

PUNTO (2)

$$T(s) = \frac{V_2}{V_1} \Big|_{I_2=0} = \frac{k \cdot (s+3)}{(s+2)(s+4)} = \frac{Z_{21}}{Z_{11}} = \frac{-Y_{21}}{Y_{22}}$$

(+) Utilizando parámetros (Z).

En primer lugar debo elegir (D).

Como voy a sintetizar utilizando parámetros (Z), los imitadores deben cumplir con los propiedades de (ZRC).

$$Z_{RC} = R + \frac{1}{sC} \rightarrow \text{En } 0: \boxed{\text{POLO}}$$

$$\rightarrow \text{En } \infty: \boxed{\text{CONSTANTE}} (R)$$

Si por ejemplo, adoptara (s+3) como (D), si bien cumpliría la alternancia, no respetaría los (ZRC), como se puede observar a continuación:

$$Z_{11} = \frac{(s+2)(s+4)}{(s+3)} \quad \text{en } 0: \frac{4}{3} \boxed{\text{CONSTANTE}}$$

$$\quad \text{en } \infty: \boxed{\text{POLO}}$$

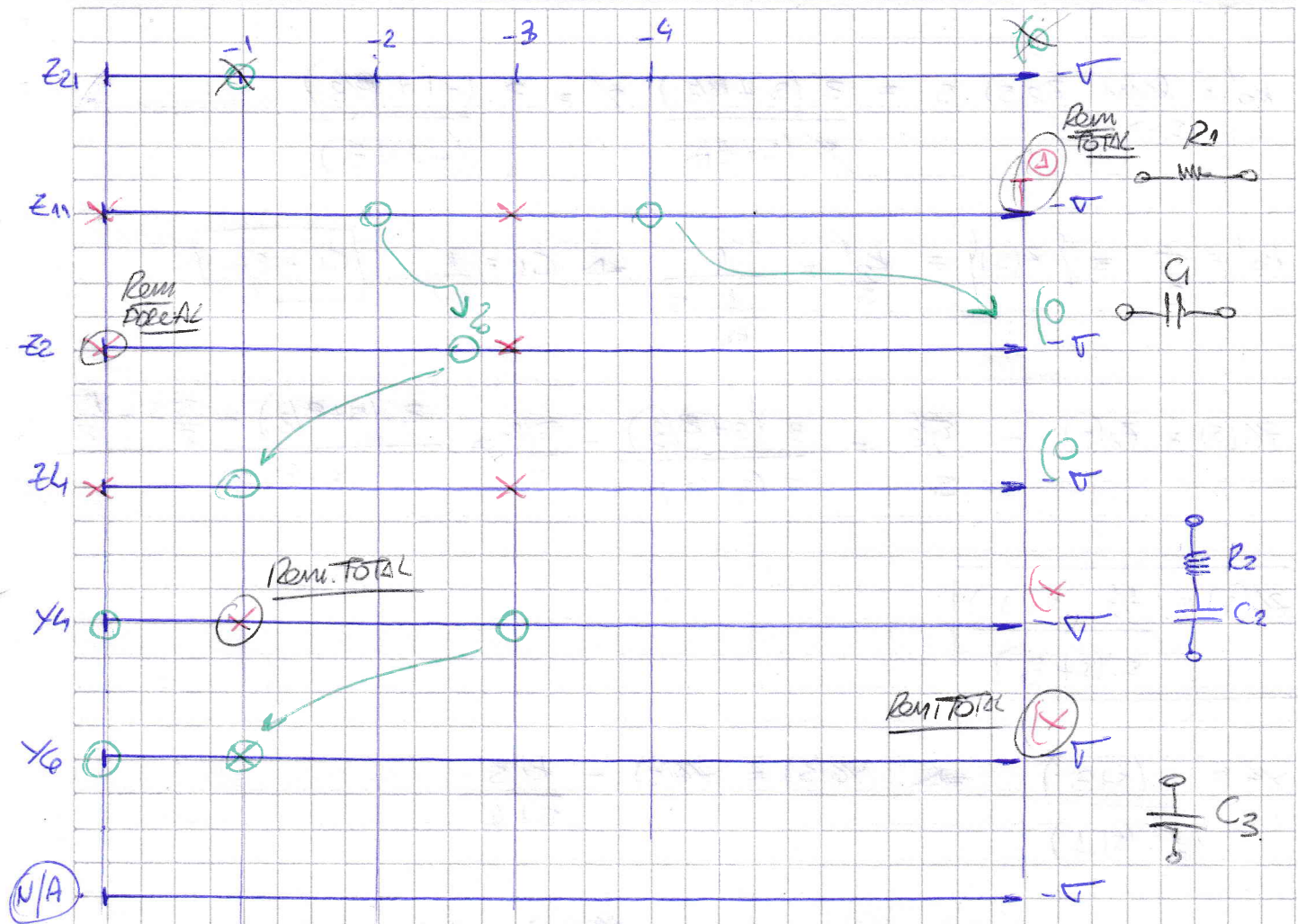
Por lo tanto, como denominador como adopto:

$$\boxed{D = s \cdot (s+3)}$$

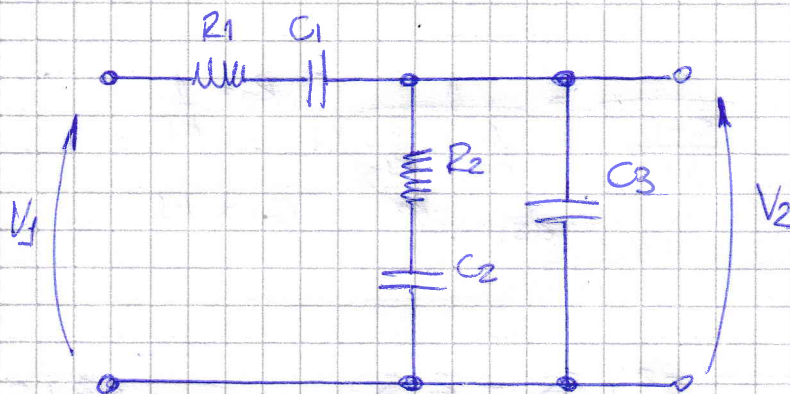
Cumple con la alternancia y con las propiedades de (ZRC).

Para sintetizar utilizo (ZM), respetando las condiciones de transmisión de (ZM).

$$Z_{M1} = \frac{(s+2)(s+4)}{s \cdot (s+3)}$$



La topología circuitos, sin valores será la siguiente:



(B) Utilizando parámetros (R).

$$Z_2 = Z_{11} - 1 = \frac{(s+2)(s+4)}{s(s+3)} - 1 = \frac{s^2 + 6s + 8}{s(s+3)} - \frac{s^2 - 3s}{s(s+3)}$$

$$Z_2 = \frac{3s + 8}{s(s+3)} \Rightarrow \left[Z_2 = \frac{3}{s} + \frac{8/3}{s+3} \right]$$

$$|R_1 = 1|$$

$$z_4 \Big|_{s=-1} = z_2 - \frac{k_0'}{s} = 0$$

$$k_0' = \lim_{s \rightarrow -1} z_2(s) \cdot s = \frac{3 \cdot (s+8/3)}{s \cdot (s+3)} \cdot s = 3 \cdot \frac{(-1+8/3)}{(-1+3)}$$

$$k_0' = \frac{s}{2} \Rightarrow \left\{ z(s) \right\} \equiv \frac{k_0'}{s} = \frac{1}{\frac{1}{s} \cdot s} \Rightarrow C_1 = \frac{1}{k_0'} \quad \boxed{C_1 = 2/5}$$

$$z_4(s) = z_2(s) \cdot -\frac{s/2}{s} = \frac{3 \cdot (s+8/3)}{s \cdot (s+3)} - \frac{s/2}{s} = \frac{3 \cdot (s+8/3) - \frac{ss}{2} - \frac{15}{2}}{s \cdot (s+3)}$$

$$\boxed{z_4(s) = \frac{1/2 \cdot (s+1)}{s \cdot (s+3)}}$$

$$y_4 = \frac{s \cdot (s+3)}{\frac{1}{2} \cdot (s+1)} \Rightarrow y_6(s) = y_4(s) - \frac{k_1 \cdot s}{s+1}$$

$$k_1 = \lim_{s \rightarrow -1} y_4(s) \cdot \frac{(s+1)}{s} = \lim_{s \rightarrow -1} \frac{s \cdot (s+3)}{\frac{1}{2} \cdot (s+1)} \cdot \frac{(s+1)}{s} = \frac{(-1+3)}{\frac{1}{2}}$$

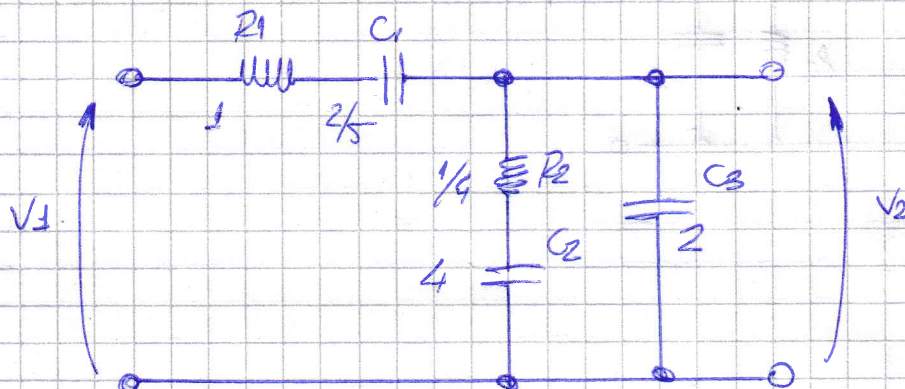
$$\boxed{K_1 = 4} \Rightarrow \left\{ y(s) \right\} \equiv \frac{k_1 \cdot s}{s+1} = \frac{4s}{s+1} = \frac{1}{\frac{s+1}{4s}} = \frac{1}{\frac{1}{k_1} + \frac{1}{k_1 s}} \quad R_2 = \frac{1}{k_1}$$

$$\boxed{R_2 = 1/4} \wedge \boxed{C_2 = 4}$$

$$y_6(s) = \frac{s \cdot (s+3)}{\frac{1}{2} \cdot (s+1)} - \frac{4 \cdot s}{s+1} = \frac{s^2 + 3s - 2 \cdot s}{\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) (s+1)} = \frac{s^2 + s}{\frac{1}{2} \cdot (s+1)}$$

$$y_6(s) = \frac{s \cdot (s+1)}{\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) \cdot (s+1)} \Rightarrow y_6(s) = \frac{s}{\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)} = 2 \cdot s \quad \boxed{C_3 = 2}$$

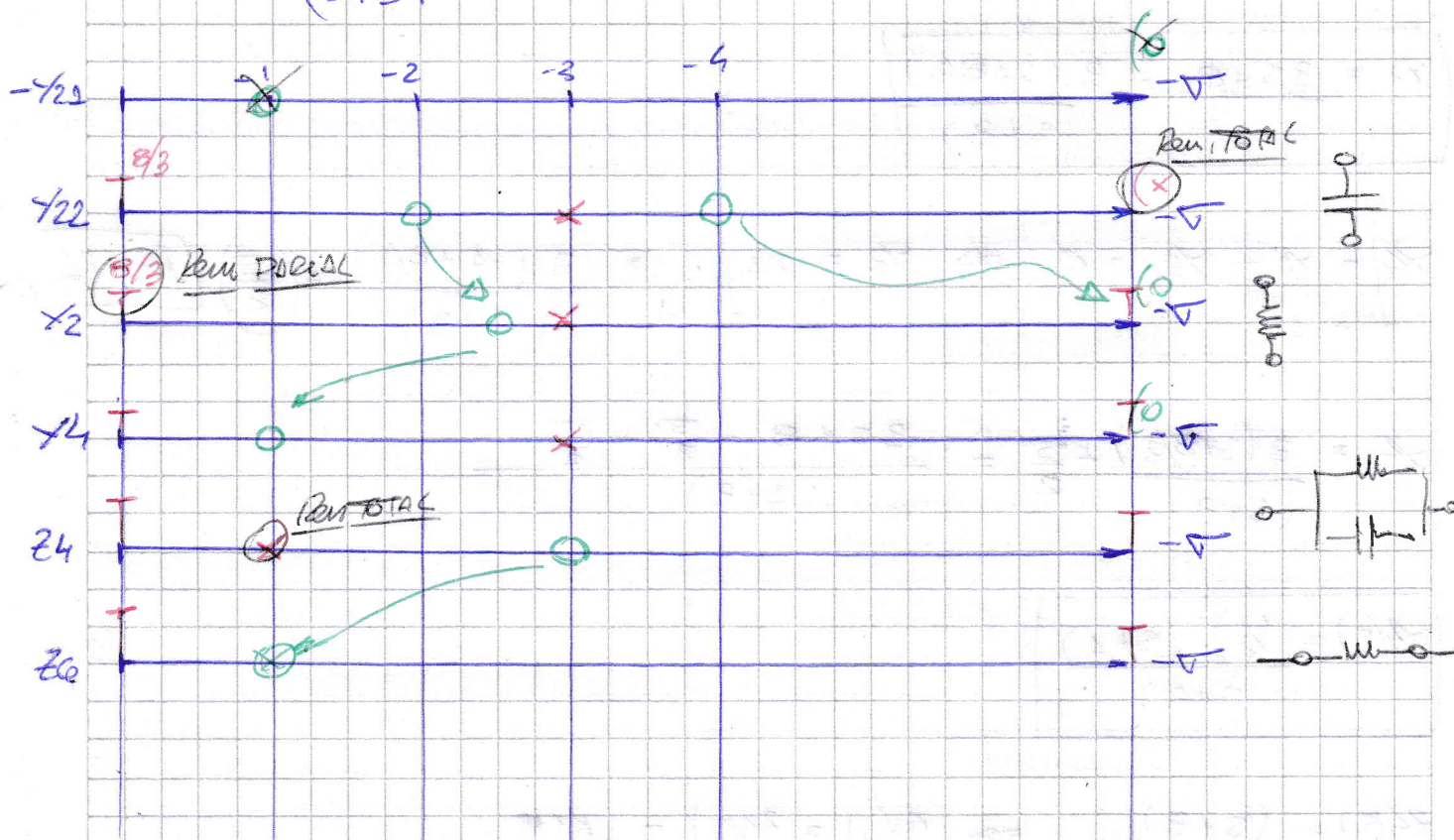
Finalmente la red es la siguiente



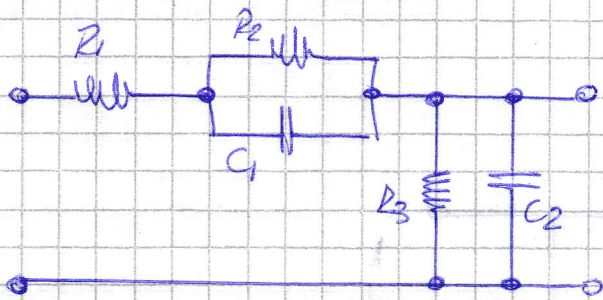
A) Usando parámetros

$$T(s) = \frac{V_2}{V_1} \Big|_{I_2=0} = -\frac{Y_{21}}{Y_{11}}$$

$$Y_{21} = \frac{(s+2)(s+4)}{(s+3)} ; \text{ pero arrow desde la derecha }$$



La red circuitual sin bobinas es:



② Utilizando parámetros (✓)

$$Y_2 = Y_{22} - k_{00} \cdot S$$

$$k_{00} = \lim_{S \rightarrow \infty} \frac{Y_{22}}{S} = \lim_{S \rightarrow \infty} \frac{(S+2)(S+4)}{S(S+3)} = \textcircled{1}$$

$$\boxed{C_2 = 1}$$

$$Y_2 = \frac{(S+2)(S+4)}{(S+3)} - S = \frac{S^2 + 6S + 8 - S^2 - 3S}{S+3}$$

$$\boxed{Y_2 = \frac{3S+8}{S+3} = 3 \cdot \frac{(S+8/3)}{(S+3)}}$$

$$Y_4 \Big|_{S=-1} = Y_2 - Y_3 = 0 \Rightarrow Y_3 = Y_2 \Big|_{S=1} = \frac{3 \cdot (-1+8/3)}{(-1+3)} = \textcircled{\frac{5}{2}} \quad \boxed{R_3 = 2/5}$$

$$A = \frac{3 \cdot (S+8/3)}{(S+3)} - \frac{S}{2} = \frac{3S+8 - \frac{5}{2}S - \frac{15}{2}}{(S+3)}$$

$$\boxed{Y_4(S) = \frac{1/2 \cdot (S+1)}{(S+3)}}$$

$$Z_4(S) = \frac{(S+3)}{\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)(S+1)} \Rightarrow Z_0(S) = Z_4(S) - \frac{K_1}{S+1}$$

$$K_1 = \lim_{s \rightarrow -1} Z_4(s) \cdot \frac{(s+1)}{s} = \lim_{s \rightarrow -1} \frac{(s+3)}{\frac{1}{2}(s+1)} \cdot \frac{(s+1)}{s}$$

$$K_1 = \frac{2}{\frac{1}{2}} \Rightarrow \boxed{K_1 = 4} \quad \boxed{C_1 = \frac{1}{4}} \quad \boxed{R_2 = 4}$$

$$Z_6(s) = Z_4(s) - \frac{4}{(s+1)}$$

$$Z_6(s) = \frac{2s+6-4}{(s+1)} = \frac{2 \cdot (s+1)}{(s+1)} = \boxed{2} \quad \boxed{R_1 = 2}$$

La red final es la siguiente:

