

- * Your Input Assumptions page is where you will create your forecast assumptions
- * These assumptions are critical to the outcome of your valuation so you need to give them some thought

- * There are four basic approaches you can take:
 - * Top Down
 - * Bottom Up
 - * Regression Analysis
 - * Year on Year Growth Rates

- * The Top Down approach starts with the Total Addressable market and works down from there
- * Considers factors such as market share, customers, geography
- * Not recommended for modelling in my view

- * Bottom Up uses the business drivers to build the forecast from the basic elements of the business
- * Starts with products, unit prices, unit sales to create the revenue line in detail
- * Easier to do if you have access to management accounts
- * Impractical often for larger businesses
- * Can you imagine trying to do this for Apple?

- * Regression Analysis uses the relationship between variables to forecast the value of a dependent variable
- * Revenues may be a function of number of products, price, number of employees and marketing spend
- * There is a forecast function in Excel to facilitate this approach

- * The simplest approach is to make assumptions about year on year growth rates for revenues and make other dependent variables such as cost of sales a function of the growth in revenues but keeping the same gross margin
- * These growth assumptions can be changed in the input sheet to test different scenarios of future growth

