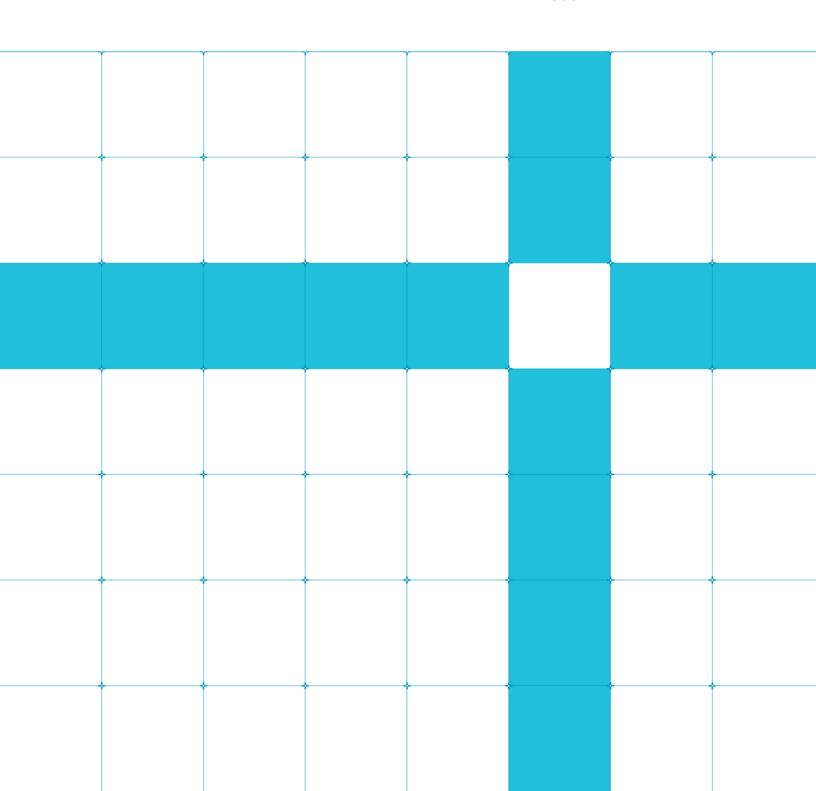


Version 1.2



Configuring the Arm NN SDK for TensorFlow Lite

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Release Information

Document History

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1.2	15 th May 2019	Non-Confidential	Removed incorrect build parameter

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1 Overview

Arm NN is Arm's inference engine designed to run networks trained on popular frameworks, such as TensorFlow and Caffe, optimally on Arm IP. Arm NN now supports networks that are defined using **TensorFlow Lite**.

This guide shows you how to set up and configure your Arm NN build environment so you can use the TensorFlow Lite networks with Arm NN, it also shows how you can test that your build has completed successfully.

2 Before you begin

Your platform or board must have:

- An Armv7-A or Armv8-A CPU, and optionally an Arm Mali GPU using the OpenCL driver.
- At least 4GB of RAM.
- At least 1GB of free storage space.

Before you configure and build your environment, you must install the following tools on your platform or board:

- A Linux distribution.
- Git.
- SCons. Arm has tested SCons 2.4.1 (Ubuntu) and 2.5.1 (Debian). Other versions might work.
- CMake. Arm has tested CMake 3.5.1 (Ubuntu) and 3.7.2 (Debian). Other versions might work.

In this guide, we assume that you are using Ubuntu 16.04 or Debian 9.0, but these instructions should work on most Linux distributions. We test the Arm NN SDK on Ubuntu and Debian.

We estimate that you will need about 60-90 minutes to complete the instructions in this guide.

3 Setup and download libraries

First, you need to create a new directory on your platform or board that you will use for building Arm NN for TensorFlow Lite.

Open a new terminal session and enter these commands on the command line to create a new directory called armnn-tflite:

```
$ mkdir armnn-tflite && cd armnn-tflite
$ export BASEDIR=`pwd`
```

Some of the example commands that we use in this guide expect that the \$BASEDIR environment variable is set correctly. So, if you use multiple terminal sessions then ensure that the variable is set correctly in each session.

Next, use these commands to download the required Git repositories and source bundles.

```
$ git clone https://github.com/Arm-software/ComputeLibrary.git
$ git clone https://github.com/Arm-software/armnn
$ wget https://dl.bintray.com/boostorg/release/1.64.0/source/boost_1_64_0.tar.bz2
$ tar xf boost_1_64_0.tar.bz2
$ git clone -b v3.5.0 https://github.com/google/protobuf.git
$ git clone https://github.com/tensorflow/tensorflow.git
$ git clone https://github.com/google/flatbuffers.git
```

4 Build the Compute Library

The **Compute Library** is a machine learning library. It provides a set of functions that are optimized for both Arm CPUs and GPUs. The Compute Library is used directly by Arm NN to optimize the running of machine learning workloads on Arm CPUs and GPUs.

To build the Compute Library on your platform or board, open a terminal or bash screen and go to the Compute Library directory:

\$ cd \$BASEDIR/ComputeLibrary

Compile the Compute Library using SCons. To do this, change your directory to the Compute Library Git repository on your machine.

To do this for Armv7-A, enter this command:

\$ scons extra_cxx_flags="-fPIC" benchmark_tests=0 validation_tests=0
Or for an Armv8-A system, enter this command:

\$ scons arch=arm64-v8a extra cxx flags="-fPIC" benchmark tests=0 validation tests=0

Duration: About 15-20 minutes.

If you want to enable benchmark tests, set benchmark tests to 1. If you want to enable validation tests, set validation tests to 1.

You can enable support for OpenCL on an Arm Mali GPU if you have one.

If you want to support OpenCL for your Arm Mali GPU, add these arguments to the SCons command:

opencl=1 embed_kernels=1

You can enable support for NEON on the CPU. To support NEON, add this argument to your SCons command:

neon=1

5 Build the Boost library

Boost provides free peer-reviewed portable C++ source libraries that work well with the C++ Standard Library. Arm NN uses these libraries.

Now that you have downloaded Boost you need to build it. Arm has tested version 1.64 although other versions might work too. For instructions, see the **Boost getting started guide**.

When you build Boost, include the following flags:

 $\label{linkstatic} \mbox{link=static cxxflags=-fPIC --with-filesystem --with-test --with-log --with-program_options --prefix=path/to/installation/prefix}$

For example, to build version 1.64 of the library, enter:

```
$ cd $BASEDIR/boost_1_64_0
$ ./bootstrap.sh
$ ./b2 --build-dir=$BASEDIR/boost_1_64_0/build toolset=gcc link=static cxxflags=-fPIC --with-filesystem --with-test --with-log --with-program_options install --prefix=$BASEDIR/boost
```

Duration: About 15 minutes.

6 Build the Google protobuf library

Protocol Buffers, also known as protobuf, is Google's language-neutral, platform-neutral, extensible mechanism that is used to serialize structured data.

Build protobuf using the C++ installation instructions that you can find on the protobuf GitHub.

For example:

```
$ cd $BASEDIR/protobuf
$ git submodule update --init --recursive
$ ./autogen.sh
$ ./configure --prefix=$BASEDIR/protobuf-host
$ make
```

Arm has tested version 3.5.0. Some other versions might work.

Duration: About 15 minutes.

Next, copy the built program and its libraries and documentation to the correct locations using this command:

\$ make install

7 Generate the TensorFlow protobuf library

Use the script provided by Arm NN to generate C++ sources and headers using the protobuf compiler, to provide the protobuf code that can interpret the TensorFlow data format.

To do this, change to the TensorFlow directory and enter:

<Arm NN directory>/armnn/scripts/generate_tensorflow_protobuf.sh <OUTPUT_DIR> <the protobuf install
directory>

For example:

```
$ cd $BASEDIR/tensorflow
$ ../armnn/scripts/generate tensorflow protobuf.sh ../tensorflow-protobuf ../protobuf-host
```

8 Build the Google FlatBuffers library

FlatBuffers is another efficient cross-platform serialization library for C++ developed by Google for performance-critical applications. The TensorFlow Lite files are generated using FlatBuffers to serialize their TensorFlow Lite model data so Arm NN needs to use FlatBuffers to load and interpret the TensorFlow Lite files.

The FlatBuffers library is required for the Arm NN TensorFlow Lite parser. To build the FlatBuffers library, use the instructions found in the FlatBuffers Building Guide.

For example:

```
$ cd $BASEDIR/flatbuffers
$ cmake -G "Unix Makefiles" -DCMAKE_BUILD_TYPE=Release
$ make
```

Duration: About 5 minutes.

9 Build Arm NN

Configure the Arm NN SDK build using CMake. To do this, you will need to change your directory to the Arm NN directory and enter the following parameters to CMake:

-DARMCOMPUTE_ROOT	The location of your Compute Library source files directory.	
-DARMCOMPUTE_BUILD_DIR	The location of your Compute Library build directory.	
-DBOOST_ROOT	The directory used for Boost (see prefix flag used above).	
-DTF_GENERATED_SOURCES	The location of your protobuf generated source files.	
-DPROTOBUF_ROOT	The location of your protobuf install directory.	
-DBUILD_TF_LITE_PARSER	Set this =1 to ensure the TensorFlow Lite parser is built.	
-DTF_LITE_GENERATED_PATH	The location of the TensorFlow Lite schema directory.	
-DFLATBUFFERS_ROOT	The root directory where FlatBuffers was installed.	
-DFLATBUFFERS_LIBRARY	The path to the built FlatBuffers library.	

For example:

```
$ cd $BASEDIR/armnn
$ mkdir build
$ cd build
$ cmake .. -DARMCOMPUTE_ROOT=$BASEDIR/ComputeLibrary -
DARMCOMPUTE_BUILD_DIR=$BASEDIR/ComputeLibrary/build -DBOOST_ROOT=$BASEDIR/boost -
DTF_GENERATED_SOURCES=$BASEDIR/tensorflow-protobuf -DPROTOBUF_ROOT=$BASEDIR/protobuf-host -
DBUILD_TF_LITE_PARSER=1 -DTF_LITE_GENERATED_PATH=$BASEDIR/tensorflow/tensorflow/lite/schema -
DFLATBUFFERS_ROOT=$BASEDIR/flatbuffers -
DFLATBUFFERS_LIBRARY=$BASEDIR/flatbuffers/libflatbuffers.a
$ make
```

Duration: About 12 minutes.

If you are supporting NEON, add this argument to the CMake command:

-DARMCOMPUTENEON=1

If you are supporting OpenCL, add this argument to the CMake command:

-DARMCOMPUTECL=1

The following Arm NN library files will be built in the armnn/build directory:

- libarmnn.so
- libarmnnTfLiteParser.so
- libarmnnTfParser.so
- libarmnnUtils.a

10 Test your build

To check that your build of the Arm NN SDK is working correctly, you can run the unit tests. To do this, change to the Arm NN build directory and enter . /UnitTests.

For example:

\$./UnitTests
Running 424 test cases...
*** No errors detected

If the tests are successful, the output from the tests ends with *** No errors detected.

If some of the tests are unsuccessful, go back through the steps and check that all the commands have been entered correctly.

11 Next steps

Now that you have built your environment and your TensorFlow Lite parser for Arm NN, you are ready to begin programming with Arm NN, and to begin using Arm NN with TensorFlow Lite models.

Arm NN also provides a very basic example of how to use the Arm NN SDK API, here: \$BASEDIR/armnn/samples/SimpleSample.cpp.

Other how-to guides are available for building Arm NN on other platforms and for using Arm NN with other model formats such as Caffe and TensorFlow. You can find more details in the \$BASEDIR/armnn/Readme.md file.