深度学习

本次lab没有作业,继续完成期末大作业!

Lab9参考代码

```
class BertSelfAttention(nn.Module):
def __init__(self, config):
    super(BertSelfAttention, self). init ()
    if config.hidden size % config.num attention heads != 0:
        raise ValueError(
            "The hidden size (%d) is not a multiple of the number of attention "
            "heads (%d)" % (config.hidden size, config.num attention heads))
     self.num attention heads = config.num attention heads
     self.attention_head_size = int(config.hidden_size / config.num_attention_heads)
    self.all_head_size = self.num_attention_heads * self.attention_head_size
    self.query = nn.Linear(config.hidden size, self.all head size)
    self.key = nn.Linear(config.hidden_size, self.all_head_size)
    self.value = nn.Linear(config.hidden size, self.all head size)
    self.dropout = nn.Dropout(config.attention_probs_dropout_prob)
def forward(self, hidden states, attention mask):
    def transpose_for_scores(x):
        new_x_shape = x.size()[:-1] + (self.num_attention_heads, self.attention_head_size)
        x = x.view(*new x shape)
        return x.permute(0, 2, 1, 3)
    attention_mask = attention_mask.unsqueeze(1).unsqueeze(2)
     mixed query layer = self.query(hidden states)
    mixed_key_layer = self.key(hidden states)
    mixed value layer = self.value(hidden states)
    query_layer = transpose_for_scores(mixed_query_layer)
    key layer = transpose for scores(mixed key layer)
    value layer = transpose for scores(mixed value layer)
    # Take the dot product between "query" and "key" to get the raw attention scores.
     attention_scores = torch.matmul(query_layer, key_layer.transpose(-1, -2))
     attention scores = attention scores / math.sqrt(self.attention head size)
    # Apply the attention mask is (precomputed for all layers in BertModel forward() function)
    attention scores = attention scores + attention mask
    # Normalize the attention scores to probabilities.
    attention_probs = nn.Softmax(dim=-1)(attention_scores)
    # This is actually dropping out entire tokens to attend to, which might
    # seem a bit unusual, but is taken from the original Transformer paper.
    attention probs = self.dropout(attention probs)
    context_layer = torch.matmul(attention probs, value_layer)
    context layer = context layer.permute(0, 2, 1, 3).contiguous()
    new_context_layer_shape = context_layer.size()[:-2] + (self.all_head_size,)
    context layer = context layer.view(*new context layer shape)
    return context layer
```