

Python For Data Science Cheat Sheet

NumPy Basics

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NumPy

The NumPy library is the core library for scientific computing in Python. It provides a high-performance multidimensional array object, and tools for working with these arrays.

Use the following import convention:



NumPy

```
>>> import numpy as np
```

NumPy Arrays

1D array

```
1 2 3
```

2D array

axis 1
axis 0

```
1.5 2 3  
4 5 6
```

3D array

axis 2
axis 1
axis 0

Creating Arrays

```
>>> a = np.array([1,2,3])  
>>> b = np.array([(1.5,2,3), (4,5,6)], dtype = float)  
>>> c = np.array([(1.5,2,3), (4,5,6)], [(3,2,1), (4,5,6)]],  
                dtype = float)
```

Initial Placeholders

```
>>> np.zeros((3,4))  
>>> np.ones((2,3,4),dtype=np.int16)  
>>> d = np.arange(10,25,5)  
  
>>> np.linspace(0,2,9)  
  
>>> e = np.full((2,2),7)  
>>> f = np.eye(2)  
>>> np.random.random((2,2))  
>>> np.empty((3,2))
```

Create an array of zeros
Create an array of ones
Create an array of evenly spaced values (step value)
Create an array of evenly spaced values (number of samples)
Create a constant array
Create a 2X2 identity matrix
Create an array with random values
Create an empty array

I/O

Saving & Loading On Disk

```
>>> np.save('my_array', a)  
>>> np.savez('array.npz', a, b)  
>>> np.load('my_array.npy')
```

Saving & Loading Text Files

```
>>> np.loadtxt("myfile.txt")  
>>> np.genfromtxt("my_file.csv", delimiter=',')  
>>> np.savetxt("myarray.txt", a, delimiter=" ")
```

Data Types

```
>>> np.int64  
>>> np.float32  
>>> np.complex  
>>> np.bool  
>>> np.object  
>>> np.string_  
>>> np.unicode_
```

Signed 64-bit integer types
Standard double-precision floating point
Complex numbers represented by 128 floats
Boolean type storing TRUE and FALSE values
Python object type
Fixed-length string type
Fixed-length unicode type

Inspecting Your Array

```
>>> a.shape  
>>> len(a)  
>>> b.ndim  
>>> e.size  
>>> b.dtype  
>>> b.dtype.name  
>>> b.astype(int)
```

Array dimensions
Length of array
Number of array dimensions
Number of array elements
Data type of array elements
Name of data type
Convert an array to a different type

Asking For Help

```
>>> np.info(np.ndarray.dtype)
```

Array Mathematics

Arithmetic Operations

```
>>> g = a - b  
array([[ -0.5,  0. ,  0. ],  
       [ -3. , -3. , -3. ]])  
>>> np.subtract(a,b)  
>>> b + a  
array([[ 2.5,  4. ,  6. ],  
       [ 5. ,  7. ,  9. ]])  
>>> np.add(b,a)  
>>> a / b  
array([[ 0.66666667,  1. ,  1. ],  
       [ 0.25 ,  0.4 ,  0.5 ]])  
>>> np.divide(a,b)  
>>> a * b  
array([[ 1.5,  4. ,  9. ],  
       [ 4. , 10. , 18. ]])  
>>> np.multiply(a,b)  
>>> np.exp(b)  
>>> np.sqrt(b)  
>>> np.sin(a)  
>>> np.cos(b)  
>>> np.log(a)  
>>> e.dot(f)  
array([[ 7. ,  7. ],  
       [ 7. ,  7.]])
```

Subtraction
Subtraction
Addition
Addition
Division
Division
Division
Multiplication
Multiplication
Exponentiation
Square root
Print sines of an array
Element-wise cosine
Element-wise natural logarithm
Dot product

Comparison

```
>>> a == b  
array([[False,  True,  True],  
       [False, False, False]], dtype=bool)  
>>> a < 2  
array([[True, False, False], dtype=bool)  
>>> np.array_equal(a, b)
```

Element-wise comparison
Element-wise comparison
Array-wise comparison

Aggregate Functions

```
>>> a.sum()  
>>> a.min()  
>>> b.max(axis=0)  
>>> b.cumsum(axis=1)  
>>> a.mean()  
>>> b.median()  
>>> a.corrcoef()  
>>> np.std(b)
```

Array-wise sum
Array-wise minimum value
Maximum value of an array row
Cumulative sum of the elements
Mean
Median
Correlation coefficient
Standard deviation

Copying Arrays

```
>>> h = a.view()  
>>> np.copy(a)  
>>> h = a.copy()
```

Create a view of the array with the same data
Create a copy of the array
Create a deep copy of the array

Sorting Arrays

```
>>> a.sort()  
>>> c.sort(axis=0)
```

Sort an array
Sort the elements of an array's axis

Subsetting, Slicing, Indexing

Also see Lists

Subsetting

```
>>> a[2]  
3  
>>> b[1,2]  
6.0
```

Select the element at the 2nd index
Select the element at row 0 column 2 (equivalent to b[1][2])

Slicing

```
>>> a[0:2]  
array([1, 2])  
>>> b[0:2,1]  
array([ 2.,  5.])  
>>> b[:1]  
array([[1.5, 2., 3.]])  
>>> c[1,...]  
array([[ 3.,  2.,  1.],  
       [ 4.,  5.,  6.]])
```

Select items at index 0 and 1
Select items at rows 0 and 1 in column 1
Select all items at row 0 (equivalent to b[0:1, :])
Same as [1, :, :]

Boolean Indexing

```
>>> a[a<2]  
array([1])
```

Reversed array a
Select elements from a less than 2

Fancy Indexing

```
>>> b[[1, 0, 1, 0], [0, 1, 2, 0]]  
array([ 4. ,  2. ,  6. , 1.5])  
>>> b[[1, 0, 1, 0]][:, [0,1,2,0]]  
array([[ 4. ,  5. ,  6. ,  4. ],  
       [ 1.5,  2. ,  3. , 1.5],  
       [ 4. ,  5. ,  6. ,  4. ],  
       [ 1.5,  2. ,  3. , 1.5]])
```

Select elements (1,0), (0,1), (1,2) and (0,0)
Select a subset of the matrix's rows and columns

Array Manipulation

Transposing Array

```
>>> i = np.transpose(b)  
>>> i.T
```

Permute array dimensions
Permute array dimensions

Changing Array Shape

```
>>> b.ravel()  
>>> g.reshape(3,-2)
```

Flatten the array
Reshape, but don't change data

Adding/Removing Elements

```
>>> h.resize((2,6))  
>>> np.append(h,g)  
>>> np.insert(a, 1, 5)  
>>> np.delete(a, [1])
```

Return a new array with shape (2,6)
Append items to an array
Insert items in an array
Delete items from an array

Combining Arrays

```
>>> np.concatenate((a,d),axis=0)  
array([ 1,  2,  3, 10, 15, 20])  
>>> np.vstack((a,b))  
array([[ 1. ,  2. ,  3. ],  
       [ 1.5,  2. ,  3. ],  
       [ 4. ,  5. ,  6. ]])  
>>> np.r_[e,f]  
>>> np.hstack((e,f))  
array([[ 7.,  7.,  1.,  0.],  
       [ 7.,  7.,  0.,  1.]])  
>>> np.column_stack((a,d))  
array([[ 1, 10],  
       [ 2, 15],  
       [ 3, 20]])  
>>> np.c_[a,d]
```

Concatenate arrays
Stack arrays vertically (row-wise)
Stack arrays vertically (row-wise)
Stack arrays horizontally (column-wise)
Create stacked column-wise arrays
Create stacked column-wise arrays

Splitting Arrays

```
>>> np.hsplit(a,3)  
[array([1]),array([2]),array([3])]  
>>> np.vsplit(c,2)  
[array([[ 1.5,  2. ,  1. ],  
       [ 4. ,  5. ,  6. ]]),  
 array([[ 3.,  2.,  3.],  
       [ 4. ,  5. ,  6.]])]
```

Split the array horizontally at the 3rd index
Split the array vertically at the 2nd index

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