NETCONF

VS

gNMI

what can I do with them?

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Agenda

- 1. NETCONF & gNMI quick overview
- Configuration operations with NETCONF vs gNMI (read, create, update, delete)
- 3. Operational data retrieval with NETCONF vs gNMI
- 4. Payload size & response time
- 5. Operational commands
- 6. Summary

Idea

 Test NETCONF and gNMI using Python3 and latest packages implementing these protocols with different NOSes

Tested NOSes – IOSXR, IOSXE, JUNOS

NETCONF & gNMI overview

NETCONF protocol

- since 2006
- expose API for network device management
- push & retrieve of configuration data (get, create, update, delete)
- retrieve of state (operational data), including filtering specified on client side for selective retrieve
- configuration changes done in transactions
- based on paradigm of using RPCs encoded in XML messages

NETCONF protocol

- protocol messages transported over secure SSH channel (TLS, ...)
- standard RPC calls: <get>, <get-config>, <edit-config>, <copy-config>,
 <delete-config>, <lock>, <unlock>, <close-session>,
 <kill-session>
- standard operations should be supported by vendor, better to check each time

NETCONF messages examples

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<nc:rpc xmlns:nc="urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:netconf:base:1.0" message-id="urn:uuid:1d08782f-8818-4600-a5b5-7e5ae6a46757">
 <nc:get>
    <nc:filter type="subtree">
      <interface-configurations xmlns="http://cisco.com/ns/yang/Cisco-IOS-XR-ifmgr-cfg">
       <interface-configuration>
          <interface-name>GigabitEthernet0/2/0/12.201</interface-name>
       </interface-configuration>
      </interface-configurations>
   </nc:filter>
 </nc:get>
</nc:rpc>
+++++
<?xml version="1.0"?>
<rpc-reply message-id="urn:uuid:1d08782f-8818-4600-a5b5-7e5ae6a46757" xmlns:nc="urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:netconf:base:1.0"</pre>
xmlns="urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:netconf:base:1.0">
 <data>
   <interface-configurations xmlns="http://cisco.com/ns/yang/Cisco-IOS-XR-ifmgr-cfg">
      <interface-configuration>
       <active>act</active>
       <interface-name>GigabitEthernet0/2/0/12.201</interface-name>
<----> output omitted ----->
     </interface-configuration>
    </interface-configurations>
 </data>
</rpc-reply>
```

gNMI protocol

- since 2015/2016
- based on generic gRPC framework
- calls designed especially for networking world => gNMI calls defined by using gRPC
- expose API for network device management
- push & retrieve of configuration data (get, create, update, delete)
- retrieve of state (operational) data

gNMI protocol

- configuration changes done in transactions
- RPCs messages encoded in "protobuf" format binary, smaller and more effective than XML (json, bytes formats possible)
- protocol messages transported over HTTP/2 (w/o TLS)
- only standard RPC calls: Get, Set, Subscribe, Capabilities
- possible extensions for operational commands (ping, reset)

gNMI messages examples

```
gNMI request:
prefix {
path {
 origin: "Cisco-IOS-XR-ifmgr-cfg"
 elem {
   name: "interface-configurations"
  elem {
   name: "interface-configuration"
   key {
     key: "active"
     value: "act"
    key {
      key: "interface-name"
     value: "GigabitEthernet0/2/0/12.201"
```

```
(output omitted)
gNMI response:
notification {
  timestamp: 1654601762401932841
  prefix {
 update {
    path {
      elem {
        name: "interface-configurations"
      elem {
        name: "interface-configuration"
        key {
          key: "active"
          value: "act"
        key {
          key: "interface-name"
          value: "GigabitEthernet0/2/0/12.201"
    val {
      json_ietf_val: "[{\"active\":\"act\",\"interface-
name\":\"GigabitEthernet0/2/0/12.201\",\"interface-mode-non-
physical\":\"default\",\"description\":\"\\"Link to P2 via
C3\",\"bandwidth\":\"1000000}]"
error {
```

Configuration manipulation

NETCONF protocol

- Python "ncclient" used for testing
- default script wrapping all ncclient calls

gNMI protocol

- Python "pygnmi" used for testing
- default script wrapping all gNMI calls

NETCONF protocol – **GET** full configuration

```
• code: full_config = session.get_config(source='running').data_xml print(full_config)
```

- output: full configuration expressed by using all YANG models supported by current device model and OS version
- comments: JUNOS full configuration available without any model, natively available

gNMI protocol – GET full configuration

```
• code:
    result = gc.get(path=[], encoding='json_ietf', datatype='config')
    print(json.dumps(result, indent=4))
```

- output: full configuration expressed by using all YANG models supported by current device model and OS version
- comments: IOSXE get full config not working
 JUNOS only 'all' datatype is working

NETCONF protocol – **GET** partial configuration

- output: full configuration of element in "filter" using specific YANG model supported by current device model and OS version
- comments: working on all platforms

gNMI protocol – GET partial configuration

- result = gc.get(path=["/Cisco-IOS-XR-ifmgr-cfg:interface-configurations/interfaceconfiguration[active=act][interface-name=GigabitEthernet0/0/0/1.789]"], encoding='json_ietf') print(json.dumps(result, indent=4))
- output: full configuration of element in "filter" using specific YANG model supported by current device model and OS version
- comments: on JUNOS not working

NETCONF protocol – CREATE new config

```
nc set config = """<config>
                   <interface-configurations xmlns="http://cisco.com/ns/yang/Cisco-IOS-XR-ifmgr-cfg">
                    <interface-configuration>
                    <active>act</active>
                     <interface-name>GigabitEthernet0/2/0/12.202</interface-name>
                     <interface-mode-non-physical>default</interface-mode-non-physical>
                     <description>"TEST LINK</description>
                     <bandwidth>1000000</pandwidth>
                     <ipv4-network xmlns="http://cisco.com/ns/yang/Cisco-IOS-XR-ipv4-io-cfg">
                      <addresses>
                       imary>
                        <address>10.10.2.2</address>
                        <netmask>255.255.255.252</netmask>
                       </primary>
                      </addresses>
                     </ipv4-network>
                     <vlan-sub-configuration xmlns="http://cisco.com/ns/yang/Cisco-IOS-XR-12-eth-infra-cfg">
                      <vlan-identifier>
                       <vlan-type>vlan-type-dot1q</vlan-type>
                       <first-tag>202</first-tag>
                      </vlan-identifier>
                     </vlan-sub-configuration>
                    </interface-configuration>
                   </interface-configurations>
                   </config>"""
response = session.edit config(nc set config)
response = session.commit()
```

NETCONF protocol – CREATE new config

output:

- comments: working on all platforms
 - on JUNOS and IOSXR 'commit' needed!

gNMI protocol – CREATE new config

```
new_subinterface_path_oc = "interfaces/interface[name=Loopback222]"
new_subinterface_config_oc = {
                             "config": {
                                 "name": "Loopback222",
                                 "type": "iana-if-type:softwareLoopback",
                                 "enabled": True
                             "subinterfaces": {
                                 "subinterface": [
                                         "index": 0,
                                         "config": {
                                             "index": 0,
                                             "enabled": True
                                         "openconfig-if-ip:ipv4": {
                                             "addresses": {
                                                 "address": [
                                                         "ip": "8.8.8.8",
                                                         "config": {
                                                             "ip": "8.8.8.8",
                                                             "prefix-length": 32
                                            "config": {
                                                     "mode": "ALL"
```

gNMI protocol – CREATE new config

```
update_message = [(new_subinterface_path_oc, new_subinterface_config_oc)]
result = gc.set(update=update_message, replace=None, delete=None)
print(json.dumps(result, indent=4))
```

- comments: on JUNOS not working
 - on IOSXE limits of openconfig implementation
 - on IOSXR not working

NETCONF protocol – UPDATE existing configuration

- output: rpc-reply with OK status hopefully
- comments: working on all platforms
 on JUNOS and IOSXR 'commit' needed!

gNMI protocol – UPDATE existing configuration

- output:
- comments: on JUNOS not working
 - on IOSXE limits of openconfig implementation
 - on IOSXR not working

NETCONF protocol – **DELETE** existing configuration

- output: rpc-reply with OK status hopefully
- comments: working on all platforms
 on JUNOS and IOSXR 'commit' needed!

gNMI protocol – DELETE existing configuration

```
delete_path = "interfaces/interface[name=Loopback222]/subinterfaces/subinterface[index=0]/ipv4/addresses"
result = gc.set(update=None, replace=None, delete=[delete_path])
print(json.dumps(result, indent=4))
```

- output:
- comments: on JUNOS not working
 - on IOSXE ok, but limits of openconfig implementation
 - on IOSXR ok

Operational data retrieval

NETCONF protocol – **GET** operational state

NETCONF protocol – **GET** operational state

output:

```
<data-node>
     <data-node-name>0/RSP0/CPU0</data-node-name>
     <system-view>
      <interfaces>
       <interface>
       <interface-name>GigabitEthernet0/2/0/12.202</interface-name>
       <interface>GigabitEthernet0/2/0/12.202</interface>
       <parent-interface>GigabitEthernet0/2/0/12</parent-interface>
       <type>IFT_VLAN_SUBIF</type>
        <state>im-state-admin-down</state>
        <actual-state>im-state-admin-down</actual-state>
       <line-state>im-state-admin-down</line-state>
       <actual-line-state>im-state-admin-down</actual-line-state>
       <encapsulation>dot1g</encapsulation>
       <encapsulation-type-string>802.10</encapsulation-type-string>
        <mtu>1618</mtu>
       <sub-interface-mtu-overhead>0</sub-interface-mtu-overhead>
       <l2-transport>false</l2-transport>
       <bandwidth>1000000</pandwidth>
       <bandwidth64-bit>1000000/bandwidth64-bit>
      </interface>
     </interfaces>
    </system-view>
    </data-node>
```

comments: - on JUNOS use openconfig or custom RPC for each show command
 - on IOSXE or IOSXR use openconfig or native oper models

gNMI protocol – GET operational state

result = gc.get(path=['interfaces/interface[name=GigabitEthernet2/0/2]/subinterfaces/subinterface[index=0]'],
encoding='json_ietf', datatype='all')
print(json.dumps(result, indent=4))

comments: - on JUNOS only via get of all data
 - on IOSXE or IOSXR use openconfig or native oper models

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gNMI protocol – GET operational state

output:

```
"path": "interfaces/interface[name=GigabitEthernet2/0/2]/subinterfaces/subinterface[index=0]",
"val": {
   "index": 0.
   "config": {
        "index": 0,
        "description": "R1 link R2",
        "enabled": false
   "state": {
        "description": "R1_link_R2",
        "enabled": false.
        "name": "GigabitEthernet2/0/2",
        "ifindex": 23,
        "admin-status": "DOWN",
        "oper-status": "DOWN",
        "last-change": "1654274225687000000",
        "counters": {
            "in-octets": "54492",
            "in-unicast-pkts": "89",
            "in-broadcast-pkts": "1",
            "in-multicast-pkts": "67",
            "in-discards": "0",
            "in-errors": "0",
            "in-unknown-protos": "0",
            "in-fcs-errors": "0",
            "out-octets": "49470",
            "out-unicast-pkts": "54",
            "out-broadcast-pkts": "1",
            "out-multicast-pkts": "51",
            "out-discards": "0",
            "out-errors": "0",
            "last-clear": "1654085274000000000"
```

Payload size & response time

Payload size & response time

- gNMI data 1.5-4x smaller then same data in NETCONF (tested payload - one interface / subinterface config config and op)
- bigger payload in gNMI > more efficient
- response time of gNMI server side 1.5-3x faster then NETCONF

Operational commands

Operational commands

- custom RPC calls in NETCONF JunOS show commands, IOSXR/XE clear <>, reload, reset <>, ...
- custom RPC calls in gNMI are complicated need for update of specs and proto file distribution by vendor

Summary

Summary

	NETCONF	gNMI
Get configuration	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
Filtering	\bigcirc	!
Create/Update/Delete		×
Get operational data		
Response time	!	
BW requirements	!	\bigcirc
Non standard RPCs	⊘	×

Summary

• ncclient 0.6.9

• pygnmi 0.6.9

• IOSXR 7.4.2

• IOSXE 17.6.2

JUNOS 21.2R3.8

Examples and slides available at https://github.com/tomaskubina/csnog2022

Thank you

Resources & tips for study

- https://github.com/ncclient/ncclient
- https://github.com/akarneliuk/pygnmi
- https://github.com/openconfig/reference/blob/master/rpc/gnmi/gnmispecification.md
- https://datatracker.ietf.org/doc/html/rfc6241
- https://pubhub.devnetcloud.com/media/netdevops-live/site/files/s01t03.pdf

Resources & tips for study

- https://yangcatalog.org/home.html
- https://yangcatalog.org/yang-search/module details MUST USE FOR MODEL BROWSING!
- https://github.com/cisco-ie/cisco-gnmi-python
- https://gnmic.kmrd.dev/
- https://events19.linuxfoundation.org/wp-content/uploads/2017/12/Beyond-the-Command-Line-Programming-Network-Devices-with-gRPC-and-OpenConfig-Nicolas-Leiva-Cisco.pdf