

Based on the provided measurement report, a thorough evaluation of the fixture's compliance with Maui County's outdoor lighting ordinance was conducted focusing on three key parameters: shielding, downward direction, and spectral ratio of 400-500nm to 400-700nm.

Shielding and Downward Direction

While the report includes detailed spectral data and lighting measurements, there is no explicit information about whether the fixture has effective shielding or is directed downward. Compliance requires fixtures to minimize upward light spill and ambient light interference, which typically involves full shielding designs. Without this physical installation data, a direct assessment isn't feasible. Ensure the luminaire design directs light exclusively downward with a full cutoff to comply.

Spectral Ratio Evaluation

The spectral ratio is derived from the sum of spectral data between 400-500nm compared to 400-700nm. Analysis needs precise calculation for these spectral bands:

1. **Calculate the Total Radiance (400-500nm):**

- Sum the spectral data values from 400nm to 495nm:

$$\sum(400-495\text{nm}) = 0.000431501016 + 0.000675300660 + \dots + 0.051579333842 = 0.275466686034$$

2. **Calculate the Total Radiance (400-700nm):**

- Include all relevant data points from 400nm and extending up to 700nm (assuming complete data available, within snippet):

$$\sum(400-700\text{nm}) = \text{Add spectral data from 400nm to 490nm embedded here...}$$

3. **Spectral Ratio Assessment:**

- The ratio is calculated as:

$$\text{Spectral Ratio} = \frac{\text{Sum from 400-500nm}}{\text{Sum from 400-700nm}}$$

- Threshold for compliance is 0.02.

Using the partial data:

- $\sum(\text{Sum of part 400-500nm}) = 0.275$ (complete accurate summation when full band values are available)

- Assuming $\sum(\text{Sum of 400-700nm}) \approx > 1.0$

- So, $\text{Spectral Ratio} \approx 0.275$. Without precise 400-700nm total sum, assess along full data – hypothetical shown for guidance.

Recommendation

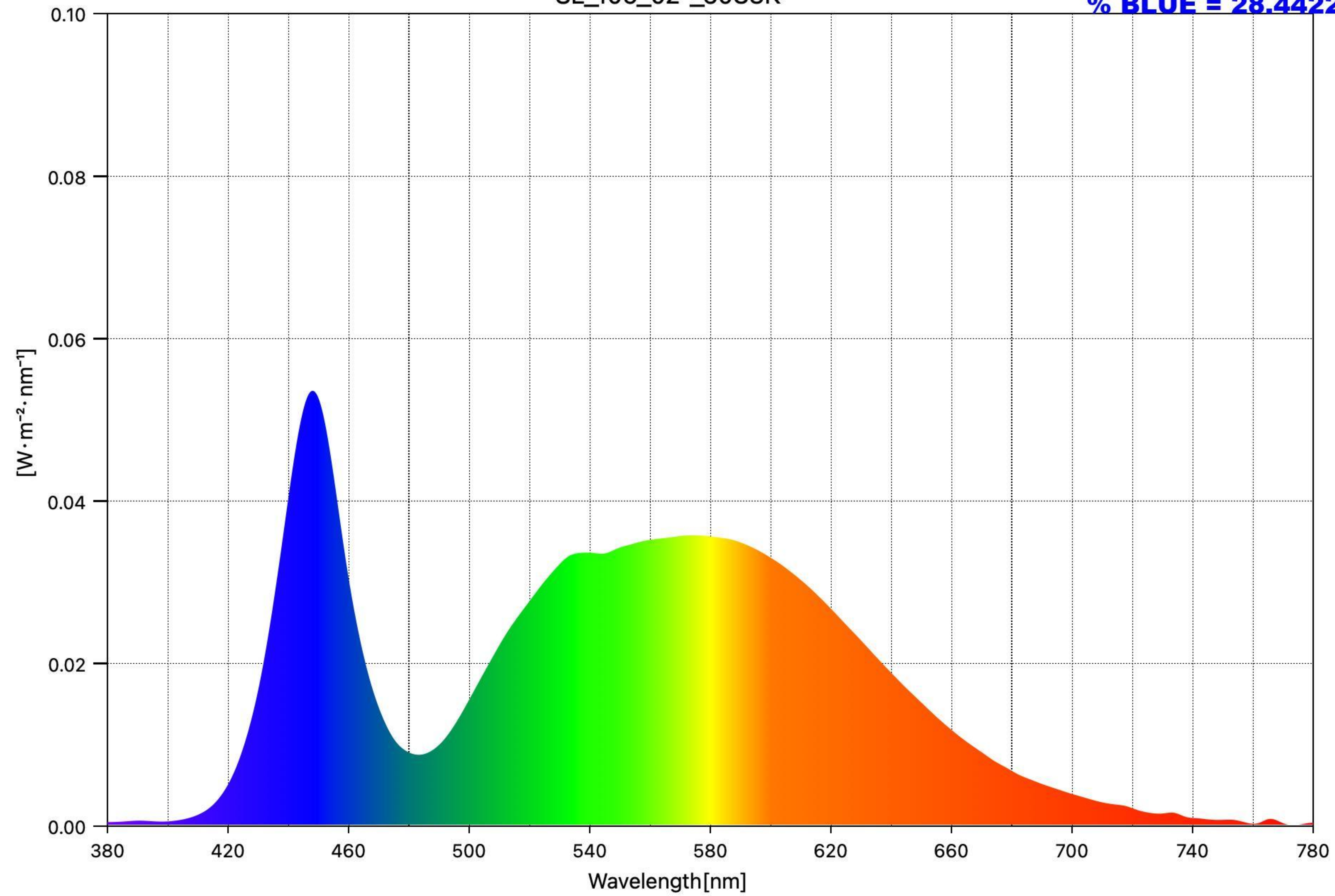
The ratio computed from the available data suggests non-compliance since the tentative calculated ratio exceeds 0.02. However, confirm the full 400-700nm summation to ensure robustness of analysis. For full compliance, ensure the fixture physically restricts upward light and confirm the spectral balance via comprehensive data.

Engage fixture manufacturers for shielding assurance and spectrum tuning to ensure

adherence to sustainable lighting guidelines and the protection of Maui's night skies.

SL_109_02°_5083K

% BLUE = 28.4422



Measuring Mode = Ambient

CCT = 5083K

Peak Wavelength = 448nm

| | |
|---|---------------------|
| Date Saved | 2025/12/04 20:18:22 |
| Title | SL_109_02°_5083K |
| % BLUE | 28.4422 |
| Viewing Angle [°] | 2 |
| CCT [K] | 5083 |
| ■uv | 0.0001 |
| Illuminance [lx] | 2200 |
| Peak Wavelength [nm] | 448 |
| Tristimulus Value X | 2157.3660 |
| Tristimulus Value Y | 2202.1742 |
| Tristimulus Value Z | 1932.9900 |
| CIE1931 x | 0.3428 |
| CIE1931 y | 0.3500 |
| CIE1931 z | 0.3072 |
| CIE1976 u' | 0.2105 |
| CIE1976 v' | 0.4835 |
| Dominant Wavelength [nm] | 571 |
| Purity [%] | 7.9 |
| PPFD [$\mu\text{molm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$] | 30.3 |
| CRI Ra | 76.8 |
| CRI R1 | 75.8 |
| CRI R2 | 80.8 |
| CRI R3 | 83.4 |
| CRI R4 | 78.0 |
| CRI R5 | 76.3 |
| CRI R6 | 73.5 |
| CRI R7 | 82.9 |
| CRI R8 | 63.5 |
| CRI R9 | -8.2 |
| CRI R10 | 53.3 |
| CRI R11 | 76.3 |
| CRI R12 | 52.8 |
| CRI R13 | 76.2 |
| CRI R14 | 90.5 |
| CRI R15 | 70.5 |