#### In [1]:

- import numpy as np
- import pandas as pd
- import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
- 4 import math 5 % matplotlib inline

$$P = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ -i & i \end{pmatrix}$$
$$D = \begin{pmatrix} i & 0 \\ 0 & -i \end{pmatrix}$$

とすると、

$$P^{-1}JP = D$$

と対角化できる。

ここで、

$$x = \begin{bmatrix} p \\ q \end{bmatrix}$$

とし、

$$x = Pu$$

と置くと、

$$\dot{u} = P^{-1}\dot{x}$$

$$= P^{-1}Jx$$

$$= P^{-1}JPP^{-1}x$$

$$= Du$$

つまり、

$$u = \begin{bmatrix} u_1 \\ u_2 \end{bmatrix}$$

として、

$$u_1 = iu_1$$

$$u_2 = -iu_2$$

$$u_1(0) = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$u_2(0) = \frac{1}{2}$$

と書ける。

よって、uについて数値的に考察すれば、

を用いて

$$x = \begin{bmatrix} p \\ q \end{bmatrix}$$

の挙動を数値的に考えていくことができる。

また、この方程式を解くと、解は

$$x = \begin{bmatrix} \cos(t) \\ \sin(t) \end{bmatrix}$$

となる。

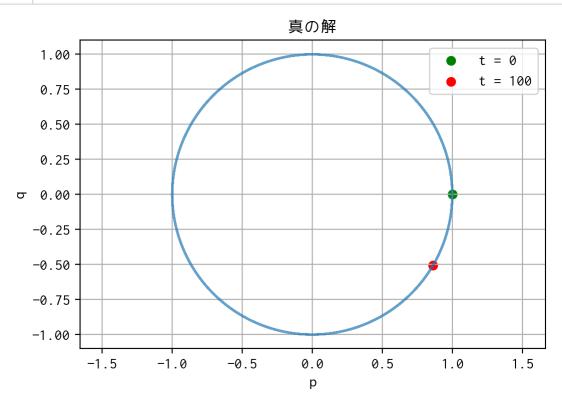
#### In [2]:

```
P = np.array([[1, 1], [-1j, 1j]])
 2
 3
     def u2x(u_1_array, u_2_array):
 4
       return np.array([np.dot(P, np.array([[u_1], [u_2]])) for u_1, u_2 in zip(u_1_array, u_2_array)]
 5
 6
     def plot_x(x, title):
 7
       plt.scatter(x[0, 0], x[0, 1], color='green', label='t = 0')
 8
       plt.scatter(x[-1, 0], x[-1, 1], color='red', label='t = 100')
 9
       plt.plot(x[:, 0], x[:, 1], alpha = 0.7)
10
       plt.legend()
11
12
       plt.title(title)
13
       plt.xlabel('p')
14
       plt.ylabel('q')
15
       plt.grid()
       plt.axis('equal')
16
17
       plt.show()
```

## 1 真の解

#### In [3]:

```
1 T = [i * 0.1 for i in range(1001)]
2 x = np.array([[[math.cos(t)], [math.sin(t)]] for t in T])
3 plot_x(x, '真の解')
```



# 2 陽的Euler法

#### In [4]:

```
1 def f_1(x):
2 return 1j * x
3
4 def f_2(x):
5 return -1j * x
```

## In [5]:

```
1  def explicit_euler_method(f, x_0, h = 0.1, T = 100):
2   t = 0
3   xs = [x_0]
4   while t < T:
5    xs.append(h * f(xs[-1]) + xs[-1])
6   t += h
7   return xs</pre>
```

#### In [6]:

```
1  u_1 = explicit_euler_method(f_1, 0.5)
2  u_2 = explicit_euler_method(f_2, 0.5)
```

### In [7]:

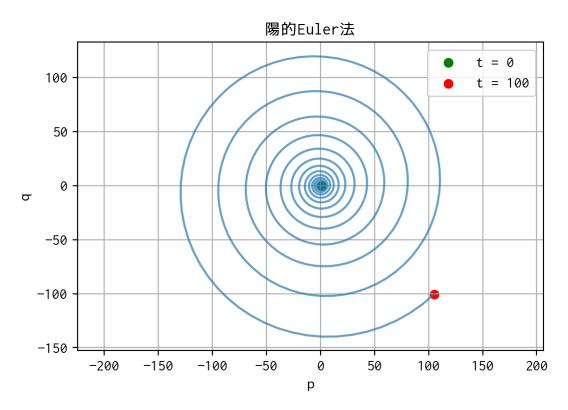
```
1 x = u2x(u_1, u_2)
2 plot_x(x, '陽的Euler法')
```

/Users/uedatomohiro/.pyenv/versions/anaconda3-5.1.0/lib/python3.6/site-packages/numpy/core/numeric.py:544: ComplexWarning: Casting complex values to real discards the imaginary part

return array(a, dtype, copy=False, order=order, subok=True)

/Users/uedatomohiro/.pyenv/versions/anaconda3-5.1.0/lib/python3.6/site-packages/numpy/core/numeric.py:492: ComplexWarning: Casting complex values to real discards the imaginary part

return array(a, dtype, copy=False, order=order)



# 3 陰的Euler法

#### In [8]:

```
1  def u_1_implicit_euler_method(x_0, h = 0.1, T = 100):
2  t = 0
3  xs = [x_0]
4  while t < T:
5  xs.append(xs[-1] / (1 - 1j * h))
6  t += h
7  return xs</pre>
```

#### In [9]:

```
1    def u_2_implicit_euler_method(x_0, h = 0.1, T = 100):
2     t = 0
3     xs = [x_0]
4     while t < T:
5     xs.append(xs[-1] / (1 + 1j*h))
6     t += h
7     return xs</pre>
```

#### In [10]:

```
1  u_1 = u_1_implicit_euler_method(0.5)
2  u_2 = u_2_implicit_euler_method(0.5)
```

#### In [11]:

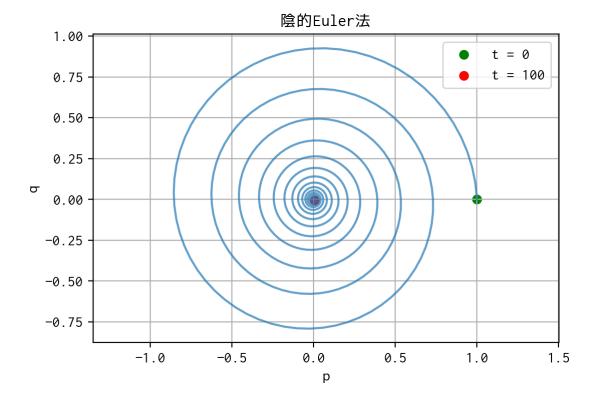
```
1 x = u2x(u_1, u_2)
2 plot_x(x, '陰的Euler法')
```

/Users/uedatomohiro/.pyenv/versions/anaconda3-5.1.0/lib/python3.6/site-packages/numpy/core/numeric.py:544: ComplexWarning: Casting complex values to real discards the imaginary part

return array(a, dtype, copy=False, order=order, subok=True)

/Users/uedatomohiro/.pyenv/versions/anaconda3-5.1.0/lib/python3.6/site-packages/numpy/core/numeric.py:492: ComplexWarning: Casting complex values to real discards the imaginary part

return array(a, dtype, copy=False, order=order)



## 4 台形法

### In [12]:

```
1    def u_1_trapezoidal_method(x_0, h = 0.1, T = 100):
2        t = 0
3        xs = [x_0]
4        while t < T:
5             xs.append((2 + h * 1j) / (2 - h * 1j) * xs[-1])
6        t += h
7        return xs</pre>
```

#### In [13]:

```
1    def u_2_trapezoidal_method(x_0, h = 0.1, T = 100):
2        t = 0
3        xs = [x_0]
4        while t < T:
5             xs.append((2 - h * 1j) / (2 + h * 1j) * xs[-1])
6        t += h
7        return xs</pre>
```

### In [14]:

```
1 u_1 = u_1_trapezoidal_method(0.5)
2 u_2 = u_2_trapezoidal_method(0.5)
```

#### In [15]:

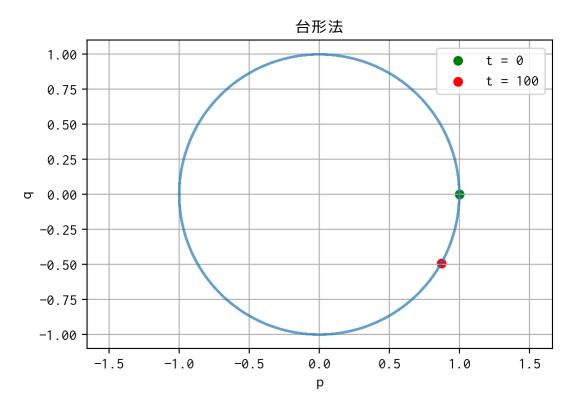
```
1 x = u2x(u_1, u_2)
2 plot_x(x, '台形法')
```

/Users/uedatomohiro/.pyenv/versions/anaconda3-5.1.0/lib/python3.6/site-packages/numpy/core/numeric.py:544: ComplexWarning: Casting complex values to real discards the imaginary part

return array(a, dtype, copy=False, order=order, subok=True)

/Users/uedatomohiro/.pyenv/versions/anaconda3-5.1.0/lib/python3.6/site-packages/numpy/core/numeric.py:492: ComplexWarning: Casting complex values to real discards the imaginary part

return array(a, dtype, copy=False, order=order)



# 5 Runge-Kutta法

#### In [16]:

```
def runge_kutta_method(f, x_0, h = 0.1, T = 100):
 1
 2
 3
       xs = [x_0]
 4
       while t < T:
 5
         y_n = xs[-1]
 6
         k_1 = f(y_n)
 7
         k_2 = f(y_n + h / 2 * k_1)
 8
         k_3 = f(y_n + h / 2 * k_2)
         k_4 = f(y_n + h * k_3)
 9
10
         xs.append(xs[-1] + h * (k_1 / 6 + k_2 / 3 + k_3 / 3 + k_4 / 6))
11
         t += h
12
       return xs
```

## In [17]:

```
1 u_1 = runge_kutta_method(f_1, 0.5)
2 u_2 = runge_kutta_method(f_2, 0.5)
```

#### In [18]:

```
1 x = u2x(u_1, u_2)
2 plot_x(x, 'Runge-Kutta法')
```

/Users/uedatomohiro/.pyenv/versions/anaconda3-5.1.0/lib/python3.6/site-packages/numpy/core/numeric.py:544: ComplexWarning: Casting complex values to real discards the imaginary part

return array(a, dtype, copy=False, order=order, subok=True)

/Users/uedatomohiro/.pyenv/versions/anaconda3-5.1.0/lib/python3.6/site-packages/numpy/core/numeric.py:492: ComplexWarning: Casting complex values to real discards the imaginary part

return array(a, dtype, copy=False, order=order)

