数字信号处理第一次 Matlab 实验报告

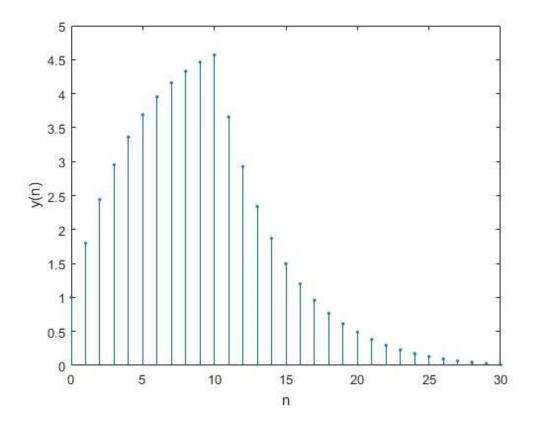
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练习题1

Matlab 代码:

```
응응
clear;
close all;
clc;
응응
nn1 = 0: 20;
f1 = power(0.8, nn1);
nn2 = 0: 10;
f2 = heaviside(nn2+1);
y = conv(f1, f2);
응응
l = 0: length(y)-1;
figure(1);
stem(1, y, '.');
xlabel('n');
ylabel('y(n)');
응응
```

结果:



练习题 2

Matlab 代码:

```
%%

clc;
clear;
close all;

%% p1 = 0.2

z = [0]'; k = 1;
n = (0: 500)*pi/500;
p1 = [0.2]';

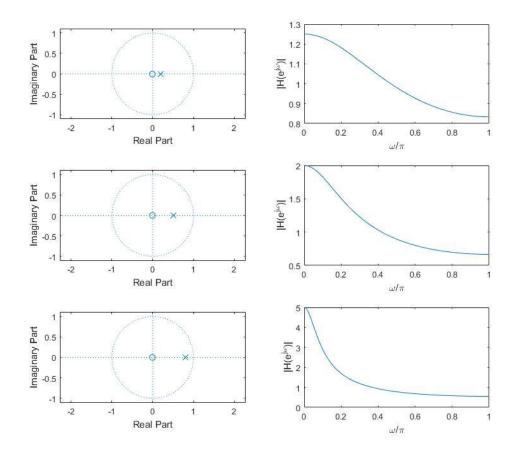
[b1, a1] = zp2tf(z, p1, k);
[h1, w1] = freqz(b1, a1, n);

%% p2 = 0.5
```

```
p2 = [0.5]';
[b2, a2] = zp2tf(z, p2, k);
[h2, w2] = freqz(b2, a2, n);
\% p3 = 0.8
p3 = [0.8]';
[b3, a3] = zp2tf(z, p3, k);
[h3, w3] = freqz(b3, a3, n);
응응
figure(1);
subplot(3,2,1);
zplane(b1, a1);
subplot(3,2,2);
plot(w1/pi, abs(h1));
xlabel('\omega/\pi');
ylabel('|H(e^j^\omega)|');
subplot(3,2,3);
zplane(b2, a2);
subplot(3,2,4);
plot(w2/pi, abs(h2));
xlabel('\omega/\pi');
ylabel('|H(e^j^\omega)|');
subplot(3,2,5);
zplane(b3, a3);
subplot(3,2,6);
plot(w3/pi, abs(h3));
xlabel('\omega/\pi');
ylabel('|H(e^j^\omega)|');
```

응응

(从上到下极点依次为 p=0.2; p=0.5; p=0.8) 1



练习题3

Matlab 代码:

```
%%

clc;
close all;
clear;

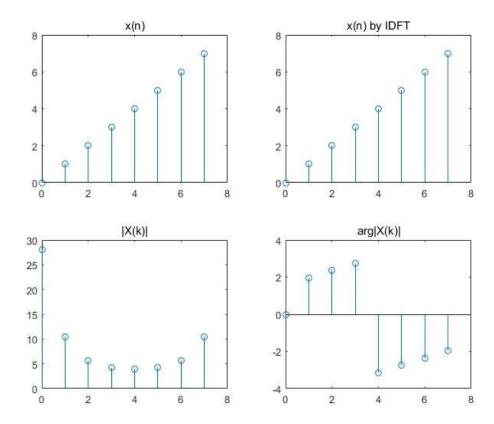
%%

xn = [0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7];
N = length(xn);
n = 0: (N-1);
k = 0: (N-1);
```

```
Xk = xn*exp(-1i*2*pi/N).^(n'*k);
x = (Xk*exp(1i*2*pi/N).^(n'*k))/N;
응응
figure(1);
subplot(2, 2, 1);
stem(n, xn);
title('x(n)');
subplot(2, 2, 2);
stem(n, x);
title('x(n) by IDFT');
subplot(2, 2, 3);
stem(k, abs(Xk));
title('|X(k)|');
subplot(2, 2, 4);
stem(k, angle(Xk));
title('arg|X(k)|');
```

응응

结果:



练习题 4

Matlab 代码:

```
%%

clc;
close all;
clear;

%%

B = [1, -1];
A = [1, -2.5, 1];

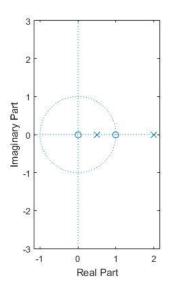
[Hk, w] = freqz(B, A, 'whole');

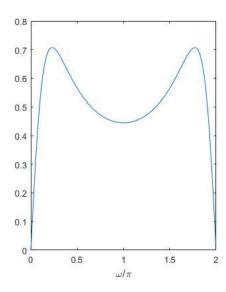
%%

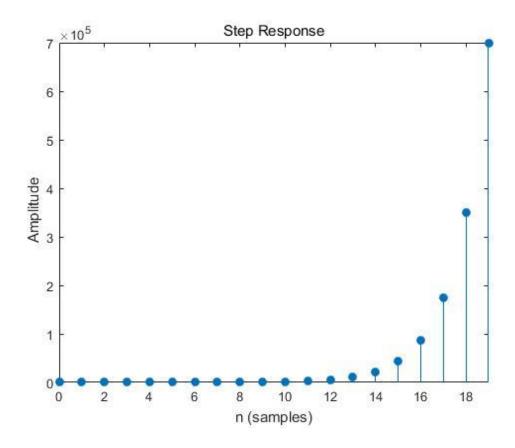
figure(1);
```

```
subplot(1, 2, 1);
zplane(B, A);
subplot(1, 2, 2);
plot(w/pi, abs(Hk));
xlabel('\omega/\pi');
figure(2);
stepz(B, A, 20);
%%
```

结果:







根据图像,有一个极点位于单位圆外,且单位阶跃响应图有向无限延伸的趋势,所以该系统不稳定。

练习题 5

Matlab 代码:

응응

```
%%

clc;
close all;
clear;

%%

B = [4, -1, 7, -2];
A = [1, -1.5, 0.5, -0.75];
```

응응

结果:

Hz1 =

sos =

 1.0000
 -0.2841
 0
 1.0000
 -1.5000
 0

 1.0000
 0.0341
 1.7597
 1.0000
 0.0000
 0.5000

G =

4

c =

2.6667

b =

-3.4545 -2.1818 4.7879 0

a =

根据结果可以写出原传递函数的级联型和并联型如下:

$$H(z) = 4 * \frac{1 - 0.2841z^{-1}}{1 - 1.5z^{-1}} * \frac{1 + 0.0341z^{-1} + 1.7597z^{-2}}{1 + 0.5z^{-2}}$$

$$H(z) = 2.6667 + \frac{-3.4545 - 2.1818z^{-1}}{1 + 0.5z^{-2}} + \frac{4.7879}{1 - 1.5z^{-1}}$$