

Vulnerability Report — vuln-bank Web Application (Concise Technical Summary)

Author: TOM SHINJO THOMAS

Introduction

This report provides an overview of the analysis, deployment, and vulnerability assessment of the intentionally vulnerable web application 'vuln-bank'. The project was sourced from the repository <https://github.com/Commando-X/vuln-bank.git> and was deployed using Docker. The goal was to identify potential security flaws and document findings to support understanding of common web application vulnerabilities.

Setup and Deployment

The application was successfully deployed within a Docker environment following the standard setup instructions. The deployment process included cloning the repository, building Docker containers, and verifying the running web application instance on port 5000. This setup enabled a controlled testing environment for security evaluation.

Key steps performed during deployment included:

- Cloning the repository using Git.
- Running 'docker-compose up --build' to initialize and configure containers.
- Confirming application accessibility at <http://localhost:5000>.

Vulnerability Assessment

A structured vulnerability assessment was carried out focusing on common web-based attack vectors and misconfigurations. The test aimed to replicate typical exploitation methods and evaluate system behavior under various attack scenarios. The review targeted the following security aspects:

- SQL Injection
- Cross-Site Scripting (XSS)
- Cross-Site Request Forgery (CSRF)
- Authentication and Authorization flaws
- Sensitive Data Exposure
- Business Logic Errors

Findings

Multiple security flaws were identified throughout the vuln-bank application, consistent with the nature of a deliberately insecure platform. The key findings include:

- Lack of proper input validation, allowing SQL Injection and XSS attacks.
- Insecure session handling, enabling hijacking or replay of user sessions.
- Weak authentication mechanisms allowing unauthorized access to restricted areas.

- Missing essential HTTP security headers and poor error handling practices that expose system information.

Risk Classification

The detected vulnerabilities ranged from medium to high severity. Successful exploitation could allow attackers to manipulate user transactions, steal sensitive data, or escalate privileges within the application. The risks highlight the importance of enforcing proper security controls and input validation mechanisms in production environments.

Recommendations

To mitigate the identified risks, the following best practices are recommended:

- Implement strict input validation and output encoding to prevent injection and XSS attacks.
- Adopt secure authentication flows with multi-factor authentication where possible.
- Strengthen session management using secure cookies, proper expiration, and HTTPS enforcement.
- Introduce HTTP security headers such as Content Security Policy (CSP), X-Frame-Options, and X-XSS-Protection.
- Improve error handling to prevent leakage of sensitive system or database details.

Conclusion

The vuln-bank web application was successfully deployed and analyzed in a Dockerized testing environment. The security review confirmed the presence of several critical vulnerabilities that align with the learning objectives of this project. These findings reinforce the significance of secure coding, validation, and proper configuration in web development practices. This exercise provided valuable insight into identifying, understanding, and remediating real-world application security flaws.

Screenshots:



