2169. Count Operations to Obtain Zero(計算到 0 的次數)

傳入2個非負值的整數, num1 及 num2.

在一次計算步驟中,你可以進行以下 2 個動作其中之一:如果, if num1 >= num2, 就將 num1 的值減去 num2 的值;要不然, 就將 num2 的值減去 num1 的值.

• 例如, 假設 num1 = 5並且 num2 = 4, 因為 num1 的值比較大, 我們將 num1 減去 num2, 可得 num1 = 1而且 num2 = 4. 這稱為一次計算步驟.

如果反覆進行計算步驟直到 num1 為 0 或 num2 為 0 才停止,請問共經過幾個計算步驟? 請回傳這個值.

Example 1:

Input: num1 = 2, num2 = 3

Output: 3

Explanation:

- Operation 1: num1 = 2, num2 = 3. Since num1 < num2, we subtract num1 from num2 and get num1 = 2, num2 = 3 - 2 = 1.

- Operation 2: num1 = 2, num2 = 1. Since num1 > num2, we subtract num2 from num1.

- Operation 3: num1 = 1, num2 = 1. Since num1 == num2, we subtract num2 from num1.

Now num1 = 0 and num2 = 1. Since num1 == 0, we do not need to perform any further operations.

So the total number of operations required is 3.

Example 2:

Input: num1 = 10, num2 = 10

Output: 1

Explanation:

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- Operation 1: num1 = 10, num2 = 10. Since num1 == num2, we subtract num2 from num1 and get num1 = 10 - 10 = 0.
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Now num1 = 0 and num2 = 10. Since num1 == 0, we are done.
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So the total number of operations required is 1.

Constraints:

 \bullet 0 <= num1, num2 <= 10⁵