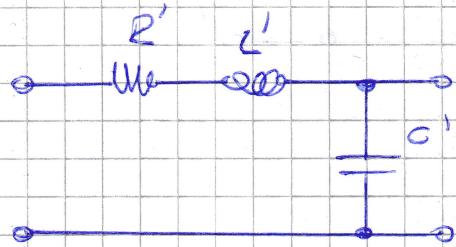


PUNTO ③): (coches)

Debo crear dos redos paralelos (una cuadrática y otra simple)



$$T(s) = \frac{1/(LC')}{s^2 + \frac{R'}{L'}s + 1/(LC')}$$

En nuestro caso:

$$T(s) = \frac{1,585}{s^2 - 1,265 + 1,585}$$

$$\omega_0^2 = 1,585 \Rightarrow \omega_0 = 1,26 \text{ con } Q = 1.$$

$$\omega_0^2 = \frac{1}{LC} \quad \text{y} \quad \omega_0 = \frac{R'}{L'}$$

$$\text{Suponiendo norma de impedancia } R' = \Sigma z \Rightarrow \boxed{R' = 1}$$

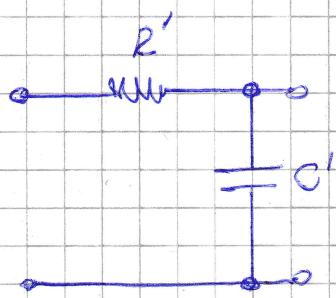
$$\omega_0 = \frac{1}{L'} \Rightarrow (Q = 1) \Rightarrow \omega_0 = \frac{1}{L'} \Rightarrow \boxed{L' = 1/\omega_0} \quad L' = \frac{1}{1,26}$$

$$\omega_0^2 = \frac{1}{LC'} = \frac{1}{\frac{1}{\omega_0} \cdot C'} = \frac{\omega_0}{C'}$$

$$\boxed{L' \approx 0,8}$$

$$\omega_0^2 = \frac{\omega_0}{C'} \Rightarrow \boxed{C' = 1/\omega_0 \Rightarrow L' \approx 0,8}$$

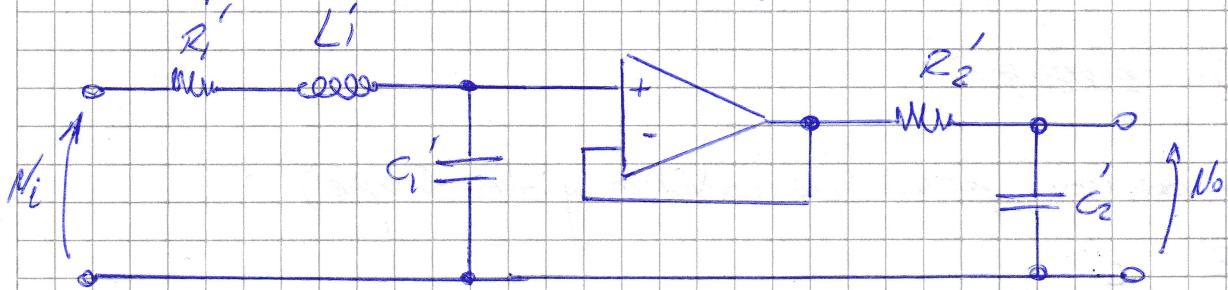
Convergen las normas (para SW y SCZ)



$$T(s) = \frac{1/RC'}{s + 1/RC'} = \boxed{R' = 1}$$

$$\boxed{C' = 1/\omega_0 \approx 0,8}$$

La red quedó de la siguiente forma: (Normalizada)



$$R_1' = C_2' = 1$$

$$C_1' = C_2' = L_1' \approx 0,8$$