ACM-ICPC Template

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2023年12月7日



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1 字符串

1.1 KMP

1.1.1 KMP

```
struct KMP
       #define type char
       int nex[MAX],len;
       type t[MAX];
       void get_next(type *s,int n)
          int i,j;
          for(i=1;i<=n;i++) t[i]=s[i];</pre>
          t[n+1]=0;
          nex[0]=nex[1]=0;
11
          j=0;
          for(i=2;i<=n;i++)</pre>
              while(j&&t[j+1]!=s[i]) j=nex[j];
              if(t[j+1]==s[i]) j++;
              nex[i]=j;
          }
       }
       // s[1..n], return all pos t in s
       vector<int> match(type *s,int n)
22
       {
          int i,j;
24
          vector<int> res;
          for(i=1,j=0;i<=n;i++)</pre>
              while(j&&t[j+1]!=s[i]) j=nex[j];
              if(t[j+1]==s[i]) j++;
              if(j==len)
                  res.push_back(i-len+1);
                  j=nex[j];
              }
          return res;
36
37
       #undef type
   }kmp;// kmp.get_next(s,n); s[1..n]
```

1.1.2 exKMP

```
struct Z_Algorithm

char s[MAX];
int n,z[MAX],ex[MAX];

void get_z_func(char *_s,int _n) // s[0..n-1]

{
```

```
int i,j,l,r;
       n=_n;
       memcpy(s,_s,n);
       z[0]=1=r=0;
       for(i=1;i<n;i++)</pre>
           if(i+z[i-l]-1<r) z[i]=z[i-l];</pre>
           else
              j=max(0,r-i+1);
              while(i+j<n&&s[i+j]==s[j]) j++;</pre>
              z[i]=j;
              if(i+z[i]-1>r)
                  l=i;
                  r=i+z[i]-1;
              }
           }
       z[0]=n;
   void get_ex(char *t,int m) // t[0..m-1]
       int i,j,l,r;
       j=l=0;
       while(j<n&&j<m&&t[j]==s[j]) j++;</pre>
       ex[0]=j;
       r=1+ex[0]-1;
       for(i=1;i<m;i++)</pre>
           if(i+z[i-l]-1<r) ex[i]=z[i-l];</pre>
           {
              j=max(0,r-i+1);
              while(i+j<m&&t[i+j]==s[j]) j++;</pre>
              ex[i]=j;
              if(i+ex[i]-1>r)
                  l=i;
                  r=i+ex[i]-1;
              }
           }
       }
}z;
z[i]: lcp(s,s[i..n-1]) i=0..n-1
ex[i]: lcp(s,t[i..m-1]) i=0..m-1
z.get_z_func(s,n) s[0..n-1]
z.get_ex(t,m) t[0..m-1]
*/
```

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1.2 hash

1.2.1 hash

```
mt19937_64 rd(time(0));
   struct hash table
   {
      11 seed,p;
      11 Hash[MAX],tmp[MAX];
      void set(11 _p)
          seed=rd()%_p;
          p=_p;
      void work(char *s,int n)
          tmp[0]=1;
          Hash[0]=0;
          for(int i=1;i<=n;i++)</pre>
             tmp[i]=tmp[i-1]*seed%p;
             Hash[i]=(Hash[i-1]*seed+s[i])%p;//may
                  need change
          }
19
      11 get(int l,int r)
          return ((Hash[r]-Hash[l-1]*tmp[r-l+1])%p+p)%p
      }
   };
```

1.2.2 good_hash_prime

1.2.3 hash_map

```
struct hash_map
{
    static const int p=999917;
```

```
11 val[MAX],w[MAX];
       int tot,head[p],nex[MAX];
      int top,st[MAX];
      void clear(){tot=0;while(top) head[st[top
           --]]=0;}
      void add(int x,ll y){val[++tot]=y;nex[tot]=head[
           x];head[x]=tot;w[tot]=0;}
      bool count(11 y)
9
10
          int x=y%p;
          for(int i=head[x];i;i=nex[i])
              if(y==val[i]) return 1;
          return 0;
16
17
      11& operator [](11 y)
18
19
          int x=y%p;
20
          for(int i=head[x];i;i=nex[i])
              if(y==val[i]) return w[i];
          add(x,y);
          st[++top]=x;
          return w[tot];
      }
   }mp;
```

1.2.4 BKDRHash

```
struct BKDRHash
2
       static const ull seed=1313131;//
           31,131,1313,13131,131313
       static const int p=2000007;
       ull Hash[MAX],tmp[MAX];
       ull val[MAX];
       int last[p+10],nex[MAX],cnt;
       void init()//clear hash table
          mem(last,0);
10
          cnt=0;
11
12
       bool insert(ull x)
13
14
          int u=x%p;
          for(int i=last[u];i;i=nex[i])
              if(val[i]==x) return 1;
          nex[++cnt]=last[u];
20
          last[u]=cnt;
21
          val[cnt]=x;
22
```

```
return 0;
}

void work(char *s,int n)

{
    tmp[0]=1;
    Hash[0]=0;
    for(int i=1;i<=n;i++)

    {
        tmp[i]=tmp[i-1]*seed;
        Hash[i]=Hash[i-1]*seed+s[i];

    }

ull get(int l,int r)

{
    return Hash[r]-Hash[l-1]*tmp[r-l+1];
}

}
}bkdr; //bkdr.init();</pre>
```

1.3 Manacher

1.3.1 插字符

```
struct Manacher
{
   int p[MAX<<1];</pre>
    char s[MAX<<1];</pre>
   int work(char *a,int n) // a[1..n]
   {
       int i,mid,r,res=0;
       for(i=1;i<=n;i++)</pre>
       {
           p[i]=0;
           s[2*i-1]='%';
           s[2*i]=a[i];
       s[n=n*2+1]='%';
       mid=r=0;
       for(i=1;i<=n;i++)</pre>
           if(i<r) p[i]=min(p[2*mid-i],r-i);</pre>
           else p[i]=1;
           while(i-p[i]>=1&&i+p[i]<=n&&s[i-p[i]]==s[</pre>
                i+p[i]]) p[i]++;
           if(i+p[i]>r)
               r=i+p[i];
               mid=i;
           res=max(res,p[i]-1);
       return res;
   }
}la;
```

1.3.2 不插字符

2

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```
struct Manacher
   int p[MAX];
   int work(char *s,int n) //s[1..n]
       int r,mid,i,res=0;
       //odd
       r=mid=0;
       for(i=0;i<=n;i++) p[i]=0;</pre>
       for(i=1;i<=n;i++)</pre>
          //palindrome substring s[i,i]
          if(r>i) p[i]=min(p[2*mid-i],r-i);
          while(i+p[i]+1<=n&&s[i+p[i]+1]==s[i-p[i
               ]-1])
          {
              //palindrome substring s[i-p[i]-1,i+p[
                  i]+1]
              p[i]++;
          }
          if(i+p[i]>r)
              r=i+p[i];
              mid=i;
          res=max(res,p[i]*2+1);
       }
       //even
       r=mid=0;
       for(i=0;i<=n;i++) p[i]=0;</pre>
       for(i=2;i<=n;i++)</pre>
          if(r>i) p[i]=min(p[2*mid-i],r-i+1);
          while(i+p[i] \le n\&s[i+p[i]] = s[i-p[i]-1])
              //palindrome substring s[i-p[i]-1,i+p[
                  i]]
              p[i]++;
          if(i+p[i]-1>r)
              r=i+p[i]-1;
              mid=i;
          res=max(res,p[i]*2);
       }
       return res;
   }
}la;
```

1.4 后缀数组

1.4.1 倍增 sa

```
struct Suffix_Array
2
       int s[MAX],n,SZ;
       int c[MAX],rk[MAX],tmp[MAX],sa[MAX],h[MAX];
       void get_sa()
           int m,i,j,k,tot;
           m=SZ;
           for(i=1;i<=m;i++) c[i]=0;</pre>
           for(i=1;i<=n;i++) c[rk[i]=s[i]]++;</pre>
           for(i=2;i<=m;i++) c[i]+=c[i-1];</pre>
           for(i=n;i;i--) sa[c[rk[i]]--]=i;
           for(k=1;k<=n;k<<=1)</pre>
           {
              tot=0;
              for(i=n-k+1;i<=n;i++) tmp[++tot]=i;</pre>
              for(i=1;i<=n;i++)</pre>
                  if(sa[i]>k) tmp[++tot]=sa[i]-k;
              for(i=1;i<=m;i++) c[i]=0;</pre>
               for(i=1;i<=n;i++) c[rk[i]]++;</pre>
               for(i=2;i<=m;i++) c[i]+=c[i-1];</pre>
               for(i=n;i;i--)
               {
                  sa[c[rk[tmp[i]]]--]=tmp[i];
                  tmp[i]=0;
27
               swap(rk,tmp);
              rk[sa[1]]=1;
              tot=1;
              for(i=2;i<=n;i++)</pre>
                  if(sa[i]+k>n||sa[i-1]+k>n||
                     (!(tmp[sa[i]]==tmp[sa[i-1]]&&
                        tmp[sa[i]+k]==tmp[sa[i-1]+k])))
                            tot++;
                  rk[sa[i]]=tot;
37
              if(tot==n) break;
39
              m=tot;
           }
           h[1]=0;
           k=0;
           for(i=1;i<=n;i++)</pre>
              if(rk[i]==1) continue;
              if(k>0) k--;
              j=sa[rk[i]-1];
               while(j+k <= n\&\&i+k <= n\&\&s[i+k] == s[j+k]) k
                   ++;
```

```
h[rk[i]]=k;
50
           }
51
52
       void work(char *_s,int _n) //s[1..n]
53
          SZ=0; // char size
55
          n=_n;
          for(int i=1;i<=n;i++)</pre>
57
              s[i]=_s[i];
              SZ=max(SZ,s[i]);
           get_sa();
   }sa;
64
   sa[i]: s[sa[i]..n] rank is i
   rk[i]: s[i..n] rank is rk[i]
67
   h[i]: lcp(s[sa[i]..n],s[sa[i-1]..n])
   lcp(s[i..n],s[j..n]) (i<j): min{h[i+1..j]}</pre>
69
   sa.work(s,n) s[1..n]
71
   */
```

1.4.2 SA-IS

```
struct SA
       char S[MAX]; int n,m;
       int s[MAX<<1],t[MAX<<1],H[MAX],sa[MAX],r[MAX],p[</pre>
           MAX],c[MAX],w[MAX];
       inline int trans(int n,const char* S){
           int m=*max_element(S+1,S+1+n);
           for(int i=1;i<=n;++i) r[S[i]]=1;</pre>
          for(int i=1;i<=m;++i) r[i]+=r[i-1];</pre>
          for(int i=1;i<=n;++i) s[i]=r[S[i]];</pre>
           return r[m];
10
11
       #define ps(x) sa[w[s[x]]--]=x
12
       #define pl(x) sa[w[s[x]]++]=x
13
       inline void radix(int* v,int* s,int* t,int n,int
14
             m, int n1){
          memset(sa,0,n+1<<2); memset(c,0,m+1<<2);</pre>
15
          for(int i=1;i<=n;++i) ++c[s[i]];</pre>
16
           for(int i=1;i<=m;++i) w[i]=c[i]+=c[i-1];</pre>
17
          for(int i=n1;i;--i) ps(v[i]);
           for(int i=1;i<=m;++i) w[i]=c[i-1]+1;</pre>
          for(int i=1;i<=n;++i) if(sa[i]>1 && t[sa[i]
               ]-1]) pl(sa[i]-1);
           for(int i=1;i<=m;++i) w[i]=c[i];</pre>
           for(int i=n;i;--i) if(sa[i]>1 && !t[sa[i]-1])
                ps(sa[i]-1);
       }
23
```

```
inline void SAIS(int n,int m,int* s,int* t,int*
       int n1=0,ch=r[1]=0,*s1=s+n; t[n]=0;
       for(int i=n-1;i;--i) t[i]=s[i]==s[i+1]?t[i
           +1]:s[i]>s[i+1];
       for(int i=2;i<=n;++i) r[i]=t[i-1]&&!t[i]?(p</pre>
           [++n1]=i,n1):0;
       radix(p,s,t,n,m,n1);
       for(int i=1,x,y;i<=n;++i) if(x=r[sa[i]]){</pre>
          if(ch<=1 || p[x+1]-p[x]!=p[y+1]-p[y]) ++
          else for(int j=p[x],k=p[y];j<=p[x+1];++j</pre>
              if((s[j]<<1|t[j])^(s[k]<<1|t[k])){ ++
                  ch; break; }
          s1[y=x]=ch;
       }
       if(ch<n1) SAIS(n1,ch,s1,t+n,p+n1);</pre>
       else for(int i=1;i<=n1;++i) sa[s1[i]]=i;</pre>
       for(int i=1;i<=n1;++i) s1[i]=p[sa[i]];</pre>
       radix(s1,s,t,n,m,n1);
   inline void get_sa(int n,const char* S,int *ssa,
       int *h){
       int m=trans(++n,S); SAIS(n,m,s,t,p);
       for(int i=1;i<n;++i) r[sa[i]=sa[i+1]]=i;</pre>
       for(int i=1,j,k=0;i<n;++i) if(r[i]>1){
          for(j=sa[r[i]-1];S[i+k]==S[j+k];++k);
          if(H[r[i]]=k) --k;
       for(int i=1;i<=n;i++)</pre>
          ssa[i]=sa[i];
          h[i]=H[i];
       }
}sais;
```

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1.5 自动机

1.5.1 AC 自动机

```
54
   struct AC_Automaton
   {
                                                             56
      static const int K=;
      int nex[MAX][K],fail[MAX],cnt[MAX],last[MAX];
                                                             58
      int root,tot,pos[MAX];
      int getid(char c){return c-;}//may need change
      int newnode()
          memset(nex[tot],0,sizeof nex[tot]);
                                                             63
          fail[tot]=0;
          cnt[tot]=0;
                                                             65
          return tot++;
12
```

```
void init()
   tot=0;
   root=newnode();
void insert(char *s,int n,int x) // s[0..n-1]
{
   int now,i,t;
   now=root;
   for(i=0;i<n;i++)</pre>
       t=getid(s[i]);
       if(!nex[now][t]) nex[now][t]=newnode();
       now=nex[now][t];
   }
   cnt[now]++;
   pos[x]=now;
void work()
   int i,now;
   queue<int> q;
   for(i=0;i<K;i++)</pre>
       if(nex[root][i]) q.push(nex[root][i]);
   while(!q.empty())
       now=q.front();
       q.pop();
       //suffix link
       if(cnt[fail[now]]) last[now]=fail[now];
       else last[now]=last[fail[now]];
       for(i=0;i<K;i++)</pre>
       {
          if(nex[now][i])
              fail[nex[now][i]]=nex[fail[now]][i
              q.push(nex[now][i]);
          else nex[now][i]=nex[fail[now]][i];
       }
   }
int out[MAX];
void topsort()
   int i,t;
   queue<int> q;
   for(i=1;i<tot;i++) out[fail[i]]++;</pre>
```

```
for(i=1;i<tot;i++)</pre>
               if(!out[i]) q.push(i);
           while(!q.empty())
               t=q.front();
               q.pop();
               // do something
               out[fail[t]]--;
               if(out[fail[t]]==0) q.push(fail[t]);
           }
       int query(char *s,int n)
           int len,now,i,res,t,tmp;
           now=root;
           res=0;
           vector<pair<int,int>> del;
           for(i=0;i<n;i++)</pre>
               t=getid(s[i]);
               now=nex[now][t];
               tmp=now;
               while(tmp&&cnt[tmp]!=-1)
                  res+=cnt[tmp];
                  del.push_back({tmp,cnt[tmp]});
95
                  cnt[tmp]=-1;
                  tmp=last[tmp];
97
               }
           for(auto &it:del) cnt[it.first]=it.second;
           return res;
       void build_fail_tree(vector<int> mp[])
           for(int i=0;i<=tot;i++) mp[i].clear();</pre>
105
           for(int i=1;i<tot;i++) mp[fail[i]].push_back(</pre>
106
               i);
       }
107
    }ac;
108
109
    i is the suffix for each node in the subtree(i) of
110
        the fail tree
111
    ac.init();
112
    ac.insert(s,len,id); s[0..len-1], id:1..n
    ac.work();
    ac.query(s,len); s[0..len-1]
    ac.build_fail_tree(mp);
```

1.5.2 大字符集 AC 自动机

```
struct AC_Automaton
2
       map<int,int> nex[MAX];
       VI toplist;
       int fail[MAX],last[MAX],cnt[MAX];
       int root,tot;
       int newnode()
          tot++;
          nex[tot].clear();
          return tot;
11
       }
12
       void init()
13
14
15
          toplist.clear();
          tot=0;
          root=newnode();
17
       void insert(VI &s)
          int len,now,i;
          len=sz(s);
          now=root;
          for(i=0;i<len;i++)</pre>
              int t=s[i];
26
              if(!nex[now].count(t)) nex[now][t]=
                  newnode();
              now=nex[now][t];
29
          cnt[now]=1;
       }
       void work()
          int i,now;
          queue<int>q;
          for(auto it:nex[root])
              fail[it.se]=root;
38
              q.push(it.se);
39
40
          fail[root]=1;
41
          while(!q.empty())
42
43
              now=q.front();
              q.pop();
              toplist.pb(now);
              //suffix link
          /* if(cnt[fail[now]]) last[now]=fail[now];
              else last[now]=last[fail[now]];*/
49
              cnt[now]+=cnt[fail[now]];
50
              for(auto it:nex[now])
```

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```
{
                 int fail_now=fail[now];
                 while(fail_now>1&&!nex[fail_now].count
                     (it.fi)) fail_now=fail[fail_now];
                 if(nex[fail_now].count(it.fi)) fail[it
                     .se]=nex[fail_now][it.fi];
                 else fail[it.se]=root;
                 q.push(it.se);
             }
          }
      int query(VI& s,int x)
          int len,now,i,res;
          len=sz(s);
64
          now=root;
          res=0;
          for(i=0;i<len;i++)</pre>
             int t=s[i];
             while(now>1&&!nex[now].count(t)) now=fail
             if(nex[now].count(t)) now=nex[now][t];
             else now=root;
             //do something
          return res;
      void toptrans()
78
          for(int i=sz(toplist)-1;~i;i--)/*do something
79
              */;
      }
80
   }ac;
```

1.5.3 后缀自动机

```
struct Suffix_Automaton
   {
      static const int N=MAX<<1;</pre>
      static const int K=26;// char size: [0,25]
      int tot,last,nex[N][K],fa[N],len[N],cnt[N],
           maxlen;
      int newnode()
      {
          tot++;
          fa[tot]=len[tot]=cnt[tot]=0;
          mem(nex[tot],0);
          return tot;
      void init()
          fa[0]=len[0]=cnt[0]=0;
          mem(nex[0],0);
16
```

```
tot=0;
   maxlen=0;
   last=newnode();
void add(int x)
   int p,q,np,nq;
   p=last;
   np=last=newnode();
   len[np]=len[p]+1;
   maxlen=max(maxlen,len[np]);
   cnt[last]=1;
   while(p&&!nex[p][x])
       nex[p][x]=np;
       p=fa[p];
   if(p==0) fa[np]=1;
   else
       q=nex[p][x];
       if(len[q]==len[p]+1) fa[np]=q;
       else
       {
          nq=newnode();
          memcpy(nex[nq],nex[q],sizeof(nex[q]));
          len[nq]=len[p]+1;
          maxlen=max(maxlen,len[nq]);
          fa[nq]=fa[q];
          fa[q]=fa[np]=nq;
          while(p\&nex[p][x]==q)
              nex[p][x]=nq;
              p=fa[p];
          }
       }
   }
int sum[N],tp[N];
void topsort()
{
   int i;
   for(i=1;i<=maxlen;i++) sum[i]=0;</pre>
   for(i=1;i<=tot;i++) sum[len[i]]++;</pre>
   for(i=1;i<=maxlen;i++) sum[i]+=sum[i-1];</pre>
   for(i=1;i<=tot;i++) tp[sum[len[i]]--]=i;</pre>
   for(i=tot;i;i--) cnt[fa[tp[i]]]+=cnt[tp[i]];
void build_tree(VI mp[])
   for(int i=1;i<=tot;i++) mp[i].clear();</pre>
   for(int i=1;i<=tot;i++) mp[fa[i]].pb(i);</pre>
int pos[N],id[N];
```

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62

```
void init_pos(char *s,int n)//s[1..n]
           int now=1;
73
           for(int i=1;i<=tot;i++) id[i]=-1;</pre>
           for(int i=1;i<=n;i++)</pre>
               now=nex[now][s[i]-'a'];
               pos[i]=now;
               id[now]=i;
           }
        int st[N][21];
        void init_ST()
           int i,j,x;
           for(i=1;i<=tot;i++)</pre>
               x=tp[i];
               st[x][0]=fa[x];
               for(j=1;j<20;j++)</pre>
                   st[x][j]=st[st[x][j-1]][j-1];
               }
           }
        int get_substr(int l,int r)//init_pos init_ST
           int now,tmp,i;
           now=pos[r];
           for(i=19;~i;i--)
100
101
               tmp=st[now][i];
102
               if(tmp&&len[tmp]>=r-l+1) now=tmp;
103
104
105
           return now;
    }sam;// sam.init();
```

1.5.4 回文自动机

```
struct Palindrome_Tree

{
    static const int N=MAX;
    static const int LOGN=log2(N)+3;
    static const int K=26;// char size: [0,25]
    int len[N],nex[N][K],fail[N],last,pos[N],s[N],
        tot,n;
    int cnt[N],dep[N];
    int newnode(int 1)
    {
        memset(nex[tot],0,sizeof nex[tot]);
        fail[tot]=0;
        dep[tot]=cnt[tot]=0;
        len[tot]=1;
}
```

```
return tot++;
}
void init()
   tot=n=last=0;
   newnode(0);
   newnode(-1);
   s[0]=-1;
   fail[0]=1;
}
int get_fail(int x)
   while(s[n-len[x]-1]!=s[n]) x=fail[x];
   return x;
void add(int t,int p)
   int id, now;
   s[++n]=t;
   now=get_fail(last);
   if(!nex[now][t])
       id=newnode(len[now]+2);
       fail[id]=nex[get_fail(fail[now])][t];
       dep[id]=dep[fail[id]]+1;
       nex[now][t]=id;
   last=nex[now][t];
   cnt[last]++;
   pos[p]=last;
}
void topsort()
   for(int i=tot-1;i;i--) cnt[fail[i]]+=cnt[i];
int st[N][LOGN];
void init_ST()
{
   int i,j;
   for(i=2;i<tot;i++)</pre>
       st[i][0]=fail[i];
       for(j=1;j<LOGN;j++)</pre>
          st[i][j]=st[st[i][j-1]][j-1];
       }
   }
int get_substr(int l,int r)//init_ST
{
   int now,tmp,i;
   now=pos[r];
   for(i=LOGN-1;~i;i--)
```

```
if(len[st[now][i]]>=r-l+1) now=st[now][i
          }
69
          //maybe need judge if len[now]==r-l+1
70
          return now;
72
       void build_tree(vector<int> mp[])// root is 0
73
          for(int i=0;i<=tot+1;i++) mp[i].clear();</pre>
          for(int i=1;i<tot;i++) mp[fail[i]].push_back(</pre>
               i);
       }
   }pam;
   pam.init();
   pam.add(t,id); t is int
```

1.5.5 序列自动机

```
int nex[MAX][26];
void work(char *s,int len)

{
    mem(nex[len],0);
    for(int i=len;i;i--)
    {
        for(int j=0;j<26;j++)
        {
            nex[i-1][j]=nex[i][j];
        }
        nex[i-1][s[i]-'a']=i;
    }
}</pre>
```

1.6 最小表示法

1.6.1 最小表示法

```
int min_representation(char *s,int n) // s[0..n-1]
{
    int i,j,k,tmp;
    i=k=0;
    j=1;
    while(i<n&&j<n&&k<n)
    {
        tmp=s[(i+k)%n]-s[(j+k)%n];
        if(!tmp) k++;
        else
        {
            if(tmp>0) i=i+k+1;
            else j=j+k+1;
            if(i==j) j++;
        }
}
```

1.6.2 最大表示法

```
int max_representation(char *s,int n) // s[0..n-1]
       int i,j,k,tmp;
       i=k=0;
       j=1;
       while(i<n&&j<n&&k<n)</pre>
           tmp=s[(i+k)%n]-s[(j+k)%n];
           if(!tmp) k++;
           else
               if(tmp<0) i=i+k+1;</pre>
               else j=j+k+1;
               if(i==j) j++;
               k=0;
           }
17
       return i<j?i:j;</pre>
18
19
```

1.7 shift_and

```
void shift_and(char *s,char *t)//s[1..n],t[1..m] (n
   {
2
       static const int SZ=26;
       int n,m,i;
       bitset<MAX> b[SZ],d;
       for(i=0;i<SZ;i++) b[i].reset();</pre>
       d.reset();
       n=strlen(s+1);
       m=strlen(t+1);
       for(i=1;i<=n;i++)</pre>
10
11
          b[s[i]-'a'].set(i-1);//change
12
          //other matching character sets
13
       for(i=1;i<=m;i++)</pre>
          d<<=1;
          d.set(0);
          d&=(b[t[i]-'a']);//change
          if(d[n-1]==1)//successful match
20
           {
21
22
```

38

40

49

51

2 数据结构

2.1 离散化

```
struct Discretization
   {
      #define type ll
      #define all(x) x.begin(),x.end()
      vector<type> a;
      void init(){a.clear();}
      void add(type x){a.push_back(x);}
      void work(){sort(all(a));a.resize(unique(all(a))
           -a.begin());}
      int get_pos(type x){return lower_bound(all(a),x)
           -a.begin()+1;}
      type get_val(int pos){return a[pos-1];}
10
      int size(){return a.size();}
11
      #undef type
      #undef all
   }d;
14
```

2.2 RMQ

2.2.1 一维 RMQ

```
struct RMQ
   {
       #define type int
       type v[MAX];
       int pmax(int a,int b){return v[a]>v[b]?a:b;}
       int pmin(int a,int b){return v[a]<v[b]?a:b;}</pre>
       int lg[MAX],bin[22];
       int pmx[MAX][22],pmn[MAX][22];
       type mx[MAX][22],mn[MAX][22];
       void work(int n,type *a)
          int i,j;
          for(i=bin[0]=1;1<<(i-1)<=n;i++) bin[i]=(bin[i</pre>
13
               -1]<<1);
          for(i=2,lg[1]=0;i<=n;i++) lg[i]=lg[i>>1]+1;
          for(i=1;i<=n;i++)</pre>
          {
              v[i]=a[i];
              mx[i][0]=mn[i][0]=v[i];
              pmx[i][0]=pmn[i][0]=i;
          for(j=1;1<<(j-1)<=n;j++)</pre>
              for(i=1;i+bin[j]-1<=n;i++)</pre>
```

```
{
             mx[i][j]=max(mx[i][j-1],mx[i+bin[j
                 -1]][j-1]);
             mn[i][j]=min(mn[i][j-1],mn[i+bin[j
                 -1]][j-1]);
             pmx[i][j]=pmax(pmx[i][j-1],pmx[i+bin[j
                 -1]][j-1]);
             pmn[i][j]=pmin(pmn[i][j-1],pmn[i+bin[j
                 -1]][j-1]);
          }
      }
   type ask_max(int 1,int r)
      int t=lg[r-l+1];
      return max(mx[l][t],mx[r-bin[t]+1][t]);
   type ask_min(int l,int r)
   {
      int t=lg[r-l+1];
      return min(mn[l][t],mn[r-bin[t]+1][t]);
   int ask_pmax(int 1,int r)
      int t=lg[r-l+1];
      return pmax(pmx[l][t],pmx[r-bin[t]+1][t]);
   int ask_pmin(int l,int r)
      int t=lg[r-l+1];
      return pmin(pmn[l][t],pmn[r-bin[t]+1][t]);
   #undef type
}rmq;
```

2.2.2 二维 RMQ

```
if(!(ii+jj)) continue;
              for(i=1;i+(1<<ii)-1<=n;i++)</pre>
                 for(j=1;j+(1<<jj)-1<=m;j++)</pre>
                 {
                    if(ii)
                    {
                        minn[i][j][ii][jj]=min(minn[i][
                            j][ii-1][jj],minn[i+(1<<(ii
                            -1))][j][ii-1][jj]);
                        maxx[i][j][ii][jj]=max(maxx[i][
                            j][ii-1][jj],maxx[i+(1<<(ii
                            -1))][j][ii-1][jj]);
                    }
                    else
                    {
                        minn[i][j][ii][jj]=min(minn[i][
                            j][ii][jj-1],minn[i][j
                            +(1<<(jj-1))][ii][jj-1]);
                        maxx[i][j][ii][jj]=max(maxx[i][
                            j][ii][jj-1],maxx[i][j
                            +(1<<(jj-1))][ii][jj-1]);
                    }
                 }
             }
          }
34
      }
   int ask_max(int x1,int y1,int x2,int y2)
37
   {
38
      int k1=0;
39
      while((1<<(k1+1))<=x2-x1+1) k1++;
40
       int k2=0;
      while((1<<(k2+1))<=y2-y1+1) k2++;
      x2=x2-(1<< k1)+1;
      y2=y2-(1<<k2)+1;
       return max(maxx[x1][y1][k1][k2],maxx[x1][y2
           ][k1][k2]),max(maxx[x2][y1][k1][k2],maxx[x2
           ][y2][k1][k2]))
   int ask_min(int x1,int y1,int x2,int y2)
   {
48
      int k1=0;
49
      while((1<<(k1+1))<=x2-x1+1) k1++;
50
       int k2=0;
51
      while((1<<(k2+1))<=y2-y1+1) k2++;
      x2=x2-(1<< k1)+1;
      y2=y2-(1<<k2)+1;
       return min(min(minn[x1][y1][k1][k2],minn[x1][y2
           ][k1][k2]),min(minn[x2][y1][k1][k2],minn[x2
           ][y2][k1][k2]));
```

2.3 单调队列

```
struct Monotone_queue
       #define type int
       type v[MAX][2];//0 is min, 1 is max
       int p[MAX][2];
       int 1[2],r[2];
       void clear()
          1[0]=r[0]=0;
          l[1]=r[1]=0;
10
       }
11
       void insert(type x,int pos)
12
13
          while (r[0]-l[0]\&v[r[0]-1][0]>=x) r[0]--;
14
          v[r[0]][0]=x;
          p[r[0]++][0]=pos;
          while(r[1]-1[1]&&v[r[1]-1][1]<=x) r[1]--;
17
          v[r[1]][1]=x;
          p[r[1]++][1]=pos;
19
20
       void erase(int pos)
21
22
          while(r[0]-1[0]&&p[1[0]][0]<=pos) 1[0]++;</pre>
23
          while(r[1]-1[1]&&p[1[1]][1]<=pos) 1[1]++;</pre>
24
25
       type get_min(){return v[1[0]][0];}
       type get_max(){return v[l[1]][1];}
       #undef type
   }dq;
```

2.4 并查集

2.4.1 并查集

```
struct Disjoint_Set_Union
       int pre[MAX],sz[MAX];
       void init(int n)
          int i;
          for(i=1;i<=n;i++)</pre>
              pre[i]=i;
              sz[i]=1;
           }
       int find(int x)
14
          if(pre[x]!=x) pre[x]=find(pre[x]);
          return pre[x];
16
17
       bool merge(int a,int b)
18
```

2.4.2 map 实现并查集

```
struct dsu
   {
       #define type int
       unordered_map<type,type> pre;
       void init(){pre.clear();}
       type find(type x)
       {
          if(pre.count(x)) pre[x]=find(pre[x]);
          else return x;
          return pre[x];
       bool merge(type a, type b)
          type ra,rb;
          ra=find(a);
          rb=find(b);
          if(ra!=rb)
18
              pre[ra]=rb;
              return 1;
20
          }
          return 0;
22
23
       #undef type
24
   }dsu;
```

2.4.3 可撤销并查集

```
pre[i]=i;
10
              sz[i]=1;
11
          }
12
          top=0;
13
       }
14
       int find(int x)
15
16
          while(x!=pre[x]) x=pre[x];
17
          return x;
       }
       bool merge(int a,int b)
           int ra,rb;
          ra=find(a);
           rb=find(b);
24
           if(ra==rb) return 0;
25
          if(sz[ra]>sz[rb]) swap(ra,rb);
26
          pre[ra]=rb;
27
          sz[rb]+=sz[ra];
28
          st[top++]={ra,rb};
          return 1;
30
       void roll_back()
          PII now=st[--top];
          pre[now.first]=now.first;
           sz[now.second]-=sz[now.first];
36
   }dsu;
```

2.5 树状数组

2.5.1 一维单点 BIT

```
struct Fenwick_Tree
2
       #define type int
       type bit[MAX];
       int n;
       void init(int _n)
          n=_n;
          for(int i=0;i<=n;i++) bit[i]=0;</pre>
10
       int lowbit(int x){return x&(-x);}
11
       type get(int x)
12
       {
13
          type res=0;
          while(x)
              res+=bit[x];
              x-=lowbit(x);
18
19
          return res;
20
```

2.5.2 一维区间 BIT

```
struct Fenwick_Tree
      #define type int
      type bit[MAX][2];
       void init(int _n)
          n=_n;
          for(int i=0;i<=n;i++)</pre>
             bit[i][0]=bit[i][1]=0;
12
      int lowbit(int x){return x&(-x);}
      void _insert(int x,type v)
          for(int i=x;i<=n;i+=lowbit(i))</pre>
             bit[i][0]+=v;
             bit[i][1]+=v*(x-1);
      type get(int x)
23
          type res=0;
          for(int i=x;i;i-=lowbit(i))
             res+=x*bit[i][0]-bit[i][1];
          return res;
      void upd(int l,int r,type v)
          _insert(1,v);
```

```
__insert(r+1,-v);

36     }

37     type ask(int l,int r)

38     {
        if(l-1<=0) return get(r);
        return get(r)-get(l-1);

41     }

42     #undef type

43     }tr;</pre>
```

2.5.3 二维单点 BIT

```
struct Fenwick_Tree
       #define type int
       type bit[MAX][MAX];
       int n,m;
       void init(int _n,int _m){n=_n;m=_m;mem(bit,0);}
       int lowbit(int x){return x&(-x);}
       void update(int x,int y,type v)
          int i,j;
10
          for(i=x;i<=n;i+=lowbit(i))</pre>
              for(j=y;j<=m;j+=lowbit(j))</pre>
                 bit[i][j]+=v;
17
18
       type get(int x,int y)
19
          type i,j,res=0;
21
          for(i=x;i>0;i-=lowbit(i))
              for(j=y;j>0;j-=lowbit(j))
                 res+=bit[i][j];
              }
          return res;
29
30
       type ask(int x1,int x2,int y1,int y2)
32
          x1--;
          return get(x2,y2)-get(x1,y2)-get(x2,y1)+get(
              x1,y1);
       #undef type
   }tr;
38
```

2.6 线段树

2.6.1 线段树

```
struct Segment_Tree
   {
2
       #define type int
       #define ls (id<<1)
       #define rs (id<<1|1)
       struct node
          type v;
          void init()
12
       }t[MAX<<2];
13
       int n,ql,qr,qop;
14
       type a[MAX],tag[MAX<<2],qv;</pre>
15
       node merge(node x,node y)
16
          node res;
          return res;
       void pushup(int id){t[id]=merge(t[ls],t[rs]);}
       void pushdown(int 1,int r,int id)
          if(!tag[id]) return;
          int mid=(l+r)>>1;
27
       void build(int l,int r,int id)
29
          tag[id]=0;
          t[id].init();
          if(l==r)
              //init
              return;
          int mid=(l+r)>>1;
          build(1,mid,ls);
          build(mid+1,r,rs);
40
          pushup(id);
42
       void update(int l,int r,int id)
43
          if(1>=q1&&r<=qr)
              return;
          pushdown(l,r,id);
          int mid=(l+r)>>1;
51
```

```
if(ql<=mid) update(l,mid,ls);</pre>
           if(qr>mid) update(mid+1,r,rs);
53
           pushup(id);
54
55
       node query(int 1,int r,int id)
56
57
           if(l>=ql&&r<=qr) return t[id];</pre>
58
           pushdown(l,r,id);
59
           int mid=(l+r)>>1;
           if(qr<=mid) return query(l,mid,ls);</pre>
61
           if(ql>mid) return query(mid+1,r,rs);
           return merge(query(1,mid,ls),query(mid+1,r,rs
64
       void build(int _n){n=_n;build(1,n,1);}
65
       void upd(int l,int r,type v)
67
          q1=1;
68
          qr=r;
69
           qv=v;
70
          update(1,n,1);
71
72
       type ask(int l,int r)
73
          ql=1;
           qr=r;
           return query(1,n,1).v;
77
78
       #undef type
79
       #undef ls
80
       #undef rs
81
   }tr;
```

2.6.2 动态开点线段树

```
//空间大小是nlogm,为插入的节点总数n,为区间长度m
   struct Segment_Tree
      #define type int
      static const int LOGN=31;
      int root,tot,ls[MAX*LOGN],rs[MAX*LOGN],ql,qr,n;
      type v[MAX*LOGN],tag[MAX*LOGN],qv;
      int newnode()
      {
         ls[tot]=rs[tot]=0;
10
         v[tot]=0;
11
         tag[tot]=-1;
12
         return tot++;
      }
      void build(int _n)
17
         n=_n;
         tot=0;
18
          root=newnode();
19
```

```
void pushup(int id)
21
23
       void pushdown(int id)
25
          if(tag[id]==-1) return;
27
          if(!ls[id]) ls[id]=newnode();
          if(!rs[id]) rs[id]=newnode();
          tag[id]=-1;
       void update(int l,int r,int &id)
34
          if(!id) id=newnode();
36
          if(1>=q1&&r<=qr)
              //do something
              return;
          pushdown(id);
          int mid=(l+r)>>1;
          if(ql<=mid) update(l,mid,ls[id]);</pre>
          if(qr>mid) update(mid+1,r,rs[id]);
          pushup(id);
       type res;
       void query(int 1,int r,int &id)
49
          if(!id) return;
51
          if(1>=q1&&r<=qr)
              //do something
              return;
          pushdown(id);
          int mid=(l+r)>>1;
          if(ql<=mid) query(l,mid,ls[id]);</pre>
          if(qr>mid) query(mid+1,r,rs[id]);
       void upd(int l,int r,type v)
62
          q1=1;
          qr=r;
          qv=v;
          update(1,n,root);
       type ask(int l,int r)//init res
          ql=l;
          qr=r;
          res=0;
```

2.6.3 线段树分裂合并

```
struct Segment_Tree
       #define type int
       int s[MAX*20],top;
       int root[MAX],tot,ls[MAX*20],rs[MAX*20],ql,qr,n;
       type v[MAX*20],tag[MAX*20],qv;
       void init()
          top=0;
          mem(root,0);
10
          ls[0]=rs[0]=0;
11
          v[0]=0;
12
          tot=1;
       }
       int newnode()
16
          int t;
          if(top) t=s[--top];
18
          else t=tot++;
19
          ls[t]=rs[t]=0;
20
          v[t]=0;
21
          return t;
22
       }
23
       void delnode(int x)
24
          s[top++]=x;
       void pushup(int id)
          v[id]=v[ls[id]]+v[rs[id]];
30
31
       void pushdown(int id)
32
33
          if(tag[id]==-1) return;
34
          if(!ls[id]) ls[id]=newnode();
35
          if(!rs[id]) rs[id]=newnode();
37
          tag[id]=-1;
39
       }
       int split(int l,int r,int &id)
          if(!id) return 0;
          if(ql<=l&&r<=qr)
45
              int temp=id;
46
```

```
id=0;
              return temp;
           }
49
           int t=newnode();
50
           int mid=(l+r)>>1;
           if(ql<=mid) ls[t]=split(l,mid,ls[id]);</pre>
52
           if(qr>mid) rs[t]=split(mid+1,r,rs[id]);
           pushup(t);
           pushup(id);
           return t;
       int merge(int a,int b)
           if(!a||!b) return a+b;
           ls[a]=merge(ls[a],ls[b]);
           rs[a]=merge(rs[a],rs[b]);
           if(!ls[a]&&!rs[a])
              v[a]+=v[b];//merge a,b to b
           }
           else
              pushup(a);
              //do something
           delnode(b);
           return a;
       void update(int l,int r,int &id)
76
           if(!id) id=newnode();
           if(1>=q1&&r<=qr)
           {
              v[id]=(r-l+1)*qv;
              tag[id]=qv;
              return;
           pushdown(id);
           int mid=(l+r)>>1;
           if(ql<=mid) update(l,mid,ls[id]);</pre>
           if(qr>mid) update(mid+1,r,rs[id]);
           pushup(id);
       type query(int 1,int r,int &id)
90
91
           if(!id) return 0;
           if(l>=ql&&r<=qr) return v[id];</pre>
           int mid=(l+r)>>1;
           type res=0;
           if(ql<=mid) res+=query(l,mid,ls[id]);</pre>
           if(qr>mid) res+=query(mid+1,r,rs[id]);
           return res;
       #undef type
100
```

```
101 }tr;
```

2.6.4 区间查询最大子段和

```
struct Segment_Tree
2
   {
       #define type int
       #define ls (id<<1)
       #define rs (id<<1|1)
       int n,ql,qr;
       type a[MAX], mx[MAX<<2], lv[MAX<<2], rv[MAX<<2], v[</pre>
           MAX<<2],qv;
       void pushup(int id)
       {
          mx[id]=max(mx[ls],mx[rs]);
10
          mx[id]=max(mx[id],rv[ls]+lv[rs]);
11
          lv[id]=max(lv[ls],lv[rs]+v[ls]);
12
          rv[id]=max(rv[rs],rv[ls]+v[rs]);
          v[id]=v[ls]+v[rs];
14
          lv[id]=max(lv[id],v[id]);
15
          rv[id]=max(rv[id],v[id]);
16
          mx[id]=max({mx[id],lv[id],rv[id],v[id]});
       }
       void build(int l,int r,int id)
19
          mx[id]=lv[id]=rv[id]=-INF;
21
22
          v[id]=0;
          if(l==r)
23
              mx[id]=lv[id]=rv[id]=v[id]=a[1];
25
              return;
27
          int mid=(l+r)>>1;
          build(l,mid,ls);
          build(mid+1,r,rs);
          pushup(id);
       void update(int l,int r,int id)
33
34
          if(1>=q1&&r<=qr)
35
36
              mx[id]=lv[id]=rv[id]=v[id]=qv;
37
              return;
38
           }
           int mid=(l+r)>>1;
40
           if(ql<=mid) update(l,mid,ls);</pre>
41
           if(qr>mid) update(mid+1,r,rs);
42
          pushup(id);
       type res, lmx;
       void query(int l,int r,int id)
47
          if(1>=q1&&r<=qr)
48
           {
49
```

```
res=max(res,mx[id]);
              res=max(res,lmx+lv[id]);
51
              lmx=max(lmx+v[id],rv[id]);
              return;
53
          }
          int mid=(l+r)>>1;
          if(ql<=mid) query(l,mid,ls);</pre>
          if(qr>mid) query(mid+1,r,rs);
       void build(int _n){n=_n;build(1,n,1);}
       void upd(int l,int r,type v)
          q1=1;
          qr=r;
          qv=v;
          update(1,n,1);
       type ask(int l,int r)//init res
       {
          q1=1;
          qr=r;
          res=-INF;
          lmx=0;
          query(1,n,1);
          return res;
       #undef type
       #undef 1s
       #undef rs
   }tr;
```

22

23

24

25

27

33

34

35

37

45

48

50

59

61

69

70

2.6.5 矩形面积并

```
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
   using namespace std;
   typedef long long 11;
   const int INF=0x3f3f3f3f3f;
   const int MAX=4e5+10;
   struct Discretization
   {
      #define type ll
      #define pb push_back
      #define all(x) x.begin(),x.end()
10
      vector<type> a;
      void init(){a.clear();}
12
      void add(type x){a.pb(x);}
13
      void work(){sort(all(a));a.resize(unique(all(a))
           -a.begin());}
      int get_pos(type x){return lower_bound(all(a),x)
           -a.begin()+1;}
      type get_val(int pos){return a[pos-1];}
      int size(){return a.size();}
      #undef type
      #undef pb
19
```

```
#undef all
}dz;
struct Segment_Tree
   #define type 11
   #define ls (id<<1)
   #define rs (id<<1|1)
   int n,ql,qr;
   type a[MAX],v[MAX<<2],mn[MAX<<2],tag[MAX<<2],</pre>
       cntmn[MAX<<2],qv;</pre>
   void pushup(int id)
      mn[id]=min(mn[ls],mn[rs]);
      if(mn[ls]==mn[rs]) cntmn[id]=cntmn[ls]+cntmn[
      else cntmn[id]=(mn[ls]<mn[rs]?cntmn[ls]:cntmn</pre>
           [rs]);
      v[id]=v[ls]+v[rs];
   void maintain(int pre,int now,int id)
       if(pre==0&&now>0) v[id]+=cntmn[id];
       if(pre>0&&now==0) v[id]-=cntmn[id];
   }
   void pushdown(int l,int r,int id)
       if(!tag[id]) return;
       int mid=(l+r)>>1;
       maintain(mn[ls],mn[ls]+tag[id],ls);
       maintain(mn[rs],mn[rs]+tag[id],rs);
      mn[ls]+=tag[id];
      mn[rs]+=tag[id];
      tag[ls]+=tag[id];
      tag[rs]+=tag[id];
      tag[id]=0;
   }
   void build(int l,int r,int id)
      tag[id]=0;
      if(l==r)
       {
          mn[id]=0;
          cntmn[id]=dz.get_val(l)-dz.get_val(l-1);
          v[id]=0;
          return;
       }
       int mid=(l+r)>>1;
      build(1,mid,ls);
      build(mid+1,r,rs);
      pushup(id);
   void update(int l,int r,int id)
       if(1>=q1&&r<=qr)
```

```
{
               maintain(mn[id],mn[id]+qv,id);
               mn[id]+=qv;
               tag[id]+=qv;
               return;
 76
           pushdown(l,r,id);
           int mid=(l+r)>>1;
           if(ql<=mid) update(l,mid,ls);</pre>
           if(qr>mid) update(mid+1,r,rs);
           pushup(id);
        type res;
        void query(int l,int r,int id)
 85
           if(1>=q1&&r<=qr)
               res+=v[id];
               return;
           }
           pushdown(l,r,id);
           int mid=(l+r)>>1;
           if(ql<=mid) query(l,mid,ls);</pre>
           if(qr>mid) query(mid+1,r,rs);
        void build(int _n){n=_n;build(1,n,1);}
        void upd(int l,int r,type v)
           if(l>r) return;
           q1=1;
100
           qr=r;
101
           qv=v;
102
           update(1,n,1);
103
104
        type ask(int l,int r)//init res
105
           ql=l;
           qr=r;
           res=0;
           query(1,n,1);
           return res;
111
112
        #undef type
113
        #undef ls
114
        #undef rs
115
    }tr;
116
    struct node{int pos,1,r,v;};
117
    11 work(vector<node> &res)
118
119
    {
        int i,j,pos;
120
        ll ans;
121
        sort(res.begin(),res.end(),[&](node x,node y){
           if(x.pos==y.pos) return x.v>y.v;
           return x.pos<y.pos;</pre>
124
```

```
});
        ans=0;
126
        pos=1;
127
        tr.build(dz.size());
128
        for(i=0;i<res.size();i++)</pre>
129
130
            if(i) ans+=tr.ask(1,dz.size())*(res[i].pos-
131
                pos);
            tr.upd(dz.get_pos(res[i].1),dz.get_pos(res[i
132
                ].r),res[i].v);
            pos=res[i].pos;
133
134
        ans+=tr.ask(2,dz.size())*(res[i].pos-pos);
135
        return ans;
136
137
    int main()
138
139
        int n,i,a,b,c,d;
140
        scanf("%d",&n);
141
        vector<node> x;
142
        dz.init();
143
144
        for(i=1;i<=n;i++)</pre>
145
            scanf("%d%d%d%d",&a,&b,&c,&d);
            dz.add(b);
            dz.add(b-1);
148
            dz.add(d-2);
149
            dz.add(d-1);
150
            x.push_back({a,b,d-1,1});
151
            x.push_back({c,b,d-1,-1});
152
        }
153
        dz.work();
154
        printf("%lld\n",work(x));
155
        return 0;
156
157
```

2.7 平衡树

2.7.1 Treap

```
ch[0]=ch[1]=0;
                                                                                 pushup(id);
                                                               67
          }
                                                                                 return;
16
                                                               68
       }t[MAX];
                                                                             }
17
                                                               69
       int tot,root[MAX],rt;
                                                                             if(!(t[id].ch[0]&&t[id].ch[1]))
18
                                                               70
       void init(int n=1)
                                                                             {
                                                               71
                                                                                 id=t[id].ch[0]+t[id].ch[1];
                                                               72
          for(int i=0;i<=n;i++) root[i]=0;</pre>
                                                                                 return;
          rt=1;
                                                                             }
                                                               74
                                                                             else
          srand(time(0));
                                                                             {
          tot=0;
                                                                                 int tmp=(t[t[id].ch[0]].fix>t[t[id].ch
          t[0].sz=t[0].cnt=0;
          memset(t[0].ch,0,sizeof t[0].ch);
                                                                                     [1]].fix);
                                                                                 rotate(id,tmp);
                                                               78
       void pushup(int id)
                                                                                 _erase(t[id].ch[tmp],v,cnt);
                                                                                 pushup(id);
          t[id].sz=t[t[id].ch[0]].sz+t[t[id].ch[1]].sz+
                                                                             }
               t[id].cnt;
                                                                          }
                                                                         else
       void rotate(int &id,int k)
32
                                                               84
                                                                          {
                                                                             _erase(t[id].ch[v>t[id].v],v,cnt);
          int y=t[id].ch[k^1];
                                                                             pushup(id);
                                                               86
          t[id].ch[k^1]=t[y].ch[k];
                                                                          }
          t[y].ch[k]=id;
                                                                      int _find(type key,int f)
          pushup(id);
          pushup(y);
           id=y;
                                                                          int id=root[rt],res=0;
                                                                         while(id)
       void _insert(int &id, type v, int cnt)
                                                                             if(t[id].v<key)</pre>
          if(!id)
                                                                             {
43
                                                               95
                                                                                 res+=t[t[id].ch[0]].sz+t[id].cnt;
                                                                                 if(f&&key==t[id].v) res-=t[id].cnt;
              id=++tot;
45
                                                               97
              t[id]=node(v,cnt);
                                                                                 id=t[id].ch[1];
              return;
                                                               99
          }
                                                                             else id=t[id].ch[0];
          if(t[id].v==v) t[id].cnt+=cnt;
                                                                          }
                                                              101
          else
                                                                          return res;
           {
                                                              103
              int tmp=(v>t[id].v);
                                                                      type find_by_order(int k)//k small
                                                              104
              _insert(t[id].ch[tmp],v,cnt);
                                                              105
              if(t[t[id].ch[tmp]].fix>t[id].fix) rotate
                                                                          int id=root[rt];
                                                              106
                   (id, tmp^1);
                                                                          if(id==0) return 0;
                                                              107
                                                                         while(id)
55
                                                              108
          pushup(id);
                                                              109
                                                                             if(t[t[id].ch[0]].sz>=k) id=t[id].ch[0];
57
                                                              110
       void _erase(int &id, type v, int cnt)
                                                                             else if(t[t[id].ch[0]].sz+t[id].cnt>=k)
                                                              111
                                                                                  return t[id].v;
       {
          if(!id) return;
                                                                             else
                                                              112
          if(t[id].v==v)
                                                                             {
                                                              113
                                                                                 k-=t[t[id].ch[0]].sz+t[id].cnt;
              cnt=min(t[id].cnt,cnt);
                                                                                 id=t[id].ch[1];
                                                              115
              if(t[id].cnt>cnt)
                                                              116
                                                                             }
                                                              117
                                                                          }
                  t[id].cnt-=cnt;
                                                                      }
                                                              118
```

```
int count(type key)
120
           int id=root[rt];
121
           while(id)
122
           {
123
               if(t[id].v<key)</pre>
124
125
                   if(key==t[id].v) return t[id].cnt;
                   id=t[id].ch[1];
               }
               else id=t[id].ch[0];
           return 0;
132
        type find_pre(type key)
133
        {
134
           type res=-inf;
135
           int id=root[rt];
136
           while(id)
137
               if(t[id].v<key)</pre>
139
                   res=t[id].v;
                   id=t[id].ch[1];
               else id=t[id].ch[0];
           return res;
146
147
        type find_nex(type key)
148
149
           type res=inf;
150
           int id=root[rt];
151
           while(id)
152
               if(t[id].v>key)
                   res=t[id].v;
                   id=t[id].ch[0];
               else id=t[id].ch[1];
159
160
           return res;
161
162
        Treap &operator[](const int _rt){this->rt=_rt;
163
            return *this;}
        void insert(type v,int sz=1){_insert(root[rt],v,
164
            sz);}
        void erase(type v,int sz=1){_erase(root[rt],v,sz
        int upper_bound_count(type key){return _find(key
             ,0);}//the count <=key
        int lower_bound_count(type key){return _find(key
            ,1);}//the count <key</pre>
```

```
int order_of_key(type key){return
168
             lower_bound_count(key)+1;}
        int size(){return t[root[rt]].sz;}
169
        #undef type
170
    }tr;
171
172
    1 treap
173
    tr.init();
174
    tr.insert(x);
    tr.erase(x);
176
    tr.count(x);
    tr.order_of_key(x); // rank
179
    tr.find_by_order(k); // kth
    tr.find_pre(x);
180
    tr.find_nex(x);
181
    tr.upper_bound_count(x); //the count <=key</pre>
182
    tr.lower_bound_count(x); //the count <key</pre>
183
184
185
    n treap
    tr.init(n);
186
    tr[i].insert(x);
187
188
```

2.7.2 Splay 维护序列

```
struct Splay
       #define type int
       const type inf=INF;
       const type zero=0;
       struct node
          int ch[2],fa,sz,cnt,rev,tag;
          type v;
       }t[MAX];
       int tot,root;
       type a[MAX];
       queue<int> pool;
       void init_null_node()
14
15
          memset(t[0].ch,0,sizeof t[0].ch);
16
          t[0].sz=t[0].cnt=t[0].fa=0;
17
          t[0].v=zero;
18
          t[0].mnid=0;
19
       }
20
       void init()
21
22
       {
          root=tot=0;
          while(!pool.empty()) pool.pop();
          init_null_node();
          a[0]=a[1]=zero;
          root=build(0,1,0);
28
       int newnode(type v,int fa)
29
```

```
{
                                                                         z=build(1,nums.size(),0);
          int id;
                                                                         x=find(pos);
                                                              85
          if(pool.size()>0)
                                                                         y=find(pos+1);
                                                                         splay(x,0);
              id=pool.front();
                                                                         splay(y,x);
              pool.pop();
                                                                         t[y].ch[0]=z;
                                                              89
                                                                         t[z].fa=y;
          else id=++tot;
                                                                         pushup(y);
                                                              91
          memset(t[id].ch,0,sizeof t[id].ch);
                                                                         pushup(x);
          t[id].fa=fa;
                                                                     }
          t[id].sz=t[id].cnt=1;
                                                                     void rotate(int x)
          t[id].tag=t[id].rev=0;
          t[id].v=v;
                                                                         int y,z,k;
          return id;
                                                                         y=t[x].fa;
                                                                         z=t[y].fa;
       void pushup(int id)
                                                                         k=(x==t[y].ch[1]);
                                                                         t[y].ch[k]=t[x].ch[k^1];
                                                              100
          int ls=t[id].ch[0];
                                                                         if(t[x].ch[k^1]) t[t[x].ch[k^1]].fa=y;
                                                              101
          int rs=t[id].ch[1];
                                                                         t[x].ch[k^1]=y;
48
                                                              102
          t[id].sz=t[ls].sz+t[rs].sz+t[id].cnt;
                                                                         t[y].fa=x;
                                                              103
                                                                         t[x].fa=z;
                                                              104
                                                                         if(z) t[z].ch[y==t[z].ch[1]]=x;
                                                              105
                                                                         pushup(y);
       void pushdown(int id)
                                                                         pushup(x);
                                                                     }
                                                              108
          int ls=t[id].ch[0];
                                                                     void splay(int x,int goal)
                                                              109
          int rs=t[id].ch[1];
                                                              110
          if(t[id].tag)
                                                                         int y,z;
                                                              111
                                                                         while(t[x].fa!=goal)
                                                             112
              if(ls)
                                                             113
              {
                                                                             y=t[x].fa;
                                                              114
                                                                             z=t[y].fa;
                                                             115
                 t[ls].tag=1;
                                                                             if(z!=goal)
                                                             116
              }
                                                             117
                                                                                if((t[z].ch[0]==y)^(t[y].ch[0]==x))
              if(rs)
                                                                                     rotate(x);
                                                                                else rotate(y);
                 t[rs].tag=1;
                                                                             }
                                                              120
              }
                                                                             rotate(x);
                                                              121
              t[id].tag=0;
                                                              122
                                                                         if(goal==0) root=x;
                                                              123
          if(t[id].rev)
                                                              124
                                                                     int kth(int k)//k small
                                                              125
              t[ls].rev^=1;
                                                              126
              t[rs].rev^=1;
                                                                         int id=root;
                                                              127
              swap(t[ls].ch[0],t[ls].ch[1]);
                                                                         while(id)
                                                              128
              swap(t[rs].ch[0],t[rs].ch[1]);
                                                              129
              t[id].rev=0;
                                                                             pushdown(id);
                                                              130
          }
                                                                             if(t[t[id].ch[0]].sz>=k) id=t[id].ch[0];
                                                              131
                                                                             else if(t[t[id].ch[0]].sz+t[id].cnt>=k)
       void insert(int pos,vector<int> nums)
                                                                                 break;
                                                              133
                                                                             else
          int x,y,z,i;
          for(i=0;i<nums.size();i++) a[i+1]=nums[i];</pre>
                                                                                k-=t[t[id].ch[0]].sz+t[id].cnt;
83
                                                              135
```

```
id=t[id].ch[1];
136
               }
137
138
           splay(id,0);
139
           return id;
140
141
        int find(int x){return kth(x+1);}
142
        int build(int 1,int r,int fa)
143
           if(l>r) return 0;
145
           int id, mid;
           mid=(l+r)>>1;
           id=newnode(a[mid],fa);
           t[id].ch[0]=build(l,mid-1,id);
           t[id].ch[1]=build(mid+1,r,id);
150
           pushup(id);
151
           return id;
152
        }
153
        void _del(int id)
154
155
           if(!id) return;
156
           pool.push(id);
           _del(t[id].ch[0]);
           _del(t[id].ch[1]);
        void erase(int l,int r)
161
162
           int x,fa;
163
           x=split(l,r);
164
           fa=t[x].fa;
165
           t[fa].ch[0]=0;
166
           _del(x);
167
           pushup(fa);
168
           pushup(t[fa].fa);
169
170
        int split(int l,int r)
171
           int x,y;
           x=find(1-1);
           y=find(r+1);
           splay(x,0);
176
           splay(y,x);
177
           return t[y].ch[0];
178
179
        void rev(int l,int r)
180
181
           int x,fa;
182
           x=split(l,r);
183
           fa=t[x].fa;
           t[x].rev^=1;
            swap(t[x].ch[0],t[x].ch[1]);
           pushup(fa);
            pushup(t[fa].fa);
189
```

```
int ask(int l,int r)

int ask(int l,int r)

{

int x=split(l,r);

return;

}

int size(){return t[root].sz-2;}

#undef type

}tr; //tr.init();
```

2.7.3 pbds

```
#include <ext/pb_ds/assoc_container.hpp>
#include <ext/pb_ds/tree_policy.hpp>
using namespace __gnu_pbds;
tree<int,
null_type,
less<int>,
rb_tree_tag,
tree_order_statistics_node_update> tr;
```

2.8 字典树

2.8.1 trie

```
struct Trie
       #define type int
       static const int K=26;
       int nex[MAX][K],cnt[MAX];
       int root,tot;
       int getid(char c){return c-'a';}
       int newnode()
          memset(nex[tot],0,sizeof nex[tot]);
          cnt[tot]=0;
          return tot++;
       void init()
14
       {
15
          tot=0;
16
          root=newnode();
17
18
       void insert(char *s,int n) // s[0..n-1]
19
20
          int now,i,t;
21
          now=root;
22
          for(i=0;i<n;i++)</pre>
              t=getid(s[i]);
              if(!nex[now][t]) nex[now][t]=newnode();
              now=nex[now][t];
28
          cnt[now]++;
29
```

```
30     }
31     #undef type
32     }tr;
33     /*
34     tr.init();
35     tr.insert(s,len); s[0..len-1]
36     */
```

2.8.2 01trie

```
struct Trie
   {
       #define type int
       static const int mx=30;
       int root,tot,nex[MAX*mx][2];
       type cnt[MAX*mx];
       int newnode()
          mem(nex[tot],0);
          cnt[tot]=0;
          return tot++;
       }
       void init()
          mem(nex[0],0);
          cnt[0]=0;
          tot=1;
          root=newnode();
18
       void upd(type x,type v)
20
          int id,t,i;
22
          id=root;
          for(i=mx;~i;i--)
              t=(x>>i)&1;
              if(!nex[id][t]) nex[id][t]=newnode();
              id=nex[id][t];
              cnt[id]+=v;
          }
30
31
       type count(int x)
32
33
          int id,t,i;
          id=root;
35
          for(i=mx;~i;i--)
              t=(x>>i)&1;
              if(!nex[id][t]) return 0;
              id=nex[id][t];
          return cnt[id];
43
       type ask_max(type x)
44
```

```
{
45
          int id,t,i;
46
          type res;
47
          id=root;
48
          res=0;
          for(i=mx;~i;i--)
50
              t=(x>>i)&1;
              if(nex[id][t^1]&&cnt[nex[id][t^1]]) t^=1;
              res |=(t<<i);
              id=nex[id][t];
           }
          return res;
       type ask_min(type x)
59
       {
          int id,t,i;
61
          type res;
62
          id=root;
63
          res=0;
          for(i=mx;~i;i--)
              t=(x>>i)&1;
              if(!nex[id][t]||!cnt[nex[id][t]]) t^=1;
              res|=(t<<i);
              id=nex[id][t];
          return res;
72
73
       #undef type
74
   }tr;
```

2.9 可持久化

2.9.1 可持久化线段树

```
struct President_Tree
       #define type int
       int root[MAX],ls[MAX<<5],rs[MAX<<5],tot,ql,qr,n;</pre>
       type v[MAX<<5],qv,res;</pre>
       void init(int _n)
       {
          n=n;
          ls[0]=rs[0]=v[0]=tot=0;
       int copy_node(int x)
11
          tot++;
           ls[tot]=ls[x];
           rs[tot]=rs[x];
          v[tot]=v[x];
16
           return tot;
17
       }
18
```

```
void update(int l,int r,int &id,int pre)
20
          if(!id) id=copy_node(pre);
21
          v[id] += qv;
          if(l==r) return;
          int mid=(l+r)>>1;
          if(ql<=mid) update(l,mid,ls[id]=0,ls[pre]);</pre>
          else update(mid+1,r,rs[id]=0,rs[pre]);
      void query(int l,int r,int id)
          if(!id) return;
          if(1>=q1&&r<=qr)
             res+=v[id];
             return;
          }
          int mid=(l+r)>>1;
          if(ql<=mid) query(l,mid,ls[id]);</pre>
37
          if(qr>mid) query(mid+1,r,rs[id]);
      int kth_small(int l,int r,int id,int pre,int k)
          if(l==r) return 1;
          int mid=(l+r)>>1;
          int tmp=v[ls[id]]-v[ls[pre]];
          if(tmp>=k) return kth_small(1,mid,ls[id],ls[
              pre],k);
          else return kth_small(mid+1,r,rs[id],rs[pre],
              k-tmp);
      void copy_ver(int now_ver,int pre_ver)
48
          root[now_ver]=root[pre_ver];
      void create_ver(int now_ver,int pre_ver,int pos,
           type v)
          root[now_ver]=0;
          update_ver(now_ver,pre_ver,pos,v);
      void update_ver(int now_ver,int pre_ver,int pos,
           type v)
       {
          ql=qr=pos;
59
          qv=v;
          update(1,n,root[now_ver],root[pre_ver]);
61
      type ask_ver(int now_ver,int l,int r)
          res=0;
          if(l>r) return res;
          q1=1;
          qr=r;
```

```
query(1,n,root[now_ver]);
69
          return res;
70
       }
71
      int ask_kth_small(int l,int r,int k)
72
73
          return kth_small(1,n,root[r],root[l-1],k);
74
75
   }tr;
   tr.init(n);
   tr.create_ver(now_ver,pre_ver,pos,v);
   tr.update_ver(now_ver,pre_ver,pos,v);
   tr.copy_ver(now_ver,pre_ver);
   tr.ask_kth_small(1,r,k);
```

2.10 树套树

2.10.1 线段树套线段树

```
struct Segment_Tree_2D
2
       #define type int
       static const int insert_num=;
       static const int N=insert_num*20*20; //
           insert_num*20*log(m)
       int root[MAX<<2],tot,ls[N],rs[N],n,m;</pre>
       int ql_in,qr_in,ql_out,qr_out;
       type v[N],qv,tag[N];
       void init(int _n,int _m)
10
11
          n=_n;
          m=_m;
          mem(root,0);
          ls[0]=rs[0]=0;
          tag[0]=0;
          v[0]=0;
16
          tot=1;
17
18
       int newnode()
19
20
          ls[tot]=rs[tot]=0;
21
          v[tot]=0;
22
          tag[tot]=0;
23
          return tot++;
24
25
       void pushup(int id)
       {
       void pushdown(int id)
31
          if(!tag[id]) return;
32
          if(!ls[id]) ls[id]=newnode();
33
```

```
if(!rs[id]) rs[id]=newnode();
36
          tag[id]=0;
37
       }
       void update_in(int l,int r,int &id)
39
40
          if(!id) id=newnode();
          if(l>=ql_in&&r<=qr_in)</pre>
              v[id]+=qv; //must update not =
              tag[id]+=qv;
              return;
          pushdown(id);
          int mid=(l+r)>>1;
          if(ql_in<=mid) update_in(l,mid,ls[id]);</pre>
50
          if(qr_in>mid) update_in(mid+1,r,rs[id]);
          pushup(id);
52
       }
53
       type res_in;
       void query_in(int l,int r,int &id)
          if(!id) return;
          if(l>=ql_in&r<=qr_in)</pre>
              res_in+=v[id];
              return;
          pushdown(id);
63
          int mid=(l+r)>>1;
          type res=0;
65
          if(ql_in<=mid) query_in(l,mid,ls[id]);</pre>
          if(qr_in>mid) query_in(mid+1,r,rs[id]);
       }
           */
       #define ls (id<<1)
       #define rs (id<<1|1)
       void update_out(int l,int r,int id)
       {
          update_in(1,m,root[id]);
          if(l>=ql_out&&r<=qr_out) return;</pre>
          int mid=(l+r)>>1;
76
          if(ql_out<=mid) update_out(l,mid,ls);</pre>
          if(qr_out>mid) update_out(mid+1,r,rs);
       type res_out;
       void query_out(int l,int r,int id)
          if(1>=q1_out&r<=qr_out)</pre>
              res_in=0;
```

```
query_in(1,m,root[id]);
               res_out+=res_in;
87
               return;
            }
89
           int mid=(l+r)>>1;
90
            if(ql_out<=mid) query_out(l,mid,ls);</pre>
91
            if(qr_out>mid) query_out(mid+1,r,rs);
92
        }
93
        #undef ls
        #undef rs
        void upd(int x1,int y1,int x2,int y2,type val)
           ql_out=x1;
            qr_out=x2;
           ql_in=y1;
100
           qr_in=y2;
101
           qv=val;
102
           update_out(1,n,1);
103
104
        type ask(int x1,int y1,int x2,int y2)
105
106
           ql_out=x1;
107
108
           qr_out=x2;
           ql_in=y1;
           qr_in=y2;
            res_out=0;
           query_out(1,n,1);
            return res_out;
113
        }
114
        #undef type
115
    }tr2d;
116
```

2.10.2 线段树套 treap

```
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
   using namespace std;
   typedef long long 11;
   const int INF=0x3f3f3f3f;
   const int MAX=5e4+10;
   struct Treap
       #define type int
       #define inf INF
       struct node
10
11
          int ch[2],fix,sz,cnt;
12
          type v;
13
          node(){}
          node(type x,int _sz)
              v=x;
              fix=rand();
18
              sz=cnt=_sz;
19
              ch[0]=ch[1]=0;
20
```

```
}
                                                              73
       }t[MAX*40];
                                                                             }
22
                                                              74
       int tot,root[MAX<<2],rt;</pre>
                                                                             if(!(t[id].ch[0]&&t[id].ch[1]))
                                                              75
       void init(int n=1)
                                                              76
                                                                                id=t[id].ch[0]+t[id].ch[1];
       {
          for(int i=0;i<=n;i++) root[i]=0;</pre>
                                                                                return;
                                                              78
                                                                             }
                                                                             else
          srand(time(0));
                                                                             {
          tot=0;
                                                                                int tmp=(t[t[id].ch[0]].fix>t[t[id].ch
          t[0].sz=t[0].cnt=0;
          memset(t[0].ch,0,sizeof t[0].ch);
                                                                                    [1]].fix);
                                                                                rotate(id,tmp);
       void pushup(int id)
                                                                                _erase(t[id].ch[tmp],v,cnt);
                                                                                pushup(id);
          t[id].sz=t[t[id].ch[0]].sz+t[t[id].ch[1]].sz+
               t[id].cnt;
                                                                         }
                                                                         else
       void rotate(int &id,int k)
                                                                             _erase(t[id].ch[v>t[id].v],v,cnt);
                                                              90
          int y=t[id].ch[k^1];
                                                                             pushup(id);
                                                                         }
          t[id].ch[k^1]=t[y].ch[k];
                                                              92
          t[y].ch[k]=id;
          pushup(id);
                                                                     int _find(type key,int f)
          pushup(y);
                                                                         int id=root[rt],res=0;
          id=y;
                                                                         while(id)
       void _insert(int &id,type v,int cnt)
                                                                         {
                                                                             if(t[id].v<key)</pre>
          if(!id)
                                                             100
                                                                                res+=t[t[id].ch[0]].sz+t[id].cnt;
          {
49
                                                             101
                                                                                if(f&&key==t[id].v) res-=t[id].cnt;
              id=++tot;
                                                             102
              t[id]=node(v,cnt);
                                                                                id=t[id].ch[1];
                                                             103
                                                                             }
              return;
                                                             104
                                                                             else id=t[id].ch[0];
                                                             105
          if(t[id].v==v) t[id].cnt+=cnt;
                                                                         }
          else
                                                                         return res;
                                                             107
              int tmp=(v>t[id].v);
                                                                     type find_by_order(int k)//k small
              _insert(t[id].ch[tmp],v,cnt);
              if(t[t[id].ch[tmp]].fix>t[id].fix) rotate
                                                                         int id=root[rt];
                                                             111
                   (id, tmp^1);
                                                                         if(id==0) return 0;
                                                                         while(id)
                                                             113
          pushup(id);
                                                             114
                                                                             if(t[t[id].ch[0]].sz>=k) id=t[id].ch[0];
                                                             115
       void _erase(int &id,type v,int cnt)
                                                                             else if(t[t[id].ch[0]].sz+t[id].cnt>=k)
63
                                                             116
                                                                                 return t[id].v;
          if(!id) return;
                                                                             else
                                                             117
          if(t[id].v==v)
                                                                                k-=t[t[id].ch[0]].sz+t[id].cnt;
                                                                                id=t[id].ch[1];
              cnt=min(t[id].cnt,cnt);
              if(t[id].cnt>cnt)
                                                                             }
                                                             121
                                                                         }
                                                             122
                 t[id].cnt-=cnt;
                                                             123
                  pushup(id);
                                                                     int count(type key)
                                                             124
```

```
int order_of_key(type key){return
            int id=root[rt];
                                                                              lower_bound_count(key)+1;}
126
           while(id)
                                                                         int size(){return t[root[rt]].sz;}
                                                                 174
127
                                                                      }treap;
            {
128
                                                                 175
               if(t[id].v<key)</pre>
                                                                      struct Segment_Tree
129
                                                                 176
130
                                                                 177
                   if(key==t[id].v) return t[id].cnt;
                                                                         #define ls (id<<1)
131
                                                                 178
                                                                         #define rs (id<<1|1)
                   id=t[id].ch[1];
                                                                 179
132
133
                                                                 180
                                                                         int n,ql,qr,qop;
               else id=t[id].ch[0];
                                                                         type qv;
                                                                 181
                                                                         void update(int l,int r,int id)
            return 0;
                                                                             if(qop==1) treap[id].insert(qv);
        type find_pre(type key)
                                                                             else treap[id].erase(qv);
138
                                                                 185
                                                                             if(l>=ql&&r<=qr) return;</pre>
139
                                                                 186
                                                                             int mid=(l+r)>>1;
           type res=-inf;
                                                                 187
140
            int id=root[rt];
                                                                             if(ql<=mid) update(l,mid,ls);</pre>
141
                                                                 188
           while(id)
                                                                             if(qr>mid) update(mid+1,r,rs);
142
                                                                 189
            {
143
                                                                 190
               if(t[id].v<key)</pre>
                                                                         vector<int> treap_id;
                                                                 191
                                                                         void dfs(int l,int r,int id)
145
                                                                 192
                   res=t[id].v;
                                                                 193
                                                                             if(1>=q1&&r<=qr)
                   id=t[id].ch[1];
                                                                 194
               else id=t[id].ch[0];
                                                                                 treap_id.push_back(id);
                                                                                 return;
            return res;
                                                                             }
                                                                 198
                                                                             int mid=(l+r)>>1;
152
                                                                 199
        type find_nex(type key)
                                                                             if(ql<=mid) dfs(l,mid,ls);</pre>
                                                                 200
153
                                                                             if(qr>mid) dfs(mid+1,r,rs);
154
                                                                 201
           type res=inf;
                                                                         }
155
                                                                 202
            int id=root[rt];
                                                                         void get_treap_id(int l,int r)
156
                                                                 203
           while(id)
157
                                                                 204
                                                                             q1=1;
158
                                                                 205
               if(t[id].v>key)
                                                                             qr=r;
                                                                             treap_id.clear();
                                                                 207
                   res=t[id].v;
                                                                             dfs(1,n,1);
                   id=t[id].ch[0];
                                                                         }
                                                                         void build(int _n){n=_n;treap.init(n<<2);}</pre>
               else id=t[id].ch[1];
                                                                         void insert(int pos,type v)
164
                                                                         {
165
            return res;
                                                                             ql=qr=pos;
                                                                 213
166
                                                                             qop=1;
167
                                                                 214
        Treap &operator[](const int _rt){this->rt=_rt;
                                                                             qv=v;
                                                                 215
168
             return *this;}
                                                                             update(1,n,1);
                                                                 216
        void insert(type v,int sz=1){_insert(root[rt],v,
                                                                         }
169
                                                                 217
             sz);}
                                                                         void erase(int pos,type v)
                                                                 218
        void erase(type v,int sz=1){_erase(root[rt],v,sz
170
                                                                 219
            );}
                                                                 220
                                                                             ql=qr=pos;
        int upper_bound_count(type key){return _find(key
                                                                             qop=2;
             ,0);}//the count <=key</pre>
                                                                             qv=v;
        int lower_bound_count(type key){return _find(key
                                                                             update(1,n,1);
             ,1);}//the count <key</pre>
                                                                         int ask_rank(int l,int r,type v)
                                                                 225
```

```
{
           get_treap_id(l,r);
           int res=1;
228
           for(auto &rt:treap id) res+=treap[rt].
229
                order_of_key(v)-1;
           return res;
230
        }
231
        int ask_kth(int l,int r,int k)
232
233
           get_treap_id(l,r);
234
           1=0;
           r=1e8;
           while(l<r)</pre>
               int mid=(l+r)>>1, now=1;
               for(auto &rt:treap_id) now+=treap[rt].
240
                    order of key(mid+1)-1;
               if(now<=k) l=mid+1;</pre>
241
               else r=mid;
242
           }
243
           return 1;
244
245
        type find_pre(int 1,int r,type v)
           get_treap_id(1,r);
           type res=-inf;
           for(auto &rt:treap_id) res=max(res,treap[rt].
                find_pre(v));
           if(res==-inf) return -2147483647;
251
           return res;
252
253
        type find_nex(int l,int r,type v)
254
255
           get_treap_id(1,r);
256
           type res=inf;
257
           for(auto &rt:treap_id) res=min(res,treap[rt].
                find_nex(v));
           if(res==inf) return 2147483647;
           return res;
261
        #undef type
262
        #undef 1s
263
        #undef rs
264
    }tr;
265
    int a[MAX];
266
    int main()
267
268
        int n,m,i,op,l,r,k;
269
        scanf("%d%d",&n,&m);
270
        tr.build(n);
        for(i=1;i<=n;i++)</pre>
           scanf("%d",&a[i]);
           tr.insert(i,a[i]);
```

```
while(m--)
277
278
            scanf("%d%d",&op,&1);
279
            if(op==3) scanf("%d",&k);
280
           else scanf("%d%d",&r,&k);
281
            if(op==1) printf("%d\n",tr.ask_rank(1,r,k));
282
           else if(op==2) printf("%d\n",tr.ask_kth(1,r,k
283
                ));
           else if(op==3)
284
            {
               tr.erase(1,a[1]);
               a[1]=k;
               tr.insert(1,a[1]);
288
289
           else if(op==4) printf("%d\n",tr.find_pre(1,r,
290
           else if(op==5) printf("%d\n",tr.find_nex(l,r,
291
                k));
        }
292
        return 0;
293
    }
294
```

2.10.3 树状数组套 treap

```
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
   using namespace std;
   typedef long long 11;
   const int INF=0x3f3f3f3f;
   const int MAX=1e5+10;
   struct Treap
       #define type int
       #define inf INF
       struct node
       {
           int ch[2],fix,sz,cnt;
          type v;
          node(){}
          node(type x,int _sz)
15
16
              v=x;
17
              fix=rand();
18
              sz=cnt=_sz;
19
              ch[0]=ch[1]=0;
20
           }
21
       }t[MAX*20];
22
       int tot,root[MAX],rt;
       void init(int n=1)
          for(int i=0;i<=n;i++) root[i]=0;</pre>
           rt=1;
           srand(time(0));
28
          tot=0;
29
```

```
t[0].sz=t[0].cnt=0;
                                                                                 int tmp=(t[t[id].ch[0]].fix>t[t[id].ch
          memset(t[0].ch,0,sizeof t[0].ch);
                                                                                     [1]].fix);
31
                                                                                 rotate(id,tmp);
32
                                                               83
       void pushup(int id)
                                                                                 _erase(t[id].ch[tmp],v,cnt);
33
                                                               84
                                                                                 pushup(id);
       {
          t[id].sz=t[t[id].ch[0]].sz+t[t[id].ch[1]].sz+
                                                                             }
                                                               86
               t[id].cnt;
                                                                          }
                                                                          else
36
       void rotate(int &id,int k)
                                                                             _erase(t[id].ch[v>t[id].v],v,cnt);
          int y=t[id].ch[k^1];
                                                                             pushup(id);
          t[id].ch[k^1]=t[y].ch[k];
                                                                          }
          t[y].ch[k]=id;
                                                                      }
          pushup(id);
                                                                      int _find(type key,int f)
          pushup(y);
                                                                          int id=root[rt],res=0;
          id=y;
                                                                         while(id)
                                                               97
       void _insert(int &id,type v,int cnt)
46
                                                                             if(t[id].v<key)</pre>
47
       {
                                                               99
          if(!id)
                                                                                 res+=t[t[id].ch[0]].sz+t[id].cnt;
                                                              101
                                                                                 if(f&&key==t[id].v) res-=t[id].cnt;
              id=++tot;
                                                              102
              t[id]=node(v,cnt);
                                                                                 id=t[id].ch[1];
                                                              103
              return;
                                                                             }
                                                                             else id=t[id].ch[0];
                                                              105
          if(t[id].v==v) t[id].cnt+=cnt;
                                                              106
          else
                                                                          return res;
                                                              107
                                                              108
              int tmp=(v>t[id].v);
                                                                      type find_by_order(int k)//k small
                                                              109
              _insert(t[id].ch[tmp],v,cnt);
                                                                      {
                                                              110
              if(t[t[id].ch[tmp]].fix>t[id].fix) rotate
                                                                          int id=root[rt];
                                                              111
                   (id, tmp^1);
                                                                          if(id==0) return 0;
                                                              112
          }
                                                                          while(id)
                                                              113
          pushup(id);
                                                              114
                                                                             if(t[t[id].ch[0]].sz>=k) id=t[id].ch[0];
       }
       void _erase(int &id,type v,int cnt)
                                                                             else if(t[t[id].ch[0]].sz+t[id].cnt>=k)
                                                                                  return t[id].v;
          if(!id) return;
                                                                             else
          if(t[id].v==v)
                                                              118
                                                                                 k-=t[t[id].ch[0]].sz+t[id].cnt;
                                                              119
                                                                                 id=t[id].ch[1];
              cnt=min(t[id].cnt,cnt);
                                                              120
              if(t[id].cnt>cnt)
                                                                             }
                                                              121
                                                                          }
                                                              122
                 t[id].cnt-=cnt;
                                                              123
                                                                      int count(type key)
                 pushup(id);
72
                                                              124
                  return;
                                                              125
                                                                          int id=root[rt];
                                                              126
              if(!(t[id].ch[0]&&t[id].ch[1]))
                                                                          while(id)
                                                                          {
                  id=t[id].ch[0]+t[id].ch[1];
                                                                             if(t[id].v<key)</pre>
                  return;
                                                                                 if(key==t[id].v) return t[id].cnt;
              }
                                                              131
                                                                                 id=t[id].ch[1];
              else
                                                              132
                                                              133
```

```
else id=t[id].ch[0];
                                                                              treap.init(n);
                                                                  182
                                                                  183
            return 0;
                                                                          int lowbit(int x){return x&(-x);}
                                                                 184
136
                                                                          type get(int x,type v)
137
                                                                 185
        type find_pre(type key)
                                                                          {
138
                                                                  186
                                                                             type res=0;
139
                                                                  187
            type res=-inf;
                                                                             while(x)
140
                                                                 188
            int id=root[rt];
                                                                              {
141
                                                                  189
            while(id)
                                                                                 res+=treap[x].lower_bound_count(v);
                                                                                 x-=lowbit(x);
                                                                  191
               if(t[id].v<key)</pre>
                                                                              }
                                                                              return res;
                   res=t[id].v;
                   id=t[id].ch[1];
                                                                          void insert(int x, type v)
                                                                  195
                                                                  196
               else id=t[id].ch[0];
                                                                             while(x<=n)</pre>
149
                                                                 197
150
                                                                 198
            return res;
                                                                                 treap[x].insert(v);
151
                                                                 199
                                                                                 x+=lowbit(x);
152
                                                                 200
        type find_nex(type key)
                                                                              }
153
                                                                 201
                                                                          }
154
                                                                 202
                                                                          void erase(int x,type v)
            type res=inf;
                                                                 203
            int id=root[rt];
                                                                 204
            while(id)
                                                                             while(x<=n)</pre>
               if(t[id].v>key)
                                                                                 treap[x].erase(v);
                                                                                 x+=lowbit(x);
                                                                 208
                   res=t[id].v;
                                                                              }
161
                                                                 209
                   id=t[id].ch[0];
                                                                 210
162
                                                                          int ask kth(int ql,int qr,int k)
163
                                                                 211
               else id=t[id].ch[1];
164
                                                                 212
                                                                              int 1,r,mid;
165
                                                                 213
            return res;
                                                                              1=0;
166
                                                                 214
                                                                              r=1e9;
167
                                                                 215
        Treap &operator[](const int _rt){this->rt=_rt;
                                                                             while(l<r)</pre>
168
                                                                 216
             return *this;}
                                                                 217
        void insert(type v,int sz=1){_insert(root[rt],v,
                                                                                 mid=(l+r)>>1;
169
             sz);}
                                                                                 if(get(qr,mid+1)-get(ql-1,mid+1)+1<=k) l=</pre>
        void erase(type v,int sz=1){_erase(root[rt],v,sz
                                                                                      mid+1;
                                                                                 else r=mid;
        int upper_bound_count(type key){return _find(key
             ,0);}//the count <=key</pre>
                                                                              return 1;
                                                                 222
        int lower_bound_count(type key){return _find(key
                                                                          }
                                                                 223
172
                                                                          #undef type
             ,1);}//the count <key
                                                                 224
        int order_of_key(type key){return
                                                                      }tr:
173
                                                                 225
             lower_bound_count(key)+1;}
                                                                      int a[MAX];
                                                                 226
        int size(){return t[root[rt]].sz;}
                                                                      int main()
174
                                                                 227
    }treap;
175
                                                                 228
    struct Fenwick_Tree
                                                                          int n,m,i,l,r,k;
176
                                                                 229
    {
                                                                          char op[3];
                                                                 230
                                                                          scanf("%d%d",&n,&m);
        int n;
                                                                 231
        void init(int _n)
                                                                          tr.init(n);
                                                                          for(i=1;i<=n;i++)</pre>
181
            n=_n;
                                                                 234
```

```
scanf("%d",&a[i]);
            tr.insert(i,a[i]);
236
237
        while(m--)
238
        {
239
            scanf("%s%d",op,&1);
240
            if(op[0]=='0')
241
            {
242
               scanf("%d%d",&r,&k);
243
               printf("%d\n",tr.ask_kth(l,r,k));
            }
            else
            {
               scanf("%d",&k);
               tr.erase(1,a[1]);
249
               a[1]=k;
250
               tr.insert(1,a[1]);
251
            }
252
253
        return 0;
254
    }
255
```

31

32

33

34

35

36

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42

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44

45

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73

74

78

79

2.11 李超树

```
struct LiChao_Segment_Tree
   {
       #define type ll
       #define inf -LLINF
       #define ls (id<<1)
       #define rs (id<<1|1)
       #define cmp max
       struct line
          type k,b;
          void init(type _k=0,type _b=0){k=_k;b=_b;}
       }sg[MAX<<2];
       type v[MAX<<2];
       bool ext[MAX<<2];</pre>
       int ql,qr,n;
       type cal(line 1,int x){return 1.k*x+1.b;}
16
       void pushup(int id)
18
          v[id]=cmp(v[id],v[ls]);
19
          v[id]=cmp(v[id],v[rs]);
20
       void build(int l,int r,int id)
22
       {
          ext[id]=0;
          sg[id].init();
          v[id]=inf;
          if(l==r) return;
          int mid=(l+r)>>1;
          build(1,mid,ls);
29
```

```
build(mid+1,r,rs);
void update(int l,int r,int id,line qv)
   if(1>=q1&&r<=qr)
   {
       if(!ext[id])
       {
          ext[id]=1;
          sg[id]=qv;
       else if(cal(qv,1)>=cal(sg[id],1)&&cal(qv,
           r)>=cal(sg[id],r)) sg[id]=qv;
       else if(cal(qv,1)>cal(sg[id],1)||cal(qv,r
           )>cal(sg[id],r))
      {
          int mid=(l+r)>>1;
          if(cal(qv,mid)>cal(sg[id],mid)) swap(
              qv,sg[id]);
          if(cal(qv,1)>cal(sg[id],1)) update(1,
              mid, ls, qv);
          else update(mid+1,r,rs,qv);
       }
      v[id]=cmp(cal(sg[id],1),cal(sg[id],r));
       if(l!=r) pushup(id);
       //if ask min, change '>' to '<'</pre>
   }
   else
       int mid=(l+r)>>1;
       if(ql<=mid) update(l,mid,ls,qv);</pre>
       if(qr>mid) update(mid+1,r,rs,qv);
       v[id]=cmp(cal(sg[id],1),cal(sg[id],r));
       if(l!=r) pushup(id);
   }
}
type res;
void query(int l,int r,int id)
   if(1>=q1&&r<=qr)
   {
      res=cmp(res,v[id]);
       return;
   }
   res=cmp(res,cal(sg[id],max(1,ql)));
   res=cmp(res,cal(sg[id],min(r,qr)));
   int mid=(l+r)>>1;
   if(ql<=mid) query(l,mid,ls);</pre>
   if(qr>mid) query(mid+1,r,rs);
}
void build(int _n){n=_n;build(1,n,1);}
void upd(int l,int r,type k,type b)
{
   q1=1;
```

```
qr=r;
                                                                   31
           line qv;
                                                                   32
           qv.init(k,b);
                                                                   33
           update(1,n,1,qv);
83
                                                                   34
       }
                                                                   35
       type ask(int 1,int r)
85
                                                                   36
                                                                   37
           ql=l;
           qr=r;
           res=inf;
           query(1,n,1);
           return res;
                                                                   42
       #undef type
       #undef ls
94
                                                                   44
       #undef rs
                                                                   45
       #undef cmp
                                                                   46
       #undef inf
97
                                                                   47
   }tr;
```

2.12 kd-tree

```
namespace kd_tree
   {
       const double alpha=0.75;
       const int dim=2;
                                                               55
       #define type int
       const type NONE=INF; //初始值
                                                               56
       struct kdtnode
                                                               57
                                                               58
          bool exist;
                                                               59
          int l,r,sz,fa,dep,x[dim],mx[dim],mn[dim];
          type v,tag;
                                                               60
          kdtnode(){}
          void initval()
              sz=exist;tag=v;
              if(exist) for(int i=0;i<dim;i++) mn[i]=mx</pre>
                  [i]=x[i];
          }
                                                               65
          void null()
                                                               66
19
              exist=sz=0;
                                                               67
              v=tag=NONE;
              for(int i=0;i<dim;i++)</pre>
              {
                 mx[i]=-INF;
                 mn[i]=INF;
              }
                                                               71
          void newnode(int x0,int x1,type val=NONE)
              x[0]=x0;
30
```

```
x[1]=x1;
       l=r=fa=0;
       exist=1;
       v=val;
       initval();
   }
   kdtnode(int a,int b,type d=NONE){newnode(a,b,
       d);}
};
struct KDT
   #define ls t[id].l
   #define rs t[id].r
   kdtnode t[MAX];
   int tot,idx,root;
   inline void pushup(int id)
      t[id].initval();
       t[id].sz+=t[ls].sz+t[rs].sz;
       t[id].tag=min({t[ls].tag,t[rs].tag,t[id].
           tag});
      for(int i=0;i<dim;i++)</pre>
       {
          if(ls)
             t[id].mx[i]=max(t[id].mx[i],t[ls].
                  mx[i]);
             t[id].mn[i]=min(t[id].mn[i],t[ls].
                  mn[i]);
          }
          if(rs)
          {
             t[id].mx[i]=max(t[id].mx[i],t[rs].
                  mx[i]);
             t[id].mn[i]=min(t[id].mn[i],t[rs].
                  mn[i]);
          }
       }
   bool isbad(int id){return t[id].sz*alpha+3
       max(t[ls].sz,t[rs].sz);}
   int st[MAX],top;
   void build(int &id,int l,int r,int fa,int dep
       =0)
   {
       id=0;if(l>r) return;
       int m=(l+r)>>1; idx=dep;
       nth_element(st+l,st+m,st+r+1,[&](int x,
           int y){return t[x].x[idx]<t[y].x[idx</pre>
           ];});
       id=st[m];
       build(ls,1,m-1,id,(dep+1)%dim);
       build(rs,m+1,r,id,(dep+1)%dim);
       pushup(id);
```

```
t[id].dep=dep;
                                                                                  x=t[id].fa;
               t[id].fa=fa;
                                                                                  rebuild(root==id?root:(t[x].l==id?t[x
                                                               128
                                                                                       ].l:t[x].r),t[id].dep);
           }
           inline void init(int n=0)
                                                                               }
78
                                                               129
           {
                                                                           }
                                                               130
               root=0;
                                                                           kdtnode q;
                                                               131
               t[0].null();
                                                                           11 dist(ll x,ll y){return x*x+y*y;}
                                                               132
                                                                           ll getdist(int id)//点离区域qt[id最短距离]
               for(int i=1;i<=n;i++) st[i]=i;</pre>
                                                               133
               if(n) build(root,1,n,0);
                                                                               if(!id) return LLINF;
               tot=n;
                                                               135
                                                                               11 res=0;
                                                                               if(q.x[0] < t[id].mn[0]) res+=dist(q.x[0]-t
           void travel(int id)
                                                                                   [id].mn[0],0);
               if(!id) return;
                                                                               if(q.x[1] < t[id].mn[1]) res+=dist(q.x[1]-t
                                                               138
               if(t[id].exist) st[++top]=id;
                                                                                   [id].mn[1],0);
                                                                               if(q.x[0]>t[id].mx[0]) res+=dist(q.x[0]-t
               travel(ls);
                                                               139
               travel(rs);
                                                                                   [id].mx[0],0);
91
           }
                                                                               if(q.x[1]>t[id].mx[1]) res+=dist(q.x[1]-t
92
                                                               140
           void rebuild(int &id,int dep)
                                                                                   [id].mx[1],0);
93
                                                                               return res;
           {
                                                               141
               top=0;travel(id);
                                                                           }
                                                               142
               build(id,1,top,t[id].fa,dep);
                                                                           kdtnode a,b;
                                                               143
                                                                           inline int check(kdtnode &x)//在矩形x(a,b)内
                                                               144
           void insert(int &id,int now,int fa,int dep=0)
                                                                               int ok=1;
               if(!id)
                                                                               for(int i=0;i<dim;i++)</pre>
               {
                                                               148
                  id=now;
                                                                                  ok&=(x.x[i]>=a.x[i]);
102
                                                               149
                  t[id].dep=dep;
                                                                                  ok&=(x.x[i]<=b.x[i]);
103
                                                               150
                  t[id].fa=fa;
104
                                                               151
                   return;
                                                                               return ok;
105
                                                               152
                                                                           }
106
                                                               153
               if(t[now].x[dep]<t[id].x[dep]) insert(ls,</pre>
                                                                           inline int allin(kdtnode &x)//的子树全在矩
107
                                                               154
                                                                                形x(a,b)内
                   now,id,(dep+1)%dim);
               else insert(rs,now,id,(dep+1)%dim);
108
                                                                               int ok=1;
                                                               156
               pushup(id);
                                                                               for(int i=0;i<dim;i++)</pre>
                                                               157
               if(isbad(id)) rebuild(id,t[id].dep);
                                                               158
               t[id].dep=dep;
                                                                                  ok&=(x.mn[i]>=a.x[i]);
                                                               159
               t[id].fa=fa;
                                                                                  ok&=(x.mx[i]<=b.x[i]);
                                                               160
                                                                               }
                                                               161
           inline void insert(kdtnode x){t[++tot]=x;
114
                                                                               return ok;
                                                               162
                insert(root,tot,0,0);}
                                                               163
           inline void del(int id)
115
                                                                           inline int allout(kdtnode &x)//的子树全不在矩
                                                               164
           {
116
                                                                               形x(a,b)内
               if(!id) return;
117
                                                                           {
                                                               165
               t[id].null();
118
                                                                               int ok=0;
                                                               166
               int x=id;
119
                                                                               for(int i=0;i<dim;i++)</pre>
                                                               167
               while(x)
120
                                                                               {
                                                               168
121
               {
                                                                                  ok = (x.mx[i] < a.x[i]);
                                                               169
                  pushup(x);
                                                                                  ok|=(x.mn[i]>b.x[i]);
                                                               170
                  x=t[x].fa;
                                                                               }
                                                               171
                                                                               return ok;
                                                               172
               if(isbad(id))
                                                                           }
                                                               173
126
                                                               174
                                                                           type res;
```

```
void query(int id)
               if(!id) return;
177
               if(allout(t[id])||t[id].sz==0) return;
178
               if(allin(t[id]))
179
180
                   res=min(res,t[id].tag);
                   return;
182
               if(check(t[id])&&t[id].exist) res=min(res
                    ,t[id].v);
               int 1,r;
               l=1s;
               r=rs;
               if(t[1].tag>t[r].tag) swap(1,r);
188
               if(t[1].tag<res) query(1);</pre>
189
               if(t[r].tag<res) query(r);</pre>
190
            }
191
            inline type query(kdtnode _a,kdtnode _b)
192
193
               a=_a;b=_b;
194
               res=INF;
               query(root);
               return res;
            }
        }kd;
199
        #undef type
        #undef ls
201
        #undef rs
202
203
    using namespace kd_tree;
204
```

2.13 pbds 可并堆

```
#include <ext/pb_ds/priority_queue.hpp>
using namespace __gnu_pbds;
gnu_pbds::priority_queue<int,greater<int>,
    pairing_heap_tag> q[MAX];
//q[i].join(q[j]) -> q[j]cº$\mu\mathcal{\mu}\mathcal{\mu}\mathcal{\mu}\mathcal{\mu}\mathcal{\mu}\mathcal{\mu}\mathcal{\mu}\mathcal{\mu}\mathcal{\mu}\mathcal{\mu}\mathcal{\mu}\mathcal{\mu}\mathcal{\mu}\mathcal{\mu}\mathcal{\mu}\mathcal{\mu}\mathcal{\mu}\mathcal{\mu}\mathcal{\mu}\mathcal{\mu}\mathcal{\mu}\mathcal{\mu}\mathcal{\mu}\mathcal{\mu}\mathcal{\mu}\mathcal{\mu}\mathcal{\mu}\mathcal{\mu}\mathcal{\mu}\mathcal{\mu}\mathcal{\mu}\mathcal{\mu}\mathcal{\mu}\mathcal{\mu}\mathcal{\mu}\mathcal{\mu}\mathcal{\mu}\mathcal{\mu}\mathcal{\mu}\mathcal{\mu}\mathcal{\mu}\mathcal{\mu}\mathcal{\mu}\mathcal{\mu}\mathcal{\mu}\mathcal{\mu}\mathcal{\mu}\mathcal{\mu}\mathcal{\mu}\mathcal{\mu}\mathcal{\mu}\mathcal{\mu}\mathcal{\mu}\mathcal{\mu}\mathcal{\mu}\mathcal{\mu}\mathcal{\mu}\mathcal{\mu}\mathcal{\mu}\mathcal{\mu}\mathcal{\mu}\mathcal{\mu}\mathcal{\mu}\mathcal{\mu}\mathcal{\mu}\mathcal{\mu}\mathcal{\mu}\mathcal{\mu}\mathcal{\mu}\mathcal{\mu}\mathcal{\mu}\mathcal{\mu}\mathcal{\mu}\mathcal{\mu}\mathcal{\mu}\mathcal{\mu}\mathcal{\mu}\mathcal{\mu}\mathcal{\mu}\mathcal{\mu}\mathcal{\mu}\mathcal{\mu}\mathcal{\mu}\mathcal{\mu}\mathcal{\mu}\mathcal{\mu}\mathcal{\mu}\mathcal{\mu}\mathcal{\mu}\mathcal{\mu}\mathcal{\mu}\mathcal{\mu}\mathcal{\mu}\mathcal{\mu}\mathcal{\mu}\mathcal{\mu}\mathcal{\mu}\mathcal{\mu}\mathcal{\mu}\mathcal{\mu}\mathcal{\mu}\mathcal{\mu}\mathcal{\mu}\mathcal{\mu}\mathcal{\mu}\mathcal{\mu}\mathcal{\mu}\mathcal{\mu}\mathcal{\mu}\mathcal{\mu}\mathcal{\mu}\mathcal{\mu}\mathcal{\mu}\mathcal{\mu}\mathcal{\mu}\mathcal{\mu}\mathcal{\mu}\mathcal{\mu}\mathcal{\mu}\mathcal{\mu}\mathcal{\mu}\mathcal{\mu}\mathcal{\mu}\mathcal{\mu}\mathcal{\mu}\mathcal{\mu}\mathcal{\mu}\mathcal{\mu}\mathcal{\mu}\mathcal{\mu}\mathcal{\mu}\mathcal{\mu}\mathcal{\mu}\mathcal{\mu}\mathcal{\mu}\mathcal{\mu}\mathcal{\mu}\mathcal{\mu}\mathcal{\mu}\mathcal{\mu}\mathcal{\mu}\mathcal{\mu}\mathcal{\mu}\mathcal{\
```

2.14 k 叉哈夫曼树

用两个队列代替优先队列复杂度 O(n)

注意: 小的先进原数组有序

```
struct k_Huffman
{
    #define type ll
    type work(int n,int k,type *a)// a[1..n], sorted
    {
        int i;
        type res,s;
}
```

```
queue<type> q,d;
       s=((n-1)\%(k-1)?k-1-(n-1)\%(k-1):0);//
           222Ç222½2¹¶0
       while(s--) q.push(0);
       for(i=1;i<=n;i++) q.push(a[i]);</pre>
       res=0;
       while(q.size()+d.size()>1)
       {
          s=0:
          for(i=0;i<k;i++)</pre>
              if(q.size()&d.size())
                  if(q.front()<=d.front())</pre>
                     s+=q.front();
                     q.pop();
                  }
                  else
                  {
                     s+=d.front();
                     d.pop();
              }
              else if(q.size())
                  s+=q.front();
                  q.pop();
              else if(d.size())
                  s+=d.front();
                  d.pop();
              }
          }
          res+=s;
          d.push(s);
       }
       return res;
   #undef type
}hfm;
```

2.15 笛卡尔树

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O(n) 构造笛卡尔树返回根 性质:

- 1. 树中的元素满足二叉搜索树性质,要求按照中序遍历得 到的序列为原数组序列
- 2. 树中节点满足堆性质, 节点的 key 值要大于其左右子节 点的 key 值

```
struct Cartesian_Tree
                                                                  11
       int l[MAX],r[MAX],vis[MAX],stk[MAX];
                                                                  12
       int build(int *a,int n)
                                                                  13
           int i,top=0;
           for(i=1;i<=n;i++) l[i]=r[i]=vis[i]=0;</pre>
                                                                  15
           for(i=1;i<=n;i++)</pre>
           {
               int k=top;
10
               while(k>0&&a[stk[k-1]]>a[i]) k--;
               if(k) r[stk[k-1]]=i;
                                                                  19
               if(k<top) l[i]=stk[k];</pre>
               stk[k++]=i;
                                                                  20
               top=k;
                                                                  21
           for(i=1;i<=n;i++) vis[l[i]]=vis[r[i]]=1;</pre>
                                                                  23
           for(i=1;i<=n;i++)</pre>
                                                                  24
               if(!vis[i]) return i;
22
   }ct;
```

2.16 析合树

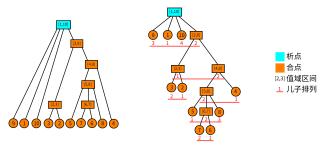
id[x]: 序列中第 x 个数在析合树上的编号。

l[x],r[x]: 节点 x 的作用域。

type[x]: 节点 x 的类型,0 表示析点,1 表示合点,默认叶子节点为析点。

34

注意:若一个节点为合点,这个节点的儿子序列有序。析合树举例:



```
for(i=bin[0]=1;1<<(i-1)<=n;i++) bin[i]=(
           bin[i-1]<<1);
      for(i=2,lg[1]=0;i<=n;i++) lg[i]=lg[i</pre>
           >>1]+1;
      for(i=1;i<=n;i++) mx[i][0]=mn[i][0]=v[i];</pre>
      for(j=1;1<<(j-1)<=n;j++)</pre>
      {
          for(i=1;i+bin[j]-1<=n;i++)</pre>
             mx[i][j]=max(mx[i][j-1],mx[i+bin[j
                  -1]][j-1]);
             mn[i][j]=min(mn[i][j-1],mn[i+bin[j
                  -1]][j-1]);
          }
      }
   type ask_max(int 1,int r)
   {
      int t=lg[r-l+1];
      return max(mx[l][t],mx[r-bin[t]+1][t]);
   type ask_min(int l,int r)
      int t=lg[r-l+1];
       return min(mn[l][t],mn[r-bin[t]+1][t]);
   #undef type
}rmq;
struct Segment_Tree
   #define type int
   #define ls (id<<1)
   #define rs (id<<1|1)
   int n,ql,qr;
   type mn[MAX<<2],tag[MAX<<2],qv;</pre>
   void mdf(int id,type v){mn[id]+=v,tag[id]+=v
   void pushup(int id){mn[id]=min(mn[ls],mn[rs])
   void pushdown(int id)
      if(!tag[id]) return;
      mdf(ls,tag[id]);
      mdf(rs,tag[id]);
      tag[id]=0;
   void build(int l,int r,int id)
      tag[id]=mn[id]=0;
      if(l==r) return;
       int mid=(l+r)>>1;
      build(1,mid,ls);
      build(mid+1,r,rs);
```

```
pushup(id);
                                                               107
           }
                                                                               while(top2&&a[i]>=a[st2[top2]])
                                                               108
           void update(int l,int r,int id)
                                                               109
                                                                                  tr.upd(st2[top2-1]+1,st2[top2],-a[st2[
61
                                                               110
               if(l>=ql&&r<=qr){mdf(id,qv);return;}</pre>
                                                                                       top2]]);
               pushdown(id);
                                                                                  top2--;
                                                               111
               int mid=(l+r)>>1;
                                                                               }
                                                               112
               if(ql<=mid) update(l,mid,ls);</pre>
                                                                               tr.upd(st1[top1]+1,i,-a[i]);
                                                               113
                                                                               st1[++top1]=i;
               if(qr>mid) update(mid+1,r,rs);
                                                                               tr.upd(st2[top2]+1,i,a[i]);
               pushup(id);
                                                               115
                                                                               st2[++top2]=i;
           int query(int 1,int r,int id)
                                                                               id[i]=++tot;
                                                                               l[tot]=r[tot]=i;
                                                               118
               if(l==r) return 1;
                                                                               tmp=tr.ask(1,n);
                                                               119
               pushdown(id);
                                                                               now=tot;
                                                               120
               int mid=(l+r)>>1;
                                                                              while(top&&l[st[top]]>=tmp)
                                                               121
               if(!mn[ls]) return query(1,mid,ls);
                                                               122
               else query(mid+1,r,rs);
                                                                                  if(type[st[top]]&&check(m[st[top]],i))
                                                               123
                                                                                  {
                                                               124
 76
           void build(int _n){n=_n;build(1,n,1);}
                                                                                      r[st[top]]=i;
                                                               125
           void upd(int l,int r,type v){ql=l;qr=r;qv=v;
                                                                                      add_edge(st[top],now);
                                                               126
                update(1,n,1);}
                                                                                      now=st[top--];
                                                               127
           type ask(int l,int r){ql=l;qr=r;return query
                                                                                  }
                                                               128
                (1,n,1);
                                                                                  else if(check(l[st[top]],i))
           #undef type
                                                               130
           #undef ls
                                                                                      type[++tot]=1;
                                                               131
           #undef rs
                                                                                      1[tot]=1[st[top]];
                                                               132
        }tr;
                                                                                      r[tot]=i;
                                                               133
        bool check(int 1,int r){return rmq.ask_max(1,r)-
                                                                                      m[tot]=l[now];
                                                               134
            rmq.ask_min(1,r)==r-1;}
                                                                                      add_edge(tot,st[top--]);
                                                               135
        int st[MAX],st1[MAX],st2[MAX],top,top1,top2,m[
                                                                                      add_edge(tot,now);
                                                               136
            MAX];
                                                                                      now=tot;
                                                               137
        int tot,id[MAX],1[MAX],r[MAX],type[MAX];
                                                                                  }
                                                               138
        VI mp[MAX];
                                                                                  else
                                                               139
        void add_edge(int a,int b){mp[a].pb(b);}
                                                                                  {
                                                               140
        int build(int n,int *a)
                                                                                      add_edge(++tot,now);
                                                               141
                                                                                      do
           int now,i,tmp;
                                                                                      {
           tr.build(n);
                                                                                         add_edge(tot,st[top--]);
           rmq.work(n,a);
                                                                                      }while(top&&!check(1[st[top]],i));
                                                               145
           for(i=0;i<=2*n;i++)</pre>
                                                                                      1[tot]=1[st[top]];
                                                               146
                                                                                      r[tot]=i;
                                                               147
               mp[i].clear();
                                                                                      add_edge(tot,st[top--]);
                                                               148
               type[i]=0;
                                                                                      now=tot;
                                                               149
                                                                                  }
98
                                                               150
                                                                               }
           top=top1=top2=0;
                                                               151
           tot=0;
                                                                               st[++top]=now;
                                                               152
100
           for(i=1;i<=n;i++)</pre>
                                                                               tr.upd(1,i,-1);
                                                               153
                                                               154
                                                                           }
               while(top1&&a[i]<=a[st1[top1]])</pre>
                                                                           return st[1];
                                                                       }
                                                                       void work(int n,int *a)// a[1..n]
                  tr.upd(st1[top1-1]+1,st1[top1],a[st1[
                                                               157
105
                       top1]]);
                                                               158
                   top1--;
                                                                           int rt=build(n,a);
                                                               159
106
```

}mo;// mo.init(n,q)

2.18 ODT

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2.17 莫队算法

```
struct MO_Algorithm
   {
       #define type int
       struct query_info{int id,l,r;type v;};
       vector<query_info> qst;
       int n,q;
       type ans[MAX],res;
       void init(int _n,int _q)
10
          qst.clear();
          n=_n;
          q=_q;
12
       void add_query(int id,int l,int r,int v=0) {qst.
14
           pb(query_info{id,l,r,v});}
       int a[MAX];
       void add(int x,int k)
       void del(int x,int k)
20
22
       void work()
24
          int i,l,r,sq;
          sq=sqrt(n);
           sort(all(qst),[&](query_info a,query_info b){
              if(a.1/sq!=b.1/sq) return a.1/sq<b.1/sq;</pre>
              return a.r<b.r;</pre>
          });
          for(i=1;i<=q;i++) ans[i]=0;</pre>
33
          1=1;
          r=0;
35
          res=0;
          for(auto q:qst)
              while(1<q.1) del(1++);
              while(1>q.1) add(--1);
              while(r<q.r) add(++r);</pre>
              while(r>q.r) del(r--);
              ans[q.id]+=res;
          }
45
       #undef type
46
```

```
struct ODT
   #define type int
   #define init_val 0
   struct ODT_node
      int l,r,id;
      mutable type v;
      ODT_node(const int &il,const int &ir,const
           type &iv): 1(i1),r(ir),v(iv){}
      inline bool operator<(const ODT_node &o)const</pre>
           {return l<o.1;}
   };
   int n;
   set<ODT_node> odt;
   typedef set<ODT_node>::iterator odt_iter;
   set<int> mp[MAX];
   void init(int _n)
      n=_n;
      odt.clear();
      odt.insert(ODT_node(1,n,init_val));
      for(int i=1;i<=n;i++) mp[i].clear();</pre>
   odt_iter find(int x){return --odt.upper_bound((
       ODT_node){x,0,init_val});}
   odt_iter split(int x)
      if(x>n) return odt.end();
      odt_iter it=find(x);
      if(it->l==x) return it;
      int l=it->l,r=it->r;
      type v=it->v;
      odt.erase(it);
      odt.insert(ODT_node(1,x-1,v));
      return odt.insert(ODT_node(x,r,v)).first;
   void assign(int l,int r,type v)
      odt_iter itr=split(r+1),itl=split(l);
      odt.erase(itl,itr);
      odt.insert(ODT_node(1,r,v));
   int work(int pos,int v)
      auto it=find(pos);
      if(it->v <= v) return sz(odt);</pre>
      int pre=pos;
      for(;it!=odt.end();it++)
```

2.19 分块

```
struct Block
       #define type int
       static const int N=;
       static const int size=sqrt(N);
       static const int num=N/size+1;
       void init()
       void point_modify(int x,type v)
13
          int id=(x-1)/size+1;
          int pos=x%size;
16
       void block_modify(int id, type v)
18
       type point_query(int x)
          int id=(x-1)/size+1;
          int pos=x%size;
       type block_query(int id)
29
31
32
       void upd(int l,int r,type x)
          while(l<=r&&r%blocks!=0) point_modify(r,x),r</pre>
          while(l<=r&&l%blocks!=1) point_modify(l,x),l</pre>
          while(l<=r)</pre>
              int id=(1-1)/size+1;
38
```

```
block_modify(id,x);
39
               1+=size;
40
           }
41
42
       type ask(int 1,int r)
43
44
           type ans=0;
45
           while(l<=r&&r%blocks!=0) ans+=point_query(r),</pre>
           while(l<=r&&l%blocks!=1) ans+=point_query(l),</pre>
                1++;
           while(l<=r)</pre>
               int id=(1-1)/size+1;
               ans+=block_query(id);
51
               1+=size;
           }
53
           return ans;
54
55
       #undef type
   }blk;
```

3 树

3.1 LCA

3.1.1 倍增 LCA

```
struct LCA
2
       static const int N=MAX;
       static const int LOGN=log2(N)+3;
       int fa[N][LOGN],dep[N],limt,bin[LOGN];
       void dfs(int x,int pre,vector<int> mp[])
          int i;
          for(i=1;bin[i]<=dep[x];i++) fa[x][i]=fa[fa[x</pre>
               ][i-1]][i-1];
          for(auto &to:mp[x])
10
          {
11
              if(to==pre) continue;
12
              dep[to]=dep[x]+1;
              fa[to][0]=x;
14
              dfs(to,x,mp);
15
          }
       void work(int n,int root,vector<int> mp[])
          for(limt=1;(1<<(limt-1))<n;limt++);</pre>
21
          for(i=bin[0]=1;i<=limt;i++) bin[i]=(bin[i</pre>
               -1]<<1);
```

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```
for(i=0;i<=n;i++) memset(fa[i],0,sizeof fa[i</pre>
           dep[root]=0;
           dfs(root,-1,mp);
       int go(int x,int d)
27
           for(int i=0;i<=limt&&d;i++)</pre>
              if(bin[i]&d)
                  d^=bin[i];
                  x=fa[x][i];
           return x;
       int lca(int x,int y)
40
           if(dep[x]<dep[y]) swap(x,y);</pre>
          x=go(x,dep[x]-dep[y]);
42
           if(x==y) return x;
           for(int i=limt;~i;i--)
              if(fa[x][i]!=fa[y][i])
                  x=fa[x][i];
                  y=fa[y][i];
51
           return fa[x][0];
   }lca;
54
   O(nlogn) - O(logn)
   lca.work(n,root,mp);
```

3.1.2 RMQ 维护欧拉序求 LCA

```
struct LCA

{
    static const int N=MAX;
    static const int LOG2N=log2(2*N)+3;

#define type int
    struct node{int to;type w;};

type dis[N];
    int path[2*N],deep[2*N],first[N],len[N],tot,n;
    int dp[2*N][LOG2N];
    vector<node> mp[N];
    void init(int _n)
    {
        n=_n;
        for(int i=0;i<=n;i++)
}</pre>
```

```
{
       dis[i]=len[i]=0;
       mp[i].clear();
   }
}
void add_edge(int a,int b,type w=1){mp[a].
    push_back({b,w});}
void dfs(int x,int pre,int h)
   int i;
   path[++tot]=x;
   first[x]=tot;
   deep[tot]=h;
   for(i=0;i<mp[x].size();i++)</pre>
       int to=mp[x][i].to;
       if(to==pre) continue;
       dis[to]=dis[x]+mp[x][i].w;
       len[to]=len[x]+1;
       dfs(to,x,h+1);
       path[++tot]=x;
       deep[tot]=h;
   }
}
void ST(int n)
   int i,j,x,y;
   for(i=1;i<=n;i++) dp[i][0]=i;</pre>
   for(j=1;(1<<j)<=n;j++)</pre>
   {
       for(i=1;i+(1<<j)-1<=n;i++)
          x=dp[i][j-1];
          y=dp[i+(1<<(j-1))][j-1];
          dp[i][j]=deep[x]<deep[y]?x:y;</pre>
       }
   }
int query(int 1,int r)
   int len,x,y;
   len=_lg(r-l+1);
   x=dp[1][len];
   y=dp[r-(1<<len)+1][len];
   return deep[x]<deep[y]?x:y;</pre>
int lca(int x,int y)
   int 1,r,pos;
   l=first[x];
   r=first[y];
   if(l>r) swap(l,r);
   pos=query(1,r);
   return path[pos];
```

```
type get_dis(int a,int b){return dis[a]+dis[b
           ]-2*dis[lca(a,b)];}
       int get_len(int a,int b){return len[a]+len[b]-2*
70
           len[lca(a,b)];}
       void work(int rt)
71
          tot=0;
          dfs(rt,0,0);
          ST(2*n-1);
       int lca_root(int rt,int x,int y)
          int fx,fy;
          fx=lca(x,rt);
          fy=lca(y,rt);
          if(fx==fy) return lca(x,y);
          else
          {
             if(get_len(fx,rt)<get_len(fy,rt)) return</pre>
                  fx;
              else return fy;
          }
      #undef type
   0(n*log(n))-0(1)
   lca.init(n);
94
   lca.add_edge(a,b,w);
   lca.work(rt);
   */
```

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3.2 树链剖分

3.2.1 轻重链剖分

```
struct Heavy_Light_Decomposition

{
    #define type int
    struct edge{int a,b;type v;};
    struct node{int to;type w;};
    vector<int> mp[MAX];
    vector<edge> e;
    int dep[MAX],fa[MAX],sz[MAX],son[MAX];
    int id[MAX],top[MAX],dfn[MAX],tot;
    int n,rt;
    void init(int _n)
    {
        n=_n;
        for(int i=0;i<=n;i++) mp[i].clear();
        e.clear();
        e.push_back({0,0,0});
}</pre>
```

```
void add_edge(int a,int b,type v=0)
   e.push_back({a,b,v});
   mp[a].push_back(b);
   mp[b].push_back(a);
void dfs1(int x,int pre,int h)
   int i,to;
   dep[x]=h;
   fa[x]=pre;
   sz[x]=1;
   for(i=0;i<mp[x].size();i++)</pre>
       to=mp[x][i];
       if(to==pre) continue;
       dfs1(to,x,h+1);
       sz[x]+=sz[to];
       if(son[x]=-1||sz[to]>sz[son[x]]) son[x]=
   }
void dfs2(int x,int tp)
   int i,to;
   dfn[x]=++tot;
   id[dfn[x]]=x;
   top[x]=tp;
   if(son[x]==-1) return;
   dfs2(son[x],tp);
   for(i=0;i<mp[x].size();i++)</pre>
       to=mp[x][i];
       if(to!=son[x]&&to!=fa[x]) dfs2(to,to);
   }
void work(int _rt)
   rt=_rt;
   for(int i=0;i<=n;i++) son[i]=-1;</pre>
   tot=0;
   dfs1(rt,0,0);
   dfs2(rt,rt);
int LCA(int x,int y)
   while(top[x]!=top[y])
   {
       if(dep[top[x]]<dep[top[y]]) swap(x,y);</pre>
       x=fa[top[x]];
   if(dep[x]>dep[y]) swap(x,y);
   return x;
```

```
//node
        void init_node(type *v)
           for(int i=1;i<=n;i++) tr.a[dfn[i]]=v[i];</pre>
           tr.build(n);
75
       void upd_node(int x,int y,type v)
           while(top[x]!=top[y])
               if(dep[top[x]]<dep[top[y]]) swap(x,y);</pre>
               tr.upd(dfn[top[x]],dfn[x],v);
               x=fa[top[x]];
           if(dep[x]>dep[y]) swap(x,y);
           tr.upd(dfn[x],dfn[y],v);
        type ask_node(int x,int y)
           type res=0;
           while(top[x]!=top[y])
               if(dep[top[x]]<dep[top[y]]) swap(x,y);</pre>
               res+=tr.ask(dfn[top[x]],dfn[x]);
               x=fa[top[x]];
           if(dep[x]>dep[y]) swap(x,y);
           res+=tr.ask(dfn[x],dfn[y]);
           return res;
       }
100
       //path
101
       void init_path()
102
           tr.a[dfn[rt]]=0;
           for(int i=1;i<n;i++)</pre>
               if(dep[e[i].a]<dep[e[i].b]) swap(e[i].a,e</pre>
                   [i].b);
               tr.a[dfn[e[i].a]]=e[i].v;
108
109
           tr.build(n);
110
111
        void upd_edge(int id,type v)
112
113
           if(dep[e[id].a]>dep[e[id].b]) tr.upd(dfn[e[id
                ].a],dfn[e[id].a],v);
           else tr.upd(dfn[e[id].b],dfn[e[id].b],v);
115
       void upd_path(int x,int y,type v)
           while(top[x]!=top[y])
               if(dep[top[x]]<dep[top[y]]) swap(x,y);</pre>
121
```

```
tr.upd(dfn[top[x]],dfn[x],v);
122
               x=fa[top[x]];
123
124
           if(dep[x]>dep[y]) swap(x,y);
125
           if(x!=y) tr.upd(dfn[x]+1,dfn[y],v);
126
127
        type ask_path(int x,int y)
128
        {
129
           type res=0;
           while(top[x]!=top[y])
               if(dep[top[x]]<dep[top[y]]) swap(x,y);</pre>
               res+=tr.ask(dfn[top[x]],dfn[x]);
134
               x=fa[top[x]];
135
136
           if(dep[x]>dep[y]) swap(x,y);
137
           if(x!=y) res+=tr.ask(dfn[x]+1,dfn[y]);
138
           return res;
139
140
        }
        // sub tree
141
        void upd_subtree(int x,type v){tr.upd(dfn[x],dfn
142
            [x]+sz[x]-1,v);
        type ask_subtree(int x){return tr.ask(dfn[x],dfn
143
            [x]+sz[x]-1);
        #undef type
    }hld;
145
146
    hld.init(n)
147
    hld.add_edge(a,b,v=0); a <-> b
148
    hld.work(root);
149
150
```

3.3 树的重心

```
struct Tree_Centroid
       VI centroid;
       int sz[MAX],w[MAX],n;
       void dfs(VI *mp,int x,int fa)
          sz[x]=1;
          w[x]=0;
          for(int i=0;i<sz(mp[x]);i++)</pre>
              int to=mp[x][i];
11
              if(to==fa) continue;
              dfs(mp,to,x);
              sz[x]+=sz[to];
              w[x]=max(w[x],sz[to]);
          w[x]=max(w[x],n-sz[x]);
17
           if(w[x]<=n/2) centroid.pb(x);</pre>
18
       }
```

```
VI get_tree_centroid(int _n,VI *mp,int root)
{
    n=_n;
    centroid.clear();
    dfs(mp,root,0);
    return centroid;
}
trct;
```

11

12

13

14

15

16

22

23

24

25

26

28

35

36

37

39

40

41

43

3.4 树 hash

```
struct Tree_Hash
       const ull mask=std::chrono::steady_clock::now().
           time_since_epoch().count();
       ull shift(ull x)
        x^=mask;
        x^=x<13;
        x^=x>>7;
        x^=x<<17;
        x^=mask;
        return x;
11
12
       ull hash[MAX];
13
       void dfs(VI *mp,int x,int fa)
15
          hash[x]=1;
          for(auto to:mp[x])
              if(to==fa) continue;
              dfs(mp,to,x);
              hash[x]+=shift(hash[to]);
          }
22
23
       void get_tree_hash(VI *mp,int root)
24
          dfs(mp,root,0);
26
       }
   }trha;
```

3.5 虚树

```
assert(sz(a)>0);
      top=0;
       st[top++]=a[0];
      VI tmp;
      for(int i=1;i<sz(a);i++)</pre>
          if(top==0)
          {
             st[top++]=a[i];
             continue;
          now_lca=lca.lca(a[i],st[top-1]);
          while(top>1&&lca.dfn[st[top-2]]>=lca.dfn[
              now_lca])
          {
             vtree_mp[st[top-2]].pb(st[top-1]);
             top--;
          }
          if(now_lca!=st[top-1])
             vtree_mp[now_lca].pb(st[top-1]);
             st[top-1]=now_lca;
             tmp.push_back(now_lca);
          st[top++]=a[i];
      while(top>1)
          vtree_mp[st[top-2]].pb(st[top-1]);
          top--;
      for(auto it:tmp) a.push_back(it);
       return st[0];
   void clear_vtree(VI &a,VI vtree_mp[])
      for(auto it:a) vtree_mp[it].clear();
}vt; // need lca and dfn
```

3.6 Link-Cut-Tree

```
struct Link_Cut_Tree

{
    #define type int
    const type inf=INF;
    struct node
    {
        int ch[2],fa,sz,rev,tag;
        type v,sum;
    }t[MAX];
    int tot,root,st[MAX];
    void maintain(int id,type v)
```

```
{
                                                                     {
                                                              66
          t[id].v=v;
                                                                         int y,z,k;
13
                                                              67
                                                                        y=t[x].fa;
          t[id].sum=v;
                                                                         z=t[y].fa;
15
                                                              69
       void pushup(int id)
                                                                         k=(x==t[y].ch[1]);
                                                                         if(!is_splay_root(y)) t[z].ch[y==t[z].ch[1]]=
                                                              71
17
          int ls=t[id].ch[0];
          int rs=t[id].ch[1];
                                                                        t[y].ch[k]=t[x].ch[k^1];
                                                              72
                                                                         if(t[x].ch[k^1]) t[t[x].ch[k^1]].fa=y;
          t[id].sz=t[ls].sz+t[rs].sz+1;
          t[id].sum=t[ls].sum+t[rs].sum+t[id].v;
                                                                        t[x].ch[k^1]=y;
                                                                        t[y].fa=x;
       void pushdown(int id)
                                                                        t[x].fa=z;
                                                                         pushup(y);
          int ls=t[id].ch[0];
                                                              78
          int rs=t[id].ch[1];
                                                                     void splay(int x)
                                                              79
          if(t[id].tag)
          {
                                                                         int y,z,top;
              if(ls)
                                                                        top=0;
              {
                                                              83
                                                                        y=x;
                 maintain(ls,t[id].v);
                                                                         st[++top]=y;
                 t[ls].tag=1;
                                                                        while(!is_splay_root(y))
              }
              if(rs)
                                                                            y=t[y].fa;
                                                                            st[++top]=y;
                 maintain(rs,t[id].v);
                                                                        while(top>0) pushdown(st[top--]);
                 t[rs].tag=1;
                                                                        while(!is_splay_root(x))
              t[id].tag=0;
                                                              92
                                                                            y=t[x].fa;
                                                              93
          if(t[id].rev)
                                                                            z=t[y].fa;
41
                                                              94
                                                                            if(!is_splay_root(y))
              t[ls].rev^=1;
43
                                                              96
              t[rs].rev^=1;
                                                                                if((t[z].ch[0]==y)^(t[y].ch[0]==x))
                                                              97
              swap(t[ls].ch[0],t[ls].ch[1]);
                                                                                    rotate(x);
              swap(t[rs].ch[0],t[rs].ch[1]);
                                                                                else rotate(y);
              t[id].rev=0;
                                                                            }
          }
                                                                            rotate(x);
                                                             101
       int newnode(type v,int fa)
                                                                         pushup(x);
                                                             102
                                                             103
          int id=++tot;
                                                                     void init_null_node()
                                                             104
          memset(t[id].ch,0,sizeof t[id].ch);
                                                             105
          t[id].fa=fa;
                                                                         memset(t[0].ch,0,sizeof t[0].ch);
                                                             106
                                                                         t[0].sz=t[0].fa=0;
          t[id].sz=1;
                                                             107
          t[id].tag=t[id].rev=0;
                                                                        t[0].v=t[0].sum=0;
                                                             108
          maintain(id,v);
                                                                     }
                                                             109
          return id;
                                                                     void init(int n,type *v)
                                                             110
                                                             111
       int is_splay_root(int x)
                                                                         int i;
                                                                        tot=0;
          int fa=t[x].fa;
                                                                         init_null_node();
                                                             114
          return t[fa].ch[0]!=x&&t[fa].ch[1]!=x;
                                                                         for(i=1;i<=n;i++) newnode(v[i],0);</pre>
                                                             115
                                                             116
       void rotate(int x)
                                                                     void init(int n)
65
                                                             117
```

```
int i;
           tot=0;
120
            init_null_node();
121
            for(i=1;i<=n;i++) newnode(0,0);</pre>
122
123
        int access(int x)
124
125
            int fa=0;
           while(x)
               splay(x);
               t[x].ch[1]=fa;
               pushup(x);
               fa=x;
132
               x=t[x].fa;
133
134
            return fa;
135
136
        int findroot(int x)
137
138
           access(x);
            splay(x);
            pushdown(x);
           while(t[x].ch[0])
               x=t[x].ch[0];
               pushdown(x);
146
            splay(x);
147
            return x;
149
        void makeroot(int x)
150
151
           x=access(x);
            swap(t[x].ch[0],t[x].ch[1]);
           t[x].rev^=1;
        int split(int x,int y)
           makeroot(x);
158
           access(y);
159
            splay(y);
160
            return y;
161
162
        void link(int x,int y)
163
164
           makeroot(x);
            splay(x);
            if(findroot(y)!=x) t[x].fa=y;
        void cut(int x,int y)
169
           makeroot(x);
```

```
if(findroot(y)==x&&t[y].fa==x&&t[y].ch[0]==0)
172
173
               t[y].fa=t[x].ch[1]=0;
174
               pushup(x);
175
            }
176
        }
177
        int is_connect(int x,int y)
178
179
            makeroot(x);
            return findroot(y)==x;
        void upd_node(int x,type v)
            splay(x);
185
            maintain(x,v);
186
        }
187
        #undef type
188
    }lct;
189
190
    lct.init(n);
191
    lct.init(n,*v); v[1..n]
193
```

图论

链式前向星

```
int head[MAX],tot;
   struct node{int to,nex;int v} mp[MAXE];
   void init()
3
      memset(head,-1,sizeof head);
      tot=0;
6
   void add edge(int x,int y,int v)
      mp[tot].v=v;
10
      mp[tot].to=y;
11
      mp[tot].nex=head[x];
      head[x]=tot++;
   }
14
```

最短路 4.2

4.2.1 dijkstra

```
struct Dijkstra
   #define type int
   const type inf=INF;
   struct node
      int id;
```

```
#define inf INF
          friend bool operator <(node a,node b){return</pre>
                                                                      #define PTI pair<type,int>
                                                                      static const int N=MAX;
               a.v>b.v;}
                                                                      vector<pair<int,type> > mp[N];
       };
10
       static const int N=MAX;
                                                                      type dis[N];
       vector<node> mp[N];
                                                                      int n,vis[N],cnt[N];
12
       type dis[N];
                                                                      void init(int _n)
13
                                                               10
       int n, vis[N];
                                                               11
                                                                      {
       void init(int _n)
                                                                         n=_n;
                                                                         for(int i=0;i<=n;i++) mp[i].clear();</pre>
          n=_n;
                                                                      void add_edge(int x,int y,type v){ mp[x].pb(MP(y
          for(int i=0;i<=n;i++) mp[i].clear();</pre>
                                                                          ,v));}
       void add_edge(int x,int y,type v){mp[x].
                                                                      bool work(int s)
                                                               16
           push_back({y,v});}
                                                               17
       void work(int s)
                                                                         int i,x,to;
                                                               18
                                                                         type w;
22
                                                               19
          int i,to;
                                                                          queue<int> q;
                                                               20
          type w;
                                                                         for(i=0;i<=n;i++)</pre>
24
                                                               21
          priority_queue<node> q;
          for(i=0;i<=n;i++)</pre>
                                                                             dis[i]=inf;
                                                               23
                                                                             vis[i]=cnt[i]=0;
              dis[i]=inf;
                                                                          }
              vis[i]=0;
                                                                         dis[s]=0;
          }
                                                                         vis[s]=1;
          dis[s]=0;
                                                                         q.push(s);
          q.push({s,type(0)});
                                                                         while(!q.empty())
          while(!q.empty())
                                                               30
                                                                             x=q.front();
                                                               31
              node t=q.top();
                                                                             q.pop();
35
                                                               32
                                                                             vis[x]=0;
              q.pop();
                                                               33
              if(vis[t.id]) continue;
                                                                             for(auto it:mp[x])
                                                               34
              vis[t.id]=1;// this node has already been
                                                                             {
                                                               35
                   extended
                                                                                to=it.fi;
                                                              36
              for(auto &it:mp[t.id])
                                                                                w=it.se;
                                                                                 if(dis[to]>dis[x]+w)
              {
                 to=it.id;
                 w=it.v;
                                                                                    dis[to]=dis[x]+w;
                                                                                    cnt[to]=cnt[x]+1;
                 if(dis[to]>dis[t.id]+w)
                                                                                    if(cnt[to]>n)
                     dis[to]=dis[t.id]+w;
                                                                                    {
                                                               43
                     if(!vis[to]) q.push({to,dis[to]});
                                                                                        // cnt is edge counts of
                  }
                                                                                            current short path
              }
                                                                                        // if cnt >= (sum of node), the
                                                               45
                                                                                             graph exists negative ring
          }
49
                                                                                        return false;
       }
50
                                                               46
       #undef type
51
                                                               47
   }dij;
                                                                                    if(!vis[to])
                                                                                    {
                                                                                        q.push(to);
   4.2.2 spfa
                                                                                        vis[to]=1;
                                                                                    }
   struct SPFA
                                                                                 }
   {
                                                                             }
       #define type int
```

4.2.3 floyd 求最小环

```
struct Floyd
   {
       #define type int
       const type inf=INF;
       static const int N=;
       type mp[N][N],dis[N][N];
       type min_circle_3;// len(circle)>=3
       type min_circle; // len(circle)>=1
       void init(int _n)
          int i,j;
          n=_n;
          for(i=1;i<=n;i++)</pre>
              for(j=1;j<=n;j++)</pre>
                  mp[i][j]=dis[i][j]=inf;
              }
          }
20
       void add_edge(int x,int y,type w)
          w=min(mp[x][y],w);
          mp[x][y]=dis[x][y]=w;
       void work()
          int i,j,k;
          min_circle_3=inf;
          for(k=1;k<=n;k++)</pre>
              for(i=1;i<k;i++)</pre>
                  if(mp[i][k]==inf) continue;
                  for(j=1;j<k;j++)</pre>
                     if(i==j||mp[k][j]==inf||dis[j][i]==
                          inf) continue;
                     min_circle_3=min(min_circle_3,mp[i
                          ][k]+mp[k][j]+dis[j][i]);
              for(i=1;i<=n;i++)</pre>
```

```
{
43
                  if(dis[i][k]==inf) continue;
44
                  for(j=1;j<=n;j++)</pre>
45
46
                      if(dis[k][j]==inf) continue;
                      dis[i][j]=min(dis[i][j],dis[i][k]+
48
                          dis[k][j]);
                  }
              }
           }
           min_circle=inf;
           for(i=1;i<=n;i++) min_circle=min(min_circle,</pre>
               dis[i][i]);
54
       #undef type
55
   }flyd;
   flyd.init(n);
58
   flyd.add_edge(x,y,w); x,y [1..n] x->y
   flyd.work();
```

4.2.4 Johnson

```
struct Johnson
       #define type int
       #define inf INF
       #define PTI pair<type,int>
       static const int N=3000+10;
       vector<pair<int,type> > mp[N];
       type dis[N],h[N];
       int n,vis[N],cnt[N];
       bool spfa_flag;
       void init(int _n)
          n=_n;
          spfa_flag=false;
          for(int i=0;i<=n;i++) mp[i].clear();</pre>
15
       void add_edge(int x,int y,type v){mp[x].pb(MP(y,
17
           v));}
       bool spfa(int s)
18
          int i,x,to;
          type w;
          queue<int> q;
          for(i=0;i<=n;i++)</pre>
              h[i]=inf;
              vis[i]=cnt[i]=0;
          h[s]=0;
          vis[s]=1;
29
```

```
q.push(s);
          while(!q.empty())
              x=q.front();
33
              q.pop();
              vis[x]=0;
35
              for(auto it:mp[x])
                 to=it.fi;
                 w=it.se;
                 if(h[to]>h[x]+w)
                     h[to]=h[x]+w;
                     cnt[to]=cnt[x]+1;
                     if(cnt[to]>n)
                     {
                        // cnt is edge counts of
                             current short path
                        // if cnt >= (sum of node), the
47
                             graph exists negative ring
                        return false;
                     if(!vis[to])
                        q.push(to);
                        vis[to]=1;
                     }
                 }
              }
          spfa_flag=true;
          return true;
59
       void dij(int s)
          assert(spfa_flag);
          int i,to;
          type w;
          priority_queue<PTI ,vector<PTI>,greater<PTI>
          for(i=0;i<=n;i++)</pre>
              dis[i]=inf;
              vis[i]=0;
71
          dis[s]=0;
          q.push(MP(type(0),s));
          while(!q.empty())
              PTI t=q.top();
              q.pop();
              if(vis[t.se]) continue;
              vis[t.se]=1;
              for(auto it:mp[t.se])
```

```
{
81
                  to=it.fi;
82
                  w=it.se+h[t.se]-h[to];
                  if(dis[to]>dis[t.se]+w)
                  {
                     dis[to]=dis[t.se]+w;
86
                     if(!vis[to]) q.push(MP(dis[to],to))
                  }
              }
          for(i=0;i<=n;i++)</pre>
              if(dis[i]==inf) continue;
              dis[i]-=h[s]-h[i];
           }
       #undef type
       #undef inf
       #undef PTI
   }js;
```

4.2.5 同余最短路

```
struct Dijkstra
       #define type ll
       const type inf=LLINF;
       struct node
           int id;
          type v;
          friend bool operator <(node a,node b){return</pre>
               a.v>b.v;}
       };
10
       static const int N=MAX;
       vector<node> mp[N];
       type dis[N];
       int n,vis[N];
14
       void init(int _n)
15
16
          n=_n;
17
          for(int i=0;i<=n;i++) mp[i].clear();</pre>
18
19
       void add_edge(int x,int y,type v){ mp[x].
20
           push_back({y,v});}
       void work(int s)
21
       {
           int i,to;
           type w;
           priority_queue<node> q;
           for(i=0;i<=n;i++)</pre>
27
              dis[i]=inf;
```

```
vis[i]=0;
          }
          dis[s]=0;
31
          q.push({s,type(0)});
32
          while(!q.empty())
              node t=q.top();
              q.pop();
              if(vis[t.id]) continue;
              vis[t.id]=1;// this node has already been
                    extended
              for(auto &it:mp[t.id])
                 to=it.id;
                 w=it.v;
                  if(dis[to]>dis[t.id]+w)
                     dis[to]=dis[t.id]+w;
                     if(!vis[to]) q.push({to,dis[to]});
46
                  }
              }
           }
       #undef type
   }dij;
   //22[1,r] b 2222sum{ai*xi}=b, xi>=0
   11 congruent_short_path(vector<int> &a,ll 1,ll r)
   {
       int n,i,j;
56
       ll res;
57
       n=a.size();
       sort(a.begin(),a.end());
59
       a.resize(unique(a.begin(),a.end())-a.begin());
       dij.init(a[0]);
       for(i=0;i<a[0];i++)</pre>
          for(j=1;j<n;j++)</pre>
          {
              dij.add_edge(i,(i+a[j])%a[0],a[j]);
       dij.work(0);
       res=0;
70
       for(i=0;i<a[0];i++)</pre>
72
          if(dij.dis[i]<=r) res+=(r-dij.dis[i])/a[0]+1;</pre>
73
          if(dij.dis[i]<=l-1) res-=((l-1)-dij.dis[i])/a</pre>
74
               [0]+1;
75
       return res;
   }
```

4.3 最小生成树

4.3.1 kruskal

```
struct Disjoint_Set_Union
2
       int pre[MAX];
3
       void init(int n)
           int i;
           for(i=1;i<=n;i++) pre[i]=i;</pre>
       int find(int x)
10
           if(pre[x]!=x) pre[x]=find(pre[x]);
11
           return pre[x];
12
13
       bool merge(int a,int b)
14
15
           int ra,rb;
16
           ra=find(a);
17
           rb=find(b);
           if(ra!=rb)
              pre[ra]=rb;
              return 1;
23
           return 0;
24
25
   }dsu;
26
   struct Kruskal
27
28
       #define type int
29
       #define inf INF
30
       struct edge{int x,y;type w;};
31
       vector<edge> e;
       void init(){e.clear();}
       void add_edge(int a,int b,type w){e.push_back({a
           ,b,w});}
       type work(int n)
35
       {
36
           int i,cnt;
37
           type res=0;
38
          dsu.init(n);
39
           sort(e.begin(),e.end(),[&](edge x,edge y){
40
              return x.w<y.w;</pre>
41
           });
42
           for(auto &it:e)
43
              if(dsu.merge(it.x,it.y)) res+=it.w;
           }
           for(i=1;i<=n;i++) cnt+=dsu.find(i)==i;</pre>
           if(cnt!=1) return inf; // no connect
49
           return res;
50
```

```
51  }
52  #undef type
53  #undef inf
54 }krsk;
```

4.3.2 kruskal 重构树

```
struct Disjoint_Set_Union
   {
       int pre[MAX];
       void init(int n)
          int i;
          for(i=1;i<=n;i++) pre[i]=i;</pre>
       int find(int x)
10
          if(pre[x]!=x) pre[x]=find(pre[x]);
          return pre[x];
12
       bool merge(int a,int b)
          int ra,rb;
          ra=find(a);
          rb=find(b);
          if(ra!=rb)
              pre[ra]=rb;
              return 1;
23
          return 0;
25
   }dsu;
   struct Kruskal_Tree
       #define type int
       #define inf INF
       struct edge{int x,y;type w;};
       vector<edge> e;
       void init(){e.clear();}
       void add_edge(int x,int y,type w){e.push_back({x
           ,y,w});}
       int build_kruskal_tree(int n,vector<int> *mp,
35
           type *w)
       {
          int rt,x,y,i;
          for(i=1;i<=2*n-1;i++)</pre>
              mp[i].clear();
              w[i]=0;
          dsu.init(2*n-1);
          sort(e.begin(),e.end(),[&](edge x,edge y){
              return x.w<y.w;</pre>
45
```

```
});
          rt=n;
47
          for(auto &it:e)
48
              x=dsu.find(it.x);
              y=dsu.find(it.y);
              if(x==y) continue;
              rt++;
              w[rt]=it.w;
              mp[rt].push_back(x);
              mp[rt].push_back(y);
              dsu.merge(x,rt);
              dsu.merge(y,rt);
          return rt;
60
       #undef type
       #undef inf
   }krsk;
```

4.3.3 prim

```
struct Prim
       #define type int
       const type inf=INF;
       struct node{int id;type w;};
       static const int N=MAX;
       vector<node> mp[N];
       type dis[N];
       int n,vis[N];
       void init(int _n)
10
          n=_n;
          for(int i=0;i<=n;i++) mp[i].clear();</pre>
       void add_edge(int x,int y,type w)
15
16
          mp[x].push_back({y,w});
17
          mp[y].push_back({x,w});
19
       type work()
20
21
          int i,x,cnt;
          type res,mn;
23
          for(i=0;i<=n;i++)</pre>
              dis[i]=inf;
              vis[i]=0;
          }
          for(auto &to:mp[x]) dis[to.id]=min(dis[to.id
               ],to.w);
          res=0;
```

```
cnt=0;
          while(1)
              mn=inf;
35
              vis[x]=1;
              cnt++;
              for(i=1;i<=n;i++)</pre>
                  if(!vis[i]&&dis[i]<mn)</pre>
                      mn=dis[i];
                      x=i;
                  }
              if(mn==inf) break;
              res+=mn;
              for(auto &to:mp[x]) dis[to.id]=min(dis[to
                   .id],to.w);
49
           if(cnt<n) return inf; // no connect</pre>
           return res;
51
       #undef type
   }prim;
   0(n^2+m)
   prim.init(n);
   prim.add_edge(x,y,w); x<->y
   prim.work();
   */
```

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4.4 二分图匹配

4.4.1 二分图最大匹配

```
\mu, ???\beta????=??C\acute{g}1???
    • ¾¶,²,=???¶¥µn???β????-????
   b^{*} ??C=? • ^{*}9, 2, =???9¥µn???\beta????-
   struct Bipartite_Matching
   {
       static const int N=;
       static const int M=;
       int n,m;
       vector<int> mp[N];
       int flag[N],s[N],link[M],used[M];
       void init(int _n,int _m)
          n=_n;
          m=_m;
          for(int i=0;i<=n;i++) mp[i].clear();</pre>
       }
18
```

```
void add_edge(int a,int b){mp[a].push_back(b);}
bool dfs(int x,int timetag)
   int i,to;
   flag[x]=1;
   for(i=0;i<mp[x].size();i++)</pre>
       to=mp[x][i];
       if(used[to]==timetag) continue;
       used[to]=timetag;
       if(link[to]==-1||dfs(link[to],timetag))
          link[to]=x;
          s[x]=to;
          return 1;
       }
   }
   return 0;
int max_match()
   int i,res;
   memset(link,-1,sizeof link);
   memset(s,-1,sizeof s);
   memset(used,0,sizeof used);
   res=0;
   for(i=1;i<=n;i++)</pre>
       if(mp[i].size()==0) continue;
       if(dfs(i,i)) res++;
   }
   return res;
int min_cover(vector<int> &x,vector<int> &y)
   int i,res;
   res=max_match();
   memset(flag,0,sizeof flag);
   memset(used,0,sizeof used);
   x.clear();
   y.clear();
   for(i=1;i<=n;i++)</pre>
       if(s[i]==-1) dfs(i);
   for(i=1;i<=n;i++)</pre>
       if(!flag[i]) x.push_back(i);
   for(i=1;i<=m;i++)</pre>
       if(used[i]) y.push_back(i);
   return res;
```

```
73     }
74     }bpm;
75     /*
76     O(n*m)
77     bpm.init(n,m);
8     bpm.add_edge(a,b); a:left,1-n b:right,1-m
79     */
```

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4.4.2 二分图最大权完美匹配

```
struct Kuhn_Munkres
   {
       #define type int
       const type inf=INF;
       static const int N=;
       int n,mx[N],my[N],pre[N];
       type slk[N],lx[N],ly[N],w[N][N];
       bool vx[N],vy[N];
       void init(int _n)
          n=_n;
          for(int i=1;i<=n;i++)</pre>
              for(int j=1;j<=n;j++)</pre>
              {
                 - 22222222β22, 2222Ę=0
                 - 2222222β22°», 2222Ę=-inf,2222222
                   426222'22222224, 22222222
                    • ¢»μὸ»¬¾
                 w[i][j]=0;
              }
          }
       void add_edge(int x,int y,type val)
          // PLPFÏPPPPPP6PP-°±,º
          w[x][y]=val;
       void match(int y){while(y) swap(y,mx[my[y]=pre[y
           ]]);}
       void bfs(int x)
32
       {
          int i,y;
          type d;
          for(i=1;i<=n;i++)</pre>
              vx[i]=vy[i]=pre[i]=0;
              slk[i]=inf;
          queue<int> q;
          q.push(x);
          vx[x]=1;
43
```

```
while(1)
       while(!q.empty())
           x=q.front();
           q.pop();
           for(y=1;y<=n;y++)</pre>
               d=1x[x]+1y[y]-w[x][y];
               if(!vy[y]&&d<=slk[y])</pre>
                  pre[y]=x;
                  if(!d)
                      if(!my[y]) return match(y);
                      q.push(my[y]);
                      vx[my[y]]=1;
                      vy[y]=1;
                  }
                  else slk[y]=d;
              }
           }
       d=inf+1;
       for(i=1;i<=n;i++)</pre>
           if(!vy[i]&&slk[i]<d)</pre>
               d=slk[i];
              y=i;
           }
       for(i=1;i<=n;i++)</pre>
           if(vx[i]) lx[i]-=d;
           if(vy[i]) ly[i]+=d;
           else slk[i]-=d;
       }
       if(!my[y]) return match(y);
       q.push(my[y]);
       vx[my[y]]=1;
       vy[y]=1;
   }
type max_match()
   int i,j;
   type res;
   for(i=1;i<=n;i++)</pre>
       mx[i]=my[i]=ly[i]=0;
       lx[i]=*max\_element(w[i]+1,w[i]+n+1);
   for(i=1;i<=n;i++) bfs(i);</pre>
```

```
res=0;
             for(i=1;i<=n;i++)</pre>
100
                 // <sup>2</sup> »
101
                 res+=w[i][mx[i]];
102
103
             return res;
104
105
         #undef type
     }km;
     0(n^3)
     km.init(n);
     km.add_edge(a,b,val); a,b: 1~n
```

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4.5 最大流

4.5.1 dinic

```
struct Dinic
       #define type int
       const type inf=INF;
       static const int N=;
       struct node
          int from, to;
          type cap, flow;
          node(int u,int v,type c,type f):from(u),to(v)
10
               ,cap(c),flow(f){}
11
       };
       int n,s,t;
12
       vector<node> edge;
13
       vector<int> mp[N];
       int vis[N],dist[N],id[N];
       void init(int _n)
          n=_n;
          edge.clear();
          for(int i=0;i<=n;i++)</pre>
             mp[i].clear();
22
              id[i]=dist[i]=vis[i]=0;
          }
24
       void add_edge(int from,int to,type cap)
          edge.push_back(node(from,to,cap,0));
          edge.push_back(node(to,from,0,0));
          int m=edge.size();
          mp[from].push_back(m-2);
          mp[to].push_back(m-1);
       }
33
```

```
bool bfs()
   int i,x;
   memset(vis,0,sizeof vis);
   queue<int>q;
   q.push(s);
   dist[s]=0;
   vis[s]=1;
   while(!q.empty())
       x=q.front();
       q.pop();
       for(i=0;i<mp[x].size();i++)</pre>
          node &e=edge[mp[x][i]];
          if(!vis[e.to]&&e.cap>e.flow)
              vis[e.to]=1;
              dist[e.to]=dist[x]+1;
              q.push(e.to);
          }
       }
   return vis[t];
type dfs(int x,type a)
   if(x==t||!a) return a;
   type flow=0,f;
   for(int &i=id[x];i<mp[x].size();i++)</pre>
       node &e=edge[mp[x][i]];
       if(dist[x]+1==dist[e.to]&&(f=dfs(e.to,min
           (a,e.cap-e.flow)))>0)
       {
          e.flow+=f;
          edge[mp[x][i]^1].flow-=f;
          flow+=f;
          a-=f;
          if(!a) break;
   return flow;
type max_flow(int _s,int _t)
   s=_s;
   t=_t;
   type res=0;
   while(bfs())
       for(int i=0;i<=n;i++) id[i]=0;</pre>
       res+=dfs(s,inf);
```

```
return res;
88
       #undef type
89
   }dc;
90
   /*
91
   0(n^2*m)
92
   bipartite graph: O(m*sqrt(n))
93
94
   dc.init(n);
   dc.add_edge(a,b,cap); a,b: 1~n
   */
```

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4.5.2 有源汇上下界网络流

```
struct Dinic
   {
2
       #define type int
       const type inf=INF;
       static const int N=;
       struct node
          int from, to;
          type cap,flow;
          node(int u,int v,type c,type f):from(u),to(v)
               ,cap(c),flow(f){}
       };
       int n,s,t,s1,t1;
12
       vector<node> edge;
13
       vector<int> mp[N];
       int vis[N],dist[N],id[N];
15
       type in[N],out[N];
16
       void init(int _n)
17
          s1=_n+1;
          t1=s1+1;
          n=t1;
          assert(n<N);</pre>
          edge.clear();
          for(int i=0;i<=n;i++)</pre>
          {
              mp[i].clear();
              id[i]=dist[i]=0;
              in[i]=out[i]=0;
28
          }
       void add_edge(int from,int to,type lcap,type
31
           rcap)
          edge.push_back(node(from,to,rcap-lcap,0));
          edge.push_back(node(to,from,0,0));
          in[to]+=lcap;
          out[from]+=lcap;
          int m=edge.size();
          mp[from].push_back(m-2);
38
```

```
mp[to].push_back(m-1);
}
bool bfs()
   int i,x;
   for(int i=0;i<=n;i++) vis[i]=0;</pre>
   queue<int>q;
   q.push(s);
   dist[s]=0;
   vis[s]=1;
   while(!q.empty())
       x=q.front();
       q.pop();
       for(i=0;i<mp[x].size();i++)</pre>
          node &e=edge[mp[x][i]];
          if(!vis[e.to]&&e.cap>e.flow)
          {
              vis[e.to]=1;
              dist[e.to]=dist[x]+1;
              q.push(e.to);
          }
       }
   }
   return vis[t];
type dfs(int x, type a)
   if(x==t||!a) return a;
   type flow=0,f;
   for(int &i=id[x];i<mp[x].size();i++)</pre>
       node &e=edge[mp[x][i]];
       if(dist[x]+1==dist[e.to]&&(f=dfs(e.to,min
           (a,e.cap-e.flow)))>0)
          e.flow+=f;
          edge[mp[x][i]^1].flow-=f;
          flow+=f;
          a-=f;
          if(!a) break;
       }
   }
   return flow;
}
type dinic(int _s,int _t)
   int i;
   s=_s;
   t=_t;
   type res=0;
   while(bfs())
```

```
for(i=0;i<=n;i++) id[i]=0;</pre>
               res+=dfs(s,inf);
93
            }
           return res;
95
        type min_flow(int _s,int _t)
97
           int i;
           s=s1;
           t=t1;
            for(i=0;i<s1;i++)</pre>
               if(in[i]>out[i]) add_edge(s,i,0,in[i]-out
               else if(in[i]<out[i]) add_edge(i,t,0,out[</pre>
105
                    i]-in[i]);
106
           add_edge(_t,_s,0,inf);
107
           dinic(s,t);
108
           for(i=0;i<mp[s].size();i++)</pre>
109
110
               node &e=edge[mp[s][i]];
               if(e.cap-e.flow!=0) return -1;
            }
            s=_s;
            t=_t;
           type res;
            for(i=0;i<mp[t].size();i++)</pre>
118
               node &e=edge[mp[t][i]];
119
               if(e.to==s)
120
121
                   res=e.flow;
122
                   e.flow=edge[mp[t][i]^1].flow=0;
123
                   e.cap=edge[mp[t][i]^1].cap=0;
               }
            res-=dinic(t,s);
            return res;
        type max_flow(int _s,int _t)
130
131
           int i;
132
            s=s1;
133
           t=t1;
134
            for(i=0;i<s1;i++)</pre>
136
               if(in[i]>out[i]) add_edge(s,i,0,in[i]-out
137
               else if(in[i]<out[i]) add_edge(i,t,0,out[</pre>
                    i]-in[i]);
            add_edge(_t,_s,0,inf);
            dinic(s,t);
```

```
for(i=0;i<mp[s].size();i++)</pre>
142
143
                node &e=edge[mp[s][i]];
144
                if(e.cap-e.flow!=0) return -1;
145
            }
146
            s=_s;
147
            t=_t;
148
            type res;
149
            for(i=0;i<mp[t].size();i++)</pre>
                node &e=edge[mp[t][i]];
                if(e.to==s)
154
                    res=e.flow;
155
                    e.flow=edge[mp[t][i]^1].flow=0;
156
                    e.cap=edge[mp[t][i]^1].cap=0;
157
                }
158
            }
159
            res+=dinic(s,t);
160
            return res;
161
        }
162
        #undef type
163
    }dc;
164
    dc.init(n);
    dc.add_edge(a,b,lcap,rcap); a,b: 1~n
    dc.min_flow(s,t);
    dc.max_flow(s,t);
169
170
```

4.6 费用流

4.6.1 spfa 费用流

```
struct MCMF
       #define type int
       #define inf INF
       static const int N=;
       struct node
          int from, to;
          type cap,flow,cost;
          node(){}
10
          node(int u,int v,type c,type f,type co):from(
11
               u),to(v),cap(c),flow(f),cost(co){}
12
       };
       int n,s,t;
13
       vector<node> edge;
       vector<int> mp[N];
       int vis[N],id[N];
       type d[N],a[N];
17
       void init(int _n)
18
       {
19
```

```
n=_n;
          for(int i=0;i<=n;i++) mp[i].clear();</pre>
          edge.clear();
23
       void add_edge(int from,int to,type cap,type cost
           =0)
       {
25
          edge.pb(node(from,to,cap,0,cost));
          edge.pb(node(to,from,0,0,-cost));
          int m=edge.size();
          mp[from].pb(m-2);
          mp[to].pb(m-1);
       bool spfa(type& flow,type& cost)
33
          for(int i=0;i<=n;i++)</pre>
          {
35
              d[i]=inf;
              vis[i]=0;
37
          }
          d[s]=0;vis[s]=1;id[s]=0;a[s]=inf;
          queue<int> q;
          q.push(s);
          while(!q.empty())
              int x=q.front();
              q.pop();
              vis[x]=0;
              for(int i=0;i<mp[x].size();i++)</pre>
              {
48
                 node& e=edge[mp[x][i]];
                  int to=e.to;
50
                  if(e.cap>e.flow&&d[to]>d[x]+e.cost)
52
                     d[to]=d[x]+e.cost;
                     a[to]=min(a[x],e.cap-e.flow);
                     id[to]=mp[x][i];
                     if(!vis[to])
                        vis[to]=1;
                        q.push(to);
                     }
                  }
61
              }
63
          if(d[t]==inf) return false;
          flow+=a[t];
          cost+=a[t]*d[t];
          int x=t;
          while(x!=s)
              edge[id[x]].flow+=a[t];
              edge[id[x]^1].flow-=a[t];
              x=edge[id[x]].from;
```

```
73
          return true;
74
       }
75
       pair<type, type> mincost_maxflow(int _s,int _t)
76
77
          type flow=0,cost=0;
78
          s=_s;
79
          t=_t;
80
          while(spfa(flow,cost));
           return MP(cost,flow);
       #undef type
       #undef inf
   }mcmf;
86
   mcmf.init(n);
   mcmf.add_edge(a,b,cap,cost); a,b: 1~n
90
```

4.6.2 dijkstra 费用流 (dij 求 h)

```
struct MCMF_dij
       #define type int
       #define inf INF
       #define PTI pair<type,int>
       static const int N=;
       struct node
          int from, to;
          type flow,cost;
10
11
          node(){}
          node(int u,int v,type f,type co):from(u),to(v
12
               ),flow(f),cost(co){}
       };
13
       int n,s,t,id[N];
       vector<node> edge;
       vector<int> mp[N];
16
       type dis[N],h[N];
17
       void init(int _n)
18
19
          n=n;
20
          for(int i=0;i<=n;i++) mp[i].clear();</pre>
21
          edge.clear();
23
       void add_edge(int from,int to,type cap,type cost
24
           =0)
25
          edge.push_back(node(from,to,cap,cost));
          edge.push_back(node(to,from,0,-cost));
          int m=edge.size();
          mp[from].push_back(m-2);
          mp[to].push_back(m-1);
30
       }
31
```

```
bool dij()
          int i,x,to;
          type cost,now_cost;
35
          for(i=0;i<=n;i++) dis[i]=inf;</pre>
          dis[s]=0;id[s]=0;
          priority_queue<PTI ,vector<PTI>,greater<PTI>
               > q;
          q.push({type(0),s});
          while(!q.empty())
             PTI tmp=q.top();
              q.pop();
              cost=tmp.first;
              x=tmp.second;
              if(cost>dis[x]) continue;
              for(i=0;i<mp[x].size();i++)</pre>
                 node& e=edge[mp[x][i]];
49
                 to=e.to;
                 type now_cost=e.cost+h[x]-h[to];
                 if(e.flow>0&&dis[to]>dis[x]+now_cost)
                     dis[to]=dis[x]+now_cost;
                     q.push({dis[to],to});
                     e.from=x;
                     id[to]=mp[x][i];
                 }
              }
60
          return dis[t]!=inf;
62
       pair<type, type> mincost_maxflow(int _s,int _t)
          int i;
          type flow=0,cost=0;
          for(int i=0;i<=n;i++) h[i]=0;</pre>
          s=_s;
          t=_t;
          while(dij())
              for(i=0;i<=n;i++) h[i]+=dis[i];</pre>
              type new_flow=inf;
              for(i=t;i!=s;i=edge[id[i]].from)
                 new_flow=min(new_flow,edge[id[i]].flow
                      );
              for(i=t;i!=s;i=edge[id[i]].from)
                 edge[id[i]].flow-=new_flow;
                 edge[id[i]^1].flow+=new_flow;
              flow+=new_flow;
```

```
cost+=new_flow*h[t];

return {cost,flow};

return {cost,flow};

#undef type
#undef inf
#undef PTI

mcmf; //upper: O(nmlog(nm) + max_flow*mlogm)
```

4.6.3 dijkstra 费用流 (spfa 求 h)

```
struct MCMF_dij
2
       #define type int
       #define inf INF
       #define PTI pair<type,int>
       static const int N=;
       struct node
          int from, to;
          type flow,cost;
          node(){}
          node(int u,int v,type f,type co):from(u),to(v
               ),flow(f),cost(co){}
       };
13
       int n,s,t,id[N],vis[N];
       vector<node> edge;
15
       vector<int> mp[N];
16
       type dis[N],h[N];
17
       void init(int _n)
18
19
          n=_n;
20
          for(int i=0;i<=n;i++) mp[i].clear();</pre>
          edge.clear();
22
       void add_edge(int from,int to,type cap,type cost
           =0)
          edge.push_back(node(from,to,cap,cost));
26
          edge.push_back(node(to,from,0,-cost));
          int m=edge.size();
28
          mp[from].push_back(m-2);
29
          mp[to].push_back(m-1);
30
       }
31
       void spfa()
33
          int i,x,to;
          for(i=0;i<=n;i++)</pre>
              h[i]=inf;
              vis[i]=0;
39
          queue<int> q;
40
          q.push(s);
41
```

```
h[s]=0;
          vis[s]=1;
          while(!q.empty())
45
              x=q.front();
              q.pop();
              vis[x]=0;
              for(i=0;i<mp[x].size();i++)</pre>
                 node &e=edge[mp[x][i]];
                 to=e.to;
                 if(e.flow>0&&h[to]>h[x]+e.cost)
                     h[to]=h[x]+e.cost;
                     if(!vis[to])
                     {
                        vis[to]=1;
                        q.push(to);
                     }
                 }
              }
          }
       bool dij()
          int i,x,to;
          type cost,now_cost;
          for(i=0;i<=n;i++) dis[i]=inf;</pre>
          dis[s]=0;id[s]=0;
          priority_queue<PTI ,vector<PTI>,greater<PTI>
          q.push({type(0),s});
72
          while(!q.empty())
              PTI tmp=q.top();
              q.pop();
              cost=tmp.first;
              x=tmp.second;
              if(cost>dis[x]) continue;
              for(i=0;i<mp[x].size();i++)</pre>
                 node& e=edge[mp[x][i]];
                 to=e.to;
                 type now_cost=e.cost+h[x]-h[to];
                 if(e.flow>0&&dis[to]>dis[x]+now_cost)
                     dis[to]=dis[x]+now_cost;
                     q.push({dis[to],to});
                     e.from=x;
                     id[to]=mp[x][i];
                 }
              }
          return dis[t]!=inf;
```

```
95
        pair<type, type> mincost_maxflow(int _s,int _t)
96
97
            int i;
98
           type flow=0,cost=0;
            s=_s;
100
            t=_t;
101
            spfa();
102
            while(dij())
               for(i=0;i<=n;i++) h[i]+=dis[i];</pre>
               type new_flow=inf;
               for(i=t;i!=s;i=edge[id[i]].from)
107
108
                   new_flow=min(new_flow,edge[id[i]].flow
109
                        );
110
               for(i=t;i!=s;i=edge[id[i]].from)
111
112
                   edge[id[i]].flow-=new_flow;
113
                   edge[id[i]^1].flow+=new_flow;
114
115
               flow+=new_flow;
               cost+=new_flow*h[t];
            }
118
            return {cost,flow};
119
120
        #undef type
121
        #undef inf
122
        #undef PTI
123
    }mcmf; // upper: O(nm + max_flow*mlogm)
```

4.7 连通性

4.7.1 强连通分量

```
struct Strongly_Connected_Components
       int scc_cnt,tot;
       int low[MAX],dfn[MAX],col[MAX],sz[MAX];
       int st[MAX],top,flag[MAX];
      vector<int> mp[MAX];
      void dfs(int x)
       {
          int tmp;
          st[top++]=x;
10
          flag[x]=1;
11
          low[x]=dfn[x]=++tot;
          for(auto &to:mp[x])
              if(!dfn[to])
16
                 dfs(to);
17
                 low[x]=min(low[x],low[to]);
```

11

12

13

14

21

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50

59

```
else if(flag[to]) low[x]=min(low[x],dfn[
20
                   to]);
21
           if(low[x]==dfn[x])
              scc_cnt++;
              do
                  tmp=st[--top];
                  flag[tmp]=0;
                  col[tmp]=scc_cnt;
                  sz[scc_cnt]++;
              }while(tmp!=x);
       }
33
       void work(int n, vector<int> *_mp)
34
           int i;
36
           for(i=1;i<=n;i++)</pre>
              col[i]=sz[i]=flag[i]=0;
              mp[i]=_mp[i];
           }
           scc_cnt=top=tot=0;
           for(i=1;i<=n;i++)</pre>
              if(col[i]) continue;
              dfs(i);
           }
47
       void rebuild(int n,vector<int> *g)
49
           int i;
           for(i=1;i<=n;i++) g[i].clear();</pre>
           for(i=1;i<=n;i++)</pre>
              for(auto &to:mp[i])
                  if(col[i]==col[to]) continue;
                  g[col[i]].push_back(col[to]);
              }
           }
60
   }scc;
```

4.7.2 边双连通分量

```
namespace Tarjan
{
   int bcc,top,tot,n;
   vector<int> mp[MAX];
   vector<PII > bridge;
   int low[MAX],dfn[MAX],belong[MAX],fa[MAX];
```

```
int stk[MAX];
int cut[MAX],add_block[MAX];
void dfs(int x,int pre)
   int to,i,tmp,k,son;
   stk[top++]=x;
   low[x]=dfn[x]=++tot;
   fa[x]=pre;
   son=k=0;
   for(auto to:mp[x])
       if(to==pre&&!k)
          k++;
          continue;
       }
       if(!dfn[to])
       {
          son++;
          dfs(to,x);
          low[x]=min(low[x],low[to]);
          if(x!=pre&&low[to]>=dfn[x])
              cut[x]=1;
              add_block[x]++;
          if(low[to]>dfn[x]) bridge.pb(MP(x,to))
       }
       else low[x]=min(low[x],dfn[to]);
   if(x==pre&&son>1)
       cut[x]=1;
       add_block[x]=son-1;
   }
   if(low[x]==dfn[x])
       bcc++;
       do
          tmp=stk[--top];
          belong[tmp]=bcc;
       }while(tmp!=x);
   }
}
void work(int _n,vector<int> e[])
   n=_n;
   for(int i=1;i<=n;i++)</pre>
       mp[i]=e[i];
       low[i]=dfn[i]=fa[i]=stk[i]=0;
       cut[i]=add_block[i]=0;
```

```
bcc=top=tot=0;
61
           bridge.clear();
           for(int i=1;i<=n;i++)</pre>
              if(!dfn[i]) dfs(i,i);
       void rebuild(vector<int> e[])
           int i,t;
           for(i=1;i<=n;i++) e[i].clear();</pre>
           for(i=1;i<=n;i++)</pre>
              t=fa[i];
              if(belong[i]!=belong[t])
                  e[belong[i]].pb(belong[t]);
                  e[belong[t]].pb(belong[i]);
              }
          }
80
       }
81
```

4.7.3 圆方树

```
#include <cstdio>
    #include <vector>
   #include <algorithm>
   const int MN = 100005;
   int N, M, cnt;
   std::vector<int> G[MN], T[MN * 2];
   int dfn[MN], low[MN], dfc;
   int stk[MN], tp;
   void Tarjan(int u) {
13
       printf(" Enter : #%d\n", u);
       low[u] = dfn[u] = ++dfc; // low 2'Ïj223" \mu±% dfn
15
       stk[++tp] = u; // PPP2PP%
16
       for (auto v : G[u]) { // 222± u 2222222\mu
17
           if (!dfn[v]) { // 222δ22'2•
               Tarjan(v); // 22\mu
               low[u] = std::min(low[u], low[v]); //
                    \delta 22412 \cdot low dmin
               if (low[v] == dfn[u]) { // μ2222μ222±½, u
                     Ï@ĵ@⊦°@,μl •-
                   ++cnt; // 22,222½μ
                   printf(" Found a New BCC #%d.\n", cnt
                        - N);
                   // 2⊦2r222½«μ u
                       j \text{ ??????} \mu \text{£} \neg \text{°} \text{ } \cdot \text{ } \text{1} \text{±}
```

```
for (int x = 0; x != v; --tp) {
25
                      x = stk[tp];
26
                      T[cnt].push_back(x);
27
                      T[x].push_back(cnt);
28
                      printf(" BCC #%d has vertex #%d\n",
                           cnt - N, x);
                  }
30
                  // ???u ????XÇ???21±"µ«²»£©
31
                  T[cnt].push_back(u);
                  T[u].push_back(cnt);
                  printf(" BCC #%d has vertex #%d\n",
                      cnt - N, u);
              }
35
           else low[u] = std::min(low[u], dfn[v]); //
               ฏÿฏฏฯĺฏdfn dmin
38
       printf(" Exit : \#\%d : low = \%d\n", u, low[u]);
39
       printf(" Stack:\n ");
       for (int i = 1; i <= tp; ++i) printf("%d, ", stk</pre>
       puts("");
42
43
   int main() {
       scanf("%d%d", &N, &M);
       cnt = N; // 2+μ / 22Ŵ2 • ½μ N 'έ<sup>2</sup>
       for (int i = 1; i <= M; ++i) {
48
           int u, v;
49
           scanf("%d%d", &u, &v);
50
          G[u].push_back(v); // 2⊦222¼
          G[v].push_back(u);
52
       }
       // 2226´¦1
       for (int u = 1; u <= N; ++u)
           if (!dfn[u]) Tarjan(u), --tp;
           // Tarjan <sup>f</sup> g2л22h22222g<sup>1</sup>, ´,£¬½«
       return 0;
   }
59
```

4.8 团

4.8.1 最大团

```
struct Maximum_Clique
{
    static const int N=;
    vector<int> sol; // vertex of maximum clique
    int mp[N][N/30+1],s[N][N/30+1];
    int n,ans,dp[N];
    void init(int _n)
    {
        n=_n;
        for(int i=0;i<=n;i++)</pre>
```

```
{
              dp[i]=0;
              mem(mp[i],0);
13
14
       }
15
       void add_edge(int a,int b) //0~n-1
16
          if(a>b) swap(a,b);
          if(a==b) return;
          mp[a][b/32]|=(1<<(b%32));
       bool dfs(int x,int k)
           int c=0,d=0;
           for(int i=0;i<(n+31)/32;i++)</pre>
25
           {
              s[k][i]=mp[x][i];
              if(k!=1) s[k][i]&=s[k-1][i];
              c+=__builtin_popcount(s[k][i]);
29
           }
          if(c==0)
31
           {
              if(k>ans)
                  ans=k;
                  sol.clear();
                  sol.pb(x);
                  return 1;
              }
39
              return 0;
40
          for(int i=0;i<(n+31)/32;i++)</pre>
42
           {
43
              for(int a=s[k][i];a;d++)
                  if(k+(c-d)<=ans) return 0;</pre>
                  int lb=a&(-a),lg=0;
                  a^=lb;
                  while(lb!=1)
                      lb=(unsigned int)(lb)>>1;
51
                      lg++;
                  }
53
                  int u=i*32+lg;
                  if(k+dp[u]<=ans) return 0;</pre>
55
                  if(dfs(u,k+1))
                  {
                      sol.pb(x);
                      return 1;
                  }
              }
           return 0;
64
```

```
int maximum_clique()
65
66
           ans=0;
67
           for(int i=n-1;i>=0;i--)
68
           {
69
               dfs(i,1);
70
               dp[i]=ans;
71
           }
72
           return ans;
       }
74
75
    }mcp;
   undirected graph
   mcp.init(n);
   mcp.add_edge(a,b); a,b: 0~n-1
79
   */
80
```

4.8.2 极大团计数

```
struct Bron_Kerbosch
2
       static const int N=;
       bitset<N> MASK,ZERO,mp[N];
       int n,cnt_clique;
       void init(int _n)
       {
          n=_n;
           for(int i=0;i<=n;i++) mp[i].reset();</pre>
          ZERO.reset();
10
          MASK=ZERO;
11
          MASK.flip();
12
13
       void add_edge(int a,int b) //0~n-1 , undir
14
15
       {
           if(a==b) return;
16
17
           mp[a][b]=mp[b][a]=1;
       void dfs(bitset<N> now,bitset<N> some,bitset<N>
           none)
       {
20
           if(some.none()&&none.none())//one maximal
21
               clique
           {
22
              cnt_clique++;
23
              return;
24
           }
25
          bitset<N> r=some;
26
          bool fi=1;
27
           for(int i=0;i<n;i++)</pre>
              if(!r[i]) continue;
              if(fi)
31
              {
32
                  fi=0;
33
```

```
r&=mp[i]^MASK;
              }
35
              now[i]=1;
36
              dfs(now,some&mp[i],none&mp[i]);
37
              now[i]=0;
              some[i]=0;
              none[i]=1;
          }
41
       }
       int count_maximal_clique()
          cnt_clique=0;
          bitset<N> now;
          dfs(now,MASK,ZERO);
          return cnt_clique;
48
       }
   }bk;
50
   undirected graph
52
   bk.init(n);
   bk.add_edge(a,b); a,b: 0~n-1
```

4.9 拓扑排序

```
vector<int> topsort(vector<int> &node, vector<int>
       mp[],int *in)
   {
       queue<int> q;
       for(auto &it:node)
          if(!in[it]) q.push(it);
      vector<int> toplist;
      while(!q.empty())
10
          int x=q.front();
          q.pop();
          toplist.push_back(x);
          for(auto &to:mp[x])
              in[to]--;
              if(!in[to]) q.push(to);
18
      return toplist;
20
```

4.10 2-sat

4.10.1 2-sat 输出任意解

//判断是否有解 输出任意一组解O(n+m)

```
int scc,top,tot;
   vector<int> mp[MAX];
   int low[MAX],dfn[MAX],belong[MAX];
   int stk[MAX],flag[MAX];
   int pos[MAX],degree[MAX],ans[MAX],outflag[MAX],cnt;
   vector<int> dag[MAX];
   void init(int n)
9
10
       int i;
       for(i=0;i<2*n;i++)</pre>
          mp[i].clear();
          dag[i].clear();
          low[i]=0;
          dfn[i]=0;
16
          stk[i]=0;
          flag[i]=0;
18
          degree[i]=0;
19
          outflag[i]=0;
20
       scc=top=tot=0;
22
   void tarjan(int x)
       int to,i,temp;
       stk[top++]=x;
       flag[x]=1;
       low[x]=dfn[x]=++tot;
       for(i=0;i<mp[x].size();i++)</pre>
30
       {
31
          to=mp[x][i];
32
          if(!dfn[to])
33
              tarjan(to);
              low[x]=min(low[x],low[to]);
          }
          else if(flag[to]) low[x]=min(low[x],dfn[to]);
       if(low[x]==dfn[x])
40
          scc++;
          do
              temp=stk[--top];
              flag[temp]=0;
46
              belong[temp]=scc;
          }while(temp!=x);
48
   void add(int x,int y)
       mp[x].pb(y);
53
   void topsort(int n)
```

```
int i,t;
        queue<int> q;
        cnt=0;
        for(i=1;i<=scc;i++)</pre>
           if(degree[i]==0) q.push(i);
           outflag[i]=0;
        while(!q.empty())
           t=q.front();
           q.pop();
           if(outflag[t]==0)
               outflag[t]=1;
               outflag[pos[t]]=2;
           for(i=0;i<sz(dag[t]);i++)</pre>
               int to=dag[t][i];
               degree[to]--;
               if(degree[to]==0) q.push(to);
           }
        }
    void builddag(int n)
    {
        int i,j,to;
        for(i=0;i<2*n;i++)</pre>
           for(j=0;j<sz(mp[i]);j++)</pre>
               to=mp[i][j];
               if(belong[i]!=belong[to])
                   degree[belong[i]]++;
                   dag[belong[to]].pb(belong[i]);
           }
    void twosat(int n)
        int i;
100
        for(i=0;i<2*n;i++)</pre>
102
           if(!dfn[i]) tarjan(i);
        for(i=0;i<n;i++)</pre>
           if(belong[2*i]==belong[2*i+1])//无解
               puts("NO");
109
```

```
110
                return;
            }
111
            pos[belong[2*i]]=belong[2*i+1];
112
            pos[belong[2*i+1]]=belong[2*i];
113
114
        builddag(n);
115
        topsort(n);
116
        cnt=0;
117
        for(i=0;i<2*n;i++)</pre>
            if(outflag[belong[i]]==1) ans[cnt++]=i+1;
        for(i=0;i<cnt;i++)</pre>
123
            printf("%d\n",ans[i]);
124
        }
125
126
```

4.10.2 2-sat 字典序最小解

```
//判断是否有解 输出字典序最小的解O(n*m)
   vector<int> mp[MAX];
   bool flag[MAX];
   int cnt,s[MAX];
   void init(int n)
       int i;
       for(i=0;i<2*n;i++)</pre>
          mp[i].clear();
10
11
       mem(flag,0);
12
   bool dfs(int x)
       if(flag[x^1]) return 0;
       if(flag[x]) return 1;
       s[cnt++]=x;
       flag[x]=1;
       for(i=0;i<sz(mp[x]);i++)</pre>
          if(!dfs(mp[x][i])) return 0;
23
       }
       return 1;
25
   void twosat(int n)
       int i;
       for(i=0;i<2*n;i++)</pre>
          if(!flag[i]&&!flag[i^1])
              cnt=0;
```

```
if(!dfs(i))
36
                  while(cnt) flag[s[--cnt]]=0;
                  if(!dfs(i^1))//无解
                  {
                      puts("NO");
                      return;
                  }
              }
           }
       for(i=0;i<2*n;i+=2)</pre>
           if(flag[i]) printf("%d\n",i+1);
           else printf("%d\n",i+2);
49
       }
50
   }
51
```

33

34

35

37

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49

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59

60

62

74

76

83

4.11 支配树

```
struct Dominator_Tree
   {
      int n,tot,dfn[MAX],best[MAX],semi[MAX],idom[MAX
           ],id[MAX],fa[MAX];
      vector<int> nex[MAX],pre[MAX],tmp[MAX],son[MAX];
       void init(int _n)
      {
          n=_n;
          for(int i=0;i<=n;i++)</pre>
             nex[i].clear();
             pre[i].clear();
             tmp[i].clear();
              son[i].clear();
              dfn[i]=0;
              idom[i]=semi[i]=best[i]=fa[i]=i;
       void add_edge(int x,int y)
          nex[x].pb(y);
          pre[y].pb(x);
       int ckmin(int x,int y){return dfn[semi[x]]<dfn[</pre>
           semi[y]]?x:y;}
      int getfa(int k)
          if(k==fa[k]) return k;
          int ret=getfa(fa[k]);
          best[k]=ckmin(best[fa[k]],best[k]);
          return fa[k]=ret;
       void dfs(int x)
31
```

```
{
   dfn[x]=++tot;
   id[tot]=x;
   for(auto &to:nex[x])
       if(dfn[to]) continue;
       dfs(to);
       son[x].pb(to);
   }
}
void tarjan(vector<int> *mp)
   int i,j,k;
   for(i=tot;i;i--)
       k=id[i];
       for(auto &to:pre[k])
          if(!dfn[to]) continue;
          if(dfn[to]<dfn[k])</pre>
              if(dfn[to]<dfn[semi[k]]) semi[k]=to</pre>
          }
          else
              getfa(to);
              semi[k]=semi[ckmin(best[to],k)];
       if(k!=semi[k]) tmp[semi[k]].pb(k);
       for(auto &to:tmp[k])
       {
          getfa(to);
          if(semi[best[to]]==k) idom[to]=k;
          else idom[to]=best[to];
       for(auto &to:son[k]) fa[to]=k;
   for(i=2;i<=tot;i++)</pre>
       if(idom[k]!=semi[k]) idom[k]=idom[idom[k
           ]];
       if (k!=idom[k])
       {
          mp[idom[k]].push_back(k); //add edge
       }
   }
void work(int rt,vector<int> *mp)
   for(int i=0;i<=n;i++) mp[i].clear();</pre>
```

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4.12 最小斯坦纳树

```
struct Minimum_Steiner_Tree
   {
       #define type int
       const type inf=INF;
       static const int N=;
       static const int K=;
       struct node
          int id;
          type v;
          friend bool operator <(node a,node b){return</pre>
               a.v>b.v;}
12
       };
       vector<node> mp[N];
13
       type dp[(1<<K)+3][N];</pre>
       int n,vis[N];
       void init(int _n)
16
17
          n=_n;
          for(int i=1;i<=n;i++) mp[i].clear();</pre>
       void add_edge(int x,int y,type v){ mp[x].
           push_back({y,v});}
       void dijkstra(int s)
       {
          int i,to;
          type w;
          priority_queue<node> q;
          for(i=1;i<=n;i++)</pre>
27
              vis[i]=0;
              if(dp[s][i]!=inf) q.push({i,dp[s][i]});
          while(!q.empty())
              node t=q.top();
              q.pop();
              if(vis[t.id]) continue;
              vis[t.id]=1;
              for(auto &it:mp[t.id])
```

```
{
              to=it.id;
              w=it.v;
              if(dp[s][to]>dp[s][t.id]+w)
                  dp[s][to]=dp[s][t.id]+w;
                  if(!vis[to]) q.push({to,dp[s][to]})
              }
          }
       }
   type work(vector<int> key_node)
       int s,t,i,k;
       type res;
       k=key_node.size();
       for(s=0;s<(1<<k);s++)
          for(i=1;i<=n;i++) dp[s][i]=inf;</pre>
       for(i=0;i<k;i++) dp[(1<<i)][key_node[i]]=0;</pre>
       for(s=0;s<(1<<k);s++)</pre>
          for(t=s&(s-1);t;t=s&(t-1))
              if(t<(s^t)) break;</pre>
              for(i=1;i<=n;i++)</pre>
                  dp[s][i]=min(dp[s][i],dp[t][i]+dp[s
                      ^t][i]);
              }
          }
          dijkstra(s);
       res=inf;
       for(i=1;i<=n;i++) res=min(res,dp[(1<<k)-1][i</pre>
           ]);
       return res;
   #undef type
}stn;
minimum spanning tree including all k key_node
O(n*3^k + m*log(m)*2^k)
stn.init(n);
stn.add_edge(a,b,w);
stn.work(key_node);
*/
```

5 数论

5.1 素数筛

5.1.1 埃筛

```
//x is a prime if prime[x]==x(x>=2)
   int p[MAX],tot,prime[MAX];
   void init(int n)
   {
       int i,j;
       tot=0;
       mem(prime,0);
       prime[1]=1;
       for(i=2;i<=n;i++)</pre>
10
          if(prime[i]) continue;
          p[tot++]=i;
          for(j=i;j<=n;j+=i)</pre>
              if(!prime[j]) prime[j]=i;
          }
17
   }
18
```

5.1.2 线性筛

```
//x is a prime if prime[x]==x(x>=2)
   int p[MAX],tot,prime[MAX];
   void init(int n)
   {
       int i,j;
       tot=0;
       memset(prime,0,sizeof prime);
       prime[1]=1;
       for(i=2;i<=n;i++)</pre>
10
          if(!prime[i]) prime[i]=p[tot++]=i;
          for(j=0;j<tot&&p[j]*i<=n;j++)</pre>
              prime[i*p[j]]=p[j];
              if(i%p[j]==0) break;
       }
   }
18
```

5.1.3 区间筛

```
//0(r-l+1)
const int N=2e7+10;
ll p[N],tot;
bool vis[N],prime[N];
void init(ll l,ll r)
```

```
11 i,j,sq=sqrt(r+0.5);
       tot=0;
       for(i=0;i<=sq;i++) vis[i]=1;</pre>
       for(i=1;i<=r;i++) prime[i-1]=1;</pre>
10
       if(l==0) prime[0]=prime[1]=0;
11
       if(l==1) prime[0]=0;
12
       for(i=2;i<=sq;i++)</pre>
13
           if(!vis[i]) continue;
           for(j=i+i;j<=sq;j+=i) vis[j]=0;</pre>
           for(j=max(2LL,(1+i-1)/i)*i;j<=r;j+=i) prime[j</pre>
18
       for(i=1;i<=r;i++)</pre>
19
20
           if(prime[i-l]) p[tot++]=i;
21
22
23
```

5.2 逆元

5.2.1 exgcd 求逆元

```
/*扩展欧几里得求逆元条件

:gcd(a,mod)==1如果
gcd(a,mod)!=1 返回-1

*/
il inv(ll a,ll p)

{
    ll g,x,y;
    g=exgcd(a,p,x,y);
    return g==1?(x+p)%p:-1;
}
```

5.2.2 线性预处理

5.3 扩展欧几里得

5.3.1 exgcd

```
1 /*解
2 xa+yb=gcd(a,b)返回值为
3 gcd(a,b)其中一组解为
4 X y通解
```

```
x1=x+b/gcd(a,b)*t
       y1=y-a/gcd(a,b)*t
       (为任意整数t)
   */
   11 exgcd(ll a,ll b,ll &x,ll &y)
10
11
       if(b==0)
12
          x=1;
          y=0;
          return a;
       11 g,t;
       g=exgcd(b,a%b,x,y);
19
       t=x;
20
       x=y;
21
       y=t-a/b*y;
22
       return g;
23
```

5.3.2 ax+by=c

```
xa+yb=c??????????C?h????
   xμ2H2222
    c\%gcd(a,b)==0
   */
   11 linear_equation(ll a,ll b,ll c,ll &x,ll &y)
       11 g,t;
       g=exgcd(a,b,x,y);
       if(!c) x=y=0;
       else if((!a&&!b&&c)||c%g) return -1;//no
11
           solution
       else if(!a&&b) x=1,y=c/b;
12
       else if(a&&!b) x=c/a, y=-c/a;
13
       else
14
15
       {
          a/=g,b/=g,c/=g;
          x*=c,y*=c;
          t=x;
          x%=b;
          if(x<=0) x+=b;//or x<0
          11 k=(t-x)/b;
          y+=k*a;
22
23
       return g;
24
25
```

5.4 中国剩余定理

5.4.1 CRT

```
//是除数m 是余数r 是除数的pLCM也就是答案的循环节()
int CRT(int *m,int *r,int n)
{
    int p=m[0],res=r[0],x,y,g;
    for(int i=1;i<n;i++)
    {
        g=exgcd(p,m[i],x,y);
        if((r[i]-res)%g) return -1;//无解
        x=(r[i]-res)/g*x%(m[i]/g);
        res+=x*p;
        p=p/g*m[i];
        res%=p;
    }
    return res>0?res:res+p;
}
```

5.4.2 exCRT

```
namespace exCRT
       11 excrt(VL a, VL b)//res=a_i(mod b_i)
           11 x,y,k,g,c,p,res,bg;
          assert(sz(a)==sz(b));
6
          assert(sz(a)>0);
          p=b[0];
          res=a[0];
          for(int i=1;i<sz(a);i++)</pre>
              c=(a[i]-res%b[i]+b[i])%b[i];
              g=exgcd(p,b[i],x,y);
13
              bg=b[i]/g;
              if(c%g!=0) return -1;
15
              x=(x*(c/g))%bg;
              res+=x*p;
17
              p*=bg;
18
              res=(res%p+p)%p;
19
          return (res%p+p)%p;
21
       }
22
   };
```

5.5 组合数

5.5.1 打表

5.5.2 预处理

```
11 qpow(ll a,ll b)
       ll res=1;
       while(b>0)
          if(b&1) res=res*a%mod;
          a=a*a%mod;
          b>>=1;
       }
       return res;
10
   11 inv(11 x){return qpow(x,mod-2);}
   11 fac[MAX],invfac[MAX];
13
   void init(int n)
   {
15
       fac[0]=1;
       for(int i=1;i<=n;i++) fac[i]=fac[i-1]*i%mod;</pre>
       invfac[n]=inv(fac[n]);
       for(int i=n-1;~i;i--) invfac[i]=invfac[i+1]*(i
19
           +1)%mod;
20
   11 C(11 n,11 m)
21
   {
22
       if(m>n||m<0||n<0) return 0;
23
       return fac[n]*invfac[m]%mod*invfac[n-m]%mod;
24
   11 A(11 n,11 m)
26
       if(m>n||m<0||n<0) return 0;
       return fac[n]*invfac[n-m]%mod;
```

5.5.3 Lucas 定理

```
//C(n,m) n,m<=1e18 p<=1e5
//p must be a prime number
ll Lucas(ll n,ll m,ll p)
{
    if(m==0) return 1;
    return C(n%p,m%p)*Lucas(n/p,m/p,p)%p;
}</pre>
```

5.5.4 exLucas

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```
namespace exLucas
   ll pow2(ll a,ll b,ll p)
   {
      ll res=1;
      while(b>0)
          if(b&1) res=res*a%p;
          a=a*a%p;
          b>>=1;
       return res;
   }
   ll inv(ll a,ll p)
      11 g,x,y,res;
       g=exgcd(a,p,x,y);
       res=(g==1?(x+p)%p:-1);
       assert(res!=-1);
       return res;
   map<ll,pair<VL,VL> > mp;
   map<PLL,VL > fac;
   void init(VL mod_list)
       ll i,j,p;
       mp.clear();
       fac.clear();
       for(auto mod_i:mod_list)
          p=mod_i;
          VL a,b;
          for(i=2;i*i<=p;i++)</pre>
              if(p%i) continue;
              b.pb(1LL);
              while(p%i==0) b[sz(b)-1]*=i,p/=i;
              a.pb(i);
          if(p>1) a.pb(p),b.pb(p);
          mp[mod_i]=MP(a,b);
          for(i=0;i<sz(a);i++)</pre>
          {
              if(fac.count(MP(a[i],b[i]))) continue;
              VL fac_tmp=VL(b[i]+1);
              fac_tmp[0]=1;
              for(j=1;j<=b[i];j++)</pre>
                 if(j%a[i]) fac_tmp[j]=fac_tmp[j-1]*
                 else fac_tmp[j]=fac_tmp[j-1];
              }
```

```
fac[MP(a[i],b[i])]=fac_tmp;
             }
53
          }
54
55
      ll cal_fac(ll n,ll x,ll p)
57
          if(!n) return 1LL;
          ll res=1;
          assert(fac.count(MP(x,p)));
          res=res*fac[MP(x,p)][p-1]%p;
          res=pow2(res,n/p,p);
          res=res*fac[MP(x,p)][n%p]%p;
          return res*cal_fac(n/x,x,p)%p;
      11 multilucas(ll n,ll m,ll x,ll p)
66
      {
          if(m>n) return 0;
68
          ll i,cnt;
69
          cnt=0;
70
          for(i=n;i;i/=x) cnt+=i/x;
          for(i=m;i;i/=x) cnt-=i/x;
72
          for(i=n-m;i;i/=x) cnt-=i/x;
          return pow2(x,cnt,p)* \
                cal_fac(n,x,p)%p* \
                inv(cal_fac(m,x,p),p)%p* \
                inv(cal_fac(n-m,x,p),p)%p;
      11 C(11 n,11 m,11 p)
          if(m>n||m<0||n<0) return 0;
81
          ll i,res;
          VL a,b,resa;
83
          assert(mp.count(p));
          a=mp[p].fi;
          b=mp[p].se;
          for(i=0;i<sz(a);i++) resa.pb(multilucas(n,m,a</pre>
              [i],b[i]));
          res=exCRT::excrt(resa,b);
          assert(res!=-1);
          return res;
91
   };//exLucas::init(VL{});
```

5.6 欧拉函数

<=n 且与 n 互质的数的和: n*phi[n]/2

5.6.1 直接求

```
//0(sqrt(n))
int euler(int n)
{
```

```
int ans,i;
ans=n;
for(i=2;i*i<=n;i++)

{
    if(n%i==0)
    {
        ans=ans-ans/i;
        while(n%i==0) n/=i;
    }
}

if(n>1) ans=ans-ans/n;
return ans;
}
```

5.6.2 线性筛

```
int prime[MAX],phi[MAX],tot;
   bool flag[MAX];
   void init(int n)
       int i,j,k;
       tot=0;
       mem(flag,0);
       phi[0]=0;
       phi[1]=1;
       for(i=2;i<=n;i++)</pre>
10
11
           if(!flag[i])
12
13
               prime[tot++]=i;
14
               phi[i]=i-1;
15
16
           for(j=0;j<tot&&i*prime[j]<=n;j++)</pre>
17
               k=i*prime[j];
               flag[k]=1;
               if(i%prime[j]==0)
22
                  phi[k]=phi[i]*prime[j];
23
                  break;
24
25
               else phi[k]=phi[i]*(prime[j]-1);
26
           }
       }
28
   }
29
```

5.7 莫比乌斯函数

```
int mo[MAX],prime[MAX],tot;
bool flag[MAX];
void initmo(int n)
{
  int i,j;
```

```
mem(flag,0);
       mem(mo,0);
       tot=0;
       mo[1]=1;
       for(i=2;i<=n;i++)</pre>
10
           if(!flag[i])
12
           {
13
              prime[tot++]=i;
              mo[i]=-1;
           for(j=0;j<tot&&prime[j]*i<=n;j++)</pre>
              flag[i*prime[j]]=1;
              if(i%prime[j]==0)
              {
                  mo[prime[j]*i]=0;
                  break;
              mo[prime[j]*i]=-mo[i];
          }
       }
   }
```

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5.8 Berlekamp-Massey

```
//Berlekamp-Massey
   typedef vector<int> VI;
   namespace linear_seq
   {
      #define rep(i,a,n) for (int i=a;i<n;i++)</pre>
      #define SZ(x) ((int)(x).size())
      const 11 mod=1e9+7;
      11 powmod(ll a,ll b){ll res=1;a%=mod; assert(b
           >=0); for(;b;b>>=1){if(b&1)res=res*a%mod;a=a
           *a%mod;}return res;}
      const int N=10010;
      11 res[N],base[N],_c[N],_md[N];
      vector<int> Md;
      void mul(ll *a,ll *b,int k)
12
          rep(i,0,k+k) _c[i]=0;
14
          rep(i,0,k) if (a[i]) rep(j,0,k) _c[i+j]=(_c[i
              +j]+a[i]*b[j])%mod;
          for (int i=k+k-1;i>=k;i--) if (_c[i])
             rep(j,0,SZ(Md)) _c[i-k+Md[j]]=(_c[i-k+Md[
                 j]]-_c[i]*_md[Md[j]])%mod;
          rep(i,0,k) a[i]=_c[i];
      int solve(ll n,VI a,VI b){
          11 ans=0,pnt=0;
          int k=SZ(a);
          assert(SZ(a)==SZ(b));
23
```

```
rep(i,0,k) _md[k-1-i]=-a[i];_md[k]=1;
      Md.clear();
       rep(i,0,k) if (_md[i]!=0) Md.push_back(i);
       rep(i,0,k) res[i]=base[i]=0;
       res[0]=1;
       while ((111<<pnt)<=n) pnt++;</pre>
       for (int p=pnt;p>=0;p--) {
          mul(res,res,k);
          if ((n>>p)&1) {
              for (int i=k-1;i>=0;i--) res[i+1]=res[
                  i];res[0]=0;
              rep(j,0,SZ(Md)) res[Md[j]]=(res[Md[j
                  ]]-res[k]*_md[Md[j]])%mod;
          }
       rep(i,0,k) ans=(ans+res[i]*b[i])%mod;
       if (ans<0) ans+=mod;</pre>
       return ans;
   }
   VI BM(VI s){
      VI C(1,1),B(1,1);
       int L=0, m=1, b=1;
       rep(n,0,SZ(s)){
          11 d=0;
          rep(i,0,L+1) d=(d+(l1)C[i]*s[n-i])%mod;
          if(d==0) ++m;
          else if(2*L<=n){</pre>
              VI T=C;
              11 c=mod-d*powmod(b,mod-2)%mod;//22#
              while (SZ(C)<SZ(B)+m) C.pb(0);</pre>
              rep(i,0,SZ(B)) C[i+m]=(C[i+m]+c*B[i])%
                  mod:
              L=n+1-L; B=T; b=d; m=1;
          } else {
              11 c=mod-d*powmod(b,mod-2)%mod;//PDAK
              while (SZ(C)<SZ(B)+m) C.pb(0);</pre>
              rep(i,0,SZ(B)) C[i+m]=(C[i+m]+c*B[i])%
              ++m;
          }
       return C;
   int gao(VI a, ll n)
      VI c=BM(a);
       c.erase(c.begin());
       rep(i,0,SZ(c)) c[i]=(mod-c[i])%mod;
       return solve(n,c,VI(a.begin(),a.begin()+SZ(c)
           ));
   }
};//linear_seq::gao(VI{},n-1)
```

5.9 exBSGS

```
//a^@x;b (mod c)
   ll exBSGS(ll a,ll b,ll c)
       11 i,g,d,num,now,sq,t,x,y;
       if(c==1) return b?-1:(a!=1);
       if(b==1) return a?0:-1;
       if(a%c==0) return b?-1:1;
       num=0;
       d=1;
       while((g=__gcd(a,c))>1)
          if(b%g) return -1;
          num++;
          b/=g;
          c/=g;
          d=(d*a/g)%c;
          if(d==b) return num;
       mp.clear();
19
       sq=ceil(sqrt(c));
       t=1:
       for(i=0;i<sq;i++)</pre>
          if(!mp.count(t)) mp[t]=i;
          else mp[t]=min(mp[t],i);
          t=t*a%c;
       for(i=0;i<sq;i++)</pre>
29
          exgcd(d,c,x,y);
          x=(x*b%c+c)%c;
          if(mp.count(x)) return i*sq+mp[x]+num;
32
          d=d*t%c;
33
       return -1;
```

5.10 Miller_Rabin+Pollard_rho

```
const int S=20;
mt19937 rd(time(0));
ll mul2(ll a,ll b,ll p)

{
    ll res=0;
    while(b)
    {
        if(b&1) res=(res+a)%p;
        a=(a+a)%p;
        b>>=1;
    }
    return res;
}
```

```
ll pow2(ll a,ll b,ll p)
15
       ll res=1;
16
       while(b)
17
       {
18
           if(b&1) res=mul2(res,a,p);
19
          a=mul2(a,a,p);
20
          b>>=1;
21
       }
22
       return res;
23
   int check(ll a, ll n, ll x, ll t)//一定是合数返回不一定
        返回1,0
26
   {
       11 now,nex,i;
27
       now=nex=pow2(a,x,n);
28
       for(i=1;i<=t;i++)</pre>
29
       {
30
           now=mul2(now,now,n);
31
           if(now==1&&nex!=1&&nex!=n-1) return 1;
32
          nex=now;
33
34
       if(now!=1) return 1;
35
       return 0;
   int Miller_Rabin(ll n)
38
39
       if(n<2) return 0;</pre>
40
       if(n==2) return 1;
41
       if((n&1)==0) return 0;
42
       ll x,t,i;
43
       x=n-1;
44
       t=0;
45
       while((x&1)==0) x>>=1,t++;
       for(i=0;i<S;i++)</pre>
47
48
           if(check(rd()%(n-1)+1,n,x,t)) return 0;
49
       }
       return 1;
52
   11 Pollard_rho(ll x,ll c)
53
54
       11 i,k,g,t,y;
55
       i=1;
56
       k=2;
57
       y=t=rd()%x;
       while(1)
59
           i++;
61
          t=(mul2(t,t,x)+c)%x;
           g=\_gcd(y-t+x,x);
           if(g!=1&&g!=x) return g;
           if(y==t) return x;
           if(i==k)
```

```
{
              y=t;
              k+=k;
69
           }
70
       }
72
   vector<ll> fac;
73
   void findfac(ll n)
       if(Miller_Rabin(n))
          fac.pb(n);
          return;
       11 t=n;
81
       while(t>=n) t=Pollard_rho(t,rd()%(n-1)+1);
       findfac(t);
       findfac(n/t);
85
   void work(11 x)
86
       fac.clear();
       findfac(x);
89
   }
```

第二类 Stirling 数 5.11

```
//dp[i][j表示]个元素划分到个不可区分的非空盒子里的方案
       数。ik
   11 dp[MAX][MAX];
   void init()
      11 i,j;
      mem(dp,0);
      dp[1][1]=1;
      for(i=2;i<MAX;i++)</pre>
          for(j=1;j<=i;j++)</pre>
          {
11
             dp[i][j]=(dp[i-1][j-1]+j*dp[i-1][j])%mod;
          }
13
      }
14
```

原根 5.12

原根性质

1. 一个数 m 如果有原根,则其原根个数为 phi[phi[m]]。 若 m 为素数,则其原根个数为 phi[phi[m]] = phi[m-1]。

- 2. 有原根的数只有 $2,4,p^{n},2*p^{n}$ (p 为质数,n 为正整数)
- 3. 一个数的最小原根的大小是 $O(n^{0.25})$ 的

4. 如果 g 为 n 的原根,则 g^d 为 n 的原根的充要条件是 gcd(d, phi[n]) = 1

指标法则

```
1. I(a*b) I(a) + I(b)(mod p - 1)
```

```
2. I(a^k) k * I(a) (mod p - 1)
```

```
int p[MAX],tot,prime[MAX];
   void init(int n)
       int i,j;
       tot=0;
       mem(prime,0);
       prime[1]=1;
       for(i=2;i<=n;i++)</pre>
           if(!prime[i]) prime[i]=p[tot++]=i;
10
          for(j=0;j<tot&&p[j]*i<=n;j++)</pre>
11
12
              prime[i*p[j]]=p[j];
              if(i%p[j]==0) break;
           }
   ll pow2(ll a,ll b,ll p)
18
19
       ll res=1;
20
       while(b)
21
22
           if(b&1) res=res*a%p;
23
           a=a*a%p;
24
          b>>=1;
       }
       return res;
   int tp[MAX];
   int find_root(int x)//求素数原根
31
       if(x==2) return 1;
32
       int f,phi=x-1;
33
       tp[0]=0;
34
       for(int i=0;phi&&i<tot;i++)</pre>
           if(phi%p[i]==0)
              tp[++tp[0]]=p[i];
              while(phi%p[i]==0) phi/=p[i];
           }
       if(phi!=1) tp[++tp[0]]=phi;
       phi=x-1;
       for(int g=2;g<=x-1;g++)</pre>
46
```

```
f=1;
           for(int i=1;i<=tp[0];i++)</pre>
49
               if(pow2(g,phi/tp[i],x)==1)
50
               {
                  f=0;
52
                  break;
               }
           }
           if(f) return g;
       return 0;
   int I[MAX];
   void get_I(int p)//求指标表
61
   {
62
       int g,now;
63
       g=find_root(p);
64
       now=1;
65
       for(int i=1;i<p;i++)</pre>
           now=now*g%p;
           I[now]=i;
       }
   }
```

5.13 二次剩余

```
//0(\log^2)
   struct Tonelli_Shanks
   {
       11 mul2(ll a,ll b,ll p)
          ll res=0;
          a%=p;
          while(b)
              if(b&1)
                 res+=a;
                 if(res>=p) res-=p;
              }
              a+=a;
              if(a>=p) a-=p;
              b>>=1;
          return res;
       ll pow2(ll a,ll b,ll p)
          ll res=1;
          while(b)
          {
25
```

```
if(b&1) res=mul2(res,a,p);
26
              a=mul2(a,a,p);
27
              b>>=1;
28
           }
29
           return res;
30
       }
31
       ll sqrt(ll n,ll p)
32
33
       {
           if(p==2) return (n&1)?1:-1;
           if(pow2(n,p>>1,p)!=1) return -1;
           if(p&2) return pow2(n,(p+1)>>2,p);
           11 q,z,c,r,t,tmp,s,i,m;
           s=__builtin_ctzll(p^1);
           q=p>>s;
39
           z=2;
40
           for(;pow2(z,p>>1,p)==1;z++);
           c=pow2(z,q,p);
42
           r=pow2(n,(q+1)>>1,p);
43
           t=pow2(n,q,p);
44
          for(m=s;t!=1;)
45
46
              for(i=0,tmp=t;tmp!=1;i++) tmp=tmp*tmp%p;
              for(;i<--m;) c=c*c%p;</pre>
              r=r*c%p;
              c=c*c%p;
              t=t*c%p;
          return r;
53
       }
54
   }ts;
55
```

6 多项式

6.1 FFT

```
namespace FFT
      #define rep(i,a,b) for(int i=(a);i<=(b);i++)
      const double pi=acos(-1);
       const int maxn=(1<<19)+10;</pre>
      struct cp
      {
          double a,b;
          cp(){}
          cp(double _x,double _y){a=_x,b=_y;}
10
          cp operator +(const cp &o)const{return (cp){a
11
              +o.a,b+o.b};}
          cp operator -(const cp &o)const{return (cp){a
              -o.a,b-o.b};}
          cp operator *(const cp &o)const{return (cp){a
              *o.a-b*o.b,b*o.a+a*o.b};}
          cp operator *(const double &o)const{return (
14
              cp){a*o,b*o};}
```

```
cp operator !()const{return (cp){a,-b};}
       }x[maxn],y[maxn],z[maxn],w[maxn];
16
       void fft(cp x[],int k,int v)
17
18
          int i,j,l;
19
          for(i=0,j=0;i<k;i++)</pre>
              if(i>j)swap(x[i],x[j]);
              for(l=k>>1;(j^=l)<l;l>>=1);
          }
          w[0]=(cp)\{1,0\};
          for(i=2;i<=k;i<<=1)</pre>
              cp g=(cp){cos(2*pi/i),(v?-1:1)*sin(2*pi/i)}
              for(j=(i>>1);j>=0;j-=2)w[j]=w[j>>1];
              for(j=1;j<i>>1;j+=2)w[j]=w[j-1]*g;
30
              for(j=0;j<k;j+=i)</pre>
              {
32
                 cp *a=x+j,*b=a+(i>>1);
                 for(l=0;l<i>>1;l++)
                     cp o=b[1]*w[1];
                     b[1]=a[1]-o;
                     a[1]=a[1]+o;
                 }
              }
          if(v)for(i=0;i< k;i++)x[i]=(cp)\{x[i].a/k,x[i].
              b/k;
       }
43
44
       // a=b*c
45
       // b[0..11]
       // c[0..12]
       void mul(int *a,int *b,int *c,int l1,int l2)
          if(11<128&&12<128)
              rep(i,0,l1+l2)a[i]=0;
              rep(i,0,l1)rep(j,0,l2)a[i+j]+=b[i]*c[j];
              return;
          }
          int K;
          for(K=1;K<=l1+l2;K<<=1);</pre>
57
          rep(i,0,l1)x[i]=cp(b[i],0);
          rep(i,0,12)y[i]=cp(c[i],0);
          rep(i,l1+1,K)x[i]=cp(0,0);
          rep(i,12+1,K)y[i]=cp(0,0);
          fft(x,K,0);fft(y,K,0);
          rep(i,0,K)z[i]=x[i]*y[i];
          fft(z,K,1);
          rep(i,0,11+12)a[i]=(11)(z[i].a+0.5);
```

```
7 |};
```

6.2 NTT

```
namespace NTT
2
       const int g=3;
       const int p=998244353;
       int wn[35];
       int pow2(int a,int b)
           int res=1;
           while(b>0)
10
               if(b&1) res=1ll*res*a%p;
11
               a=111*a*a%p;
12
               b>>=1;
13
           }
14
           return res;
15
       void getwn()
           assert(p==mod);
           for(int i=0;i<25;i++) wn[i]=pow2(g,(p-1)/(1LL</pre>
                <<ii));
21
       }
       void ntt(vector<int> &a,int len,int f)
22
23
           int i,j=0,t,k,w,id;
24
           for(i=1;i<len-1;i++)</pre>
25
26
               for(t=len;j^=t>>=1,~j&t;);
               if(i<j) swap(a[i],a[j]);</pre>
           for(i=1,id=1;i<len;i<<=1,id++)</pre>
               t=i<<1;
               for(j=0;j<len;j+=t)</pre>
33
34
                   for(k=0,w=1;k<i;k++,w=1ll*w*wn[id]%p)</pre>
35
                   {
36
                      int x=a[j+k],y=1ll*w*a[j+k+i]%p;
37
                      a[j+k]=x+y;
38
                      if(a[j+k]>=p) a[j+k]-=p;
39
                      a[j+k+i]=x-y;
40
                      if(a[j+k+i]<0) a[j+k+i]+=p;</pre>
41
                   }
               }
           if(f)
           {
46
               for(i=1,j=len-1;i<j;i++,j--) swap(a[i],a[</pre>
                   j]);
```

```
int inv=pow2(len,p-2);
              for(i=0;i<len;i++) a[i]=111*a[i]*inv%p;</pre>
49
          }
50
51
       vector<int> qpow(vector<int> a,int b)//limt: sz(
           a)*b is small
53
          int len,i,l1;
          l1=a.size();
          for(len=1;len<(l1+1)*b-1;len<<=1);</pre>
          a.resize(len,0);
          ntt(a,len,0);
          vector<int> res(len);
          for(i=0;i<len;i++) res[i]=pow2(a[i],b);</pre>
          ntt(res,len,1);
61
          res.resize((l1+1)*b-1);
          return res;
63
       vector<int> mul(vector<int> a, vector<int> b)
65
          int len,i,l1,l2;
          l1=a.size();
          12=b.size();
          for(len=1;len<l1+l2;len<<=1);</pre>
          a.resize(len,0);
          b.resize(len,0);
          ntt(a,len,0);ntt(b,len,0);
          vector<int> res(len);
          for(i=0;i<len;i++) res[i]=111*a[i]*b[i]%p;</pre>
          ntt(res,len,1);
76
          res.resize(l1+l2-1);
          return res;
78
       }
80
       //get kth
       vector<int> merge_generating_functions(vector<</pre>
           vector<int>> &dp,int k)
          int i,j;
          priority_queue<pair<int,int>> q;
          for(i=0;i<dp.size();i++) q.push({-dp[i].size</pre>
               (),i});
          while(q.size()>1)
          {
              i=q.top().second;
89
              q.pop();
              j=q.top().second;
              q.pop();
              dp[i]=mul(dp[i],dp[j]);
              if(dp[i].size()>k) dp[i].resize(k+1);
              q.push({-dp[i].size(),i});
          return dp[q.top().second];
```

```
99 |};//NTT::getwn();
```

6.3 FWT

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42

```
namespace FWT
   const int p=998244353;
   const ll inv2=(p+1)/2;
   void fwt(vector<int> &a,int n,int f,int v)
      for(int d=1;d<n;d<<=1)</pre>
          for(int m=d<<1,i=0;i<n;i+=m)</pre>
          {
              for(int j=0;j<d;j++)</pre>
              {
                 ll x=a[i+j],y=a[i+j+d];
                 if(!v)
                 {
                     if(f==1) a[i+j]=(x+y)%p,a[i+j+d]
                         ]=(x-y+p)%p;//xor
                     else if(f==2) a[i+j]=(x+y)%p;//
                     else if(f==3) a[i+j+d]=(x+y)%p;
                         //or
                 }
                 else
                 {
                     if(f==1) a[i+j]=(x+y)*inv2%p,a[
                         i+j+d]=(x-y+p)%p*inv2%p;//
                     else if(f==2) a[i+j]=(x-y+p)%p;
                         //and
                     else if(f==3) a[i+j+d]=(y-x+p)%
                         p;//or
                 }
              }
          }
       }
   }
   vector<int> XOR(vector<int> a, vector<int> b)
   {
      int n,len;
       n=a.size();
       for(len=1;len<n;len<<=1);</pre>
       a.resize(len,0);
       b.resize(len,0);
       fwt(a,len,1,0);
       fwt(b,len,1,0);
       for(int i=0;i<len;i++) a[i]=1ll*a[i]*b[i]%p;</pre>
       fwt(a,len,1,1);
       return a;
```

```
vector<int> AND(vector<int> a, vector<int> b)
44
45
          int n,len;
46
          n=a.size();
          for(len=1;len<n;len<<=1);</pre>
          a.resize(len,0);
          b.resize(len,0);
          fwt(a,len,2,0);
          fwt(b,len,2,0);
          for(int i=0;i<len;i++) a[i]=1ll*a[i]*b[i]%p;</pre>
          fwt(a,len,2,1);
          return a;
       vector<int> OR(vector<int> a, vector<int> b)
          int n,len;
59
          n=a.size();
          for(len=1;len<n;len<<=1);</pre>
          a.resize(len,0);
          b.resize(len,0);
          fwt(a,len,3,0);
          fwt(b,len,3,0);
          for(int i=0;i<len;i++) a[i]=111*a[i]*b[i]%p;</pre>
          fwt(a,len,3,1);
           return a;
       }
   };
```

6.4 拉格朗日插值

```
namespace polysum {
      #define rep(i,a,n) for (int i=a;i<n;i++)</pre>
      #define per(i,a,n) for (int i=n-1;i>=a;i--)
      const int D=101000;
      11 a[D],tmp[D],f[D],g[D],p[D],p1[D],p2[D],b[D],h
           [D][2],C[D];
      11 powmod(ll a,ll b){ll res=1;a%=mod;assert(b
           >=0);for(;b;b>>=1){if(b&1)res=res*a%mod;a=a*
           a%mod;}return res;}
      11 calcn(int d,ll *a,ll n) { // a[0].. a[d] a[n]
          if (n<=d) return a[n];</pre>
          p1[0]=p2[0]=1;
          rep(i,0,d+1) {
             11 t=(n-i+mod)\%mod;
             p1[i+1]=p1[i]*t%mod;
          }
          rep(i,0,d+1) {
             11 t=(n-d+i+mod)\%mod;
             p2[i+1]=p2[i]*t%mod;
          ll ans=0;
          rep(i,0,d+1) {
19
```

```
11 t=g[i]*g[d-i]%mod*p1[i]%mod*p2[d-i]%
              mod*a[i]%mod;
          if ((d-i)&1) ans=(ans-t+mod)%mod;
          else ans=(ans+t)%mod;
      }
      return ans;
   void init(int M) {
      f[0]=f[1]=g[0]=g[1]=1;
      rep(i,2,M+5) f[i]=f[i-1]*i%mod;
      g[M+4]=powmod(f[M+4],mod-2);
      per(i,1,M+4) g[i]=g[i+1]*(i+1)%mod;
   11 polysum(ll n,ll *a,ll m) { // a[0].. a[m] \
       sum_{i=0}^{n-1} a[i]
      rep(i,0,m+1) tmp[i]=a[i];
      tmp[m+1]=calcn(m,tmp,m+1);
      rep(i,1,m+2) tmp[i]=(tmp[i-1]+tmp[i])%mod;
      return calcn(m+1,tmp,n-1);
   }
   11 qpolysum(11 R,11 n,11 *a,11 m) { // a[0].. a[
       m] \sum_{i=0}^{n-1} a[i]*R^i
      if (R==1) return polysum(n,a,m);
      a[m+1]=calcn(m,a,m+1);
      11 r=powmod(R,mod-2),p3=0,p4=0,c,ans;
      h[0][0]=0;h[0][1]=1;
      rep(i,1,m+2) {
          h[i][0]=(h[i-1][0]+a[i-1])*r\%mod;
          h[i][1]=h[i-1][1]*r%mod;
      }
      rep(i,0,m+2) {
          11 t=g[i]*g[m+1-i]%mod;
          if (i&1) p3=((p3-h[i][0]*t)%mod+mod)%mod,
              p4=((p4-h[i][1]*t)%mod+mod)%mod;
          else p3=(p3+h[i][0]*t)%mod,p4=(p4+h[i
              ][1]*t)%mod;
      }
      c=powmod(p4,mod-2)*(mod-p3)%mod;
      rep(i,0,m+2) h[i][0]=(h[i][0]+h[i][1]*c)%mod;
      rep(i,0,m+2) C[i]=h[i][0];
      ans=(calcn(m,C,n)*powmod(R,n)-c)%mod;
      if (ans<0) ans+=mod;</pre>
      return ans;
} // polysum::init();
```

7 矩阵

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7.1 矩阵类

```
const ll mod=1e9+7;
struct Matrix
{
```

```
static const int N=;
       int n;
       11 c[N][N];
       Matrix(){}
       Matrix(int _n,ll v=0)
           int i,j;
10
           n=_n;
           for(i=0;i<n;i++)</pre>
              for(j=0;j<n;j++)</pre>
                  c[i][j]=v;
               }
       void init_identity_matrix() {for(int i=0;i<n;i</pre>
20
            ++) c[i][i]=1;}
       Matrix operator *(const Matrix &b)const
21
           int i,j,k;
           Matrix res(n);
           for(k=0;k<n;k++)</pre>
              for(i=0;i<n;i++)</pre>
                  if(!c[i][k]) continue;
                  for(j=0;j<n;j++)</pre>
                      res.c[i][j]+=c[i][k]*b.c[k][j];
32
                      if(res.c[i][j]>=mod) res.c[i][j]%=
                           mod;
                  }
               }
35
           }
           return res;
   };
   Matrix matpow2(Matrix a,ll b)
   {
       Matrix res(a.n);
42
       res.init_identity_matrix();
43
       while(b)
44
45
           if(b&1) res=res*a;
46
           a=a*a;
           b>>=1;
50
       return res;
   }
```

7.2 高斯消元

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7.2.1 浮点数方程组

```
struct Gauss
   const double eps=1e-7;
   double mp[][];
   int gauss(int n,int m)
       int i,j,k,pos,r;
       double tmp;
       r=0;
       for(k=1;k<=m;k++)</pre>
          pos=r+1;
          if(pos>n) return -1; // no solution
          for(i=pos+1;i<=n;i++)</pre>
              if(fabs(mp[i][k])>fabs(mp[pos][k]))
                   pos=i;
          }
          if(fabs(mp[pos][k])<eps) continue;</pre>
          swap(mp[pos],mp[r]);
          tmp=mp[r][k];
           for(j=k;j<=m+1;j++) mp[r][j]/=tmp;</pre>
           for(i=r+1;i<=n;i++)</pre>
          {
              tmp=mp[i][k];
              for(j=k;j<=m+1;j++)</pre>
                  mp[i][j]-=mp[r][j]*tmp;
              }
          }
       }
       return r;
   int work(int n,int m,double *res)
       int i,j,cnt;
       cnt=gauss(n,m);
       if(cnt==-1) return -1;
       for(i=cnt+1;i<=n;i++)</pre>
          if(fabs(mp[i][m+1])>eps)
              // no solution
              return -1;
          }
       if(cnt<m)</pre>
          // multi solution
          return 1;
```

```
res[m]=mp[m][m+1];
          for(i=m-1;i>=1;i--)
              res[i]=mp[i][m+1];
              for(j=i+1;j<=m;j++)</pre>
                 res[i]-=mp[i][j]*res[j];
              }
          }
          return 0;
   }gs;
   (mp[1][1]*x1) + (mp[1][2]*x2) + ... + (mp[1][m]*xm)
         = mp[1][m+1]
   (mp[2][1]*x1) + (mp[1][2]*x2) + ... + (mp[2][m]*xm)
         = mp[2][m+1]
67
   (mp[n][1]*x1) + (mp[n][2]*x2) + ... + (mp[n][m]*xm)
         = mp[n][m+1]
   x \times x \times | x
   0 \times \times \times | \times
   00xx|x
   000x | x
   O(n*m^2) m <= n
   gs.work(n,m,res); mp[1..n][1..m+1], res[1..m]
77
   -1: no solution
   0 : one solution
   1 : multi solution
```

7.2.2 异或方程组

```
struct Gauss
{
    bitset<> mp[];
    int gauss_jordan(int n,int m)
    {
        int i,j,k,pos,r;
        r=0;
        for(k=1;k<=m;k++)
        {
            pos=r+1;
            if(pos>n) return -1; // no solution
            while(pos<n&&!mp[pos][k]) pos++;
            if(!mp[pos][k]) continue;
            r++;
            swap(mp[pos],mp[r]);
            for(i=1;i<=n;i++)</pre>
```

```
{
17
                 if(i!=r&&mp[i][k]) mp[i]^=mp[r];
18
              }
19
20
          return r;
22
       int work(int n,int m,int *res)
          int i,j,cnt;
          cnt=gauss_jordan(n,m);
          if(cnt==-1) return -1;
          for(i=cnt+1;i<=n;i++)</pre>
              if(mp[i][m+1])
                 // no solution
                 return -1;
33
              }
34
          if(cnt<m)</pre>
              // multi solution
              return 1;
          for(i=1;i<=m;i++) res[i]=mp[i][m+1];</pre>
          return 0;
       }
   }gs;
44
   (mp[1][1]*x1) xor (mp[1][2]*x2) xor ... xor (mp[1][
       m]*xm) = mp[1][m+1]
   (mp[2][1]*x1) xor (mp[1][2]*x2) xor ... xor (mp[2][
47
       m]*xm) = mp[2][m+1]
48
   (mp[n][1]*x1) xor (mp[n][2]*x2) xor ... xor (mp[n][
       m]*xm) = mp[n][m+1]
   a:0/1 x:0/1
   x 0 0 0 | x
   0 x 0 0 | x
   00 x 0 | x
   000x | x
57
   0((n*m^2)/64)
   gs.work(n,m,res); mp[1..n][1..m+1], res[1..m]
   -1: no solution
   0 : one solution
   1 : multi solution
   */
```

52

53 54

55

57

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71

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77

78

80

82

91

92

93

94

99

7.3 单纯形

```
typedef double db;
   typedef vector<db> VD;
   typedef vector<VD> VVD;
   typedef vector<int> VI;
   struct Simplex
       int m,n;
       VI B,N;
       VVD D;
       Simplex(){}
       Simplex(const VVD &A,const VD &b,const VD &c):m(
           sz(b)),n(sz(c)),N(n+1),B(m),D(m+2,VD(n+2))
           int i,j;
           for(i=0;i<m;i++)</pre>
              for(j=0;j<n;j++)</pre>
                  D[i][j]=A[i][j];
           for(i=0;i<m;i++)</pre>
              B[i]=n+i;
              D[i][n]=-1;
              D[i][n+1]=b[i];
          for(j=0;j<n;j++)</pre>
              N[j]=j;
              D[m][j]=-c[j];
          N[n]=-1;
          D[m+1][n]=1;
       void Pivot(int r,int s)
           int i,j;
           for(i=0;i<m+2;i++)</pre>
              if(i==r) continue;
40
              for(j=0;j<n+2;j++)</pre>
                  if(j==s) continue;
                  D[i][j]-=D[r][j]*D[i][s]/D[r][s];
              }
           for(j=0;j<n+2;j++)</pre>
              if (j!=s) D[r][j]/=D[r][s];
           for(i=0;i<m+2;i++)</pre>
51
```

```
{
       if(i!=r) D[i][s]/=-D[r][s];
   D[r][s]=1.0/D[r][s];
   swap(B[r],N[s]);
}
bool simplex(int phase)
   int i,j,s,r;
   int x=phase==1?m+1:m;
   while(1)
       s=-1;
       for(j=0;j<=n;j++)</pre>
           if(phase==2&&N[j]==-1) continue;
           if(s==-1||D[x][j]<D[x][s]||D[x][j]==D[</pre>
               x][s]&&N[j]<N[s]) s=j;
       }
       if(D[x][s]>-eps) return 1;
       r=-1;
       for(i=0;i<m;i++)</pre>
           if(D[i][s]<eps) continue;</pre>
           if(r==-1||D[i][n+1]/D[i][s]<D[r][n+1]/</pre>
               D[r][s]) r=i;
           if(D[i][n+1]/D[i][s]==D[r][n+1]/D[r][s
               ]&&B[i]<B[r]) r=i;
       if(r==-1) return 0;
       Pivot(r,s);
   }
db work(VD &res)
   int i,j,k,r,s;
   r=0;
   for(i=1;i<m;i++)</pre>
       if(D[i][n+1]<D[r][n+1]) r=i;</pre>
   if(D[r][n+1]<-eps)</pre>
       Pivot(r,n);
       if(!simplex(1)||D[m+1][n+1]<-eps) return</pre>
            -numeric_limits<db>::infinity();//no
            solution
       for(i=0;i<m;i++)</pre>
       {
           if(B[i]!=-1) continue;
           s=-1;
           for(j=0;j<=n;j++)</pre>
           {
```

```
if(s==-1||D[i][j]<D[i][s]||D[i][j</pre>
100
                            ]==D[i][s]&&N[j]<N[s]) s=j;
                    }
101
                    Pivot(i,s);
102
                }
103
104
            if(!simplex(2)) return numeric_limits<db>::
105
                 infinity();//solution is INF
            res=VD(n);
            for(i=0;i<m;i++)</pre>
                if(B[i]<n) res[B[i]]=D[i][n+1];</pre>
            return D[m][n+1];
111
112
    };
113
114
    sum(A[i]*res[i])<=B,res[i]>=0
115
    MAX(sum(C[i]*res[i]))
116
    */
117
```

7.4 线性基

7.4.1 线性基

```
struct Base
{
   #define type ll
   #define mx 60
   type d[mx+3];
   void init()
      memset(d,0,sizeof(d));
   bool insert(type x)
      for(int i=mx;~i;i--)
          if(!(x&(1LL<<i))) continue;</pre>
          if(!d[i])
             d[i]=x;
             break;
          }
          x^=d[i];
      return x>0;
   type ask_max()
      type res=0;
      for(int i=mx;~i;i--)
          if((res^d[i])>res) res^=d[i];
```

7.4.2 带删除线性基

```
struct Base
2
   {
       #define type 11
       #define mx 60
       type d[mx+3];
       int p[mx+3],cnt;
       void init()
           memset(d,0,sizeof(d));
           cnt=0;
11
       bool insert(type x,int pos=0)
12
       {
13
           int i;
          for(i=mx;~i;i--)
15
              if(!(x&(1LL<<i))) continue;</pre>
17
              if(!d[i])
              {
                  cnt++;
                  d[i]=x;
                  p[i]=pos;
                  break;
              if(p[i]<pos)</pre>
26
                  swap(d[i],x);
27
                  swap(p[i],pos);
28
              }
              x^=d[i];
30
           }
           return x>0;
       type query_max(int pos=-1)
           int i;
          type res=0;
           for(i=mx;~i;i--)
           {
39
```

```
if(p[i]>=pos)
                  if((res^d[i])>res) res^=d[i];
42
43
          }
          return res;
45
46
       type query_min(int pos=-1)
47
          for(int i=0;i<=mx;i++)</pre>
              if(d[i]&&p[i]>=pos) return d[i];
          return 0;
54
       void merge(Base x)
           if(cnt<x.cnt)</pre>
           {
              swap(cnt,x.cnt);
              swap(d,x.d);
              swap(p,x.p);
          for(int i=mx;~i;i--)
              if(x.d[i]) insert(x.d[i]);
       //kth min
68
       //first use rebuild()
69
       type tp[mx+3];
70
       void rebuild()
71
72
          int i,j;
73
          cnt=0;
          for(i=mx;~i;i--)
              for(j=i-1;~j;j--)
                  if(d[i]&(1LL<<j)) d[i]^=d[j];</pre>
          for(i=0;i<=mx;i++)</pre>
              if(d[i]) tp[cnt++]=d[i];
           }
       type kth(type k)
          type res=0;
           if(k>=(1LL<<cnt)) return -1;</pre>
          for(int i=mx;~i;i--)
              if(k&(1LL<<i)) res^=tp[i];</pre>
```

```
94 }
95 return res;
96 }
97 };
```

8 博弈

8.1 sg 函数

```
int sg[MAX],a[MAX],n;
   int dfs(int x)
2
       if(sg[x]!=-1) return sg[x];
       int i,j,flag[105]={0};
       for(i=1;i<=n;i++)</pre>
           if(x>=a[i])
              dfs(x-a[i]);
10
              flag[sg[x-a[i]]]=1;
11
           }
12
       }
13
       for(i=0;;i++)
14
15
       {
           if(!flag[i])
17
              j=i;
              break;
           }
       return sg[x]=j;
22
```

8.2 结论

1. 阶梯博弈

0 层为终点的阶梯博弈,等价于奇数层的 nim,偶数层的 移动不影响结果

2.SJ 定理

对于任意一个 Anti-SG 游戏,如果我们规定当局面中所有的单一游戏的 SG 值为 0 时,游戏结束。

先手必胜当且仅当:

- (1) 游戏的 SG 函数不为 0 且游戏中某个单一游戏的 SG 函数大于 1;
- (2) 游戏的 SG 函数为 0 且游戏中没有单一游戏的 SG 函数大于 1。

3.k-nim

问题描述: 给定 n 堆石子,每堆 ai 个,每次可以从最多 k 堆中拿走任意个,先拿完的人胜利

结论: 先手必败, 当且仅当将每个 ai 写成二进制,对每一个二进制位,这一位为 1 的 i 的个数为 s, s mod(k+1) = 0 4. 树上删边博弈

结论: 叶子 sg 为 0,非叶子 sg 为所有子节点的 sg+1 的异或和

9 dp

9.1 LIS

```
struct LIS
2
   {
      #define type int
      const type inf=INF;
      vector<int> work(vector<type> a,bool strict)
      {
          int i,pos,len,n;
          n=a.size();
          vector<type> b(n,inf);
          vector<int> tmp(n),res;
10
          for(i=0;i<n;i++)</pre>
          {
             // strict: lower_bound
13
             //not strict: upper_bound
             if(strict) pos=lower_bound(b.begin(),b.
                  end(),a[i])-b.begin();
             else pos=upper_bound(b.begin(),b.end(),a[
                  i])-b.begin();
             b[pos]=a[i];
              tmp[i]=pos;
          len=lower_bound(b.begin(),b.end(),inf)-b.
              begin();
          for(i=n-1;~i;i--)
21
             if(!len) break;
             if(tmp[i]+1==len)
              {
                 len--;
                 res.push_back(i);
          return res;
31
      #undef type
32
```

```
}lis;
```

9.2 LPS

```
int dp[105][105];
   void LPS(char *s,int n) // s[1..n]
       int i,len,l,r;
       memset(dp,0,sizeof dp);
       for(i=1;i<=n;i++) dp[i][i]=1;</pre>
       for(len=2;len<=n;len++)</pre>
       {
          for(l=1;l+len-1<=n;l++)</pre>
10
              r=l+len-1;
              if(s[l]==s[r]) dp[l][r]=dp[l+1][r-1]+2;
              else dp[l][r]=max(dp[l+1][r],dp[l][r-1]);
          }
       }
15
   }
16
```

9.3 数位 dp

```
const int DIG=20+2;
   11 dp[DIG][2];
   11 \text{ gao}(11 \text{ x})
   {
       const int base=10;
       int p[DIG],tot=0;
       if(x==-1) return 0;
       while(1)
          p[tot++]=x%base;
10
          x/=base;
11
           if(!x) break;
13
       function<ll(int,int,int,int)> dfs=[&](int pos,
           int lead,int sta,int limt)->ll
       {
15
           if(pos==-1) return ;
16
           if(!limt&&!lead&&dp[pos][sta]!=-1) return dp[
17
               pos][sta];
          11 res=0;
18
           for(int i=(limt?p[pos]:base-1);~i;i--)
19
20
21
              res+=dfs(pos-1,lead&&i==0&&pos,,limt&&i==
                   p[pos]);
           }
           if(!limt&&!lead) dp[pos][sta]=res;
           return res;
25
       };
26
       return dfs(tot-1,1,0,1);
27
```

```
3 }
```

43

45 46

50

56

57

60

68

71

74

75

76

78

10 杂项

10.1 FastIO

```
namespace fastIO{
      #define BUF_SIZE 100000
      #define OUT_SIZE 100000
      #define 11 long long
       //fread->read
       bool IOerror=0;
   // inline char nc(){char ch=getchar();if(ch==-1)
       IOerror=1;return ch;}
       inline char nc(){
          static char buf[BUF_SIZE],*p1=buf+BUF_SIZE,*
              pend=buf+BUF_SIZE;
          if(p1==pend){
             p1=buf;pend=buf+fread(buf,1,BUF_SIZE,
             if(pend==p1){IOerror=1;return -1;}
          }
          return *p1++;
       inline bool blank(char ch){return ch==' '||ch=='
16
           \n'||ch=='\r'||ch=='\t';}
       template<class T> inline bool read(T &x){
17
          bool sign=0;char ch=nc();x=0;
          for(;blank(ch);ch=nc());
19
          if(IOerror)return false;
          if(ch=='-')sign=1,ch=nc();
          for(;ch>='0'&&ch<='9';ch=nc())x=x*10+ch-'0';</pre>
          if(sign)x=-x;
          return true;
       inline bool read(double &x){
          bool sign=0;char ch=nc();x=0;
          for(;blank(ch);ch=nc());
          if(IOerror)return false;
          if(ch=='-')sign=1,ch=nc();
          for(;ch>='0'&&ch<='9';ch=nc())x=x*10+ch-'0';
          if(ch=='.'){
32
             double tmp=1; ch=nc();
             for(;ch>='0'&&ch<='9';ch=nc())tmp/=10.0,x</pre>
                  +=tmp*(ch-'0');
          if(sign)x=-x;
          return true;
       inline bool read(char *s){
          char ch=nc();
          for(;blank(ch);ch=nc());
          if(IOerror)return false;
42
```

```
for(;!blank(ch)&&!IOerror;ch=nc())*s++=ch;
      return true;
   inline bool read(char &c){
      for(c=nc();blank(c);c=nc());
      if(IOerror){c=-1;return false;}
      return true;
  template<class T,class... U>bool read(T& h,U&...
        t){return read(h)&&read(t...);}
   //fwrite->print
   struct Ostream_fwrite{
      char *buf,*p1,*pend;
      Ostream_fwrite(){buf=new char[BUF_SIZE];p1=
          buf;pend=buf+BUF_SIZE;}
// void out(char ch){putchar(ch);}
      void out(char ch){if(p1==pend){fwrite(buf,1,
          BUF_SIZE,stdout);p1=buf;}*p1++=ch;}
      template<class T>void print(T x){
         static char s[33],*s1;s1=s;
         if(!x)*s1++='0';if(x<0)out('-'),x=-x;
         while(x)*s1++=x%10+'0',x/=10;
         while(s1--!=s)out(*s1);
      void print(double x,int y){
         static ll mul[]=
         10000000000LL,100000000000LL
             ,1000000000000L,1000000000000LL,
         100000000000000LL,1000000000000000LL
             ,10000000000000000LL
             ,1000000000000000000LL};
         if(x<-1e-12)out('-'),x=-x;</pre>
         11 x2=(11)floor(x);if(!y&&x-x2>=0.5)++x2;
             x-=x2;x*=mul[y];
         11 x3=(11)floor(x); if(y&&x-x3>=0.5)++x3;
             print(x2);
         if(y>0){out('.');for(size_t i=1;i<y&&x3*</pre>
             mul[i]<mul[y];out('0'),++i);print(x3)</pre>
             ;}
      void print(char *s){while(*s)out(*s++);}
      void print(const char *s){while(*s)out(*s++)
      void flush(){if(p1!=buf){fwrite(buf,1,p1-buf,
          stdout);p1=buf;}}
      ~Ostream_fwrite(){flush();}
   }Ostream;
  template<class T>void print(T x){Ostream.print(x
   inline void print(char x){Ostream.out(x);}
   inline void print(char *s){Ostream.print(s);}
```

```
inline void print(string s){Ostream.print(s.
          c_str());}
      inline void print(const char *s){Ostream.print(s
      inline void print(double x,int y){Ostream.print(
          x,y);}
      template<class T,class... U>void print(const T&
86
          h,const U&... t){print(h);print(t...);}
      void println(){print('\n');}
      template<class T,class... U>void println(const T
          & h,const U&... t){print(h);println(t...);}
      inline void flush(){Ostream.flush();}
      #undef 11
      #undef OUT SIZE
      #undef BUF_SIZE
92
   };
93
   using namespace fastIO;
```

10.2 O(1) 快速乘

10.3 快速模

```
typedef long long i64;
   typedef unsigned long long u64;
   typedef __uint128_t u128;
   const int word_bits=sizeof(u64)*8;
   struct FastMod
      static u64 mod,inv,r2;
      u64 x;
      FastMod():x(0){}
       FastMod(u64 n):x(init(n)){}
       static u64 modulus(){return mod;}
       static u64 init(u64 w){return reduce(u128(w)*r2)
12
           ;}
      static void set_mod(u64 m)
13
      {
          mod=m:
15
          assert(mod&1);
          inv=m:
          for(int i=0;i<5;i++) inv*=2-inv*m;</pre>
          r2=-u128(m)\%m;
       static u64 reduce(u128 x)
          u64 y=u64(x>>word_bits)-u64((u128(u64(x)*inv)
23
              *mod)>>word_bits);
```

```
return i64(y)<0?y+mod:y;</pre>
25
       FastMod& operator+=(FastMod rhs)
26
27
          x+=rhs.x-mod;
28
          if(i64(x)<0) x+=mod;
29
          return *this;
30
       }
31
       FastMod operator+(FastMod rhs)const {return
32
           FastMod(*this)+=rhs;}
       FastMod& operator*=(FastMod rhs)
          x=reduce(u128(x)*rhs.x);
          return *this;
37
       FastMod operator*(FastMod rhs)const {return
38
           FastMod(*this)*=rhs;}
       u64 get()const {return reduce(x);}
39
40
   u64 FastMod::mod,FastMod::inv,FastMod::r2;
   // FastMod::set_mod(p);
```

$10.4 \quad xor_sum(1,n)$

10.5 约瑟夫环 kth

```
11 kth(ll n,ll m,ll k)
2
       if(m==1) return k;
       11 \text{ res}=(m-1)\%(n-k+1);
       for(ll i=n-k+2,stp=0;i<=n;i+=stp,res+=stp*m)</pre>
           if(res+m>=i)
           {
               res=(res+m)%i;
               i++:
10
               stp=0;
11
           }
12
           else
               stp=(i-res-2)/(m-1);
               if(i+stp>n)
                   res+=(n-(i-1))*m;
                   break;
19
               }
20
```

10.6 判断星期几

10.7 整数三分

10.8 有根树与 prufer 序列的转换

```
1 //TODO
```

10.9 网格整数点正方形个数

```
struct node
{
    int x,y;
    void input(){scanf("%d%d",&x,&y);}
}p[511];
int main()
{
    int n,i,j,ans;
    while(~scanf("%d",&n))
    {
        map<pair<int,int>,int> mp;
        for(i=0;i<n;i++)
        {
            p[i].input();
            mp[MP(p[i].x,p[i].y)]=1;
        }
}
</pre>
```

```
}
           ans=0;
17
           for(i=0;i<n;i++)</pre>
18
19
               for(j=i+1;j<n;j++)</pre>
                  int a,b,c,d,e,f,g,h;
                  a=p[i].x;
                  b=p[i].y;
                  c=p[j].x;
                  d=p[j].y;
                  e=a+b+c-d;
                  f=-a+b+c+d;
                  g=a-b+c+d;
                  h=a+b-c+d;
30
                  if(abs(e%2)+abs(f%2)+abs(g%2)+abs(h%2)
                       ==0)
32
                      if(mp[MP(e/2,f/2)]&&mp[MP(g/2,h/2)]
33
                          ]) ans++;
                  }
               }
           printf("%d\n",ans/2);
       }
       return 0;
```

10.10 模拟退火

```
/*简单版
   1. 模拟退火求费马点->复杂版
   2. 求矩形区域内一点到各点距离之和最短时间复杂度
    cnt*c1*c2*n
   int sgn(double x)
10
      if(fabs(x)<eps) return 0;</pre>
11
      else return x>0?1:-1;
12
13
   struct Point
14
^{15}
      double x,y;
      Point(){}
      Point(double a,double b)
         x=a;
         y=b;
      void input()
23
```

```
scanf("%lf%lf",&x,&y);
      }
   }:
27
   typedef Point Vector;
   Vector operator -(Vector a, Vector b){return Vector(
       a.x-b.x,a.y-b.y);}
   double dot(Vector a, Vector b) {return a.x*b.x+a.y*b.
   double dist(Point a,Point b){return sqrt(dot(a-b,a-
       b));}
   double lx,ly;//矩形区域(0,0)-(lx,ly)
   int check(double x,double y)
   {
      if(sgn(x)<0||sgn(y)<0||sgn(x-1x)>0||sgn(y-1y)>0)
35
      return 0;
36
   double Rand(double r,double 1)
38
39
      return(rand()%((int)(1-r)*1000))/(1000.0+r);
40
   double getres(Point t,Point *p,int n)//求距离之和
42
      double res=0;
      for(int i=0;i<n;i++)</pre>
          res+=dist(t,p[i]);
      return res;
49
   pair<Point,double> SA(Point *p,int n)//模拟退火
51
   {
52
      srand(time(0));//重置随机种子
53
      const double k=0.85;//退火常数
      const int c1=30;//随机取点的个数
      const int c2=50;//退火次数
      Point q[c1+10];//随机取点
      double dis[c1+10];//每个点的计算结果
      int i,j;
      for(i=1;i<=c1;i++)</pre>
          q[i]=Point(Rand(0,lx),Rand(0,ly));
62
          dis[i]=getres(q[i],p,n);
63
64
      double tmax=max(lx,ly);
      double tmin=1e-3;
   // int cnt计算外层循环次数=0;//
      while(tmax>tmin)
          for(i=1;i<=c1;i++)</pre>
             for(j=1;j<=c2;j++)</pre>
```

```
double ang=Rand(0,2*PI);
                   Point z;
75
                   z.x=q[i].x+cos(ang)*tmax;
76
                   z.y=q[i].y+sin(ang)*tmax;
77
                   if(check(z.x,z.y)) continue;
                   double temp=getres(z,p,n);
79
                   if(temp<dis[i])</pre>
80
                   {
81
                      dis[i]=temp;
                       q[i]=z;
                   }
               }
            }
        cnt++;
           tmax*=k;
    // cout<<cnt*c1*c2*n<<endl时间复杂度;//
90
        int pos=1;
91
        for(i=2;i<=c1;i++)</pre>
92
           if(dis[i]<dis[pos])</pre>
94
               pos=i;
            }
        pair<Point,double> res;
        res=make_pair(q[pos],dis[pos]);
        return res;
101
102
```

10.11 斐波那契 01 串的第 k 个字符

```
int fib[MAX],tot;
   void init_fib(ll limt)
       assert(limt>=0);
       tot=1;
       fib[0]=fib[1]=1;
       for(int i=2;;i++)
          if(fib[i-1]>limt-fib[i-2])
10
              tot=i-1;
11
              break;
12
13
          fib[i]=fib[i-1]+fib[i-2];
14
       }
   //S(0)="0", S(1)="1", S(i)=S(i-1)+S(i-2)
   //FibString: S(i) [i>=1]
   int get_kth_FibString(ll k)
19
20
       int i;
21
```

```
for(i=tot;i>=2;i--)
23
           if(k>fib[i]) k-=fib[i];
24
25
       return k==1;
26
27
   int is_fib(ll x)
28
   {
29
       for(int i=1;i<=tot;i++)</pre>
           if(x==fib[i]) return 1;
       return 0;
   }
```

10.12 光速幂

```
struct light_speed_pow
   {
       #define type int
       int n,sq;
       type res[MAX][2],val;
       void init(int _n,type _val)
           n=_n;
           val=_val;
           sq=sqrt(n)+1;
           res[0][0]=res[0][1]=1;
           for(int i=1;i<=sq;i++) res[i][0]=111*res[i</pre>
                -1][0]*val%mod;
           for(int i=1;i<=sq;i++) res[i][1]=111*res[i</pre>
                -1][1]*res[sq][0]%mod;
14
       type qpow(int exp)
15
16
           if(exp<=sq) return res[exp][0];</pre>
17
           return 111*res[exp/sq][1]*res[exp-exp/sq*sq
               ][0]%mod;
19
       #undef type
   }lsp;
   val^exp
   0(\operatorname{sqrt} \exp) - 0(1)
   */
```

10.13 倍增求等比数列和

```
tmp[1]=q;
       for(i=2;i<=30;i++) tmp[i]=tmp[i-1]*tmp[i-1]%p;</pre>
       sum[0]=1;
       for(i=1;i<=30;i++) sum[i]=sum[i-1]*(1+tmp[i])%p;</pre>
       res=0:
10
       now=1;
11
       for(i=30;~i;i--)
12
13
           if((n>>i)&1)
              res=(res+now*sum[i])%p;
              now=(now*tmp[i+1])%p;
           }
18
       return a0*res%p;
20
```

11 附录

11.1 NTT 常用模数

 $r * 2^k + 1, r, k, g$

```
3,1,1,2
5,1,2,2
17,1,4,3
97,3,5,5
193,3,6,5
257,1,8,3
7681,15,9,17
12289,3,12,11
40961,5,13,3
65537,1,16,3
786433, 3, 18, 10
5767169,11,19,3
7340033,7,20,3
23068673,11,21,3
104857601,25,22,3
167772161, 5, 25, 3
469762049,7,26,3
998244353,119,23,3
1004535809,479,21,3
2013265921,15,27,31
2281701377, 17, 27, 3
3221225473, 3, 30, 5
75161927681,35,31,3
77309411329,9,33,7
206158430209,3,36,22
```

```
2061584302081,15,37,7
2748779069441,5,39,3
6597069766657,3,41,5
39582418599937,9,42,5
79164837199873,9,43,5
263882790666241,15,44,7
1231453023109121,35,45,3
1337006139375617,19,46,3
3799912185593857,27,47,5
4222124650659841,15,48,19
7881299347898369,7,50,6
31525197391593473,7,52,3
180143985094819841,5,55,6
1945555039024054273,27,56,5
4179340454199820289,29,57,3
```

11.2 线性基求交

```
LBasis intersection(const LBasis &a, const LBasis &
       b){
      LBasis ans, c = b, d = b;
      ans.init();
      for (int i = 0; i <= 32; i++){
          ll x = a.d[i];
          if(!x)continue;
          int j = i;
          11 T = 0;
          for(; j >= 0; --j){
             if((x \gg j) \& 1)
                if(c.d[j]) {x ^= c.d[j]; T ^= d.d[j];}
                else break;
          if(!x) ans.d[i] = T;
          else {c.d[j] = x; d.d[j] = T;}
16
      return ans;
17
   }
```