



HANGMAN TESTPLAN

Test plan for 1dv600 assignment-3



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1. Test plan introduction

This test-plan is meant to stand as a template for repeatable tests for the system under test.

In the plans first iteration two Use cases will be selected for manual testing and specification coverage used as a measurement of coverage.

Furthermore Unit tests will be created to cover all five model classes in the program, here line, class, branch and code coverage is used for measurement as well as one deliberately failed test (more on this later).

1.1. Tester and repository information.

- Author: Tomas Marx-Raacz von Hidvég
- Author university id: tendn09
- Email: tendn09@student.lnu.se
- Project under test: <https://gitlab.lnu.se/1dv600/student/tendn09/assignment-3>

2. Manual Test plan

Manual testing will be conducted on “UC 1 Start game” and “UC 1.1 Play game” on the system under test in its current state. They are designed to cover the specifications for these Use cases and as such follow the input specifications of the code as a base. However, parts of the program, which we will soon see is yet to be implemented and as such these tests are both white and black box testing but from a manual standpoint.

These Use cases can be reviewed here:

UC 1 Start Game	
Preconditions	Start Game has been selected in main menu
Post conditions	Game menu is shown
Main Scenario:	
1.	Starts when the user wants to begin a session of the hangman game.
2.	System prompts the user to choose to register a new player, log in, quit.
3.	Player choice to log in
4.	System presents a list of registered users and requests username and password
5.	Player enters username and password.
6.	The system starts the game(see UC 1.1)
<i>Repeat from step 2</i>	
Alternate Scenarios:	
3.1	Player choice to register
3.1.1	System requests user to input username and desired password and an option to cancel
3.1.2	Player inputs username and desired password
3.1.3	Player chooses to cancel
3.1.4 and 3.1.3.1	Player is returned to Main scenario step 1.
3.2	Player choose to quit
3.2.1	Go to UC 5
3.3	Invalid user choice
3.3.1	The system presents an error message
3.3.2	Go to 2
5.1	Player chooses to cancel login
5.1.1	Player is returned to Main scenario step 1

UC 1.1 Play Game	
Precondition	Navigated through UC 1 with a valid username and password at login section.
Postcondition	Player wins a game and score is added to player username high-score
Main Scenario:	
1	System presents a line for each letter in the generated word as well as the number of tries(10) the player has left, requests a letter from player and an option to quit.
2	Player chooses a letter
3	Correct letter, system fills the corresponding line with the letter, prints it and requests another letter from the player and the option to quit
<i>Step 2 and 3 repeats until the word is completed, the tries run out or player opts to quit</i>	
4	Correct word! System prints the full word, the username of the player and number of tries left. Score is saved to user. Player is opted to play again, quit or view high-score.
5	Player chooses to play again(Go to step 1)
Alternate Scenarios:	
2.1 and 5.1	Player opts to quit
2.1.1 or 5.1.1	Go to main menu
2.2	Input is not a letter(and not quit option)
2.2.1	An error message is printed and user is asked to try again.
4.1	Player runs out of tries without finishing the word. System asks if player wants to play again or quit.
4.1.1	Player opts to quit(return to main menu)
4.1.2	Player opts to try again(go to main scenario step 1)
5.2	Player chooses to play again(go to main scenario step 1)
5.3	Player chooses to view high-score
5.3.1	Go to UC 4

2.1. Test cases for UC 1

TC 1:1 – Main scenario	
Reference	UC 1 Start game – Main scenario
Description	Test is meant to test the entrance to the program as well as login and register features.
Preconditions	A user has started the program and chosen “Start Game” in main menu on a fresh start of the program
Test-steps	<ol style="list-style-type: none">1. User inputs number 1 on the keyboard and presses enter to select login2. System asks for username input.3. User inputs “randomPlayer” and presses enter4. System asks for password input.5. User inputs “1234” and presses enter6. System redirects to UC 1.1 Play Game
Result description	The test should be concluded with the system transporting the user to UC 1.1 with the welcoming string: “Welcome to a game of Hangman”
Checkboxes	<input type="checkbox"/> System accepts 1 as the path to login. <input type="checkbox"/> System accepts “randomPlayer” as valid login name and continues. <input type="checkbox"/> System accepts “1234” as a valid password and continues.
Comments	

TC 1:2 – Failed login and cancel login	
Reference	UC 1:5.1 Start game – cancel login. UC 1:5.1.1 Start game – redirect to Start Game menu And wrongful login input
Description	Test is meant to test the authentication part of the program for what happens when user opts to cancel or fails to input correct name or password.
Preconditions	A user has started the program and chosen “Start Game” in main menu on a fresh start of the program
Test-steps	<p>Wrong username:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. User inputs number 1 on the keyboard and presses enter to select login 2. System asks for username input 3. User inputs anything else than “randomPlayer” and “0” and presses enter. 4. System presents error that player does not exists and asks user if he wants to try again (“y input) or cancel 5. User inputs anything but “y” or “Y” and presses enter to cancel login. <p>Wrong password:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. User inputs number 1 on the keyboard and presses enter login. 2. System asks for username input. 3. User inputs “randomPlayer” and presses enter. 4. System asks for password input. 5. User inputs anything but “1234” or “0” (zero) and presses enter 6. System presents error message that password was wrong and gives player a choice of trying again(“y”) or cancel. 7. User inputs anything but “y” or “Y” to cancel login.
Result description	<p>In the first subtest a wrong input is entered for username, the user is presented an error message that player does not exist. And asked to retry or cancel.</p> <p>In the second subtest the password is wrong and same options apply but the message mentions that password is wrong with an option to cancel.</p>

	Cancel should redirect to Start Game menu.
Checkboxes	<input type="checkbox"/> System accepts 1 as the path to login. <input type="checkbox"/> System does not accept anything but "randomPlayer" as valid username and asks player to try again or cancel. <input type="checkbox"/> System does not accept anything but "1234" as a valid password asks player to try again or cancel.
Comments	

TC 1:3 – Register player	
Reference	UC 1:3.1 Start game – Register UC 1:3.1.1 Start game – Register – request input UC 1:3.1.2 Start game – Register – input info UC 1: 3.1.2.1 Start game – Register -Redirect to Start Game menu.
Description	Test is meant to test a successful Register part of the program to input a new user
Preconditions	A user has started the program and chosen “Start Game” in main menu on a fresh start of the program
Test-steps	Wrong username: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. User inputs number 2 on the keyboard and presses enter to select Register 2. System requests user to input username 3. User inputs anything else than “0” (zero) and presses enter to enter username. 4. System requests user to input password 5. User enters anything but “0” (zero) and presses enter to choose password 6. User is presented with entered info and presses any input and enter to return to game menu.
Result description	The result of this test should input a username and password which is at step 4 presented for the User and then save it to the program so it can be used to log in and then redirect to Start Game menu.
Checkboxes	<input type="checkbox"/> System accepts 2 as the path to Register. <input type="checkbox"/> System accepts anything but “0” (zero) as username. <input type="checkbox"/> System accepts anything but “0” (zero) as password.
Comments	

TC 1:4 – Register player - Cancel	
Reference	UC 1:3.1 Start game – Register UC 1:3.1.1 Start game – Register – request info UC 1:3.1.3 Start game – Register – cancel UC 1:3.1.3.1 Start game – Register – redirect to Start game menu.
Description	Test is meant to test the entrance to the program as well as login and register features.
Preconditions	A user has started the program and chosen “Start Game” in main menu on a fresh start of the program
Test-steps	Username cancel: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. User inputs number 2 on the keyboard and presses enter to select Register 2. System requests user to input username 3. User inputs “0” (zero) and presses enter to exit Register part. Password cancel: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. User inputs number 2 on the keyboard and presses enter to select Register 2. System requests user to input username 3. User inputs anything but “0” (zero) and presses enter 4. System requests user to input password 5. User inputs “0” and presses enter.
Result description	The tests, if successful should cancel the register process and bring the user back to the Start Game menu.
Checkboxes	<input type="checkbox"/> System accepts 2 as the path to Register. <input type="checkbox"/> System accepts “0” input on username as cancel and redirects to Start Game menu. <input type="checkbox"/> System accepts “0” input on password as cancel and redirects to Start Game menu.
Comments	

TC 1:5 – Quit option	
Reference	UC 1:3.2 Start game – Quit to main menu UC 1:3.2.1 Start game – redirect to Main menu.
Description	Test to verify that the quit option in the Start Game menu works according to specifications.
Preconditions	A user has started the program and chosen “Start Game” in main menu on a fresh start of the program
Test-steps	<p>Confirmed quit:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. User inputs number 3 on the keyboard and presses enter to select Quit game. 2. System asks for confirmation that the player wants to quit the Start Game menu. 3. User inputs “y” or “Y” to confirm <p>Unconfirmed quit:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. User inputs number 3 on the keyboard and presses enter to select Quit game. 2. System asks for confirmation that the player wants to quit the Start Game menu. 3. User inputs anything but “y” or “Y” to cancel.
Result description	<p>The first subtest, if successful should redirect user back to main menu screen.</p> <p>The second subtest, if successful should redirect user back to Start game menu.</p>
Checkboxes	<input type="checkbox"/> System accepts 3 as the path to Quit to main menu. <input type="checkbox"/> System accepts “y” or “Y” input on confirm as quit and redirects to Main menu. <input type="checkbox"/> System accepts anything but “y” or “Y” as cancel for quit command redirects to Start Game menu.
Comments	

TC 1:6 – Invalid Start Game menu input	
Reference	UC 1:3.3 -Start game – Invalid input UC 1:3.3.1 – Start Game – error message UC 1:3.3.2 – Start Game – redirect back to UC1 start
Description	Test to check if other input in Start Game menu renders the correct result
Preconditions	A user has started the program and chosen “Start Game” in main menu on a fresh start of the program
Test-steps	Confirmed quit: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. User inputs anything but “1”, “2”, or “3”. 2. System posts an error message telling user that input was wrong and redirects back to Start Game menu.
Result description	If successful, the test should have the system render an error message about wrong input and redirect user back to Start Game menu.
Checkboxes	<input type="checkbox"/> System only accepts 1-3 as the correct Start Game paths. <input type="checkbox"/> System otherwise posts an error message and redirects back to Start Game menu.
Comments	

2.1.1. UC 1 and TC 1 Matrix

The matrix for the Test cases coverage of the different specifications in UC 1 are presented below in a table.

TC -> UC	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5	1.6
1: main	x					
1:3.1			x	x		
1:3.1.1			x	x		
1:3.1.2			x			
1:3.1.3				x		
1:3.1.2.1			x			
1:3.1.3.1				x		
1:3.2					x	
1:3.2.1					x	
1:3.3						x
1:3.3.1						x
1:3.3.2						x
1:5.1		x				
1:5.1.1		x				

2.2. Test cases for UC 1.1.

TC 2:1 – Main scenario	
Reference	UC 1.1 Play game – Main scenario UC 1.1:5.2 Play game – Play again
Description	Test is meant to follow the main scenario of the UC 1.1 successful scenario to confirm it is working as intended.
Preconditions	An user has successfully traversed UC 1 login procedure to successfully start a game of Hangman.
Test-steps	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. System presents 11(eleven) lines, number if tries left and instructions to insert a letter between “a” and “z” in the alphabet. As well as option to quit “0”. 2. User inputs letter “a” and presses enter to submit it 3. System prints same lines but exchanges line 1 and 6 with the letter “a” 4. Repeat steps 2 and 3 with the letters “b”, “s”, “t”, “r”, “c”, “i”, “o” and “n” 5. System prints a string that you have finished the word “abstraction” and prints the number of tries left(10). Furthermore the system presents options to play again(1), return to main menu(2) or view high score(3) 6. User inputs 1 and presses enter to play again 7. System redirects to start of UC 1.1 main scenario start.
Result description	The test is concluded with user presented with a congratulations view where the full word is printed as well as tries left and a menu for further options. System also has to successfully transport user back to start with the option “1”.
Checkboxes	<input type="checkbox"/> System presents lines in reference of the word correctly(abstraction, 11 letters) and the option to quit. <input type="checkbox"/> System successfully exchanges a correct letter input in the blank lines. <input type="checkbox"/> System correctly prints the word entered and tries left after input is finished. <input type="checkbox"/> System prints the menu as stated and redirects back to start of UC 1.1 correctly if “1” is selected.
Comments	

TC 2:2 – Option to quit	
Reference	UC 1.1:2.1 Play game – opt to quit UC 1.1:2.1.1 Play game – Go to main menu
Description	This test is meant to confirm that the option to quit from the running game works as intended.
Preconditions	UC 1.1 is started and user is presented with the empty lines.
Test-steps	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. User inputs “0” instead of a letter and presses enter to choose to quit. 2. System redirects user to main menu.
Result description	The test should be concluded with the system transporting the user to UC 1.1 with the welcoming string: “Welcome to a game of Hangman”
Checkboxes	<input type="checkbox"/> System accepts “0” as command to quit to menu <input type="checkbox"/> System successfully redirects user to main menu when option to quit is selected
Comments	

TC 2:3 – Wrongful input	
Reference	UC 1.1:2.2 Play game – Wrong input UC 1.1:2.2.1 Play game – error message
Description	The test is meant to confirm that the check for inputs for anything but the “a” to “z” letters and “0” is working and an error is printed.
Preconditions	UC 1.1 is started and user is presented with the empty lines.
Test-steps	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. User inputs anything but “a” to “z” in the alphabet or “0” when entering letters. For the purpose of this test the letters “ä”, “*” and “4” is selected. 2. System prints an error message telling the user that the input is faulty and the user is asked to try again.
Result description	The test is concluded when a wrongful option renders the above-mentioned error except for correct inputs.
Checkboxes	<input type="checkbox"/> System does not accept “ä”, “*” and “4” as correct inputs <input type="checkbox"/> System presents an error and asks user to try again with no tries deducted.
Comments	

TC 2:4 – Wrong letter and failed attempt	
Reference	UC 1.1:4.1 Play game – Player runs out of tries UC 1.1:4.1.1 Play game – redirect to main menu UC 1.1:4.1.2 Play game – redirect to try again.
Description	The test is meant to confirm that the check for inputs for anything but the “a” to “z” letters and “0” is working and an error is printed.
Preconditions	UC 1.1 is started and user is presented with the empty lines.
Test-steps	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. User inputs “e” and presses enter to select that letter 2. System presents blank lines again, telling the user the letter does not exist, deducts 1 try and prints number left. 3. User repeats step 1 until tries run out. 4. System presents the message “Sorry, you are hanged” and the option to try again by pressing “y” or “Y”. 2.3. User presses “y” and enter to try again 5.1.1 System returns user to start of UC 1.1 2.4. User presses anything but “y” and presses enter to return to menu 2.4.1. System redirects user back to main menu.
Result description	The test is concluded successfully if a failed attempt at a word renders the correct output and options to follow as well as redirects to the options.
Checkboxes	<input type="checkbox"/> System deducts and prints number of tries after each failed attempt. <input type="checkbox"/> When tries reach 0 System prints that the attempt is failed and player is “hanged” <input type="checkbox"/> System presents option to try again or return to main menu. <input type="checkbox"/> System redirects correctly to option selected
Comments	

TC 2:5 – Alternate menu redirects after finishing a word	
Reference	UC 1.1:5.1 Play game – opt to quit UC 1.1:5.1.1 Play game – redirect to main menu UC 1.1:5.3 Play game – opt to view high-score UC 1.1:5.3.1 Play game – redirect to UC 4
Description	The test is to confirm that alternate redirects after a finished game of Hangman is working as intended.
Preconditions	Finished a game of hangman with tries left.
Test-steps	Quit to main menu: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. System presents options to play again, quit ("2") and view high score ("3"). 2. User inputs "2" and presses enter to return to main menu 3. System redirects to main menu View High score: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 4. System presents options to play again, quit ("2") and view high score ("3"). 5. User inputs "3" and presses enter to return to view high score list. 6. System redirects to high score view (UC4).
Result description	The test is concluded when a wrongful option renders the above-mentioned error except for correct inputs.
Checkboxes	<input type="checkbox"/> System does not accept "ã", "*" and "4" as correct inputs <input type="checkbox"/> System presents an error and asks user to try again with no tries deducted.
Comments	

2.2.1. UC 1.1 and TC 2 Test matrix:

The test matrix for TC 2 coverage of UC scenarios.

TC -> UC	2:1	2:2	2:3	2:4	2:5
1.1 main	x				
1.1:2.1		x			
1.1:2.1.1		x			
1.1:2.2			x		
1.1:2.2.1			x		
1.1:4.1				x	
1.1:4.1.1				x	
1.1:4.1.2				x	
1.1:5.1					x
1.1:5.1.1					x
1.1:5.2	x				
1.1:5.3					x
1.1:5.3.1					x

2.3. Manual testing results

Presented below are the results of the manual test cases.

First the matrixes will be presented again but altered to see which tests rendered succeeded and which tests failed. After that a section for each test failed will be presented and motivations as to why they failed. Furthermore, suggestions for how to correct the system to adhere to the tests will be presented.

2.3.1. UC 1 test cases

Below is the matrix for UC1 and TC1. A green 1 will be shown for tests that pass and a red 0 for the tests that fail.

TC -> UC	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5	1.6
1: main	1					
1:3.1			1	1		
1:3.1.1			1	1		
1:3.1.2			1			
1:3.1.3				1		
1:3.1.2.1			1			
1:3.1.3.1				1		
1:3.2					1	
1:3.2.1					1	
1:3.3						0
1:3.3.1						0
1:3.3.2						0
1:5.1		0				
1:5.1.1		0				

As can be seen by this initial table we have several failed test cases that do not present the expected results. They will now be presented in turn with specifics.

2.3.1.1. Failed test 1.2

Now the first part of this test, concerning the username was successful as is shown by the following image and the redirect when choosing anything but the “y” is also working as intended:

```
randomPlayer
-----
Log in with player credentials
-----
Enter your username(enter 0 to cancel):

gdfLurg
Player does not exist, if you want to try again enter Y
if you want to go back to Start Game to register enter anything else

|
```

However, the second part concerning the passwords renders an entirely different result:

```
randomPlayer
-----
Log in with player credentials
-----
Enter your username(enter 0 to cancel):

randomPlayer

Username is: randomPlayer
enter password:

gfds1

Process finished with exit code 0
|
```

The program exits immaturely instead of prompting the desired response with the option to cancel or try again.

It becomes clear that the developers in this case have yet to implement this part and as such the program just chooses to exit as no other redirects exist from this point.

2.3.1.2. Failed test 1.6

Yet again in this point we have a case when one of the subtests work when an incorrect menu number is unput. This is indeed the desired result:

```
Start Game
-----
Please select one of the following menu choices by entering the corresponding number.
1. Log in
2. Register user
3. Quit to main menu
4
Wrong input, try again.
```

However, if one enters letters or a full string the results are completely different:

```
Start Game
-----
Please select one of the following menu choices by entering the corresponding number.
1. Log in
2. Register user
3. Quit to main menu
g
Exception in thread "main" java.util.InputMismatchException: Create breakpoint |
    at java.base/java.util.Scanner.throwFor(Scanner.java:939)
    at java.base/java.util.Scanner.next(Scanner.java:1594)
    at java.base/java.util.Scanner.nextInt(Scanner.java:2258)
    at java.base/java.util.Scanner.nextInt(Scanner.java:2212)
    at hangman.view.HangManGame.startGame(HangManGame.java:216)
    at hangman.view.HangManGame.startGame(HangManGame.java:220)
    at hangman.view.HangManGame.startUp(HangManGame.java:314)
    at hangman.HangmanMain.main(HangmanMain.java:21)

Process finished with exit code 1
```

The program exits due to a input mismatch and tells us that the developers in this case did not account for a user input being anything else than a number. This will have to be corrected to reach a test completion.

2.3.2. UC 1.1 test cases.

Below is the matrix for UC1 and TC1. A green 1 will be shown for tests that pass and a red 0 for the tests that fail.

TC -> UC	2:1	2:2	2:3	2:4	2:5
1.1 main	0				
1.1:2.1		0			
1.1:2.1.1		0			
1.1:2.2			0		
1.1:2.2.1			0		
1.1:4.1				1	
1.1:4.1.1				0	
1.1:4.1.2				0	
1.1:5.1					1
1.1:5.1.1					1
1.1:5.2	1				
1.1:5.3					1
1.1:5.3.1					1

As can be seen in the table above several of the test cases failed and will be presented below.

2.3.2.1. Failed TC 2.1

Again, we have a partly successful and partly failing test case. In large the test concluded successfully but the devil is in the details in this case:

```
Welcome to a game of Hangman randomPlayer
-----
You have 10 left
Please enter a letter between a and z
[_, _, _, _, _, _, _, _, _, _]
a
[a, _, _, _, _, a, _, _, _, _]
b
[a, b, _, _, _, a, _, _, _, _]
s
[a, b, s, _, _, a, _, _, _, _]
t
[a, b, s, t, _, a, _, t, _, _]
r
[a, b, s, t, r, a, _, t, _, _]
c
[a, b, s, t, r, a, c, t, _, _]
i
[a, b, s, t, r, a, c, t, i, _, _]
o
[a, b, s, t, r, a, c, t, i, o, _]
n
Congratulations, you finished the word: abstraction.
And that with 10 lives left!
Be proud!
Sub menu(enter number of menu item):
1. Play again
2. Return to main menu
3. View high score list
```

The test here shows that it renders the letters correctly but do not render remaining tries.

It also renders the finishing screen and following menu correctly as well as the follow-up choice of playing again:

```
Congratulations, you finished the word: abstraction.
And that with 10 lives left!
Be proud!
Sub menu(enter number of menu item):
1. Play again
2. Return to main menu
3. View high score list
```

1

|

```
Welcome to a game of Hangman randomPlayer
-----
You have 10 left
Please enter a letter between a and z
[_, _, _, _, _, _, _, _, _, _, _]
```

To make this Test case adhere to the User case specification the tries will have to be included in all the iterations of the game to correctly state the number of tries left.

2.3.2.2. Failed TC 2.2

This test failed completely as revealed here:

```
Welcome to a game of Hangman randomPlayer
-----
You have 10 left
Please enter a letter between a and z
[_, _, _, _, _, _, _, _, _, _, _]
0
[_, _, _, _, _, _, _, _, _, _, _]
```

First and foremost the option to quit during a running game is not presented.

Furthermore input of "0" does absolutely nothing and is considered a faulty input in consideration to the word input as presented here:

```
Welcome to a game of Hangman randomPlayer
-----
You have 10 left
Please enter a letter between a and z
[_, _, _, _, _, _, _, _, _, _, _]
0
[_, _, _, _, _, _, _, _, _, _, _]
0
[_, _, _, _, _, _, _, _, _, _, _]
0
[_, _, _, _, _, _, _, _, _, _, _]
0
[_, _, _, _, _, _, _, _, _, _, _]
0
[_, _, _, _, _, _, _, _, _, _, _]
0
[_, _, _, _, _, _, _, _, _, _, _]
0
[_, _, _, _, _, _, _, _, _, _, _]
0
[_, _, _, _, _, _, _, _, _, _, _]
0
Tries are at 0.
Sorry, you got hanged

If you want to try again, enter Y
If you want to return to main menu, enter any other key
```

It becomes clear at this point that the developers need to revisit this part of the code and implement recognition of "0" input as a quit game command as well as the input of anything but a-z inputs as not connected to tries against the word.

2.3.2.3. *Failed TC 2.3*

This test case is connected slightly towards the 2.3.2.2 mentioned explanation as to why the test failed.

```
Welcome to a game of Hangman randomPlayer
-----
You have 10 left
Please enter a letter between a and z
[_, _, _, _, _, _, _, _, _, _, _]
0
[_, _, _, _, _, _, _, _, _, _, _]
*
[_, _, _, _, _, _, _, _, _, _, _]
4
[_, _, _, _, _, _, _, _, _, _, _]
```

No recognition of input at this stage has been implemented by the developer and as such this test case fail and are instead directly connected to the word tries. This needs to be implemented for this test to be completed.

2.3.2.4. Failed TC 2.4

This test partly succeeds in that it does indeed decrease the number of tries (but as mentioned previously does not print the current number) and prints the message prompting the user to try again or quit to main menu.

That is however where it ends as far as the correctness towards specification goes. The system, instead of letting the player choose what to do redirects the user directly to the main menu:

```
Tries are at 0.  
Sorry, you got hanged  
  
If you want to try again, enter Y  
If you want to return to main menu, enter any other key  
  
|  
  
Welcome to The HangMan  
-----  
Please select one of the following menu choices by entering the corresponding number.  
  
1. Start Game  
2. Import word list  
3. Select word list  
4. View high score list  
5. Quit game
```

The developers need to revisit this section and implement the choice section for this test to pass.

2.3.3. Manual test cases reflection and conclusion

From the previous sections we have conducted the tests specified towards the use cases we can conclude that as it stands the system is not fully implemented. Furthermore, some errors in input handling have been uncovered and will have to be corrected for the final delivery.

Manual testing as a testing form is according to the author tedious, but necessary when it comes to view classes where user input must be tested, and different inputs are to be expected. It is also relevant to see that a program renders the views as is to be expected according to use cases. The testing parameters are not exclusively “right” or “wrong” based but can be experience based where an automated test cannot present the information needed for developers.

A fresh set of eyes might be relevant to have here as well as the developer in charge of the systems construction might device tests to confirm rather than properly test the system for unexpected behaviour.

3. Automated unit tests.

The automated tests have been constructed using JUnit 5 to test these model classes within the system:

1. HangmanPlayer
2. HangmanPlayerList
3. HangmanWord
4. HangmanWordList
5. ListOfWordList

They have been constructed to test the response of methods inside these classes for inputs sent by the main program as well as when these inputs do not exist.

These tests are constructed from a white boxing standpoint as the code is in the testers possession and as such no mocks are needed to imitate program behaviour.

Furthermore 1 test have been constructed a fictive non implemented method in the HangmanPlayerList class to imitate a failed test.

This test is constructed to get a string with name and score of a player within the list with an input parameter of the name string.

23 tests with multiple assertions are divided into 5 test classes and can be reviewed here:

<https://gitlab.lnu.se/1dv600/student/tendn09/assignment-3/-/tree/master/test/tests/hangman>

The uncompleted code for this test is the following:

```
public String getPlayerNameAndScore (String name) {
    String returnString = "";
    /* // Commented out code for completion of this method:
    HangmanPlayer chosenPlayer = this.getPlayer(name);

    if (chosenPlayer != null) {
        returnString = chosenPlayer.getName() + " " + chosenPlayer.getTotalScore();
    }

    */

    return returnString;
}
```

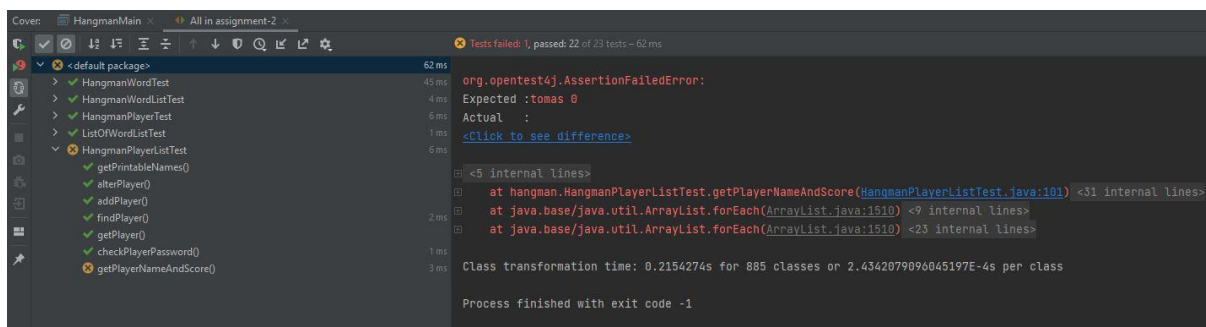
The test designed to fail looks like this:

```
@Test
void getPlayerNameAndScore() {
    System.out.println("Running getPlayerNameAndScore test");
    playerList.addPlayer(player1);
    assertEquals("expected: 'tomas 0', getPlayerNameAndScore('tomas')");
    System.out.println("--Done with getPlayerNameAndScore test");
}
```

It is expected to, after adding a freshly created player with the username “tomas” and with a score of 0(freshly created) to render the string “tomas 0” but instead, due to missing implementation will render an empty string.

3.1. Automated test results

The tests conducted are presented below in two images with a slimmed down coverage report:



Here we can see that all tests pass as expected as the method is not fully implemented (or rather the code to implement it is commented out).

And the coverage is 100% as to class, method, line, and branch for the model classes as presented in the next image:

A screenshot of the IntelliJ IDEA coverage report window. The title bar says 'Coverage: All in assignment-2'. The main content shows a summary: '100% classes, 100% lines covered in package 'hangman.model''. Below this is a table with columns: Element, Class, %, Method, %, Line, %, and Branch, %. The table lists five classes: HangmanPlayer, HangmanPlayerList, HangmanWord, HangmanWordList, and ListOfWordList, all with 100% coverage across all metrics.

Element	Class, %	Method, %	Line, %	Branch, %
HangmanPlayer	100% (1/1)	100% (9/9)	100% (15/15)	100% (0/0)
HangmanPlayerList	100% (1/1)	100% (9/9)	100% (35/35)	100% (10/10)
HangmanWord	100% (1/1)	100% (4/4)	100% (6/6)	100% (0/0)
HangmanWordList	100% (1/1)	100% (7/7)	100% (13/13)	100% (1/1)
ListOfWordList	100% (1/1)	100% (3/3)	100% (4/4)	100% (0/0)

The full coverage report can be accessed here in HTML generated by IntelliJ:

https://gitlab.lnu.se/1dv600/student/tendn09/assignment-3/-/tree/master/test-plan-and-report/generated_coverage_report

This folder needs to be downloaded and run like a homepage on your browser.

3.2. Automated test summary and reflection.

Automated tests are a very good way for developers to test the behaviour of the constructed classes. The behaviour and the parameters expected are put into the test classes and the results expected or not expected are checked.

However, in a testing standpoint, the sort of white box testing can be a problem since these tests are constructed by the developers to test classes constructed by the same developers.

Although this way guarantees that what you expect happens, the potential for “blindness” for unexpected parameters are quite large when testing your own code.

As such black box testing, conducted by someone else might be preferred to uncover unexpected behaviour rather than confirming expected behaviour.