Problem formulation

Where will the person go this month?

In order to predict trips of a particular person during the year we break countries around the world into groups with respect to their specifics relatively each month of a year.

Data preparation

Firstly, we read data, and created two new columns: month and year of a purchase. This information was saved in a file V04.

```
In [2]: import sklearn
        import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
        import numpy as np
        import pandas as pd
        import seaborn as sns
        import warnings
        import xgboost as xgb
        warnings.filterwarnings("ignore")
In [ ]: data = pd.read_csv('MSU_DATA_TO_SHARE_V03.tsv', delimiter = '\t')
In []: data.drop(['sample_data'], 1, inplace = True)
In [ ]: import datetime
        temp1 = data['purchase dt']
        temp1 = temp1.apply(lambda s: datetime.datetime.strptime(s, '%Y-%m-
        data['purchase_real_data'] = temp1
        data['purchase_month'] = temp1.apply(lambda s: s.month)
        data['purchase_year'] = temp1.apply(lambda s: s.year)
        data.drop(['purchase_dt'], 1, inplace = True)
        data.to_csv('MSU_DATA_TO_SHARE_V04.csv', index = False)
```

Then we deleted E-COMM payments and payments which were made in Russian Federation — thus we got information about purchases which were made only abroad and only face-to-face. This information went to file V05.

```
In [ ]: tempData = data.copy()

tempData = tempData[~tempData['f2f_ecomm_flg'].isin(['E-COMM'])]
tempData = tempData[~tempData['mrch_country_nm'].isin(['RUSSIAN FED
tempData.to_csv('MSU_DATA_T0_SHARE_V05.csv', index = False)
```

Data exploration

Analyze how many people travel to a particular country in a particular month and also their average bill in them.

Let's look at the most typical examples.

```
In [18]: exampleCountries = ['ITALY', 'THAILAND', 'UNITED ARAB EMIRATES',
                              'GREECE', 'SPAIN', 'TURKEY', 'ANDORRA',
                              'AUSTRIA', 'GERMANY']
          for country in exampleCountries:
              print(country)
              tempCountry = data.loc[(data['mrch_country_nm'] == country)]
              print("Mean check: ", int(tempCountry['rub_amt'].mean()))
print("Max check: ", int(tempCountry['rub_amt'].max()))
              print("Median check: ", int(tempCountry['rub_amt'].median()))
              print("Sum check: ", int(tempCountry['rub_amt'].sum()))
              array = []
              array.append(data.loc[(data['mrch country nm'] == country) & (d
              array.append(data.loc[(data['mrch_country_nm'] == country) & (d
              array.append(data.loc[(data['mrch_country_nm'] == country) & (d
              array.append(data.loc[(data['mrch_country_nm'] == country) & (d
              array.append(data.loc[(data['mrch country nm'] == country) & (d
              array.append(data.loc[(data['mrch_country_nm'] == country) & (d
              array.append(data.loc[(data['mrch_country_nm'] == country) &
              array.append(data.loc[(data['mrch country nm'] == country) & (d
              array.append(data.loc[(data['mrch_country_nm'] == country) & (d
```

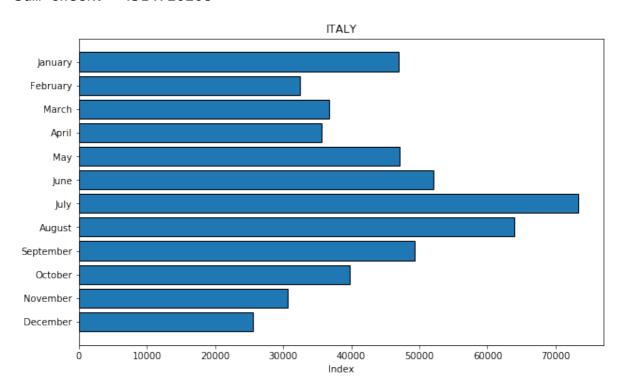
```
plt.figure(figsize = (10, 6))
ax = plt.subplot()

ax.barh(list(reversed(list(months))), list(reversed(list(array)))
ax.set_yticks(list(reversed(list(months))))
ax.set_yticklabels(list(reversed(list(months))))

plt.xlabel('Index');
plt.title(country)
plt.show()
```

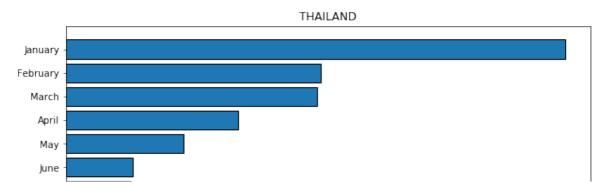
ITALY

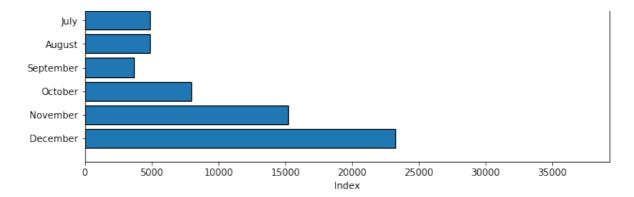
Mean check: 8462 Max check: 12987080 Median check: 2347 Sum check: 4514720208



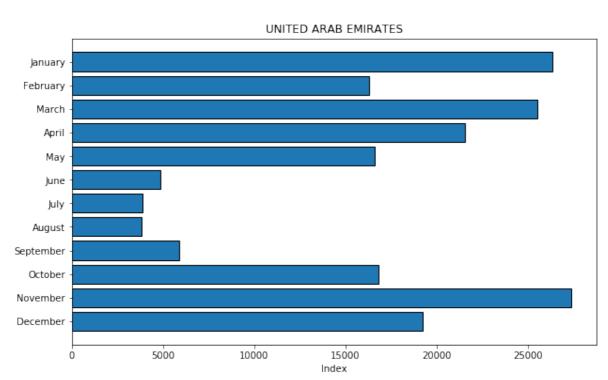
THAILAND

Mean check: 6865 Max check: 1563142 Median check: 2103 Sum check: 1110406528



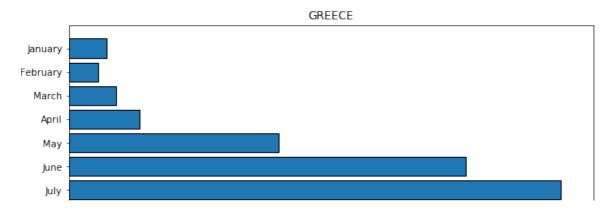


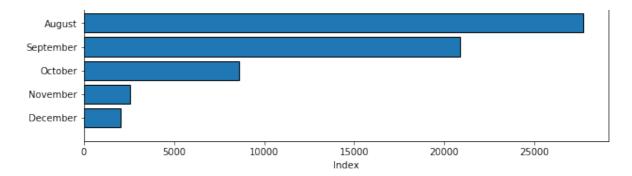
UNITED ARAB EMIRATES Mean check: 10992 Max check: 4148614 Median check: 2102 Sum check: 2067880487



GREECE

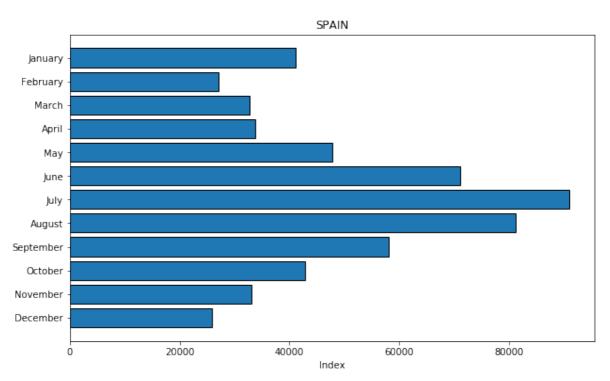
Mean check: 5774
Max check: 4636074
Median check: 1681
Sum check: 767736002





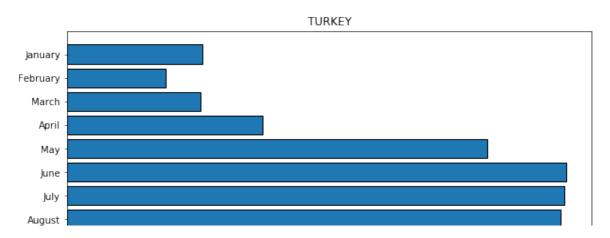
SPAIN

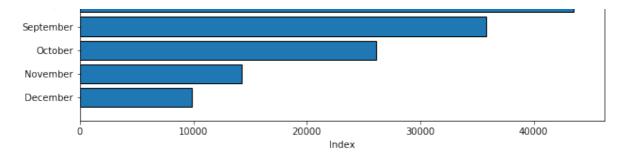
Mean check: 5365 Max check: 9060643 Median check: 1634 Sum check: 3142283140



TURKEY

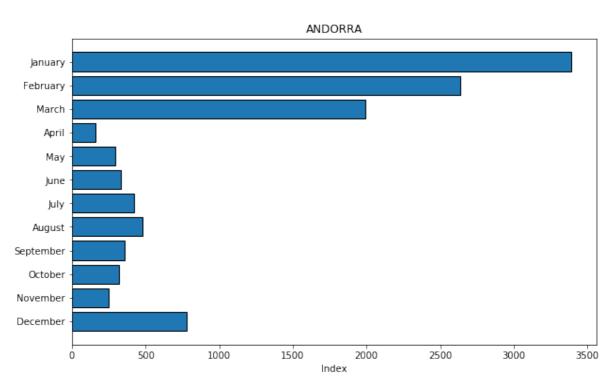
Mean check: 4264 Max check: 3377308 Median check: 1023 Sum check: 1296859439





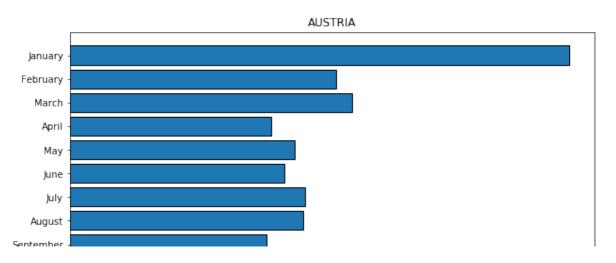
ANDORRA

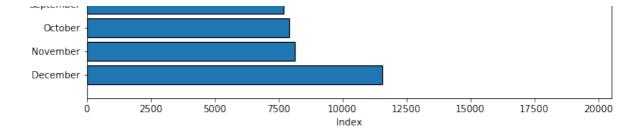
Mean check: 5688 Max check: 545193 Median check: 2321 Sum check: 64895507



AUSTRIA

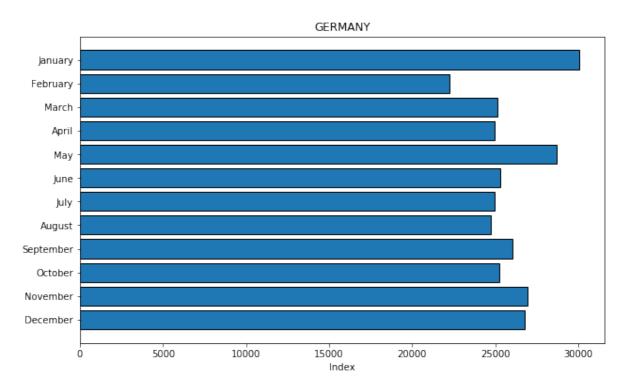
Mean check: 7748
Max check: 2898934
Median check: 2122
Sum check: 926852385





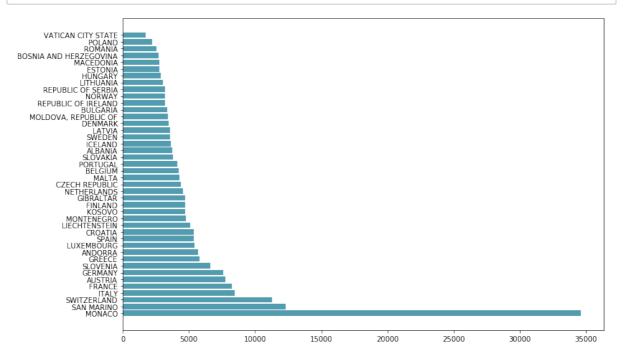
GERMANY

Mean check: 7610 Max check: 2931647 Median check: 2005 Sum check: 2368173203



However, there are several countries which are difficult to characterize with parameters below. That is why we group them according to their geographical position, costs and categories of purchases made in these countries.

```
In [5]:
         EUROPE_ALL = ['AUSTRIA', 'BELGIUM', 'GERMANY', 'REPUBLIC OF IRELAND
                          'MONACO', 'NETHERLANDS', 'FRANCE', 'SWITZERLAND', 'BU 'MOLDOVA, REPUBLIC OF', 'POLAND', 'ROMANIA', 'SLOVAKI 'DENMARK', 'ICELAND', 'NORWAY', 'LATVIA', 'LITHUANIA' 'ESTONIA', 'ALBANIA', 'ANDORRA', 'BOSNIA AND HERZEGOV
                          'ESTONIA', 'ALBANIA', 'ANDORRA', 'BOSNIA AND HERZEGOV'GREECE', 'SPAIN', 'ITALY', 'MALTA', 'PORTUGAL', 'SAN
                          'REPUBLIC OF SERBIA', 'KOSOVO', 'SLOVENIA', 'CROATIA'
         data_eur = data[data['mrch_country_nm'].isin(EUROPE_ALL)]
         data eur = data eur[['mrch country nm', 'rub amt']]
         temp_mean_eur = data_eur.groupby(['mrch_country_nm'], as_index=Fals
         temp_mean_eur.rename(columns={'rub_amt': 'rub_amt_mean'}, inplace=T
         temp_max_eur = data_eur.groupby(['mrch_country_nm'], as_index=False
         temp_max_eur.rename(columns={'rub_amt': 'rub_amt_max'}, inplace=Tru
         temp_eur = pd.merge(temp_mean_eur, temp_max_eur, how = 'left', on='
         temp_median_eur = data_eur.groupby(['mrch_country_nm'], as_index=Fa
         temp_median_eur.rename(columns={'rub_amt': 'rub_amt_median'}, inpla
         temp_eur = pd.merge(temp_eur, temp_median_eur, how = 'left', on='mr
         temp_sum_eur = data_eur.groupby(['mrch_country_nm'], as_index=False
         temp sum eur.rename(columns={'rub amt': 'rub amt sum'}, inplace=Tru
         temp_eur = pd.merge(temp_eur, temp_sum_eur, how = 'left', on='mrch_
         temp_eur = temp_eur.sort_values(by=['rub_amt_mean'], ascending=Fals
         plt.figure(figsize = (12, 8))
         ax = plt.subplot()
         ax.barh(temp_eur['mrch_country_nm'].values, temp_eur['rub_amt mean'
         plt.show()
```



For example, this is distribution into groups in January. We use data about only the first year for creation of predictors.

```
In [6]:
        dataFirst = data.loc[(
            ((data['purchase_year'] == 2016) & (data['purchase_month'] == 1
            ((data['purchase_year'] == 2016) & (data['purchase_month'] == 1
            ((data['purchase_year'] == 2016) & (data['purchase_month'] == 1
            ((data['purchase_year'] == 2017) & (data['purchase_month'] == 1
            ((data['purchase year'] == 2017) & (data['purchase month'] == 2
            ((data['purchase_year'] == 2017) & (data['purchase_month'] == 3
            ((data['purchase_year'] == 2017) & (data['purchase_month'] == 4
            ((data['purchase_year'] == 2017) & (data['purchase_month'] == 5
            ((data['purchase_year'] == 2017) & (data['purchase_month'] == 6
            ((data['purchase_year'] == 2017) & (data['purchase_month'] == 7
            ((data['purchase_year'] == 2017) & (data['purchase_month'] == 8
            ((data['purchase_year'] == 2017) & (data['purchase_month'] == 9
        )]
        dataFirst.head(5)
```

Out[6]:

	acct_num_share	issr_code_numb	product_nm	funding_source	mrch
12	fcaae931422688b8a0134e51a7a2fb12	9	VISA PLATINUM	С	NE
13	fcaae931422688b8a0134e51a7a2fb12	9	VISA PLATINUM	С	NE
14	fcaae931422688b8a0134e51a7a2fb12	9	VISA PLATINUM	С	NE
15	fcaae931422688b8a0134e51a7a2fb12	9	VISA PLATINUM	С	UN
16	fcaae931422688b8a0134e51a7a2fb12	9	VISA PLATINUM	С	UN

Now we will replace each country by the group to which it belongs. For example, Africa can be divided due to the list of "least developed countries" according to the United Nations.

```
'ZIMBABWE', 'SWAZILAND', 'MAURITANIA', 'EQUATOR
                       'GHANA', 'CONGO', 'FRENCH GUIANA', 'NAMIBIA',
AFRICA_UNDERDEVELOPED = ['ANGOLA', 'BENIN', 'BURKINA FASO', 'BURUND
                       'DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC CONGO', 'LESOTHO', 'MADAGA
                       'RWANDA', 'SENEGAL', 'SOMALIA', 'SIERRA LEONE',
                       'UGANDA', 'CHAD', 'ETHIOPIA', 'SOUTH SUDAN']
MIDEAST = ['AZERBAIJAN', 'ARMENIA', 'BAHRAIN', 'GEORGIA', 'ISRAEL',
             'LEBANON', 'OCCUPIED PALESTINIAN TERR', 'IRAQ', 'KUWAIT'
             'UNITED ARAB EMIRATES', 'QATAR']
AUSTRALIA_INDOCHINE = ['AUSTRALIA', 'NEW ZEALAND', 'INDONESIA',
               'SINGAPORE', 'PHILIPPINES', 'PALAU', 'BRUNEI DARUSSALA 'TIMOR-LESTE', 'MYANMAR', 'THAILAND', 'LAO PEOPLE\'S D
               'BANGLADESH', 'INDIA', 'SRI LANKA']
SOUTH_AMERICA = ['PERU', 'BRAZIL', 'CURACAO', 'MAURITIUS', 'ARGENTI 'CHILE', 'COLOMBIA', 'URUGUAY', 'ECUADOR', 'SURINA
                    'EL SALVADOR', 'GUYANA', 'VENEZUELA']
CENTRAL_AMERICA = ['REPUBLICA DOMINICANA', 'CUBA', 'PANAMA', 'GUATE
                      'COSTA RICA', 'GRENADA', 'GUAM', 'TRINIDAD AND T
'HONDURAS', 'NICARAGUA', 'PUERTO RICO', 'DOMINIC
ASIA_MIDASIA = ['SOUTH KOREA', 'CHINA', 'JAPAN', 'HONG KONG, CHINA'
         'MACAU, CHINA', 'BHUTAN', 'NEPAL', 'KAZAKHSTAN', 'UZBEKISTA
         'TAJIKISTAN', 'TURKMENISTAN', 'PAKISTAN', 'AFGHANISTAN']
ISLANDS = ['MALDIVES', 'SEYCHELLES', 'BES ISLANDS', 'TURKS & CAICOS
            'GUADELOUPE', 'FIJI', 'NORTHERN MARIANA ISLANDS', 'U.S.
             'AMERICAN SAMOA', 'CAYMAN ISLANDS', 'BARBADOS', 'MARTINI
              'ARUBA', 'VANUATU', 'BRITISH VIRGIN ISLANDS', 'ST. LUCI
              'ST. VINCENT & GRENADINES', 'ANGUILLA', 'REUNION', 'COO'FAEROE ISLANDS', 'MICRONESIA', 'SAMOA', 'BERMUDA', 'ST
              'CAPE VERDE', 'FRENCH POLYNESIA']
mapJan = \{\}
mapJan['UNITED STATES OF AMERICA'] = 'USA_CANADA'
mapJan['BELARUS'] = 'BELARUS'
mapJan['UNITED KINGDOM'] = 'UNITED KINGDOM'
mapJan['CANADA'] = 'USA CANADA'
for country in EUROPE_HIGH_MEAN_CHECK:
    mapJan[country] = 'EUROPE'
for country in EUROPE_LAW_MEAN_CHEK:
    mapJan[country] = 'EUROPE'
for country in AFRICA_DEVELOPED:
    mapJan[country] = 'OTHERS'
for country in AFRICA UNDERDEVELOPED:
```

```
mapJan[country] = 'OTHERS'
for country in AUSTRALIA INDOCHINE:
     mapJan[country] = 'OTHERS'
for country in ASIA_MIDASIA:
    mapJan[country] = 'ASIA_MIDASIA'
for country in ISLANDS:
     mapJan[country] = 'OTHERS'
for country in CENTRAL AMERICA:
    mapJan[country] = 'OTHERS'
for country in MIDEAST:
     mapJan[country] = 'OTHERS'
for country in SOUTH_AMERICA:
     mapJan[country] = 'OTHERS'
SEA = ['AUSTRALIA', 'CUBA', 'INDIA', 'FIJI', 'SRI LANKA', 'EGYPT',
        'UNITED ARAB EMIRATES', 'QATAR', 'SEYCHELLES', 'MALTA', 'MALDIVES', 'VIETNAM', 'NEW ZEALAND', 'THAILAND', '
        'REPUBLICA DOMINICANA', 'BRAZIL', 'CURACAO', 'PANAMA', 'GUAT
'COSTA RICA', 'GRENADA', 'GUAM', 'MADAGASCAR', 'TRINIDAD AND
'HONDURAS', 'NICARAGUA', 'PUERTO RICO', 'DOMINICA', 'ARGENTI
for country in SEA:
    mapJan[country] = 'SEA'
SKI = ['ITALY', 'FRANCE', 'AUSTRIA', 'ANDORRA', 'SWITZERLAND', 'NOR
for country in SKI:
    mapJan[country] = 'SKI'
dataFirst['mrch_country_nm_jan'] = dataFirst['mrch_country_nm'].map
dataFirst.head(5)
```

Formation of the table where each card (each client) is aligned to a vector of 0 and 1. In it i-th coordinate equals 1 if this particular person used to be in i-th group of countries.

```
In [9]:
        dataJan = dataFirst.loc[(
            ((dataFirst['purchase_month'] == 1))
        clients = data['acct_num_share'].drop_duplicates().values
        countries = dataFirst['mrch_country_nm_jan'].drop_duplicates().valu
        stringsJan = []
        columnsJan = []
        columnsJan.append('CLIENTS')
        for country in countries:
            columnsJan.append(country+'_Jan')
        for client in clients:
            string = []
            string.append(client)
            dataClientJan = dataJan.loc[dataJan['acct_num_share'] == client
            for country in countries:
                size = dataClientJan.loc[dataClientJan['mrch_country_nm_jan
                if (size == 0):
                    string.append(0)
                else:
                    string.append(1)
            stringsJan.append(string)
        finalJan = pd.DataFrame(np.array(stringsJan), columns = columnsJan)
        finalJan.head(10)
```

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v	u	_		

	CLIENTS	EUROPE_WEST_Jan	UNITED STATES OF AMERICA_Jan	EUROPE_NORT
0	a35eecb35b444d4abee26ea2a0916aff	0	0	_
1	fcaae931422688b8a0134e51a7a2fb12	1	0	
2	47ce49be6ae7b918bc8744c9260a6d79	0	0	
3	1ccfe2c0b2410701a7ea1f4f3d3e046c	0	0	
4	61091a69688cefe04370072bdc1c92ea	0	0	
5	d7da56a6f56cca9702e84a2bc9907ce0	0	0	
6	401535e16e38d28c27a82357df0322f2	1	0	
7	8d870db2894ccea8297c998249fe8b91	0	0	
8	715735a90f4b1c43c73170b1343a65d2	0	0	
9	665bcbafed3945a02e84d34e0f616022	0	0	

10 rows × 23 columns

```
In [ ]: finalJan.to_csv('FinalJan.csv', index = False)
```

Category features engineering

```
In [ ]: cat1_data = dataFirst.groupby(['acct_num_share','mrch_category_01']
         cat2_data = dataFirst.groupby(['acct_num_share','mrch_category_02']
         cat3_data = dataFirst.groupby(['acct_num_share','mrch_category_03']
cat4_data = dataFirst.groupby(['acct_num_share','mrch_category_04']
In [ ]: cat1_data_uns = cat1_data.unstack(level=-1)
         cat2_data_uns = cat2_data.unstack(level=-1)
         cat3_data_uns = cat3_data.unstack(level=-1)
         cat4 data uns = cat4 data.unstack(level=-1)
In [ ]: cat1_data_uns.columns = cat1_data_uns.columns.droplevel()
         cat1_data_uns.columns = ['_'.join(reversed(x)) + '_01' for x in cat
         cat2_data_uns.columns = cat2_data_uns.columns.droplevel()
         cat2_data_uns.columns = ['_'.join(reversed(x)) + '_02' for x in cat
         cat3_data_uns.columns = cat3_data_uns.columns.droplevel()
         cat3_data_uns.columns = ['_'.join(reversed(x)) + '_03' for x in cat
         cat4 data uns.columns = cat4 data uns.columns.droplevel()
         cat4_data_uns.columns = ['_'.join(reversed(x)) + '_04' for x in cat
         cat1_data_uns.head(10)
In [ ]: concated = pd.concat([cat1_data_uns, cat2_data_uns, cat3_data_uns,
In [ ]: | concated.to_csv('result.csv')
```

Final data preparation

```
In [ ]: FinalJan = pd.read_csv('FinalJan.csv')
        FinalJan.rename(columns = {'CLIENTS': 'acct_num_share'}, inplace =
        ChecksAbroad = pd.read csv('ChecksAbroad.csv')
        ChecksAbroad.rename(columns = {'CLIENTS': 'acct_num_share'}, inplac
        data = pd.read_csv('MSU_DATA_TO_SHARE_V04.csv')
        tempData = data.copy()
        tempData.drop(['mrch country nm',
                        'f2f ecomm flq',
                        'pos_cash_flg',
                        'rub_amt',
                        'mrch_category_01',
                        'mrch_category_02',
                       'mrch_category_03',
                        'mrch_category_04',
                        'purchase_real_data',
                        'purchase_month',
                        'purchase_year'],
        1, inplace = True)
```

Decoding names of cards according to their kind. After that we create a table in which every card occur only once in contrast with the previous one, where all payments from all the cards were placed. Later we collate each card to its kind, type (debit or credit) and bank-issuer.

```
In [ ]: finalData = pd.merge(temp, FinalJan, how = 'left', on = 'acct_num_s
finalData = finalData.fillna(value=0.0)
```

Then we unite these tables with the initial one with the information about cards which was mentioned above. Then we delete columns where the major part of data is missed and save it into a final file.

```
In []: finalData = pd.merge(finalData, ChecksAbroad, how = 'left', on = 'a
In []: clmns = finalData.columns[finalData.isnull().any()]
    missed = pd.DataFrame(finalData[clmns].isnull().sum().sort_values(a
In []: finalData.drop(missed[missed['% NULL'] > 0.9].index, 1, inplace=Tru
    finalData = finalData.fillna(value=0.0)
    finalData.to_csv('DataForLearning.csv', index = False)
```

Target generation

Finally with information about the second year we make a target which predicts in which country a particular person will go. From the mentioned above it is obvious that such can be not the only one. This way a target will consist of a country groups' code to which most probably a particular client go. Consequently it will be one-dimensional.

```
In [ ]: | data = pd.read_csv('DataForLearning.csv')
       tempTarget = pd.read_csv('MSU_DATA_T0_SHARE_V05.csv')
In [ ]:
       tempTarget = tempTarget.loc[(
            ((tempTarget['purchase_year'] == 2017) & (tempTarget['purchase_
            ((tempTarget['purchase_year'] == 2017) & (tempTarget['purchase_
            ((tempTarget['purchase_year'] == 2017) & (tempTarget['purchase_
            ((tempTarget['purchase_year'] == 2018) ₺ (tempTarget['purchase_
           ((tempTarget['purchase_year'] == 2018) & (tempTarget['purchase_
           ((tempTarget['purchase year'] == 2018) & (tempTarget['purchase
        )]
'LIECHTENSTEIN', 'FINLAND', 'DENMARK', 'GI
       EUROPE LAW_MEAN_CHEK = ['BULGARIA', 'HUNGARY', 'MOLDOVA, REPUBLIC O
```

```
.ICELAND., .NOKWAY., .FAIATA., .FTIHOANTA.,
                        'VATICAN CITY STATE', 'MALTA', 'PORTUGAL',
AFRICA_DEVELOPED = ['EGYPT', 'ALGERIA', 'SOUTH AFRICA', 'MOROCCO',
                    'ZIMBABWE', 'SWAZILAND', 'MAURITANIA', 'EQUATOR
                    'GHANA', 'CONGO', 'FRENCH GUIANA', 'NAMIBIA', '
AFRICA_UNDERDEVELOPED = ['ANGOLA', 'BENIN', 'BURKINA FASO', 'BURUND
                    'DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC CONGO', 'LESOTHO', 'MADAGA
                    'RWANDA', 'SENEGAL', 'SOMALIA', 'SIERRA LEONE',
                    'UGANDA', 'CHAD', 'ETHIOPIA', 'SOUTH SUDAN']
MIDEAST = ['AZERBAIJAN', 'ARMENIA', 'BAHRAIN', 'GEORGIA', 'ISRAEL',
           'LEBANON', 'OCCUPIED PALESTINIAN TERR', 'IRAQ', 'KUWAIT'
           'UNITED ARAB EMIRATES', 'OATAR']
'BANGLADESH', 'INDIA', 'SRI LANKA']
SOUTH_AMERICA = ['PERU', 'BRAZIL', 'CURACAO', 'MAURITIUS', 'ARGENTI 'CHILE', 'COLOMBIA', 'URUGUAY', 'ECUADOR', 'SURINA
                 'EL SALVADOR', 'GUYANA', 'VENEZUELA']
ASIA_MIDASIA = ['SOUTH KOREA', 'CHINA', 'JAPAN', 'HONG KONG, CHINA'
        'MACAU, CHINA', 'BHUTAN', 'NEPAL', 'KAZAKHSTAN', 'UZBEKISTA
        'TAJIKISTAN', 'TURKMENISTAN', 'PAKISTAN', 'AFGHANISTAN']
ISLANDS = ['MALDIVES', 'SEYCHELLES', 'BES ISLANDS', 'TURKS & CAICOS
           'GUADELOUPE', 'FIJI', 'NORTHERN MARIANA ISLANDS', 'U.S.
           'AMERICAN SAMOA', 'CAYMAN ISLANDS', 'BARBADOS', 'MARTINI
            'ARUBA', 'VANUATU', 'BRITISH VIRGIN ISLANDS', 'ST. LUCI
            'ST. VINCENT & GRENADINES', 'ANGUILLA', 'REUNION', 'COO'FAEROE ISLANDS', 'MICRONESIA', 'SAMOA', 'BERMUDA', 'ST
            'CAPE VERDE', 'FRENCH POLYNESIA']
mapJan = \{\}
mapJan['UNITED STATES OF AMERICA'] = 'USA CANADA'
mapJan['BELARUS'] = 'BELARUS'
mapJan['UKRAINE'] = 'UKRAINE'
mapJan['UNITED KINGDOM'] = 'UNITED KINGDOM'
mapJan['CANADA'] = 'USA CANADA'
for country in EUROPE HIGH MEAN CHECK:
    mapJan[country] = 'EUROPE_HIGH_MEAN_CHECK'
for country in EUROPE_LAW_MEAN_CHEK:
    mapJan[country] = 'EUROPE_LAW_MEAN_CHEK'
```

```
for country in AFRICA_DEVELOPED:
            mapJan[country] = 'OTHERS'
        for country in AFRICA_UNDERDEVELOPED:
            mapJan[country] = 'OTHERS'
        for country in AUSTRALIA_INDOCHINE:
            mapJan[country] = 'OTHERS'
        for country in ASIA MIDASIA:
            mapJan[country] = 'ASIA_MIDASIA'
        for country in ISLANDS:
            mapJan[country] = 'OTHERS'
        for country in CENTRAL_AMERICA:
            mapJan[country] = 'OTHERS'
        for country in MIDEAST:
            mapJan[country] = 'OTHERS'
        for country in SOUTH AMERICA:
            mapJan[country] = 'OTHERS'
        SEA = ['CUBA', 'INDIA', 'FIJI', 'SRI LANKA', 'EGYPT', 'TURKEY', 'UN
                'MALTA', 'MALDIVES', 'VIETNAM', 'THAILAND', 'PHILIPPINES',
        for country in SEA:
            mapJan[country] = 'SEA'
        SKI = ['ITALY', 'FRANCE', 'AUSTRIA', 'ANDORRA', 'SWITZERLAND', 'NOR
        for country in SKI:
            mapJan[country] = 'SKI'
In [ ]: tempTarget['mrch_country_nm_jan'] = tempTarget['mrch_country_nm'].m
In [ ]: | clients = data['acct_num_share'].drop_duplicates().values
```

In []:

dataJan = tempTarget.loc[(

```
((tempTarget['purchase_month'] == 1))
        ) ]
        countries = tempTarget['mrch_country_nm_jan'].drop_duplicates().val
        stringsJan = []
        columnsJan = []
        columnsJan.append('acct num share')
        for country in countries:
            columnsJan.append(country+'_Jan')
        for client in clients:
            string = []
            string.append(client)
            dataClientJan = dataJan.loc[dataJan['acct_num_share'] == client
            for country in countries:
                 size = dataClientJan.loc[dataClientJan['mrch_country_nm_jan
                 if (size == 0):
                     string.append(0)
                else:
                     string.append(1)
            stringsJan.append(string)
        target = pd.DataFrame(np.array(stringsJan), columns = columnsJan)
In [ ]:
```

```
target.to_csv('target.csv', index = False)
```

Delete from target those people who didn't travel anywhere during January of the second year.

```
In [ ]: | target = pd.read_csv('target.csv')
```

```
In []: for country in columnsJan:
    if country == 'acct_num_share':
        continue
    target[country] = pd.to_numeric(target[country])

target['SUM'] = 0

for country in columnsJan:
    if country == 'acct_num_share':
        continue
    target['SUM'] = target['SUM'] + target[country]

target['Final'] = 0
target['index'] = target['acct_num_share']
target = target.set_index('index')
```

```
In []: for client in clients:
    for i in range (0, countries.size):
        if target.loc[client, countries[i]+'_Jan'] == 1:
            target.loc[client, 'Final'] = i+1
            break
```

```
In [ ]: temporTar = target[['acct_num_share', 'Final']]
```

Then we add target to the main table and now we are able to start learning.

```
In []: finData = pd.merge(temporTar, data, how = 'left', on = 'acct_num_sh
    finData.rename(columns = {'Final': 'target'}, inplace = True)
    finData.drop(['target'], 1, inplace = True)
    finData.to_csv('dataWithTarget.csv', index = False)
```

Learning

```
In [3]: data = pd.read_csv('dataWithTarget.csv')
In [4]: data.drop('acct_num_share', 1, inplace = True)
```

```
In [5]: from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier
         from sklearn import metrics
         from sklearn import preprocessing
         from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
         X = data.loc[:, data.columns != 'target']
         y = data.loc[:, data.columns == 'target']
         X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size
         forest = RandomForestClassifier(n estimators = 400, max depth = 6)
         forest.fit(X_train, y_train.values.ravel())
         y_pred = forest.predict(X_test)
         y_pred_train = forest.predict(X_train)
         y_pred_proba = forest.predict_proba(X_test)
         y_pred_proba_train = forest.predict_proba(X_train)
In [15]: | metrics.precision_score(y_test, y_pred, average='micro')
Out[15]: 0.39585848268177176
In [16]: metrics.precision_score(y_train, y_pred_train, average='micro')
Out[16]: 0.41562524874631857
```

```
In [6]:
        importances = forest.feature_importances_
        std = np.std([tree.feature_importances_ for tree in forest.estimato
        indices = np.argsort(importances)[::-1]
        print("Feature ranking:")
        for f in range(X.shape[1]):
            print("%d. %s (%f)" % (f + 1, X.columns[indices[f]], importance
        plt.figure(figsize=(10.10))
        plt.title("Feature importances")
        plt.bar(range(X.shape[1]), importances[indices], color="r", align="
        plt.xlim([-1, X.shape[1]])
        plt.show()
        Feature ranking:
        1. SKI_Jan (0.053785)
        2. BELARUS Jan (0.050771)
        3. EUROPE Jan (0.036764)
        4. SEA Jan (0.030419)
        5. RESTAURANT & QSR_max_03 (0.013655)
        6. SERVICE STATIONS max 01 x (0.012190)
        7. TOLLS AND BRIDGE FEES_sum_01_x (0.010461)
        8. SERVICE STATIONS_min_01_x (0.009777)
        9. MISC FOOD STORES - DEFAULT_sum_01_x (0.009774)
        10. SERVICE STATIONS median 01 \times (0.009709)
        11. RESTAURANTS max 02 (0.009455)
        12. SERVICE STATIONS_mean_01_x (0.009280)
        13. Eating places and restaurants_mean_01_x (0.008931)
        14. Eating places and restaurants_median_01_x (0.008909)
        15. GROCERY STORES/SUPERMARKETS max 01 x (0.008211)
        16. MISC FOOD STORES - DEFAULT min 01 x (0.008048)
        17. SERVICE STATIONS_sum_01_x (0.007998)
        18. MISC FOOD STORES - DEFAULT max 01 x (0.007851)
In [7]: for f in range(X.shape[1]):
            if importances[indices[f]] < 0.001:</pre>
                data.drop([X.columns[indices[f]]], 1, inplace=True)
```

```
In [11]: | from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier
         from sklearn import metrics
         from sklearn import preprocessing
         from sklearn.model selection import train test split
         X = data.loc[:, data.columns != 'target']
         y = data.loc[:, data.columns == 'target']
         X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size
         forest = RandomForestClassifier(n estimators = 400, max depth = 6)
         forest.fit(X_train, y_train.values.ravel())
         y_pred = forest.predict(X_test)
         y_pred_train = forest.predict(X_train)
         y pred proba = forest.predict proba(X test)
         y_pred_proba_train = forest.predict_proba(X_train)
In [12]: | importances = forest.feature_importances_
         std = np.std([tree.feature_importances_ for tree in forest.estimato
         indices = np.argsort(importances)[::-1]
         print("Feature ranking:")
```

print("%d. %s (%f)" % (f + 1, X.columns[indices[f]], importance

plt.bar(range(X.shape[1]), importances[indices], color="r", align="

Feature ranking:

plt.show()

1. BELARUS Jan (0.097135)

for f in range(X.shape[1]):

plt.figure(figsize=(10,10))

plt.xlim([-1, X.shape[1]])

plt.title("Feature importances")

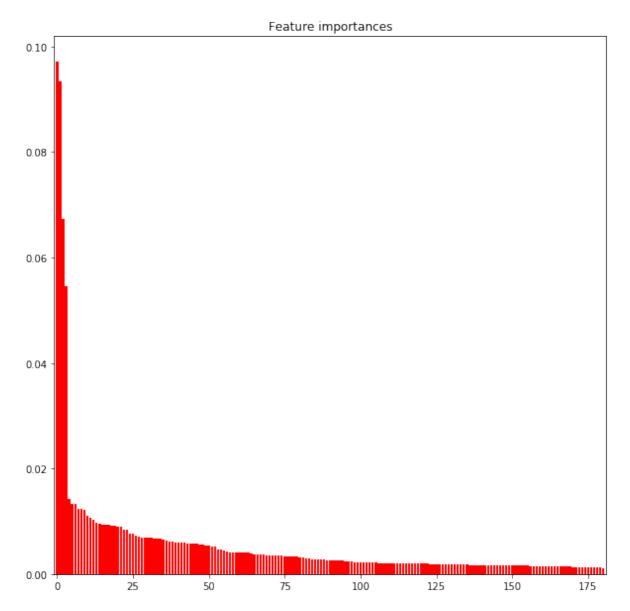
- 2. SKI_Jan (0.093472)
- 3. EUROPE Jan (0.067237)
- 4. SEA_Jan (0.054616)
- 5. RESTAURANTS max 02 (0.014297)
- 6. RESTAURANTS_max_04 (0.013284)
- 7. SERVICE STATIONS_max_01_x (0.013263)
- 8. TOLLS AND BRIDGE FEES sum 01 x (0.012303)
- 9. TRAVEL max 03 (0.012288)
- 10. SERVICE STATIONS_sum_01_x (0.012119)
- 11. SERVICE STATIONS_mean_01_x (0.011024)
- 12. Eating places and restaurants_mean_01_x (0.010640)
- 13. SERVICE STATIONS_min_01_x (0.010252)
- 14. Eating places and restaurants_median_01_x (0.009705)
- 15. SERVICE STATIONS_median_01_x (0.009516)
- 16. MISC FOOD STORES DEFAULT_sum_01_x (0.009340)
- 17. GROCERY STORES/SUPERMARKETS max 01 x (0.009272)
- 18. RESTAURANT & QSR_max_03 (0.009257)

- 19. MISC FOOD STORES DEFAULT max 01 x (0.009169)
- 20. GROCERY STORES/SUPERMARKETS sum 01 x (0.009145)
- 21. MISC FOOD STORES DEFAULT_median_01_x (0.008962)
- 22. RESTAURANTS_sum_02 (0.008936)
- 23. USA CANADA Jan (0.008468)
- 24. MISC FOOD STORES DEFAULT_mean_01_x (0.008369)
- 25. MENS/WOMENS CLOTHING STORES_sum_01_x (0.007742)
- 26. FAST FOOD RESTAURANTS_mean_01_x (0.007589)
- 27. VARIETY STORES_max_01_x (0.007287)
- 28. Eating places and restaurants_max_01_y (0.007120)
- 29. MISC GENERAL MERCHANDISE_sum_01_x (0.006975)
- 30. MISC FOOD STORES DEFAULT_min_01_x (0.006965)
- 31. GROCERY STORES/SUPERMARKETS_mean_01_x (0.006886)
- 32. RESTAURANTS_sum_04 (0.006877)
- 33. RESTAURANT & QSR_sum_03 (0.006751)
- 34. VARIETY STORES_median_01_x (0.006735)
- 35. Eating places and restaurants_sum_01_y (0.006726)
- 36. VARIETY STORES_min_01_x (0.006455)
- 37. RESTAURANT & QSR_mean_03 (0.006374)
- 38. Eating places and restaurants_mean_01_y (0.006136)
- 39. RESTAURANTS_mean_02 (0.006073)
- 40. LODGING_median_01_x (0.006059)
- 41. FAST FOOD RESTAURANTS_max_01_x (0.005954)
- 42. TRAVEL sum 03 (0.005914)
- 43. FAST FOOD RESTAURANTS_sum_01_x (0.005913)
- 44. FAST FOOD RESTAURANTS_median_01_x (0.005854)
- 45. VARIETY STORES_sum_01_x (0.005794)
- 46. OTHERS_Jan (0.005771)
- 47. LODGING_sum_01_x (0.005706)
- 48. Eating places and restaurants max $01 \times (0.005553)$
- 49. RESTAURANTS_mean_04 (0.005514)
- 50. FAST FOOD RESTAURANTS_min_01_x (0.005489)
- 51. VARIETY STORES_mean_01_x (0.005443)
- 52. GROCERY STORES/SUPERMARKETS median 01 x (0.005171)
- 53. LODGING_mean_01_x (0.005156)
- 54. LODGING_max_01_x (0.004693)
- 55. DEPARTMENT & APPAREL_max_03 (0.004580)
- 56. Eating places and restaurants sum 01 \times (0.004443)
- 57. MENS/WOMENS CLOTHING STORES_mean_01_x (0.004335)
- 58. FAMILY CLOTHING STORES_mean_01_x (0.004106)
- 59. ALL AIRLINES_max_01_y (0.004099)
- 60. DEPARTMENT & APPAREL_mean_03 (0.004088)
- 61. LODGING min 01 x (0.004077)
- 62. ASIA_MIDASIA_Jan (0.004047)
- 63. product_nm (0.004029)
- 64. TRAVEL_mean_03 (0.004023)
- 65. MENS/WOMENS CLOTHING STORES max 01 x (0.003994)
- 66. DUTY FREE STORES_max_01_x (0.003748)
- 67. FAMILY CLOTHING STORES_max_01_x (0.003667)
- 68. FASHION RETAIL mean 02 (0.003657)
- 69. GROCERY STORES/SUPERMARKETS_min_01_x (0.003646)
- 70. Eating places and restaurants_min_01_x (0.003611)
- 71. AIRLINES_max_02 (0.003591)

- 72. AIRLINES max 04 (0.003576)
- 73. LUMBER/BUILD. SUPPLY STORES_sum_01_x (0.003551)
- 74. DUTY FREE STORES_min_01_x (0.003529)
- 75. DUTY FREE STORES_median_01_x (0.003464)
- 76. FOOD & DRUG mean 03 (0.003401)
- 77. ALL AIRLINES_sum_01_y (0.003356)
- 78. FAMILY CLOTHING STORES_sum_01_x (0.003330)
- 79. POSTAGE STAMPS_sum_01_x (0.003291)
- 80. DUTY FREE STORES_mean_01_x (0.003260)
- 81. DUTY FREE STORES_sum_01_x (0.003149)
- 82. FAMILY CLOTHING STORES_median_01_x (0.003094)
- 83. UNITED KINGDOM_Jan (0.003002)
- 84. FASHION RETAIL_sum_02 (0.002989)
- 85. TRANSPORTATION_sum_04 (0.002859)
- 86. MENS/WOMENS CLOTHING STORES_median_01_x (0.002856)
- 87. APPAREL & ACCESSORIES_mean_04 (0.002811)
- 88. AIRLINES_mean_04 (0.002738)
- 89. RESTAURANTS_median_04 (0.002706)
- 90. DEPARTMENT & APPAREL_sum_03 (0.002614)
- 91. AIRLINES_sum_02 (0.002607)
- 92. FASHION RETAIL_max_02 (0.002602)
- 93. AIRLINES_mean_02 (0.002506)
- 94. FOOD & GROCERY_max_04 (0.002503)
- 95. AIRLINES_median_04 (0.002496)
- 96. AIRLINES_sum_04 (0.002479)
- 97. APPAREL & ACCESSORIES_max_04 (0.002433)
- 98. FUEL/SERVICE STATION_mean_02 (0.002324)
- 99. TRANSPORTATION_median_04 (0.002287)
- 100. LOCAL COMMUTER TRANSPORT_sum_01_y (0.002278)
- 101. FOOD & DRUG max 03 (0.002278)
- 102. RETAIL GOODS max 04 (0.002277)
- 103. LOCAL COMMUTER TRANSPORT_max_01_y (0.002271)
- 104. Eating places and restaurants_median_01_y (0.002227)
- 105. OSR max 04 (0.002205)
- 106. RETAIL GOODS_sum_04 (0.002176)
- 107. FAMILY CLOTHING STORES min 01 x (0.002117)
- 108. TRANSPORTATION_median_02 (0.002108)
- 109. TOLLS/FEES max 02 (0.002085)
- 110. TAX PAYMENTS_sum_01_x (0.002075)
- 111. TRANSPORTATION mean 04 (0.002071)
- 112. FUEL_mean_03 (0.002066)
- 113. APPAREL & ACCESSORIES_sum_04 (0.002050)
- 114. GROCERY STORES/SUPERMARKETS mean 01 y (0.002011)
- 115. QSR_sum_04 (0.002002)
- 116. ALL AIRLINES_min_01_y (0.001999)
- 117. RETAIL SERVICES_max_03 (0.001991)
- 118. ALL AIRLINES_mean_01_y (0.001983)
- 119. APPAREL & ACCESSORIES_median_04 (0.001976)
- 120. RETAIL SERVICES_sum_03 (0.001972)
- 121. SERVICE STATIONS mean 01 y (0.001965)
- 122. DEPARTMENT STORES_median_01_x (0.001960)
- 123. AIRLINES_min_04 (0.001955)
- 124. PASSENGER RAILWAYS_sum_01_x (0.001931)

- 125. INSURANCE SALES/UNDERWRITE sum 01 x (0.001900)
- 126. RESTAURANT & QSR_median_03 (0.001899)
- 127. RETAIL GOODS_mean_04 (0.001897)
- 128. RETAIL SERVICES_median_03 (0.001870)
- 129. LODGING max 04 (0.001870)
- 130. FUEL_mean_04 (0.001860)
- 131. MENS/WOMENS CLOTHING STORES_min_01_x (0.001856)
- 132. FAST FOOD RESTAURANTS_max_01_y (0.001816)
- 133. LOCAL COMMUTER TRANSPORT_median_01_y (0.001802)
- 134. BARS/TAVERNS/LOUNGES/DISCOS_median_01_x (0.001782)
- 135. LODGING sum 02 (0.001764)
- 136. DEPARTMENT STORES_min_01_x (0.001755)
- 137. FOOD & GROCERY_mean_04 (0.001728)
- 138. DEPARTMENT STORES_mean_01_x (0.001702)
- 139. TRANSPORTATION_min_04 (0.001700)
- 140. FOOD & DRUG_median_03 (0.001689)
- 141. DRUG STORES & PHARMACIES_mean_01_x (0.001672)
- 142. LOCAL COMMUTER TRANSPORT_min_01_y (0.001670)
- 143. TOLLS/FEES_sum_02 (0.001668)
- 144. SUPERMARKETS_mean_02 (0.001665)
- 145. RESTAURANTS_median_02 (0.001660)
- 146. TOLLS AND BRIDGE FEES_max_01_y (0.001658)
- 147. FOOD & GROCERY_median_04 (0.001641)
- 148. LODGING max 02 (0.001632)
- 149. FASHION RETAIL_median_02 (0.001629)
- 150. RETAIL GOODS median 04 (0.001624)
- 151. RETAIL GOODS_sum_03 (0.001617)
- 152. DEPARTMENT STORES_max_01_x (0.001610)
- 153. LODGING_max_01_y (0.001604)
- 154. TOLLS AND BRIDGE FEES sum 01 y (0.001601)
- 155. AIRLINES min 02 (0.001594)
- 156. BARS/TAVERNS/LOUNGES/DISCOS_sum_01_x (0.001573)
- 157. ALL AIRLINES_median_01_y (0.001557)
- 158. DRUG STORES & PHARMACIES median 01 x (0.001556)
- 159. FAST FOOD RESTAURANTS_mean_01_y (0.001540)
- 160. DRUG STORES & PHARMACIES min 01 x (0.001536)
- 161. AIRLINES_median_02 (0.001534)
- 162. HEALTH CARE max 03 (0.001531)
- 163. FUEL median 03 (0.001528)
- 164. LOCAL COMMUTER TRANSPORT_mean_01_y (0.001512)
- 165. SPORTING GOODS STORES_sum_01_x (0.001490)
- 166. HEALTH CARE_max_04 (0.001466)
- 167. RETAIL SERVICES mean 03 (0.001449)
- 168. SUPERMARKETS_median_02 (0.001439)
- 169. RETAIL SERVICES_min_03 (0.001415)
- 170. FAST FOOD RESTAURANTS_sum_01_y (0.001374)
- 171. MEDICAL/HEALTH SERVICES median 02 (0.001348)
- 172. GROCERY STORES/SUPERMARKETS_median_01_y (0.001347)
- 173. AUTOMOTIVE PARTS STORES_sum_01_x (0.001343)
- 174. DRUG STORES & PHARMACIES max 01 x (0.001294)
- 175. Eating places and restaurants_min_01_y (0.001286)
- 176. HEALTH CARE_sum_04 (0.001254)
- 177. DRUG STORES & PHARMACIES_sum_01_x (0.001249)

- 178. UTILITIES/ELEC/GAS/H20/SANI_sum_01_x (0.001222)
- 179. LODGING_mean_04 (0.001214)
- 180. HEALTH CARE_median_03 (0.001186)
- 181. SPA / BEAUTY SERVICES_max_02 (0.000995)

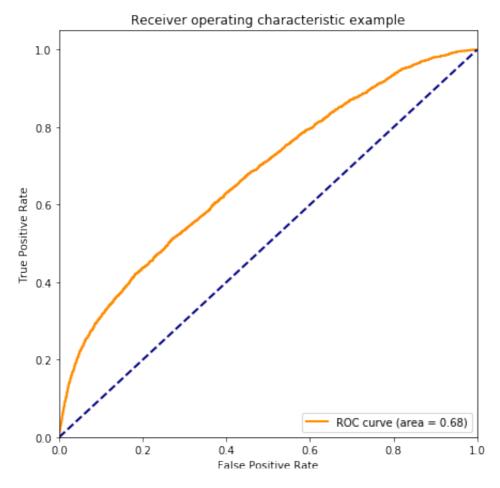


XGBoost

```
In [8]: | X = data.loc[:, data.columns != 'target']
         y = data.loc[:, data.columns == 'target']
         X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size
         model = xgb.XGBClassifier(max_depth = 3,
                                    min_child_weight = 1,
                                    learning_rate = 0.1,
                                    n_{estimators} = 100,
                                    subsample = 0.8,
                                    max features = 50)
         model.fit(X_train, y_train.values.ravel())
         y_pred = model.predict(X_test)
         y_pred_train = model.predict(X_train)
         y_pred_proba = model.predict_proba(X_test)
         v pred proba train = model.predict proba(X train)
In [23]: metrics.precision_score(y_test.values.ravel(), y_pred, average='mic
Out[23]: 0.4305877983099638
In [24]: metrics.precision_score(y_train.values.ravel(), y_pred_train, avera
Out [24]: 0.4688768606224628
In [31]: | y_pred_proba_train[0]
Out[31]: array([0.19759469, 0.19347873, 0.430089 , 0.01397855, 0.00955001,
                0.0925578 , 0.03963443, 0.02311681], dtype=float32)
In [29]: y_proba_test = pd.DataFrame(np.array(y_pred_proba))
In [32]: y_proba_train = pd.DataFrame(np.array(y_pred_proba_train))
In [52]:
         mapTar = \{\}
         mapTar[1] = 1
         mapTar[2] = 0
         mapTar[3] = 0
         mapTar[4] = 0
         mapTar[5] = 0
         mapTar[6] = 0
         mapTar[7] = 0
         mapTar[8] = 0
         y_test_1 = y_test.copy()
         y_test_1['target'] = y_test_1['target'].map(mapTar)
         y train 1 = y train.copy()
         y_train_1['target'] = y_train_1['target'].map(mapTar)
```

```
from sklearn.metrics import roc curve, auc
score = metrics.roc_auc_score(y_test_1['target'].values, y_proba_te
print("Test: ", score)
score = metrics.roc_auc_score(y_train_1['target'].values, y_proba_t
print("Train: ", score)
fpr = dict()
tpr = dict()
roc auc = dict()
fpr, tpr, thresholds = metrics.roc_curve(y_test_1, y_proba_test[0])
roc_auc = auc(fpr, tpr)
plt.figure(figsize = (7,7))
lw = 2
plt.plot(fpr, tpr, color='darkorange', lw=lw, label='ROC curve (are
plt.plot([0, 1], [0, 1], color='navy', lw=lw, linestyle='--')
plt.xlim([0.0, 1.0])
plt.ylim([0.0, 1.05])
plt.xlabel('False Positive Rate')
plt.ylabel('True Positive Rate')
plt.title('Receiver operating characteristic example')
plt.legend(loc="lower right")
plt.show()
```

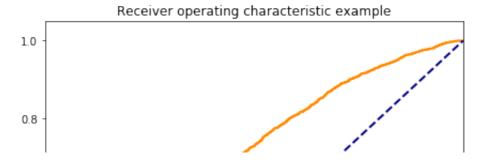
('Test: ', 0.6765982533617685) ('Train: ', 0.7177618141666475)

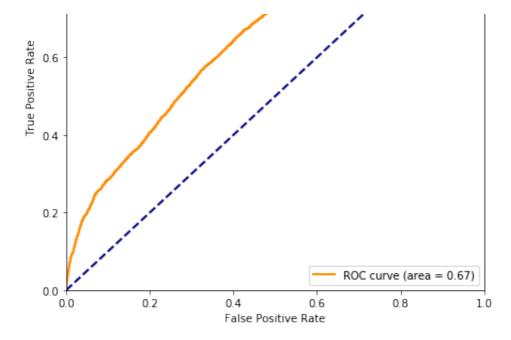


. ____ . ____

```
In [53]:
         mapTar = \{\}
         mapTar[1] = 0
         mapTar[2] = 1
         mapTar[3] = 0
         mapTar[4] = 0
         mapTar[5] = 0
         mapTar[6] = 0
         mapTar[7] = 0
         mapTar[8] = 0
         y_test_2 = y_test.copy()
         y test 2['target'] = y test 2['target'].map(mapTar)
         y_train_2 = y_train.copy()
         y_train_2['target'] = y_train_2['target'].map(mapTar)
         from sklearn.metrics import roc curve, auc
         score = metrics.roc_auc_score(y_test_2['target'].values, y_proba_te
         print("Test: ", score)
         score = metrics.roc_auc_score(y_train_2['target'].values, y_proba_t
         print("Train: ", score)
         fpr = dict()
         tpr = dict()
         roc_auc = dict()
         fpr, tpr, thresholds = metrics.roc_curve(y_test_2, y_proba_test[1])
         roc auc = auc(fpr, tpr)
         plt.figure(figsize = (7,7))
         plt.plot(fpr, tpr, color='darkorange', lw=lw, label='ROC curve (are
         plt.plot([0, 1], [0, 1], color='navy', lw=lw, linestyle='--')
         plt.xlim([0.0, 1.0])
         plt.ylim([0.0, 1.05])
         plt.xlabel('False Positive Rate')
         plt.ylabel('True Positive Rate')
         plt.title('Receiver operating characteristic example')
         plt.legend(loc="lower right")
         plt.show()
```

('Test: ', 0.6749429317726717) ('Train: ', 0.7256396405729324)





In []: