

Discrete random walks with memory: Models and applications

Ing. Tomáš Kouřim

Institute of Information Theory and Automation, AS CR Prague

16.9.2019

Outline

1. Prepare mathematical model
2. Describe its properties
3. Apply it on data

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Random walk

Definition

A man starts from a point O and walks l yards in a straight line; he then turns through any angle whatever and walks another l yards in a second straight line. He repeats this process n times. I require the probability that after these n stretches he is at a distance between r and $r + \delta r$ from his starting point, O .

[Karl Pearson: The problem of the random walk. (1905)]

Where is the “Drunken sailor”?

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Let $\{X_k\}_{k=1}^{\infty}$ be a sequence of independent, identically distributed discrete random variables. For each positive integer n , let S_n denote the sum $X_1 + X_2 + \cdots + X_n$, with $S_0 = 0$. The sequence $\{S_n\}_{n=1}^{\infty}$ is called a random walk. If the common range of the X_k 's is \mathbb{R}_m , then $\{S_n\}$ is a random walk in \mathbb{R}_m .

For $X_k \sim B(p = \frac{1}{2})$ it is called the standard random walk.

Random walk properties

- ▶ Discrete random process
- ▶ n -dimensional, on a matrix, graph, finite or infinite set
- ▶ Self avoiding, reinforced
- ▶ Brownian motion, polymer creation, games simulation, sports simulation

Random walk with memory

- ▶ Based on standard random walk (Bernoulli distribution with $p = 0.5$, discrete time).
- ▶ Constant total step size:

$$l_i^+ + l_i^- = 2 \quad \forall i \in \mathbb{N}.$$

- ▶ At the beginning the step sizes are equal ($l_1^+ = l_1^- = 1$) and further for $t > 1$ evolve using a memory parameter $\lambda \in (0, 1)$:

$$X_{t-1} = 1 \rightarrow \begin{cases} l_t^+ = \lambda l_{t-1}^+ \\ l_t^- = 2 - \lambda l_{t-1}^+ \end{cases} \quad X_{t-1} = -1 \rightarrow \begin{cases} l_t^+ = 2 - \lambda l_{t-1}^- \\ l_t^- = \lambda l_{t-1}^- \end{cases}$$

- ▶ Loïc Turban. *On a random walk with memory and its relation with markovian processes*. Journal of Physics A: Mathematical and Theoretical (2010).

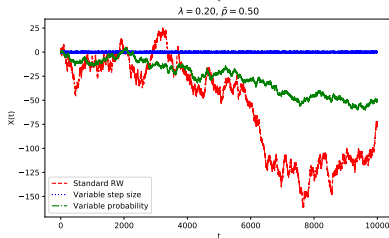
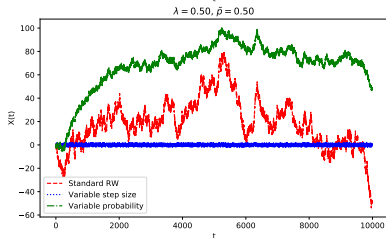
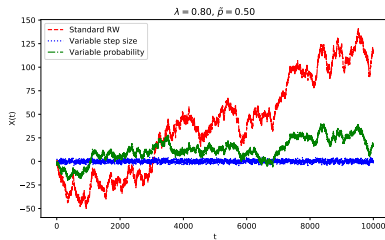
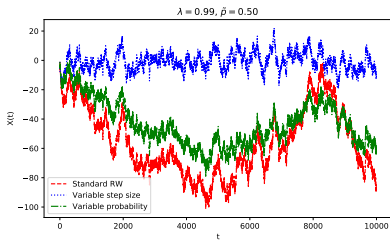
Random walk with varying transition probability

- ▶ Based on standard random walk (Bernoulli distribution with $p = 0.5$, discrete time).
- ▶ Step size remains constant, transition probability changes
- ▶ First step realized according to starting probability p_0 which then for $t > 1$ evolve using a memory parameter $\lambda \in (0, 1)$:

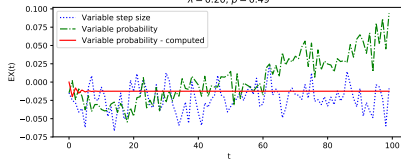
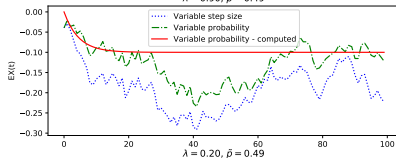
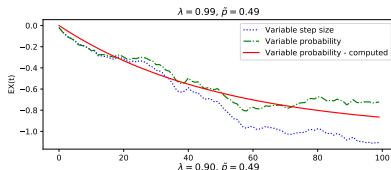
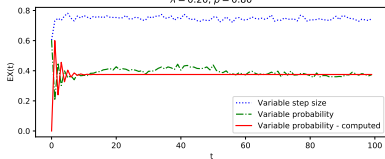
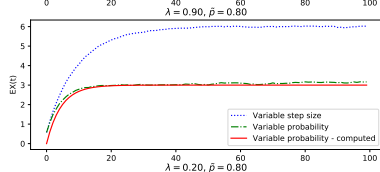
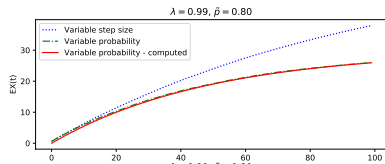
$$X_t = 1 \rightarrow p_t = \lambda p_{t-1}$$

$$X_t = -1 \rightarrow p_t = 1 - \lambda(1 - p_{t-1})$$

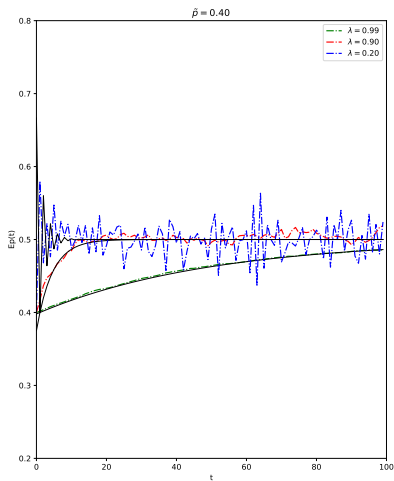
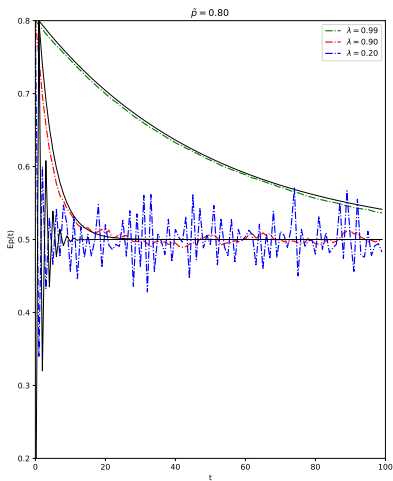
Example - RW evolution



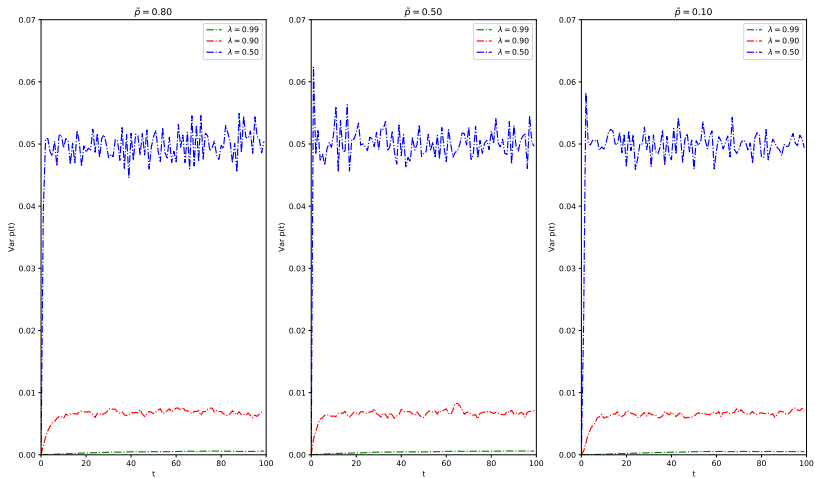
Example - Expected position of the walker



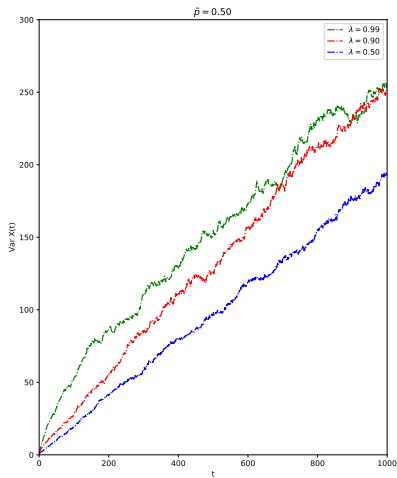
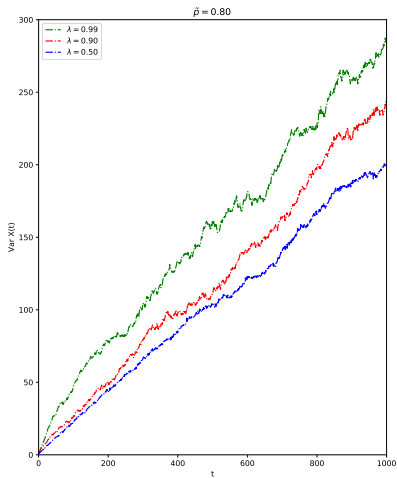
Example - Expected transition probability



Example - Transition probability variance



Example - Walker's position variance



Alternative definitions

- ▶ “Success rewarded”

$$X_{t-1} = 1 \rightarrow p_t = 1 - \lambda(1 - p_{t-1})$$

$$X_{t-1} = 0 \rightarrow p_t = \lambda p_{t-1}$$

- ▶ Different coefficients for different events
- ▶ Generally n possible steps and m different coefficients λ affecting the transition probabilities
- ▶ Possible applications in
 - ▶ sports modeling
 - ▶ reliability and survival analysis
 - ▶ medical research
- ▶ Discrete alternative to random processes with memory

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$$p_t = f(p_{t-1}, X_{t-1}, \lambda_1, \dots, \lambda_m)$$

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RWWM Properties

- ▶ tabulka 4x3 s vlastnostmi jednotlivych prochazek
- ▶ Expected prob
- ▶ Expected position
- ▶ Expected variance
- ▶ Comparision of the previous properties aplied for different model types

Asymptotic behavior

- ▶ Convergence to standard RW??
- ▶ predchozi tabulka s hodnotami v nekonecnu

Data generation

- ▶ Ways to generate data, different conditions, number of repetitions
- ▶ popis jaka data generuju

Fitting on generated data

- ▶ Which types are detectable and predictable from the data
- ▶ Error rates
- ▶ Grafy?

Real life examples

- ▶ Kratce popsat co jsem delal do Aten
- ▶ Zminit, ze jsem desne vydela na US Open

Results

- ▶ Zajímavý nástroj s possible implementations
- ▶ link na github kam neco nahraju

Next steps

- ▶ Model implementation
 - ▶ λ optimization
 - ▶ p_1 optimization
- ▶ Model improvement
 - ▶ Other versions of random walk with memory
 - ▶ Combination with other approaches
- ▶ Model testing
 - ▶ Model evaluation granularity
 - ▶ Performance on a larger dataset
 - ▶ Betting module for more bookmakers
 - ▶ Application of the model to *best-of-three* matches
- ▶ Application in other domains

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tomaskourim.com

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tom@skourim.com