HW4

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Problem 1.

Suppose you have another vector vText as follows:

```
vText <- c("google", "logo", "dig", "blog", "boogie")
```

You want to match g, og, go, or ogo and replace with ..

Write the R code that will make that happen.

Answer to Problem 1.

```
pattern <- 'o?go?'
gsub(pattern, '.', vText)
## [1] "..le" "l." "di." "bo.ie"</pre>
```

Section 2.

You have 3 strings of text that you wish to merge. One way to do this is to use the paste function.

```
x <- "I AM SAM. I AM SAM. SAM I AM."
y <- "THAT SAM-I-AM! THAT SAM-I-AM! I DO NOT LIKE THAT SAM-I-AM!"
z <- "DO YOU LIKE GREEN EGGS AND HAM?"
paste(x, y, z, collapse = NULL)</pre>
```

[1] "I AM SAM. I AM SAM. SAM I AM. THAT SAM-I-AM! THAT SAM-I-AM! I DO NOT LIKE THAT SAM-I-AM! DO YOU

Extra credit: What is the difference if you use the pasteO function instead of the paste function
above? pastO(x, y, z, collapse = NULL) omits the space between character vectors.

Problem 2.

Suppose that you now have 4 lines of text as follows:

```
W <- "Hey Diddle Diddle, the cat and the fiddle,"
X <- "The cow jumped over the moon."
Y <- "The little boy laughed to see such a sport,"
Z <- "And the dish ran away with the spoon."</pre>
```

Write the R code below to merge these 3 strings.

Answer to Problem 2.

```
paste(W, X, Y, Z, collapse = NULL)
```

[1] "Hey Diddle Diddle, the cat and the fiddle, The cow jumped over the moon. The little boy laughed

Problem 3.

We now want to concatenate our 4 vectors and NA. Do this using both methods.

```
W <- "Hey Diddle Diddle, the cat and the fiddle,"
X <- "The cow jumped over the moon."
Y <- "The little boy laughed to see such a sport,"
Z <- "And the dish ran away with the spoon."</pre>
```

Answer to Problem 3.

```
paste(W, X, Y, Z, NA, collapse = NULL)
```

```
## [1] "Hey Diddle Diddle, the cat and the fiddle, The cow jumped over the moon. The little boy laughed
str_c(W, X, Y, Z, " NA", collapse = NULL)
```

[1] "Hey Diddle Diddle, the cat and the fiddle, The cow jumped over the moon. The little boy laughed t

Problem 4.

Suppose Melinda Higgins wants to extract the last 6 letters of her name.

```
herName <- "Melinda Higgins"
```

Write the code below to extract the last 6 letters of her name.

Answer to Problem 4.

```
Length <- str_length(herName)
last6letters <- str_sub(herName, Length-5, Length)
last6letters</pre>
```

```
## [1] "iggins"
```

Problem 5.

I want to separate the following string into separate words:

```
myNewString <- "Now_is_the_time_for_all_good_men_to_come_to_the_aid_of_their_country"</pre>
```

Split this new string into separate words:

Answer to Problem 5.

```
mySeparatedString <- str_split(myNewString, "_")
mySeparatedString</pre>
```

```
## [[1]]
## [1] "Now"
                   "is"
                              "the"
                                         "time"
                                                   "for"
                                                              "all"
                                                                         "good"
## [8] "men"
                   "to"
                              "come"
                                         "to"
                                                   "the"
                                                              "aid"
                                                                         "of"
## [15] "their"
                   "country"
```

Problem 6.

Suppose we wanted to split off the first "word" from myNewString. Again, we have myNewString <- "Now_is_the_time_for_all_good_men_to_come_to_the_aid_of_their_country"

Split off the first word but leave the rest intact.

Answer 6.

```
myNewSplitSpring <- str_split(myNewString, "_", n=2)
myNewSplitSpring</pre>
```

```
## [[1]]
## [1] "Now"
## [2] "is_the_time_for_all_good_men_to_come_to_the_aid_of_their_country"
```

Problem 7.

```
yourNewString <- "Now is the time for all good men to come to the aid of their country"
```

Use the stri_count_words function as above to count the number of distinct words in yourNewString.

Answer 7.

```
stri_count_words(yourNewString)
```

[1] 16

Problem 8.

Suppose you have string listing famouse nurses and you want to find the duplicates. Here is the list:

```
nurses <-c("Nightingale", "Barton", "Dix", "Sanger", "Barton", "Woodruff", "Lincoln", "Dix", "Peplau")
```

Answer 8.

```
nurses[stri_duplicated(nurses)]
```

```
## [1] "Barton" "Dix"
```

Problem 9.

Suppose we create the object DIGITS as follows:

```
DIGITS <- c("0", "1", "2", "3", "4", "5", "6", "7", "8", "9")
```

How can we form the string '0 1-2 3-4 5-6 7-8 9-'?

Answer 9.

```
stri_join(DIGITS, separators = c("_","-"), collapse = "")
```

```
## [1] "0_1-2_3-4_5-6_7-8_9-"
```

Problem 10

Using the original pun, replace his with her and he with she:

pun<- "A statistician can have his head in an oven and his feet in ice, and he will say that on the average pun<- "A statistician can have his head in an oven and his feet in ice, and he will say that on the average pun<- "A statistician can have his head in an oven and his feet in ice, and he will say that on the average pun<- "A statistician can have his head in an oven and his feet in ice, and he will say that on the average pun<- "A statistician can have his head in an oven and his feet in ice, and he will say that on the average pun<- "A statistician can have his head in an oven and his feet in ice, and he will say that on the average pun<- "A statistician can have his head in an oven and his feet in ice, and he will say that on the average pun<- "A statistician can have head in an oven and his feet in ice, and he will say that on the average pun<- "A statistician can have head in a statistic punch of the statistic punch has been also been approximated by the statistic punch has been approximated by the statistic pun

Answer 10

Note that the word head also starts with he but we don't want to substitute she into there.

```
punModified <- stri_replace_all_fixed(pun, c("his", " he "), c("her", " she "), vectorize_all = FALSE)
punModified</pre>
```

[1] "A statistician can have her head in an oven and her feet in ice, and she will say that on the a