

Characterising Drought in East Africa

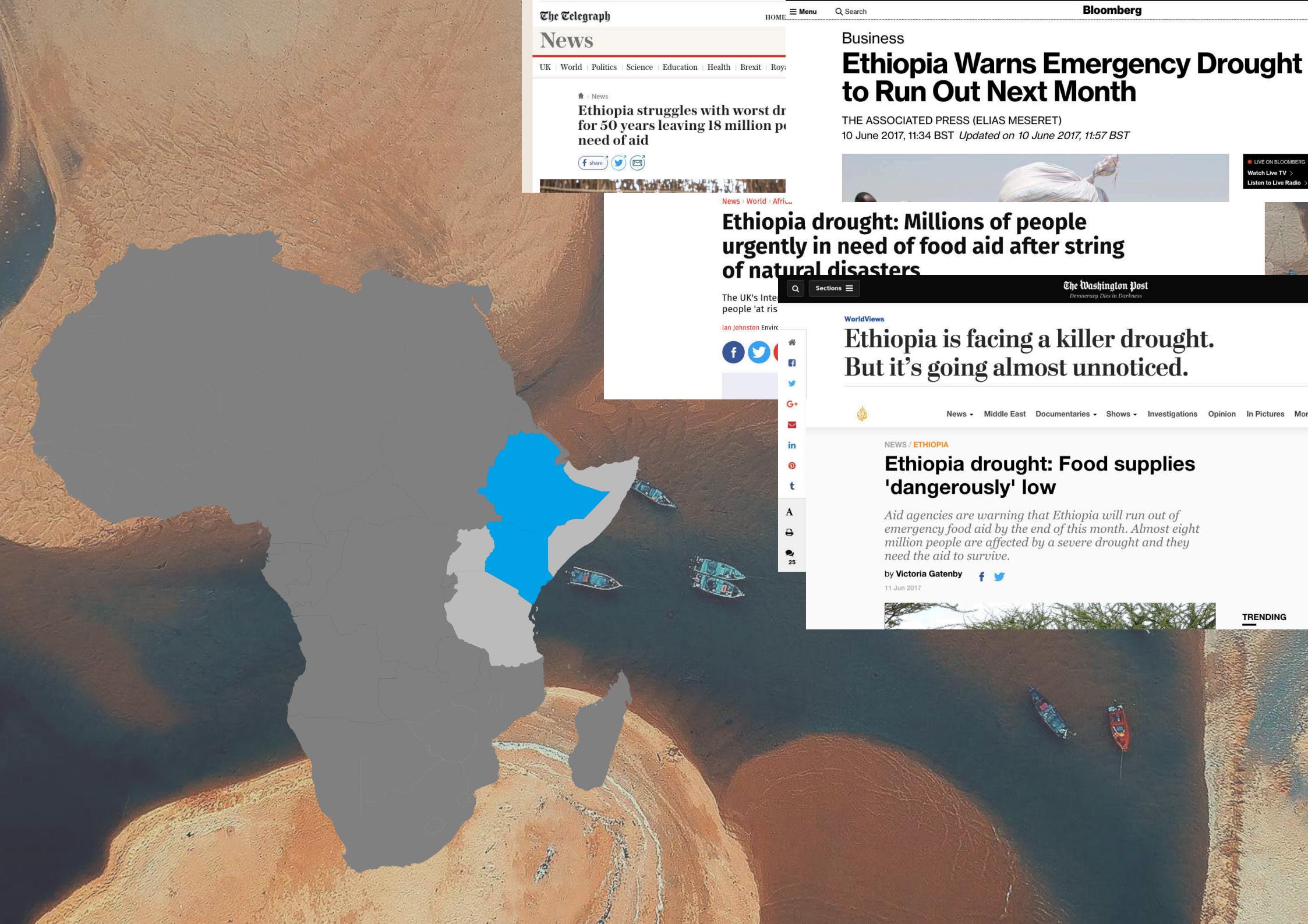
Improving datasets and drought indices
using Earth observation data.

Supervisors: Professor Simon Dadson; Dr Steven Reece



ENVIRONMENTAL RESEARCH
DOCTORAL TRAINING PARTNERSHIP

NERC
SCIENCE OF THE
ENVIRONMENT



News

[UK](#) | [World](#) | [Politics](#) | [Science](#) | [Education](#) | [Health](#) | [Brexit](#) | [Roy...](#)

News

Ethiopia struggles with worst dr
for 50 years leaving 18 million peo
need of aid

[share](#) [Twitter](#) [Email](#)[News](#) > [World](#) > [Africa](#)

Business

Ethiopia Warns Emergency Drought to Run Out Next Month

THE ASSOCIATED PRESS (ELIAS MESERET)

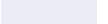
10 June 2017, 11:34 BST Updated on 10 June 2017, 11:57 BST

[LIVE ON BLOOMBERG](#)
[Watch Live TV](#) >
[Listen to Live Radio](#) >

Ethiopia drought: Millions of people urgently in need of food aid after string of natural disasters

The UK's inter
people 'at ris

Ian Johnston Enviro...

**The Washington Post**
Democracy Dies in Darkness

WorldViews

Ethiopia is facing a killer drought. But it's going almost unnoticed.

News ▾ Middle East Documentaries ▾ Shows ▾ Investigations Opinion In Pictures More

NEWS / ETHIOPIA

Ethiopia drought: Food supplies 'dangerously' low

Aid agencies are warning that Ethiopia will run out of emergency food aid by the end of this month. Almost eight million people are affected by a severe drought and they need the aid to survive.

by Victoria Gatenby



11 Jun 2017

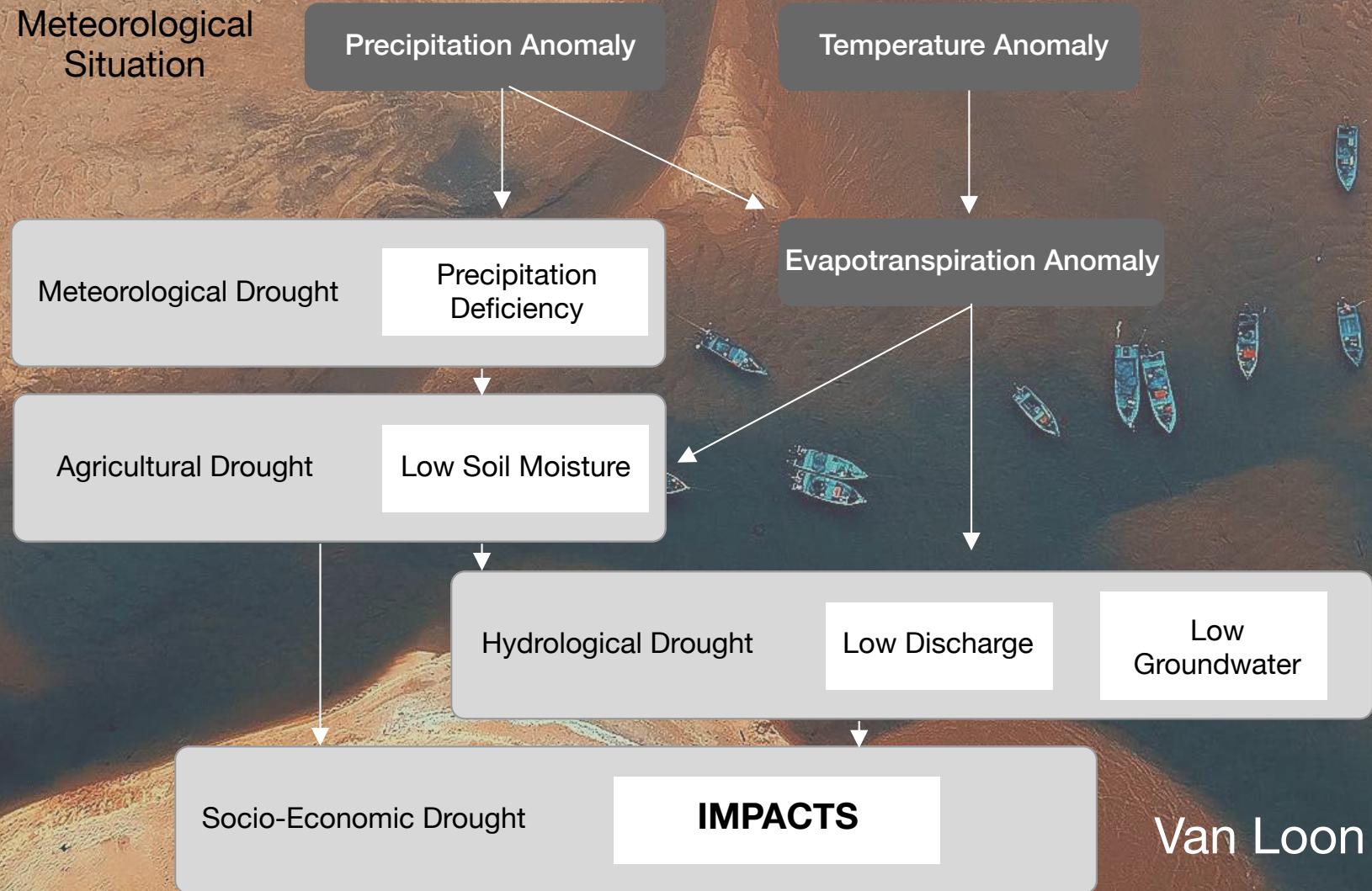


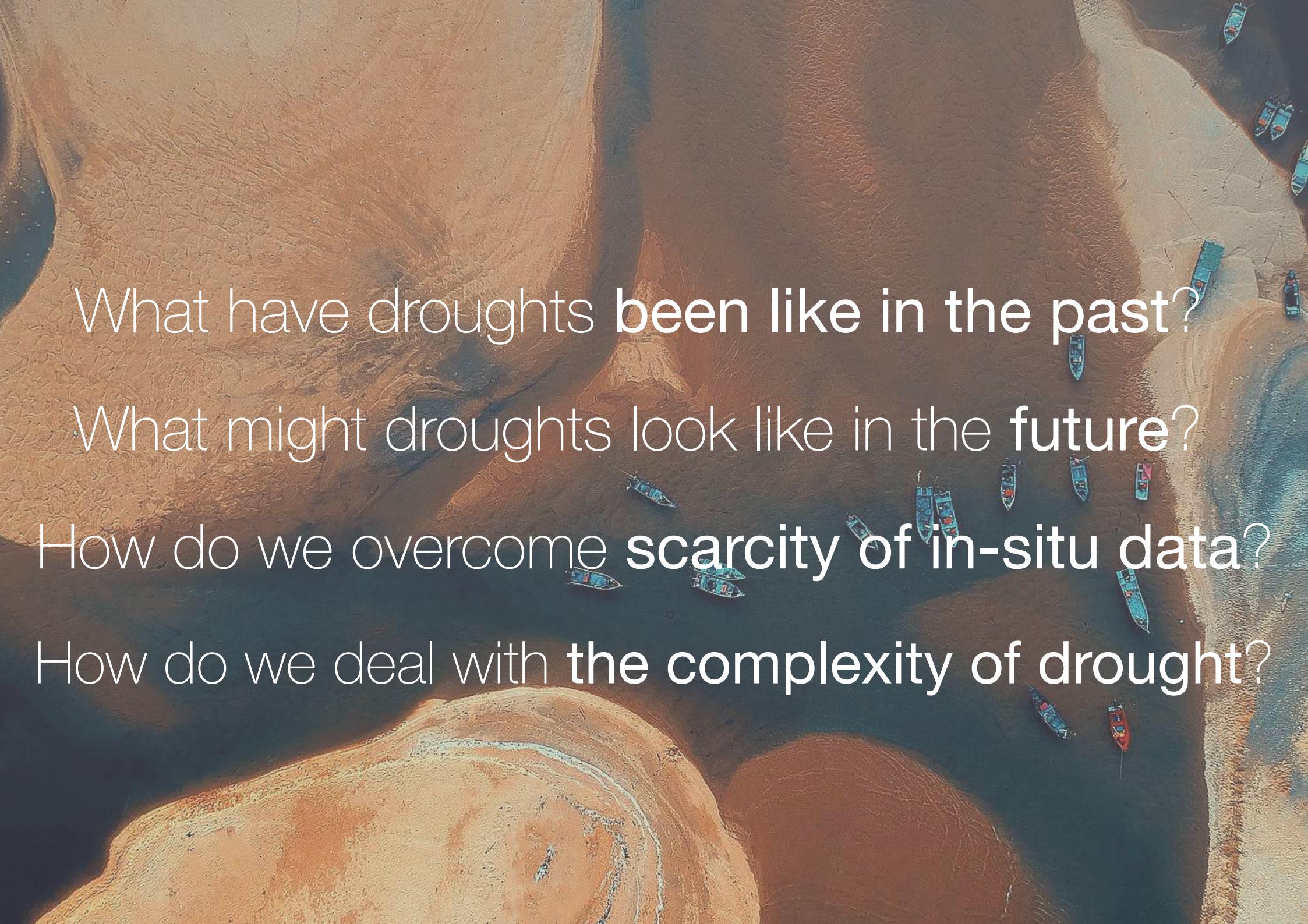
TRENDING



“the creeping disaster”

Sheffield and Wood (2011)



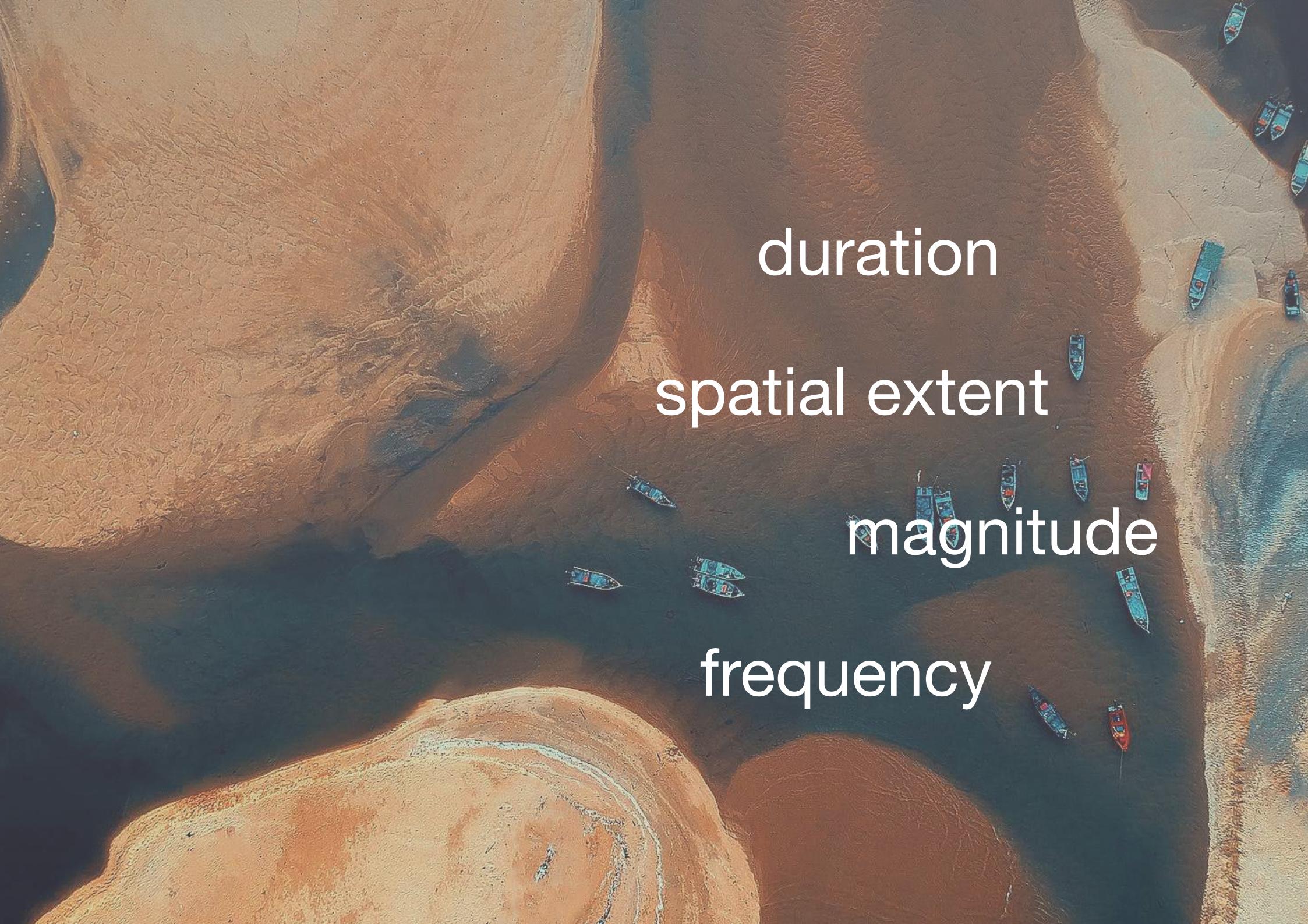
The background image is an aerial photograph of a river system. The water appears dark blue in the deeper areas and brownish-orange near the banks, which are sandy and show signs of erosion. Several small, colorful boats are scattered across the water, particularly along the right bank where they are moored in a line.

What have droughts **been like in the past?**

What might droughts look like in the **future?**

How do we overcome **scarcity of in-situ data?**

How do we deal with **the complexity of drought?**

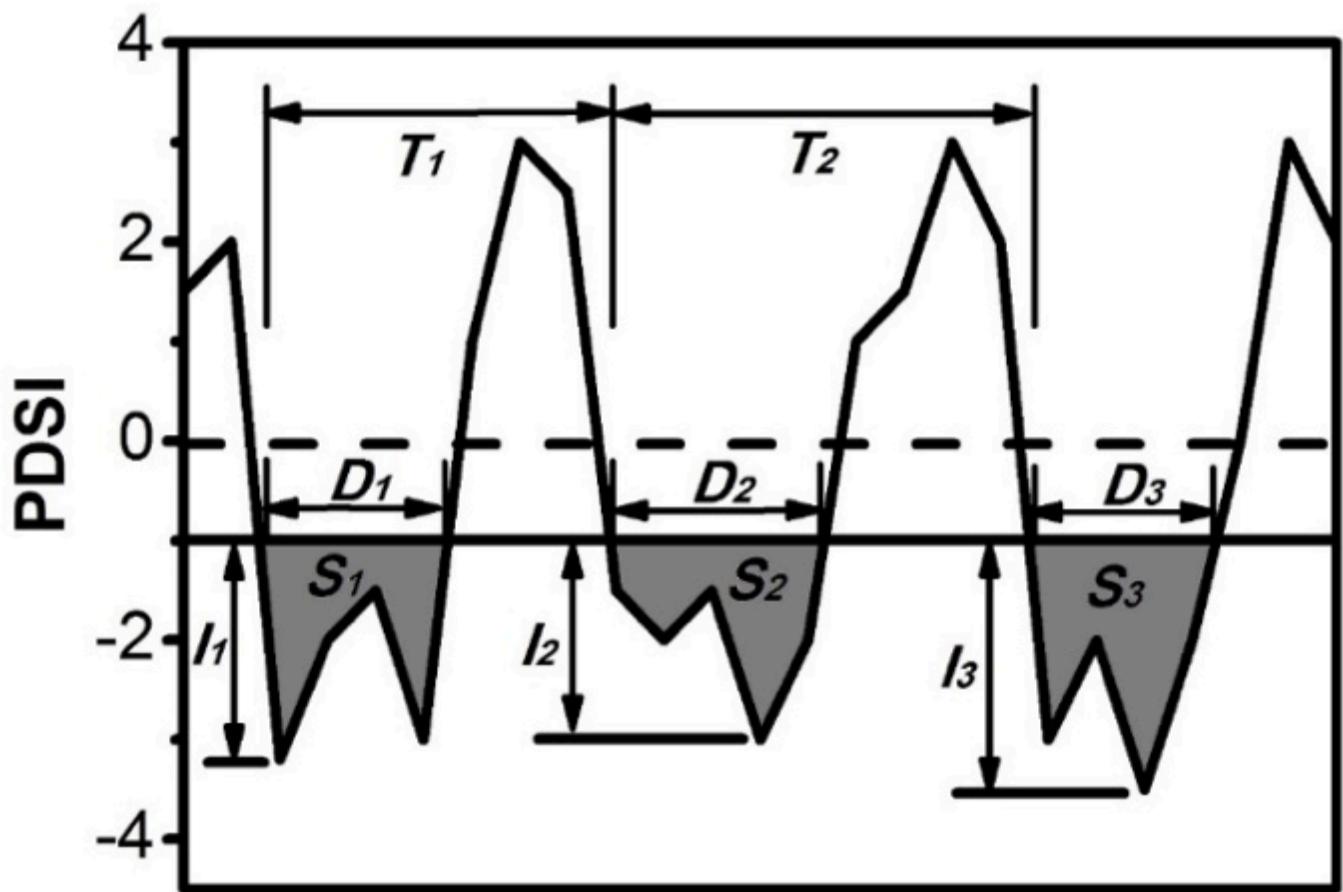
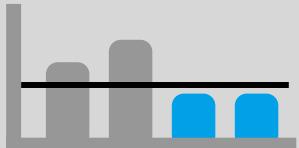
An aerial photograph of a river system where it meets the sea. The water is a dark teal color, and the surrounding land is a mix of brown and tan, showing signs of erosion and sedimentation. Numerous small, colorful boats are scattered across the water, particularly concentrated along the right bank and in the upper right corner.

duration

spatial extent

magnitude

frequency



Research Gap



soil moisture key variable for **impact**

Rojas et al (2011)

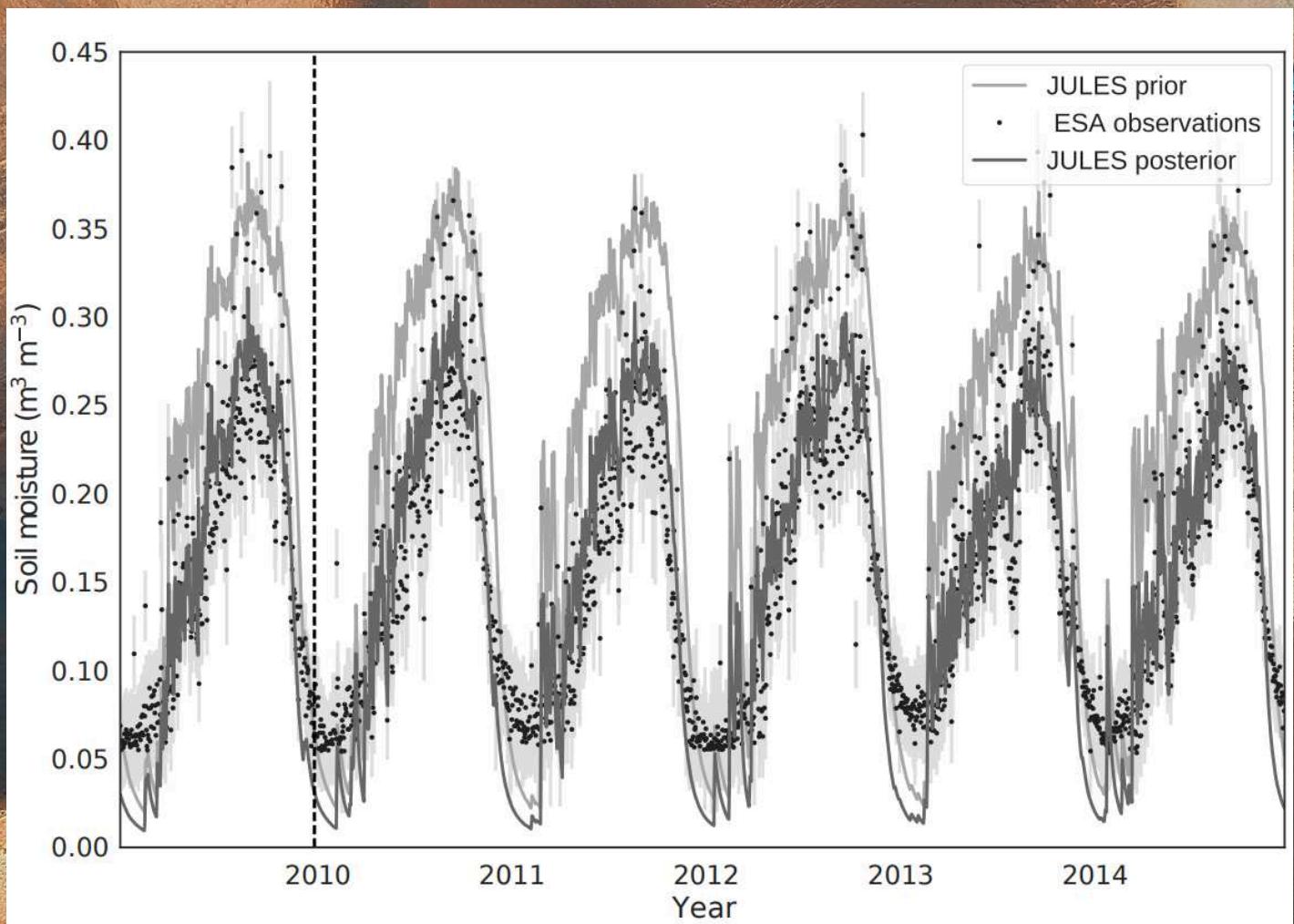
memory of soil moisture = **predictability**

Aghakouchak et al (2016), Aghakouchak et al (2015)

unable to directly observe **root zone**

Dorigo et al (2016), Wagner et al (2012)

Method



Pinnington et al (2018)

The background image is an aerial photograph of a river delta, showing numerous waterways and small boats. The land is a mix of brown and greenish-brown colors, indicating different soil types or vegetation. The water is dark blue.

Research Gap



impact often considered at **national scale**

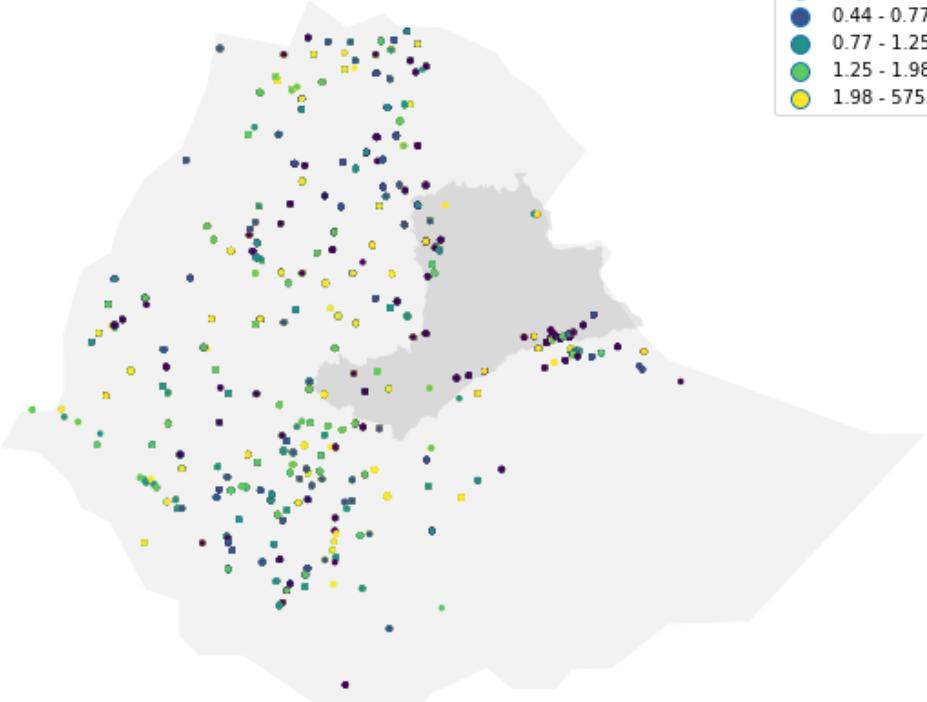
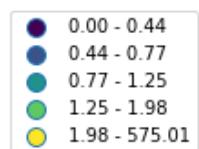
Enenkel et al (2011)

Increased predictive **accuracy using GPs**

J, You et al (2017)

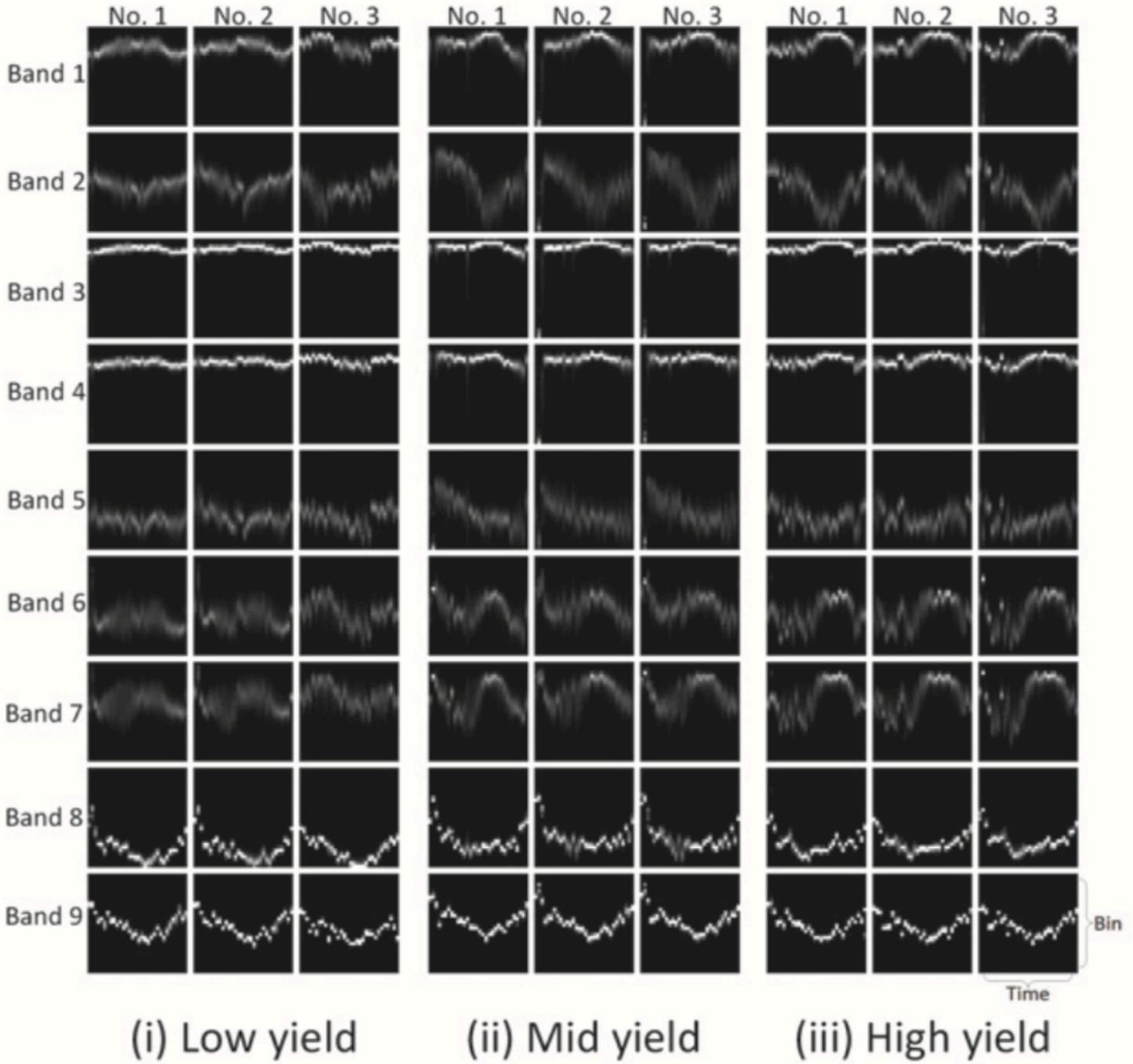
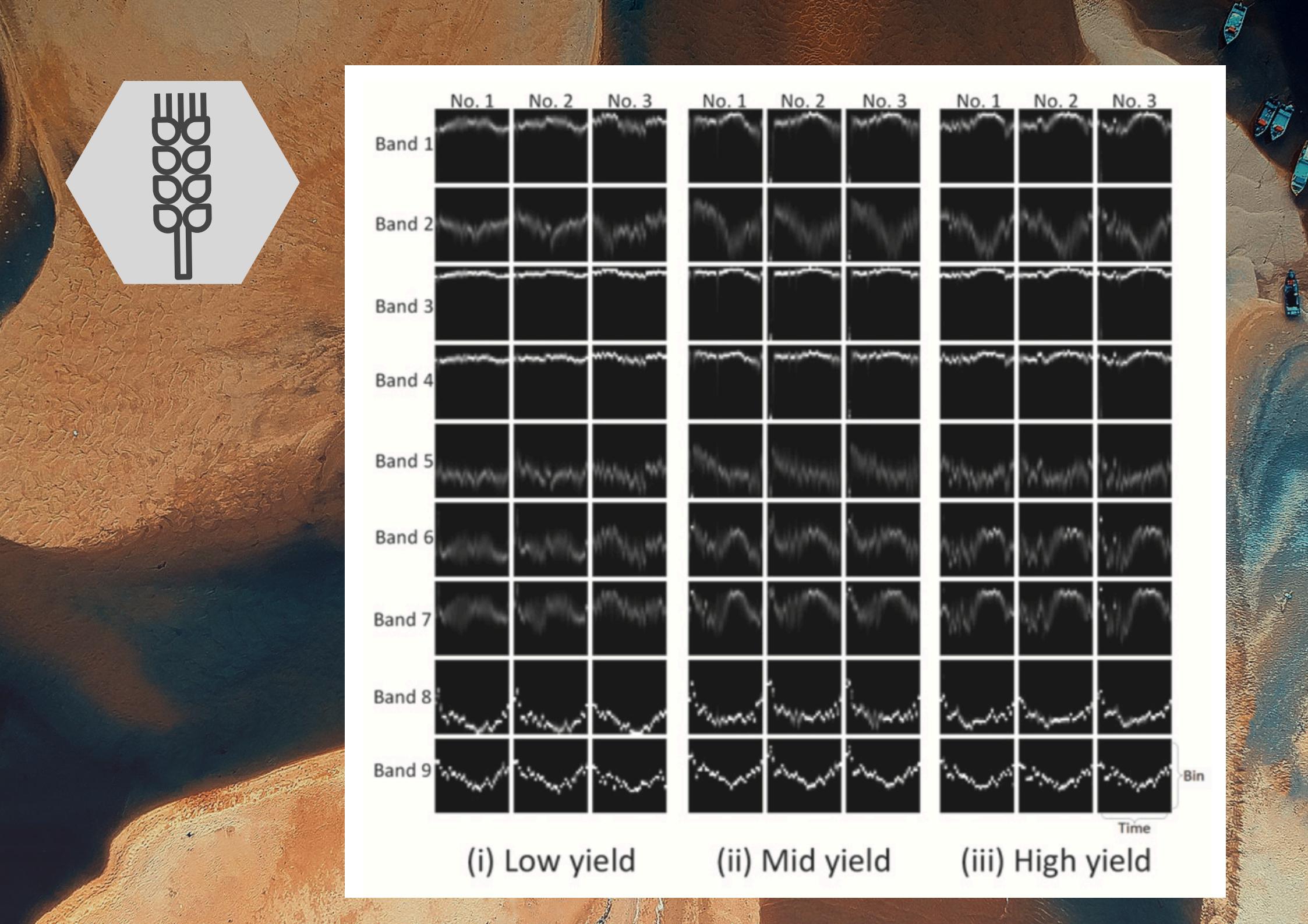


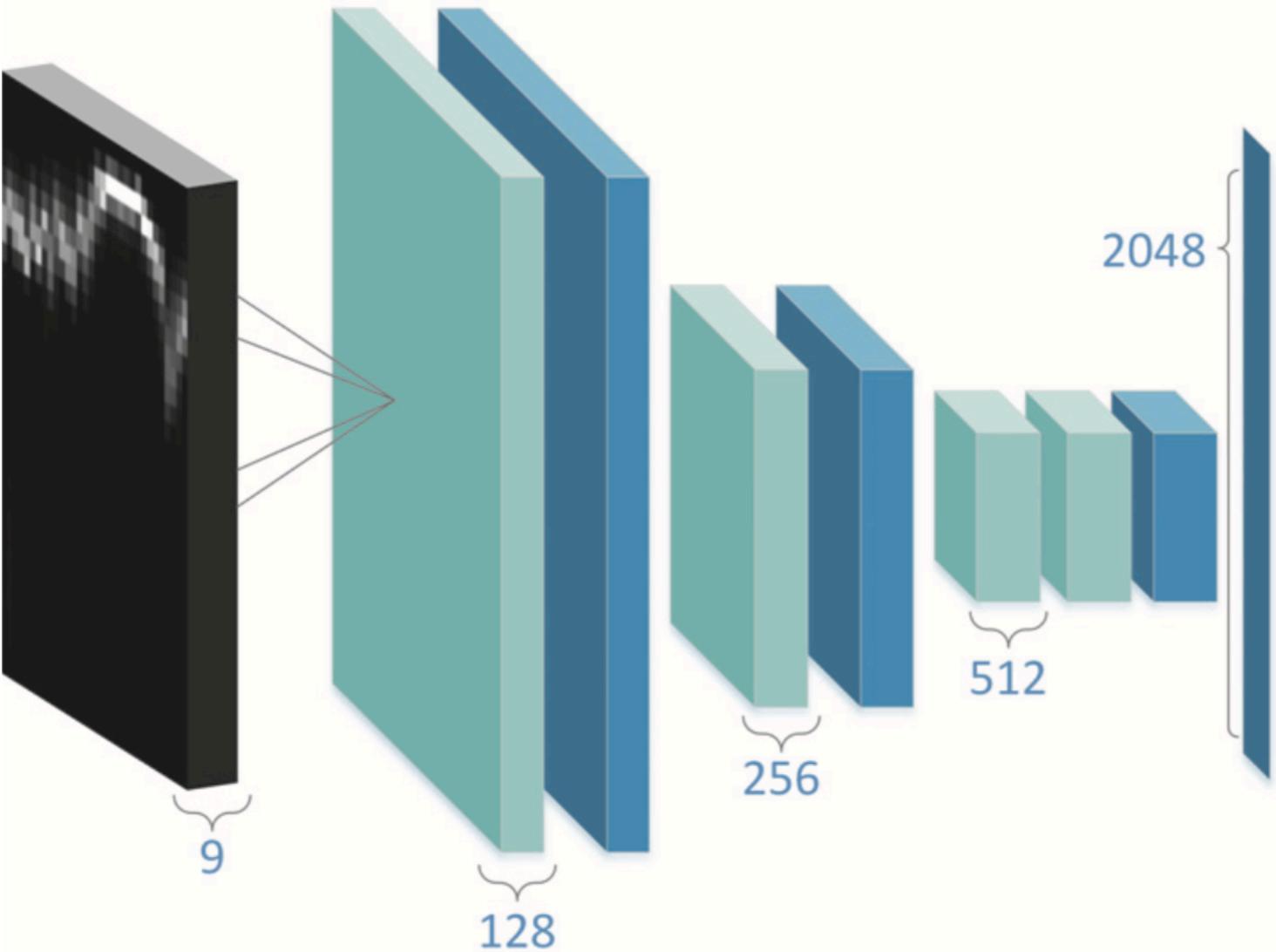
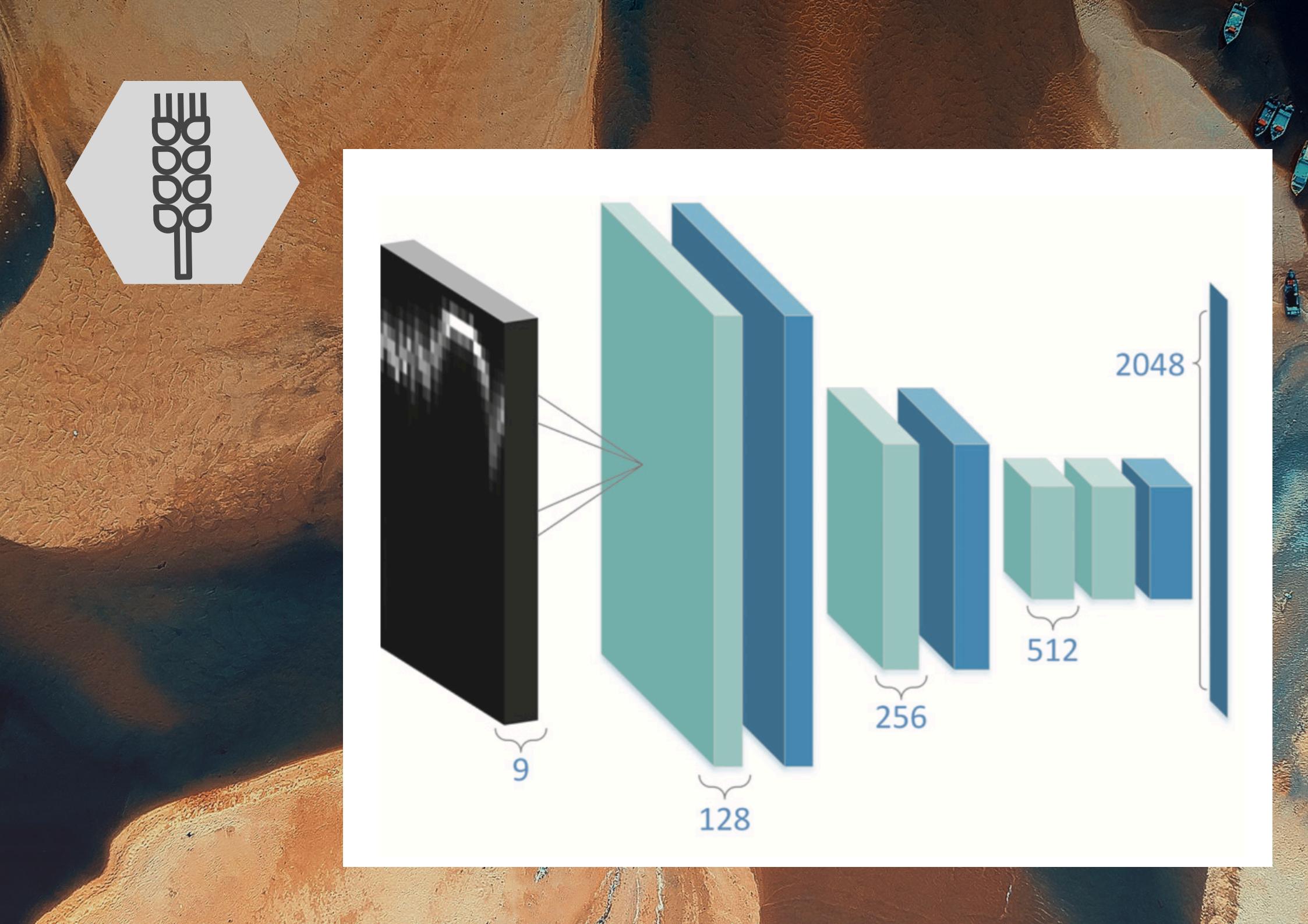
Location of Surveys in Ethiopia



Method





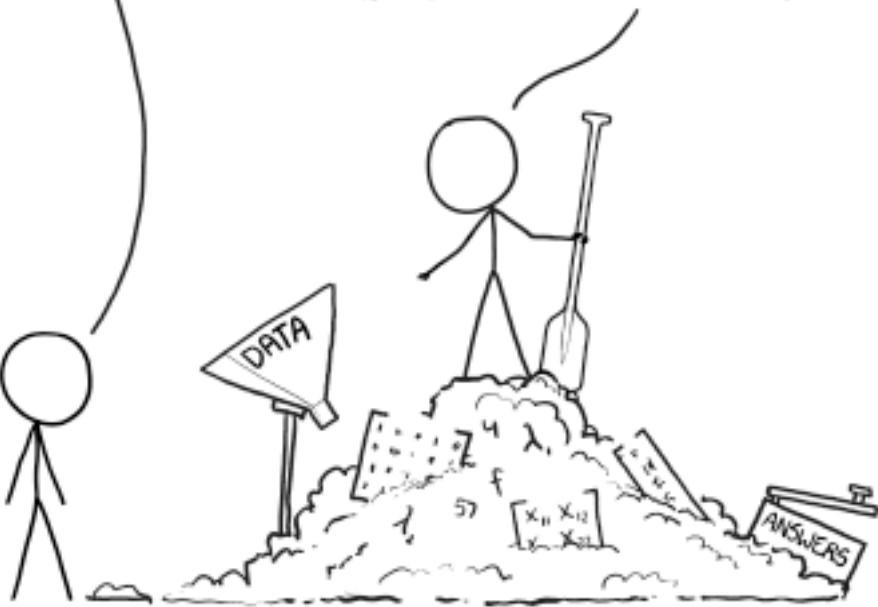


THIS IS YOUR MACHINE LEARNING SYSTEM?

YUP! YOU POUR THE DATA INTO THIS BIG
PILE OF LINEAR ALGEBRA, THEN COLLECT
THE ANSWERS ON THE OTHER SIDE.

WHAT IF THE ANSWERS ARE WRONG?

JUST STIR THE PILE UNTIL
THEY START LOOKING RIGHT.





UNIVERSITY OF
OXFORD



ENVIRONMENTAL RESEARCH
DOCTORAL TRAINING PARTNERSHIP

NERC
SCIENCE OF THE
ENVIRONMENT