PROBLEM:

Prx = 15 dBm , B = 18 MHz T = - 165 dBm/Hz

- (a) At least 95% of the usons are in Rooms: 1, 2, and 3

 [SRE MATLAB] The SNR that can be aparameted to at least 95% of the usons is the SNR of Room 3 (i.e. the lowestone) which is 14, 4473 dB
- (b) Rayleigh fading Expression for the CDF of the SNR including variation in both location and fading $F_{\Gamma}(\chi) = P(\Gamma \leq \chi) = \int_{-\infty}^{\chi} f_{\Gamma}(\chi) d\chi = 1 e^{-\chi/\chi} / P(\Gamma > \chi) = e^{-\chi/\chi}$

Im this case,

$$F_{T_{RL}}(\vec{y}) = P(T_{a_{L}} \leq \vec{y}) = \sum_{i=1}^{4} P(T \leq \vec{y} \mid Rovin_{i} = \lambda) P(Rovin_{i} = \lambda)$$

$$= o_{16} \left(1 - e^{-\frac{3}{2}} \right) + o_{13} \left(1 - e^{-\frac{3}{2}} \right) + o_{106} \left(1 - e^{-\frac{3}{2}} \right) + o_{104} \left(1 - e^{-\frac{3}{2}} \right) \int_{a_{L}}^{a_{L}} \left(1 - e^{-\frac{3}{2}} \right) dx = a_{L} \int_{a_{L}}^{a_{L}} \left(1 - e^{-\frac{3}{2}} \right) dx = a_{L} \int_{a_{L}}^{a_{L}} \left(1 - e^{-\frac{3}{2}} \right) dx = a_{L} \int_{a_{L}}^{a_{L}} \left(1 - e^{-\frac{3}{2}} \right) dx = a_{L} \int_{a_{L}}^{a_{L}} \left(1 - e^{-\frac{3}{2}} \right) dx = a_{L} \int_{a_{L}}^{a_{L}} \left(1 - e^{-\frac{3}{2}} \right) dx = a_{L} \int_{a_{L}}^{a_{L}} \left(1 - e^{-\frac{3}{2}} \right) dx = a_{L} \int_{a_{L}}^{a_{L}} \left(1 - e^{-\frac{3}{2}} \right) dx = a_{L} \int_{a_{L}}^{a_{L}} \left(1 - e^{-\frac{3}{2}} \right) dx = a_{L} \int_{a_{L}}^{a_{L}} \left(1 - e^{-\frac{3}{2}} \right) dx = a_{L} \int_{a_{L}}^{a_{L}} \left(1 - e^{-\frac{3}{2}} \right) dx = a_{L} \int_{a_{L}}^{a_{L}} \left(1 - e^{-\frac{3}{2}} \right) dx = a_{L} \int_{a_{L}}^{a_{L}} \left(1 - e^{-\frac{3}{2}} \right) dx = a_{L} \int_{a_{L}}^{a_{L}} \left(1 - e^{-\frac{3}{2}} \right) dx = a_{L} \int_{a_{L}}^{a_{L}} \left(1 - e^{-\frac{3}{2}} \right) dx = a_{L} \int_{a_{L}}^{a_{L}} \left(1 - e^{-\frac{3}{2}} \right) dx = a_{L} \int_{a_{L}}^{a_{L}} \left(1 - e^{-\frac{3}{2}} \right) dx = a_{L} \int_{a_{L}}^{a_{L}} \left(1 - e^{-\frac{3}{2}} \right) dx = a_{L} \int_{a_{L}}^{a_{L}} \left(1 - e^{-\frac{3}{2}} \right) dx = a_{L} \int_{a_{L}}^{a_{L}} \left(1 - e^{-\frac{3}{2}} \right) dx = a_{L} \int_{a_{L}}^{a_{L}} \left(1 - e^{-\frac{3}{2}} \right) dx = a_{L} \int_{a_{L}}^{a_{L}} \left(1 - e^{-\frac{3}{2}} \right) dx = a_{L} \int_{a_{L}}^{a_{L}} \left(1 - e^{-\frac{3}{2}} \right) dx = a_{L} \int_{a_{L}}^{a_{L}} \left(1 - e^{-\frac{3}{2}} \right) dx = a_{L} \int_{a_{L}}^{a_{L}} \left(1 - e^{-\frac{3}{2}} \right) dx = a_{L} \int_{a_{L}}^{a_{L}} \left(1 - e^{-\frac{3}{2}} \right) dx = a_{L} \int_{a_{L}}^{a_{L}} \left(1 - e^{-\frac{3}{2}} \right) dx = a_{L} \int_{a_{L}}^{a_{L}} \left(1 - e^{-\frac{3}{2}} \right) dx = a_{L} \int_{a_{L}}^{a_{L}} \left(1 - e^{-\frac{3}{2}} \right) dx = a_{L} \int_{a_{L}}^{a_{L}} \left(1 - e^{-\frac{3}{2}} \right) dx = a_{L} \int_{a_{L}}^{a_{L}} \left(1 - e^{-\frac{3}{2}} \right) dx = a_{L} \int_{a_{L}}^{a_{L}} \left(1 - e^{-\frac{3}{2}} \right) dx = a_{L} \int_{a_{L}}^{a_{L}} \left(1 - e^{-\frac{3}{2}} \right) dx = a_{L} \int_{a_{L}}^{a_{L}} \left(1 - e^{-\frac{3}{2}} \right) dx = a_{L} \int_{a_{L}}^{a_{L}} \left(1 - e^{-\frac{3}{2}} \right) dx =$$

- han in the configuration that

 (a) Average SNR? $h(4,0) = P_1 e^{-2\pi j} f^{2_1} + \sqrt{p_1} e^{-2\pi j} f^{2_2} \Rightarrow |h|^{\frac{1}{2}} = f_1 + f_2$ Hence, SNR and = $\frac{p_1 + p_2}{WN_0}$
- (b) Engodic Capacity \Rightarrow $C_{\xi} = \mathbb{E} \left[\log(\Lambda + \chi) \right]$ We Know that $\mathbb{E} \left[\log(\Lambda + \chi) \right] \leq \log(\Lambda + \mathbb{E} [\chi]) = \log(\Lambda + SNR_{AVg}) \Rightarrow$ $C_{\xi} \leq \log(\Lambda + SNR_{AVg})$ (c) ANGEN capacity linear Scale (p. 1) $\frac{P_{\Delta}}{WN_{o}} = 8d\beta$ $\frac{linear}{D} = 6,31$ $\frac{P_{\Delta}}{WN_{o}} = 5d\beta$ $\frac{linear}{WN_{o}} = 3,16$ SNR arg $\approx 9,76$ dB $\sqrt{C_{\xi}} \leq \log(\Lambda + 9,4624) \approx 3,387$

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$$L(r) = \log \frac{\rho(r|c=1)}{\rho(r|c=0)}$$

$$\int -A\sqrt{\frac{E_{x}}{2}} if c=0$$

$$p(r|c=0) = \frac{A}{\sqrt{\pi N_{0}}} e^{-\frac{(r+r)\sqrt{2}}{2}}$$

$$L(r) = \log \frac{\rho(r \mid C = \Delta)}{\rho(r \mid C = 0)} = \frac{-(r - A\sqrt{\frac{E_X}{2}})^2 + (r + A\sqrt{\frac{E_X}{2}})^2}{N_0}$$

$$= \frac{r^2 + 2rA\sqrt{\frac{E_X}{2}} - (A\sqrt{\frac{E_X}{2}})^2 + r^2 + 2rA\sqrt{\frac{E_X}{2}} + (A\sqrt{\frac{E_X}{2}})^2}{N_0}$$

$$= \frac{4rA\sqrt{E_X}}{N_0} = \frac{2\sqrt{2}rA\sqrt{E_X}}{N_0} = \frac{2rA\sqrt{2E_X}}{N_0}$$

(b) Bimony Simmetric Chammed

$$r = c + w \pmod{2}$$

$$\omega = \begin{cases} 1 \text{ with probability } p \\ 0 \text{ with probability } 1 - p \end{cases}$$

$$L(r) = \log \frac{p(r|c=\Delta)}{p(r|c=0)} \Rightarrow L(1) = \log \frac{\Lambda - p}{p} / L(0) = \log \frac{p}{1 - p}$$

$$p(r|c=0)$$
Which can be written as: $L(r) = (2r-1) \log \frac{1 - p}{p}$, for $r = 0, 1$

(C) Non-coherent channel

$$V = \begin{cases} h + m & \text{when } C = 1 \\ m & \text{when } C = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$h \sim CN(0, Es), m \sim CN(0, N_0)$$

$$L(r) = \log \frac{\rho(r|c=\Delta)}{\rho(r|c=0)} \qquad \rho(r|c=0) = \frac{1}{11N_0} e^{-\frac{1}{11N_0}} r = m \sim cN(0, N_0)$$

$$P(r(C=\Delta) = \frac{1}{\pi(N_0 + E_S)} e^{-1r)^2/(N_0 + E_S)}, \quad r = h + m \sim CN(e, E_S + N_0)$$
assuming h and m are independent

$$L(r) = \log \frac{\frac{1}{\pi(N_0 + E_s)}}{\frac{1}{\pi(N_0}} = \log \frac{N_0}{E_{s+N_0}} + \frac{-|r|^2}{(N_0 + E_s)} + \frac{|r|^2}{N_0} = \log \frac{N_0}{E_{s+N_0}} + \frac{1}{N_0} = \log \frac{N_0}{E_{s+N_0}} + \frac{1}{N_0} = \log \frac{N_0}{E_{s+N_0}}$$

PROBLEM 6

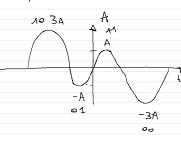
$$Y = X + M \qquad M \sim \left(0, \frac{N_0}{2}\right) \qquad x = \begin{cases} -3A & \text{if } C_{0}, C_{1} = 00 \\ -A & \text{if } C_{0}, C_{1} = 0.1 \end{cases}$$

$$A \qquad \text{if } C_{0}, C_{1} = 1.1$$

$$3A \qquad \text{if } C_{0}, C_{1} = 1.0$$

(a)
$$\int_{0}^{average} \int_{0}^{average} \int_{0}^{a$$





$$L_{o}(r) = \log \underbrace{P(r|C_{o}=1)}_{P(r|C_{o}=0)} \qquad P(r|C_{o}) = \underbrace{\frac{\Lambda}{2} \left[P(r|C_{o},C_{A}=0) \right]}_{P(r|C_{o},C_{A}=0)}$$

$$N(3A,N_{o}/2) \qquad N(A,N_{o}/2)$$

$$N(3A,N_{o}/2) \qquad N(A,N_{o}/2)$$

$$P(r|C_{o},C_{A}=0,0) + P(r|C_{o},C_{A}=0,1)$$

$$N(-3A,N_{o}/2) \qquad N(-A,N_{o}/2)$$

$$N(-A,N_{o}/2) \qquad N(-A,N_{o}/2) \qquad N(-A,N_{o}/2)$$

$$N(-A,N_{o}/2) \qquad N(-A,N_{o}/2) \qquad N(-A,N_{o}/2)$$

$$N(-A,N_{o}/2) \qquad N(-A,N_{o}/2) \qquad N(-A,N_{o$$

$$L_{1}(r) = \log \left[\frac{\rho(r|c_{0},c_{1}=e,\Lambda) + \rho(r|c_{0},c_{1}=1,\Lambda)}{\rho(r|c_{0},c_{1}=0,0) + \rho(r|c_{0},c_{1}=1,0)} \right]$$

$$= \log \left[\frac{c - (r+A)^{2}/N_{0} - (r-A)^{2}/N_{0}}{e - (r+3A)^{2}/N_{0} + e^{-(r-3A)^{2}/N_{0}}} \right]$$