

TPE Casting >>> price = 3.95 >>> widgets = 5 >>> print("The price of the widgets is ", price) The price of the widgets is 3.95 >>> print("We have " + widgets + "in stock") Traceback (most recent call last): File "<pyshell#3>", line 1, in <module> print("We have " + widgets + "in stock") TypeError: can only concatenate str (not "int") to str >>> print("We have " + str(widgets) + " widgets in stock") We have 5 widgets in stock Note this >>> print(f"The price ({price}) as an integer is {int(price)}")

>>> print(f"The number of widgets {widgets} as a float is {float(widgets)}") The number of widgets 5 as a float is 5.0

The price (3.95) as an integer is 3

2) Constructing data Structures Farey way of Saying "building lists" Arrays in other language Can mix data types within list, hut Not necommended

```
>>> regions =["north", "south", "east", "west"]
>>> sales=[30000, 20000, 40000, 350000]
```

>>> employees=["Alice", "Vera", "Flo", "Mel"]

>>> for employee in employees: print(f"{employee} is an employee!")

Alice is an employee! Vera is an employee! Flo is an employee! Mel is an employee!

>>> employees.append("Thomas")

>>> employees.remove("Flo")

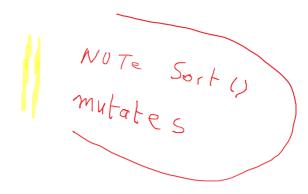
>>> for e in employees:

print(e)

Alice Vera Mel **Thomas** ·appendl

>>> employees.sort()
>>> for e in employees:
 print(e)

Alice Mel Thomas Vera



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Indexing and Slicing

1) Pythow Bero-hased

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>>> regions =["North", "South", "East", "West"]
```

>>> print("Region", regions[0], " Sales: ", sales[0])
Region North Sales: 30000

>>> print(f"The last region is {regions[-1]}") The last region is West

>>> employees[2]="Thomas" >>> for e in employees: print(e)

Alice Vera Thomas Mel

>>> sales=[30000, 20000,40000,35000]

>>> employees=["Alice", "Vera", "Flo", "Mel"]