## data derived narratives

## May 6, 2020

```
[1]: import geopandas as gpd
     import pandas as pd
     import numpy as np
     from shapely.geometry import Point, Polygon
     import random
     from fiona.crs import from_epsg
[2]: import urllib, json, requests, geojson
     import googlemaps
[3]: from ipyleaflet import (
         Map, GeoData, GeoJSON, basemaps, basemap_to_tiles,
         Icon, Circle, Marker,
         LayerGroup, WidgetControl)
     import ipywidgets as widgets
     from ipywidgets import Button, Layout
     from IPython.display import display, clear_output, Markdown as md
[4]: output = widgets.Output()
     data_output = widgets.Output()
[5]: #need this to stop numpy from returning truncated arrays
     import sys
     np.set_printoptions(threshold=sys.maxsize)
     # for automatic linebreaks and multi-line cells
     pd.options.display.max_colwidth = 10000
[6]: center = (40.7210907, -73.9877836)
     basemap = basemap_to_tiles(basemaps.CartoDB.Positron)
     m = Map(layers=(basemap, ), center=center, zoom=14, min_zoom = 7, max_zoom = 20)
[7]: def extract_location():
         global gdf, lat, lon
         lat = str(markerlocation[0])
```

```
[8]: draggable=False
     marker opacity=0
     icon = Icon(icon_url='icon.png', icon_size=[15, 15])
     marker = Marker(location=center, draggable=draggable, icon=icon,
     →opacity=marker_opacity)
     studyarea = Circle(location=center, radius=420, color="#F0C677", __
     →fill_color="#f2eecb", fill_opacity = .4, weight=2)
     markerlocation = marker.location
     layer_group = LayerGroup(layers=(marker, studyarea))
     m.add_layer(layer_group)
     def update_marker(**kwargs):
         if kwargs.get('type') == 'click':
             layer_group.clear_layers();
             global studyarea
             marker = Marker(location=kwargs.get('coordinates'),__
      →draggable=draggable, icon=icon, opacity=marker_opacity,
      →options=['rise_on_hover'])
             studyarea = Circle(location=kwargs.get('coordinates'), radius=420, __
      ⇒color="#F0C677", fill_color="#f2eecb", fill_opacity = .4, weight=2)
             global markerlocation
             markerlocation = marker.location
             layer_group.add_layer(marker)
             layer_group.add_layer(studyarea)
             draw_update_buffer(**kwargs)
             output.clear_output()
```

```
[10]: def import_censustracts():
          extract_location()
          global bounds
          bounding_box = half_mi.envelope
          df = gpd.GeoDataFrame(gpd.GeoSeries(bounding box), columns=['geometry'])
          minx, miny, maxx, maxy = df.geometry.total_bounds
          bounds = minx, miny, maxx, maxy
          # census tracts link
          endpoint = 'https://tigerweb.geo.census.gov/arcgis/rest/services/TIGERweb/
       →Tracts_Blocks/MapServer/4/query'
          s = requests.session()
          s.params = {
              'geometry': str(bounds),
              'geometryType': 'esriGeometryEnvelope',
              'inSR': 4326,
              'spatialRel': 'esriSpatialRelIntersects',
              'outFields': 'GEOID, STATE, COUNTY, TRACT, NAME, STGEOMETRY, OBJECTID',
              'returnGeometry': True,
              'f': 'geojson',
          }
          start = 0
          done = False
          features = []
          crs = None
          while not done:
              r = s.get(endpoint, params={
                  'resultOffset': start,
                  'resultRecordCount': 32,
              })
              censusgeo = geojson.loads(r.text)
              newfeats = censusgeo.__geo_interface__['features']
              if newfeats:
                  features.extend(newfeats)
                  crs=censusgeo.__geo_interface__['crs']
```

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start += len(newfeats)
else:
    done = True

global tracts
tracts = gpd.GeoDataFrame.from_features(features, crs=crs)
```

```
[11]: def download_acs():
          global tract, state, county
          state = tracts["STATE"].unique().tolist()
          state = ', '.join(map(str, state)).replace(" ", "")
          tract = tracts["TRACT"].unique().tolist()
          tract = ', '.join(map(str, tract)).replace(" ", "")
          county = tracts["COUNTY"].unique().tolist()
          county = ', '.join(map(str, county)).replace(" ", "")
          api key = '9330dc4bf086a84f19fb412bb15f232507301de6'
          acs_url = f'https://api.census.gov/data/2018/acs/acs5/subject/'
          global acs_variables
          acs_variables_initial =_
       \rightarrow 'S1603_C02_002E,S1603_C02_003E,S1603_C02_004E,S1603_C04_002E,S1603_C04_003E,S1603_C04_004E,
          acs_variables_additional =_
       → 'S1501_C01_002E,S1501_C01_004E,S1501_C01_003E,S1501_C01_005E,S1501_C01_017E,S1501_C01_018E,
          acs_variables = acs_variables_initial + "," + acs_variables_additional
          get_acs_initial = f'{acs_url}?&get={acs_variables_initial}&for=tract:
       →{tract}&in=state:{state}%20county:{county}&key={api_key}'
          get_acs_additional = f'{acs_url}?&get={acs_variables_additional}&for=tract:
       →{tract}&in=state:{state}%20county:{county}&key={api_key}'
          data_acs_initial=requests.get(get_acs_initial).json()
          data_acs_additional=requests.get(get_acs_additional).json()
          global acs
          acs_initial=pd.DataFrame(data_acs_initial[1:], columns=data_acs_initial[0])
          acs_additional=pd.DataFrame(data_acs_additional[1:],__
       →columns=data_acs_additional[0])
          acs=pd.merge(acs_initial, acs_additional, on='tract', how='left')
```

```
[12]: def clean_combine_census_and_geographic_data():
    import_censustracts()
```

```
download_acs()
  global acs_site_sum, acs_site
  tracts["area"]=tracts.area
  acs_tracts = pd.merge(tracts, acs, left_on='TRACT', right_on='tract', u
→how='left')
  acs_site = gpd.overlay(half_mi, acs_tracts, how='intersection')
  acs_site["area_clipped"] = acs_site.area
  acs_site["ratio"] = acs_site["area_clipped"]/acs_site["area"]
  cols = acs_variables.split(",")
   acs_site[cols] = acs_site[cols].apply(pd.to_numeric, errors='coerce',__
\rightarrowaxis=1)
  temp_df = acs_site[cols]
  temp_df = temp_df.mul(acs_site.ratio, 0)
  acs_site.update(temp_df)
  acs_site_sum = pd.DataFrame(acs_site[cols].sum())
  acs_site_sum.reset_index(inplace=True)
  acs_site_sum.columns = ['variables', 'sum_in_area']
```

```
[13]: def import_metropolitan_statistical_areas():
          endpoint_metropolitan = 'https://tigerweb.geo.census.gov/arcgis/rest/
       ⇔services/TIGERweb/CBSA/MapServer/8/query'
            endpoint_MSAs='https://tigerweb.geo.census.gov/arcgis/rest/services/
       → TIGERweb/CBSA/MapServer/6/query'
          s = requests.session()
          s.params = {
              'geometry': str(bounds),
              'geometryType': 'esriGeometryEnvelope',
              'inSR': 4326,
              'spatialRel': 'esriSpatialRelIntersects',
              'outFields': 'GEOID, CBSA, NAME, STGEOMETRY, OBJECTID',
              'returnGeometry': True,
              'f': 'geojson',
          }
          start = 0
          done = False
          features = []
          crs = None
          while not done:
              r = s.get(endpoint_metropolitan, params={
                  'resultOffset': start,
```

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'resultRecordCount': 32,
})
censusgeo = geojson.loads(r.text)
newfeats = censusgeo.__geo_interface__['features']
if newfeats:
    features.extend(newfeats)
    crs=censusgeo.__geo_interface__['crs']
    start += len(newfeats)
else:
    done = True

global metropolitan
metropolitan = gpd.GeoDataFrame.from_features(features, crs=crs)
```

```
[14]: def import_micropolitan_statistical_areas():
          endpoint_micropolitan = 'https://tigerweb.geo.census.gov/arcgis/rest/
       →services/TIGERweb/CBSA/MapServer/9/query'
          s = requests.session()
          s.params = {
              'geometry': str(bounds),
              'geometryType': 'esriGeometryEnvelope',
              'inSR': 4326,
              'spatialRel': 'esriSpatialRelIntersects',
              'outFields': 'GEOID, CBSA, NAME, STGEOMETRY, OBJECTID',
              'returnGeometry': True,
              'f': 'geojson',
          }
          start = 0
          done = False
          features = []
          crs = None
          while not done:
              r = s.get(endpoint_micropolitan, params={
                  'resultOffset': start,
                  'resultRecordCount': 32,
              })
              censusgeo = geojson.loads(r.text)
              newfeats = censusgeo.__geo_interface__['features']
              if newfeats:
                  features.extend(newfeats)
                  crs=censusgeo.__geo_interface__['crs']
                  start += len(newfeats)
              else:
                  done = True
          global micropolitan
```

```
micropolitan = gpd.GeoDataFrame.from_features(features, crs=crs)
[15]: def get_msas():
          import_metropolitan_statistical_areas()
          import_micropolitan_statistical_areas()
          global msa
          if ((len(metropolitan.index) > 0) & (len(micropolitan.index) > 0)):
              msa = pd.merge(metropolitan, micropolitan, on='GEOID', how='left')
          elif ((len(metropolitan.index) > 0) & (len(micropolitan.index) == 0)):
              msa = metropolitan.copy()
          elif ((len(metropolitan.index) == 0) & (len(micropolitan.index) > 0)):
              msa = micropolitan.copy()
          msa["area"]=msa.area
[16]: def get worker and resident populations():
          get_msas()
          api_key = '9330dc4bf086a84f19fb412bb15f232507301de6'
          acs_url = f'https://api.census.gov/data/2018/acs/acs5/subject/'
          qwi_url = f'https://api.census.gov/data/timeseries/qwi/sa/'
          global acs_population
          acs_pop_variable = 'S0101_C01_001E'
          qwi_pop_variable = 'EmpS'
          MSA_short='metropolitan%20statistical%20area/
       →micropolitan%20statistical%20area'
          time='2019-Q2'
          get_acs_pop = f'{acs_url}?&get={acs_pop_variable}&for=tract:
       →{tract}&in=state:{state}%20county:{county}&key={api_key}'
          get_qwi_pop = f'{qwi_url}?&get={qwi_pop_variable}&for={MSA_short}:
       →*&for=county:*&in=state:{state}&time={time}&key={api_key}'
          data_acs_pop=requests.get(get_acs_pop).json()
          data_qwi_pop=requests.get(get_qwi_pop).json()
          global acs_pop, qwi_pop, qwi_pop_site_sum, acs_pop_site_sum
          acs_pop=pd.DataFrame(data_acs_pop[1:], columns=data_acs_pop[0])
          qwi_pop=pd.DataFrame(data_qwi_pop[1:], columns=data_qwi_pop[0])
          acs_pop_tracts = pd.merge(tracts, acs_pop, left_on='TRACT',__
       →right on='tract', how='left')
          acs_pop_site = gpd.overlay(half_mi, acs_pop_tracts, how='intersection')
          acs_pop_site["area_clipped"] = acs_pop_site.area
          acs_pop_site["ratio"] = acs_pop_site["area_clipped"]/acs_pop_site["area"]
```

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acs_pop_site[acs_pop_variable] = acs_pop_site[acs_pop_variable].apply(pd.
       →to_numeric, errors='coerce')
          temp_df_acs = acs_pop_site[acs_pop_variable]
          temp df acs = temp df acs.mul(acs pop site.ratio, 0)
          acs_pop_site.update(temp_df_acs)
          acs pop site sum = pd.DataFrame(acs pop site[[acs pop variable]].sum())
          acs_pop_site_sum.reset_index(inplace=True)
          acs_pop_site_sum.columns = ['variables', 'sum_in_area']
          qwi_pop_msa = pd.merge(msa, qwi_pop, left_on='GEOID',__
       →right_on='metropolitan statistical area/micropolitan statistical area',
       →how='left')
          qwi_pop_site = gpd.overlay(half_mi, qwi_pop_msa, how='intersection')
          qwi_pop_site["area_clipped"] = qwi_pop_site.area
          qwi_pop_site["ratio"] = qwi_pop_site["area_clipped"]/qwi_pop_site["area"]
          qwi_pop_site[qwi_pop_variable] = qwi_pop_site[qwi_pop_variable].apply(pd.
       →to_numeric, errors='coerce')
          temp_df_qwi = qwi_pop_site[qwi_pop_variable]
          temp_df_qwi = temp_df_qwi.mul(qwi_pop_site.ratio, 0)
          qwi_pop_site.update(temp_df_qwi)
          qwi_pop_site_sum = pd.DataFrame(qwi_pop_site[[qwi_pop_variable]].sum())
          qwi pop site sum.reset index(inplace=True)
          qwi_pop_site_sum.columns = ['variables', 'sum_in_area']
[17]: def determine population_distribution():
          get_worker_and_resident_populations()
          residents = int(acs_pop_site_sum.sum_in_area)
          workers = int(qwi_pop_site_sum.sum_in_area)
          total_pop = residents + workers
          global resident percent, worker percent, more residents, more workers
          resident_percent = int((residents/total_pop)*100)
          worker_percent = int((workers/total_pop)*100)
          if resident_percent > worker_percent:
              more_residents = resident_percent - worker_percent
              more_workers = 0
          elif resident_percent < worker_percent:</pre>
              more_workers = worker_percent - resident_percent
              more residents = 0
[18]: data dict = pd.read csv("data-dictionary.csv")
      data dict.head()
```

```
[18]:
                                                                     variables \
                                                 variable_group
                sex
                              age_group
                         5 to 17 years Language Spoken At Home S1603_C02_002E
     O Male Female
     1 Male Female
                         18 to 64 years Language Spoken At Home
                                                                S1603 C02 003E
     2 Male Female 65 years and over
                                        Language Spoken At Home
                                                                S1603_C02_004E
     3 Male Female
                          5 to 17 years Language Spoken At Home
                                                                S1601 C01 005E
     4 Male Female
                         18 to 64 years Language Spoken At Home
                                                                S1601 C01 006E
                     variable_name
                                                     age_category
     O Speak Only English at Home
                                                  child, teenager
     1 Speak Only English at Home
                                   young adult, middle aged adult
     2 Speak Only English at Home
                                                              old
                           Spanish
     3
                                                  child, teenager
     4
                           Spanish young adult, middle aged adult
[19]: def user_selection():
         global selected_persona, selected_percentile, selection_filter,_
      \rightarrowvariable_inputs
         selected_percentile = widgets.SelectionSlider(
                                 options = ['0', '10%', '20%', '30%', '40%', '50%', _
      \rightarrow '60%', '70%', '80%', '90%', '100%'],
                                 value='50%', description='Percentile',
                                 layout=Layout(width='60%', margin='30px 0 30px 0')
                             )
         selected_persona = widgets.ToggleButtons(
                                 options=['Boy', 'Teenage Boy', 'Young Man', 'Middle_
      →Aged Man', 'Old Man',
                                      'Girl', 'Teenage Girl', 'Young Woman', 'Middle_
      →Aged Woman', 'Old Woman'],
                                 value = 'Young Woman', description='AGE:',
                                 layout=Layout(width='95%')
                             )
         if (selected_persona.value == 'Boy'):
             selection_filter = data_dict[(data_dict.age_category.str.
      (data_dict.sex.str.contains('Male'))]
         elif (selected_persona.value == 'Girl'):
             selection_filter = data_dict[(data_dict.age_category.str.
      (data_dict.sex.str.contains('Female'))]
         elif (selected_persona.value == 'Teenage Boy'):
             selection_filter = data_dict[(data_dict.age_category.str.
      (data_dict.sex.str.contains('Male'))]
```

```
elif (selected_persona.value == 'Teenage Girl'):
       selection_filter = data_dict[(data_dict.age_category.str.
⇔contains('teenager')) & \
                           (data dict.sex.str.contains('Female'))]
   elif (selected persona.value == 'Young Man'):
       selection_filter = data_dict[(data_dict.age_category.str.
(data_dict.sex.str.contains('Male'))]
   elif (selected_persona.value == 'Young Woman'):
       selection_filter = data_dict[(data_dict.age_category.str.
(data_dict.sex.str.contains('Female'))]
   elif (selected_persona.value == 'Middle Aged Man'):
       selection_filter = data_dict[(data_dict.age_category.str.
(data_dict.sex.str.contains('Male'))]
   elif (selected_persona.value == 'Middle Aged Woman'):
       selection_filter = data_dict[(data_dict.age_category.str.
(data_dict.sex.str.contains('Female'))]
   elif (selected_persona.value == 'Old Man'):
       selection_filter = data_dict[(data_dict.age_category.str.
 (data_dict.sex.str.contains('Male'))]
   elif (selected persona.value == 'Old Woman'):
       selection_filter = data_dict[(data_dict.age_category.str.
(data_dict.sex.str.contains('Female'))]
   list_of_variable_inputs = selection_filter["variables"].values[0:]
   variable inputs = ', '.join(list of variable inputs).replace(" ", "")
   variable_inputs = variable_inputs.split(',')
user_selection()
```

```
selection_filter = data_dict[(data_dict.age_category.str.
(data_dict.sex.str.contains('Female'))]
  elif (selected_persona.value == 'Teenage Boy'):
      selection filter = data dict[(data dict.age category.str.
(data_dict.sex.str.contains('Male'))]
  elif (selected_persona.value == 'Teenage Girl'):
      selection_filter = data_dict[(data_dict.age_category.str.
⇔contains('teenager')) & \
                          (data dict.sex.str.contains('Female'))]
  elif (selected_persona.value == 'Young Man'):
      selection_filter = data_dict[(data_dict.age_category.str.
(data_dict.sex.str.contains('Male'))]
  elif (selected_persona.value == 'Young Woman'):
      selection_filter = data_dict[(data_dict.age_category.str.
(data_dict.sex.str.contains('Female'))]
  elif (selected_persona.value == 'Middle Aged Man'):
      selection_filter = data_dict[(data_dict.age_category.str.
(data_dict.sex.str.contains('Male'))]
  elif (selected_persona.value == 'Middle Aged Woman'):
      selection_filter = data_dict[(data_dict.age_category.str.
(data_dict.sex.str.contains('Female'))]
  elif (selected_persona.value == 'Old Man'):
      selection_filter = data_dict[(data_dict.age_category.str.
(data_dict.sex.str.contains('Male'))]
  elif (selected_persona.value == 'Old Woman'):
      selection_filter = data_dict[(data_dict.age_category.str.
(data_dict.sex.str.contains('Female'))]
  list_of_variable_inputs = selection_filter["variables"].values[0:]
  variable_inputs = ', '.join(list_of_variable_inputs).replace(" ", "")
  variable_inputs = variable_inputs.split(',')
  data_output.clear_output()
  output.clear_output()
```

```
def selected_persona_eventhandler(change):
    selection_filtering(change.new, selected_persona.value)
def selected_percentile_eventhandler(change):
    selection_filtering(selected_percentile.value, change.new)
```

```
[21]: def get_demographics_for_selection():
         global percentile_input, data
         data = pd.merge(acs_site_sum.loc[acs_site_sum['variables'].
       →isin(variable_inputs)], \
                        selection filter, how="outer", on="variables")
         data["sum_in_area"] = data["sum_in_area"].astype(int)
         data.sort_values("sum_in_area", axis = 0, ascending = True, inplace = True)
         percentile_input = int(selected_percentile.value.strip('%')) / 100
      # split these up into the diff bins for different types of variable groups
          global language, education, family_household_income,_
      →nonfamily_household_income, household_type
         for item,i in enumerate(data):
              language = data[(data["variable_group"].str.contains('Language'))]
              education = data[(data["variable group"].str.contains('Educational,
       →Attainment'))]
             family_household_income = data[(data["variable_group"].str.
      nonfamily_household_income = data[(data["variable_group"].str.
       ⇔contains('Nonfamily'))]
             household_type = data[(data["variable_group"].str.
       ⇔contains('Households'))]
      #Calculate individual percentile values
             global sum_for_percentile_language,\
                     sum_for_percentile_education,\
                      sum for percentile family household income,\
                      sum_for_percentile_nonfamily_household_income, \
                      sum_for_percentile_household_type
             sum_for_percentile_language = language.sum_in_area.

¬quantile(percentile_input).astype(str)
              sum_for_percentile_language = sum_for_percentile_language.
       →replace(sum_for_percentile_language, \
                                 language.sum_in_area.quantile(percentile_input).
       →astype(str))
```

```
¬quantile(percentile_input).astype(str)

              sum for percentile education = sum for percentile education.
       →replace(sum_for_percentile_education, \
                                  education.sum_in_area.quantile(percentile_input).
      →astype(str))
              sum_for_percentile_family_household_income = family_household_income.
      →sum_in_area.quantile(percentile_input).astype(str)
              sum_for_percentile_family_household_income =__
       ⇒sum_for_percentile_family_household_income.
       →replace(sum_for_percentile_family_household_income, \
                                  family_household_income.sum_in_area.
      →quantile(percentile_input).astype(str))
              sum_for_percentile_nonfamily_household_income =
       →nonfamily_household_income.sum_in_area.quantile(percentile_input).astype(str)
              sum for percentile nonfamily household income = ____
       ⇒sum_for_percentile_nonfamily_household_income.
       →replace(sum_for_percentile_nonfamily_household_income, \
                                  nonfamily_household_income.sum_in_area.
      →quantile(percentile_input).astype(str))
              sum_for_percentile_household_type = household_type.sum_in_area.
      →quantile(percentile_input).astype(str)
              sum_for_percentile_household_type = sum_for_percentile_household_type.
       →replace(sum_for_percentile_household_type, \
                                  household_type.sum_in_area.

¬quantile(percentile_input).astype(str))
[22]: def parse_tables_for_percentile_value():
      \#qenerating new transposed table with only the two fields needed : variables_\sqcup
      \rightarrow and sum in area.
         global household type transposed, language transposed,
      →education_transposed, family_household_income_transposed,
       →nonfamily_household_income_transposed,household_type_transposed
         language transposed = language.filter(["variables", "sum in area"]).T
         language_transposed.columns = language_transposed.iloc[0]
         language_transposed = language_transposed[1:]
         education_transposed = education.filter(["variables", "sum_in_area"]).T
          education_transposed.columns = education_transposed.iloc[0]
          education_transposed = education_transposed[1:]
```

sum\_for\_percentile\_education = education.sum\_in\_area.

```
[23]: def get_range_for_each_variable():
         global range_table, range_table_all, ranges, first_range, other_ranges
         data.sort values(by=['variable group', 'sum in area'], ascending=[True,__
      →True], inplace=True)
         data_sorted = data.reset_index()
         ranges=[]
         transposed = [education_transposed, family_household_income_transposed,__
      →household_type_transposed, \
                 language_transposed, nonfamily_household_income_transposed]
         for df in transposed:
             for item, i in enumerate(df.columns):
                 if item == 0:
                     first_range = np.arange(df.max()[item]+1).astype(int)
                     ranges.append([first_range])
                 else:
                     other_ranges = np.arange(df.min()[item-1]+1, \
                                           df.max()[item]+1).astype(int)
                     ranges.append([other_ranges])
                 range_table = pd.DataFrame(data=ranges, index=None,__
      range_table = range_table.reset_index(drop=True)
```

```
range_table_all = pd.merge(range_table, data_sorted, left_index=True, u

→right_index=True, on=None)

range_table_all["range_per_variable"] = u

→range_table_all["range_per_variable"].astype(str)
```

```
[24]: def generate_info_for_text():
         global result_df
         result_df = pd.DataFrame(columns=None)
         for i in range_table_all['range_per_variable']:
             if '\n' in range_table_all:
                 range_table_all['range_per_variable'].replace(r'\s+|\\n', '', |
      →regex=True, inplace=True)
         sum_for_percentile_language = int(language.sum_in_area.
      →quantile(percentile_input))
         sum_for_percentile_education = education.sum_in_area.
      →quantile(percentile_input)
         if (sum for percentile education == 'nan'):
             sum_for_percentile_education = 0
         elif (sum_for_percentile_education != 'nan') &__
      sum for percentile education = int(sum for percentile education)
         sum_for_percentile_family_household_income = int(family_household_income.
      →sum_in_area.quantile(percentile_input))
         sum_for_percentile_nonfamily_household_income =__

int(nonfamily_household_income.sum_in_area.quantile(percentile_input))
         sum_for_percentile_household_type = int(household_type.sum_in_area.
      →quantile(percentile_input))
         for item,i in enumerate(range_table_all.index):
             if int(sum_for_percentile_language) > 0 :
                 language_only = range_table_all[(range_table_all["variable_group"].

→str.contains('Language'))]
                 result = language_only[language_only["range_per_variable"].str.
      →contains(str(sum_for_percentile_language))]
                 result_df = result_df.append(result, ignore_index = True)
             if int(sum_for_percentile_education > 0):
                 education_only = range_table_all[(range_table_all["variable_group"].
      ⇔str.contains('Educational'))]
                 result = education_only[education_only["range_per_variable"].str.
      result_df = result_df.append(result, ignore_index = True)
```

```
if int(sum_for_percentile_family_household_income) > 0:
                 family_household_income_only =_
      →range_table_all[(range_table_all["variable_group"].str.contains('Family'))]
                 result =
      →family household income only[family household income only["range per variable"].
      →str.contains(str(sum_for_percentile_family_household_income))]
                 result_df = result_df.append(result, ignore_index = True)
             if int(sum_for_percentile_nonfamily_household_income) > 0:
                 nonfamily_household_income_only =__
      →range table all[(range table all["variable group"].str.
      result =
      →nonfamily_household_income_only[nonfamily_household_income_only["range_per_variable"].
      str.contains(str(sum for percentile nonfamily household income))]
                 result_df = result_df.append(result, ignore_index = True)
             if int(sum_for_percentile_household_type) > 0:
                 household type only =
      →range_table_all[(range_table_all["variable_group"].str.
      result =
      →household_type_only[household_type_only["range_per_variable"].str.
      →contains(str(sum_for_percentile_household_type))]
                 result_df = result_df.append(result, ignore_index = True)
         result_df = result_df.drop_duplicates()
[25]: def import_google_data():
         extract_location()
         keys_file = open("gcs_key.txt")
         APIKEY = keys_file.read().strip()
         global total_results
         total results = []
         types = ["bar","cafe","restaurant"]
         for i in types:
             def findPlaces(pagetoken = None):
                 global lat, lon
                 lat, lng = (lat,lon)
                 radius=402
```

```
url = "https://maps.googleapis.com/maps/api/place/nearbysearch/json?
→location={lat}, {lng}&radius={radius}&fields=name,geometry,types,price_level&type={type}&key
→format(lat = lat, lng = lng, radius = radius, type = type, APIKEY = APIKEY, u
→pagetoken = "&pagetoken="+pagetoken if pagetoken else "")
           response = requests.get(url)
           res = json.loads(response.text)
           for result in res["results"]:
               place_name = result['name']
               latitude = result["geometry"]["location"]["lat"]
               longitude = result["geometry"]["location"]["lng"]
               place_type = result.get("types",0)
               price_level = result.get("price_level",0)
               total_results.append([latitude, longitude,_u
→place_name,place_type,price_level])
           pagetoken = res.get("next_page_token", None)
           return pagetoken
      pagetoken = None
       while True:
            pagetoken = findPlaces(pagetoken=pagetoken)
            import time
            time.sleep(5)
            if not pagetoken:
                break
```

```
cheap = places_df[((places_df["price_level"]).astype(str).str.
num_very_expensive = len(very_expensive)
  num_expensive = len(expensive)
  num moderately priced = len(moderately priced)
  num_cheap = len(cheap)
  list_ranges = [num_very_expensive, num_expensive, num_moderately_priced,_
→num_cheap]
  for i in places df['price level']:
       if max(list_ranges) == num_very_expensive:
           price_range = ", are very expensive."
           establishment = random.choice(very_expensive["place_name"].values)
       if max(list_ranges) == num_expensive:
           price_range = ", are expensive."
           establishment = random.choice(expensive["place_name"].values)
       if max(list_ranges) == num_moderately_priced:
          price_range = ", are moderately expensive."
           establishment = random.choice(moderately_priced["place_name"].
⇒values)
       if max(list_ranges) == num_cheap:
           price_range = ", are quite cheap."
           establishment = random.choice(cheap["place_name"].values)
```

```
household_type_text, language_text, language_adjective,_
→education text,\
       income_text, income_range, \
       establishment, price_range, price_experience, price_marker,_
→affordability_descriptor, comfort_descriptor,\
       area_type, persona_type
   greetings=["Hi, ", "Hey, ", "Hello, "]
   education_text = ''
   persona_type = selected_persona.value.lower()
   if more residents >= 50:
       area_type = "predominantly residential area. "
   elif (more_residents > 0) & (more_residents < 50):</pre>
       area_type = "residential area. "
   elif more_workers > 50 :
       area_type = "predominantly commercial area. "
   elif (more_workers > 0) & (more_workers < 50):</pre>
       area_type = "commercial area. "
   elif resident_percent == worker_percent:
       area_type = "area that is both commercial and residential. "
   for i in result_df['variable_name']:
       if 'Less than high' in i:
           education_text = " I never got my high school diploma."
       if 'High school graduate or higher' in i:
           education text = 'I am a high school graduate. '
       if 'Some college' in i:
           education_text = " While I've attended some form of college, I_
→never completed my degree."
       if 'Bachelor' in i:
           education text = " I have a Bachelor's degree, and might even have ...
⇒attained professional or other advanced degrees."
       if 'English' in i:
           language_text = "where English is the only language spoken. "
           language_adjective = ""
       if 'Spanish' in i:
           language_text = "where we speak both English and Spanish. "
       if 'Indo-European' in i:
           language_text = "where we speak both English and an Indo-European_
→language. "
       if 'Asian' in i:
           language_text = "where we speak both English and an Asian or_
→Pacific Island language. "
       if 'Other languages' in i:
```

```
language_text = "where we speak another language in addition to⊔
\hookrightarrowEnglish. "
       else:
           language_adjective = " bilingual "
   #Removing family income from dataframe if it is a non-family household and
→vice versa
       if 'Nonfamily households' in i:
           household_type_text = " away from my family "
           result_df=result_df.loc[~result_df["variable_name"].str.
elif 'Family households' in i:
           household_type_text = ' with my family '
           result_df=result_df.loc[~result_df["variable_name"].str.
→contains('Nonfamily Household Income')]
       else:
           household_type_text=' household '
       if '10,000' or '14,999' in i:
           income text = " lower income"
           for i in places df['price level']:
               if (max(list_ranges) == num_very_expensive) | (max(list_ranges)_
→== num_expensive):
                   price_marker = "prohibitively expensive"
                   affordability_descriptor = "this is a big issue"
                   comfort descriptor = "not"
               elif max(list ranges) == num moderately priced:
                   price_marker = "expensive"
                   affordability_descriptor = "this is an issue"
                   comfort descriptor = "barely"
               elif max(list_ranges) == num_cheap:
                   price marker = "affordable"
                   affordability_descriptor = "this is not an issue"
                   comfort_descriptor = "comfortably"
       if '24,999' or '34,999' or '49,999' in i:
           income_text = " middle income"
           for i in places_df['price_level']:
               if max(list_ranges) == num_very_expensive:
                   price_marker = "prohibitively expensive"
                   affordability_descriptor = "this is a big issue"
                   comfort_descriptor = "not"
               elif max(list_ranges) == num_expensive:
                   price_marker = "expensive"
                   affordability_descriptor = "this is an issue"
                   comfort_descriptor = "barely"
```

```
elif (max(list_ranges) == num_cheap) | (max(list_ranges) ==_u
 →num moderately priced):
                             price_marker = "affordable"
                             affordability descriptor = "this is not an issue"
                             comfort_descriptor = "comfortably"
            if '74,999' or '94,999' or '149,999' in i:
                  income text = " wealthy"
                 for i in places df['price level']:
                       if max(list_ranges) == num_very_expensive:
                             price_marker = "expensive"
                             affordability_descriptor = "this is an issue"
                             comfort_descriptor = "barely"
                       elif (max(list_ranges) == num_cheap) | (max(list_ranges) ==_
 →num_moderately_priced) | (max(list_ranges) == num_expensive):
                             price marker = "affordable"
                             affordability_descriptor = "this is not an issue"
            if '199,999' or '200,000' in i:
                  income_text = " very wealthy"
                 price_marker = "affordable"
                  affordability_descriptor = "this is not an issue"
                  comfort_descriptor = "comfortably"
      intro_text = random.choice(greetings) + "I'm a " + persona_type + " livingu
 →in a " + area_type
     percentile_text = str(selected_percentile.value) + " of my neighbors are_ of my neighbors are of my neighbors.
     household_descriptor = "I live " + household_type_text + " in a " + L
 →income_text + language_adjective + " household " + language_text
      establishments_text = " Most of the eating and drinking establishments in_
 →this area, such as " + establishment + price_range
      affordability_text = " Because I am " + income_text + ", " +__
 →affordability_descriptor + " as I can " + comfort_descriptor + " afford my_ |
 →neighborhood's bars, cafes and restaurants."
     resident_text = intro_text + percentile_text + education_text +
 household_descriptor + establishments_text + affordability_text
     with output:
            display(resident_text)
construct_narrative()
```

```
text_generation_button.style.button_color = '#EDF9FC'
      text_generation_button.style.font_weight = 'bold'
[29]: def text_generation(b):
          output.clear_output()
          data_output.clear_output()
          construct_narrative()
          show_dashboard()
      text_generation_button.on_click(text_generation)
[34]: def show_dashboard():
          output.clear_output()
          data_output.clear_output()
          item_layout = widgets.Layout(margin='0 0 10px 0', align_items='stretch')
          item_layout_tab = widgets.Layout(margin='0 0 10px 0')
          explore_data = range_table_all
          explore_data['sum_in_area'] = explore_data['sum_in_area'].astype(int)
          with output:
              display(md("> <font size = 3, font color = black> {}".
       →format(resident_text)))
          with data_output:
              display(explore_data)
          global tab, input_widgets
          input_widgets = widgets.VBox(
              [selected_persona, selected_percentile, text_generation_button],
              layout=item_layout)
          tab = widgets.Tab([output, data_output],
              layout=item_layout_tab)
          tab.set_title(0, 'Narrative')
          tab.set_title(1, 'Data')
```

VBox(children=(VBox(children=(ToggleButtons(description='AGE:', index=4, layout=Layout(width=')

global dashboard

show\_dashboard()

display(dashboard)

m

dashboard = widgets.VBox([input\_widgets, tab])

Map(center=[40.7210907, -73.9877836], controls=(ZoomControl(options=['position', 'zoom\_in\_text
[]: