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In [1]: import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
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In [19]: #question 1c:
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def a(u):
    return u**2
def b(u):
    return 0.01*(3/8*u + 1/4*np.sin(2*u) + 1/32*np.sin(4*u))

def get_exact_simulation(x,T,amt_of_timepoints,N):
    mas_t=np.linspace(0,T,amt_of_timepoints)
    mas_samples=np.zeros(N*len(mas_t)).reshape(N,len(mas_t))
    mas_samples[:,0]=x #X0=x
    for k in range(1,len(mas_t)):
        tk=mas_t[k]
        tkm1=mas_t[k-1]
        ak=a(tk)-a(tkm1)
        bk=b(tk)-b(tkm1)
        mas_of_increments=ak + np.sqrt(bk)*np.random.normal(loc=0,s
        mas_samples[:,k]=mas_samples[:,k-1]+mas_of_increments.flatten()

    theor_mean=x+np.array([a(tk) for tk in mas_t])
    sample_mean=mas_samples.mean(axis=0)
    theor_variance=[b(tk) for tk in mas_t]
    sample_variance=mas_samples.var(axis=0)

    fig, axes = plt.subplots(1, 3)
    fig.set_figheight(5)
    fig.set_figwidth(15)

    for n in range(N):
        axes[0].plot(mas_t, mas_samples[n,:])

    axes[1].plot(mas_t,theor_mean,label='Theoretical_mean')
    axes[1].plot(mas_t,sample_mean,label='Sample_mean')

    axes[2].plot(mas_t,theor_variance,label='Theoretical_variance')
    axes[2].plot(mas_t,sample_variance,label='Sample_variance')

    axes[0].set_xlabel('t')
    axes[1].set_xlabel('t')
    axes[1].set_xlabel('t')

    axes[0].set_ylabel('$X_t$')
    axes[1].set_ylabel('$EX_t$')
    axes[1].set_ylabel('$VarX_t$')

    axes[1].legend()
    axes[2].legend()

    axes[0].set_title("Simulate dX + dt")
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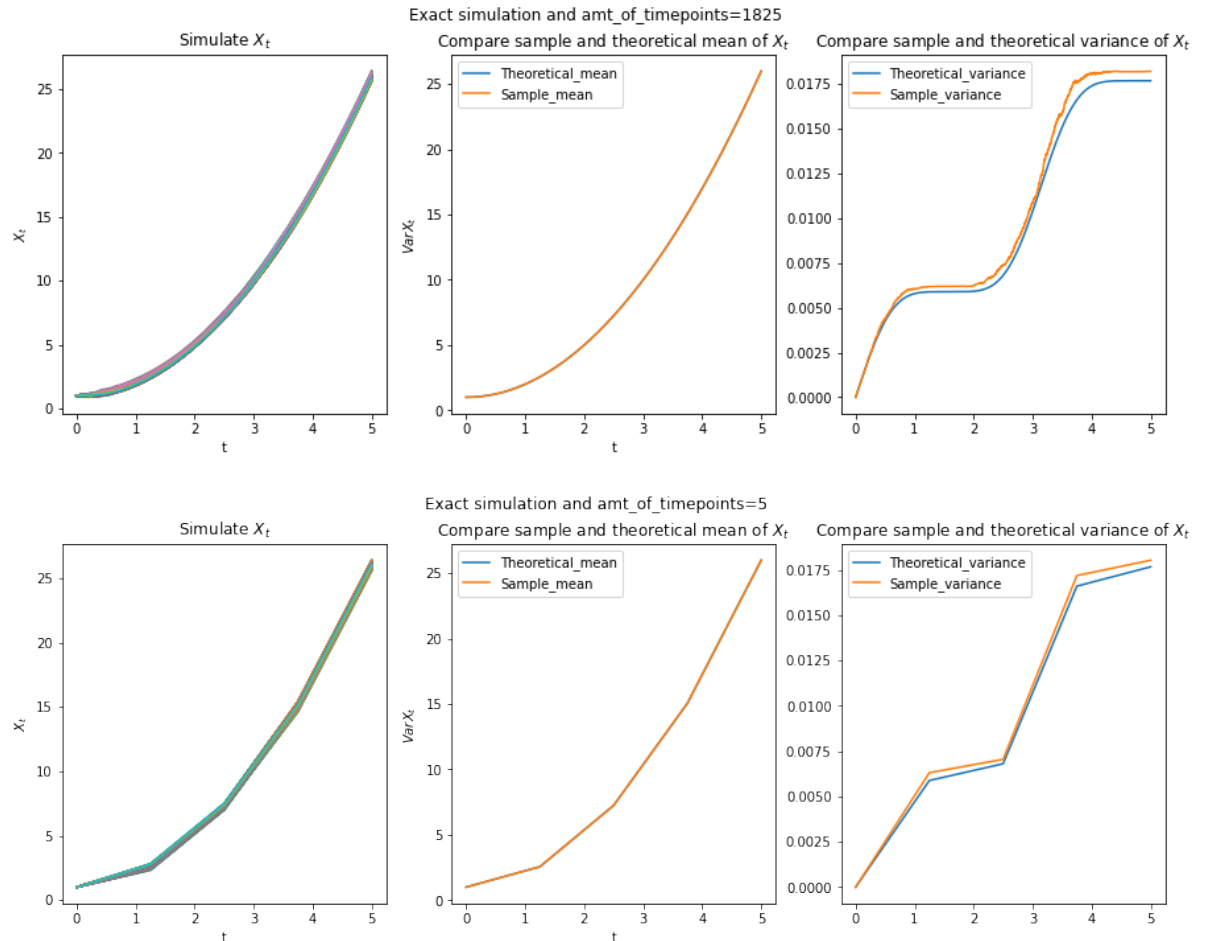
axes[0].set_title('Simulate  $X_t$  ')
axes[1].set_title("Compare sample and theoretical mean of  $X_t$ ")
axes[2].set_title("Compare sample and theoretical variance of  $X_t$ ")
fig.suptitle('Exact simulation and amt_of_timepoints={}'.format
plt.show()

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get_exact_simulation(x=1, T=5, amt_of_timepoints=5*365, N=1000)
get_exact_simulation(x=1, T=5, amt_of_timepoints=5, N=1000)

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In [22]: #question 1d
def mu(u):
    return 2*u
def sigma(u):
    return 0.1*np.cos(u)**2
def a(u):
    return u**2
def b(u):
    return 0.01*(3/8*u + 1/4*np.sin(2*u) + 1/32*np.sin(4*u))

def get_euler_maruyama_simulation(x,T,amt_of_timepoints,N):
    mas_t=np.linspace(0,T,amt_of_timepoints)
    mas_samples=np.zeros(N*len(mas_t)).reshape(N,len(mas_t))
    mas_samples[:,0]=x #X0=x
    for k in range(1,len(mas_t)):
        tk=mas_t[k]
        tkm1=mas_t[k-1]
        mas_of_increments=mu(tkm1)*(tk-tkm1) + sigma(tkm1)*np.sqrt(

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mas_samples[:,k]=mas_samples[:,k-1]+mas_of_increments.flatt

theor_mean=x+np.array([a(tk) for tk in mas_t])
sample_mean=mas_samples.mean(axis=0)
theor_variance=[b(tk) for tk in mas_t]
sample_variance=mas_samples.var(axis=0)

fig, axes = plt.subplots(1, 3)
fig.set_figheight(5)
fig.set_figwidth(15)

for n in range(N):
    axes[0].plot(mas_t, mas_samples[n,:])

axes[1].plot(mas_t,theor_mean,label='Theoretical_mean')
axes[1].plot(mas_t,sample_mean,label='Sample_mean')

axes[2].plot(mas_t,theor_variance,label='Theoretical_variance')
axes[2].plot(mas_t,sample_variance,label='Sample_variance')

axes[0].set_xlabel('t')
axes[1].set_xlabel('t')
axes[2].set_xlabel('t')

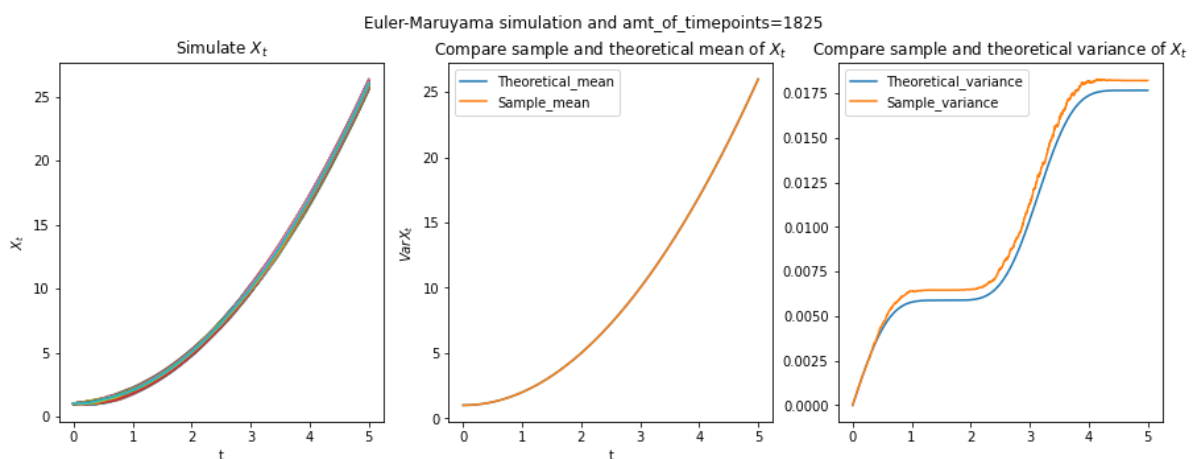
axes[0].set_ylabel('$X_t$')
axes[1].set_ylabel('$EX_t$')
axes[2].set_ylabel('$VarX_t$')

axes[1].legend()
axes[2].legend()

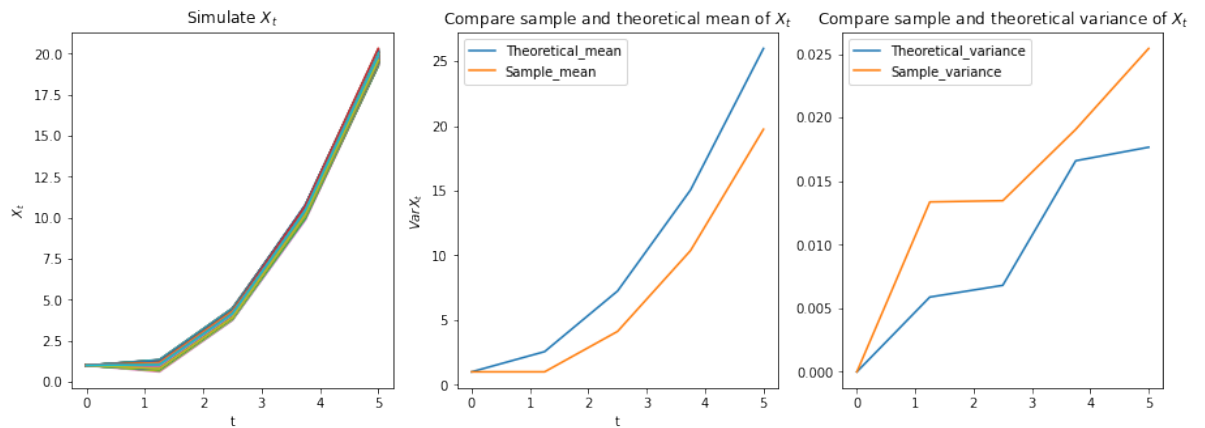
axes[0].set_title("Simulate $X_t$")
axes[1].set_title("Compare sample and theoretical mean of $X_t$")
axes[2].set_title("Compare sample and theoretical variance of $X_t$")
fig.suptitle('Euler-Maruyama simulation and amt_of_timepoints={
plt.show()

get_euler_maruyama_simulation(x=1, T=5, amt_of_timepoints=5*365, N=
get_euler_maruyama_simulation(x=1, T=5, amt_of_timepoints=5, N=1000

```



Euler-Maruyama simulation and amt\_of\_timepoints=5



In [42]: *#question 2c:*

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def mu(t,x,alpha,sigm):
    return -alpha*x
def sigma(t,x,alpha,sigm):
    return sigm
def a(t,x,alpha,sigm):
    return x*np.exp(-alpha*t)
def b(t,x,alpha,sigm):
    return 0.5*sigm**2/alpha*(1-np.exp(-2*alpha*t))

def get_euler_maruyama_simulation_ornstein(x,alpha,sigm,T,amt_of_timepoints):
    mas_t=np.linspace(0,T,amt_of_timepoints)
    mas_samples=np.zeros(N*len(mas_t)).reshape(N,len(mas_t))
    mas_samples[:,0]=x #X0=x
    #print(mas_t)
    for k in range(1,len(mas_t)):
        tk=mas_t[k]
        tkm1=mas_t[k-1]
        Xkm1=mas_samples[:,k-1].flatten()
        mas_of_increments=mu(tkm1,Xkm1,alpha,sigm)*(tk-tkm1) + sigm
        #print(mas_of_increments)
        mas_samples[:,k]=mas_samples[:,k-1]+mas_of_increments.flatten()
        #print(mas_samples)

    theor_mean=np.array([a(tk,x,alpha,sigm) for tk in mas_t])
    sample_mean=mas_samples.mean(axis=0)
    theor_variance=[b(tk,x,alpha,sigm) for tk in mas_t]
    sample_variance=mas_samples.var(axis=0)

    fig, axes = plt.subplots(1, 3)
    fig.set_figheight(5)
    fig.set_figwidth(15)

    for n in range(N):
        axes[0].plot(mas_t, mas_samples[n,:])

    axes[1].plot(mas_t,theor_mean,label='Theoretical_mean')
    axes[1].plot(mas_t,sample_mean,label='Sample_mean')
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axes[2].plot(mas_t,theor_variance,label='Theoretical_variance')
axes[2].plot(mas_t,sample_variance,label='Sample_variance')

axes[0].set_xlabel('t')
axes[1].set_xlabel('t')
axes[1].set_xlabel('t')

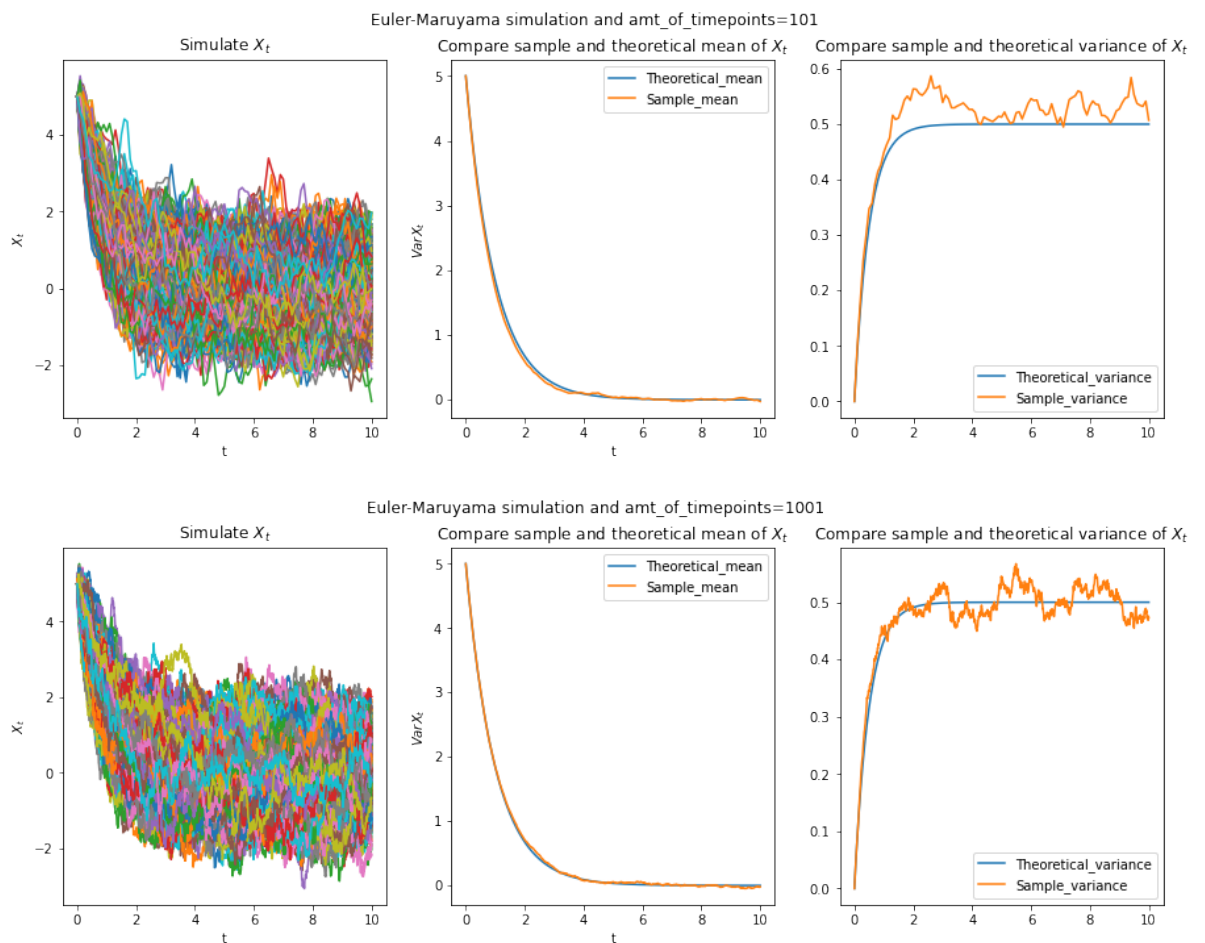
axes[0].set_ylabel('$X_t$')
axes[1].set_ylabel('$EX_t$')
axes[1].set_ylabel('$VarX_t$')

axes[1].legend()
axes[2].legend()

axes[0].set_title("Simulate $X_t$")
axes[1].set_title("Compare sample and theoretical mean of $X_t$")
axes[2].set_title("Compare sample and theoretical variance of $X_t$")
fig.suptitle('Euler-Maruyama simulation and amt_of_timepoints={
plt.show()

get_euler_maruyama_simulation_ornstein(x=5, alpha=1, sigm=1, T=10,
get_euler_maruyama_simulation_ornstein(x=5, alpha=1, sigm=1, T=10,

```



In [ ]:

