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classdef NRUERxFD < matlab.System
% 5G NR UR receiver class implemented in frequency domain
properties
    % Configuration
    carrierConfig; % Carrier configuration
    pdschConfig; % Default PDSCH config
    waveformConfig; % Waveform config

    % OFDM grid
    rxGrid;

    % Transport block data for last transmission
    targetCodeRate = 490/1024; % Target code rate
    trBlkSizes; % Transport block size

    % Received data in last slots
    pdschEq; % Equalized PDSCH symbols
    rxBits; % RX bits

    % DLSCH decoder
    decDLSCH;

end
methods
    function obj = NRUERxFD(carrierConfig, pdschConfig, ...
        varargin)
        % Constructor

        % Save the carrier and PDSCH configuration
        obj.carrierConfig = carrierConfig;
        obj.pdschConfig = pdschConfig;

        % Create the waveform configuration from the carrier
        % configuration
        obj.waveformConfig = nrOFDMInfo(obj.carrierConfig);

        % Set parameters from constructor arguments
        if nargin >= 1
            obj.set(varargin{:});
        end

        % Create DLSCH decoder
        obj.decDLSCH = nrDLSCHDecoder('MultipleHARQProcesses', false, ...
            'TargetCodeRate', obj.targetCodeRate, ...
            'LDPCDecodingAlgorithm', 'Layered belief propagation');

    end
end
methods (Access = protected)

    function stepImpl(obj, rxGrid, chanGrid, noiseVar)
        % Demodulates and decodes one slot of data

        % Get PDSCH received symbols and channel estimates
        % from received grid
        [pdschInd, pdschInfo] = nrPDSCHIndices(obj.carrierConfig, obj.pdschConfig);
        [pdschRx, pdschHest] = nrExtractResources(pdschInd, rxGrid, chanGrid);
    end
end

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% TODO: Perform the MMSE equalization using the
% nrEqualizeMMSE() function.
% Use the PDSCH Rx symbols, PDSCH channel estimate and noise
% variance as the input. Store the equalized symbols in
% obj.pdschEq and channel state information in a structure,
% csi.
[obj.pdschEq,csi] = nrEqualizeMMSE(pdschRx,pdschHest,noiseVar);

% TODO: Get the LLRs with the nrPDSCHDecode() function.
% Use carrier and PDSCH configuration, the equalized symbols,
% and the noise variance, noiseVar.
[dlschLLRs,rxSym] = nrPDSCHDecode(obj.carrierConfig,obj.pdschConfig,obj.pdschEq, noiseVar);

% Scale LLRs by EbN0.
% The csi value computed in the nrEqualizeMMSE()
% function is  $csi = |pdschHest|^2 + noiseVar$ .
% Also, the  $E_b/N_0 = snrEq/Q_m$  where  $Q_m$  is the number of bits
% per symbol and  $snrEq$  is the SNR after equalization,
%
%  $snrEq = (|pdschHest|^2 + noiseVar)/noiseVar = csi/noiseVar$ 
%
% Hence,  $E_b/N_0 = csi/(noiseVar*Q_m)$ .
% Since the LLRs from the nrPDSCHDecode function are
% already scaled by  $1/noiseVar$ , we multiply them by  $csi/Q_m$ .

csi = nrLayerDemap(csi); % CSI layer demapping
numCW = length(csi);
for cwIdx = 1:numCW
    Qm = length(dlschLLRs{cwIdx})/length(rxSym{cwIdx}); % bits per symbol
    csi{cwIdx} = repmat(csi{cwIdx}.',Qm,1); % expand by each bit per symbol
    dlschLLRs{cwIdx} = dlschLLRs{cwIdx} .* csi{cwIdx}(:); % scale
end

% Compute the extra overhead from the PT-RS
Xoh_PDSCH = 6*obj.pdschConfig.EnablePTRS;

% Calculate the transport block size based on the PDSCH
% allocation and target code rate
obj.trBlkSizes = nrTBS(obj.pdschConfig.Modulation,obj.pdschConfig.NumLayers,...
    numel(obj.pdschConfig.PRBSets),pdschInfo.NREPerPRB,...
    obj.targetCodeRate,Xoh_PDSCH);
obj.decDLSCH.TransportBlockLength = obj.trBlkSizes;

% Reset the soft buffer
harqId = 0;
obj.decDLSCH.resetSoftBuffer(harqId);

% TODO: Decode the bits with the obj.decDLSCH() method.
% Use the scaled LLRs from above. Use a redundancy version,
% rv = 0, since we are not using HARQ in this lab.
rv = 0;
obj.rxBits = obj.decDLSCH(dlschLLRs,obj.pdschConfig.Modulation,obj.pdschConfig.NumLayers,rv);

```

end

end

end

Not enough input arguments.

Error in NRUErxFD (line 31)
obj.carrierConfig = carrierConfig;