Московский Государственный Технический Университет им. Н. Э. Баумана Факультет «Информатика и системы управления»

Отчет по лабораторной работе № 6 Курс «Разработка Интернет-приложений»

выполнил:	
студент группы ИУ	′5-54
	(подпись)
Харлашкин А. И.	
	""2016 г.
Проверил:	
Преподаватель ка	ф. ИУ5
	(подпись)
Гапанюк Ю. Е.	
	""2016 г.
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Описание задания лабораторной работы

В этой лабораторной работе вы познакомитесь с популярной СУБД MySQL, создадите свою базу данных. Также вам нужно будет дополнить свои классы предметной области, связав их с созданной базой. После этого вы создадите свои модели с помощью Django ORM, отобразите объекты из БД с помощью этих моделей и ClassBasedViews.

Для сдачи вы должны иметь:

- 1. Скрипт с подключением к БД и несколькими запросами.
- 2. Набор классов вашей предметной области с привязкой к СУБД (класс должен уметь хотя бы получать нужные записи из БД и преобразовывать их в объекты этого класса)
- 3. Модели вашей предметной области
- 4. View для отображения списка ваших сущностей

Листинг программы

Settings.py

```
Django settings for lab6 project.
Generated by 'django-admin startproject' using Django 1.10.3.
For more information on this file, see
https://docs.djangoproject.com/en/1.10/topics/settings/
For the full list of settings and their values, see
https://docs.djangoproject.com/en/1.10/ref/settings/
import os
# Build paths inside the project like this: os.path.join(BASE DIR, ...)
BASE_DIR = os.path.dirname(os.path.dirname(os.path.abspath( file )))
# Quick-start development settings - unsuitable for production
# See https://docs.djangoproject.com/en/1.10/howto/deployment/checklist/
# SECURITY WARNING: keep the secret key used in production secret!
SECRET KEY = '&14-rmry%jq3w%d)78)rud8uiki=18m=ycn%c)1k0d126d=ncd'
# SECURITY WARNING: don't run with debug turned on in production!
DEBUG = True
ALLOWED HOSTS = []
# Application definition
INSTALLED APPS = [
    'django.contrib.admin',
    'django.contrib.auth',
    'django.contrib.contenttypes',
    'django.contrib.sessions',
    'django.contrib.messages',
    'django.contrib.staticfiles',
    'users',
```

```
1
MIDDLEWARE = [
    'django.middleware.security.SecurityMiddleware',
    'django.contrib.sessions.middleware.SessionMiddleware',
    'django.middleware.common.CommonMiddleware',
    'django.middleware.csrf.CsrfViewMiddleware',
    'django.contrib.auth.middleware.AuthenticationMiddleware',
    'django.contrib.messages.middleware.MessageMiddleware',
    'django.middleware.clickjacking.XFrameOptionsMiddleware',
1
ROOT URLCONF = 'lab6.urls'
TEMPLATES = [
    {
        'BACKEND': 'django.template.backends.django.DjangoTemplates',
        'DIRS': [os.path.join(BASE DIR, 'templates')],
        'APP DIRS': True,
        'OPTIONS': {
            'context processors': [
                'django.template.context processors.debug',
                'django.template.context processors.request',
                'django.contrib.auth.context processors.auth',
                'django.contrib.messages.context processors.messages',
            ],
        },
    },
1
WSGI APPLICATION = 'lab6.wsgi.application'
# Database
# https://docs.djangoproject.com/en/1.10/ref/settings/#databases
DATABASES = {
    'default': {
        'ENGINE': 'django.db.backends.mysql',
        'NAME': 'first db',
        'USER': 'admin',
        'PASSWORD': '12345',
        'HOST': '127.0.0.1',
        'PORT': '3306',
        'OPTIONS': {'charset': 'utf8'},
        'TEST CHARSET': 'utf8',
    }
}
# Password validation
# https://docs.djangoproject.com/en/1.10/ref/settings/#auth-password-
validators
AUTH PASSWORD VALIDATORS = [
        'NAME':
'django.contrib.auth.password validation.UserAttributeSimilarityValidator',
    },
    {
        'NAME'
'django.contrib.auth.password validation.MinimumLengthValidator',
    },
    {
```

```
'NAME':
'django.contrib.auth.password validation.CommonPasswordValidator',
    {
        'NAME':
'django.contrib.auth.password validation.NumericPasswordValidator',
1
# Internationalization
# https://docs.djangoproject.com/en/1.10/topics/i18n/
LANGUAGE CODE = 'en-us'
TIME ZONE = 'UTC'
USE I18N = True
USE L10N = True
USE TZ = True
# Static files (CSS, JavaScript, Images)
# https://docs.djangoproject.com/en/1.10/howto/static-files/
STATIC URL = '/static/'
Models.py
from django.db import models
class User (models.Model): #пользователь
    idUser = models.IntegerField(unique=True)
    email = models.EmailField(max length=255, unique=True, null=False)
   bill = models.IntegerField()
    first name = models.CharField(max length=255, null=False)
    last name = models.CharField(max length=255, null=False)
class Bet(models.Model): #ставка
    idBet = models.IntegerField(unique=True)
    size = models.IntegerField(null=False)
    result = models.BooleanField(null=False)
class Fight (models.Model): #бой
    idFight = models.IntegerField(unique=True)
    date = models.DateField(null=False)
    time = models.TimeField(null=False)
    boxer1 = models.TextField(max length=255, null=False)
   boxer2 = models.TextField(max length=255, null=False)
    def __str__(self):
        return 'Fight {}'.format(self.title)
class Boxer (models.Model): #Боксёр
    idBoxer = models.IntegerField(unique=True)
```

```
title = models.TextField(max length=255)
    boxer first name = models.CharField(max length=255, null=False)
    boxer last name = models.CharField(max length=255, null=False)
views.py
from django.shortcuts import render
from users.models import Fight
from django.views.generic import TemplateView
class Fights(TemplateView):
    template name = 'index.html'
    def get context data(self, **kwargs):
        Fights = Fight.objects.all()
        context = dict(Fights=Fights)
        return context
class HomePageView(TemplateView):
    template name = "index.html"
    def get context data(self, **kwargs):
        context = super(HomePageView, self).get context data(**kwargs)
        context = Fight.objects.all()
        return context
urls.pv
"""lab6 URL Configuration
The `urlpatterns` list routes URLs to views. For more information please see:
   https://docs.djangoproject.com/en/1.10/topics/http/urls/
Examples:
Function views
    1. Add an import: from my app import views
    2. Add a URL to urlpatterns: url(r'^$', views.home, name='home')
Class-based views
    1. Add an import: from other app.views import Home
    2. Add a URL to urlpatterns: url(r'^$', Home.as view(), name='home')
Including another URLconf
    1. Import the include() function: from django.conf.urls import url,
include
   2. Add a URL to urlpatterns: url(r'^blog/', include('blog.urls'))
from django.conf.urls import url
from django.contrib import admin
from users.views import HomePageView
from users.views import Fights
urlpatterns = [
   url(r'^admin/', admin.site.urls),
   url(r'^fights/$', Fights.as view()),
```

Admin.py

```
from django.contrib import admin
from users.models import *
admin.site.register(User)
admin.site.register(Bet)
admin.site.register(Fight)
admin.site.register(Boxer)
apps.py
from django.apps import AppConfig
class AdminConfig(AppConfig):
    name = 'users'
testscript.py
import pymysql
pymysql.install as MySQLdb()
db = pymysql.connect(
   host="127.0.0.1",
   user="admin",
    passwd="12345",
    db="first db",
    charset="utf8"
)
cursor = db.cursor()
cursor.execute("""INSERT INTO Books(name, discription) VALUES(%s, %s),(%s,
%s)""",
               ( "Преступление и наказание", "Классика",
                "Три товарища", "Зарубежная литература")
db.commit()
#cursor.execute("DELETE FROM Books WHERE id>1")
#db.commit()
cursor.execute("SELECT * FROM Books;")
books = cursor.fetchall()
for book in books:
   print(book)
cursor.close()
db.close()
```

```
connections.py
try:
    import pymysql
   pymysql.install_as_MySQLdb()
except ImportError:
   pass
User_file.py
import pymysql as MySQLdb
class Connection:
    def __init__(self, user, password, db, host='localhost'):
        self.user = user
        self.host = host
       self.password = password
        self.db = db
        self. connection = None
    @property
    def connection (self):
        return self. connection
    def __enter__(self):
        self.connect()
    def exit (self, exc type, exc val, exc tb):
        self.disconnect()
    def connect(self):
        if not self._connection:
            self. connection = MySQLdb.connect(
                host = self.host,
                user=self.user,
                passwd=self.password,
                db=self.db
            )
    def disconnect(self):
        if self._connection:
            self._connection.close()
class Book:
    def init (self, db connection, name, discription):
        self.db connection = db connection
        self.name = name
        self.discription = discription
    def save(self):
        c = self.db connection.cursor()
        c.execute("INSERT INTO books (name, discription) VALUES (%s, %s);",
                  (self.name, self.discription))
        self.db connection.commit()
        c.close()
    @staticmethod
    def get(db connection):
       c = db connection.cursor()
```

```
c.execute("SELECT * FROM Books;")
        res = c.fetchall()
        t = []
        for i in res:
            t.append(Book(c, i[1], i[2]))
        c.close()
        return t
con = Connection("admin", "12345", "first db")
with con:
   book = Book(con.connection, 'New book', 'Discription new book')
   books = Book.get(con.connection)
    for i in books:
       print(i.name)
   book.save()
wsgi.py
WSGI config for lab6 project.
It exposes the WSGI callable as a module-level variable named
``application``.
For more information on this file, see
https://docs.djangoproject.com/en/1.10/howto/deployment/wsgi/
import os
from django.core.wsgi import get wsgi application
os.environ.setdefault("DJANGO SETTINGS MODULE", "lab6-master.settings")
application = get wsgi application()
0001_inital.py
# -*- coding: utf-8 -*-
# Generated by Django 1.10.4 on 2016-12-17 22:04
from __future__ import unicode_literals
from django.db import migrations, models
class Migration(migrations.Migration):
    initial = True
    dependencies = [
    operations = [
        migrations.CreateModel(
            name='Bet',
            fields=[
                ('id', models.AutoField(auto created=True, primary key=True,
```

```
serialize=False, verbose name='ID')),
                ('idBet', models.IntegerField(unique=True)),
                ('size', models.IntegerField()),
                ('result', models.BooleanField()),
            ],
        ),
        migrations.CreateModel(
            name='Boxer',
            fields=[
                ('id', models.AutoField(auto created=True, primary key=True,
serialize=False, verbose name='ID')),
                ('idBoxer', models.IntegerField(unique=True)),
                ('title', models.TextField(max length=255)),
                ('boxer_first_name', models.CharField(max length=255)),
                ('boxer last name', models.CharField(max length=255)),
            ],
        ),
        migrations.CreateModel(
            name='Fight',
            fields=[
                ('id', models.AutoField(auto created=True, primary key=True,
serialize=False, verbose name='ID')),
                ('idFight', models.IntegerField(unique=True)),
                ('date', models.DateField()),
                ('time', models.TimeField()),
                ('boxer1', models.TextField(max length=255)),
                ('boxer2', models.TextField(max length=255)),
            1,
        ),
        migrations.CreateModel(
            name='User',
            fields=[
                ('id', models.AutoField(auto created=True, primary key=True,
serialize=False, verbose name='ID')),
                ('idUser', models.IntegerField(unique=True)),
                ('email', models.EmailField(max length=255, unique=True)),
                ('bill', models.IntegerField()),
                ('first name', models.CharField(max length=255)),
                ('last name', models.CharField(max length=255)),
            ],
        ),
    ]
Manage.py
#!/usr/bin/env python
import os
import sys
import lab6.connections
if name == " main ":
    os.environ.setdefault("DJANGO SETTINGS MODULE", "lab6.settings")
    try:
        from django.core.management import execute from command line
    except ImportError:
        # The above import may fail for some other reason. Ensure that the
        # issue is really that Django is missing to avoid masking other
        # exceptions on Python 2.
        try:
```

import django
except ImportError:

index.html

Результаты работы программы:

```
Run testscript

C:\Users\Tonm\AppData\Local\Programs\Python\Python35\python.exe C:\Users\Tonm\Desktop\PMII\/IP_Ne6/lab6-master/docs/testscript.py
(1, 'Boßna и мер', 'Кимга Толстого')
(25, 'Пресупление и наказамие', 'Класика')
(26, 'Три товарища', 'Зарубежная литература')

Process finished with exit code 0
```

```
_ 🗆 ×
                         MySQL 5.7 Command Line Client
name | char(30) | NO
discription | char(255) | NO
3 rows in set (0.03 sec)
mysql> select × from books;
 id | name
                                                       | discription
  1 | Война и мир
                                                       | Книга Толстого
 25 | Преступпение и наказание
                                                       | Классика
 26 | Три товарища
                                                       I Зарубежная питература
 27 | New book
                                                       | Discription new book
4 rows in set (0.02 sec)
mysql>
```

