

# M6 mp1

$$1.1) \quad \underline{p} = \sum_{i=1}^N \underline{p}_i \quad \text{if} \quad \frac{d\underline{p}}{dt} = 0 \quad \underline{p} \text{ is constant}$$

$$\frac{d\underline{p}}{dt} = \sum_{i=1}^N \frac{d\underline{p}_i}{dt} = \sum_{i=1}^N m \underline{a}_i = \sum_{i=1}^N \underline{F}_i$$

Know  $-\frac{\partial U_i}{\partial \underline{r}_i} = \underline{F}_i$  where  $U_i = \sum_{i \neq j} u_{ij}(\underline{r}_i - \underline{r}_j)$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{d\underline{p}}{dt} = - \sum_{i=1}^N \sum_{i \neq j} \frac{\partial u_{ij}(\underline{r}_i - \underline{r}_j)}{\partial \underline{r}_i}$$

$$= - \sum_{i=1}^N \sum_{i \neq j} \underline{F}_{ij} = 0$$

Double sum counts all pairwise forces which cancel

$\Rightarrow$  momentum is conserved



1.2) Leap-Frog

$$\underline{r}_i(t + \delta t) = \underline{r}_i(t) + \underline{v}_i(t + \frac{\delta t}{2})\delta t$$

and  $\underline{v}_i(t) = \frac{1}{2}(\underline{v}_i(t + \frac{\delta t}{2}) + \underline{v}_i(t - \frac{\delta t}{2}))$  (B)

$$\underline{v}_i(t + \frac{\delta t}{2}) = \underline{v}_i(t - \frac{\delta t}{2}) + \frac{\delta t}{m_i} \underline{f}_i(t) \quad (A)$$

Position Verlet

$$\underline{r}_i(t + \delta t) = 2\underline{r}_i(t) - \underline{r}_i(t - \delta t) + \frac{\delta t^2}{2m_i} \underline{f}_i(t) \quad (1)$$

$$\underline{v}_i(t) = \frac{1}{2\delta t} (\underline{r}_i(t + \delta t) - \underline{r}_i(t - \delta t)) \quad (2)$$

Subst.  $\underline{v}_i(t \pm \frac{\delta t}{2}) = \pm \frac{1}{2\delta t} (\underline{r}_i(t + \frac{\delta t}{2}) - \underline{r}_i(t - \frac{\delta t}{2}))$

Consider substituting  $\underline{v}_i(t + \delta t) = \frac{\underline{r}_i(t + \delta t) - \underline{r}_i(t)}{\delta t}$

and  $\underline{v}_i(t - \delta t) = \frac{\underline{r}_i(t) - \underline{r}_i(t + \delta t)}{\delta t}$

into

(A)  $\Rightarrow \frac{\underline{r}_i(t + \delta t) + \underline{r}_i(t)}{\delta t} = \frac{\underline{r}_i(t) - \underline{r}_i(t - \delta t)}{\delta t} + \frac{\delta t^2}{m_i} \underline{f}_i(t)$

$\Rightarrow \underline{r}_i(t + \delta t) = 2\underline{r}_i(t) - \underline{r}_i(t - \delta t) + \frac{\delta t^2}{m_i} \underline{f}_i(t) = (1)$

$$\text{into (13)} \Rightarrow \underline{V}_i(t) = \frac{1}{2\delta t} \left( \underline{r}_i(t+\delta t) - \cancel{\underline{r}_i(t)} + \cancel{\underline{r}_i(t)} - \underline{r}_i(t-\delta t) \right)$$

$$\Rightarrow \underline{V}_i(t) = \frac{1}{2\delta t} \left( \underline{r}_i(t+\delta t) - \underline{r}_i(t-\delta t) \right) = (2)$$

$$\Rightarrow (A) \equiv (1)$$

$$(B) \equiv (2)$$

$\Rightarrow$  Leap frog and Verlet are equivalent

$$1.3) \langle AA(\tau) \rangle = \langle A(t) A(t+\tau) \rangle$$

a)

$$= \langle \cos(\omega t) \cos(\omega(t+\tau)) \rangle$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \langle \cos(\omega\tau) + \cos(2\omega t + \omega\tau) \rangle$$

$$\Delta t \gg \frac{2\pi}{\omega}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \langle \cos(\omega\tau) \rangle$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \cos(\omega\tau)$$



$$b) \quad l_{AA}(\tau) = \langle (a_1 \cos(\omega_1 t) + a_2 \cos(\omega_2 t)) (a_1 \cos(\omega_1(t+\tau)) + a_2 \cos(\omega_2(t+\tau))) \rangle$$

$$= \langle \overset{\textcircled{1}}{a_1^2 \cos(\omega_1 t) \cos(\omega_1(t+\tau))} + \overset{\textcircled{2}}{a_2^2 \cos(\omega_2 t) \cos(\omega_2(t+\tau))} \\ + \overset{\textcircled{3}}{a_1 a_2 \cos(\omega_1 t) \cos(\omega_2(t+\tau))} + \overset{\textcircled{4}}{a_2 a_1 \cos(\omega_2 t) \cos(\omega_1(t+\tau))} \rangle$$

$$\textcircled{1} \Rightarrow \langle \frac{a_1^2}{2} (\cos(\omega_1 \tau) + \cancel{\cos(2\omega_1 t + \omega_1 \tau)}) \rangle = \frac{a_1^2}{2} \cos(\omega_1 \tau)$$

$$\textcircled{2} \Rightarrow \langle \frac{a_2^2}{2} (\cos(\omega_2 \tau) + \cancel{\cos(2\omega_2 t + \omega_2 \tau)}) \rangle = \frac{a_2^2}{2} \cos(\omega_2 \tau)$$

$$\textcircled{3} \Rightarrow \langle \frac{a_1 a_2}{2} (\cancel{\cos((\omega_2 - \omega_1)t + \omega_2 \tau)} + \cancel{\cos((\omega_2 + \omega_1)t + \omega_2 \tau)}) \rangle = 0$$

$$\textcircled{4} \Rightarrow = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow l_{AA}(\tau) = \frac{a_1^2}{2} \cos(\omega_1 \tau) + \frac{a_2^2}{2} \cos(\omega_2 \tau)$$