

Implementation of the Neumann-type boundary conditions within a decoupled thermo-elastic homogenization framework

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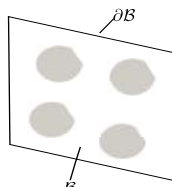
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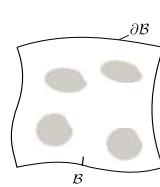
Boundary conditions of the proposed decoupled homogenization method



$$\dot{x} = \bar{F} \cdot X \quad \forall X \in \partial B_0$$

$$\dot{\theta} = \bar{\theta} \quad \forall X \in \partial B_0$$

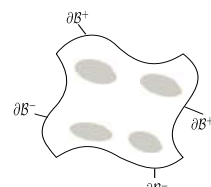
Dirichlet-type BC



$$T = \bar{P} N \cdot X \in \partial B_0$$

$$\theta = \bar{\theta} \quad \forall X \in \partial B_0$$

Neumann-type BC

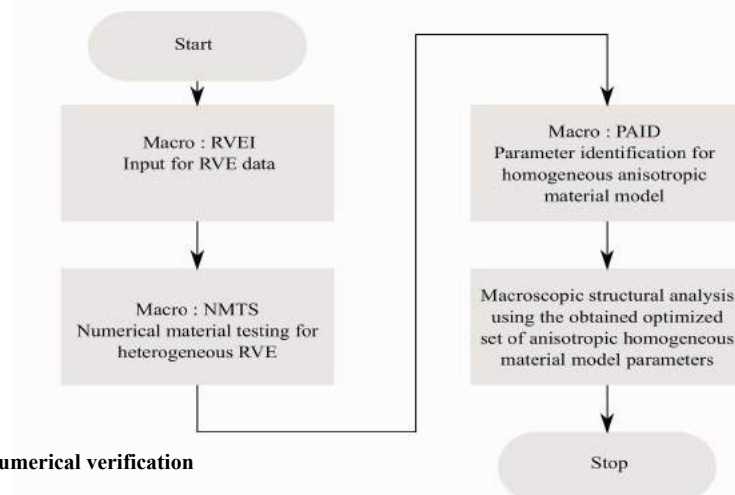


$$[\dot{x}] = \bar{F}[X] \cdot X^+ \in \partial B_0^+ \wedge X^- \in \partial B_0^-$$

$$\dot{\theta} = \bar{\theta} \quad \forall X^+ \in \partial B_0^+ \wedge X^- \in \partial B_0^-$$

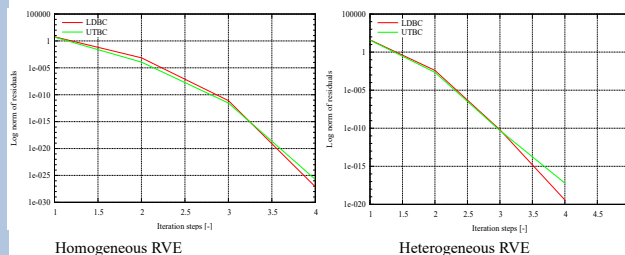
Periodic-type BC

Algorithm for the FE² method

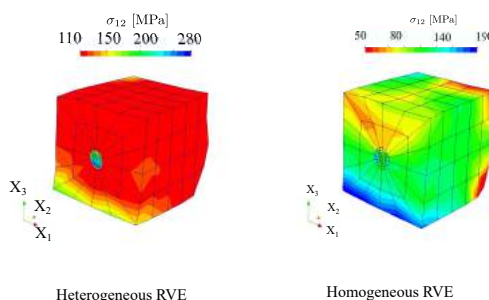


Numerical verification

-Convergence behavior-Newton-type method



CauchyStress distribution-UTBC



Homogenization quantities

$$\bar{F} = \frac{1}{V} \int_{B_0} F dV_0$$

$$\bar{P} = \frac{1}{V} \int_{B_0} P dV_0$$

$$\bar{\theta} = \frac{1}{v} \int_{B_t} \theta dv$$

Step 3: PAID macro

- Optimization of the identified material parameter
- Optimizer -Omni-optimizer (IIT Kanpur)

Specifications of the UTBC at the RVE boundary

-Normal forces are added to the boundary nodes of RVE
 $f_b = T_b dA_0 = \bar{P} N_b dA_0$

-Mass-type perturbation vector and matrix

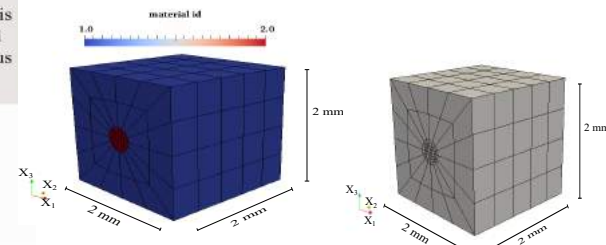
$$R_{\gamma i}^I = \int_{\partial B_0^E} N^I \gamma N^J u_i^J dV_0$$

$$M_{\gamma ij}^I = \int_{\partial B_0^E} N^I \gamma \delta_{ij} N^J dV_0$$

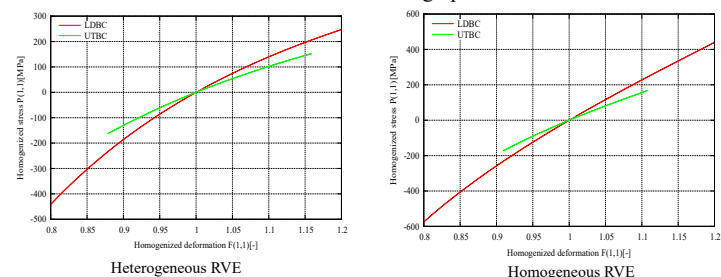
Example

Fiber reinforced RVE

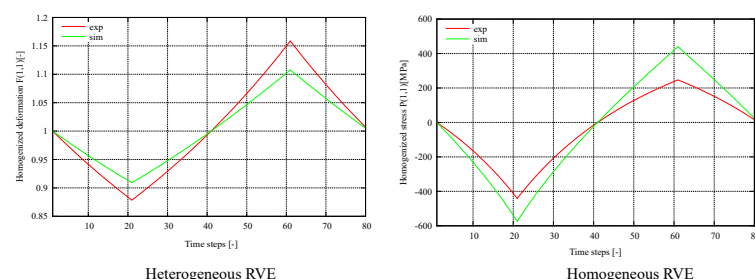
Homogeneous RVE



Validation Stress-Strain graph



Comparison of NMTS and PAID for the obtained homogenized quantities



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