



① $y = v_{cy}t + \frac{1}{2}a_yt^2$; $-80 = 0 + \frac{1}{2} \times (9.81)t^2 \rightarrow t = 4.0s$ (vertical)
 (25%) (i) (horizontal) $a = 0$ $v_x = v_{ix} = v_{fx} = 30 = \text{const.}$
 $x = v_x t = 120 \text{ m}$

(30%) (ii) $v_{fy} \rightarrow v_{fx} = 30 \text{ m/s}$
 $v_{fy} = v_{iy} + a_y t = -40 \text{ m/s}$

$\vec{v}_f = 30\hat{i} - 40\hat{j} \text{ m/s}$
 (20%) (iv) $|\vec{v}_f| = \sqrt{v_{fx}^2 + v_{fy}^2} = 50 \text{ m/s}$

② Cons. P (si seq. x!)

(30%) $0.50 \text{ m} + 1.00 \text{ m} = m(v_1 + v_2)$

choque elástico

(30%) $\frac{1}{2}m(0.50)^2 + \frac{1}{2}m(1.00)^2 = \frac{1}{2}m(v_1^2 + v_2^2)$

$\begin{cases} v_1 + v_2 = 1.50 \\ v_1^2 + v_2^2 = 1.25 \end{cases} \rightarrow \boxed{v_1 = 1.50 - v_2}$

$(1.50 - v_2)^2 + v_2^2 = 1.25$

$2v_2^2 - 3.00v_2 + 1.00 = 0$

$v_2 = \frac{1.50 \pm \sqrt{2.25 - 4 \times 0.50}}{2}$

$= \frac{1.50 \pm \sqrt{0.25}}{2} = \frac{1.50 \pm 0.50}{2}$

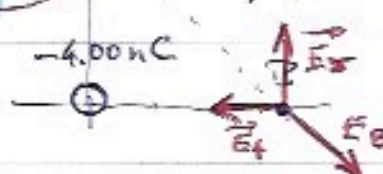
$v_2 = 1.00$ (if $v_1 = 0.50$)
 or $v_2 = 0.50$ (if $v_1 = 1.00$)

$\vec{v}_2 = 0.50\hat{i}$ $\vec{v}_1 = 1.00\hat{i}$

(20%) $\vec{v}_2 = 0.50\hat{i}$ $\vec{v}_1 = 1.00\hat{i}$

③ (i) 8.00 nC -5.00 nC

(10%) $\theta = \pi/4 = 45^\circ$ (diagonal de um quadrado)



(ii) Somando ($\phi^a x$):

(25%) $E_x = E_8 \cos 45^\circ - E_4 = \frac{10^{-9}}{4\pi\epsilon_0} \left[\frac{8\sqrt{2}}{2 \times (0.3\sqrt{2})^2} - \frac{4}{(0.3)^2} \right]$

($\phi^a y$): $E_y = E_8 \sin 45^\circ = E_7$

$|\vec{E}| = \sqrt{E_x^2 + E_y^2}$

$E_y = \frac{10^{-9}}{4\pi\epsilon_0} \left[\frac{8}{(0.3)^2} - \frac{8\sqrt{2}}{2 \times (0.3\sqrt{2})^2} \right]$ $E = \frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0} \frac{Q}{r^2}$

$\vec{E} = -117\hat{i} + 217\hat{j}$

$|\vec{E}| = 247 \text{ N/C}$

$\tan \alpha = \frac{217}{-117} = -1.85$; $\alpha = 61.7^\circ$

(10%) Diagonal $\rightarrow 0.3 \times \sqrt{2}$

(25%)

(10%)