

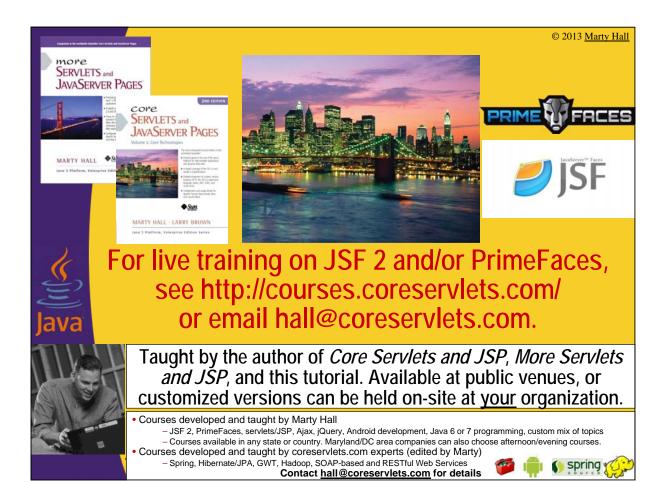
JSF 2: Installation, Setup, & Getting Started

Originals of Slides and Source Code for Examples: http://www.coreservlets.com/JSF-Tutorial/jsf2/

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Java, JSF 2, PrimeFaces, Servlets, JSP, Ajax, jQuery, Spring, Hibernate, RESTful Web Services, Hadoop, Android.

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Topics in This Section

Getting required software

- Installing Java SE 6 or 7
- Installing Eclipse (Java EE version)
- Installing a server for JSF 2.0
 - Tomcat 6 or 7 (also needs javax.faces-2.1.x.jar) or
 - Any Java EE 6 server (e.g., Glassfish 3)

Testing projects

- Importing and testing an existing JSF 2.0 project
 - Deploying on Tomcat and Glassfish
- Making your own JSF 2.0 project

Sneak preview of basic features

Summary of code in jsf-test project

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Overview

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Overview of JSF 2

JSF 2 adds many new features vs. JSF 1.x

- Smart defaults
- Annotations to replace many faces-config.xml entries
- Ajax support
- Integrated support for facelets
- Simpler custom components
- More components and validators
- Support for Groovy
- Ability to bookmark results pages
- Lots more

But, as of 2012, JSF 2.0 was hard to test

- Simple installation and testing instructions hard to find
 - Rectifying this is the main point of this section
 - Later sections give detailed tutorial on JSF 2.0 features

Summary: Requirements for Running JSF 2

Java

- To run with Tomcat 6, Java 5 or later needed
- To run with Tomcat 7 or Glassfish 3, Java 6 or later needed
 - This tutorial uses Tomcat and Java 6

A server

- Servers that just support servlets 2.5 or later (e.g., Tomcat 6 or 7) need JSF JAR file (javax.faces-2.1.7.jar in Mojarra, but could have other name)
 - In addition, JSTL 1.2 JAR files needed if you use ui:repeat tag
 - JSF 2.0 also runs on the Google cloud server (which uses Jetty)
- Servers that support Java EE 6 (e.g., Glassfish 3, JBoss 6, WebLogic 11g) have built-in support for JSF 2.0 & JSTL 1.2
 - All tutorial examples run on Tomcat 6, Tomcat 7, & Glassfish 3

An IDE

- Optional, but highly recommended.
 - This tutorial uses Eclipse 3.8, which has explicit JSF 2 support. Eclipse 3.7 (Indigo) and 3.6 (Helios) also have JSF 2 support. NetBeans and IntelliJ IDEA also said to have JSF 2 support.

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Software Needed: Summary (Details in Later Sections)

To run on Tomcat

- Install Java
 - Java 5 or later
- Install an IDE
 - I use Eclipse 3.8 (Juno)
- Download Tomcat 6 or 7
 - Or any server supporting servlets 2.5
- Get JSF 2.x JAR files
 - javax.faces-2.1.x.jar
 - (JSTL 1.2 JAR files)
 - Download from Oracle Mojarra or Apache MyFaces
- web.xml, faces-config.xml
 - Required entries shown later in tutorial

To run on Glassfish

- Install Java
 - Java 6 or later
- Install an IDE
 - I use Eclipse 3.8 (Juno)
- Download Glassfish 3
 - Or any server supporting Java EE 6

No extra JAR files needed

- Java EE 6 has built-in support for JSF 2.0
- web.xml, faces-config.xml
 - Required entries shown later in tutorial

Fast Start for Experts

If you already use Tomcat and Eclipse

- Grab jsf-blank.zip from online link
 - http://www.coreservlets.com/JSF-Tutorial/jsf2/
- Import into Eclipse. Deploy to Tomcat
 - Eclipse 3.6 added JSF 2 support, so 3.6+ is recommended.
 - I use Eclipse 3.8 (Juno)
- Run http://localhost/jsf-blank/
- Use jsf-blank as starting point for your own JSF 2.0 apps. App already has:
 - The JSF JAR file in WEB-INF/lib
 - Also the two optional but recommended JSTL 1.2 JAR files
 - The needed entries in WEB-INF/web.xml
 - A JSF 2.0 compliant WEB-INF/faces-config.xml file
- Skip the rest of this tutorial
 - And move on to sections on specific JSF 2 features.

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Installing Java and Tomcat

For even more detailed step-by-step instructions, see tutorials on using Eclipse with Tomcat 6 or Tomcat 7 at http://www.coreservlets.com/Apache-Tomcat-Tutorial/

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Installing Java SE

Minimum Java version

- Tomcat 7 (servlets 3.0) requires Java 6 or later
- Tomcat 6 and other servlet 2.5 containers require Java 5+
 - But Java 6+ recommended for performance and features

Downloading and installation

- Follow directions at Oracle site http://www.oracle.com/technetwork/java/javase/downloads/
- Get Java SE; choose "JDK", not "JRE"
 - Not "with Java EE", "with JavaFX", or "with NetBeans"

Bookmark the Java API ("JavaDocs")

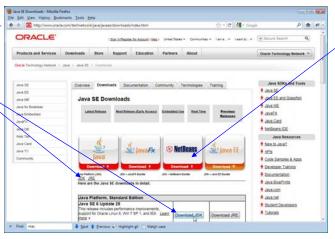
- http://download.oracle.com/javase/6/docs/api/
 - This is <u>the</u> most important Java reference for developers.
 Eclipse integrates this API, but a separate link is still good

Installing Java SE 6

Install Java SE 6 or 7

– http://www.oracle.com/technetwork/java/javase/downloads/

Use this version. The "JDK – Java Development Kit" includes compiler for .java files, whereas the "JRE – Java Runtime Environment" is only for executing prebuilt .class files.



This tutorial uses Eclipse, but if you prefer the NetBeans environment, it is very easy to adapt the instructions to that development environment. So, if you prefer NetBeans or your organization has standardized on it, use this download instead of (not in addition to) the one on the left

Download and Unzip Tomcat

Start at http://tomcat.apache.org

- Choose download link on left, then ZIP version
 - Tomcat 7 (recommended)
 - Tomcat 6 (if you need compatibility with older servers)

Or, go to http://www.coreservlets.com/

- Choose Tomcat tutorial from top left
- This is preconfigured version
 - Set for development, not deployment mode
 - Port changed to 80, servlet reloading enabled, directory listings turned on, etc.
 - Otherwise unchanged

Either way, just unzip the file

- E.g., resulting in C:\apache-tomcat-7.0.27



Installing Eclipse

For even more detailed step-by-step instructions, see tutorials on using Eclipse with Tomcat 6 or Tomcat 7 at http://www.coreservlets.com/Apache-Tomcat-Tutorial/

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Installing Eclipse

Overview

- Eclipse is a free open source
 IDE. Support for Java, Android,
 HTML, CSS, JavaScript, C++,
 PHP, JSF, servlets, and more.
 - http://eclipse.org/downloads/
 - Choose "Eclipse IDE for Java EE Developers"
 - I use 3.8 (Juno). Need 3.6 (Helios) or later for JSF 2.0 and Tomcat 7 support

Features

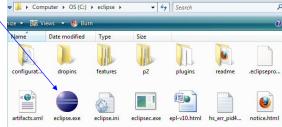
- Checks your syntax as you type
- Automatically compiles every time you save file
- Many tools: refactoring, debugging, server integration, templates for common tasks, etc.
 - Low learning curve: beginners can use Eclipse without knowing these tools

Reminder: step-by-step guide at http://www.coreservlets.com/ (click "Apache Tomcat 7" in top left).



Running Eclipse

- Unzip the downloaded file (no installer!)
 - Call the folder you unzip into "installDir"
- Double click eclipse.exe
 - From *installDir*/bin
- Click on "Workbench" icon
 - Next time you bring up Eclipse, it will come up in workbench automatically



Shortcut

- Many developers put Eclipse link on their desktop
 - R-click eclipse.exe, Copy, then go to desktop, R-click, and Paste Shortcut (not just Paste!)



Configuring Eclipse

Tell Eclipse about Java version

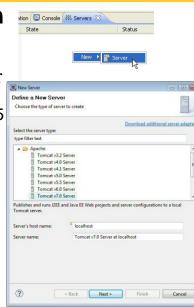
- Window → Preferences → Java →
 Installed JREs → Press "Add", choose
 "Standard VM", navigate to JDK folder
 (not "bin" subdirectory)
 - E.g., C:\Program Files\Java\jdk1.6.0_35

Tell Eclipse about Tomcat

- Click on Servers tab at bottom.
 R-click in window.
- New, Server, Apache, Tomcat v7.0,
 Next, navigate to folder, Finish.

JSF 2.0 support

- Eclipse 3.8 has support for JSF 2.
 - R-click and add Project Facet for JSF 2
 - R-click .xhtml files and Open With, Web Page Editor
 - Double-click faces-config.xml



Tomcat v7.0 support was added in Eclipse 3.6 (Helios). Current version (fall 2012) is 3.8 (Juno). If you prefer Tomcat 6, choose Tomcat v6.0 above instead. If you lose the "Servers" tab at the bottom of Eclipse, use Window, Show View, and hunt for "Servers".



Deploying Apps from Eclipse

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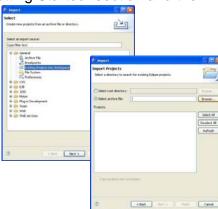
Download and Import Sample Project

- Get jsf-blank.zip from coreservlets.com
 - Start at JSF 2.0 tutorial
 - Go to http://www.coreservlets.com/JSF-Tutorial/jsf2/ or just go to http://www.coreservlets.com/ and click on "JSF 2.0" in tutorials section in upper left

 Expand "Installation, Setup, and Getting Started" section and then click on jsf-blank.zip

Then, import into Eclipse

- After downloading zip file:
 - File, Import, General, Existing Projects, Select archive file.
 Then click Browse and navigate to jsf-blank.zip.



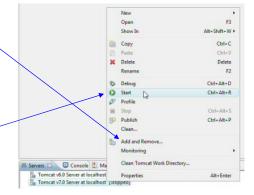
Deploying App in Eclipse

Deploy project

- Select "Servers" tab at bottom
- R-click on Tomcat
- Choose "Add and Remove"
- Choose project
- Press "Add"
- Click "Finish"

Start Server

- R-click Tomcat at bottom
- Start (use "Restart" if Tomcat already running)



Test URL

http://localhost/test-app/ in any Web browser

Testing Deployed App in Eclipse

Start a browser

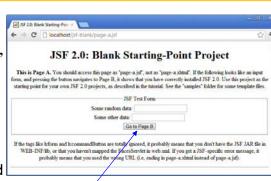
 Eclipse also has builtin browser, but I prefer to use Firefox, IE, or Chrome separately

Test base URL

- http://localhost/jsf-blank/
 - If you see a form with fields and a button, then app was deployed properly.

Test buttons

The fact that you see textfields and a button means that JSF is working, since the fields and button were created with JSF-specific tags. But, you can click on the button to verify that doing so takes you to page-b.jsf.





Installing JSF 2

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Main JSF 2 Implementations

Oracle Mojarra

- Main page: http://javaserverfaces.java.net/
- Runs in any server supporting servlets 2.5 or later
- Also integrated into Glassfish 3

Apache MyFaces

- Main page: http://myfaces.apache.org/core20/
- Runs in any server supporting servlets 2.5 or later
- Also integrated into Apache Geronimo 3

Any Java EE 6 server

- JSF 2.0 is an official part of Java EE 6
 - JBoss 6, Glassfish 3, WebLogic 11, WebSphere 8, etc.

Making a JSF 2 Eclipse Project: Alternatives

Copy/rename jsf-blank

- Eclipse project with all required pieces already included
 - · Also has the Eclipse JSF 2 facet already added
- Use as starting point for your JSF 2.0 projects.

Or, build project from scratch

- JAR files
 - Put one required and two recommended JAR files into WebContent/WEB-INF/lib
- web.xml entries
 - Two required and one recommended settings
- WEB-INF/faces-config.xml
 - Body can be empty, but legal start/end tags required

Details on both approaches

Given later in this tutorial

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Downloading JSF 2.0 From Scratch (Mojarra)

Required JAR files: javax.faces-2.1.x.jar

- Goes in the WEB-INF/lib folder of your projects.
- Download
 - http://javaserverfaces.java.net/download.html
 - Click on latest 2.x.y binary bundle
 - · Download and grab the JAR file from lib folder

• Suggested: jstl-1.2-api.jar, jstl-1.2-impl.jar

- Although the Mojarra Web site states that only the javax.faces...jar file is needed, the standard ui:repeat tags use JSTL 1.2 internally. So, the JSTL JARs are highly recommended.
- Download
 - http://jstl.java.net/download.html
 - Click on both "API" and "Implementation" links

If you download the jsfblank Eclipse project, you can skip this entire slide, since the jsf-blank project already includes all of the required pieces.

JSF Documentation

- JSF 2 Docs home page
 - http://javaserverfaces.java.net/nonav/docs/2.1/
- JSF 2 Java API
 - http://javaserverfaces.java.net/nonav/docs/2.1/javadocs/
- JSF 2 Tags API
 - http://javaserverfaces.java.net/nonav/docs/2.1/vdldocs/facelets/
- Java 6 API
 - http://docs.oracle.com/javase/6/docs/api/
- Java 7 API
 - http://docs.oracle.com/javase/7/docs/api/

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Using JSF 2.0 with Glassfish 3

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Installing Glassfish 3

Download

- Start at https://glassfish.dev.java.net/, follow link to "Downloads".
- Choose the latest released 3.x version
 - There are both completely open source and commerciallysupported versions. The completely open source version is sufficient for everything in JSF 2.0

Install

- Run installer
 - I installed in C:\glassfishv3
 - I chose anonymous admin login and changed HTTP port from 8080 to 80

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Install Java 6 and Eclipse

- Java 6 required
 - Java EE 6 will not work with JDK 1.5
- Eclipse or another IDE strongly recommended
 - I use Eclipse 3.6 (Java EE Edition) in this tutorial

Details

See slides in previous section

Installing Eclipse Glassfish Adapter

Eclipse 3.5

- Help → Install New Software
- Enter http://ajax.dev.java.net/eclipse
- Choose Glassfish Java EE 5,
 Java EE 6 support

Eclipse 3.6 or later (better!)

- Click on Servers tab at bottom.
 R-click in window.
- New, Server
- Click "Download additional server adapters" in top right
- Choose Oracle, Glassfish 3



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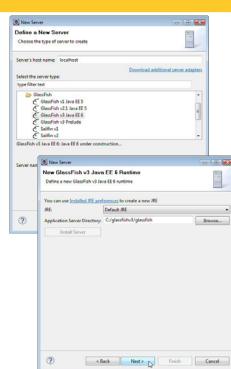
Registering Glassfish 3 with Eclipse

New server entry

- Click on Servers tab at bottom
- New → Server
- Choose Glassfish v3 Java EE 6

Specify folder

Choose "glassfish" subfolder in location where you installed Glassfish. For example, I installed in C:\glassfishv3, so I navigate to C:\glassfishv3\glassfish



Using JBoss 6, WebLogic 11, WebSphere 8, etc.

Similar instructions to above

- Download server
- Integrate with Eclipse (download server adapter if needed)
- R-click on server, Add and Remove, etc.

Main difference

- Remove JAR files from WEB-INF/lib before deploying
 - All of the sample projects at coreservlets.com have the JSF 2.0 and JSTL 1.2 JAR files in WebContent/WEB-INF/lib. Delete them before deploying to Java EE 6 server.
- Java EE 6 already supports JSF 2.0 and JSTL 1.2, so it is illegal to supply those JAR files.
 - Glassfish 3 ignores them, but even with Glassfish 3, it is better to delete them.

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Using the jsf-blank Project

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Big Idea

Start with a pre-made Eclipse project

- JAR files:
 - javax.faces-2.1.x.jar, jstl-1.2-api.jar, jstl-1.2-impl.jar
 - You can delete these if you use a Java EE 6 server
- web.xml
 - servlet, servlet-mapping for FacesServlet
 - PROJECT_STAGE set to Development
- faces-config.xml
 - Legal start/end tags, empty body
- Super-simple test pages

Making your own project

- Make your own Dynamic Web project and copy top three pieces above to the new project.
- Or, copy/rename jsf-blank
 - But due to an Eclipse bug, you must also manually edit an Eclipse file on the file system

Importing the jsf-blank Project

Grab jsf-blank.zip from tutorial site

– http://www.coreservlets.com/JSF-Tutorial/jsf2/

Import into Eclipse

- Start Eclipse and go to Workbench
- Use File → Import → General → Existing Projects into
 Workspace → Next → Select archive file
- Then click Browse, navigate to jsf-blank.zip, and continue
- You should now see jsf-blank in project list at left
- Can run as is on Tomcat 6, Tomcat 7, or Glassfish 3
 - Test locally (next page), or build WAR file in normal manner to send to deployment server (R-click project, Export → WAR file).

Testing the jsf-blank Project

Deploy to server

- Tomcat 6 or 7
 - Click on Servers tab at bottom. R-click on Tomcat v6.0, choose "Add and Remove ...". Choose jsf-blank. R-click Tomcat again and choose Start.
- Glassfish
 - Click on Servers tab at bottom. R-click on Glassfish v3
 Java EE 6, choose "Add and Remove ...". Choose jsfblank. R-click Glassfish again and choose Start.

Test

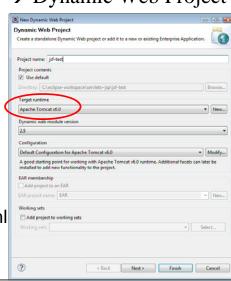
- Start browser and enter URL
 - http://localhost/jsf-blank/
 - It should redirect to http://localhost/jsf-blank/page-a.jsf
- Try the pushbutton



Making Your Own JSF 2.0 Project (Option 1: Copy Files)

Make Dynamic Web Project

- File → New → Project → Web → Dynamic Web Project
- Or (if done before) File → New → Dynamic Web Project
- Pick a name
 - E.g., jsf-test
- Specify Apache Tomcat v6.0 or v7.0 as Target Runtime
- Copy files from jsf-blank to same location in new project
 - Four JAR files in WebContent/ WEB-INF/lib
 - WebContent/WEB-INF/web.xml
 - WebContent/WEB-INF/ faces-config.xml



Making Your Own JSF 2 Project (Option 2: Copy Project)

Copy the jsf-blank project

- R-click on jsf-blank at left. Copy. R-click again. Paste.
 - Using jsf-blank is better than making your own project because jsfblank already has JSF 2 Eclipse 3.6 facet

Problem: Eclipse bug

- Eclipse leaves references to old name in new project.
 - One can be found by R-clicking project, then Properties → Web Project Settings. But the other has to be changed manually, so you might as well replace both manually.

Solution

- Go to file system, edit eclipse-workspace/projName/ .settings/org.eclipse.wst.common.component
 - You could also use Eclipse "Navigator" (not Proj Explorer)
- Change all instances of old project name to new one
- R-click on project and choose Refresh
- Close the Navigator when done

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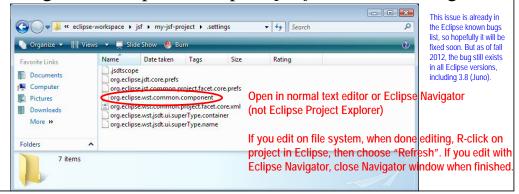
Copying jsf-blank: Example

First, copy project

- R-click on jsf-blank, choose "Copy"
- R-click in Project Explorer window, choose "Paste"
 - E.g., name it my-jsf-project

Next, edit .component file

Navigate to Eclipse workspace/projectName/.settings



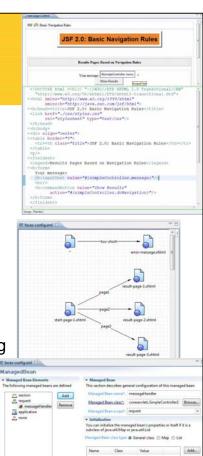
Copying jsf-blank: Example (Continued)

.component file: before

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
oject-modules id="moduleCoreId" project-version="1.5.0">
   <wb-module deploy-name="jsf-blank">
       <wb-resource deploy-path="/" source-path="/WebContent"/>
       <wb-resource deploy-path="/WEB-INF/classes" source-path="/src"/>
       cproperty name="context-root" value="jsf-blank"/>
       cproperty name="java-output-path"
                 value="/jsf-blank/build/classes"/>
   </wb-module>
</project-modules>
  .component file: after
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
oject-modules id="moduleCoreId" project-version="1.5.0">
   <wb-module deploy-name="my-jsf-project">
       <wb-resource deploy-path="/" source-path="/WebContent"/>
       <wb-resource deploy-path="/WEB-INF/classes" source-path="/src"/>
       cproperty name="context-root" value="my-jsf-project"/>
       cproperty name="java-output-path"
                 value="/my-jsf-project/build/classes"/>
   </wb-module>
 /project-modules>
```

Eclipse Support

- jsf-blank project already has JSF 2.0 facet
 - You can add this to any project by Rclicking, going to Properties, Project Facets, and JavaServer Faces 2
- Eclipse 3.6-3.8 have JSF 2 support
 - To edit .xhtml files: R-click, Open With, Web Page Editor
 - Or, you can make it automatic by going to Window, Preferences, General, Editors, File Associations, *.xhtml, make Web Page Editor the default
 - To edit faces.config.xml: double click it





A Small Sample Project

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The jsf-test Project

A very tiny project

 With the bare minimum code needed to do anything in JSF 2.0

Web site gives two options

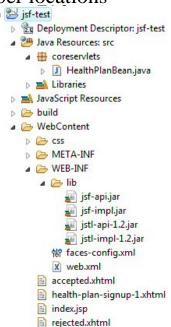
- Download entire project to test and examine the code
- Download individual files, to practice putting them in the right place needed in real projects
- Individual files and complete project online
 - http://www.coreservlets.com/JSF-Tutorial/jsf2/

Deploying and testing

- http://localhost/jsf-test/ or (if default port)
- http://localhost:8080/jsf-test/

Project Layout

- Download files and drag/drop into proper locations
 - src/coreservlets
 - HealthPlanBean.java
 (R-click on src and make package first)
 - WebContent
 - All .xhtml files, index.jsp
 - WebContent/WEB-INF
 - web.xml and faces-config.xml
 - WebContent/css
 - styles.css
 (R-click WebContent to make folder)
 - WebContent/WEB-INF/lib
 - The four .jar files



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Overview of Code

Quick summary given here

- Very simple app
 - Form data ignored
 - Simplest possible action controller
 - Simplest possible results pages

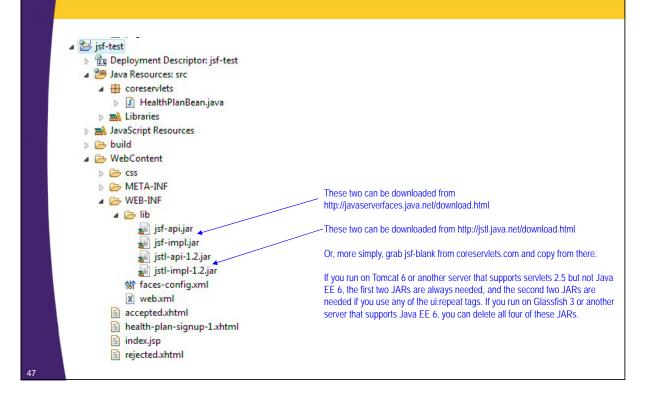
Technical details in later sections

- More details on each construct
- More types of apps

Reminder

- Individual files and complete project can be downloaded from tutorial home page
 - http://www.coreservlets.com/JSF-Tutorial/jsf2/

JAR Files



web.xml

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<web-app ... version="2.5"><--</pre>
                                                        Must be version 2.5 or later. Glassfish supports servlets
                                                        version 3.0. This is an updated requirement from JSF 1.x.
  <servlet>
     <servlet-name>Faces Servlet</servlet-name>
     <servlet-class>javax.faces.webapp.FacesServlet</servlet-class>
  </servlet>
                                                                Leave unchanged. This is the
                                                                same as in JSF 1.x.
  <servlet-mapping>
     <servlet-name>Faces Servlet</servlet-name>
     <url-pattern>*.jsf</url-pattern>
                                                          Use JSF for URLs that end in blah.jsf. Other
  </servlet-mapping>
                                                          popular options are .faces and /faces/*.
                                                          This is the same as in JSF 1.x.
  <context-param>
     <param-name>javax.faces.PROJECT_STAGE</param-name>
     <param-value>Development</param-value>
  </context-param>
  <welcome-file-list>
                                                                 Give more and more detailed error
                                                                 messages. For example, unknown
     <welcome-file>index.jsp</welcome-file>
                                                                 outcomes are flagged this way (vs.
                                                                 silently redisplaying input form when
     <welcome-file>index.html</welcome-file>
                                                                 in deployment mode). Optional.
  </welcome-file-list>
                                                                 This is new in JSF 2.0.
 /web-app>
```

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faces-config.xml

But you are still required to have a faces-config.xml file with legal start and end tags.

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health-plan-signup-1.xhtml

```
<!DOCTYPE html PUBLIC "-//W3C//DTD XHTML 1.0 Transitional//EN"</pre>
  "http://www.w3.org/TR/xhtml1/DTD/xhtml1-transitional.dtd">
<html xmlns="http://www.w3.org/1999/xhtml"</pre>
                                                                            Same header as with facelets in
        xmlns:h="http://java.sun.com/jsf/html">
                                                                            JSF 1.x. But in JSF 2.0, facelets,
                                                                            not JSP, is the standard way of
                                                                            making JSF pages. Note that file is
                           It is not necessary to use h:body and h:head in this example
<h:body>
                           -(regular <body> and <head> are fine). However, when you
                                                                            blah.xhtml, but URL is blah.jsf
                           use h:outputScript and especially f:ajax, you need those
                                                                            (assuming url-pattern of *.jsf in
                           tags. So, you might as well plan ahead and use them
<h:form>
                                                                            web.xml).
                           routinely.
<fieldset>
  <legend>Health Insurance Plan Signup</legend>
  First name: <h:inputText/><br/>
                                                                  The input elements are ignored in this simplistic
                                                                  rexample. The next tutorial section will give 'value'
  Last name: <h:inputText/><br/>
                                                                  attributes corresponding to bean properties.
  SSN: <h:inputText/><br/>
  Complete medical history since the day you were born:<br/>
  <h:inputTextarea/><br/>
  <h:commandButton value="Sign Me Up!"
                           action="#{healthPlanBean.signup}"/>
</fieldset>
</h:form>
                                                            Same format as in JSF 1.x. But name of bean is
                                                            automatically derived from Java class name.
</h:body></html>
```

HealthPlanBean.java

```
package coreservlets;
import javax.faces.bean.*;
                                                           Declares this as managed bean, without requiring entry in
                                                           faces-config.xml.
@ManagedBean 🔸
                                                           Since no name given, name is the class name with the first
                                                           letter changed to lower case (i.e., healthPlanBean).
public class HealthPlanBean {
                                                           Since no scope given, it is request scope.
   public String signup() {
       if (Math.random() < 0.2) {</pre>
          return("accepted");
       } else {
          return("rejected");
                            Since there are no explicit navigation rules in faces-config,
                            these return values correspond to accepted.xhtml and
                            rejected.xhtml (in same folder as page that has the form).
```

accepted.xhtml

```
<!DOCTYPE html PUBLIC "-//W3C//DTD XHTML 1.0 Transitional//EN"</pre>
  "http://www.w3.org/TR/xhtml1/DTD/xhtml1-transitional.dtd">
<html xmlns="http://www.w3.org/1999/xhtml"</pre>
      xmlns:h="http://java.sun.com/jsf/html">
                                                   I don't actually have any dynamic
                                                   code in this simplistic example, but
<h:head>
                                                   it is a good idea to plan ahead and
                                                   always include these.
</h:head>
<h:body> <
Accepted (Version 1)
<h2>You are accepted into our health plan.</h2>
Congratulations.
</h:body></html>
```

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rejected.xhtml

```
<!DOCTYPE html PUBLIC "-//W3C//DTD XHTML 1.0 Transitional//EN"</pre>
  "http://www.w3.org/TR/xhtml1/DTD/xhtml1-transitional.dtd">
<html xmlns="http://www.w3.org/1999/xhtml"</pre>
                                                    Again, this part plus h:head and
      xmlns:h="http://java.sun.com/jsf/html">
                                                    h:body are not strictly necessary in
                                                    this simple example, but it is
<h:head>
                                                    recommended practice to include
                                                    them routinely.
</h:head>
<h:body>
Rejected (Version 1)
<h2>You are rejected from our health plan.</h2>
Get lost.
</h:body></html>
```

index.jsp

<% response.sendRedirect("health-plan-signup-1.jsf"); %>

So that http://localhost/jsf-test/ redirects to http://localhost/jsf-test/health-plan-signup-1.jsf

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Results File Edit View History Bookmarks Tools Help http://localhost/jsf-test/health-plan-signup-1.jsf 🏠 🔻 🛂 🔻 Goog Accepted (Version 1) You are accepted into our health plan. Congratulations File Edit View History Bookmarks Iools Help C × \(\text{the little file of the little f JSF 2.0: Navigation with Default Mappings Health Insurance Plan Signup Rejected (Version 1) - Mozilla Firefor SSN: File Edit View Higtory Bookmarks Iools Help C × C \ \(\text{c} \) http://localhost/jsf-test/health-plan-signup-1.jsf \(\text{c} \) \ \(\text{Soog} \) Complete medical history since the day you were born: Rejected (Version 1) Sign Me Up! You are rejected from our health plan. Done



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Summary

Setup

- Install Java 6 or 7 and Eclipse 3.8 (3.6 or 3.7 also OK)
- Install recent Tomcat version (6 or 7) or Java EE 6 server
- Test by downloading and deploying jsf-blank.zip

Try your own JSF 2 project

- Make a new Dynamic Web Project and copy three required pieces from jsf-blank
 - JAR files in WEB-INF/lib
 - WEB-INF/web.xml
 - WEB-INF/faces-config.xml
- Or, copy/rename jsf-blank
 - Due to Eclipse bug, you must then edit workspace/projectName/.settings/...component and change all occurrences of "jsf-blank" to new name

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Questions?

JSF 2, PrimeFaces, Java 7, Ajax, jQuery, Hadoop, RESTful Web Services, Android, Spring, Hibernate, Servlets, JSP, GWT, and other Java EE training.

Also see JSF 2 tutorial and PrimeFaces tutorial.

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Java, JSF 2, PrimeFaces, Servlets, JSP, Ajax, jQuery, Spring, Hibernate, RESTful Web Services, Hadoop, Android.

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