

Feb 15. Notes

Thm. Fubini's Theorem

Let a region $R \subseteq \mathbb{R}^2$, function $f : R \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ be a continuous function such that

$$\iint_R |f| dx dy < \infty$$

Then the integral of f over R is equal to the iterated integral:

$$\iint_R f(x, y) dx dy = \int_c^d \int_a^b f(x, y) dx dy$$

Lemma. Expected value of non-negative random variable

For a non-negative random variable Y , the expected value is:

$$E[Y] = \int_0^\infty P(Y > y) dy$$

Proof.

Let f_Y be the probability density of Y , by [Thm. Fubini's Theorem](#):

$$\int_0^\infty P(Y > y) dy = \int_0^\infty \int_y^\infty f_Y(x) dx dy = \int_0^\infty \int_0^x f_Y(x) dy dx$$

- Fubini's theorem applies here because f_Y is continuous and the integral $\int_{-\infty}^\infty f_Y(s) ds = 1 < \infty$ is finite.

Evaluate the iterated integral:

$$\begin{aligned} \int_0^\infty \int_0^x f_Y(x) dy dx &= \int_0^\infty \left(\int_0^x dy \right) f_Y(x) dx \\ &= \int_0^\infty x f_Y(x) dx \\ &= E[Y] \end{aligned}$$

Prop. Wrapped Expected Value

If X is a continuous random variable with p.d.f $f(x)$, then for all real valued function $g : \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$, $g(x) > 0$, $\forall x \in \mathbb{R}$, the expected value of $g(X)$ is:

$$E[g(X)] = \int_{-\infty}^\infty g(x) f(x) dx$$

Proof Sketch.

Since $g > 0$, [Lemma. Expected value of non-negative random variable](#) applies here.

$$\begin{aligned} E[g(X)] &= \int_0^\infty P(g(X) > y) dy \\ &= \int_0^\infty \int_{\substack{g(x) > y}}^\infty f(x) dx dy \end{aligned}$$

Apply [Thm. Fubini's Theorem](#):

$$\int_0^\infty \int_{g(x) > y}^\infty f(x) dx dy = \int_0^\infty \int_0^{g(x)} f(x) dy dx$$