx_1}{-wx_2} = dx

\int \frac{dx_2}{vox_1} = dx

\int \frac{dx_2}{vox_2} = dx

\int \frac{dx_2}{vox_1} = dx

\int \frac{dx_2}{vox_2} = dx

\int \frac{dx_2}
                                       borpoe: a norwy conce nogenus, re dx - dx
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      The nogenus, so \frac{dx_1}{-\omega x_2} = \frac{dx_2}{\omega x_3}, \frac{2}{\omega x_3} = \frac{2}{\omega x_3} is no general occurs on \frac{2}{x_3} = \frac{2}{2} + \frac{2}{\alpha}.
             \begin{cases} V_1 = -Ax_1 \\ V_2 = Bx_2 \\ V_3 = 0 \end{cases} A = 0 \text{ when } 0
                      Manus: \begin{cases} v_i = -Ax_2 \\ v_i = -Ax_2 \end{cases} \Rightarrow \begin{cases} v_i = -Ax_2 \\ v_i = 0x_2 \end{cases} \Rightarrow \begin{cases} v_i = -Ax_2 \\ v_i = -x_i \end{cases} \Rightarrow \begin{cases} v_i = -x_i \\ v_i = -x
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  - passopry
             Meetin roca: \frac{dx_1}{-Ax_2} = \frac{dx_2}{0x_1} = \frac{dx_3}{0}
                                                                                                                                 = \sqrt{\frac{10x_1^2}{2} - \frac{4x_2^2}{2} + C_4} - 400 \text{ annune}
 B) for = - VSIMUST W, V = CONST
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                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               13= g xx-cz=-tg-th-(x-cz)
numerous: dry = - ctgut - const = mo phensel Ho novery to onos 2 x custantil
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Repros encest.  $\begin{cases}
 \frac{dx_1}{dx} = -Vsin\omega t & \Rightarrow \int x_1 = -Vsin\omega t + c_1 \\
 \frac{dx_2}{dx} = Vcor\omega t & \Rightarrow \int x_2 = Vsin\omega t + c_2$ => X1-C1 = - ctgwt) - rhimae!

X1-C1 = - ctgwt) - rhimae!

HO Y10 JA & KOUCSAND? (19a) | \$1 = 51 | \$2 = 52 | 1+ 12 | 7 = count | \$9 = 53 | 1 - 12 | 7 = count

a) naisre nous exeferen a yenopening

Pennenn: \$\tau\(\frac{1}{5},t\)=\dx\(\frac{1}{5},t\)=\left(0)\frac{52}{2}, \frac{53}{2}, \frac{1}{64}\(\frac{1}{5}\)=\left(0)\frac{52}{2}, \frac{53}{64}\(\frac{1}{5}\)=\left(0)\frac{52}{2}, \frac{52}{64}\(\frac{1}{5}\)=\left(0)\frac{52}{2}, \frac{52}{2}\]  $\overline{a(\xi,t)} = 1000; -\xi, 2\left[\frac{1}{2^2+1^2}\right] - 2t = 1000; 2t 2\xi_2$