

## Selected solutions Module 1

### Exercise 1.2.

Define first the decision variables:  $x_{ij} = 1$  if surgery  $i$  is executed in OR  $j$  and  $x_{ij} = 0$  otherwise. The ILP becomes:

$$\begin{aligned}
 \max \quad & 5x_{11} + 5x_{12} + 4x_{21} + 4x_{22} + 3.5x_{31} + 3.5x_{32} + 1.5x_{41} + 1.5x_{42} + 3x_{51} + 3x_{52} \\
 s.t. \quad & 5x_{11} + 4x_{21} + 3.5x_{31} + 1.5x_{41} + 3x_{51} \leq 8 \\
 & 5x_{12} + 4x_{22} + 3.5x_{32} + 1.5x_{42} + 3x_{52} \leq 8 \\
 & x_{11} + x_{12} \leq 1 \\
 & x_{21} + x_{22} \leq 1 \\
 & x_{31} + x_{32} \leq 1 \\
 & x_{41} + x_{42} \leq 1 \\
 & x_{51} + x_{52} \leq 1 \\
 & x_{11}, x_{12}, x_{21}, x_{22}, x_{31}, x_{32}, x_{41}, x_{42}, x_{51}, x_{52} \in \{0, 1\}
 \end{aligned}$$

### Exercise 1.3.

We can describe the input as follows. Define  $b_{ij} = 1$  if the  $i$ -th male student and the  $j$ -th female student are on each others preference list, and  $b_{ij} = 0$  otherwise.

*Decision variables:*  $x_{ij} = 1$  if the  $i$ -th male student will collaborate with the  $j$ -th female student and  $x_{ij} = 0$  otherwise.

The ILP formulation is as follows:

$$\begin{array}{ll}
\max & \sum_{i=1}^{62} \sum_{j=1}^{34} x_{ij} \\
s.t. & \sum_{i=1}^{62} x_{ij} \leq 1 \quad \text{voor } j = 1, \dots, 34 \\
& \sum_{j=1}^{34} x_{ij} \leq 1 \quad \text{voor } i = 1, \dots, 62 \\
& x_{ij} \leq b_{ij} \quad \text{voor } i = 1, \dots, 62 \text{ en } j = 1, \dots, 34 \\
& x_{ij} \geq 0 \quad \text{voor } i = 1, \dots, 62 \text{ en } j = 1, \dots, 34 \\
& x_{ij} \text{ integer} \quad \text{voor } i = 1, \dots, 62 \text{ en } j = 1, \dots, 34
\end{array}$$

(It can be shown that the integrality constraints can be omitted, obtaining an LP formulation with integral extreme points.)

**Exercise 1.4.**

First define the sets  $B_j := \{i \in \{1, \dots, n\} \mid t_{ij} \leq 10\}$ , i.e. the locations from which house  $j$  can be reached within 10 minutes.

**Step 1: what are the decision variables?**

$x_i = 1$  if at location  $i$  an ambulance will be located and  $x_i = 0$  otherwise (note that in this problem it does not make sense to place more than one ambulance at the same location).

$y_j = 1$  if house  $j$  is covered and  $y_j = 0$  otherwise.

**Step 2: formulate the objective function.**

We want to cover as many houses as possible, so:

$$\max \sum_{j=1}^m y_j$$

**Step 3: formulate the constraints.**

House  $j$  is only covered if an ambulance is located at at least one location from  $B_j$ :

$$y_j \leq \sum_{i \in B_j} x_i \quad \text{for all } j \in \{1, \dots, m\}$$

There are only  $p$  ambulances available:

$$\sum_{i=1}^n x_i \leq p$$

Do not forget that the decision variables may only take the values 0 and 1. We have already mentioned that when introducing the variables, but we also need to put it in the ILP formulation.

$$\begin{aligned} x_i &\in \{0, 1\} && \text{for all } i \in \{1, \dots, n\} \\ y_j &\in \{0, 1\} && \text{for all } j \in \{1, \dots, m\} \end{aligned}$$