

43m left

ALL

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## 1. Break a Palindrome

A palindrome reads the same from left or right, *mom* for example. There is a palindrome which must be modified, if possible. Change exactly one character of the string to another character in the range `ascii[a-z]` so that the string meets the following three conditions:

- The new string is lower alphabetically than the initial string.
- The new string is the lowest value string alphabetically that can be created from the original palindrome after making only one change.
- The new string is not a palindrome.

Return the new string, or, if it not possible to create a string meeting the criteria, return the string *IMPOSSIBLE*.

**Example**  
`palindromeStr = 'aaabbaaa'`

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Python 3

Autocomplete Ready

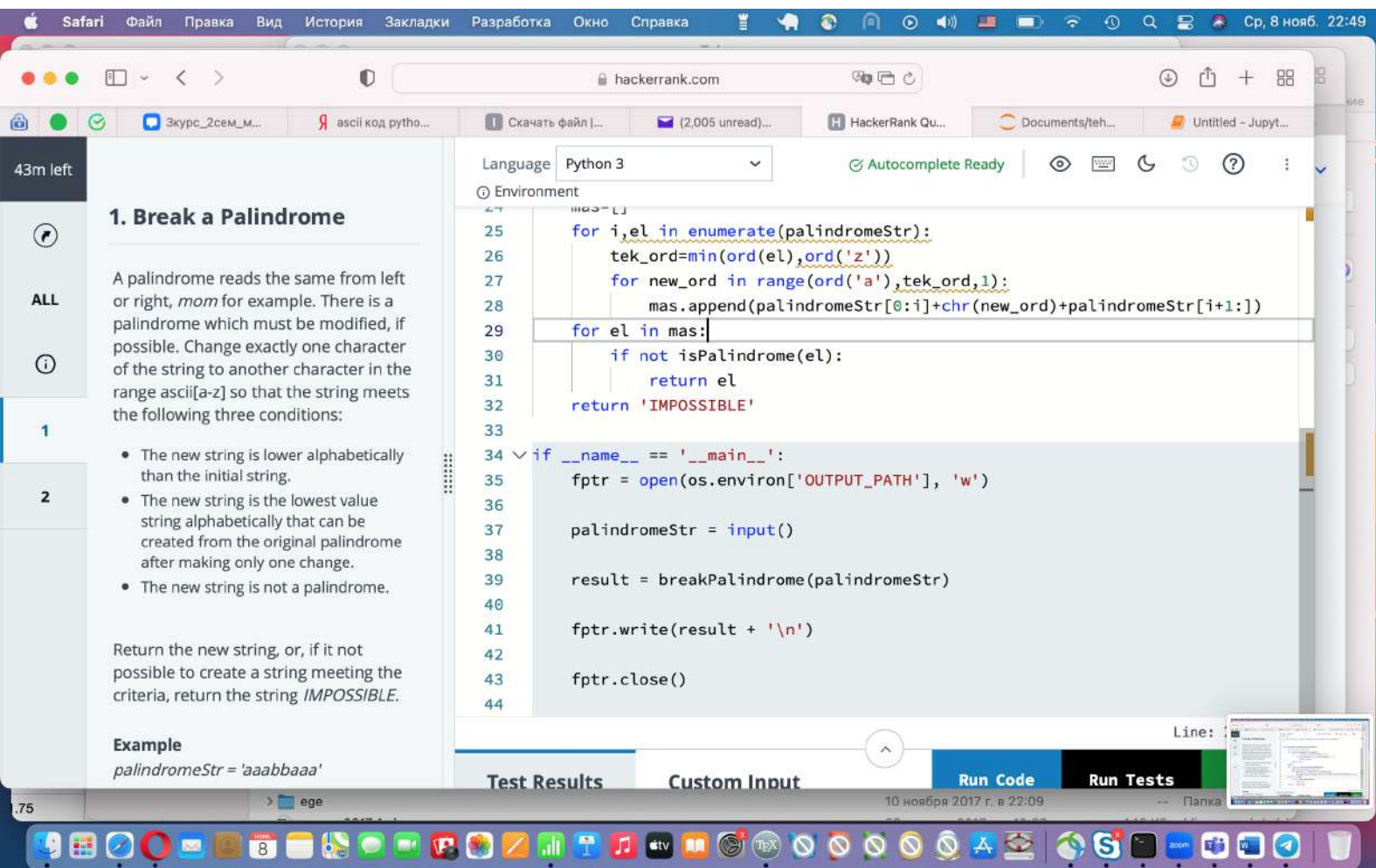
Environment

```
14 # The function accepts STRING palindromeStr as parameter.
15 #
16
17 def breakPalindrome(palindromeStr):
18     # Write your code here
19     def isPalindrome(palindromeStr):
20         for i in range(len(palindromeStr)//2):
21             if palindromeStr[i] != palindromeStr[-1-i]:
22                 return False
23         return True
24     mas=[]
25     for i,el in enumerate(palindromeStr):
26         tek_ord=min(ord(el),ord('z'))
27         for new_ord in range(ord('a'),tek_ord,1):
28             mas.append(palindromeStr[0:i]+chr(new_ord)+palindromeStr[i+1:])
29     for el in mas:
30         if not isPalindrome(el):
31             return el
32     return 'IMPOSSIBLE'
33
```

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10 ноября 2017 г. в 22:09 Папка



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ALL

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## 2. Balanced Or Not?

Consider a string consisting of the characters < and > only. The string is *balanced* if each < always appears *before* (i.e., to the left of) a corresponding > character (they do not need to be adjacent). Moreover, each < and > act as a unique pair of symbols and neither symbol can be considered as part of any other pair of symbols.

To balance a string, any > character can be replaced with <>. Given an expression and a maximum number of replacements, determine whether the string can be balanced.

**Example**  
`expressions = ['<<>>', '<>', '<><>', '>>', '<<>', '><><']`  
`maxReplacements = [0, 1, 2, 2, 2, 2]`

Process a series of *expressions* and

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Environment

```
20 def balancedOrNot(expressions, maxReplacements):
21     # Write your code here
22     def checkOneString(expr, maxReplacementAmt):
23         mystack=[]
24         isCorrect=True
25         leftReplacementAmt=maxReplacementAmt
26         for el in expr:
27             if el=='<':
28                 mystack.append('<')
29             elif el=='>':
30                 if len(mystack)==0:
31                     if leftReplacementAmt==0:
32                         isCorrect=False
33                         break
34                     else:
35                         leftReplacementAmt-=1
36                 else:
37                     mystack.pop()
38             if (isCorrect and len(mystack)==0):
39                 return 1
```

Test Results Custom Input Run Code Run Tests

Line: 13 августа 2016 г. в 08:50

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13 августа 2016 г. в 08:50

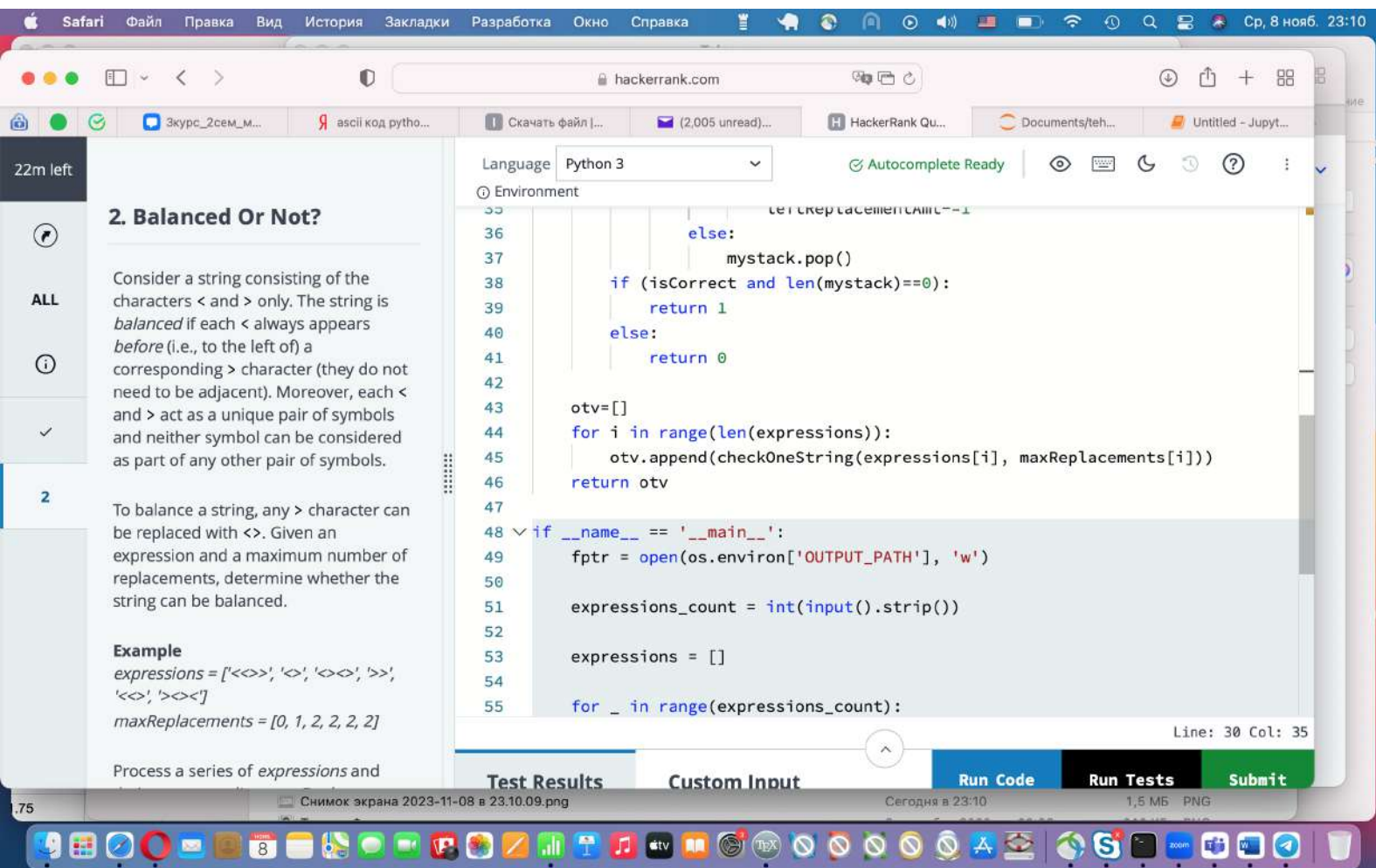
Панка

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13 августа 2016 г. в 08:50

Панка





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ALL

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Process a series of *expressions* and

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Environment

Language Python 3 Autocomplete Ready

```
53 expressions = []
54
55 for _ in range(expressions_count):
56     expressions_item = input()
57     expressions.append(expressions_item)
58
59 maxReplacements_count = int(input().strip())
60
61 maxReplacements = []
62
63 for _ in range(maxReplacements_count):
64     maxReplacements_item = int(input().strip())
65     maxReplacements.append(maxReplacements_item)
66
67 result = balancedOrNot(expressions, maxReplacements)
68
69 fptr.write('\n'.join(map(str, result)))
70 fptr.write('\n')
71
72 fptr.close()
73
```

Test Results Custom Input

Run Code Run Tests

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