

3

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```
rm(list=ls()); gc(); gc(); # r
if (!require("pacman")) install.packages("pacman") # pacman
pacman::p_load(tidyverse, magrittr)
```

3.1

2 X, Y $X Y$

1. $\text{Var}(X + Y)$

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Var}(X + Y) &= \text{Cov}(X + Y)(X + Y) \\ &= \text{Cov}(X, X) + \text{Cov}(Y, Y) + 2\text{Cov}(X, Y) \\ &= \text{Var}(X) + \text{Var}(Y)\end{aligned}$$

2. $\text{Var}(X - Y)$

$$Z = -Y$$

$$\text{Var}(Z) = \text{Var}(-Y) = (-1)^2 \text{Var}(Y) = \text{Var}(Y)$$

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Var}(X + Z) &= \text{Cov}(X + Z)(X + Z) \\ &= \text{Cov}(X, X) + \text{Cov}(Y, Y) + 2\text{Cov}(X, Z) \\ &= \text{Var}(X) + \text{Var}(Z) \\ &= \text{Var}(X) + \text{Var}(Y)\end{aligned}$$

3.2

```
tempdata <- read_csv("R_EmpiricalAnalysis_csv/chap03/temperature.csv")
```

```
1. temp    2014
```

```
tempdata %$%  
  mean(temp)
```

```
[1] 16.64065
```

```
2.
```

```
sub <- tempdata %>%  
  slice(1:100) #slice:  
  mean(sub$temp)
```

```
[1] 7.204
```

```
3.
```

```
sub2 <- tempdata %>%
  slice_sample(n = 100)
mean(sub2$temp)
```

```
[1] 18.255
```

3.3

```
icedata <- read_csv("R_EmpiricalAnalysis_csv/chap03/icecream.csv")
```

```
1
```

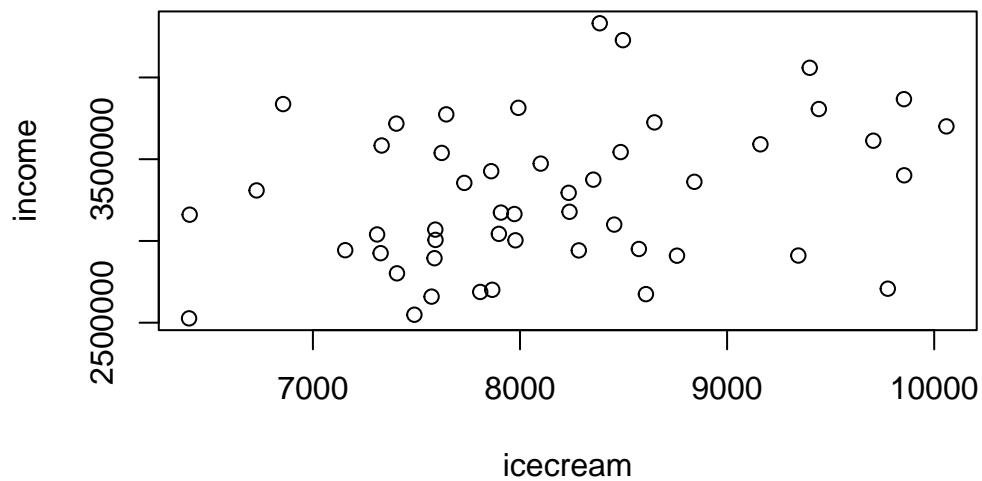
```
icedata %>%
  dplyr::select(city, icecream) %>%
  arrange(-icecream)
```

```
# A tibble: 49 x 2
  city      icecream
  <chr>      <dbl>
1      10059
2      9855
3      9854
4      9776
5      9706
6      9443
7      9399
8      9344
9      9161
10     8842
# i 39 more rows
```

```
icedata%$%
  which.max(icecream)
```

```
[1] 17
```

```
icedata %$%
  plot(icecream,income)
```



```
icedata %$%
  cor(icecream,income)
```

```
[1] 0.3113555
```

3.4

1

```
S <- 1000
X <- rnorm(S, 50, 10)
rec <- numeric(S)

for(i in 1:S){
  rec[i] <- (10 < X[i])
}
mean(rec)
```

```
[1] 1
```

2

```

S <- 1000
X <- rnorm(S, 50, 10)
rec <- numeric(S)

for(i in 1:S){
  rec[i] <- (-10 < X[i]) & (X[i] < 10)
}
mean(rec)

```

[1] 0

3

```

S <- 1000
X <- rnorm(S, 50, 10)
Y <- rnorm(S, 50, 10)

rec <- numeric(S)

for(i in 1:S){
  rec[i] <- (Y[i])^2 < X[i]
}
mean(rec)

```

[1] 0

3.5

```

S <- 10000
N <- 10000

rec <- numeric(S)

for(i in 1:S){
  X <- rnorm(N, 50, 10)
  Xbar <- mean(X)
  Vn <- var(X)
  lb <- Xbar - 1.64 * sqrt(Vn / N)
  ub <- Xbar + 1.64 * sqrt(Vn / N)
}

```

```
    rec[i] <- (lb < 50) & (ub > 50)
  }
  mean(rec)
```

```
[1] 0.9019
```