LESSON PLAN FOR WEEK 3 ENDING 19TH MAY, 2023

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| TERM | 3rd |
| WEEK | 3 |
| DATE | 15TH- 19TH May, 2023 |
| CLASS | JSS 1 |
| SUBJECT | Civic Education |
| TOPIC | Representative Democracy |
| SUB-TOPIC | Advantages and Disadvantages of Direct Democracy |
| PERIOD | 5th |
| TIME | 11:10-11:50 |
| DURATION | 40 Minutes |
| NO IN CLASS | 14 |
| AVERAGE AGE | 12-13 years |
| SEX | Mixed |
| SPECIFIC OBJECTIVES | By the end of the lesson, scholars should be able to:   1. Outline the advantages of direct-democracy. 2. Highlights the disadvantages of direct-democracy. |
| RATIONALE | To acquaint the scholars with the advantages and disadvantages of direct-democracy. |
| PREVIOUS KNOWLEDGE | The scholars can mention the importance of democracy. |
| INSTRUCTIONAL RESOURCES | Charts from textbook explaining the topic. |
| REFERENCE MATERIAL | Religion and National Values Civic Education for Junior Secondary Schools. Book 1  Gbenga Babalola (2017) |

LESSON DEVELOPMENT

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| STEPS | TEACHER’S ACTIVITIES | SCHOLARS’ ACTIVITIES | LEARNING POINTS |
| Introduction | The teacher introduces the topic by asking the scholars to mention two importance of democracy. | The scholars mention them as:   1. It is open for change. 2. Offers representation. | To arouse scholars’ interest towards the topic. |
| Step 1 | The teacher outlines the advantages of direct-democracy. | The scholars pay attention. | To enhance proper understanding of the topic. |
| Step 2 | The teacher highlights the disadvantages of direct-democracy. | The scholars listen and ask questions. | To encourage logical reasoning on the topic. |
| Board summary | The teacher summarizes the lesson thus:  **Advantages of Direct Democracy**   1. Increased political involvement: When people feel that they are actually being heard and making a difference, they are much more inclined to care about what is going on in the country. 2. Truly represents the people: Direct democracy provides the most accurate and transparent wishes of the people. Since with every issue, the people are able to completely speak their minds and show their opinions there is no way to misinterpret what they do and do not want. 3. It makes sure that people’s voices are heard: In representative democracy, the people are only directly involved in choosing the leaders that would represent them in government; they don’t have a say when it comes to creating the rules and regulations that would govern them. This is not the case in a direct democracy, which gives each and every person a chance to voice out his opinion and make sure he or she is heard. 4. Knowing that your votes matter: In other type of democracy, such as representative, a person’s vote doesn’t truly impact the ways things are ran. Instead, they only determine who will be making the decisions for them. Direct democracy is when a person’s vote is truly important to the country as a whole, which ignites more pride and patriotism. 5. Corruption is reduced: The main source of corruption in politics comes from the politicians. They will campaign for votes by making promises that they do not intend keeping. Direct democracy remove this problem, because the politicians do not have the ability to make the decisions any longer.   **Disadvantages of Direct Democracy**   1. It is simply Impractical: The biggest argument against direct democracy is the sheer fact that it would be nearly impossible to implement on a large scale. Setting up voting areas and time for every single law, bill and policy change would cripple a country and slow the entire process. 2. It takes a huge amount of time and effort: Counting people votes requires days or even weeks, which means it is difficult and time-consuming to pass a simple bill or making policy changes. It also requires lots of funds and hard work, since voting stations would have to be set up when the people need to decide on something. 3. The minority has no say: If every single thing is voted on by very citizen, then no beneficial change would happen for the minority groups. They will remain the minority on every decision being processed, no matter what. 4. It prevents great ideas from being implemented: Many excellent political ideas have come from a single person or two. Unfortunately, in a direct democracy, these concepts will not get to see the light of day since they had been overpowered by what the majority say. 5. Extreme high cost involved: A couple different things happen during a voting time the first is that designated voting polls are set up, and all of the necessary equipment must be provided. Another thing is that all information regarding every issue would have to be published and made available to voters prior to voting. | The scholars copy notes into their notebooks. | For reference purposes. |
| Evaluation | The teacher evaluates the scholars thus:   1. List three advantages of direct democracy. 2. Mention three disadvantages of democracy. | The scholars attempt the questions. | To ascertain scholars level of understanding of the lesson. |
| Conclusion | The teacher check scholars notes and make corrections. | The scholars take corrections made by the teacher. | For consolidation of the lesson. |
| Assignment | The teacher gives the scholars assignment:  State the importance of direct democracy. | The scholars copy their assignment to do it at home. | To encourage scholars to learn and study at home. |