

RX Family

Board Support Package Module Using Firmware Integration Technology

Introduction

The foundation of any project that uses FIT modules is the Renesas Board Support Package (r_bsp). The r_bsp is easily configurable and provides all the code needed to get the MCU from reset to main(). The document covers conventions of the r_bsp so that users will know how to use it, configure it, and create a BSP for their own board.

Target Device

The following is a list of devices that are currently supported:

- RX110 Group
- RX111 Group
- RX113 Group
- RX130 Group
- RX13T Group
- RX140 Group
- RX14T Group
- RX231, RX230 Groups
- RX23T Group
- RX23W Group
- RX23E-A Group
- RX23E-B Group
- RX24T Group
- RX24U Group
- RX261, RX260 Groups
- RX26T Group
- RX64M Group
- RX65N, RX651 Groups
- RX660 Group
- RX66N Group
- RX66T Group
- RX671 Group
- RX71M Group
- RX72M Group
- RX72N Group
- RX72T Group

When using this application note with other Renesas MCUs, careful evaluation is recommended after making modifications to comply with the alternate MCU.

Target Compiler

- Renesas Electronics C/C++ Compiler Package for RX Family (V2.05.00 or higher)
- GCC for Renesas RX
- IAR C/C++ Compiler for Renesas RX

For details of the confirmed operation contents of each compiler, refer to “10.1 Confirmed Operation Environment”.

Some functions are limited. Refer to “4.4 Limitations”.

Related Documents

- Firmware Integration Technology User’s Manual (R01AN1833)

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1. Overview

Before running the user application there are a series of operations that must be performed to get the MCU set up properly. These operations, and the number of operations, will vary depending on the MCU being used. Common examples include: setting up stack(s), initializing memory, configuring system clocks, and setting up port pins. No matter the application, these steps need to be followed. To make this process easier the Renesas Board Support Package, abbreviated as r_bsp, is provided.

At the lowest level the r_bsp provides everything needed to get the user's MCU from reset to the start of their application's main() function. The r_bsp also provides common functionality that is needed by many applications. Examples of this include callbacks for exceptions and functions to enable or disable interrupts.

While every application will need to address the same steps after reset, this does not mean that the settings will be the same. Depending on the application, stack sizes will vary and which clock is used will change. The r_bsp configuration options are contained in the config header file for easy access.

Many customers start development on a Renesas development board and then transition to their own custom boards. When users move to their own custom hardware it is highly recommended they create a new BSP inside of the r_bsp. By following the same standards and rules that are used for the provided BSPs the user can get an early start on development knowing that their application code will move to their target board very easily. Details on how users can create their own BSPs are provided in this document.

1.1 Terminology

Term	Meaning
Platform	The user's development board. Used interchangeably with 'board'.
BSP	Short for Board Support Package. BSP's usually have source files related to a specific board.
Callback Function	This term refers to a function that is called when an event occurs. For example, the bus error interrupt handler is implemented in the r_bsp. The user will likely want to know when a bus error occurs. To alert the user, a callback function can be supplied to the r_bsp. When a bus error occurs the r_bsp will jump to the provided callback function and the user can handle the error. Interrupt callback functions should be kept short and be handled carefully because when they are called the MCU will still be inside of an interrupt and therefore will be delaying any pending interrupts.

1.2 File Structure

The r_bsp file structure is shown below in Figure 1.1. Underneath the root r_bsp folder there are 3 folders and 2 files. The first folder is named *doc* and contains r_bsp documentation.

The *board* folder contains the *generic* folder and the *user* folder. The *generic* folder contains source files whose settings are independent of the board and is provided for each MCU. The structures of the generic folder are shown in “Figure 1.2 Structures of generic Folder”. The *user* folder is merely a placeholder and, for example, can be used for the user boards.

The *mcu* folder has one folder per supported MCU ^{*1}. There is also a folder named *all* in this directory containing source that is common to all MCUs in the r_bsp.

The file *platform.h* is provided for the user to choose their current development platform. *platform.h*, in turn, selects all the proper header files from the *board* and *mcu* folders to be included in the user’s project. This is discussed in more detail in later sections. The *readme.txt* file is a standard text file that is provided with all FIT Modules that provides brief information about the r_bsp.

Note 1. RX651 is the same source code as RX65N. If you use RX651, you can use the source code of RX65N.

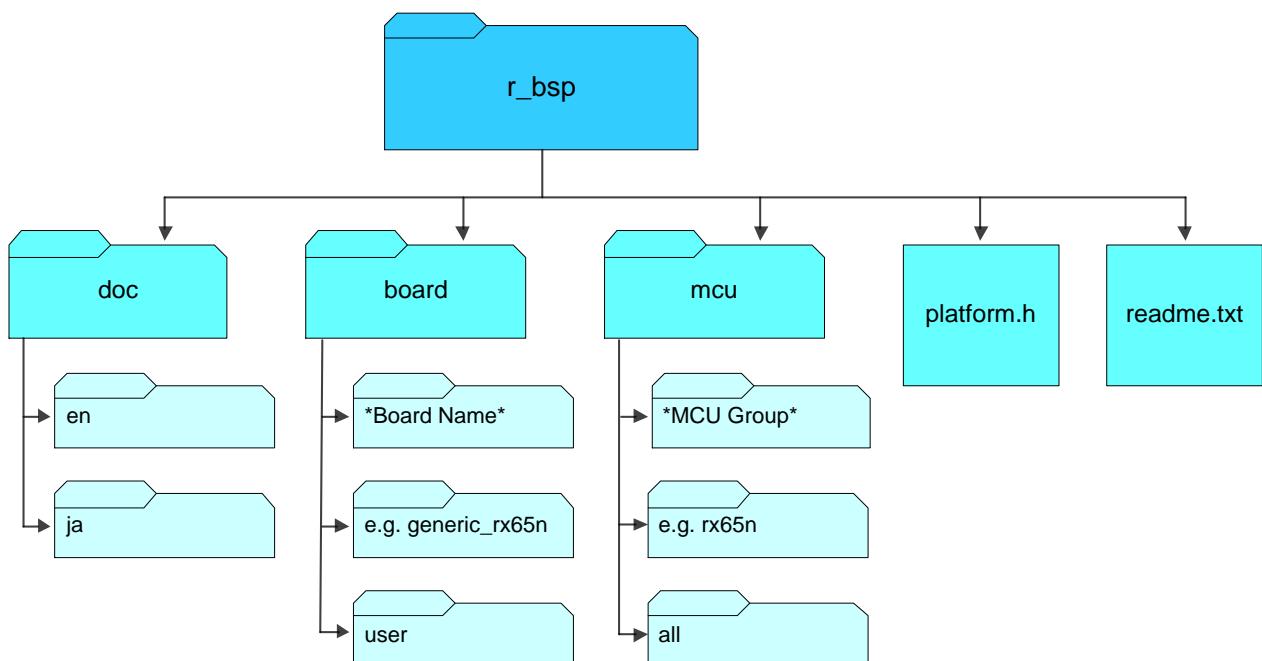


Figure 1.1 r_esp File Structure

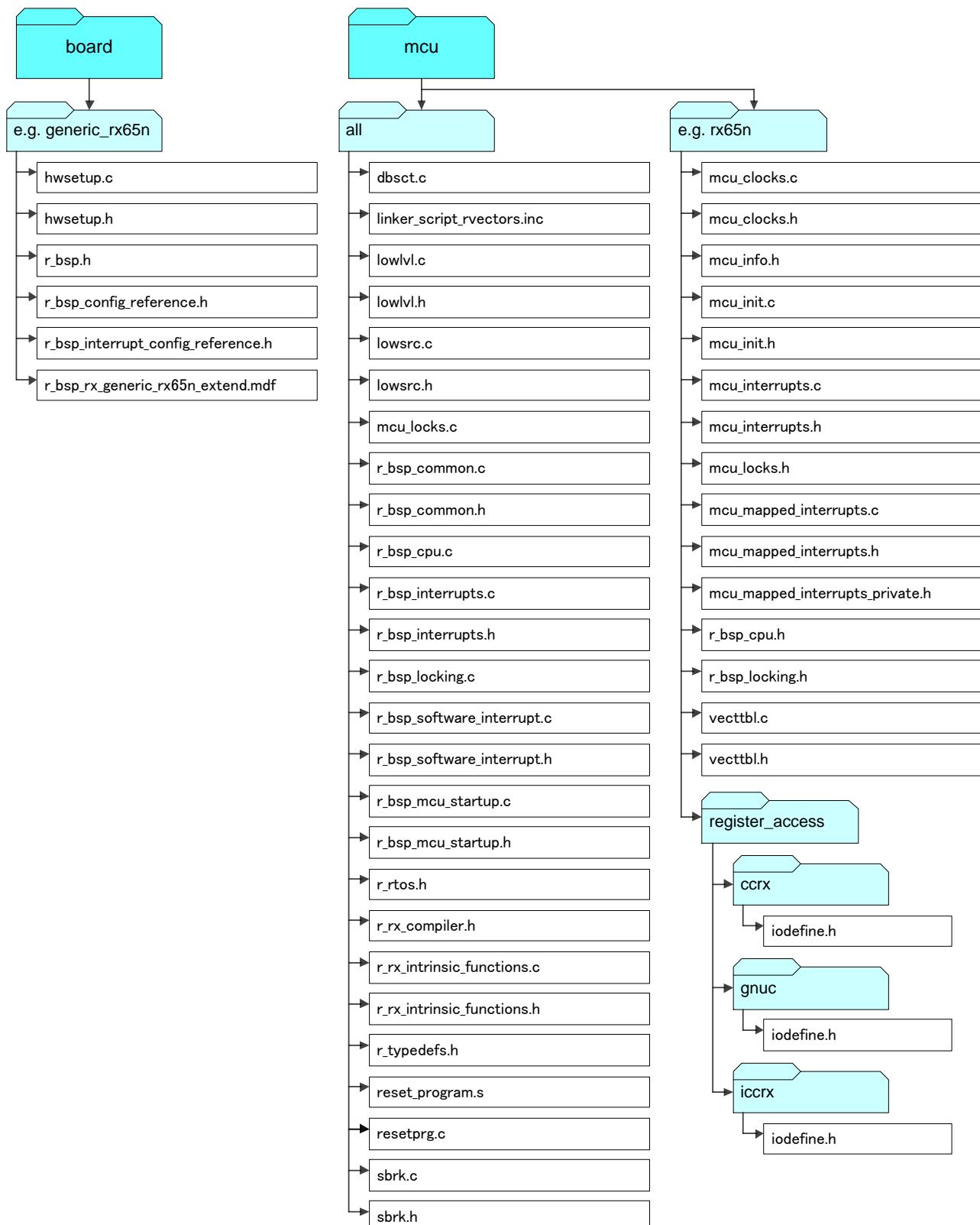


Figure 1.2 Structures of generic Folder

2. Features

This section will go into more detail on the features provided by the r_bsp.

2.1 MCU Information

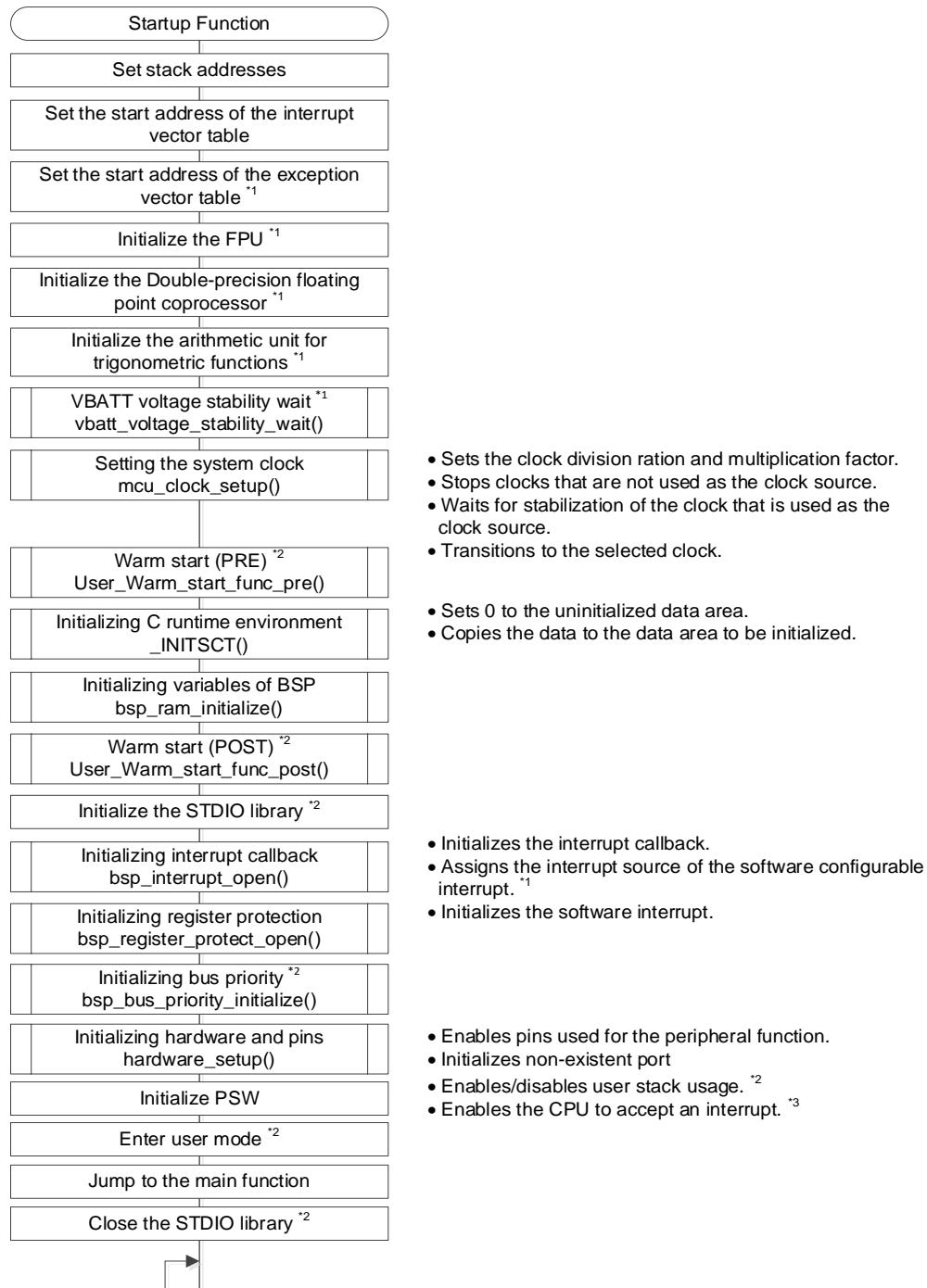
One of the main benefits of the r_bsp is that the user defines their global system settings only once, in a single place in the project. This information is defined in the r_bsp and then used by FIT Modules and user code. FIT Modules can use this information to automatically configure their code for the user's system configuration. If the r_bsp did not provide this information then the user would have to specify system information to each FIT Module separately.

Configuring the r_bsp is discussed in Section 3. The r_bsp uses this configuration information to set macro definitions in *mcu_info.h*. Each MCU may have different macros in *mcu_info.h*, but below are some common examples.

Define	Meaning
BSP MCU SERIES <MCU_SERIES>	Which MCU Series this MCU belongs to. Example: BSP_MCU_SERIES_RX600 would be defined if the MCU was an RX64M.
BSP MCU <MCU_GROUP>	Which MCU Group this MCU belongs to. Example: BSP_MCU_RX111 would be defined if the MCU was an RX111.
BSP PACKAGE <PACKAGE_TYPE>	The package of the MCU. Example: BSP_PACKAGE_LQFP100 would be defined for a 100-pin LQFP package MCU.
BSP PACKAGE PINS	How many pins this MCU has.
BSP ROM SIZE BYTES	The size of the user application ROM space in bytes.
BSP RAM SIZE BYTES	The size of the RAM available to the user in bytes. In some MCUs the RAM area is not contiguous.
BSP DATA FLASH SIZE BYTES	The size of the data flash area in bytes.
BSP <CLOCK> HZ	There will be one of these macros for each clock on the MCU. Each macro will define that clock's frequency in hertz. Examples: BSP_LOCO_HZ defines the LOCO frequency in Hz. BSP_ICLK_HZ defines the CPU clock in Hz. BSP_PCLKB_HZ defines the Peripheral Clock B in Hz.
BSP MCU IPL MAX	The maximum interrupt priority level for the MCU.
BSP MCU IPL MIN	The minimum interrupt priority level for the MCU.
FIT_NO_FUNC and FIT_NO_PTR	These macros can be used as arguments in function calls to specify that nothing is being supplied for an argument. For example, if a function takes an optional argument for a callback function then FIT_NO_FUNC could be used if the user did not wish to supply a callback function. These macros are defined to point to reserved address space. This is done so that if the argument is used improperly it is easier to catch. The reason for this is that if the MCU attempts to access reserved space then a bus error will occur and the user will know immediately. If NULL was used instead then a bus error would not occur because NULL is typically defined as 0 which is a valid RAM location on the RX.

2.2 Initialization

When using the Renesas compiler and GCC, the PowerON_Reset_PC function is set as the reset vector for the MCU. When using the IAR compiler, the __iar_program_start function is set as the reset vector for the MCU. The PowerON_Reset_PC() function and the __iar_program_start function (startup function) performs a number of chip initialization actions to get the MCU ready to jump to the user's application. The flowchart below details operations of the startup function and the system clock setting.



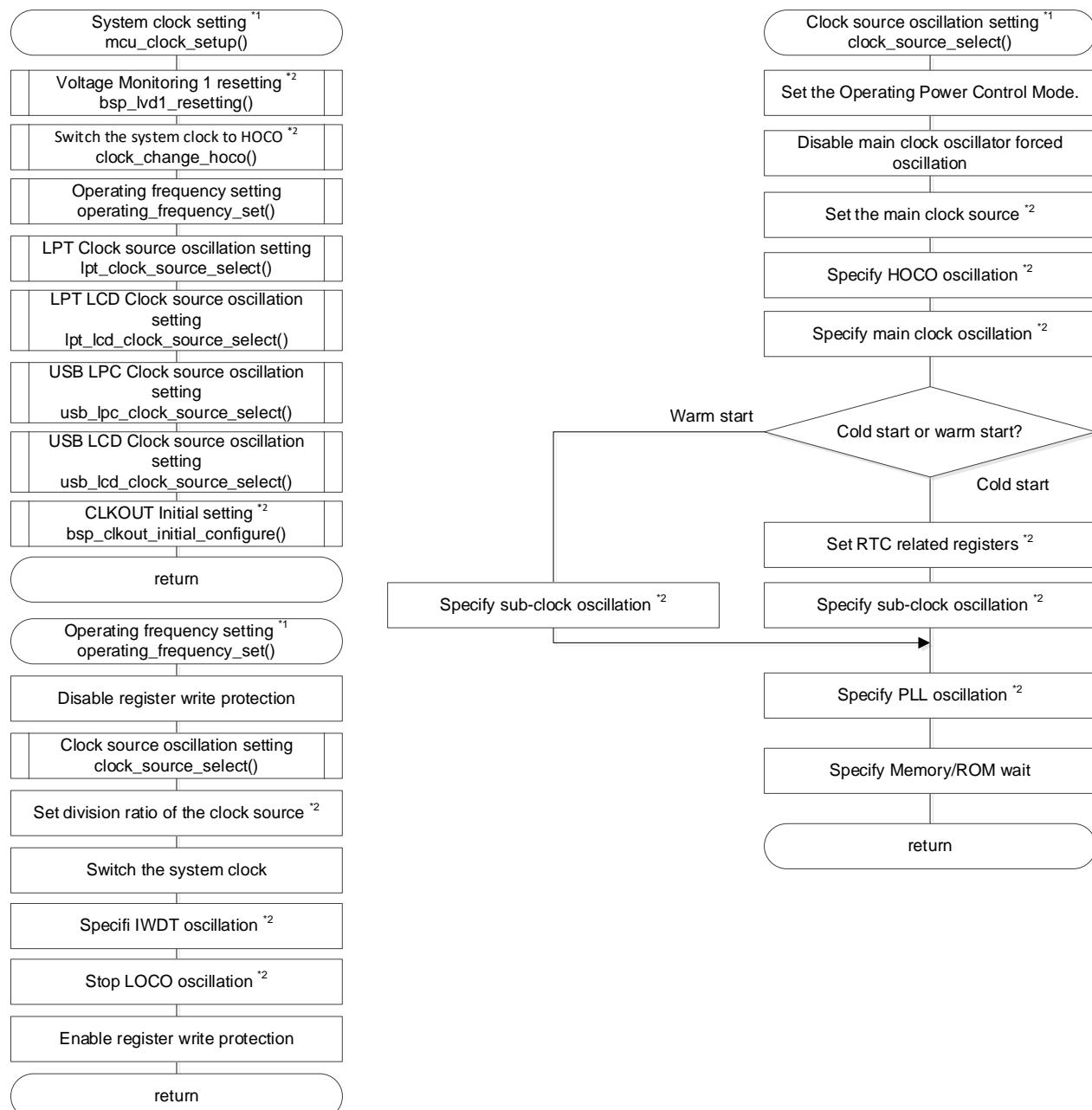
Note 1: The MCU skips this procedure.

Note 2: The operation varies depending on the setting in the r_bsp_config.h.

Note 3: Only acceptance of CPU interrupts is enabled. Acceptance of each peripheral interrupt must be enabled separately.

Figure 2.1 Flowchart of startup function

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Note 1: The procedure may vary depending on the MCU used.

Note 2: The operation varies according to settings in r_bsp_config.h.

Figure 2.2 Flowchart of System Clock Setting

2.3 Global Interrupts

Interrupts on RX MCUs are disabled out of reset. The startup function will enable interrupts before the user's application is called (see Section 2.2).

RXv1 devices have two vector tables: a relocatable vector table and a fixed vector table. As the names suggest, the relocatable vector table can be anywhere in memory and the fixed vector table is at a static location at the top of the memory map. RXv2 and RXv3 devices have two vector tables: an interrupt vector table and an exception vector table. The interrupt vector table and the exception vector table can be anywhere in memory.

The relocatable vector table and the interrupt vector table hold peripheral interrupt vectors and are pointed to by the INTB register. This register is initialized after reset in the startup function. The vectors in the relocatable vector table and the interrupt vector table are inserted by the RX toolchain. The RX toolchain knows about the user's interrupt vectors by the use of the '#pragma interrupt' directives in the user's code.

The fixed vector table holds exception vectors, the reset vector, as well as some flash-based option registers. The exception vector table holds exception vectors.

The fixed vector table and the exception vector table are defined in *vecttbl.c* along with default interrupt handlers for all exceptions, the NMI interrupt, bus errors, and undefined interrupts. The user has the option of dynamically setting callbacks (see Section 2.4) for all of these vectors using the functionality found in *mcu_interrupts.c*. The *vecttbl.c* file also takes care of setting up the User Boot reset vector when applicable.

All vectors in the fixed vector table and the exception vector table are handled in *vecttbl.c*. All vectors in the relocatable vector table and the interrupt vector table are not handled because the user will define these vectors and each application will be different. This means that in every application there will be unfilled vectors that should be taken care of in case that interrupt is triggered by accident. Many linkers support the filling of unused vectors with a static function. The *undefined_interrupt_source_isr()* function in *vecttbl.c* is provided for this purpose and the user is encouraged to set up the linker to fill in unused vectors with this function's address.

2.4 Interrupt Callbacks

The r_bsp provides several API functions (see Sections 5.13 and 5.14) which allow the user to be alerted when certain interrupts are triggered. This works by the user selecting the interrupt and then providing a callback function. When the interrupt is triggered the r_bsp will call the supplied callback function.

Currently, the user can choose to register callbacks for all exception interrupts in the fixed vector table and the exception vector table, the bus error interrupt, and the undefined interrupt. After the user callback function has been executed, the r_bsp interrupt handler will clear any interrupt flags as needed.

2.5 Non-Existent Port Pins

Within a MCU Group there can be many different packages with varying number of pins. For packages that have less pins than the maximum (e.g. 64 pin package in a MCU group that goes up to 144 pins), the non-bonded out pins can be initialized to lower power consumption. Based on the settings in *r_bsp_config.h*, the r_bsp will automatically initialize these non-bonded out pins during the MCU initialization procedure. This feature is implemented in the *mcu_init.c* function and is called by the *hardware_setup()* function.

2.6 Clock Setup

All system clocks are setup during r_bsp initialization. The clocks are configured based upon the user's settings in the *r_bsp_config.h* file (see Section 3.2.6). Clock configuration is performed prior to initializing the C runtime environment. This is done to quicken this process since some RX MCUs startup on a relatively slow clock. When selecting a clock the code in the r_bsp will implement the required delays to allow the selected clock to stabilize.

Some RX MCUs require a wait cycle to access the flash memory or the RAM. The wait cycle can be set by the MEMWAIT register or the ROMWT register. The setting values for these registers depend on the system clock or operating power control mode used. Make sure to confirm the limitations in the user's manual for setting the MEMWAIT register and the ROMWT register.

2.7 STDIO & Debug Console

When enabled (see Section 3.2.3), the STDIO library is initialized as part of the MCU initialization procedure. The r_bsp code is setup to send STDIO output to the debug console that can be viewed in e² studio. The source file *lowlvl.c* is responsible for sending and receiving bytes for STDIO functions and as previously stated is set up by default to use the debug console. If desired the user may redirect the STDIO *charget()* and/or *charput()* functions to their own respective functions by modifying *r_bsp_config.h* and enabling *BSP_CFG_USER_CHARGET_ENABLED* and/or *BSP_CFG_USER_CHARPUT_ENABLED*, and providing and replacing the *my_sw_charget_function* and/or *my_sw_charput_function* function names with the names of their own functions.

When using the Renesas compiler, it is possible to select whether STDIO is initialized or not. When using GCC and the IAR compilers, STDIO is always initialized.

2.8 Stacks Area and Heap Area

RX MCUs have two stacks that can be used: the User stack and the Interrupt stack. When both stacks are used the User stack will be used during normal execution flow and the Interrupt stack will be used during interrupt handling. Having two stacks can make it easier to figure out how much stack space to allocate since the user does not have to worry about always having enough room on the User stack for if-and-when an interrupt occurs. Some users will not want two stacks though because it is not needed in all applications and can lead to wasted RAM (i.e. space in between stacks that is not used). If only one stack is used then it will always be the Interrupt stack.

The User and Interrupt stacks and the heap are all set up and initialized after reset inside of the startup function. The sizes of the stacks and heap, and whether one or two stacks are used, is configured in *r_bsp_config.h* (see Section 3.2.2). The user also has the option of disabling the heap if desired.

When using the IAR compiler, set the stack and heap size not only with *r_bsp_config.h* but also with the GUI.

2.9 CPU Mode

Out of reset, RX MCUs operate in Supervisor CPU Mode. In Supervisor Mode all CPU resources and instructions are available. The user has the option (see Section 3.2.4) of transitioning to User Mode before the r_bsp code jumps to main(). In User Mode there are restrictions to any instruction capable of writing to:

- Some bits (bits IPL[3:0], PM, U, and I) in the processor status word (PSW)
- Interrupt stack pointer (ISP)
- Interrupt table register (INTB)
- Backup PSW (BPSW)
- Backup PC (BPC)
- Fast interrupt vector register (FINTV)

If the MCU executes one of these instructions while in User Mode, an exception will trigger. If the user has a callback setup (see Section 2.4) then they will be alerted by a callback function of the exception.

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2.10 ID Code

RX MCUs have a 16-byte ID Code in ROM that protects the MCU's memory from being read through a debugger, or in serial boot mode, in an attempt to extract the firmware from the device. The ID Code resides in the fixed vector table or option-setting memory and can easily be set in *r_bsp_config.h* (see Section 3.2.7). For more information on available ID Code options please reference the ID Code subsection in the 'Flash Memory' or 'ROM' section of your MCU's hardware manual.

2.11 Parallel Programmer Protection

Similar to the ID Code, RX MCUs also have a 4-byte code in ROM that can protect access to the MCU's memory from parallel programmers. The user has the option of allowing reads and write, only allowing writes, and prohibiting all access. See Section 3.2.7 for information on how to enable this feature.

2.12 Endian

RX MCUs have the option of operating in big or little endian mode. The *r_bsp* detects the endian selected in the toolchain and will use that to appropriately set the register. The *r_bsp* currently detects endian from the following toolchains:

- Renesas CCRX Toolchain
- IAR Toolchain for RX
- GCC for Renesas RX

2.13 Option Function Select Registers

RX MCUs have registers stored in ROM called Option Function Select registers. These registers are used to enable certain MCU features at reset instead of having to enable them in the user's code. Examples include the ability to enable low voltage monitoring, start the HOCO oscillating, and to configure and start the IWDT.

The user can input the values to be used for these registers in *r_bsp_config.h* (see Section 3.2.7).

2.14 Trusted Memory

The trusted memory (TM) function prevents illegal reading of the area set as TM. This function is disabled by default. To enable the trusted memory function, specify with the `BSP_CFG_TRUSTED_MODE_FUNCTION` definition in *r_bsp_config.h*.

For a dual-bank device, available TM area varies according to bank mode. To switch bank mode, specify with the `BSP_CFG_CODE_FLASH_BANK_MODE` definition in *r_bsp_config.h*.

2.15 Bank Mode

The user area can be used in linear mode, which uses the user area as one area, or in dual mode, which uses the user area as dual area. These modes can be selected with the bank mode switch function. The memory mapping differs between linear mode and dual mode, and is switched depending on the mode selected. When dual mode is selected, the bank area to launch the program can be selected.

To switch bank mode, specify with the `BSP_CFG_CODE_FLASH_BANK_MODE` definition in *r_bsp_config.h*.

To select a bank to launch the program, specify with the `BSP_CFG_CODE_FLASH_START_BANK` definition in *r_bsp_config.h*.

2.16 System Wide Parameter Checking

By default FIT modules will check input parameters to be valid. This is helpful during development but some users will want to disable this for production code. The reason for this would be to save execution time and code space. In *r_bsp_config.h* there is an option to globally enable or disable parameter checking. Local modules will use this value by default but can select to override the value locally if desired. To configure this option see Section 3.2.9.

2.17 Atomic Locking

The r_bsp provides API functions to implement atomic locking. These locks can be used to protect critical areas of code as a RTOS semaphore or mutex normally would. Care should be taken when using these locks though since they do not offer the advanced features one would expect from a modern RTOS. If used incorrectly then the locks could cause a deadlock in the user's system.

In each *mcu* folder the user will find a file named *mcu_locks.h*. This contains an enum named *mcu_lock_t* which has one lock per peripheral, and peripheral channel, on the MCU. These locks can be used to mark that a peripheral has been reserved. This could be used if the user wanted to use a FIT module to control three channels of a peripheral and their own custom code for one channel. By reserving the lock for the channel they need they have removed that channel from being used by the FIT Module. These locks can also be used if the user has more than one FIT module for the same peripheral. For example, if the user had one FIT module for using the SCI in asynchronous mode and another for using the SCI in I²C mode then these locks will prevent these two modules from trying to use the same SCI channel. There are four locking API functions provided that are detailed in Section 3.2.8. The only difference between the hardware and software locking functions is that the hardware locking functions only use locks that are defined in *mcu_locks.h*. The software locking function takes locks allocated anywhere so the user could create their own as needed. FIT Modules that need locking and do not use a MCU peripheral will also create their own locks and use the software locking routines.

The user has the option of substituting the default r_bsp locking mechanisms for their own. See Section 3.2.8 for more information.

2.18 Register Protection

RX MCUs have protect registers that protect various MCU registers from being written. Examples of registers that are protected include clock registers, low power consumption registers, the software reset register, and low voltage detection registers. The r_bsp provides API functions for easily manipulating these registers to enable or disable write access. Refer to Sections 5.7 and 5.8 for more information.

2.19 CPU Functions

API functions are provided for CPU functions such as enabling and disabling interrupts and setting the CPU's interrupt priority level. Refer to Section 5 for more information.

2.20 Group Interrupts

Multiple peripheral interrupt requests (up to 32 requests) are grouped together as one interrupt request. Interrupts are grouped depending on the peripheral operating clock (PCLKB or PCLKA) and method to detect interrupt requests (edge detection or level detection).

When the group interrupt request is generated, checking the corresponding group interrupt request register (A or B, edge or level) identifies the interrupt source.

Figure 2.3 shows the Overview of FIT Group Interrupts.

With the BSP group interrupt function, when an interrupt occurs, the preregistered function is called. The registration is done by each peripheral FIT module using the R_BSP_InterruptWrite function.

1. Each peripheral FIT module registers the interrupt callback function by calling the R_BSP_InterruptWrite function.
2. When an interrupt occurs, the FIT module calls the callback function registered in 1 above.

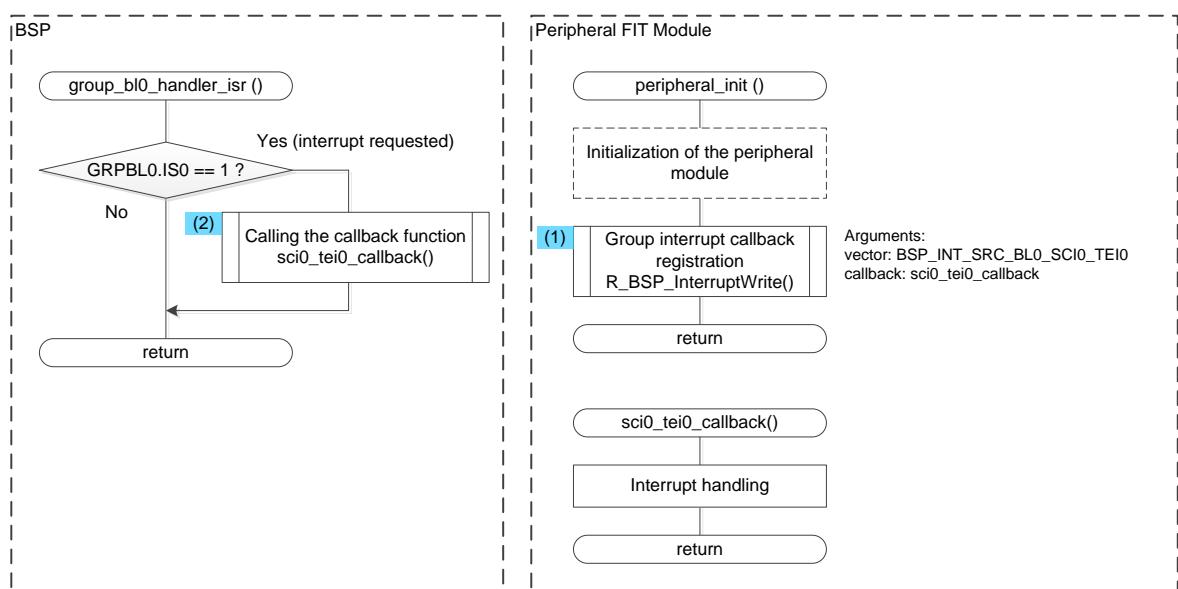


Figure 2.3 Overview of FIT Group Interrupts

2.21 Software Configurable Interrupts

Peripheral interrupt sources can be dynamically assigned to a vector number from 128 to 255. Based on the peripheral operating clock, they are divided into software configurable interrupt A and software configurable interrupt B. Software configurable interrupt B may be used for peripherals that operate in synchronization with PCLKB and can be assigned to interrupt numbers 128 to 207. Software configurable interrupt A may be used for peripherals that operate in synchronization with PCLKA and can be assigned to interrupt numbers 208 to 255.

2.22 Startup Disable

The startup disable function is the function for the user who wants to add the peripheral FIT module to the existing user project without creating a new project.

When the startup disable function is enabled, all startup processing performed by the BSP (processing in the startup function) become disabled. This prevents conflict with the user created startup processing.

This function is available only when using Renesas compiler.

Figure 2.4 shows the Overview of the Startup Disable Function, Figure 2.5 shows the Processing Disabled with the Startup Disable Function, and Figure 2.6 shows the Files Influenced by the Startup Disable Function.

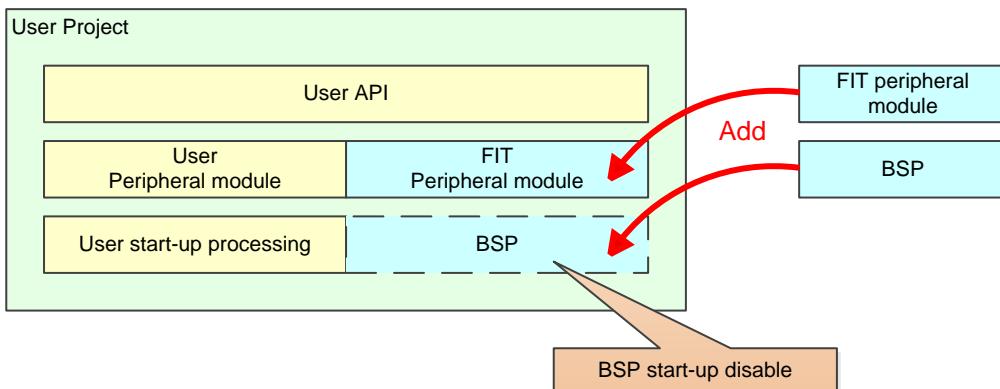
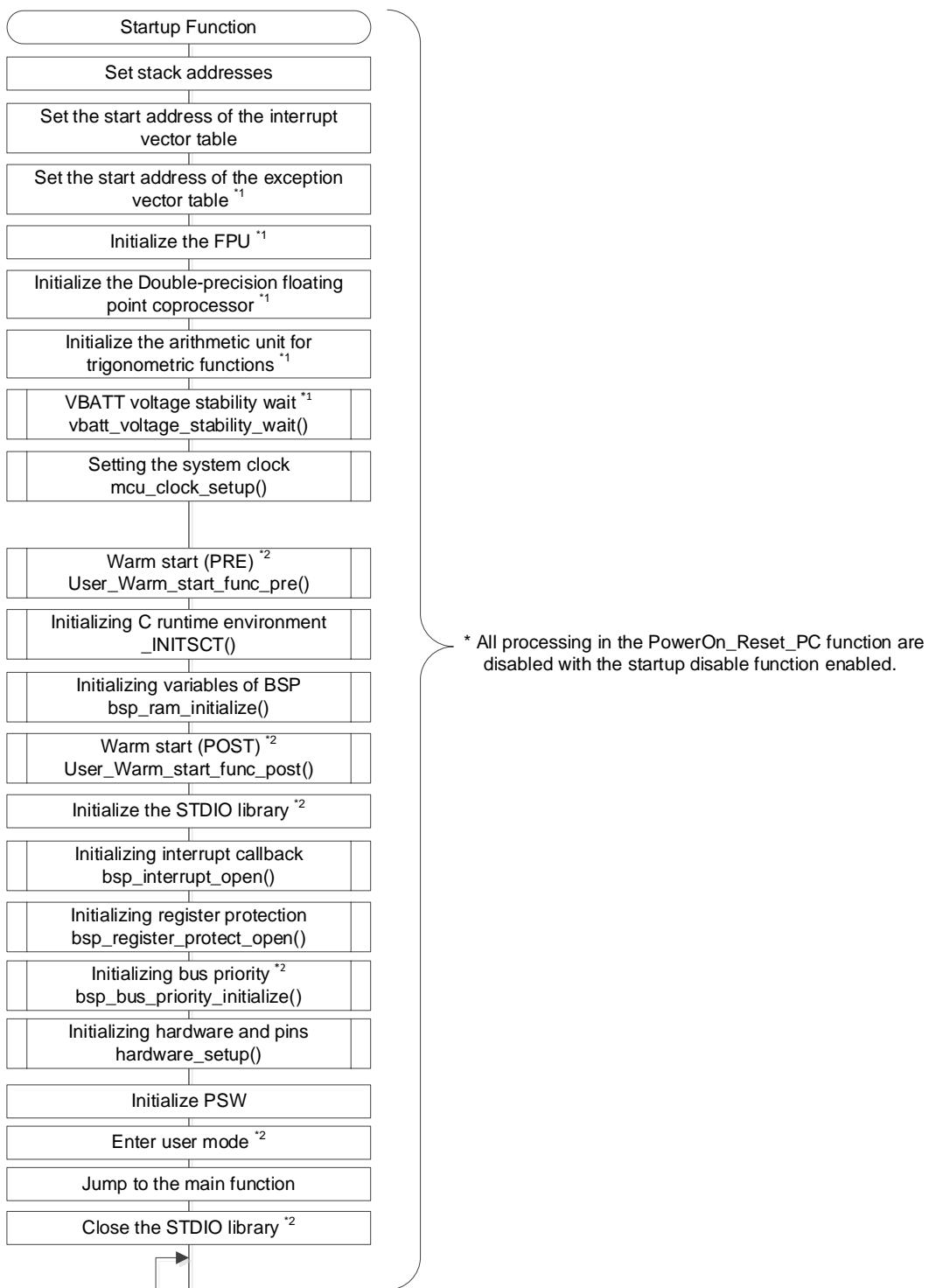


Figure 2.4 Overview of the Startup Disable Function



Note 1: The MCU skips this procedure.

Note 2: The operation varies depending on the setting in the r_bsp_config.h.

Figure 2.5 Processing Disabled with the Startup Disable Function

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* Files whose code is completely disabled with the startup disable function.

* File whose code is partially disabled with the startup disable function.

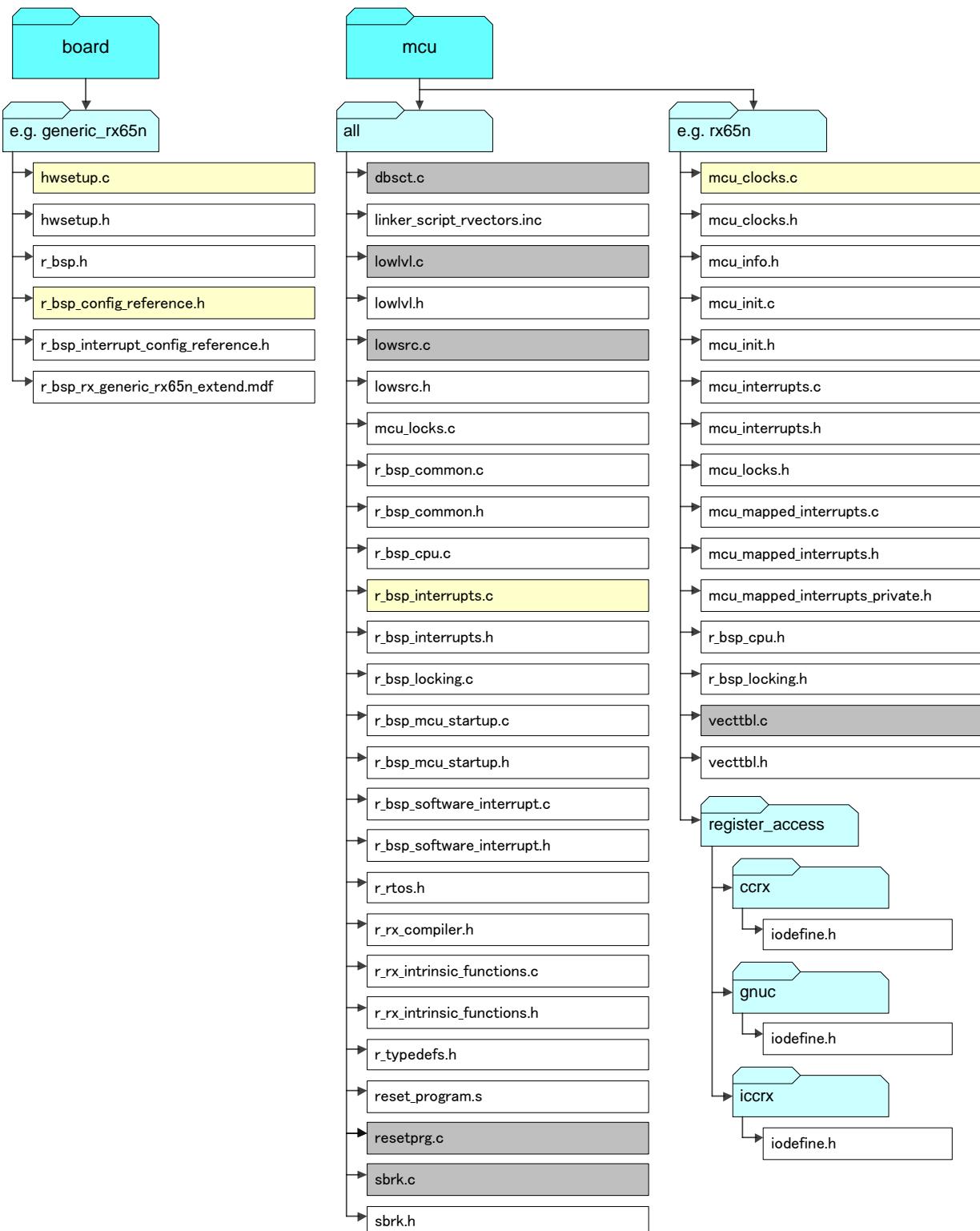


Figure 2.6 Files Influenced by the Startup Disable Function

2.22.1 Setting the Startup Disable Function

To disable the BSP startup processing, specify the setting described below. For how to implement the FIT module, refer to “9 Adding FIT Modules to the User Project”.

(1) Setting the configuration file

Disable the BSP startup processing by setting `BSP_CFG_STARTUP_DISABLE` to 1 in the `r_bsp_config.h` of the BSP.

Set the user created startup processing in the `r_bsp_config.h`. BSP API functions and peripheral FIT modules refer to the contents in the `r_bsp_config.h`. If the contents of the user startup processing and the BSP startup processing are different, the FIT module does not operate correctly.

Here is an example when `mcu_info.h` of the BSP has the definition of the peripheral module clock B frequency (`BSP_PCLKB_HZ`). The frequency of peripheral module clock B is calculated with the information (frequency of the resonator, division ratio, multiplication factor, and so on) set in `r_bsp_config.h`. The calculated frequency of peripheral module clock B is referred by peripheral FIT modules.

The BSP information to which FIT modules refer is generated from `r_bsp_config.h`. Therefore, the settings in the user startup processing and settings in `r_bsp_config.h` must be the same.

Figure 2.7 shows Configuration File Settings.

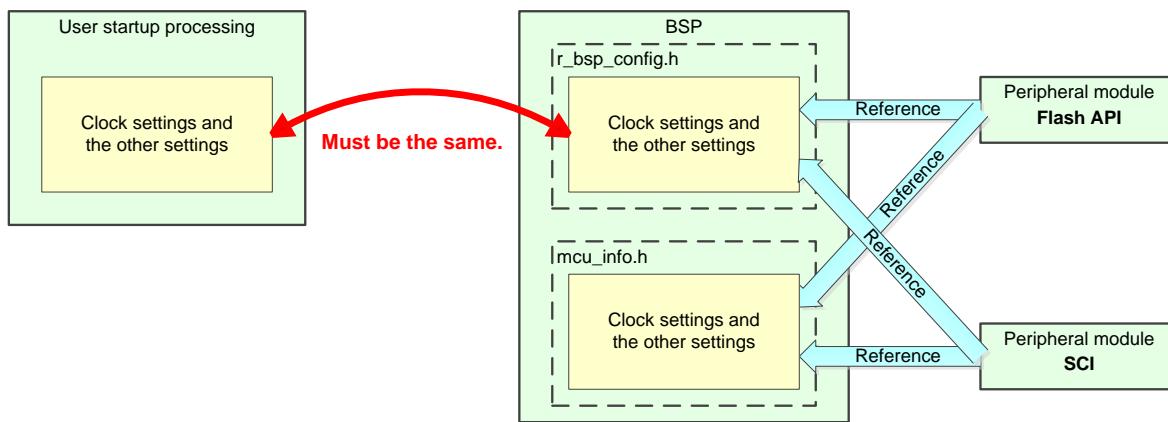


Figure 2.7 Configuration File Settings

(2) Setting for the conflicted group interrupt function

The BSP uses the group interrupt function. The function cannot be disabled since the peripheral FIT module uses it. To avoid confliction, use the group interrupt function of the BSP instead of the user's group interrupt function.

For group interrupts of the FIT module, refer to 2.20 Group Interrupts.

(3) Calling the R_BSP_StartupOpen function

The `R_BSP_StartupOpen` function performs initialization for the ram variable, the interrupt callback, register protection, and the hardware and pins. These processing are for using the BSP and peripheral FIT modules. Thus, the `R_BSP_StartupOpen` function must be called in the beginning of the user main function.

Refer to “5.18 R_BSP_StartupOpen()” for the `R_BSP_StartupOpen` function.

(4) Calling the R_BSP_VbattInitialSetting function

The `R_BSP_VbattInitialSetting` function performs initialization for the battery backup function.

This processing is needed for using the BSP and peripheral FIT modules. Call this function only if all the following conditions are satisfied.

- Do not use the battery backup function. (See Section 3.2.19.)
- Access to the RTC related registers.

Call this function before accessing RTC related registers.

Refer to “5.24 R_BSP_VbattInitialSetting()” for the `R_BSP_VbattInitialSetting` function.

2.23 Software Interrupts

The BSP has task buffers for software interrupts, allowing multiple software interrupt requests to be executed as tasks.

Tasks are set by the R_BSP_SoftwareInterruptSetTask function. Each task buffer is configured as a ring buffer. If the task buffer is full, no task is set and an error is returned.

Exclusive control is used to enable the task buffer to be accessed by multiple functions. If the access control right cannot be obtained, the commands of the R_BSP_SoftwareInterruptControl function or set tasks cannot be executed.

The tasks are executed in order within software interrupt functions, starting from the one at the start of the task buffer. Nested-interrupts are allowed in software interrupt functions. It is possible to disable nested-interrupts by using the R_BSP_SoftwareInterruptControl function.

A configuration macro (BSP_CFG_SWINT_UNITn_ENABLE) can be used to specify whether or not software interrupts are used with specific units. If software interrupts are to be used, the R_BSP_SoftwareInterruptOpen function is called automatically at startup to perform initialization.

The interrupt priority level (IPR) of software interrupts is initialized according to a configuration macro value (BSP_CFG_SWINT_IPR_INITIAL_VALUE). This can be changed dynamically by the R_BSP_SoftwareInterruptControl function.

The number of software interrupt task buffers is set by a configuration macro (BSP_CFG_SWINT_TASK_BUFFER_NUMBER).

For information on software interrupt configuration macros, refer to 3.2.19 Software Interrupts, and for API functions, refer to 5.25 R_BSP_SoftwareInterruptOpen() to 5.28 R_BSP_SoftwareInterruptControl().

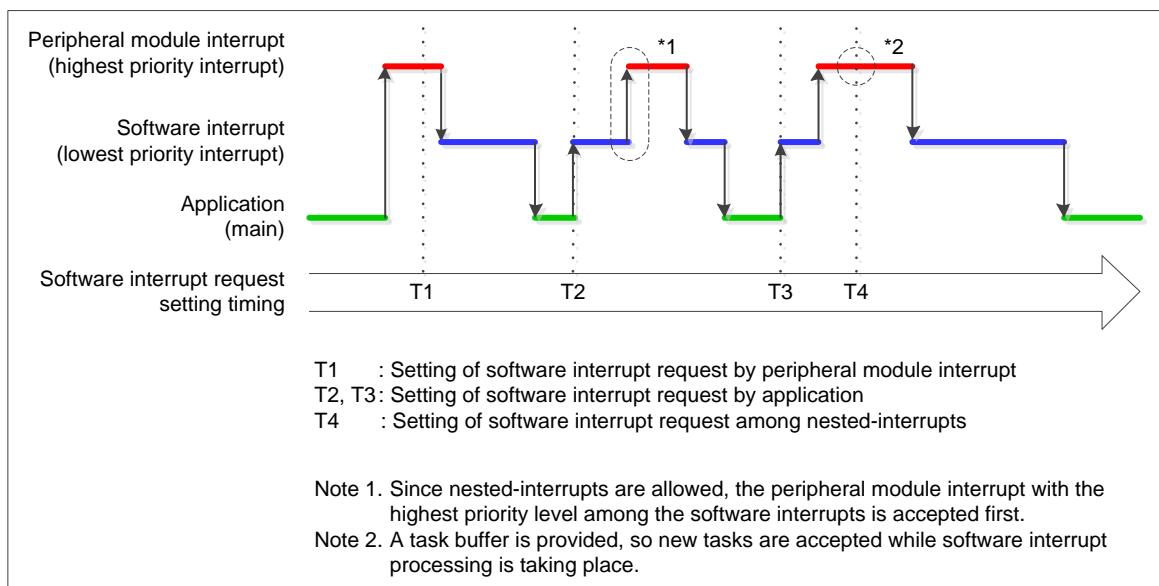


Figure 2.8 Software Interrupt Sequence

2.24 Expansion RAM

RX23T and some products of RX600 and RX700 series have multiple RAM areas.

RX23T	RX65N	RX66N, RX72M, and RX72N
RAM0 0000 0000h – 0000 27FFh	RAM 0000 0000h – 0003 FFFFh	RAM 0000 0000h – 0007 FFFFh
RAM0 (Expansion RAM) ^{*2} 0000 4000h – 0000 4A7Fh	Expansion RAM ^{*1} 0080 0000h – 0085 FFFFh	Expansion RAM 0080 0000h – 0087 FFFFh

Note 1. Only products with a ROM size of 1.5MB or more.

Note 2. RAM0 is called Expansion RAM for convenience in BSP.

The BSP provides the section definition and area initialization functions for using the above expansion RAM area. This function is enabled by linking with the Smart Configurator or Smart Configurator plug-in (On e² studio 2023-01) V2.16.0 or later. By adding BSP to the project using the Smart Configurator of V2.16.0 or later, `BSP_CFG_EXPANSION_RAM_ENABLE` of 3.2.23 Expansion RAM is enabled and section definitions for using the expansion RAM area are added to the section information of the project. Variables allocated in the extended RAM area using section definitions are initialized by `_INITSCT()` in 2.2 Initialization.

When allocating variables in the extended RAM area, use the section definitions below for those variables.

Note that this function supports only the CCRX compilers. GCC compiler and IAR compiler is not supported.

(1) For CCRX

The section name assigned to the expansion RAM is “EXRAM”.

An example of allocating variables in the expansion RAM using sections is shown below.

Example

```
#pragma section EXRAM
/* Variable with initial value */
uint32_t test_val[4] =
{
    0x11223344,
    0x55667788,
    0x99AABBCC,
    0xDDEEFF00
};

/* Variable without initial value */
uint32_t test_val2;

#pragma section
```

(2) For GCC

The section name assigned to the expansion RAM is “.data_exram” (section for variables with initial value) or “.bss_exram” (section for variables without initial values).^{*1}

An example of allocating variables in the expansion RAM using sections is shown below.

Note 1. It is assumed that the `linker_script.ld` generated in the project has sections “.data_exram” and “.bss_exram”.

Example

```
#pragma section EXRAM
/* Variable with initial value */
uint32_t test_val[4] __attribute__((section (".data_exram"))) =
{
    0x11223344,
```

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```
0x55667788,  
0x99AABBCC,  
0xDDEEFF00  
};  
  
/* Variable without initial value */  
uint32_t test_val2 __attribute__((section (".bss_exram")));
```

See 10.5 How to use multiple sections in the expansion RAM area if you want to use multiple sections.

3. Configuration

The r_bsp provides two header files that are used for configuration. One header file is used for choosing which platform will be used. The other header file is used to configure the chosen platform.

3.1 Choosing a Platform

The r_bsp provides board support packages for many boards. Choosing which one is currently being used is done by modifying the *platform.h* header file found in the root of the r_bsp folder.

To choose a platform uncomment the #include for the board you are using. For example, to develop with a GENERIC_RX65N board, uncomment the #include for ‘./board/generic_rx65n/r_bsp.h’ macro and make sure all other board #includes are commented out.

```
*****  
DEFINE YOUR SYSTEM - UNCOMMENT THE INCLUDE PATH FOR THE PLATFORM YOU ARE USING.  
*****  
/* GENERIC_RX64M */  
//#include "./board/generic_rx64m/r_bsp.h"  
  
/* GENERIC_RX65N */  
#include "./board/generic_rx65n/r_bsp.h"  
  
/* GENERIC_RX66T */  
//#include "./board/generic_rx66t/r_bsp.h"  
  
/* GENERIC_RX71M */  
//#include "./board/generic_rx71m/r_bsp.h"
```

3.2 Platform Configuration

Once a platform has been chosen, it will need to be configured. The user configures their platform using a file named *r_bsp_config.h*. For RX600 and RX700 series, set the Software Configurable Interrupts in *r_bsp_interrupt_config.h*. Each platform has its own specific configuration file. This file is in the platform’s *board* folder and is named *r_bsp_config_reference.h* and *r_bsp_interrupt_config_reference.h*. *r_bsp_interrupt_config_reference.h* is a file for RX600 and RX700 series. To create an *r_bsp_config.h* file the user simply needs to copy the *r_bsp_config_reference.h* file from their *board* folder, rename it to *r_bsp_config.h*, and put it somewhere in their project where it can be included. To create an *r_bsp_interrupt_config.h* file the user simply needs to copy the *r_bsp_interrupt_config_reference.h* file from their *board* folder, rename it to *r_bsp_interrupt_config.h*, and put it somewhere in their project where it can be included. *r_bsp_config_reference.h* is provided so that users always have a known-good configuration file if needed. *r_bsp_interrupt_config_reference.h* is provided for configuration file of the Software Configurable Interrupts. It is recommended that the *r_bsp_config.h* and *r_bsp_interrupt_config.h* be stored in a folder named *r_config* in the user’s project. This is not a requirement, but all FIT Modules have configuration files and having one designated location for these files makes them easy to find and easy to back up.

While each *r_bsp_config.h* and *r_bsp_interrupt_config.h* is different, there are many of the same options in each. The following sections will provide details on these configuration options. Note that each macro starts with the common prefix ‘BSP_CFG_’ which makes them easy to search for and easy for the user to identify.

See 3.2.22 Software Configurable Interrupts in *r_bsp_interrupt_config.h*.

When using Smart Configurator, the configuration option can be set on the software component configuration screen. The setting value is automatically reflected in *r_bsp_config.h* when adding modules to a user project.

3.2.1 MCU Product Part Number Information

The product part number for a MCU can provide the r_bsp with a lot of information about an MCU. For this reason, the beginning of the configuration file has definitions that are set based on the MCU's product part number. All of these macros have a prefix of 'BSP_CFG_MCU_PART_'. Some MCUs have more information in their product part numbers than others but the table below shows the standard set that most have.

Table 3.1 Product Part Number Defines

Define	Value	Meaning
BSP_CFG_MCU_PART_PACKAGE	See comments above #define in r_bsp_config.h.	Defines which package is being used. Depending on package sizes MCUs will have different numbers of pins and may have more or less peripherals.
BSP_CFG_MCU_PART_MEMORY_SIZE	See comments above #define in r_bsp_config.h.	Defines the sizes of ROM, RAM, and Data Flash.
BSP_CFG_MCU_PART_GROUP	See comments above #define in r_bsp_config.h.	Defines the MCU Group (e.g. RX64M, RX65N) in a MCU series.
BSP_CFG_MCU_PART_SERIES	See comments above #define in r_bsp_config.h.	Defines the MCU Series (e.g. RX600, RX200, RX100).

3.2.2 Stack & Heap Sizes

Table 3.2 Stack & Heap Defines (1/2)

Define	Value	Meaning
BSP_CFG_USER_STACK_ENABLE	0 = Use only Interrupt stack. 1 = Use Interrupt & User stacks.	Whether to use 1 stack (Interrupt stack) or 2 (Interrupt & User stack). For further explanation please see Section 2.8. If the RTOS (RI600V4 or RI600PX) is used then this definition is disabled.
BSP_CFG_USTACK_BYTES	Size of User Stack in bytes.	Defines the size of the User stack. When using the IAR compiler, the stack size is determined by the GUI setting. Set the same value as the value set with the GUI. If the RTOS (RI600V4 or RI600PX) is used then this definition is disabled.

Table 3.2 Stack & Heap Defines (2/2)

Define	Value	Meaning
BSP_CFG_ISTACK_BYTES	Size of Interrupt Stack in bytes.	Defines the size of the Interrupt stack. When using the IAR compiler, the stack size is determined by the GUI setting. Set the same value as the value set with the GUI. If the RTOS (RI600V4 or RI600PX) is used then this definition is disabled.
BSP_CFG_HEAP_BYTES	Size of heap in bytes.	Defines the size of the heap. To prohibit the heap, refer to the comment above on '#define" in this definition. When using the IAR compiler, the heap size is determined by the GUI setting. Set the same value as the value set with the GUI.

3.2.3 STDIO & Debug Console

The use of the STDIO library requires extra code space, RAM space, and use of the heap. If the user does not require the use of STDIO then it is recommended to disable it and save the extra memory.

Table 3.3 STDIO & Debug Console Defines (1/2)

Define	Value	Meaning
BSP_CFG_IO_LIB_ENABLE	0 = Disable use of STDIO 1 = Enable use of STDIO	Determines whether STDIO initialization functions are called at startup to set up the STDIO libraries.
BSP_CFG_USER_CHARGET_ENABLED	0 = User function is not called by charget function 1 = Specified user function is called by charget function.	Defines whether or not to redirect the charget function.
BSP_CFG_USER_CHARGET_FUNCTION	Function redirected to by charget function.	Defines the function to be called when the charget function is redirected.
BSP_CFG_USER_CHARPUT_ENABLED	0 = User function is not called by charget function 1 = Specified user function is called by charget function.	Defines whether or not to redirect the charget function.

Table 3.3 STDIO & Debug Console Defines (2/2)

Define	Value	Meaning
BSP_CFG_USER_CHARPUT_FUNCTION	Function redirected to by charget function.	Defines the function to be called when the charget function is redirected.

3.2.4 CPU Modes & Boot Modes

RX MCUs have multiple boot modes including Serial Boot Mode, User Boot Mode, and Single-Chip Mode. The method for selecting boot mode varies depending on the MCU used. Some MCU select boot mode according to the level of a target pin at startup, and some others select boot mode by setting a pin and also setting a value (UB code) to the ROM.

Table 3.4 CPU Modes & Boot Modes Defines

Define	Value	Meaning
BSP_CFG_RUN_IN_USER_MODE	0 = Stay in Supervisor Mode 1 = Transition to User Mode	Out of reset RX MCUs operate in Supervisor Mode. The user has the option of transitioning to User Mode (which has limited write access to certain registers). Unless needed it is recommended to keep the MCU in Supervisor mode. If the RTOS (RI600V4 or RI600PX) is used, then this definition is disabled.
BSP_CFG_USER_BOOT_ENABLE	0 = Disable User Boot Mode 1 = Enable User Boot Mode	To enter User Boot Mode, a value in ROM must be set. If this macro defines User Boot Mode to be enabled, then the r_bsp will set the appropriate ROM value.

3.2.5 RTOS

Table 3.5 RTOS Defines

Define	Value	Meaning
BSP_CFG_RTOS_USED ^{*1}	0 = RTOS is not used. 1 = FreeRTOS is used. 2 = embOS is used. 3 = MicroC_OS is used. 4 = RI600V4 or RI600PX is used. 5 = Azure RTOS is used.	Defines if a RTOS is being used in the current application. Some FIT modules may use this information for their own configuration.
BSP_CFG_RTOS_SYSTEM_TIMER	0 = CMT channel 0 1 = CMT channel 1 2 = CMT channel 2 3 = CMT channel 3	Defines the channel of CMT used for the RTOS system timer. If the RTOS is not used, then this definition is disabled. If the RTOS (RI600V4 or RI600PX) is used, this definition is invalid. It is because the designation of the CMT used for system timer is done by RTOS (RI600V4 or RI600PX).
BSP_CFG_RENESAS_RTOS_USED	0 = RI600V4 is used. 1 = RI600PX is used.	Defines if a RI600V4 or RI600PX is being used in the current application. This definition is only valid when the RTOS (RI600V4 or RI600PX) is used.

Note 1. embOS and MicroC OS are not supported.

3.2.6 Clock Setup

Available clocks vary amongst RX MCUs but the same basic concepts apply to all. After reset the `r_bsp` will initialize the MCU clocks using the clock configuration macros found in `r_bsp_config.h`.

Table 3.6 Clock Setup Defines (1/5)

Define	Value	Meaning
<code>BSP_CFG_MAIN_CLOCK_OSCILLATE_ENABLE</code>	0 = Stop Oscillating the Main Clock. 1 = Enable oscillating the Main Clock.	Defines whether to enable or stop oscillation of the Main Clock Oscillator.
<code>BSP_CFG_SUB_CLOCK_OSCILLATE_ENABLE</code>	0 = Stop Oscillating the Sub Clock. 1 = Enable oscillating the Sub Clock.	Defines whether to enable or stop oscillation of the Sub Clock Oscillator.
<code>BSP_CFG_HOCO_OSCILLATE_ENABLE</code>	0 = Stop Oscillating the HOCO. 1 = Enable Oscillating the HOCO.	Defines whether to enable or stop oscillation of the High Speed On-Chip Oscillator (HOCO).
<code>BSP_CFG_LOCO_OSCILLATE_ENABLE</code>	0 = Stop Oscillating the LOCO. 1 = Enable Oscillating the LOCO.	Defines whether to enable or stop oscillation of the Low Speed On-Chip Oscillator (LOCO).
<code>BSP_CFG_IWDT_CLOCK_OSCILLATE_ENABLE</code>	0 = Stop Oscillating the IWDT Clock. 1 = Enable Oscillating the IWDT Clock.	Defines whether to enable or stop oscillation of the IWDT-Dedicated On-Chip Oscillator.
<code>BSP_CFG_CLOCK_SOURCE</code>	0 = Low Speed On-Chip Oscillator (LOCO) 1 = High Speed On-Chip Oscillator (HOCO) 2 = Main Clock Oscillator 3 = Sub-Clock Oscillator 4 = PLL Circuit	Defines which clock source will be in use when the <code>r_bsp</code> code jumps to <code>main()</code> .
<code>BSP_CFG_MAIN_CLOCK_SOURCE</code>	0 = Resonator 1 = External clock input	Defines which clock source will be used for the main clock oscillator.
<code>BSP_CFG_RTC_ENABLE</code>	0 = RTC is not used 1 = RTC is used	Defines whether to use the RTC or not.
<code>BSP_CFG_SOSC_DRV_CAP</code>	See the comment above #define in <code>r_bsp_config.h</code> .	Defines the driving ability of the sub-clock oscillator.

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Table 3.6 Clock Setup Defines (2/5)

Define	Value	Meaning
BSP_CFG_PLL_SCR	0 = Main clock 1 = HOCO	Defines which clock source will be used for the PLL Circuit.
BSP_CFG_USB_CLOCK_SOURCE	See the comment above #define in r_bsp_config.h.	Defines which clock source will be used when the USB peripheral is enabled.
BSP_CFG_LCD_CLOCK_SOURCE	0 = Low Speed On-Chip Oscillator (LOCO) 1 = High Speed On-Chip Oscillator (HOCO) 2 = Main Clock Oscillator 3 = Sub-Clock Oscillator 4 = IWDT dedicated clock (IWDTCLK)	Defines which clock source will be used when LCD is enabled.
BSP_CFG_LCD_CLOCK_ENABLE	0 = LCD Source clock is disabled 1 = LCD Source clock is enabled	Defines if clock source to the LCD is enabled.
BSP_CFG_HOCO_FREQUENCY	See the comment above #define in r_bsp_config.h.	Defines the HOCO frequency.
BSP_CFG_LPT_CLOCK_SOURCE	0 = Sub-Clock 1 = IWDT dedicated clock 2 = LPT not used	Defines which clock source will be used when the Low-Power Timer is enabled. The default value is 2 (LPT not used).
BSP_CFG_XTAL_HZ	Input clock frequency in Hz.	Defines the input clock frequency (Resonator or External oscillator). This is used for calculating final clock speeds.
BSP_CFG_PLL_DIV	PLL Input Frequency Divider	Defines the PLL divider to be used. If the PLL is not used, then this can be ignored.
BSP_CFG_PLL_MUL	PLL Frequency Multiplication Factor	Defines the PLL multiplier to be used. If the PLL is not used, then this can be ignored.
BSP_CFG_UPLL_DIV	USB PLL Input Frequency Divider	Defines the USB PLL divider to be used. If the PLL is not used, then this can be ignored.
BSP_CFG_UPLL_MUL	USB PLL Frequency Multiplication Factor	Defines the USB PLL multiplier to be used. If the PLL is not used, then this can be ignored.

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Table 3.6 Clock Setup Defines (3/5)

Define	Value	Meaning
BSP_CFG_<ClockAcronym>_DIV Examples: BSP_CFG_ICK_DIV BSP_CFG_PCKA_DIV BSP_CFG_PCKB_DIV BSP_CFG_PCKD_DIV BSP_CFG_FCK_DIV	The divisor to use for this clock.	RX MCUs have a number of clock domains on-chip. Dividers can be set for each of these independently to maximize performance while minimizing power consumption. <ClockAcronym> is a placeholder for the name of the clock to be set. For example, to set the divider for the CPU clock (ICK) then the user would set the BSP_CFG_ICK_DIV macro.
BSP_CFG_HOCO_WAIT_TIME	HOSCWTCR register setting value	Defines the high-speed on-chip oscillator wait time.
BSP_CFG莫斯C_WAIT_TIME	MOSCWTCSR register setting value	Defines the main clock oscillator wait time.
BSP_CFG_SOSC_WAIT_TIME	SOSCWTCSR register setting value	Defines the sub-clock oscillator wait time.
BSP_CFG_BCLK_OUTPUT	0 = BCLK is not output 1 = BCK frequency is output 2 = BCK/2 frequency is output	Defines if BCLK is output and if so, what frequency is output.
BSP_CFG_SDCLK_OUTPUT	0 = SDCLK is not output 1 = BCK frequency is output	Defines if SDCLK is output.
BSP_CFG_PPLL_DIV	PPLL Input Frequency Divider	Defines the PPLL divider to be used. If the PPLL is not used, then this can be ignored.
BSP_CFG_PPLL_MUL	PPLL Frequency Multiplication Factor	Defines the PPLL multiplier to be used. If the PPLL is not used, then this can be ignored.
BSP_CFG_PHY_CLOCK_SOURCE	0 = PLL Circuit 1 = PPLL Circuit 2 = Ethernet-PHY not use	Defines which clock source will be used for the External clock for Ethernet-PHY.
BSP_CFG_ESC_CLOCK_SOURCE	0 = PCLKA 1 = PLLDIVCLK	Defines which clock source will be used for the ESC clock.

Table 3.6 Clock Setup Defines (4/5)

Define	Value	Meaning
BSP_CFG_CLKOUT_SOURCE	0 = LOCO 1 = HOCO 2 = Main Clock Oscillator 3 = Sub Clock Oscillator 4 = PLL 6 = PPLL 8 = CTSU internal clock	Defines which clock source will be used when the CLKOUT pin output is enabled. If the clock is not output from the CLKOUT pin then this can be ignored.
BSP_CFG_CLKOUT_DIV	0 = x1/1 1 = x1/2 2 = x1/4 3 = x1/8 4 = x1/16	Defines the division ratio of the clock output from the CLKOUT pin. If the clock is not output from the CLKOUT pin, then this can be ignored.
BSP_CFG_CLKOUT_OUTPUT	0 = CLKOUT pin output stopped. (Fixed to the low level) 1 = CLKOUT pin output enabled.	Defines whether to output the CLKOUT pin or not.
BSP_CFG_CLKOUT_RF_MAIN	0 = Resonator or External oscillator. 1 = CLKOUT_RF	Defines the clock to be input to the EXTAL terminal. Set 1 to input the output from Bluetooth-dedicated clock pin to the EXTAL pin.
BSP_CFG_HOCO_FLL_ENABLE	0 = Disable FLL of the HOCO. 1 = Enable FLL of the HOCO.	Defines whether the FLL function for the HOCO is enabled or disabled. When FLL function is enabled, oscillate Sub-clock.
BSP_CFG_HOCO_TRIMMING_ENABLE	0 = Disable reset the HOCO trimming register in the initial setting process. 1 = Enable reset the HOCO trimming register in the initial setting process.	Defines whether reset of the HOCO trimming register is enabled or disabled.
BSP_CFG_HOCO_TRIMMING_REG_VALUE	Set value to the HOCO trimming register.	Defines set value to the HOCO trimming register. The value that can be specified is 0 to 511. When the reset of the HOCO trimming register is enabled, set the value specified to the HOCO trimming register in the initial settings.

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Table 3.6 Clock Setup Defines (5/5)

Define	Value	Meaning
BSP_CFG_BACKUP_DOMAIN_SUB_CLOCK_SOURCE	0 = The internal sub-clock oscillator 1 = The external sub-clock oscillator	Defines the source of the sub-clock provided to each module in the backup domain and the remote-control signal receiver.
BSP_CFG_SUB_CLOCK_SOURCE	0 = Resonator 1 = External clock input	Defines which clock source will be used for the sub clock oscillator.
BSP_CFG_CANFD_CLOCK_SOURCE	2 = LOCO 5 = PLL 6 = PLL2	Defines which clock source will be used when the CANFD peripheral is enabled.
BSP_CFG_USB_CLOCK_ENABLE	0 = Stop clock supply to USB. 1 = Supply clock to USB.	Defines whether to enable or stop clock supply to USB.
BSP_CFG_CANFD_CLOCK_ENABLE	0 = Stop clock supply to CANFD. 1 = Supply clock to CANFD.	Defines whether to enable or stop clock supply to CANFD.
BSP_CFG_PLL2_DIV	PLL2 Input Frequency Divider	Defines the PLL2 divider to be used. If the PLL2 is not used, then this can be ignored.
BSP_CFG_PLL2_MUL	PLL2 Frequency Multiplication Factor	Defines the PLL2 multiplier to be used. If the PLL2 is not used, then this can be ignored.

3.2.7 Registers in ROM & External Memory Access Protection

Some registers are located in ROM and therefore must be set at compile-time. These include some option-setting memory registers as well as certain memory protection registers.

RX MCUs have two different mechanisms for protecting MCU memory from being read after production. The first is the use of ID codes. The RX ID code is a 16-byte value that can be used to protect the MCU from being connected to a debugger or from connecting in Serial Boot Mode. There are different settings that can be set for the ID code; please refer to the hardware manual for your device for available options. The second mechanism is a 4-byte value called ROM Code Protection. This value determines what read and write access parallel programmers have to the MCU.

Option-Setting Memory registers (i.e. OFS0, OFS1) can be set so that certain operations occur at reset. For example, the IWDT can be configured and enabled, voltage detection can be enabled, and HOCO oscillation can be enabled. When these registers are set the operations are completed before the MCU's reset vector is fetched and execution begins.

Table 3.7 ROM Register Defines (1/4)

Define	Value	Meaning
BSP_CFG_ID_CODE_LONG_1 BSP_CFG_ID_CODE_LONG_2 BSP_CFG_ID_CODE_LONG_3 BSP_CFG_ID_CODE_LONG_4	ID code setting in 4-byte units.	Defines the ID code of the MCU. The default value all 0xFF's means that protection is disabled. Note: If the ID code is set then it should be remembered because the code will be required if the MCU is going to be connected for debugging or in Serial Boot Mode again.
BSP_CFG_ID_CODE_ENABLE	0 = ID code is disabled 1 = ID code is enabled	Defines if the ID code is enabled or disabled on some MCUs (RX64M, RX660, RX66T, RX71M and RX72T). When enable the ID code, enable this definition after setting the ID code.
BSP_CFG_ROM_CODE_PROTECT_VALUE	0 = Read/Write access is disabled 1 = Read access is disabled Else = Read/Write access is enabled	Defines the read and write access allowed by parallel programmers.
BSP_CFG_OFS0_REG_VALUE ¹	Value to be written to OFS0 register.	Defines the 4-byte value to be programmed into the OFS0 ROM location.

Note 1. There are precautions when using the IWDT auto-start mode. (See 10.3.)

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Table 3.7 ROM Register Defines (2/4)

Define	Value	Meaning
BSP_CFG_OFS1_REG_VALUE	Value to be written to OFS1 register.	Defines the 4-byte value to be programmed into the OFS1 ROM location. When HOCO oscillation is enabled, set the default value to BSP_CFG_HOCO_FREQUENCY. Also set 0 to BSP_CFG_HOCO_FLL_ENABLE.
BSP_CFG_TRUSTED_MODE_FUNCTION	Value to be written to TMEF register.	Defines if Trusted Mode is enabled or disabled.
BSP_CFG_FAW_REG_VALUE	Value to be written to FAW register.	Defines the 4-byte value to be programmed into the FAW ROM location.
BSP_CFG_ROMCODE_REG_VALUE	Value to be written to ROMCODE register.	Defines the 4-byte value to be programmed into the ROMCODE ROM location.
BSP_CFG_CODE_FLASH_BANK_MODE	0 = Dual mode 1 = Linear mode	Defines bank mode for a dual-bank device.
BSP_CFG_CODE_FLASH_START_BANK	0 = Launch from bank 0 1 = Launch from bank 1	Defines a bank to launch the program in dual mode for a dual-bank device. This definition is disabled for linear mode.

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Table 3.7 ROM Register Defines (3/4)

Define	Value	Meaning
BSP_CFG_BLOCK_ERASE_CMD_PROTECT_ENABLE	0 = Execution of block erasure commands is permitted after a reset. 1 = Execution of block erasure commands is prohibited after a reset.	Defines if Execution of block erasure commands is permitted or prohibited after a reset on the device supported the serial programmer connection function. This definition is invalid when ID code is enabled. (BSP_CFG_ID_CODE_ENABLE = 1)
BSP_CFG_PROGRAM_CMD_PROTECT_ENABLE	0 = Execution of programming commands is permitted after a reset. 1 = Execution of programming commands is prohibited after a reset.	Defines if Execution of programming commands is permitted or prohibited after a reset on the device supported the serial programmer connection function. This definition is invalid when ID code is enabled. (BSP_CFG_ID_CODE_ENABLE = 1)
BSP_CFG_READ_CMD_PROTECT_ENABLE	0 = Execution of read commands is permitted after a reset. 1 = Execution of read commands is prohibited after a reset.	Defines if Execution of read commands is permitted or prohibited after a reset on the device supported the serial programmer connection function. This definition is invalid when ID code is enabled. (BSP_CFG_ID_CODE_ENABLE = 1).
BSP_CFG_SERIAL_PROGRAMMER_CONNECT_ENABLE	0 = Connection of a serial programmer is prohibited after a reset. 1 = Connection of a serial programmer is permitted after a reset.	Defines if Connection of a serial programmer is permitted or prohibited after a reset on the device supported the serial programmer connection function.

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Table 3.7 ROM Register Defines (4/4)

Define	Value	Meaning
BSP_CFG_ONCHIP_DEBUGGER_CONNECT_ENABLE	0 = Connection of an on-chip debugger is prohibited after a reset. 1 = Connection of an on-chip debugger is permitted after a reset.	Defines if Connection of an on-chip debugger is permitted or prohibited after a reset on the device supported the on-chip debugger connection function.

3.2.8 Atomic Locking

For an introduction into the r_bsp's atomic locking see 2.17. These macros allow the user to override the default locking mechanisms and implement their own. A user might wish to do this in order to replace the simple default mechanisms provided in the r_bsp with more feature rich objects such as semaphores or mutexes from their RTOS. If the user wished to do this, they would first configure the r_bsp to use user defined locking mechanisms (see `BSP_CFG_USER_LOCKING_ENABLED` below). After that they would define `BSP_CFG_USER_LOCKING_TYPE` to be the type they wished to use for their locks. If using an RTOS semaphore, then its type would be used here. Finally, the user would need to define the four locking functions that would be used (see last 4 entries in table below). The arguments to these users defined functions have to match the arguments sent to the default locking functions. After these changes are made all locks in the user's project would be converted to the user defined locks. Whenever the r_bsp lock functions are called by user code, or FIT Module code, the user's functions would be called. At this point the user is responsible for implementing the locking features. Inside these functions the user would be free to use the more advanced locking features of their RTOS.

Table 3.8 Atomic Locking Defines (1/2)

Define	Value	Meaning
<code>BSP_CFG_USER_LOCKING_ENABLED</code>	0 = Use default locking mechanisms 1 = Use user defined locking mechanisms	The default locking mechanisms provided with the r_bsp do not use an RTOS and therefore do not offer some of the advanced features that a user might expect from an RTOS when using a semaphore or mutex.
<code>BSP_CFG_USER_LOCKING_TYPE</code>	Data type to be used for locks (default is <code>bsp_lock_t</code>)	If the user decides to use their own locking mechanism, then the data type for their locks should be defined here. For example, if the user replaces the default locks with an RTOS semaphore or mutex then that data type would be specified here.
<code>BSP_CFG_USER_LOCKING_HW_LOCK_FUNCTION</code>	User defined functions to be called when r_bsp lock functions are overridden by user.	If the user is using their own locking mechanisms then the function defined by this macro will be called when <code>R_BSP_HardwareLock()</code> is called.
<code>BSP_CFG_USER_LOCKING_HW_UNLOCK_FUNCTION</code>	User defined functions to be called when r_bsp lock functions are overridden by user.	If the user is using their own locking mechanisms then the function defined by this macro will be called when <code>R_BSP_HardwareUnlock()</code> is called.

Table 3.8 Atomic Locking Defines (2/2)

Define	Value	Meaning
BSP_CFG_USER_LOCKING_SW_LOCK_FUNCTION	User defined functions to be called when r_bsp lock functions are overridden by user.	If the user is using their own locking mechanisms then the function defined by this macro will be called when R_BSP_SoftwareLock() is called.
BSP_CFG_USER_LOCKING_SW_UNLOCK_FUNCTION	User defined functions to be called when r_bsp lock functions are overridden by user.	If the user is using their own locking mechanisms then the function defined by this macro will be called when R_BSP_SoftwareUnlock() is called.

3.2.9 Parameter Checking

This macro is a global setting for enabling or disabling parameter checking. Each FIT module will also have its own local macro for this same purpose. By default, the local macros will take the global value from here though they can be overridden. Therefore, the local setting has priority over this global setting. Disabling parameter checking should only be performed when inputs are known to be good and an increase in speed or decrease in code space is needed.

Table 3.9 Parameter Checking Defines

Define	Value	Meaning
BSP_CFG_PARAM_CHECKING_ENABLE	0 = Parameter checking disabled 1 = Parameter checking enabled	Defines whether the global setting for parameter checking is enabled or disabled. Local modules will take this value by default but can be locally overridden.

3.2.10 Extended Bus Master Priority Setting

Table 3.10 Extended Bus Master Priority Setting Defines

Define	Value	Meaning
BSP_CFG_EBMAPCR_1ST_PRIORITY	0 = GLCDC graphics 1 data read 1 = DRW2D texture data read	Extended Bus Master 1st Priority Selection.
BSP_CFG_EBMAPCR_2ND_PRIORITY	2 = DRW2D frame buffer data read write and display list data read	Extended Bus Master 2nd Priority Selection.
BSP_CFG_EBMAPCR_3RD_PRIORITY	3 = GLCDC graphics 2 data read 4 = EDMAC	Extended Bus Master 3rd Priority Selection.
BSP_CFG_EBMAPCR_4TH_PRIORITY	Settings other than above are prohibited. Also, it is not possible to set the same value for multiple priorities.	Extended Bus Master 4th Priority Selection.
BSP_CFG_EBMAPCR_5TH_PRIORITY		Extended Bus Master 5th Priority Selection.

3.2.11 MCU Voltage

These macros set the voltage (Vcc) and the analog voltage (AVcc) supplied to the MCU by the system. Each FIT module obtains the voltage and analog voltage supplied to the MCU by referencing these macros. Specify values appropriate for the user system.

Table 3.11 MCU Voltage Defines

Define	Value	Meaning
BSP_CFG MCU VCC MV	Voltage supplied to MCU (Vcc) in millivolts.	Some FIT Modules (e.g. LVD) need to know the voltage supplied to the MCU. The voltage information can be obtained from this definition.
BSP_CFG MCU AVCC MV	Analog voltage supplied to MCU (AVcc) in millivolts.	Some FIT Modules (e.g. AD) need to know the analog voltage supplied to the MCU. The analog voltage information can be obtained from this definition.

3.2.12 Startup Disable

Table 3-12 Startup Disable Defines

Define	Value	Meaning
BSP_CFG_STARTUP_DISABLE	0 = BSP startup enable 1 = BSP startup disable	Defines the BSP startup processing to be enabled or disabled. When setting to be disabled, all startup processing performed by the BSP is disabled. This function is available only when using Renesas compiler.

3.2.13 Definitions of Smart Configurator

Table 3.13 Definitions of Smart Configurator

Define	Value	Meaning
BSP_CFG_CONFIGURATOR_SELECT	0 = Do not use Smart Configurator 1 = Use Smart Configurator	Define whether Smart Configurator will be used in the current project. When BSP_CFG_CONFIGURATOR_SELECT = 1, The Smart Configurator initialization function is called.
BSP_CFG_CONFIGURATOR_VERSION	Version number of Smart Configurator.	Define Version number of Smart Configurator. It may be necessary to upgrade the smart configurator depending on the updated contents of the FIT module. If you do not upgrade the smart configurator, a build error may occur.

3.2.14 Negative Voltage Input Settings for AD Pins

These macros specify whether negative voltage is input to pins AN000, AN001, AN002, AN100, AN101, AN102, PGAVSS0, and PGAVSS1 of the AD. Some FIT modules (such as the AD module) need to know whether to apply negative voltage to the input pins of the PGA when using PGA pseudo-differential input. Each FIT module obtains the negative voltage input settings of the AD pins by referencing these macros. Set values appropriate for the user system. These macros have no effect if the package of the product has no PGA differential inputs.

Table 3.14 Definitions of Negative Voltage Input Settings for AD Pins (1/2)

Definition	Value	Description
BSP_CFG_AD_NEGATIVE_VOLTAGE _INPUT_AN000	0 = Negative voltage is not to be input to the pin. 1 = Negative voltage is to be input to the pin.	Defines whether negative voltage is input to the AN000 pin of AD.
BSP_CFG_AD_NEGATIVE_VOLTAGE _INPUT_AN001	0 = Negative voltage is not to be input to the pin. 1 = Negative voltage is to be input to the pin.	Defines whether negative voltage is input to the AN001 pin of AD.
BSP_CFG_AD_NEGATIVE_VOLTAGE _INPUT_AN002	0 = Negative voltage is not to be input to the pin. 1 = Negative voltage is to be input to the pin.	Defines whether negative voltage is input to the AN002 pin of AD.
BSP_CFG_AD_NEGATIVE_VOLTAGE _INPUT_PGAVSS0	0 = Negative voltage is not to be input to the pin. 1 = Negative voltage is to be input to the pin.	Defines whether negative voltage is input to the PGAVSS0 pin of AD.

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Table 3.14 Definitions of Negative Voltage Input Settings for AD Pins (2/2)

Definition	Value	Description
BSP_CFG_AD_NEGATIVE_VOLTAGE _INPUT_AN100	0 = Negative voltage is not to be input to the pin. 1 = Negative voltage is to be input to the pin.	Defines whether negative voltage is input to the AN100 pin of AD.
BSP_CFG_AD_NEGATIVE_VOLTAGE _INPUT_AN101	0 = Negative voltage is not to be input to the pin. 1 = Negative voltage is to be input to the pin.	Defines whether negative voltage is input to the AN101 pin of AD.
BSP_CFG_AD_NEGATIVE_VOLTAGE _INPUT_AN102	0 = Negative voltage is not to be input to the pin. 1 = Negative voltage is to be input to the pin.	Defines whether negative voltage is input to the AN102 pin of AD.
BSP_CFG_AD_NEGATIVE_VOLTAGE _INPUT_PGAVSS1	0 = Negative voltage is not to be input to the pin. 1 = Negative voltage is to be input to the pin.	Defines whether negative voltage is input to the PGA VSS1 pin of AD.

3.2.15 ROM Cache Function

Some RX MCUs have a ROM cache function. After a reset r_bsp initializes the ROM cache settings of the MCU using the ROM cache configuration macros found in *r_bsp_config.h*.

Table 3.15 ROM Cache Setting Definitions (1/2)

Definition	Value	Description
BSP_CFG_ROM_CACHE_ENABLE	0 = ROM cache operation disabled. 1 = ROM cache operation enabled.	Defines whether ROM cache operation is enabled or disabled.
BSP_CFG_NONCACHEABLE_AREA0_ENABLE	0 = Non-cacheable area 0 settings disabled. 1 = Non-cacheable area 0 settings enabled.	Defines whether non-cacheable area 0 is enabled or disabled when ROM cache operation is enabled.
BSP_CFG_NONCACHEABLE_AREA0_ADDR	Setting value of NCRG0 register	Defines the start address of non-cacheable area 0.
BSP_CFG_NONCACHEABLE_AREA0_SIZE	See comments above #define in <i>r_bsp_config.h</i> .	Defines the size of non-cacheable area 0.
BSP_CFG_NONCACHEABLE_AREA0_IF_ENABLE	0 = Non-cacheable area 0 setting of IF cache disabled. 1 = Non-cacheable area 0 setting of IF cache enabled.	Defines whether the non-cacheable area for the IF cache is enabled or disabled when ROM cache operation is enabled and non-cacheable area 0 is enabled.
BSP_CFG_NONCACHEABLE_AREA0_OA_ENABLE	0 = Non-cacheable area 0 setting of OA cache disabled. 1 = Non-cacheable area 0 setting of OA cache enabled.	Defines whether the non-cacheable area for the OA cache is enabled or disabled when ROM cache operation is enabled and non-cacheable area 0 is enabled.
BSP_CFG_NONCACHEABLE_AREA0_DM_ENABLE	0 = Non-cacheable area 0 setting of DM cache disabled. 1 = Non-cacheable area 0 setting of DM cache enabled.	Defines whether the non-cacheable area for the DM cache is enabled or disabled when ROM cache operation is enabled and non-cacheable area 0 is enabled.

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Table 3.15 ROM Cache Setting Definitions (2/2)

Definition	Value	Description
BSP_CFG_NONCACHEABLE_AREA1_ENABLE	0 = Non-cacheable area 1 settings disabled. 1 = Non-cacheable area 1 settings enabled.	Defines whether non-cacheable area 1 is enabled or disabled when ROM cache operation is enabled.
BSP_CFG_NONCACHEABLE_AREA1_ADDR	Setting value of NCRG1 register	Defines the start address of non-cacheable area 1.
BSP_CFG_NONCACHEABLE_AREA1_SIZE	See comments above #define in r_bsp_config.h.	Defines the size of non-cacheable area 1.
BSP_CFG_NONCACHEABLE_AREA1_IF_ENABLE	0 = Non-cacheable area 1 setting of IF cache disabled. 1 = Non-cacheable area 1 setting of IF cache enabled.	Defines whether the non-cacheable area for the IF cache is enabled or disabled when ROM cache operation is enabled and non-cacheable area 1 is enabled.
BSP_CFG_NONCACHEABLE_AREA1_OA_ENABLE	0 = Non-cacheable area 1 setting of OA cache disabled. 1 = Non-cacheable area 1 setting of OA cache enabled.	Defines whether the non-cacheable area for the OA cache is enabled or disabled when ROM cache operation is enabled and non-cacheable area 1 is enabled.
BSP_CFG_NONCACHEABLE_AREA1_DM_ENABLE	0 = Non-cacheable area 1 setting of DM cache disabled. 1 = Non-cacheable area 1 setting of DM cache enabled.	Defines whether the non-cacheable area for the DM cache is enabled or disabled when ROM cache operation is enabled and non-cacheable area 1 is enabled.

3.2.16 Callback function at warm start

Table 3.16 Definition of callback function at warm start

Define	Value	Meaning
BSP_CFG_USER_WARM_START_CALLBACK _PRE_INITC_ENABLED	0 = User function is not called before C runtime environment has been initialized. 1 = User function is called before C runtime environment has been initialized.	Defines whether or not to call a user function before C runtime environment has been initialized.
BSP_CFG_USER_WARM_START _PRE_C_FUNCTION	Function to call before C runtime environment has been initialized.	Defines the function to be called when a user function is called before the C runtime environment has been initialized.
BSP_CFG_USER_WARM_START_CALLBACK _POST_INITC_ENABLED	0 = User function is not called after C runtime environment has been initialized. 1 = User function is called after C runtime environment has been initialized.	Defines whether or not to call a user function after C runtime environment has been initialized.
BSP_CFG_USER_WARM_START _POST_C_FUNCTION	Function to call after C runtime environment has been initialized.	Defines the function to be called when a user function is called after the C runtime environment has been initialized.

3.2.17 Interrupt Priority Level When FIT Module Interrupts Are Disabled

For some BSP functions, it is necessary to ensure that, while these functions are executing, interrupts from other FIT modules do not occur. By controlling the IPL, these functions disable interrupts that are at or below the specified interrupt priority level.

Table 3.17 Definition of Interrupt Priority Level When FIT Module Interrupts Are Disabled

Define	Value	Meaning
BSP_CFG_FIT_IPL_MAX	See comments above #define in r_bsp_config.h.	Defines interrupt priority level when FIT module interrupts are disabled.

3.2.18 Battery Backup Function

Table 3.18 Definition of Battery Backup Function

Define	Value	Meaning
BSP_CFG_VBATT_ENABLE	0 = battery backup function is disabled. 1 = battery backup function is enabled.	Defines if the battery backup function is enabled in the current application. When user do not use the battery backup function, set the value to "0".

3.2.19 Software Interrupts

Table 3.19 Software Interrupt Definitions

Define	Value	Meaning
BSP_CFG_SWINT_UNITn_ENABLE (n: unit number)	0 = Software interrupts are not used. 1 = Software interrupts are used.	Defines whether or not software interrupts are used. If they are, the R_BSP_SoftwareInterruptOpen function is called at startup to initialize the software interrupts.
BSP_CFG_SWINT_TASK_BUFFER_NUMBER	Number of software interrupt task buffers	Defines the number of software interrupt task buffers. The maximum value is 254. This definition is common across all units.
BSP_CFG_SWINT_IPR_INITIAL_VALUE	Software interrupt priority level (IPR) initial value	Defines the initial software interrupt priority level (IPR). This definition is common across all units.

3.2.20 Definitions of board setting

This section specifies the definitions for selected board by Smart Configurator.

Table 3.20 Serial Terminal Definitions of board setting

Define	Value	Meaning
BSP_CFG_SCI_UART_TERMINAL_ENABLE	0 = Serial Terminal function are not used. 1 = Serial Terminal function are used.	Defines whether or not serial terminal function are used.
BSP_CFG_SCI_UART_TERMINAL_CHANNEL	SCI Channel Number used for serial terminal function	Defines the channel number of SCI used for serial terminal. When BSP_CFG_SCI_UART_TERMINAL_ENABLE = 1, the definition is disabled.
BSP_CFG_SCI_UART_TERMINAL_BITRATE	Bitrate for serial terminal. (bps)	Defines the bitrate of SCI used for serial terminal. When BSP_CFG_SCI_UART_TERMINAL_ENABLE = 1, the definition is disabled.
BSP_CFG_SCI_UART_TERMINAL_INTERRUPT_PRIORITY	SCI interrupt priority level (IPR) used for serial terminal.	Defines the interrupt priority level (IPR) of SCI used for serial terminal. When BSP_CFG_SCI_UART_TERMINAL_ENABLE = 1, the definition is disabled.

3.2.21 C++ Project

Table 3.21 Definition of C++ Project.

Define	Value	Meaning
BSP_CFG_CPLUSPLUS	0 = This project is a C project. (Not a C++ project). 1 = This project is a C++ project.	Defines if the project is C project or C++ project. When the BSP_CFG_CPLUSPLUS = 1, _CALL_INIT is called in the startup function.

3.2.22 Software Configurable Interrupts

This section specifies the definitions for Software Configurable Interrupts of selected device. Only RX26T, RX600, and RX700 series are supported.

Table 3.22 Definition of Software Configurable Interrupts.

Define	Value	Meaning
BSP_MAPPED_INT_CFG_B_VECT_XXX_YYY XXX: Interrupt Request Source YYY: Name of Interrupt Source Example BSP_MAPPED_INT_CFG_B_VECT_CMT2_CMI2 BSP_MAPPED_INT_CFG_B_VECT_TPU0_TGI0A	128 - 207	Defines the vector number to which the interrupt source of Software Configurable Interrupt B is assigned. Performs the initial setting to assign each interrupt source to the specified vector number in the startup function.
BSP_MAPPED_INT_CFG_A_VECT_XXX_YYY XXX: Interrupt Request Source YYY: Name of Interrupt Source Example BSP_MAPPED_INT_CFG_A_VECT_MTU0_TGIA0 BSP_MAPPED_INT_CFG_A_VECT_GPT0_GTCIA0	208 - 255	Defines the vector number to which the interrupt source of Software Configurable Interrupt A is assigned. Performs the initial setting to assign each interrupt source to the specified vector number in the startup function.

3.2.23 Expansion RAM

This section specifies the definitions for Expansion RAM. Only RX23T and some products of RX600 and RX700 series with expansion RAM are supported.

Table 3.23 Definition of Expansion RAM.

Define	Value	Meaning
BSP_CFG_EXPANSION_RAM_ENABLE	0 = section of expansion RAM is disabled. 1 = section of expansion RAM is enabled.	Defines the section of expansion RAM to be enabled or disabled. When the IAR compiler is used, the definition is disabled.

3.2.24 Arithmetic Unit for Trigonometric Functions

This section specifies the definitions for an arithmetic unit for trigonometric functions. Only RX26T is supported.

Table 3.24 Definition of Arithmetic Unit for Trigonometric Functions.

Define	Value	Meaning
BSP_CFG_TFU_INITIALIZE_ENABLE	0 = Initialize function for TFU is disabled. 1 = Initialize function for TFU is enabled.	Defines whether to enable the initialization function of the Arithmetic Unit for Trigonometric Functions (fixed-point numbers).
BSP_CFG_TFU_SINCOS_INPUT_UNIT_FORMAT	0 = Unit of turns, Q1.31 format. 1 = Unit of radians, Q3.29 format.	Defines the unit and format setting of the input values in fixed-point sincos operations.
BSP_CFG_TFU_SINCOS_OUTPUT_FORMAT	0 = Q1.31 1 = Q2.30 2 = Q3.29	Defines the format setting of the output values in fixed-point sincos operations.
BSP_CFG_TFU_ATAN_OUTPUT_UNIT_FORMAT	0 = Unit of turns, Q1.31 format. 1 = Unit of radians, Q3.29 format.	Defines the output format setting of output values of atan calculations in fixed-point atanhypot_k operations.

3.2.25 Bus Priority

This section specifies the definitions for the bus priority.

Table 3.25 Definition of the bus priority. (1/2)

Define	Value	Meaning
BSP_CFG_BUS_PRIORITY_INITIALIZE_ENABLE	0 = Bus priority initialization is disabled. 1 = Bus priority initialization is enabled.	Defines whether to enable the bus priority initialization.
BSP_CFG_MEMORY_BUS1_PRIORITY		Defines the priority order for memory bus 1.
BSP_CFG_MEMORY_BUS1_3_PRIORITY		Defines the priority order for memory buses 1 and 3.
BSP_CFG_MEMORY_BUS2_PRIORITY		Defines the priority order for memory bus 2.
BSP_CFG_INTERNAL_PERIPHERAL_BUS1_PRIORITY	0 = The order of priority is fixed. 1 = The order of priority is toggled.	Defines the priority order for internal peripheral bus 1.
BSP_CFG_INTERNAL_PERIPHERAL_BUS2_PRIORITY		Defines the priority order for internal peripheral bus 2.
BSP_CFG_INTERNAL_PERIPHERAL_BUS2_3_PRIORITY		Defines the priority order for internal peripheral buses 2 and 3.
BSP_CFG_INTERNAL_PERIPHERAL_BUS4_PRIORITY		Defines the priority order for internal peripheral bus 4.
BSP_CFG_INTERNAL_PERIPHERAL_BUS4_5_PRIORITY		Defines the priority order for internal peripheral buses 4 and 5.

Table 3.25 Definition of the bus priority. (2/2)

Define	Value	Meaning
BSP_CFG_INTERNAL_PERIPHERAL_BUS6_PRIORITY	0 = The order of priority is fixed. 1 = The order of priority is toggled.	Defines the priority order for internal peripheral bus 6.
BSP_CFG_EXTERNAL_BUS_PRIORITY	0 = The order of priority is fixed. 1 = The order of priority is toggled.	Defines the priority order for the external bus.
BSP_CFG_INTERNAL_EXPANSION_BUS_PRIORITY	0 = The order of priority is fixed. 1 = The order of priority is toggled.	Defines the priority order for internal expansion bus.

3.2.26 Bootloader Project

Table 3.26 Definition of Bootloader Project.

Define	Value	Meaning
BSP_CFG_BOOTLOADER_PROJECT	0 = This project isn't a bootloader project. 1 = This project is a bootloader project.	Defines whether it is bootloader project. Not normally used.

3.2.27 Low-level interfaces and exclusive control of reentrant libraries

This section specifies the definitions for the low-level interfaces and exclusive control of the reentrant libraries.

Table 3.27 Definitions for low-level interfaces and exclusive control of the reentrant libraries. (1/3)

Define	Value	Meaning
BSP_CFG_LOW_LEVEL_INTERFACE_STDIO_ENABLE *1	0 = Disables low-level interface functions for standard Input/Output in the BSP. 1 = Enables low-level interface functions for standard Input/Output in the BSP.	Defines whether to enable the following low-level interface functions for standard Input/Output in the BSP. CCRX: open, close, write, read, lseek GCC: write, read, close, lseek, fstat, isatty

Note 1. If you disable this setting and use the applicable low-level interface functions, please implement these low-level interface functions yourself.

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Table 3.28 Definitions for low-level interfaces and exclusive control of the reentrant libraries. (2/3)

Define	Value	Meaning
BSP_CFG_LOW_LEVEL_INTERFACE_SBRK_ENABLE *1	0 = Disables the low-level interface function (sbrk) for memory management in the BSP. 1 = Enables the low-level interface function (sbrk) for memory management in the BSP.	Defines whether to enable the low-level interface functions (sbrk) for memory management in the BSP.
BSP_CFG_LOW_LEVEL_INTERFACE_REENTRANT_LIB_ENABLE	0 = Disables the low-level interface functions (errno_addr, wait_sem, signal_sem) for the reentrant library in the BSP. 1 = Enables the low-level interface functions (errno_addr, wait_sem, signal_sem) for the reentrant library in the BSP.	Defines whether to enable the low-level interface functions (errno_addr, wait_sem, signal_sem) for the reentrant library in the BSP.

Note 1. If you disable this setting and use the applicable low-level interface functions, please implement these low-level interface functions yourself.

Table 3.29 Definitions for low-level interfaces and exclusive control of the reentrant libraries. (3/3)

Define	Value	Meaning
BSP_CFG_USER_EXCLUSIVE_CONTROL_ENABLE ^{*1}	0 = Use default exclusive control with wait_sem and signal_sem. 1 = Use user function for exclusive control with wait_sem and signal_sem.	Defines whether to use user functions for exclusive control of wait_sem and signal_sem.
BSP_CFG_USER_ENTER_CRITICAL_FUNCTION	When using user functions for exclusive control of wait_sem and signal_sem, set the definition of the user function to be called to start exclusive control.	When using a user function for mutual exclusion of wait_sem and signal_sem, the function defined by this macro will be called when wait_sem and signal_sem are called.
BSP_CFG_USER_EXIT_CRITICAL_FUNCTION	When using user functions for exclusive control of wait_sem and signal_sem, set the definition of the user function to be called to end exclusive control.	When using a user function for mutual exclusion of wait_sem and signal_sem, the function defined by this macro will be called when wait_sem and signal_sem are called.

Note 1. If you disable this setting and use the applicable low-level interface functions, please implement user function for exclusive control yourself.

4. API Information

This Driver API follows the Renesas API naming standards.

4.1 Hardware Requirements

Not Applicable.

4.2 Hardware Resource Requirements

Not Applicable.

4.3 Software Requirements

None.

4.4 Limitations

4.4.1 IAR Compiler Limitations

The IAR Compiler does not support the following features:

- Double-precision floating-point (R_BSP_SET_DPSW(), R_BSP_GET_DPSW(), R_BSP_SET_DECNT(),
R_BSP_GET_DECNT(), R_BSP_GET_DEPC())

- Expansion RAM

4.4.2 RAM Location Limitations

In FIT, if a value equivalent to NULL is set as the pointer argument of an API function, error might be returned due to parameter check. Therefore, do not pass a NULL equivalent value as pointer argument to an API function.

The NULL value is defined as 0 because of the library function specifications. Therefore, the above phenomenon would occur when the variable or function passed to the API function pointer argument is located at the start address of RAM (address 0x0). In this case, change the section settings or prepare a dummy variable at the top of the RAM so that the variable or function passed to the API function pointer argument is not located at address 0x0.

In the case of CCRX project (e2 studio V7.5.0), the RAM start address is set as 0x4 to prevent the variable from being located at address 0x0. In the case of GCC project (e2 studio V7.5.0) and IAR project (EWRX V4.12.1), the start address of RAM is 0x0, so the above measures are necessary.

The default settings of the section may be changed due to IDE version upgrade. Please check the section settings when using the latest IDE.

4.4.3 CCRX Compiler Limitations

Some macros for GCC Compiler and IAR Compiler cannot be used with CCRX Compiler V2.04.01 or lower. If the version of your BSP is Rev.5.00 or higher, please update to V2.05.00 or higher.

4.4.4 GCC Compiler Limitations

The GCC Compiler does not support the following features:

- Expansion RAM
- Optlib library (Support has ended. If you use standard input/output functions etc that use the OPTLIB library with the GCC compiler (versions prior to 8.3.0.202004), they will not work properly.)

4.5 Supported Toolchains

This driver is tested and working with the toolchains listed in 10.1 Confirmed Operation Environment.

4.6 Interrupt Vectors Used

Table 4.1 lists the interrupt vectors used by the FIT module.

Table 4.1 Interrupt Vectors Used

Interrupt Vector	Device
BUSERR interrupt (vector number: 16) SWINT interrupt (vector number: 27) *1	All devices
SWINT2 interrupt (vector number: 26) *1	RX26T, RX64M, RX65N, RX660, RX66N, RX66T, RX671, RX71M, RX72M, RX72N, RX72T
GROUPIE0 interrupt (vector number: 17)	RX66N, RX671, RX72M, RX72N
GROUPBE0 interrupt (vector number: 106)	RX64M, RX65N, RX66N, RX66T, RX671, RX71M, RX72M, RX72N, RX72T
GROUPBL0 interrupt (vector number: 110)	RX26T, RX64M, RX65N, RX660, RX66N, RX66T, RX671, RX71M, RX72M, RX72N, RX72T
GROUPBL1 interrupt (vector number: 111)	RX26T, RX64M, RX65N, RX660, RX66N, RX66T, RX671, RX71M, RX72M, RX72N, RX72T
GROUPBL2 interrupt (vector number: 107)	RX26T, RX65N, RX660, RX66N, RX72M, RX72N
GROUPAL0 interrupt (vector number: 112)	RX26T, RX64M, RX65N, RX660, RX66N, RX66T, RX671, RX71M, RX72M, RX72N, RX72T
GROUPAL1 interrupt (vector number: 113)	RX26T, RX64M, RX65N, RX66N, RX71M, RX72M, RX72N

Note 1. Whether or not this is used as selectable by using a configuration macro. (Refer to 3.2.20 Software Interrupts.)

4.7 Header Files

All API calls are accessed by including a single file *platform.h* which is supplied with this driver's project code.

4.8 Integer Types

This project uses ANSI C99 "Exact width integer types" in order to make the code clearer and more portable. These types are defined in *stdint.h*.

4.9 API Data Structures

4.9.1 Software Lock

This data structure is used for implementing atomic locking on RX MCUs. The *lock* member must be 4-bytes in order to use the atomic XCHG instruction. This structure is the default type defined by the *BSP_CFG_USER_LOCKING_TYPE* macro.

```
typedef struct
{
    /* The actual lock. int32_t is used because this is what the xchg()
       instruction takes as parameters. */
    int32_t      lock;
} bsp_lock_t;
```

4.9.2 Interrupt Callback Parameter

This data structure is used when calling an interrupt callback function. The interrupt handler will fill in this structure, cast it as '(void *)', and then send it as the argument to the callback function.

```
typedef struct
{
    bsp_int_src_t vector;           //Which vector caused this interrupt
} bsp_int_cb_args_t;
```

4.9.3 Interrupt Control Parameter

This data structure is used when calling the R_BSP_InterruptControl function. Specify the parameter value according to the interrupt control command.

```
/* Type to be used for pdata argument in Control function. */
typedef union
{
    uint32_t ipl;      /* Used when enabling an interrupt to set that
                        interrupt's priority level */
} bsp_int_ctrl_t;
```

4.10 API Typedefs

4.10.1 Register Protection

This typedef defines the different register protection options that can be toggled. Notice that some registers are grouped together. For example, LPC, CGC, and software reset registers are all protected by the same bit. Which items, and how many, are in this typedef will vary depending on the MCU being used. Please reference *r_bsp_cpu.h* for your MCU to see the valid options for your MCU. The typedef below belongs to the RX111.

```
/* The different types of registers that can be protected. */
typedef enum
{
    /* Enables writing to the registers related to the clock generation circuit:
       SCKCR, SCKCR3, PLLCR, PLLCR2, MOSCCR, SOSCCR, LOCOCR, ILOCOCR, HOCOCR,
       OSTDCR, OSTDSR, CKOCR. */
    BSP_REG_PROTECT_CGC = 0,
    /* Enables writing to the registers related to operating modes, low power
       consumption, the clock generation circuit, and software reset: SYSCR1,
       SBYCR, MSTPCRA, MSTPCRB, MSTPCRC, OPCCR, RSTCKCR, SOPCCR, MOFCR,
       MOSCWTCR,
       SWRR. */
    BSP_REG_PROTECT_LPC_CGC_SWR,
    /* Enables writing to the HOCOWTCR register. */
    BSP_REG_PROTECT_HOCOWTCR,
    /* Enables writing to the registers related to the LVD: LVCMPCR, LVDLVLR,
       LVD1CR0, LVD1CR1, LVD1SR, LVD2CR0, LVD2CR1, LVD2SR. */
    BSP_REG_PROTECT_LVD,
    /* Enables writing to MPC's PFS registers. */
    BSP_REG_PROTECT_MPC,
    /* This entry is used for getting the number of enum items. This must be the
       last entry. DO NOT REMOVE THIS ENTRY!*/
    BSP_REG_PROTECT_TOTAL_ITEMS
} bsp_reg_protect_t;
```

4.10.2 Hardware Resource Locks

This typedef defines the available hardware resource locks. For each entry in this enum one software lock will be allocated in the hardware lock array. Which items are in this list, and how many, will vary depending on the MCU chosen. The typedef below is for the RX111.

```
typedef enum
{
    BSP_LOCK_BSC = 0,
    BSP_LOCK_CAC,
    BSP_LOCK_CMT,
    BSP_LOCK_CMT0,
    BSP_LOCK_CMT1,
    BSP_LOCK_CRC,
    BSP_LOCK_DA,
    BSP_LOCK_DOC,
    BSP_LOCK_DTC,
    BSP_LOCK_ELC,
    BSP_LOCK_FLASH,
    BSP_LOCK_ICU,
    BSP_LOCK_IRQ0,
    BSP_LOCK_IRQ1,
    BSP_LOCK_IRQ2,
    BSP_LOCK_IRQ3,
    BSP_LOCK_IRQ4,
    BSP_LOCK_IRQ5,
    BSP_LOCK_IRQ6,
    BSP_LOCK_IRQ7,
    BSP_LOCK_IWDT,
    BSP_LOCK_MPC,
    BSP_LOCK_MTU,
    BSP_LOCK_MTU0,
    BSP_LOCK_MTU1,
    BSP_LOCK_MTU2,
    BSP_LOCK_MTU3,
    BSP_LOCK_MTU4,
    BSP_LOCK_MTU5,
    BSP_LOCK_POE,
    BSP_LOCK_RIIC0,
    BSP_LOCK_RSPI0,
    BSP_LOCK_RTC,
    BSP_LOCK_RTCB,
    BSP_LOCK_S12AD,
    BSP_LOCK_SCI1,
    BSP_LOCK_SCI5,
    BSP_LOCK_SCI12,
    BSP_LOCK_SYSTEM,
    BSP_LOCK_USB0,
    BSP_NUM_LOCKS /* This entry is not a valid lock. It is used for sizing
                   g_bsp_Locks[] array below. Do not touch! */
} mcu_lock_t;
```

4.10.3 Interrupt Control Commands

This typedef defines the available commands that can be used with the R_BSP_InterruptControl() function.

The typedef below is for RX65N.

The definitions BSP_INT_CMD_GROUP_INTERRUPT_ENABLE and BSP_INT_CMD_GROUP_INTERRUPT_DISABLE are not included in MCUs that do not support group interrupts.

Some RX MCUs may support additional interrupt control commands.

```
typedef enum
{
    BSP_INT_CMD_CALL_CALLBACK = 0, /* Calls registered callback function
                                    if one exists */
    BSP_INT_CMD_INTERRUPT_ENABLE, /* Enables a given interrupt (Available
                                    for NMI pin, FPU, and Bus Error) */
    BSP_INT_CMD_INTERRUPT_DISABLE /* Disables a given interrupt (Available for
                                    FPU, and Bus Error) */
    BSP_INT_CMD_GROUP_INTERRUPT_ENABLE, /* Enables a group interrupt when
                                    a group interrupt source is given.
                                    The pdata argument should give the
                                    IPL to be used using the
                                    bsp_int_ctrl_t type. If a group
                                    interrupt is enabled multiple times
                                    with different IPL levels it will
                                    use the highest given IPL. */
    BSP_INT_CMD_GROUP_INTERRUPT_DISABLE, /* Disables a group interrupt when
                                    a group interrupt source is given.
                                    This will only disable a group
                                    interrupt when all interrupt sources
                                    for that group are already disabled.
                                    */
    BSP_INT_CMD_FIT_INTERRUPT_ENABLE, /* Enables interrupt by control of IPL.
                                    */
    BSP_INT_CMD_FIT_INTERRUPT_DISABLE /* Disables interrupt by control of IPL.
                                    */
} bsp_int_cmd_t;
```

4.10.4 Interrupt Callback Function

This typedef defines the callback function type. Callback functions should have a ‘void’ return type and should take an argument of type ‘void *’.

```
typedef void (*bsp_int_cb_t)(void *);
```

4.10.5 Interrupt Sources

This typedef defines the interrupt vectors that can have callbacks registered to them. Note that the options in this typedef will vary depending on which MCU is being used. The typedef below is for the RX72N. Other RX MCU’s may support additional interrupt sources.

```
typedef enum
{
    BSP_INT_SRC_EXC_SUPERVISOR_INSTR = 0, /* Occurs when privileged instruction
                                            is executed in User Mode */
    BSP_INT_SRC_EXC_UNDEFINED_INSTR, /* Occurs when MCU encounters an
                                    unknown instruction */
    BSP_INT_SRC_EXC_NMI_PIN, /* NMI Pin interrupt */
    BSP_INT_SRC_EXC_FPU, /* FPU exception */
    BSP_INT_SRC_EXC_ACCESS, /* Access exception */
    BSP_INT_SRC_OSC_STOP_DETECT, /* Oscillation stop is detected */
    BSP_INT_SRC_WDT_ERROR, /* WDT underflow/refresh error has
                           occurred */
}
```

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```
BSP_INT_SRC_IWDT_ERROR, /* IWDT underflow/refresh error has occurred */
BSP_INT_SRC_LVD1, /* Voltage monitoring 1 interrupt */
BSP_INT_SRC_LVD2, /* Voltage monitoring 2 interrupt */
BSP_INT_SRC_EXC_ADDRESS, /* Address exception */
BSP_INT_SRC_UNDEFINED_INTERRUPT, /* Interrupt has triggered for a vector that user did not write a handler for */

BSP_INT_SRC_BUS_ERROR, /* Bus error: illegal address access or timeout */
BSP_INT_SRC_BUS_ERROR_ILLEGAL_ACCESS, /* Bus error: illegal address access. Use this when you want to set only Illegal address access detection */
BSP_INT_SRC_BUS_ERROR_TIMEOUT, /* Bus error: timeout. Use this when you want to set only Bus timeout detection. */
BSP_INT_SRC_RAM, /* RAM error interrupt */
BSP_INT_SRC_EXRAM, /* EXRAM error interrupt */
BSP_INT_SRC_ECCRAM_1BIT, /* ECCRAM 1-bit error interrupt */
BSP_INT_SRC_ECCRAM_2BIT, /* ECCRAM 2-bit error interrupt */
BSP_INT_SRC_DPFPUEX, /* Double-Precision Floating-Point Exception interrupt */

BSP_INT_SRC_GR_INT_TOP, /* IEO Group Interrupts */

/* IEO Group Interrupts */
BSP_INT_SRC_GR_INT_IEO_TOP,
BSP_INT_SRC_IEO_DPFPU_DPFPUEX,

/* BE0 Group Interrupts */
BSP_INT_SRC_GR_INT_BE0_TOP,
BSP_INT_SRC_BE0_CAN0_ERS0,
BSP_INT_SRC_BE0_CAN1_ERS1,
BSP_INT_SRC_BE0_CAN2_ERS2,

/* BL0 Group Interrupts. */
BSP_INT_SRC_GR_INT_BL0_TOP,
BSP_INT_SRC_BL0_SCI0_TEI0,
BSP_INT_SRC_BL0_SCI0_ERI0,
BSP_INT_SRC_BL0_SCI1_TEI1,
BSP_INT_SRC_BL0_SCI1_ERI1,
BSP_INT_SRC_BL0_SCI2_TEI2,
BSP_INT_SRC_BL0_SCI2_ERI2,
BSP_INT_SRC_BL0_SCI3_TEI3,
BSP_INT_SRC_BL0_SCI3_ERI3,
BSP_INT_SRC_BL0_SCI4_TEI4,
BSP_INT_SRC_BL0_SCI4_ERI4,
BSP_INT_SRC_BL0_SCI5_TEI5,
BSP_INT_SRC_BL0_SCI5_ERI5,
BSP_INT_SRC_BL0_SCI6_TEI6,
BSP_INT_SRC_BL0_SCI6_ERI6,
BSP_INT_SRC_BL0_SCI12_TEI12,
BSP_INT_SRC_BL0_SCI12_ERI12,
BSP_INT_SRC_BL0_SCI12_SCIX0,
BSP_INT_SRC_BL0_SCI12_SCIX1,
BSP_INT_SRC_BL0_SCI12_SCIX2,
BSP_INT_SRC_BL0_SCI12_SCIX3,
BSP_INT_SRC_BL0_QSPI_QSPSSLI,
BSP_INT_SRC_BL0_CAC_FERRI,
BSP_INT_SRC_BL0_CAC_MENDI,
BSP_INT_SRC_BL0_CAC_OVFI,
```

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```
BSP_INT_SRC_BL0_DOC_DOPCI,  
BSP_INT_SRC_BL0_PDC_PCFEI,  
BSP_INT_SRC_BL0_PDC_PCERI,  
  
/* BL1 Group Interrupts. */  
BSP_INT_SRC_GR_INT_BL1_TOP,  
BSP_INT_SRC_BL1_SDHI_CDETI,  
BSP_INT_SRC_BL1_SDHI_CACI,  
BSP_INT_SRC_BL1_SDHI_SDACI,  
BSP_INT_SRC_BL1_MMCIF_CDETIO,  
BSP_INT_SRC_BL1_MMCIF_ERRIO,  
BSP_INT_SRC_BL1_MMCIF_ACCIO,  
BSP_INT_SRC_BL1_POE3_OEI1,  
BSP_INT_SRC_BL1_POE3_OEI2,  
BSP_INT_SRC_BL1_POE3_OEI3,  
BSP_INT_SRC_BL1_POE3_OEI4,  
BSP_INT_SRC_BL1_RIIC0_TEI0,  
BSP_INT_SRC_BL1_RIIC0_EEI0,  
BSP_INT_SRC_BL1_RIIC2_TEI2,  
BSP_INT_SRC_BL1_RIIC2_EEI2,  
BSP_INT_SRC_BL1_SSIE0_SSIF0,  
BSP_INT_SRC_BL1_SSIE1_SSIF1,  
BSP_INT_SRC_BL1_S12AD0_S12CMPAI,  
BSP_INT_SRC_BL1_S12AD0_S12CMPBI,  
BSP_INT_SRC_BL1_S12AD1_S12CMPAI1,  
BSP_INT_SRC_BL1_S12AD1_S12CMPBI1,  
BSP_INT_SRC_BL1_RIIC1_TEI1,  
BSP_INT_SRC_BL1_RIIC1_EEI1,  
  
/* BL2 Group Interrupts. */  
BSP_INT_SRC_GR_INT_BL2_TOP,  
BSP_INT_SRC_BL2_POEG_POEGGAI,  
BSP_INT_SRC_BL2_POEG_POEGGBI,  
BSP_INT_SRC_BL2_POEG_POEGGCI,  
BSP_INT_SRC_BL2_POEG_POEGGDI,  
  
/* AL0 Group Interrupts. */  
BSP_INT_SRC_GR_INT_AL0_TOP,  
BSP_INT_SRC_AL0_SCI8_TEI8,  
BSP_INT_SRC_AL0_SCI8_ERI8,  
BSP_INT_SRC_AL0_SCI9_TEI9,  
BSP_INT_SRC_AL0_SCI9_ERI9,  
BSP_INT_SRC_AL0_SCI10_TEI10,  
BSP_INT_SRC_AL0_SCI10_ERI10,  
BSP_INT_SRC_AL0_SCI11_TEI11,  
BSP_INT_SRC_AL0_SCI11_ERI11,  
BSP_INT_SRC_AL0_RSPI0_SPII0,  
BSP_INT_SRC_AL0_RSPI0_SPEI0,  
BSP_INT_SRC_AL0_RSPI1_SPII1,  
BSP_INT_SRC_AL0_RSPI1_SPEI1,  
BSP_INT_SRC_AL0_RSPI2_SPII2,  
BSP_INT_SRC_AL0_RSPI2_SPEI2,  
BSP_INT_SRC_AL0_SCI7_TEI7,  
BSP_INT_SRC_AL0_SCI7_ERI7,  
  
/* AL1 Group Interrupts. */  
BSP_INT_SRC_GR_INT_AL1_TOP,  
BSP_INT_SRC_AL1_EPTPC_MINT,  
BSP_INT_SRC_AL1_PTPEDMAC_PINT,  
BSP_INT_SRC_AL1_EDMAC0_EINT0,
```

```
BSP_INT_SRC_AL1_EDMAC1_EINT1,  
BSP_INT_SRC_AL1_GLCD_C_VPOS,  
BSP_INT_SRC_AL1_GLCD_C_GR1UF,  
BSP_INT_SRC_AL1_GLCD_C_GR2UF,  
BSP_INT_SRC_AL1_DRW2D_DRW_IRQ,  
  
BSP_INT_SRC_GR_INT_END,  
BSP_INT_SRC_EMPTY,  
BSP_INT_SRC_TOTAL_ITEMS /* DO NOT MODIFY! This is used for  
sizing the interrupt callback  
array. */  
} bsp_int_src_t;
```

4.10.6 Unit for Software Delay

This typedef defines units which can be used with the R_BSP_SoftwareDelay function.

```
/* Available delay units. */  
typedef enum  
{  
    BSP_DELAY_MICROSECS = 1000000, // Requested delay amount is in microseconds  
    BSP_DELAY_MILLISECS = 1000, // Requested delay amount is in milliseconds  
    BSP_DELAY_SECS = 1 // Requested delay amount is in seconds  
} bsp_delay_units_t;
```

4.10.7 Software Interrupt Units

This typedef defines the units that can be used by the R_BSP_SoftwareInterruptOpen, R_BSP_SoftwareInterruptClose, R_BSP_SoftwareInterruptSetTask, and R_BSP_SoftwareInterruptControl functions.

```
typedef enum e_bsp_swint_unit
{
    /* Refer to table below for members. */
} e_bsp_swint_unit_t;
```

Member	Description
BSP_SWINT_UNITn (n: unit number)	Software interrupt unit number
BSP_SWINT_UNIT_MAX	Total number of software interrupt units

4.10.8 Software Interrupt Control Commands

This typedef defines the commands used by the R_BSP_SoftwareInterruptControl function.

```
typedef enum e_bsp_swint_cmd
{
    /* Refer to table below for members. */
} e_bsp_swint_cmd_t;
```

Member	Description
BSP_SWINT_CMD_GET_INTERRUPT_INFORMATION	Get interrupt priority level (IPR), interrupt enable (IEN), interrupt request (IR), and multiple-interrupt status.
BSP_SWINT_CMD_ENABLE_INTERRUPT	Enables interrupts (IEN).
BSP_SWINT_CMD_DISABLE_INTERRUPT	Disables interrupts (IEN).
BSP_SWINT_CMD_SET_INTERRUPT_PRIORITY	Sets the specified interrupt priority level (IPR).
BSP_SWINT_CMD_SET_INTERRUPT_REQUEST	Sets an interrupt request (IR).
BSP_SWINT_CMD_CLEAR_INTERRUPT_REQUEST	Clears an interrupt request (IR).
BSP_SWINT_CMD_ENABLE_NESTED_INTERRUPT	Enables nested-interrupt status.
BSP_SWINT_CMD_DISABLE_NESTED_INTERRUPT	Disables nested-interrupt status.
BSP_SWINT_CMD_CLEAR_TASK	Clears the specified task buffer. However, the number of task buffers in use does not decrease until a software interrupt is generated. A software interrupt is generated when a task is cleared, and the task is not executed. Clearing does not occur while a task is running.
BSP_SWINT_CMD_CLEAR_ALL_TASK	Clears all task buffers. Clearing does not occur while a task is running.
BSP_SWINT_CMD_GET_ALL_TASK_STATUS	Gets the status of all task buffers.
BSP_SWINT_CMD_GET_USED_BUFFER	Gets the number of task buffers in use.
BSP_SWINT_CMD_GET_UNUSED_BUFFER	Gets the number of task buffers not in use.

4.10.9 Software Interrupt Information

This typedef is used as an argument of the R_BSP_SoftwareInterruptControl function when the BSP_SWINT_CMD_GET_INTERRUPT_INFORMATION command is selected.

```
typedef struct st_bsp_swint_int_info
{
    /* Refer to table below for members. */
} st_bsp_swint_int_info_t;
```

Member	Description
uint8_t ipr	Stores the interrupt priority level (IPR).
uint8_t ien	Stores the interrupt status (IEN).
uint8_t ir	Stores the interrupt request (IR).
uint8_t nested_int	Stores the nested-interrupt status.

4.10.10 Software Interrupt Task Status

This typedef defines the software interrupt task status.

```
typedef enum e_bsp_swint_task_status
{
    /* Refer to table below for members. */
} e_bsp_swint_task_status_t;
```

Member	Description
BSP_SWINT_TASK_STATUS_NO_REQUEST	No task set in buffer.
BSP_SWINT_TASK_STATUS_REQUESTED	Task set in buffer.
BSP_SWINT_TASK_STATUS_EXECUTING	Task running.
BSP_SWINT_TASK_STATUS_COMPLETED	Task completed.

4.10.11 Software Interrupt Task

This typedef is used as an argument of the R_BSP_SoftwareInterruptControl function selected by the R_BSP_SoftwareInterruptSetTask function and BSP_SWINT_CMD_GET_ALL_TASK_STATUS command.

```
typedef struct st_bsp_swint_task
{
    /* Refer to table below for members. */
} st_bsp_swint_task_t;
```

Member	Description
e_bsp_swint_task_status_t status	Stores the software interrupt task status.
void (*p_taskAddr)(void *p_task_args)	Stores a pointer to the software interrupt task.
void *p_context	Stores a pointer to the software interrupt task arguments.

4.10.12 Software Interrupt Task Buffer Number

This typedef is used as an argument of the R_BSP_SoftwareInterruptControl function when the BSP_SWINT_CMD_CLEAR_TASK command is selected.

```
typedef struct st_bsp_swint_task_buffer
{
    /* Refer to table below for members. */
} st_bsp_swint_task_buffer_t;
```

Member	Description
uint8_t number	Stores the task buffer number of the software interrupt.

4.10.13 Software Interrupt Access Control Status

This typedef is used for software interrupt access control.

```
typedef struct st_bsp_swint_access_control
{
    int32_t status;
} st_bsp_swint_access_control_t;
```

Member	Description
int32_t status	Stores the access control status of the software interrupt.

4.11 Return Values

4.11.1 Interrupt Error Codes

This typedef defines the error codes that can be returned by the R_BSP_InterruptWrite(), R_BSP_InterruptRead(), and R_BSP_InterruptControl() functions.

The typedef below is for RX65N

The definition BSP_INT_ERR_GROUP_STILL_ENABLED is not included in MCUs which do not support group interrupts.

Some RX MCUs may support additional interrupt control commands.

```
typedef enum
{
    /* Refer to table below for members. */
} bsp_int_err_t;
```

Member	Description
BSP_INT_SUCCESS	Success.
BSP_INT_ERR_NO_REGISTERED_CALLBACK	There is not a registered callback for this interrupt source.
BSP_IINT_ERR_INVALID_ARG	Illegal argument input.
BSP_INT_ERR_UNSUPPORTED	Operation is not supported by this API.
BSP_INT_ERR_GROUP_STILL_ENABLED	Not all group interrupts were disabled so group interrupt was not disabled.
BSP_INT_ERR_INVALID_IPL	Illegal IPL value input.

4.11.2 Software Interrupt Error Code

This typedef defines the error codes returned by the R_BSP_SoftwareInterruptOpen, R_BSP_SoftwareInterruptClose, and R_BSP_SoftwareInterruptControl functions.

```
typedef enum e_bsp_swint_err
{
    /* Refer to table below for members. */
} e_bsp_swint_err_t;
```

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Member	Description
BSP_SWINT_SUCCESS	Success.
BSP_SWINT_ERR_ALREADY_OPEN	Failed to lock hardware.
BSP_SWINT_ERR_NOT_CLOSED	Failed to unlock hardware.
BSP_SWINT_ERR_INVALID_UNIT	Invalid unit specified.
BSP_SWINT_ERR_INVALID_IPR	Invalid interrupt priority level specified.
BSP_SWINT_ERR_INVALID_CMD	Invalid command specified.
BSP_SWINT_ERR_INVALID_TASK	Invalid task pointer specified.
BSP_SWINT_ERR_INVALID_BUFFER_NUMBER	Invalid task buffer number specified.
BSP_SWINT_ERR_TASK_EXECUTING	Attempt to manipulate a task that is running.
BSP_SWINT_ERR_FULL_BUFFER	Task buffer full.
BSP_SWINT_ERR_ACCESS_REJECTION	Failed to obtain access control right.

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4.12 Code size

The sizes of ROM, RAM and maximum stack usage associated with this module are listed below. Information is listed for a single representative device of the RX100 Series, RX200 Series, and RX600 Series, respectively.

The ROM (code and constants) and RAM (global data) sizes are determined by the build-time configuration options described in 3 Configuration.

The values in the table below are confirmed under the following conditions.

Module Revision: r_bsp rev.7.70

Compiler Version: Renesas Electronics C/C++ Compiler Package for RX Family V3.07.00

(Compiler option is default setting when using the Smart Configurator.)

GCC for Renesas RX 14.2.0.202505

(Compiler option is default setting when using the Smart Configurator.)

IAR C/C++ Compiler for Renesas RX version 5.20.1

(Compiler option is default setting of the integrated development environment.)

Configuration Options: Default settings

ROM, RAM and Stack Code Sizes

Device	Category	Memory Used					
		CCRX		GCC		IAR	
		With Parameter Checking	Without Parameter Checking	With Parameter Checking	Without Parameter Checking	With Parameter Checking	Without Parameter Checking
RX130	ROM	5,422 bytes		6,200 bytes		4,946 bytes	
	RAM *1	3,046 bytes		2,940 bytes		4,388 bytes	
	STACK *2	192 bytes		136 bytes *3		112 bytes	
RX231	ROM	5,744 bytes		6,656 bytes		5,434 bytes	
	RAM *1	6,986 bytes		6,908 bytes		4,488 bytes	
	STACK *2	196 bytes		136 bytes *3		116 bytes	
RX65N	ROM	8,268 bytes	8,254 bytes	11,364 bytes	11,340 bytes	9,686 bytes	9,667 bytes
	RAM *1	7,460 bytes		7,292 bytes		4,960 bytes	
	STACK *2	208 bytes		152 bytes *3		128 bytes	

Note 1. It is because the RAM sizes different for each compiler that the default values of stack and heap sizes different.

Note 2. The sizes of maximum usage stack of Interrupts functions is included.

Note 3. Option “-fstack-usage -fdump-rtl-pro_and_epilogue” is enabled only when stack size for GCC is calculated.

4.13 “for”, “while” and “do while” statements

In this module, “for”, “while” and “do while” statements (loop processing) are used in processing to wait for the register to be reflected and so on. For this loop processing, comments with “WAIT_LOOP” as a keyword are described. Therefore, if the user incorporates fail-safe processing into loop processing, user can search the corresponding processing using “WAIT_LOOP”.

The following shows an example of description.

```
while statement example :  
/* WAIT_LOOP */  
while(0 == SYSTEM.OSCOVFSR.BIT.PLOVF)  
{  
    /* The delay period needed is to make sure that the PLL has stabilized. */  
}  
  
for statement example :  
/* Initialize reference counters to 0. */  
/* WAIT_LOOP */  
for (i = 0; i < BSP_REG_PROTECT_TOTAL_ITEMS; i++)  
{  
    g_protect_counters[i] = 0;  
}  
  
do while statement example :  
/* Reset completion waiting */  
do  
{  
    reg = phy_read(ether_channel, PHY_REG_CONTROL);  
    count++;  
} while ((reg & PHY_CONTROL_RESET) && (count < ETHER_CFG_PHY_DELAY_RESET)); /* WAIT_LOOP */
```

5. API Functions

5.1 Summary

The following functions are included in this design:

Function	Description
R_BSP_GetVersion	Returns the version of r_bsp.
R_BSP_InterruptsDisable ^{*6}	Globally disables interrupts.
R_BSP_InterruptsEnable ^{*6}	Globally enables interrupts.
R_BSP_CpuInterruptLevelRead	Reads the CPU's Interrupt Priority Level.
R_BSP_CpuInterruptLevelWrite ^{*6}	Writes the CPU's Interrupt Priority Level.
R_BSP_RegisterProtectEnable ^{*6}	Enables write protection for selected registers.
R_BSP_RegisterProtectDisable ^{*6}	Disables write protection for selected registers.
R_BSP_SoftwareLock	Attempts to reserve a lock.
R_BSP_SoftwareUnlock	Releases a lock.
R_BSP_HardwareLock	Attempts to reserve a hardware peripheral lock.
R_BSP_HardwareUnlock	Releases a hardware peripheral lock.
R_BSP_InterruptWrite	Registers a callback function for an interrupt.
R_BSP_InterruptRead	Gets the callback for an interrupt if one is registered.
R_BSP_InterruptControl ^{*6}	Controls various interrupt operations.
R_BSP_SoftwareDelay	Delays the specified duration.
R_BSP_GetIClkFreqHz	Returns the system clock frequency specified by the r_bsp.
R_BSP_StartupOpen ^{*1}	Performs the startup processing for using the BSP.
R_BSP_VoltageLevelSetting ^{*2}	Makes settings to the voltage level setting register (VOLSR) that are necessary in order to use peripheral modules such as USB, AD, and RIIC.
R_BSP_InterruptRequestEnable	Enables the specified interrupt request.
R_BSP_InterruptRequestDisable	Disables the specified interrupt request.
R_BSP_ConfigClockSetting ^{*3}	Used by Bluetooth® Low Energy Protocol Stack Basic Package (R01UW0205).
R_BSP_SoftwareReset ^{*6}	Reset the MCU by Software Reset.
R_BSP_VbattInitialSetting ^{*4}	Initialize the battery backup function (VBATT).
R_BSP_SoftwareInterruptOpen ^{*5}	Initializes software interrupts.
R_BSP_SoftwareInterruptClose ^{*5}	Terminates software interrupts.
R_BSP_SoftwareInterruptSetTask ^{*5}	Sets a task in the software interrupt task buffer.
R_BSP_SoftwareInterruptControl ^{*5}	Controls software interrupts.

Note 1. This function is only used when the BSP startup processing is disabled.

Note 2. This function is available only on the RX26T, RX660, RX66T, and RX72T.

Note 3. This function is available only on the RX23W.

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Note 4. This function is available only on the RX230, RX231, and RX23W.

Note 5. This function is available only when using software interrupts. (Refer to 3.2.19 Software Interrupts.)

Note 6. The API behavior changes depending on the CPU processor mode setting. There are some cases the processor mode becomes the user mode, such as when used in combination with the RTOS. Please be careful when using the API while in user mode. (See section of each API below for details.)

5.2 R_BSP_GetVersion()

Returns the current version of the r_bsp.

Format

```
uint32_t R_BSP_GetVersion(void);
```

Parameters

None.

Return Values

Version of the r_bsp.

Properties

Prototyped in file “r_bsp_common.h”.

Implemented in file “r_bsp_common.c”.

Description

This function will return the version of the currently installed r_bsp. The version number is encoded where the top 2 bytes are the major version number, and the bottom 2 bytes are the minor version number. For example, Version 4.25 would be returned as 0x00040019.

Example

```
uint32_t cur_version;

/* Get version of installed r_bsp. */
cur_version = R_BSP_GetVersion();

/* Check to make sure version is new enough for this application's use. */
if (MIN_VERSION > cur_version)
{
    /* This r_bsp version is not new enough and does not have XXX feature
       that is needed by this application. Alert user. */
    ....
}
```

Special Notes:

None.

5.3 R_BSP_InterruptsDisable()

Globally disables interrupts.

Format

```
void R_BSP_InterruptsDisable(void);
```

Parameters

None.

Return Values

None.

Properties

Prototyped in file “r_bsp_cpu.h”.

Implemented in file “r_bsp_cpu.c.”

Description

This function globally disables interrupts. This is performed by clearing the ‘I’ bit in the CPU’s Processor Status Word (PSW) register.

Example

```
/* Disable interrupts so that accessing this critical area will be guaranteed
   to be atomic. */
R_BSP_InterruptsDisable();

/* Access critical resource while interrupts are disabled */
.....

/* End of critical area. Enable interrupts. */
R_BSP_InterruptsEnable();
```

Special Notes:

The operation of this API changes depending on the processor mode setting of the CPU. This function clears the PSW I bit in supervisor mode. This function does nothing in user mode.

5.4 R_BSP_InterruptsEnable()

Globally enables interrupts.

Format

```
void R_BSP_InterruptsEnable(void);
```

Parameters

None.

Return Values

None.

Properties

Prototyped in file “r_bsp_cpu.h”.

Implemented in file “r_bsp_cpu.c”.

Description

This function globally enables interrupts. This is performed by setting the ‘I’ bit in the CPU’s Processor Status Word (PSW) register.

Example

```
/* Disable interrupts so that accessing this critical area will be guaranteed
   to be atomic. */
R_BSP_InterruptsDisable();

/* Access critical resource while interrupts are disabled */
.....

/* End of critical area. Enable interrupts. */
R_BSP_InterruptsEnable();
```

Special Notes:

The operation of this API changes depending on the processor mode setting of the CPU. This function sets the PSW I bit in supervisor mode. This function does nothing in user mode.

5.5 R_BSP_CpuInterruptLevelRead()

Reads the CPU's Interrupt Priority Level.

Format

```
uint32_t R_BSP_CpuInterruptLevelRead(void);
```

Parameters

None.

Return Values

The CPU's Interrupt Priority Level.

Properties

Prototyped in file “r_bsp_cpu.h”.

Implemented in file “r_bsp_cpu.c”.

Description

This function reads the CPU's Interrupt Priority Level. This level is stored in the IPL bits of the Processor Status Word (PSW) register.

Example

```
uint32_t cpu_ipl;  
  
/* Read the CPU's Interrupt Priority Level. */  
cpu_ipl = R_BSP_CpuInterruptLevelRead();
```

Special Notes:

None.

5.6 R_BSP_CpuInterruptLevelWrite()

Writes the CPU's Interrupt Priority Level.

Format

```
bool R_BSP_CpuInterruptLevelWrite(uint32_t level);
```

Parameters

level

The level to write to the CPU's IPL.

Return Values

true: Successful, CPU's IPL has been written

false: Failure, provided 'level' has invalid IPL value or called when the CPU is in User Mode

Properties

Prototyped in file "r_bsp_cpu.h".

Implemented in file "r_bsp_cpu.c".

Description

This function writes the CPU's Interrupt Priority Level. This level is stored in the IPL bits of the Processor Status Word (PSW) register. This function does check to make sure that the IPL being written is valid. The maximum and minimum valid settings for the CPU IPL are defined in *mcu_info.h* using the `BSP MCU IPL MAX` and `BSP MCU IPL MIN` macros.

Example

```
/* Response time is critical during this portion of the application. Set the
   CPU's Interrupt Priority Level so that interrupts below the set
   threshold are disabled. Interrupt vectors with IPLs higher than this
   threshold will still be accepted and will not have to contend with the
   lower priority interrupts. */
if (false == R_BSP_CpuInterruptLevelWrite(HIGH_PRIORITY_THRESHOLD))
{
    /* Error in setting CPU's IPL. Invalid IPL was provided. */
    ....
}

/* Only high priority interrupts (as defined by user) will be accepted during
   this period. */
.....

/* Time sensitive period is over. Set CPU's IPL back to lower value so that
   lower priority interrupts can now be serviced again. */
if (false == R_BSP_CpuInterruptLevelWrite(LOW_PRIORITY_THRESHOLD))
{
    /* Error in setting CPU's IPL. Invalid IPL was provided. */
    ....
}
```

Special Notes:

The operation of this API changes depending on the processor mode setting of the CPU. This function sets the IPL bit in supervisor mode. This function does not control IPL and return false in user mode.

5.7 R_BSP_RegisterProtectEnable()

Enables write protection for selected registers.

Format

```
void R_BSP_RegisterProtectEnable(bsp_reg_protect_t regs_to_protect);
```

Parameters

regs_to_protect

Which registers to enable write protection for. See Section 4.10.1.

Return Values

None.

Properties

Prototyped in file “r_bsp_cpu.h”.

Implemented in file “r_bsp_cpu.c”.

Description

This function enables write protection for the input registers. Only certain MCU registers have the ability to be write protected. To see which registers are available to be protected by this function look at the *bsp_reg_protect_t* enum in *r_bsp_cpu.h* for your MCU.

This function, and R_BSP_RegisterProtectDisable(), use counters for each entry in the *bsp_reg_protect_t* enum so that users can call these functions multiple times without problem. This function uses the interrupt disable / enable function by controlling the Processor Interrupt Priority Level (IPL) of the R_BSP InterruptControl function, because counter control is the critical section. If the function is executed while the processor mode is supervisor mode, interrupts that are at or below the specified interrupt priority level will be disabled by controlling the IPL. If the function is executed while the processor mode is user mode, the IPL controlling does not execute. An example of why this is needed is shown below in the Special Notes section below.

Example

```
/* Write access must be enabled before writing to MPC registers. */
R_BSP_RegisterProtectDisable(BSP_REG_PROTECT_MPC);

/* MPC registers are now writable. */
/* Setup Port 2 Pin 6 as TxD1 for SCI1. */
MPC.P26PFS.BYTE = 0x0A;

/* Setup Port 4 Pin 2 as AD input for potentiometer. */
MPC.P42PFS.BYTE = 0x80;

/* More pin setup. */
.....

/* Enable write protection for MPC registers to protect against accidental
   writes. */
R_BSP_RegisterProtectEnable(BSP_REG_PROTECT_MPC);
```

Special Notes:

(1) About why counters are needed.

This is an example showing why counters are needed for register protection.

1. The user's application calls the open function for r_module1.
2. r_module1 disables write protection for some registers that are required to be written during initialization of this module by calling R_BSP_RegisterProtectDisable(). At this point the counter for these protected registers is incremented by 1.
3. r_module1 writes to unprotected registers that were made writable in the previous step.
4. r_module1 also depends upon r_module2 and needs to call its open function, R_MODULE2_Open().
5. In the r_module2 function it also needs to write to the same protected registers as r_module1. r_module2 calls R_BSP_RegisterProtectDisable() again since it does not know that r_module1 already enabled write access to these registers. The counter for the protected register is incremented by 1 and is now 2.
6. r_module2 writes to unprotected registers that were made writable in the previous step.
7. r_module2 is done writing to the protected registers so it calls R_BSP_RegisterProtectEnable() to re-enable write protection for the registers. The counter for the protected register is decremented by 1 and is now 1. Since the counter is not 0 the code knows that it should not actually re-enable protection yet.
8. Execution goes back to R_MODULE1_Open() where it continues to write to registers. Here is where a problem can occur. If counters are not used then the call to R_BSP_RegisterProtectEnable() by r_module2 (Step #7) can prevent the registers in r_module1 from being written.
9. r_module1 is done writing to the protected registers so it calls R_BSP_RegisterProtectEnable() to re-enable write protection for the registers. The counter for the protected register is decremented by 1 and is now 0. Since the counter is 0 the API code knows that it is safe to re-enable write protection for the registers.

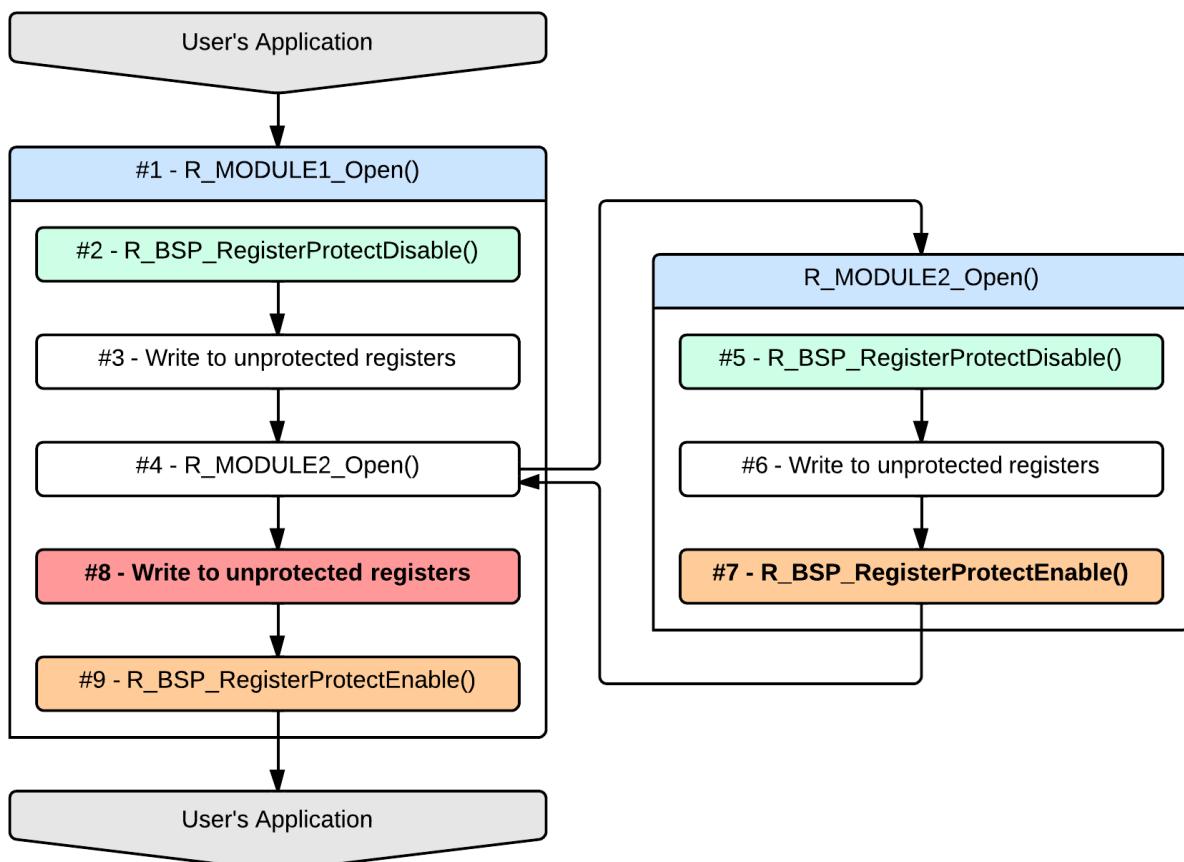


Figure 5.1 Register Protection Example

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(2) Notes on user mode

If this function is called when the CPU is in user mode, the privileged instruction exception. (Only Rev.5.20 and Rev.5.21)

The R_BSP_InterruptControl function used to secure atomicity in the critical section of the counter control with this function is valid only in supervisor mode. When this function is executed in user mode, the R_BSP_InterruptControl function is executed but atomicity is not to secure.

5.8 R_BSP_RegisterProtectDisable()

Disables write protection for selected registers.

Format

```
void R_BSP_RegisterProtectDisable(bsp_reg_protect_t regs_to_unprotect);
```

Parameters

regs_to_unprotect

Which registers to disable write protection for. See Section 4.10.1.

Return Values

None.

Properties

Prototyped in file “r_bsp_cpu.h”.

Implemented in file “r_bsp_cpu.c”

Description

This function disables write protection for the input registers. Only certain MCU registers have the ability to be write protected. To see which registers are available to be protected by this function look at the *bsp_reg_protect_t* enum in *r_bsp_cpu.h* for your MCU.

This function, and R_BSP_RegisterProtectEnable(), use counters for each entry in the *bsp_reg_protect_t* enum so that users can call these functions multiple times without problem. This function uses the interrupt disable / enable function by controlling the Processor Interrupt Priority Level (IPL) of the R_BSP_InterruptControl function, because counter control is the critical section. If the function is executed while the processor mode is supervisor mode, interrupts that are at or below the specified interrupt priority level will be disabled by controlling the IPL. If the function is executed while the processor mode is user mode, the IPL controlling does not execute. An example of why this is needed is shown in the Special Notes section of Section 5.7.

Example

```
/* Write access must be enabled before writing to CGC registers. */
R_BSP_RegisterProtectDisable(BSP_REG_PROTECT_CGC);
/* CGC registers are spread amongst two protection bits. */
R_BSP_RegisterProtectDisable(BSP_REG_PROTECT_LPC_CGC_SWR);

/* CGC registers are now writable. */
/* Select PLL as clock source. */
SYSTEM.SCKCR3.WORD = 0x0400;

/* More clock setup. */
.....

/* Enable write protection for CGC registers to protect against accidental
   writes. */
R_BSP_RegisterProtectEnable(BSP_REG_PROTECT_CGC);
R_BSP_RegisterProtectEnable(BSP_REG_PROTECT_LPC_CGC_SWR);
```

Special Notes:

If this function is called when the CPU is in user mode, the privileged instruction exception. (Only Rev.5.20 and Rev.5.21)

The R_BSP_InterruptControl function used to guarantee atomicity in the critical section of the counter control with this function is valid only in supervisor mode. When this function is executed in user mode, the R_BSP_InterruptControl function is executed but atomicity is not to secure.

5.9 R_BSP_SoftwareLock()

Attempts to reserve a lock.

Format

```
bool R_BSP_SoftwareLock(BSP_CFG_USER_LOCKING_TYPE * const plock);
```

Parameters

plock

Pointer to lock structure with lock to try and acquire.

Return Values

true: Successful, lock was available and acquired

false: Failure, lock was already acquired and is not available

Properties

Prototyped in file “r_bsp_locking.h”.

Implemented in file “r_bsp_locking.c”

Description

This function implements an atomic locking mechanism. Locks can be used in numerous ways. Two common uses of locks are to protect critical sections of code and to protect against duplicate resource allocation. For protecting critical sections of code the user would require that the code first obtain the critical section’s lock before executing. An example of protecting against duplicate resource allocation would be if the user had two FIT modules that used the same peripheral. For example, the user may have one FIT module that uses the SCI peripheral in UART mode and another FIT module that uses the SCI peripheral in I²C mode. To make sure that both modules cannot use the same SCI channel, locks can be used.

Care should be taken when using locks as they do not provide advanced features one might expect from an RTOS semaphore or mutex. If used improperly locks can lead to deadlock in the user’s system.

Users can override the default locking mechanisms. See Section 3.2.8 for more information.

Example

This shows an example of using locks with the Virtual EEPROM code. This FIT module does not access any peripherals directly, but still needs protection against reentrancy.

```
/* Used for locking state of VEE */
static BSP_CFG_USER_LOCKING_TYPE g_vee_lock;

/********************* Function: vee_lock_state
* Function Name: vee_lock_state
* Description   : Tries to lock the VEE state
* Arguments     : state -
*                 Which state to try to transfer to
* Return value  : VEE_SUCCESS -
*                 Successful, state taken
*                 VEE_BUSY -
*                 Data flash is busy, state not taken
********************/
static uint8_t vee_lock_state (vee_states_t state)
{
    /* Local return variable */
    uint8_t ret = VEE_SUCCESS;

    /* Try to lock VEE to change state. */
    /* Check to see if lock was successfully taken. */
    if(false == R_BSP_SoftwareLock(&g_vee_lock))
    {
        /* Another operation is on-going */
        return VEE_BUSY;
    }
}
```

```
/* Check VEE status to make sure we are not interfering with another
   thread */
if( state == VEE_READING )
{
    /* If another read comes in while the state is reading then we are OK */
    if( ( g_vee_state != VEE_READY ) && ( g_vee_state != VEE_READING ) )
    {
        /* VEE is busy */
        ret = VEE_BUSY;
    }
}
else
{
    /* If we are doing something other than reading then we must be in the
       VEE_READY state */
    if( g_vee_state != VEE_READY )
    {
        /* VEE is busy */
        ret = VEE_BUSY;
    }
}

if( ret == VEE_SUCCESS )
{
    /* Lock state */
    g_vee_state = state;
}

/* Release lock. */
R_BSP_SoftwareUnlock(&g_vee_lock);

return ret;
}
```

Special Notes:

None.

5.10 R_BSP_SoftwareUnlock()

Releases a lock.

Format

```
bool R_BSP_SoftwareUnlock(BSP_CFG_USER_LOCKING_TYPE * const plock);
```

Parameters

plock

Pointer to lock structure with lock to release.

Return Values

true: Successful, lock was released. Or the lock has been already released.

false: Failure, lock could not be released

Properties

Prototyped in file “r_bsp_locking.h”.

Implemented in file “r_bsp_locking.c”

Description

This function releases a lock that was previously acquired using the R_BSP_SoftwareLock() function. Please see Section 5.9 for more information on locks.

Example

This shows an example of using locks for a critical section of code.

```
/* Used for locking critical section of code. */
static BSP_CFG_USER_LOCKING_TYPE g_critical_lock;

static bool critical_area_example (void)
{
    /* Try to acquire lock for executing critical section below. */
    if(false == R_BSP_SoftwareLock(&g_critical_lock))
    {
        /* Lock has already been acquired. */
        return false;
    }

    /* BEGIN CRITICAL SECTION. */

    /* Execute critical section. */
    ...

    /* END CRITICAL SECTION. */

    /* Release lock. */
    R_BSP_SoftwareUnlock(&g_critical_lock);

    return true;
}
```

Special Notes:

None.

5.11 R_BSP_HardwareLock()

Attempts to reserve a hardware peripheral lock.

Format

```
bool R_BSP_HardwareLock(mcu_lock_t const hw_index);
```

Parameters

hw_index

Index of lock to acquire from the hardware lock array.

Return Values

true: Successful, lock was available and acquired

false: Failure, lock was already acquired and is not available

Properties

Prototyped in file “r_bsp_locking.h”.

Implemented in file “r_bsp_locking.c”

Description

This function attempts to acquire the lock for a hardware resource of the MCU. Instead of sending in a pointer to a lock as with the R_BSP_SoftwareLock() function, the user sends in an index to an array that holds 1 lock per MCU hardware resource. This array is shared amongst all FIT modules and user code therefore allowing multiple FIT modules (and user code) to use the same locks. The user can see the available hardware resources by looking at the *mcu_lock_t* enum in *mcu_locks.h*. These enum values are also the index into the hardware lock array. The same atomic locking mechanisms from the R_BSP_SoftwareLock() function are used with this function as well.

Example

This example shows hardware locks being used to control access to a RSPI channel.

```
/*
 * Function Name: R_RSPI_Send
 * Description : Send data over RSPI channel.
 * Arguments   : channel -
 *                 Which channel to use.
 * pdata -
 *                 Pointer to data to transmit
 * bytes -
 *                 Number of bytes to transmit
 * Return Value : true -
 *                 Data sent successfully.
 *                 false -
 *                 Could not obtain lock.
 */
bool R_RSPI_Send(uint8_t channel, uint8_t * pdata, uint32_t bytes)
{
    mcu_lock_t rspi_channel_lock;

    /* Check and make sure channel is valid. */
    ...

    /* Use appropriate RSPI channel lock. */
    if (0 == channel)
    {
        rspi_channel_lock = BSP_LOCK_RSPI0;
    }
    else
    {
        rspi_channel_lock = BSP_LOCK_RSPI1;
    }
}
```

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```
/* Attempt to obtain lock so we know we have exclusive access to RSPI
channel. */
if (false == R_BSP_HardwareLock(rsmpi_channel_lock))
{
    /* Lock has already been acquired by another task. Need to try again
    later. */
    return false;
}

/* Else, lock was acquired. Continue on with send operation. */
...

/* Now that send operation is completed, release hold on lock so that other
tasks may use this RSPI channel. */
R_BSP_HardwareUnlock(rsmpi_channel_lock);

return true;
}
```

Special Notes:

Each entry in the *mcu_lock_t* enum in *mcu_locks.h* will be allocated a lock. On RX MCUs, each lock is required to be 4-bytes. If RAM space is an issue, then the user can remove the entries from the *mcu_lock_t* enum they are not using. For example, if the user is not using the CRC peripheral, then they could delete the *BSP_LOCK_CRC* entry. The user will save 4-bytes per deleted entry.

5.12 R_BSP_HardwareUnlock()

Releases a hardware peripheral lock.

Format

```
bool R_BSP_HardwareUnlock(mcu_lock_t const hw_index);
```

Parameters

hw_index

Index of lock to release from the hardware lock array.

Return Values

true: Successful, lock was released

false: Failure, lock could not be released

Properties

Prototyped in file “r_bsp_locking.h”.

Implemented in file “r_bsp_locking.c”

Description

This function attempts to release the lock for a hardware resource of the MCU that was previously acquired using the R_BSP_HardwareLock() function. For more information on hardware locks please see Section 5.11.

Example

This example shows hardware locks being used to prevent duplicate hardware resource allocation. The R_SCI_Open() function takes the lock so all modules know that the SCI channel is being used. R_SCI_Close() releases the lock thereby making it available for any module to use.

```
bool R_SCI_Open(uint8_t channel, ...)
{
    mcu_lock_t sci_channel_lock;

    /* Check and make sure channel is valid. */
    ...

    /* Use appropriate RSPI channel lock. */
    if (0 == channel)
    {
        sci_channel_lock = BSP_LOCK_SCIO;
    }
    else if (1 == channel)
    {
        sci_channel_lock = BSP_LOCK_SCII1;
    }
    ... continue for other channels ...

    /* Attempt to obtain lock so we know we have exclusive access to SCI
     * channel. */
    if (false == R_BSP_HardwareLock(sci_channel_lock))
    {
        /* Lock has already been acquired by another task or another FIT module.
         * Need to try again later. */
        return false;
    }

    /* Else, lock was acquired. Continue on initialization. */
    ...
}

bool R_SCI_Close(uint8_t channel, ...)
```

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```
{  
    mcu_lock_t sci_channel_lock;  
  
    /* Check and make sure channel is valid. */  
    ...  
  
    /* Use appropriate RSPI channel lock. */  
    if (0 == channel)  
    {  
        sci_channel_lock = BSP_LOCK_SCI0;  
    }  
    else if (1 == channel)  
    {  
        sci_channel_lock = BSP_LOCK_SCI1;  
    }  
    ... continue for other channels ...  
  
    /* Clean up and turn off this SCI channel. */  
    ....  
  
    /* Release hardware lock for this channel. */  
    R_BSP_HardwareUnlock(sci_channel_lock);  
}
```

Special Notes:

Each entry in the *mcu_lock_t* enum in *mcu_locks.h* will be allocated a lock. On RX MCUs, each lock is required to be 4-bytes. If RAM space is an issue, then the user can remove the entries from the *mcu_lock_t* enum that they are not using. For example, if the user is not using the CRC peripheral, then they could delete the BSP_LOCK_CRC entry. The user will save 4-bytes per deleted entry.

5.13 R_BSP_InterruptWrite()

Registers a callback function for an interrupt.

Format

```
bsp_int_err_t R_BSP_InterruptWrite(bsp_int_src_t vector,  
                                bsp_int_cb_t callback);
```

Parameters

vector

Which interrupt to register a callback for. See Section 4.10.5.

callback

Pointer to function to call when interrupt occurs. See Section 4.10.4.

Return Values

BSP_INT_SUCCESS: *Successful, callback has been registered*

BSP_INT_ERR_INVALID_ARG: *An invalid interrupt source was specified for vector.*

Properties

Prototyped in file “mcu_interrupts.h”.

Implemented in file “mcu_interrupts.c”.

Description

This function registers a callback function for an interrupt. If FIT_NO_FUNC, NULL, or any other invalid function address is passed for the callback argument then any previously registered callbacks are unregistered.

If one of the interrupts that is handled by this code is triggered, then the interrupt handler will query this code to see if a valid callback function is registered. If one is found, then the callback function will be called. If one is not found, then the interrupt handler will clear the appropriate flag(s) and exit.

If the user has a callback function registered and wishes to no longer handle the interrupt, then the user should call this function again with FIT_NO_FUNC as the *vector* parameter.

Example

```
/* Prototype for callback function. */  
void bus_error_callback(void * pdata);  
  
void main (void)  
{  
    bsp_int_err_t err;  
  
    /* Register bus_error_callback() to be called whenever a bus error occurs */  
    err = R_BSP_InterruptWrite(BSP_INT_SRC_BUS_ERROR, bus_error_callback);  
  
    if (BSP_INT_SUCCESS != err)  
    {  
        /* Error in registering callback. Alert user. */  
        ...  
    }  
}  
  
void bus_error_callback (void * pdata)  
{  
    /* Bus error has occurred. Handle accordingly. */  
    ...  
}
```

Special Notes:

Use of FIT_NO_FUNC is preferred over NULL since access to the address defined by FIT_NO_FUNC will cause a bus error which is easy for the user to catch. NULL typically resolves to 0 which is a valid address on RX MCUs.

5.14 R_BSP_InterruptRead()

Gets the callback for an interrupt if one is registered.

Format

```
bsp_int_err_t R_BSP_InterruptRead(bsp_int_src_t vector,  
                                bsp_int_cb_t * callback);
```

Parameters

vector

Which interrupt to read the callback for. See Section 4.10.5.

callback

Pointer to where to store callback address. See Section 4.10.4.

Return Values

BSP_INT_SUCCESS: *Successful, callback address has been returned*

BSP_INT_ERR_NO_REGISTERED_CALLBACK: *No valid callback has been registered for this interrupt source.*

Properties

Prototyped in file “mcu_interrupts.h”.

Implemented in file “mcu_interrupts.c”.

Description

This function returns the callback function address for an interrupt if one has been registered. If a callback function has not been registered, then an error is returned and nothing is stored to the *callback* address.

Example

```
void main (void)  
{  
    bsp_int_err_t    err;  
    bsp_int_cb_t    user_callback;  
  
    /* Check if a callback function is registered */  
    err = R_BSP_InterruptRead(BSP_INT_SRC_BUS_ERROR, &user_callback);  
  
    if (BSP_INT_SUCCESS == err)  
    {  
        /* Callback function registered. */  
        ...  
    }  
    else  
    {  
        /* Callback function not registered. */  
        ...  
    }  
    ...  
}
```

Special Notes:

None.

5.15 R_BSP_InterruptControl()

Controls various interrupt operations.

Format

```
bsp_int_err_t R_BSP_InterruptControl(bsp_int_src_t vector,  
                                     bsp_int_cmd_t cmd,  
                                     void *pdata)
```

Parameters

vector

Which interrupt to control for. See Section 4.10.5.

If the interrupt control commands is the BSP_INT_CMD_FIT_INTERRUPT_ENABLE or the BSP_INT_CMD_FIT_INTERRUPT_DISABLE commands, set BSP_INT_SRC_EMPTY to “vector” because no arguments are used.

cmd

Interrupt control command. See Section 4.10.3.

pdata

Pointer to the argument for each interrupt control command. Typecasted to void*. See Section 4.9.3.

Most of the interrupt control commands do not need the argument and take FIT_NO_PTR for this parameter. If the interrupt control command is the BSP_INT_CMD_GROUP_INTERRUPT_ENABLE command, set the interrupt priority level for group interrupts as the argument.

If the interrupt control command is the BSP_INT_CMD_FIT_INTERRUPT_DISABLE command, set the address of a variable for saving the current processor interrupt priority level in the argument.

If the interrupt control command is the BSP_INT_CMD_FIT_INTERRUPT_ENABLE command, set the address of a variable used in the BSP_INT_CMD_FIT_INTERRUPT_DISABLE command.

Return Values

BSP_INT_SUCCESS:

Successful

BSP_INT_ERR_NO_REGISTERED_CALLBACK: *No valid callback has been registered for this interrupt source.*

BSP_INT_ERR_INVALID_ARG: *The command passed is invalid.*

BSP_INT_ERR_UNSUPPORTED: *This processing is not supported.*

BSP_INT_ERR_GROUP_STILL_ENABLED: *Group interrupt request remains enabled.*

BSP_INT_ERR_INVALID_IPL: *Illegal IPL value input.*

Properties

Prototyped in file “mcu_interrupts.h”

Description

This function controls the interrupt callback function call and enabling/disabling interrupts such as bus error interrupt, floating-point exception, NMI pin interrupt, and group interrupts, and enabling/disabling interrupts by controlling the Processor Interrupt Priority Level.

When BSP_INT_CMD_GROUP_INTERRUPT_ENABLE is set as the interrupt control command, the interrupt request (IER) for group interrupts is enabled and also the interrupt priority level is set. The interrupt priority level set must be higher than the current level.

When BSP_INT_CMD_GROUP_INTERRUPT_DISABLE is set as the interrupt control command, the interrupt request (IER) for group interrupts is disabled. Note that the interrupt request (IER) for group interrupts cannot be disabled as long as all interrupt requests (GEN) caused by grouped interrupt sources are disabled.

When BSP_INT_CMD_FIT_INTERRUPT_DISABLE is set as the interrupt control command, the current processor interrupt priority level (IPL) is saved to the address specified by *pdata* as an argument and disables interrupts by controlling the IPL. The value of IPL to be set is the value of BSP_CFG_FIT_IPL_MAX.

When BSP_INT_CMD_FIT_INTERRUPT_ENABLE is set as the interrupt control command, the interrupt is enabled by setting the value stored in the address specified by *pdata* to IPL.

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These two commands are valid only in supervisor mode. When BSP_INT_CMD_FIT_INTERRUPT_DISABLE and BSP_INT_CMD_FIT_INTERRUPT_ENABLE commands are executed in user mode, Controlling IPL is not executed and an error code BSP_INT_ERR_UNSUPPORTED is returned.

Example

Case 1: Enable the interrupt request for group interrupts

```
bsp_int_err_t err;
bsp_int_ctrl_t int_ctrl;

err = BSP_INT_SUCCESS;
int_ctrl.ipl = 0x0A;

err = R_BSP_InterruptControl(BSP_INT_SRC_BL0_SCI0_TEI0,
                             BSP_INT_CMD_GROUP_INTERRUPT_ENABLE,
                             &int_ctrl);

if (BSP_INT_SUCCESS != err)
{
    /* NG processing */
}
```

Case 2: Disable the interrupt request for group interrupts

```
bsp_int_err_t err;
bsp_int_ctrl_t int_ctrl;

err = BSP_INT_SUCCESS;

err = R_BSP_InterruptControl(BSP_INT_SRC_BL0_SCI0_TEI0,
                             BSP_INT_CMD_GROUP_INTERRUPT_DISABLE,
                             FIT_NO_PTR);

if (BSP_INT_SUCCESS != err)
{
    /* NG processing */
}
```

Case 3: Disable/Enable the interrupt by controlling the Processor Interrupt Priority Level (IPL)

```
bsp_int_err_t err;
bsp_int_ctrl_t int_ctrl;

err = BSP_INT_SUCCESS;

err = R_BSP_InterruptControl(BSP_INT_SRC_EMPTY,
                             BSP_INT_CMD_FIT_INTERRUPT_DISABLE,
                             &int_ctrl);

if (BSP_INT_SUCCESS != err)
{
    /* NG processing */
}

/* BEGIN CRITICAL SECTION. */

/* Execute critical section. */
. . .

/* END CRITICAL SECTION. */

err = R_BSP_InterruptControl(BSP_INT_SRC_EMPTY,
                             BSP_INT_CMD_FIT_INTERRUPT_ENABLE,
                             &int_ctrl);

if (BSP_INT_SUCCESS != err)
{
    /* NG processing */
}
```

Special Notes:

BSP_INT_CMD_FIT_INTERRUPT_DISABLE and BSP_INT_CMD_FIT_INTERRUPT_ENABLE commands can be used to secure atomicity of critical sections. However, these commands are valid only in supervisor mode. When these commands are executed in user mode, controlling IPL is not executed and an error code BSP_INT_ERR_UNSUPPORTED is returned.

Introduce the usage example.

Case 1: Transition to the module stop state or canceling to the module stop state, by access to the Module Stop Control Register X (X equal A to D).

The Module Stop Control register may be accessed simultaneously by multiple peripheral FIT modules because it is register in which setting bits for multiple peripheral functions are aggregated into one register. If the interrupt processing of another peripheral function is executed and the same register is manipulated while accessing this register, the contents changed by the interrupt processing are erased. Because when the access processing before the interrupt is resumed after returning from the interrupt, the register value is rewritten based on it before the interrupt.

Case 2: Interrupt request enable/disable by access to the Group XXX Interrupt Request Register (XXX equal BE0, BL0, BL1, AL0, etc.)

This register may be accessed simultaneously by multiple peripheral FIT modules because it is register in which setting bits for multiple peripheral functions are aggregated into one register.

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Case 3: Shared resource access processing (Processing to read and rewrite, counter etc.)

Shared resource may be accessed simultaneously by multiple processes or multiple peripheral FIT modules. If other processes are interrupted during access, shared resource information at the time of the interrupt is saved to the stack, and interrupt processing is executed. If the same shared resource is manipulated during interrupt processing, the shared resource information is updated and interrupt processing ends. When access processing resumes, shared resources are rewritten based on the information returned from the stack. Therefore, the contents changed by interrupt processing disappear.

All these cases are critical sections, and the process needs to secure atomicity.

If a value equivalent to NULL is set as the pointer argument with BSP_INT_CMD_FIT_INTERRUPT_DISABLE and BSP_INT_CMD_FIT_INTERRUPT_ENABLE commands, error might be returned due to parameter check. See Section 4.4.2 RAM Location Limitations.

5.16 R_BSP_SoftwareDelay()

Delay the specified duration in units and return.

Format

```
bool R_BSP_SoftwareDelay(uint32_t delay, bsp_delay_units_t units)
```

Parameters

delay The number of 'units' to delay.

units The 'base' for the units specified. See Section 4.10.6.

Return Values

true: True if delay executed

false: False if delay/units combination resulted in overflow/underflow

Properties

Prototyped in file “r_bsp_common.h”.

Implemented in file “r_bsp_common.c”

Description

This is function that may be called for all MCU targets to implement a specific wait time.

The actual delay time is plus the overhead at a specified duration. The overhead changes under the influence of the compiler, operating frequency and ROM cache. When the operating frequency is low, or the specified duration in units of microsecond level, please note that the error becomes large.

Example

```
bool ret;

/* Delay 5 seconds before returning */
ret = R_BSP_SoftwareDelay(5, BSP_DELAY_SECS);

if (true != ret)
{
    /* NG processing */
}

/* Delay 5 milliseconds before returning */
ret = R_BSP_SoftwareDelay(5, BSP_DELAY_MILLISECS);

if (true != ret)
{
    /* NG processing */
}

/* Delay 50 microseconds before returning */
ret = R_BSP_SoftwareDelay(50, BSP_DELAY_MICROSECS);

if (true != ret)
{
    /* NG processing */
}
```

Special Notes:

None.

5.17 R_BSP_GetIClkFreqHz()

Returns the system clock frequency.

Format

```
uint32_t R_BSP_GetIClkFreqHz(void)
```

Parameters

None.

Return Values

System clock frequency specified by the r_bsp.

Properties

Prototyped in file "r_bsp_common.h"

Description

This function returns the system clock frequency. For example, when the system clock is set to 120 MHz in r_bsp_config_h and the r_bsp has completed to specify the clock setting, then even if the user changed the system clock frequency to 60 MHz, the return value is '60000000'.

Example

```
uint32_t iclk;  
  
iclk = R_BSP_GetIClkFreqHz();
```

Special Notes:

None.

5.18 R_BSP_StartupOpen()

Specifies settings to use the BSP and peripheral FIT modules. Call this function only when the BSP startup is disabled.

Format

```
void R_BSP_StartupOpen(void)
```

Parameters

None.

Return Values

None.

Properties

Prototyped in file “r_bsp_mcu_startup.h”

Description

This function performs initialization for the ram variables, the interrupt callback, register protection, and the hardware and pins. These processing are needed for using the BSP and peripheral FIT modules. Thus, this function must be called in the beginning of the main function.

Call this function only when the BSP startup is disabled.

Example

```
void main (void)
{
    R_BSP_StartupOpen();

    ...
}
```

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Special Notes:

The R_BSP_StartupOpen function performs a part of processing in the startup function. The following shows the processing.

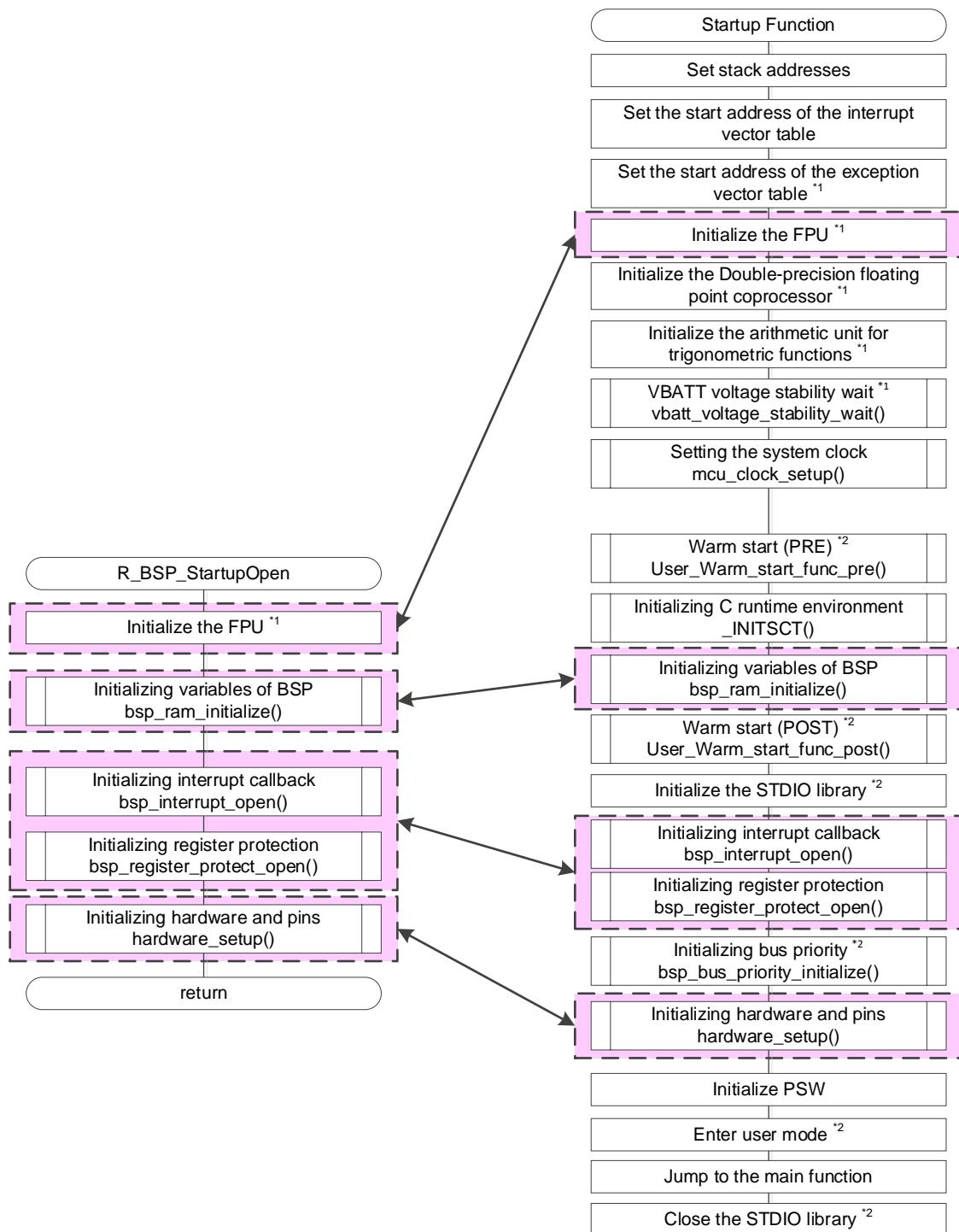


Figure 5.2 Processing of the R_BSP_StartupOpen Function

5.19 R_BSP_VoltageLevelSetting()

This API function is used excessively with the RX26T, RX660, RX66T, and RX72T. It makes settings to the voltage level setting register (VOLSR) that are necessary in order to use peripheral modules such as USB, AD, and RIIC. Call this function only when it is necessary to change the register settings.

Format

```
bool R_BSP_VoltageLevelSetting(uint8_t ctrl_ptn)
```

Parameters

ctrl_ptn

Register Setting Patterns

The following setting patterns cannot be selected at the same time.

When specifying more than one pattern at the same time, use the “|” (OR) operator.

- BSP_VOL_USB_POWEROFF and BSP_VOL_USB_POWERON
- BSP_VOL_AD_NEGATIVE_VOLTAGE_INPUT and BSP_VOL_AD_NEGATIVE_VOLTAGE_NOINPUT
- BSP_VOL_RIIC_4_5V_OROVER and BSP_VOL_RIIC_UNDER_4_5V

```
#define    BSP_VOL_USB_POWEROFF    (0x01)          /* Updates the USBVON bit to 0. */
#define    BSP_VOL_USB_POWERON     (0x02)          /* Updates the USBVON bit to 1. */
#define    BSP_VOL_AD_NEGATIVE_VOLTAGE_INPUT   (0x04) /* Updates the PGAVLS bit to 0. */
#define    BSP_VOL_AD_NEGATIVE_VOLTAGE_NOINPUT (0x08) /* Updates the PGAVLS bit to 1. */
#define    BSP_VOL_RIIC_4_5V_OROVER (0x10)          /* Updates the RICVLS bit to 0. */
#define    BSP_VOL_RIIC_UNDER_4_5V  (0x20)          /* Updates the RICVLS bit to 1. */
```

Return Values

true: /* Processing completed, register successfully updated. */

false: /* The function was called under the following conditions, so the register setting was not updated. */

- Setting patterns that cannot be selected at the same time were selected.
- A setting pattern related to the USB was selected when the USB was not in the module stop state.
- A setting pattern related to the AD was selected when the AD was not in the module stop state.
- A setting pattern related to the RIIC was selected when the RIIC was not in the module stop state.

Properties

Prototyped in file “r_bsp_cpu.h”

Description

This function initializes the voltage level setting register (VOLSR), which is necessary in order to use peripheral modules such as USB, AD, and RIIC. When specifying a setting pattern related to the USB, call this function before the USB is released from the module stop state. When specifying a setting pattern related to the AD, call this function before the AD (unit 0 and unit 1) is released from the module stop state. When specifying a setting pattern related to the RIIC, call this function before the RIIC is released from the module stop state. If the function is called with a setting pattern related to the USB specified after the USB is released from the module stop state, the function returns “false” as the return value and does not update the register settings. If the function is called with a setting pattern related to the AD specified after the AD (unit 0 and unit 1) is released from the module stop state, the function returns “false” as the return value and does not update the register settings. Finally, if the function is called with a setting pattern related to the RIIC specified after the RIIC is released from the module stop state, the function returns “false” as the return value and does not update the register settings. In the BSP the initial settings are specified in accordance with the macro settings listed in 3.2.11, MCU Voltage, and 3.2.14, Negative Voltage Input Settings for AD Pins.

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Example

```
void main (void)
{
    bool ret;

    /* USBVON bit set to 1. */
    ret = R_BSP_VoltageLevelSetting(BSP_VOL_USB_POWERON);
    if (true != ret)
    {
        /* NG processing */
    }

    ...

    /* PGAVLS and USBVON bit set to 0. */
    ret = R_BSP_VoltageLevelSetting(BSP_VOL_AD_NEGATIVE_VOLTAGE_NOINPUT |
BSP_VOL_USB_POWEROFF);
    if (true != ret)
    {
        /* NG processing */
    }

    ...
}
```

Special Notes:

None.

5.20 R_BSP_InterruptRequestEnable()

Enable the specified interrupt request.

Format

```
void R_BSP_InterruptRequestEnable (uint32_t vector)
```

Parameters

vector

Interrupt vector number.

Return Values

None.

Properties

Prototyped in file "r_bsp_interrupts.h".

Description

Enable the specified interrupt request. Calculate the corresponding IER [m].IEN [j] from the vector number of the argument, and set "1" to that bit.

The macro defined in iodefine.h can be used to the setting of the argument "vector". A description example is shown in Example.

Example

```
void main(void)
{
    /* Enable interrupt of CMT0. */
    R_BSP_InterruptRequestEnable(VECT(CMT0, CMIO));
}
```

Special Notes:

When setting an immediate value for an argument "vector", the argument must be 0 to 255.

Don't set the vector number of the reserved interrupt source to the argument.

5.21 R_BSP_InterruptRequestDisable()

Disable the specified interrupt request.

Format

```
void R_BSP_InterruptRequestDisable (uint32_t vector)
```

Parameters

vector

Interrupt vector number.

Return Values

None.

Properties

Prototyped in file “r_bsp_interrupts.h”.

Description

Disable the specified interrupt request. Calculate the corresponding IER [m].IEN [j] from the vector number of the argument, and clear “0” to that bit.

The macro defined in iodefine.h can be used to the setting of the argument "vector". A description example is shown in Example.

Example

```
void main(void)
{
    /* Disable interrupt of CMT0. */
    R_BSP_InterruptRequestDisable(VECT(CMT0, CMI0));
}
```

Special Notes:

When setting an immediate value for an argument “vector”, the argument must be 0 to 255.

Don't set the vector number of the reserved interrupt source to the argument.

5.22 R_BSP_ConfigClockSetting()

This function is available only on the RX23W. This function is used by Bluetooth® Low Energy Protocol Stack Basic Package.

Format

```
void R_BSP_ConfigClockSetting (void)
```

Parameters

None.

Return Values

None.

Properties

Prototyped in file “r_bsp_clock.h”.

Description

Under certain conditions, Bluetooth® Low Energy Protocol Stack Basic Package uses this function to set the clock.

For details, refer to Bluetooth® Low Energy Protocol Stack Basic Package User’s Manual (R01UW0205)

Special Notes:

None.

5.23 R_BSP_SoftwareReset()

This function reset the MCU by Software Reset.

Format

```
void R_BSP_SoftwareReset (void)
```

Parameters

None.

Return Values

None.

Properties

Prototyped in file “r_bsp_cpu.h”.

Description

This function reset the MCU by Software Reset (Software Reset Register (SWRR)).

Example

```
void main (void)
{
    ...
    R_BSP_SoftwareReset();
    ...
}
```

Special Notes:

The operation of this API changes depending on the processor mode setting of the CPU. In the supervisor mode, the atomicity of the software reset register (SWRR) accessed in this function is secured, but in the user mode, the atomicity of the software reset register (SWRR) is not secured. For details, refer to 5.8 R_BSP_RegisterProtectDisable().

5.24 R_BSP_VbattInitialSetting()

This API function is used excessively with the RX230, RX231 and RX23W. Initialize the battery backup function (VBATT).

Format

```
void R_BSP_VbattInitialSetting (void)
```

Parameters

None.

Return Values

None.

Properties

Prototyped in file “r_bsp_vbatt.h”.

Description

Initialize the battery backup function (VBATT). This processing is needed for using the BSP and peripheral FIT modules. Call this function only if all the following conditions are satisfied.

- The BSP startup is disabled. See Section 3.2.12.
- Do not use the battery backup function. See Section 3.2.18.
- Access to the RTC related registers.

Call this function before accessing RTC related registers.

Example

```
...
R_BSP_VbattInitialSetting();

/* Access to RTC registers. */
...
```

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Special Notes:

The R_BSP_VbattInitialSetting function performs a part of processing in the startup function. This function is enabled if BSP startup is disabled and the battery backup function is not used. The following shows the processing.

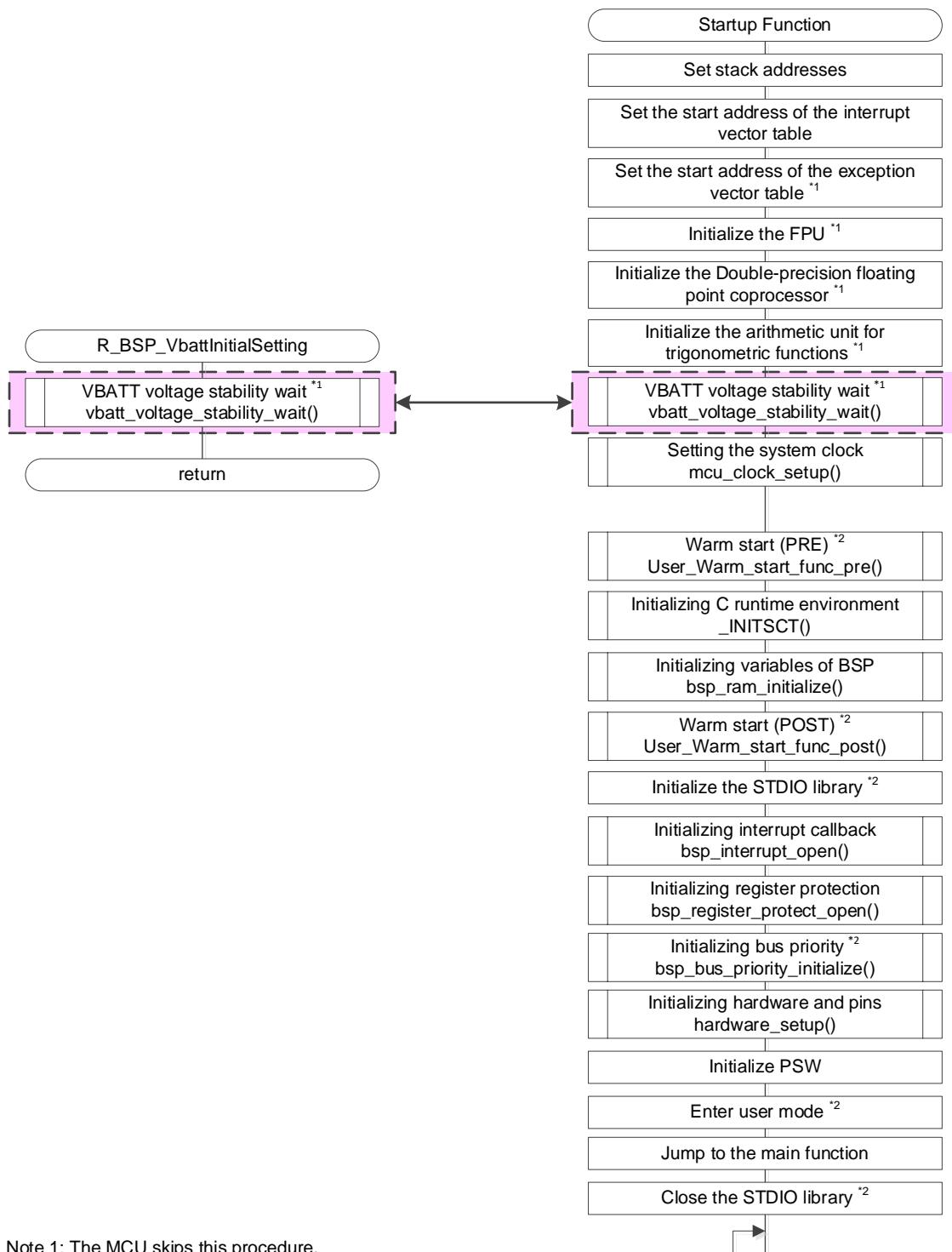


Figure 5.3 Processing of the R_BSP_VbattInitialSetting Function

5.25 R_BSP_SoftwareInterruptOpen()

This function initializes software interrupts.

Format

```
e_bsp_swint_err_t R_BSP_SoftwareInterruptOpen(e_bsp_swint_unit_t unit)
```

Parameters

unit

Software interrupt unit (Refer to 4.10.7.)

Return Values

BSP_SWINT_SUCCESS	<i>Success.</i>
-------------------	-----------------

BSP_SWINT_ERR_INVALID_UNIT	<i>Invalid unit specified.</i>
----------------------------	--------------------------------

BSP_SWINT_ERR_ALREADY_OPEN	<i>Failed to lock hardware.</i>
----------------------------	---------------------------------

Properties

Prototyped in file “r_bsp_software_interrupt.h”.

Description

This function locks the hardware, resets the access control status, clears the interrupt request (IR), initializes the interrupt priority level (IPR), enables nested-interrupt status during the software interrupts, initializes the task buffer, and enables interrupts (IEN).

Example

```
e_bsp_swint_err_t err;  
  
err = R_BSP_SoftwareInterruptOpen(BSP_SWINT_UNIT1);  
  
if (BSP_SWINT_SUCCESS != err)  
{  
    /* NG processing */  
}
```

Special Notes:

This function is available only when use of software interrupts is enabled in a configuration macro.

This function is called automatically at BSP startup when the value of BSP_CFG_SWINT_UNITn_ENABLE in r_bsp_config.h is 1.

5.26 R_BSP_SoftwareInterruptClose()

This function terminates software interrupts.

Format

```
e_bsp_swint_err_t R_BSP_SoftwareInterruptClose(e_bsp_swint_unit_t unit)
```

Parameters

unit

Software interrupt unit (Refer to 4.10.7.)

Return Values

BSP_SWINT_SUCCESS	<i>Success.</i>
-------------------	-----------------

BSP_SWINT_ERR_INVALID_UNIT	<i>Invalid unit specified.</i>
----------------------------	--------------------------------

BSP_SWINT_ERR_NOT_CLOSED	<i>Failed to lock hardware.</i>
--------------------------	---------------------------------

Properties

Prototyped in file “r_bsp_software_interrupt.h”.

Description

This function unlocks the hardware, disables interrupts (IEN), clears the interrupt request (IR), initializes the task buffer, and disables nested-interrupt status.

Example

```
e_bsp_swint_err_t err;  
  
err = R_BSP_SoftwareInterruptClose(BSP_SWINT_UNIT1);  
  
if (BSP_SWINT_SUCCESS != err)  
{  
    /* NG processing */  
}
```

Special Notes:

This function is available only when use of software interrupts is enabled in a configuration macro. Use this function after the R_BSP_SoftwareInterruptOpen function has run.

If the R_BSP_SoftwareInterruptSetTask function or software interrupt function (bsp_swint_execute_task) is acquiring access control rights and an interrupt is generated and this function is called within the interrupt, the task buffer may not be controlled correctly. If this function is used in an interrupt, clear the all task by the R_BSP_SoftwareInterruptControl function with the BSP_SWINT_CMD_CLEAR_ALL_TASK command before call this function.

5.27 R_BSP_SoftwareInterruptSetTask()

This function sets a task in the software interrupt task buffer.

Format

```
e_bsp_swint_err_t R_BSP_SoftwareInterruptSetTask(e_bsp_swint_unit_t unit,
                                                st_bsp_swint_task_t set_task)
```

Parameters

unit

Software interrupt unit (Refer to 4.10.7.)

set_task

Software interrupt task (Refer to 4.10.11.)

Return Values

<i>BSP_SWINT_SUCCESS</i>	<i>Success.</i>
<i>BSP_SWINT_ERR_INVALID_UNIT</i>	<i>Invalid unit specified.</i>
<i>BSP_SWINT_ERR_INVALID_TASK</i>	<i>Invalid task pointer specified.</i>
<i>BSP_SWINT_ERR_FULL_BUFFER</i>	<i>Task buffer full.</i>
<i>BSP_SWINT_ERR_ACCESS_REJECTION</i>	<i>Failed to obtain access control right.</i>

Properties

Prototyped in file “r_bsp_software_interrupt.h”.

Description

This function sets the task specified by an argument in the software interrupt task buffer. After setting the task, the software interrupt occurs. If the task buffer is full, the task is not set.

Example

```
typedef struct st_check_swint
{
    uint8_t cnt;
} st_check_swint_t;

void main (void)
{
    e_bsp_swint_err_t err;
    st_bsp_swint_task_t swint_task;
    st_check_swint_t check_swint;

    /* Initialize arguments. */
    swint_task.status = BSP_SWINT_TASK_STATUS_NO_REQUEST;
    swint_task.p_taskAddr = task_func;
    swint_task.p_context = &check_swint;

    check_swint.cnt = 0;

    /* Set the software interrupt task. */
    err = R_BSP_SoftwareInterruptSetTask(BSP_SWINT_UNIT1, swint_task);

    if (BSP_SWINT_SUCCESS != err)
    {
        /* NG processing */
    }

    while (0 == check_swint.cnt)
    {
        /* Wait software interrupt */
    }
}
```

```
    }

    while (1);

}

static void task_func (void * p_args)
{
    st_check_swint_t *p_check_swint;

    p_check_swint = (st_check_swint_t *)p_args;
    p_check_swint->cnt++;
}
```

Special Notes:

This function is available only when use of software interrupts is enabled in a configuration macro. Use this function after the R_BSP_SoftwareInterruptOpen function has run.

If the access control right cannot be obtained, provide a wait period and then call this function again. It is not possible to obtain the access control right during interrupt processing if the interrupt is generated in a state where other processing has the access control right. For this reason, a deadlock will occur if polling is used in the interrupt processing to obtain the access control right.

5.28 R_BSP_SoftwareInterruptControl()

This function controls software interrupts.

Format

```
e_bsp_swint_err_t R_BSP_SoftwareInterruptControl(e_bsp_swint_unit_t unit,  
                                                e_bsp_swint_cmd_t const cmd,  
                                                void * const p_args)
```

Parameters

unit

Software interrupt unit (Refer to 4.10.7.)

cmd

Software interrupt control command (Refer to 4.10.8.)

p_args

Pointer to arguments for software interrupt control commands (Refer to 4.10.9.)

Set the argument type to match each software interrupt control command. For commands that do not require arguments, use the setting FIT_NO_PTR.

Return Values

Software interrupt error code (Refer to 4.11.2.)

Properties

Prototyped in file “r_bsp_software_interrupt.h”.

Description

This function performs software interrupt control in response to commands. Refer to the table below for the operation of each command.

Command	Operation	Argument (p_args) Type
BSP_SWINT_CMD_GET_INTE_RRUPT_INFORMATION	Gets the interrupt priority level (IPR), interrupt status (IEN), interrupt request (IR), and nested-interrupt status.	st_bsp_swint_int_info_t
BSP_SWINT_CMD_ENABLE_INTERRUPT	Enables interrupts (IEN).	FIT_NO_PTR
BSP_SWINT_CMD_DISABLE_INTERRUPT	Disables interrupts (IEN).	FIT_NO_PTR
BSP_SWINT_CMD_SET_INTE_RRUPT_PRIORITY	Sets the specified interrupt priority level (IPR).	uint8_t
BSP_SWINT_CMD_SET_INTE_RRUPT_REQUEST	Sets an interrupt request (IR).	FIT_NO_PTR
BSP_SWINT_CMD_CLEAR_INTERRUPT_REQUEST	Clears an interrupt request (IR).	FIT_NO_PTR
BSP_SWINT_CMD_ENABLE_NESTED_INTERRUPT	Enables nested-interrupt status.	FIT_NO_PTR
BSP_SWINT_CMD_DISABLE_NESTED_INTERRUPT	Disables nested-interrupt status.	FIT_NO_PTR
BSP_SWINT_CMD_CLEAR_TASK_BUFFER ^{*1 *2}	Clears the specified task buffer. However, the number of task buffers in use does not decrease. A software interrupt is generated when a task is cleared, and the task is not executed.	st_bsp_swint_task_buffer_t
BSP_SWINT_CMD_CLEAR_ALL_TASK ^{*1}	Clears all task buffers. Clearing does not occur while a task is running. Also, the software interrupt occurs in this case.	FIT_NO_PTR

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Command	Operation	Argument (p_args) Type
BSP_SWINT_CMD_GET_ALL_TASK_STATUS	Gets the status of all task buffers.	st_bsp_swint_task_t
BSP_SWINT_CMD_GET_USE_D_BUFFER	Gets the number of task buffers in use.	uint8_t
BSP_SWINT_CMD_GET UNUSED_BUFFER	Gets the number of task buffers not in use.	uint8_t

Note 1. This command control the task buffer. Running this command without first obtaining the access control right causes an error to be returned.

Note 2. Immediately after clearing the task buffer, the information of task buffers in use is not updated. The information of task buffers in use is updated after the task buffer is cleared and the software interrupt occurs.

Example

Case 1: BSP_SWINT_CMD_GET_INTERRUPT_INFORMATION

```
e_bsp_swint_err_t err;
st_bsp_swint_int_info_t swint_info;

/* Initialize arguments.*/
swint_info.ipr = 0;
swint_info.iен = 0;
swint_info.ir = 0;
swint_info.nested_int = 0;

/* Get the software interrupt information.*/
err = R_BSP_SoftwareInterruptControl(BSP_SWINT_UNIT1,
                                      BSP_SWINT_CMD_GET_INTERRUPT_INFORMATION,
                                      &swint_info);

if (BSP_SWINT_SUCCESS != err)
{
    /* NG processing */
}
```

Case 2: BSP_SWINT_CMD_SET_INTERRUPT_PRIORITY

```
e_bsp_swint_err_t err;
uint8_t swint_ipr;

/* Initialize arguments.*/
swint_ipr = 9;

/* Set the software interrupt priority.*/
err = R_BSP_SoftwareInterruptControl(BSP_SWINT_UNIT1,
                                      BSP_SWINT_CMD_SET_INTERRUPT_PRIORITY,
                                      &swint_ipr);

if (BSP_SWINT_SUCCESS != err)
{
    /* NG processing */
}
```

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Case 3: BSP_SWINT_CMD_CLEAR_TASK

```
e_bsp_swint_err_t err;
st_bsp_swint_task_buffer_t task_buf;

/* Initialize arguments.*/
task_buf.number = 2;

/* Clear the software interrupt task.*/
err = R_BSP_SoftwareInterruptControl(BSP_SWINT_UNIT1,
                                      BSP_SWINT_CMD_CLEAR_TASK,
                                      &task_buf);

if (BSP_SWINT_SUCCESS != err)
{
    /* NG processing */
}
```

Case 4: BSP_SWINT_CMD_GET_ALL_TASK_STATUS

```
uint32_t i;
e_bsp_swint_err_t err;
st_bsp_swint_task_t check_swint_task[(BSP_CFG_SWINT_TASK_BUFFER_NUMBER+1)];

/* Initialize arguments.*/
for (i=0; i<(BSP_CFG_SWINT_TASK_BUFFER_NUMBER+1); i++)
{
    check_swint_task[i].status = BSP_SWINT_TASK_STATUS_NO_REQUEST;
    check_swint_task[i].p_taskAddr = FIT_NO_FUNC;
    check_swint_task[i].p_context = FIT_NO_PTR;
}

/* Clear the software interrupt task.*/
err = R_BSP_SoftwareInterruptControl(BSP_SWINT_UNIT1,
                                      BSP_SWINT_CMD_GET_ALL_TASK_STATUS,
                                      check_swint_task);

if (BSP_SWINT_SUCCESS != err)
{
    /* NG processing */
}
```

Case 5: BSP_SWINT_CMD_GET_USED_BUFFER

```
e_bsp_swint_err_t err;
uint8_t used_buf;

/* Initialize arguments.*/
used_buf = 0;

/* Set the software interrupt priority.*/
err = R_BSP_SoftwareInterruptControl(BSP_SWINT_UNIT1,
                                      BSP_SWINT_CMD_GET_USED_BUFFER,
                                      &used_buf);

if (BSP_SWINT_SUCCESS != err)
{
    /* NG processing */
}
```

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Case 6: BSP_SWINT_CMD_GET_UNUSED_BUFFER

```
e_bsp_swint_err_t err;
uint8_t unused_buf;

/* Initialize arguments. */
unused_buf = 0;

/* Set the software interrupt priority. */
err = R_BSP_SoftwareInterruptControl(BSP_SWINT_UNIT1,
                                      BSP_SWINT_CMD_GET_UNUSED_BUFFER,
                                      &unused_buf);

if (BSP_SWINT_SUCCESS != err)
{
    /* NG processing */
}
```

Special Notes:

This function is available only when use of software interrupts is enabled in a configuration macro. Use this function after the R_BSP_SoftwareInterruptOpen function has run.

Do not change the interrupt priority level (IPR) while a software interrupt is being processed.

When the BSP_SWINT_CMD_SET_INTERRUPT_PRIORITY command is run, interrupts are disabled temporarily in order to set the interrupt priority level (IPR).

If the access control right cannot be obtained, provide a wait period and then call this function again. It is not possible to obtain the access control right during interrupt processing if the interrupt is generated in a state where other processing has the access control right. For this reason, a deadlock will occur if polling is used in the interrupt processing to obtain the access control right.

5.29 R_BSP_ClockReset_Bootloader()

Returns the MCU clock settings to the reset state.

Format

```
void R_BSP_ClockReset_Bootloader (void)
```

Parameters

None.

Return Values

None.

Properties

Prototyped in file “r_bsp_common.h”.

Description

This function returns the MCU clock settings to the reset state. The system clock returns to LOCO.

Example

```
void main (void)
{
    ...
    R_BSP_ClockReset_Bootloader();
    ...
}
```

Special Notes:

This function for bootloader only. This function is valid only in the bootloader project (when `BSP_CFG_BOOTLOADER_PROJECT` is "1"). Assume the default clock settings in `r_bsp_config.h`. If the clock settings in `r_bsp_config.h` are not in the default state, some clock types will not return to the reset state.

6. Intrinsic Functions

In this module, common macros are defined so that intrinsic functions can be used without relying on the compiler. The common macros determine the compiler to be used and replace it with the intrinsic function of each compiler. The common macros are defined in r_rx_intrinsic_functions.h. The common macros available in this module are shown in Table 6.1 to Table 6.8.

The argument and return value type of intrinsic functions may differ depending on the compiler, and the common macros cast the argument and return type according to the CCRX.

Example

```
#include "platform.h"      /* r_rx_intrinsic_functions.h is included */

void main (void)
{
    /* The argument and return value type are declared according to the CCRX
intrinsic function*/
    unsigned long args = 0x12345678;
    unsigned long ret;

    ret = R_BSP_REVW(args);
}
```

Intrinsic functions may not be supported by some compilers. Those functions are substituted by the API function of BSP. If the Category in the table is “○”, the common macro is replaced with an intrinsic function. If the Category in the table is “BSP API”, the common macro is replaced with the API function of BSP.

For specifications and usage of intrinsic functions, refer to the manual of their respective compilers.

Table 6.1 Common Macros of Intrinsic Functions (1/8)

Common Macros	Compiler	Functions	Category
R_BSP_MAX(x, y)	ccrx	signed long max(signed long data1, signed long data2)	○
	gnuc	signed long R_BSP_Max(signed long data1, signed long data2)	BSP API
	iccrx	signed long __MAX(signed long, signed long)	○
R_BSP_MIN(x, y)	ccrx	signed long min(signed long data1, signed long data2)	○
	gnuc	signed long R_BSP_Min(signed long data1, signed long data2)	BSP API
	iccrx	signed long __MIN(signed long, signed long)	○
R_BSP_REVL(x)	ccrx	unsigned long revl(unsigned long data)	○
	gnuc	uint32_t __builtin_bswap32(uint32_t x)	○
	iccrx	unsigned long __REVL(unsigned long)	○
R_BSP_REVW(x)	ccrx	unsigned long revw(unsigned long data)	○
	gnuc	int __builtin_rx_revw(int)	○
	iccrx	unsigned long __REVW(unsigned long)	○

Table 6.2 Common Macros of Intrinsic Functions (2/8)

Common Macros	Compiler	Functions	Category
R_BSP_EXCHANGE(x, y)	ccrx	void xchg(signed long *data1, signed long *data2)	○
	gnuc	void __builtin_rx_xchg (int *, int *)	○
	iccrx	void _builtin_xchg(signed long *, signed long *)	○
R_BSP_RMPAB(w, x, y, z)	ccrx	long rmpab(long long init, unsigned long count, signed char *addr1, signed char *addr2)	○
	gnuc	long R_BSP_MulAndAccOperation_B(long long init, unsigned long count, signed char *addr1, signed char *addr2)	BSP API
	iccrx	long rmpab(long long init, unsigned long count, signed char *addr1, signed char *addr2)	○
R_BSP_RMPAW(w, x, y, z)	ccrx	long rmpaw(long long init, unsigned long count, short *addr1, short *addr2)	○
	gnuc	long R_BSP_MulAndAccOperation_W(long long init, unsigned long count, short *addr1, short *addr2)	BSP API
	iccrx	long rmpaw(long long init, unsigned long count, short *addr1, short *addr2)	○
R_BSP_RMPAL(w, x, y, z)	ccrx	long rmpal(long long init, unsigned long count, long *addr1, long *addr2)	○
	gnuc	long R_BSP_MulAndAccOperation_L(long long init, unsigned long count, long *addr1, long *addr2)	BSP API
	iccrx	long rmpal(long long init, unsigned long count, long *addr1, long *addr2)	○
R_BSP_ROLC(x)	ccrx	unsigned long rolc(unsigned long data)	○
	gnuc	unsigned long R_BSP_RotateLeftWithCarry(unsigned long data)	BSP API
	iccrx	unsigned long __ROLC(unsigned long)	○
R_BSP_RORC(x)	ccrx	unsigned long rorc(unsigned long data)	○
	gnuc	unsigned long R_BSP_RotateRightWithCarry(unsigned long data)	BSP API
	iccrx	unsigned long __RORC(unsigned long)	○
R_BSP_ROTLL(x, y)	ccrx	unsigned long rotl(unsigned long data, unsigned long num)	○
	gnuc	unsigned long R_BSP_RotateLeft(unsigned long data, unsigned long num)	BSP API
	iccrx	unsigned long __ROTLL(unsigned long, unsigned long)	○

Table 6.3 Common Macros of Intrinsic Functions (3/8)

Common Macros	Compiler	Functions	Category
R_BSP_ROT(x, y)	ccrx	unsigned long rotr (unsigned long data, unsigned long num)	○
	gnuc	unsigned long R_BSP_RotateRight(unsigned long data, unsigned long num)	BSP API
	iccrx	unsigned long __ROTR(unsigned long, unsigned long)	○
R_BSP_BRK()	ccrx	void brk(void)	○
	gnuc	void __builtin_rx_brk (void)	○
	iccrx	void __break(void)	○
R_BSP_INT(x)	ccrx	void int_exception(signed long num)	○
	gnuc	void __builtin_rx_int (int)	○
	iccrx	void __software_interrupt(unsigned char)	○
R_BSP_WAIT()	ccrx	void wait(void)	○
	gnuc	void __builtin_rx_wait (void)	○
	iccrx	void __wait_for_interrupt(void)	○
R_BSP_NOP()	ccrx	void nop(void)	○
	gnuc	__asm("nop")	○
	iccrx	void __no_operation(void)	○
R_BSP_SET_IPL(x) *2 *3	ccrx	void set_ipl(signed long level)	○
	gnuc	void __builtin_rx_mvtipl (int)	○
	iccrx	void __set_interrupt_level(__ilevel_t)	○
R_BSP_GET_IPL()	ccrx	unsigned char get_ipl(void)	○
	gnuc	uint32_t R_BSP_CpuInterruptLevelRead (void)	BSP API
	iccrx	__ilevel_t __get_interrupt_level(void)	○
R_BSP_SET_PSW(x) *2	ccrx	void set_psw(unsigned long data)	○
	gnuc	void __builtin_rx_mvtc (int reg, int val)	○
	iccrx	void __set_PSW_register(unsigned long)	○
R_BSP_GET_PSW()	ccrx	unsigned long get_psw(void)	○
	gnuc	int __builtin_rx_mvfc (int)	○
	iccrx	unsigned long __get_PSW_register(void)	○
R_BSP_SET_FPSW(x)	ccrx	void set_fpsw(unsigned long data)	○
	gnuc	void __builtin_rx_mvtc (int reg, int val)	○
	iccrx	void __set_FPSW_register(unsigned long)	○
R_BSP_GET_FPSW()	ccrx	unsigned long get_fpsw(void)	○
	gnuc	int __builtin_rx_mvfc (int)	○
	iccrx	unsigned long __get_FPSW_register(void)	○

Table 6.4 Common Macros of Intrinsic Functions (4/8)

Common Macros	Compiler	Functions	Category
R_BSP_SET_USP(x)	ccrx	void set_usp(void *data)	○
	gnuc	void __builtin_rx_mvtc (int reg, int val)	○
	iccrx	void __set_USP_register(unsigned long)	○
R_BSP_GET_USP()	ccrx	void *get_usp(void)	○
	gnuc	int __builtin_rx_mvfc (int)	○
	iccrx	unsigned long __get_USP_register(void)	○
R_BSP_SET_ISP(x) *2	ccrx	void set_isp(void *data)	○
	gnuc	void __builtin_rx_mvtc (int reg, int val)	○
	iccrx	void __set_ISP_register(unsigned long)	○
R_BSP_GET_ISP()	ccrx	void *get_isp(void)	○
	gnuc	int __builtin_rx_mvfc (int)	○
	iccrx	unsigned long __get_ISP_register(void)	○
R_BSP_SET_INTB(x) *2	ccrx	void set_intb (void *data)	○
	gnuc	void __builtin_rx_mvtc (int reg, int val)	○
	iccrx	void __set_interrupt_table(unsigned long address)	○
R_BSP_GET_INTB()	ccrx	void *get_intb(void)	○
	gnuc	int __builtin_rx_mvfc (int)	○
	iccrx	unsigned long __get_interrupt_table(void)	○
R_BSP_SET_BPSW(x) *2	ccrx	void set_bpsw(unsigned long data)	○
	gnuc	void __builtin_rx_mvtc (int reg, int val)	○
	iccrx	void R_BSP_SetBPSW(uint32_t data)	BSP API
R_BSP_GET_BPSW()	ccrx	unsigned long get_bpsw(void)	○
	gnuc	int __builtin_rx_mvfc (int)	○
	iccrx	uint32_t R_BSP_GetBPSW(void)	BSP API
R_BSP_SET_BPC(x) *2	ccrx	void set_bpc(void *data)	○
	gnuc	void __builtin_rx_mvtc (int reg, int val)	○
	iccrx	void R_BSP_SetBPC(void *data)	BSP API
R_BSP_GET_BPC()	ccrx	void *get_bpc(void)	○
	gnuc	int __builtin_rx_mvfc (int)	○
	iccrx	void *R_BSP_GetBPC(void)	BSP API
R_BSP_SET_FINTV(x) *2	ccrx	void set_fintv(void *data)	○
	gnuc	void __builtin_rx_mvtc (int reg, int val)	○
	iccrx	void __set_FINTV_register(__fast_int_f)	○

Table 6.5 Common Macros of Intrinsic Functions (5/8)

Common Macros	Compiler	Functions	Category
R_BSP_GET_FINTV()	ccrx	void *get_fintv(void)	○
	gnuc	int __builtin_rx_mvfc (int)	○
	iccrx	__fast_int_f __get_FINTV_register(void)	○
R_BSP_EMUL(x, y)	ccrx	signed long long emul(signed long data1, signed long data2)	○
	gnuc	signed long long R_BSP_SignedMultiplication(signed long data1, signed long data2)	BSP API
	iccrx	signed long long R_BSP_SignedMultiplication(signed long data1, signed long data2)	BSP API
R_BSP_EMULU(x, y)	ccrx	unsigned long long emulu(unsigned long data1, unsigned long data2)	○
	gnuc	unsigned long long R_BSP_UnsignedMultiplication(unsigned long data1, unsigned long data2)	BSP API
	iccrx	unsigned long long R_BSP_UnsignedMultiplication(unsigned long data1, unsigned long data2)	BSP API
R_BSP_CHG_PMUSR() *2	ccrx	void chg_pmusr(void)	○
	gnuc	void R_BSP_ChangeToUserMode(void)	BSP API
	iccrx	void R_BSP_ChangeToUserMode(void)	BSP API
R_BSP_SET_ACC(x)	ccrx	void set_acc(signed long long data)	○
	gnuc	void R_BSP_SetACC(signed long long data)	BSP API
	iccrx	void R_BSP_SetACC(signed long long data)	BSP API
R_BSP_GET_ACC()	ccrx	signed long long get_acc(void)	○
	gnuc	signed long long R_BSP_GetACC(void)	BSP API
	iccrx	signed long long R_BSP_GetACC(void)	BSP API
R_BSP_SETPSW_I() *2	ccrx	void setpsw_i(void)	○
	gnuc	void __builtin_rx_setpsw (int)	○
	iccrx	void __enable_interrupt(void)	○
R_BSP_CLRPSW_I() *2	ccrx	void clrpsw_i(void)	○
	gnuc	void __builtin_rx_clrpsw (int)	○
	iccrx	void __disable_interrupt(void)	○

Table 6.6 Common Macros of Intrinsic Functions (6/8)

Common Macros	Compiler	Functions	Category
R_BSP_MACL(x, y, z)	ccrx	long macl(short *data1, short *data2, unsigned long count)	○
	gnuc	long R_BSP_MulAndAccOperation_2byte(short *data1, short *data2, unsigned long count)	BSP API
	iccrx	long __macl(short * data1, short * data2, unsigned long count)	○
R_BSP_MACW1(x, y, z)	ccrx	short macw1(short *data1, short *data2, unsigned long count)	○
	gnuc	short R_BSP_MulAndAccOperation_FixedPoint1(short *data1, short *data2, unsigned long count)	BSP API
	iccrx	short __macw1(short * data1, short * data2, unsigned long count)	○
R_BSP_MACW2(x, y, z)	ccrx	short macw2(short *data1, short *data2, unsigned long count)	○
	gnuc	short R_BSP_MulAndAccOperation_FixedPoint2(short *data1, short *data2, unsigned long count)	BSP API
	iccrx	short __macw2(short * data1, short * data2, unsigned long count)	○
R_BSP_SET_EXTB(x)	ccrx	void set_extb(void *data)	○
	gnuc	void __builtin_rx_mvtc (int reg, int val)	○
	iccrx	void R_BSP_SetEXTB(void *value)	BSP API
R_BSP_GET_EXTB()	ccrx	void * get_extb(void)	○
	gnuc	int __builtin_rx_mvfc (int) `0xD extb'	○
	iccrx	void *R_BSP_GetEXTB(void)	BSP API
R_BSP_BIT_CLEAR(x,y)	ccrx	void __bclr(unsigned char *data, unsigned long bit)	○
	gnuc	void R_BSP_BitClear(uint8_t *data, uint32_t bit)	BSP API
	iccrx	void R_BSP_BitClear(uint8_t *data, uint32_t bit)	BSP API
R_BSP_BIT_SET(x,y)	ccrx	void __bset(unsigned char *data, unsigned long bit)	○
	gnuc	void R_BSP_BitSet(uint8_t *data, uint32_t bit)	BSP API
	iccrx	void R_BSP_BitSet(uint8_t *data, uint32_t bit)	BSP API
R_BSP_BIT_REVERSE(x,y)	ccrx	void __bnot(unsigned char *data, unsigned long bit)	○
	gnuc	void R_BSP_BitReverse(uint8_t *data, uint32_t bit)	BSP API
	iccrx	void R_BSP_BitReverse(uint8_t *data, uint32_t bit)	BSP API

Table 6.7 Common Macros of Intrinsic Functions (7/8)

Common Macros	Compiler	Functions	Category
R_BSP_SET_DPSW(x)	ccrx	void __set_dpsw(unsigned long data)	○
	gnuc	void __builtin_rx_mvtdc(int, int)	○
	iccrx	void __set_DPSW_register(unsigned long)	○
R_BSP_GET_DPSW()	ccrx	unsigned long __get_dpsw(void)	○
	gnuc	int __builtin_rx_mvfdc(int)	○
	iccrx	unsigned long __get_DPSW_register(void)	○
R_BSP_SET_DECNT(x)	ccrx	void __set_decnt(unsigned long data)	○
	gnuc	void __builtin_rx_mvtdc(int, int)	○
	iccrx	void __set_DECNT_register(unsigned long)	○
R_BSP_GET_DECNT()	ccrx	unsigned long __get_decnt(void)	○
	gnuc	int __builtin_rx_mvfdc(int)	○
	iccrx	unsigned long __get_DECNT_register(void)	○
R_BSP_GET_DEPC()	ccrx	void * __get_depc(void)	○
	gnuc	int __builtin_rx_mvfdc(int)	○
	iccrx	unsigned long __get_DEPC_register(void)	○
R_BSP_INIT_TFU() *1	ccrx	void __init_tfu(void)	○
	gnuc	void __init_tfu(void)	○
	iccrx	-	-
R_BSP_SINCOSF(x, y, z)	ccrx	void __sincosf(float f, float *sin, float *cos)	○
	gnuc	void __builtin_rx_sincosf(float value, float *sin, float *cos)	○
	iccrx	void __sincosf(float _F, float *dstSin, float *dstCos)	○
R_BSP_ATAN2HYPOTF(w, x, y, z)	ccrx	void __atan2hypotf((float y, float x, float *atan2, float *hypot)	○
	gnuc	void __builtin_rx_atan2hypotf(float y, float x, float *atan2, float *hypot)	○
	iccrx	void __atan2hypotf(float _Y, float _X, float *dstAtan2, float *dstHypot)	○

Note 1. It is not necessary to use in IAR. In IAR Compiler, the built-in function of IAR Compiler which is the same as R_BSP_INIT_TFU, is automatically executed immediately before calling R_BSP_SINCOSF or R_BSP_ATAN2HYPOTF.

Note 2. If this intrinsic function is used while the processor mode of the CPU is user mode, the operation of this intrinsic function will be invalid. For details, refer to the user mode section of the user's manual for each device.

Note 3. If this intrinsic function is executed while the processor mode of the CPU is user mode, a privileged instruction exception will occur.

Table 6.8 Common Macros of Intrinsic Functions (8/8)

Common Macros	Compiler	Functions	Category
R_BSP_SINCOSFX(x, y, z)	ccrx *4	void __sincosfx(signed long fx, signed long *sin, signed long *cos)	○
	gnuc	void __builtin_rx_sincosfx(signed int value, signed int *sin, signed int *cos)	○
	iccrx	void __sincosfx(signed long fx, signed long *sin, signed long *cos)	○
R_BSP_SINFX(x)	ccrx *4	signed long __sinf(x)	○
	gnuc	signed int __builtin_rx_sinf(x)	○
	iccrx	signed long __sinf(x)	○
R_BSP_COSFX(x)	ccrx *4	signed long __cosfx(x)	○
	gnuc	signed int __builtin_rx_cosfx(x)	○
	iccrx	signed long __cosfx(x)	○
R_BSP_ATAN2HYPOTFX(w, x, y, z)	ccrx *4	__atan2hypotfx(y, x, signed long *atan2, signed long *hypot)	○
	gnuc	void __builtin_rx_atan2hypotfx(y, x, signed int *atan2, signed int *hypot)	○
	iccrx	void __atan2hypotfx(y, x, signed long *atan2, signed long *hypot)	○
R_BSP_ATAN2FX(x, y)	ccrx *4	signed long __atan2fx(y, x)	○
	gnuc	signed int __builtin_rx_atan2fx(y, x)	○
	iccrx	signed long __atan2fx(y, x)	○
R_BSP_HYPOTFX(x, y)	ccrx *4	signed long __hypotfx(x, y)	○
	gnuc	signed int __builtin_rx_hypotfx(x, y)	○
	iccrx	signed long __hypotfx(x, y)	○

Note 4. An update to CCRX V3.05 or higher is required to use this intrinsic function.

7. Project Setup

This section details adding the r_bsp to your project.

7.1 Adding the FIT Module to Your Project

This module must be added to each project in which it is used. Renesas recommends the method using the Smart Configurator described in (1) or (3) or (5) below. However, the Smart Configurator only supports some RX devices. Please use the methods of (2) or (4) for RX devices that are not supported by the Smart Configurator.

- (1) Adding the FIT module to your project using the Smart Configurator in e² studio
By using the Smart Configurator in e² studio, the FIT module is automatically added to your project. Refer to “RX Smart Configurator User Guide: e² studio (R20AN0451)” for details.
- (2) Adding the FIT module to your project using the FIT Configurator in e² studio
By using the FIT Configurator in e² studio, the FIT module is automatically added to your project. Refer to “Adding Firmware Integration Technology Modules to Projects (R01AN1723)” for details.
- (3) Adding the FIT module to your project using the Smart Configurator in CS+
By using the Smart Configurator Standalone version in CS+, the FIT module is automatically added to your project. Refer to “RX Smart Configurator User Guide: CS+ (R20AN0470)” for details.
- (4) Adding the FIT module to your project in CS+
In CS+, please manually add the FIT module to your project. Refer to “Adding Firmware Integration Technology Modules to CS+ Projects (R01AN1826)” for details.
- (5) Adding the FIT module to your project using the Smart Configurator in IAREW
By using the Smart Configurator Standalone version, the FIT module is automatically added to your project. Refer to “RX Smart Configurator User Guide: IAREW (R20AN0535)” for details.

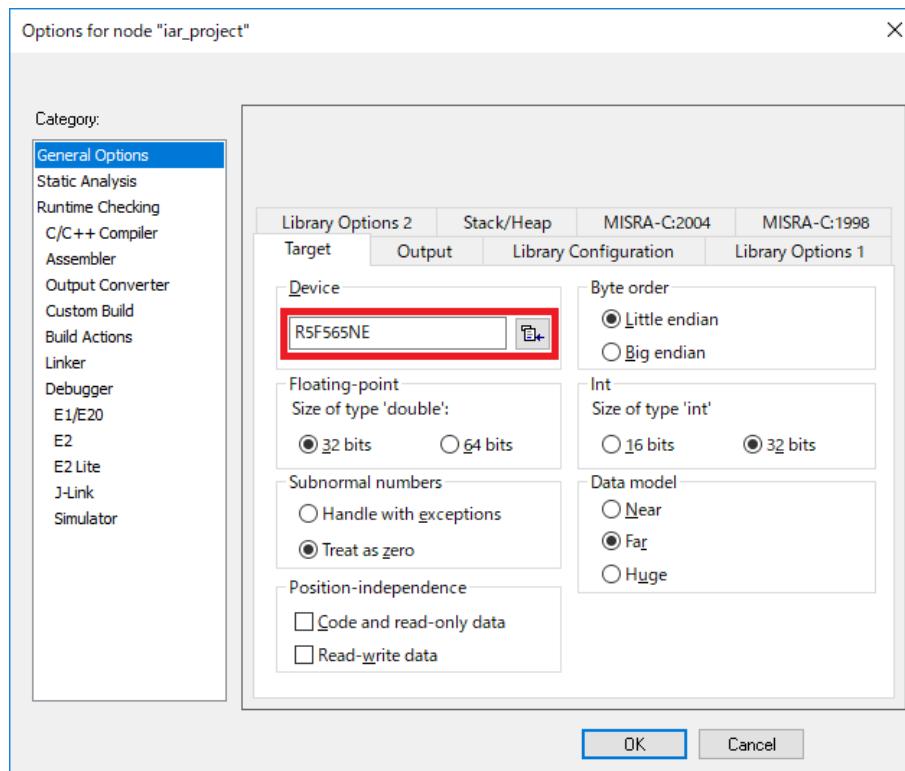
7.2 Adding FIT Modules to the IAR Project

This section describes how to add FIT modules to IAR projects.

7.2.1 Adding FIT Modules by using the Smart Configurator standalone version

In this explanation, IAR Embedded Workbench for Renesas RX 4.12.1 is used.

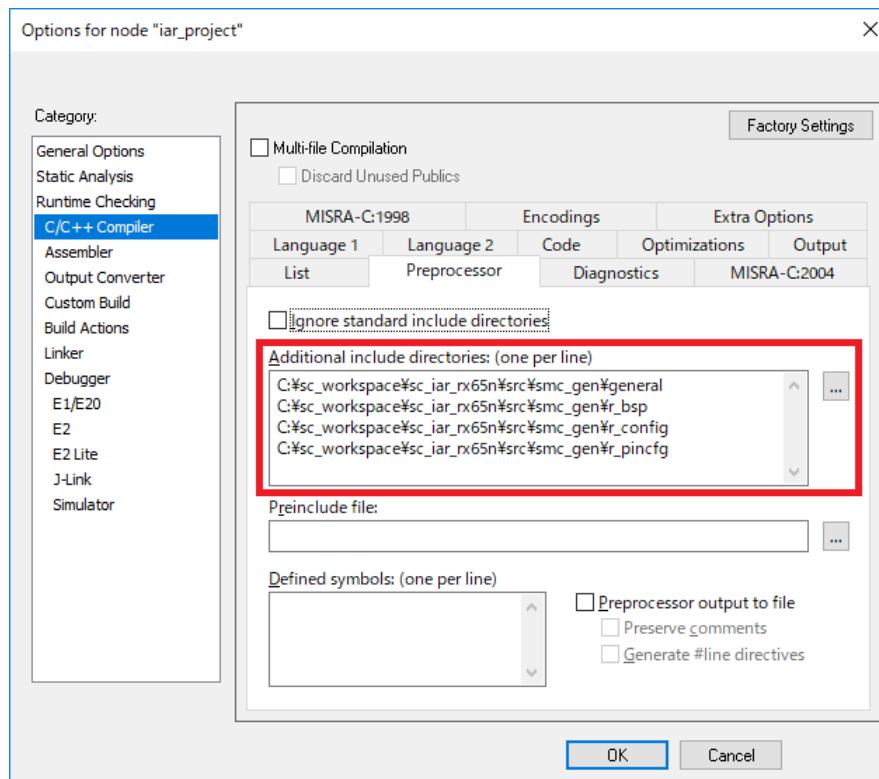
- (1) Create a new project in IAREW.
- (2) Adding FIT Modules to the IAR project by following the procedure in “7.1 Adding the FIT Module to Your Project”.
- (3) Right-click on the project and click “Options...”.
- (4) Select “Target” on the General Options tab.
- (5) For “Device”, select a device to use.



- (6) Select “Preprocessor” on the C/C++ Compiler tab.

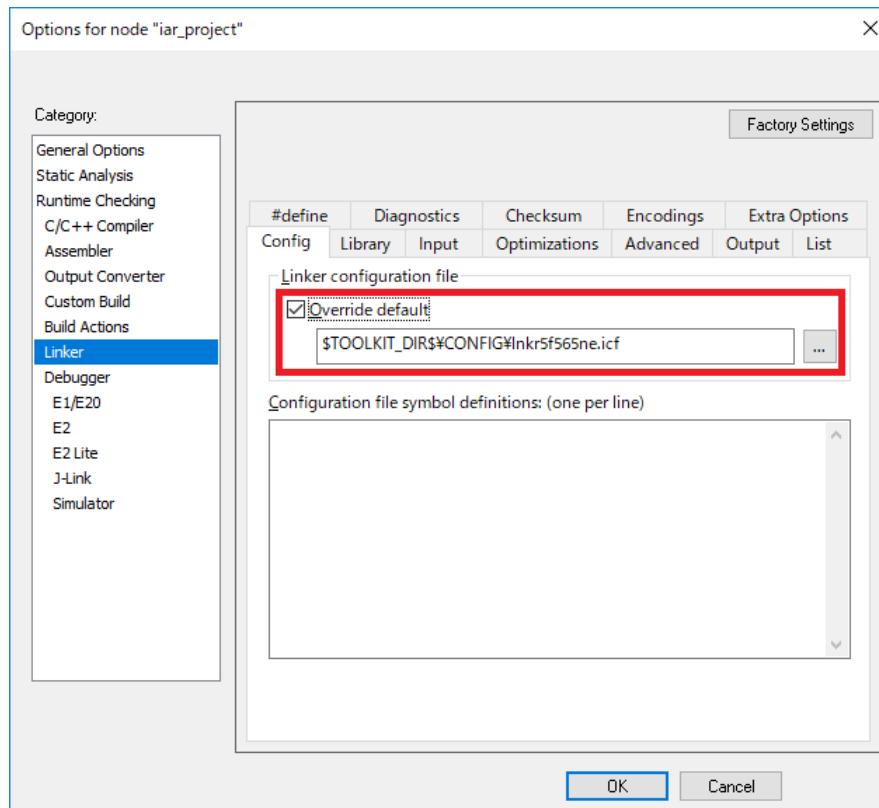
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- (7) Include path of the FIT modules for generated by the smart configurator standalone version is set.



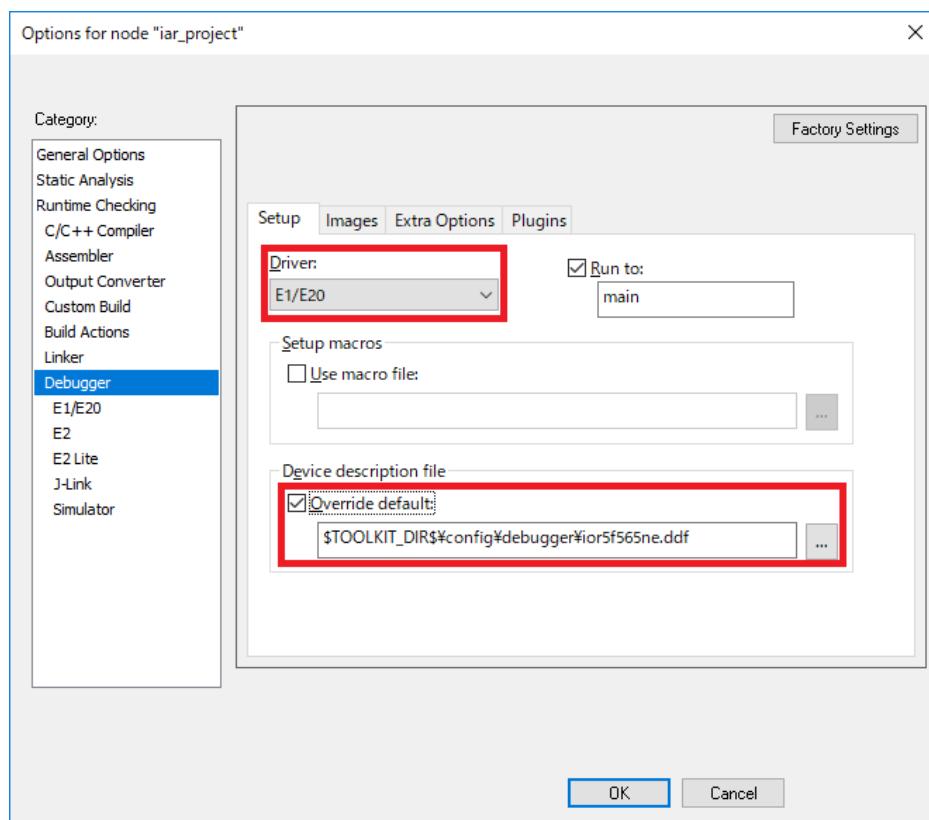
- (8) Select “Config” on the Linker tab.

- (9) For the linker configuration file, tick the “Override default” check box. Then, select “the target device.icf file”.



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- (10) Select “Setup” on the Debugger tab.
- (11) For the driver, select “Emulator”.
- (12) For the device description file, tick the “Override default” check box, and then select “the target device.dff file”.

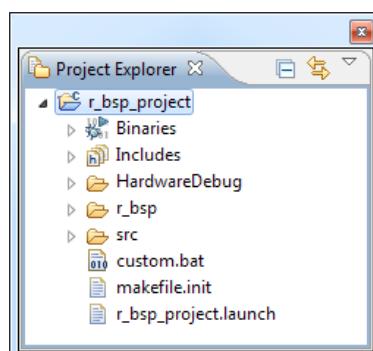


- (13) Click “Project >> Rebuild All”.
- (14) Click “E1/E20 Emulator >> Hardware Setup...”.
- (15) On the hardware setup window, set “Debug Configurations” and press OK.
- (16) Click “Project >> Download and Debug”.

8. Adding r_bsp manually

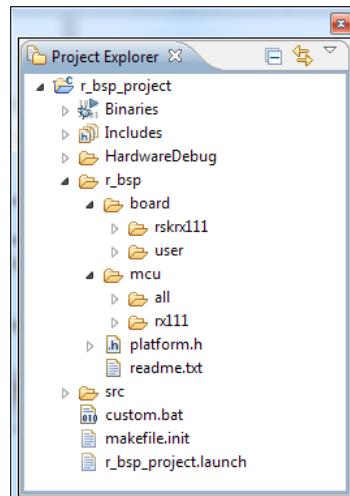
This section gives instruction on how to add an r_bsp to an e² studio project manually (without use of the FIT Plug-in).

1. Copy the r_bsp folder to your e² studio project’s root. Once clicking Copy in Windows you can right-click on your project in e² studio and click Paste.



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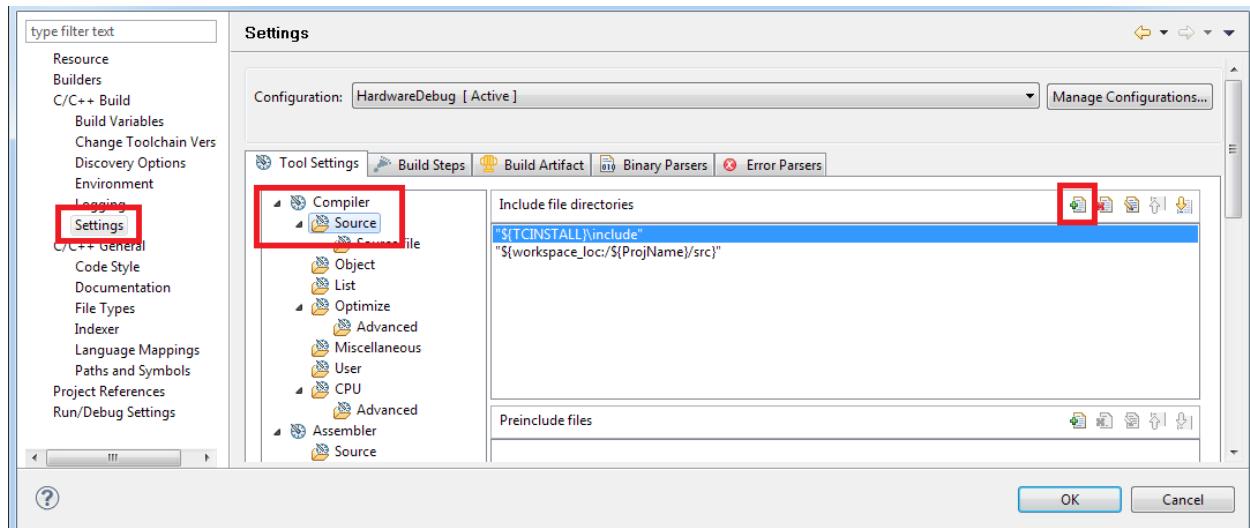
2. Expand the *r_bsp >> board* folder and delete all folders except the one for the board you are using. You can leave the ‘user’ directory if you wish to have a directory to start off with when you create your own BSP.
3. Expand the *r_bsp >> mcu* folder and delete all folders except the one for your MCU group and the one named *all*.



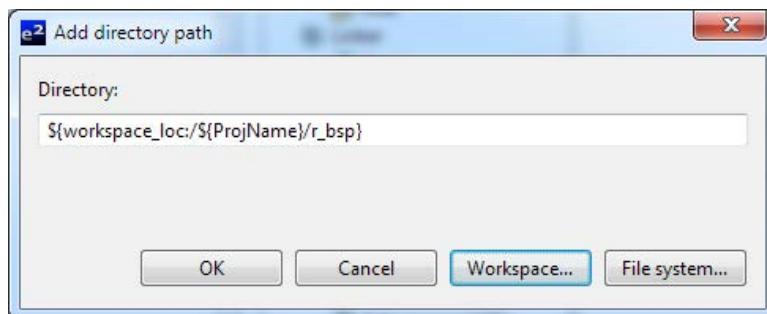
4. It is recommended to create a directory to store all FIT configuration files. Having one place for configuration files make them easy to find and easy to backup. The default name for this folder is *r_config*. If an *r_config* folder was not included in your *r_bsp* zip file then we will create one here. Create an *r_config* folder for your project by right-clicking on your project and choosing New >> Folder. In the window that pops up enter ‘*r_config*’ for the folder name and click Finish.
5. We will now setup include paths for the *r_bsp* and *r_config* folders. Right-click on your project and click Properties.
6. Under ‘Tool Settings’ select Compiler >> Source.

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- In the 'Include file directories' box click the 'Add' button.



- The 'Add directory path' window will pop up; click the Workspace button.
- In the 'Folder selection' window choose the r_bsp folder and click OK.

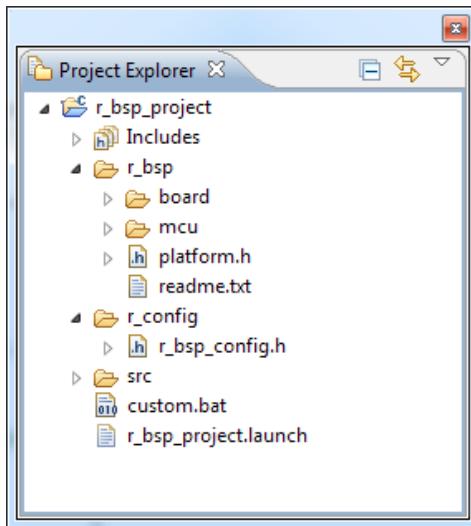


- Verify that your window looks like the one above and click OK.
- Back in the main Properties window verify that you now have an include path for the r_bsp.
- Follow the same steps to add an include path for the r_config folder.
- Back in the main Properties window verify that you now have an include path for the r_bsp and r_config folders and click Apply. Click OK to return to your project.
- Which board is being used needs to be selected in the platform.h header file. Open up platform.h and uncomment the #include for the board you are using. In this example the RSKRX111 is being used so the #include for "./board/rskrx111/r_bsp.h" is uncommented.

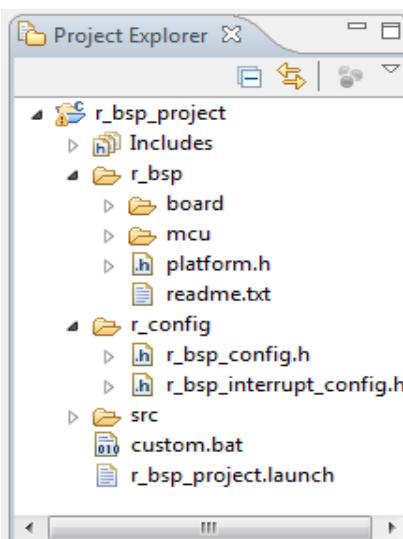
```
86/* RSKRX63N */
87 //##include "./board/rskrx63n/r_bsp.h"
88
89/* RSKRX63T_64PIN */
90 //##include "./board/rskrx63t_64pin/r_bsp.h"
91
92/* RSKRX63T_144PIN */
93 //##include "./board/rskrx63t_144pin/r_bsp.h"
94
95/* RDKRX63N */
96 //##include "./board/rdkrx63n/r_bsp.h"
97
98/* RSKRX210 */
99 //##include "./board/rskrx210/r_bsp.h"
100
101/* RSKRX111 */
102 #include "./board/rskrx111/r_bsp.h"
103
```

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15. In order to configure the r_bsp the user needs to create an *r_bsp_config.h* file. Copy the *r_bsp_config_reference.h* file from your *board* folder and paste it into the *r_config* folder. Right-click on the file in the *r_config* folder and click Rename. Rename the file to *r_bsp_config.h*. If the MCU has an *r_bsp_interrupt_config_reference.h* file, copy that file as well and rename it to *r_bsp_interrupt_config.h*.



16. Configure the r_bsp for your board by going through and modifying the *r_bsp_config.h* file as needed.
17. For RX600 Series, and RX700 Series MCU's configuring the bsp requires that the user also create an *r_bsp_interrupt_config.h* file. Copy the *r_bsp_interrupt_config_reference.h* file from your *board* folder and paste it into the *r_config* folder. Right-click on the file in the *r_config* folder and click Rename. Rename the file to *r_bsp_interrupt_config.h*.



18. Configure the software configurable interrupts for your RX600/RX700 Series board by going through and modifying the *r_bsp_interrupt_config.h* file as needed.
19. Build the project.

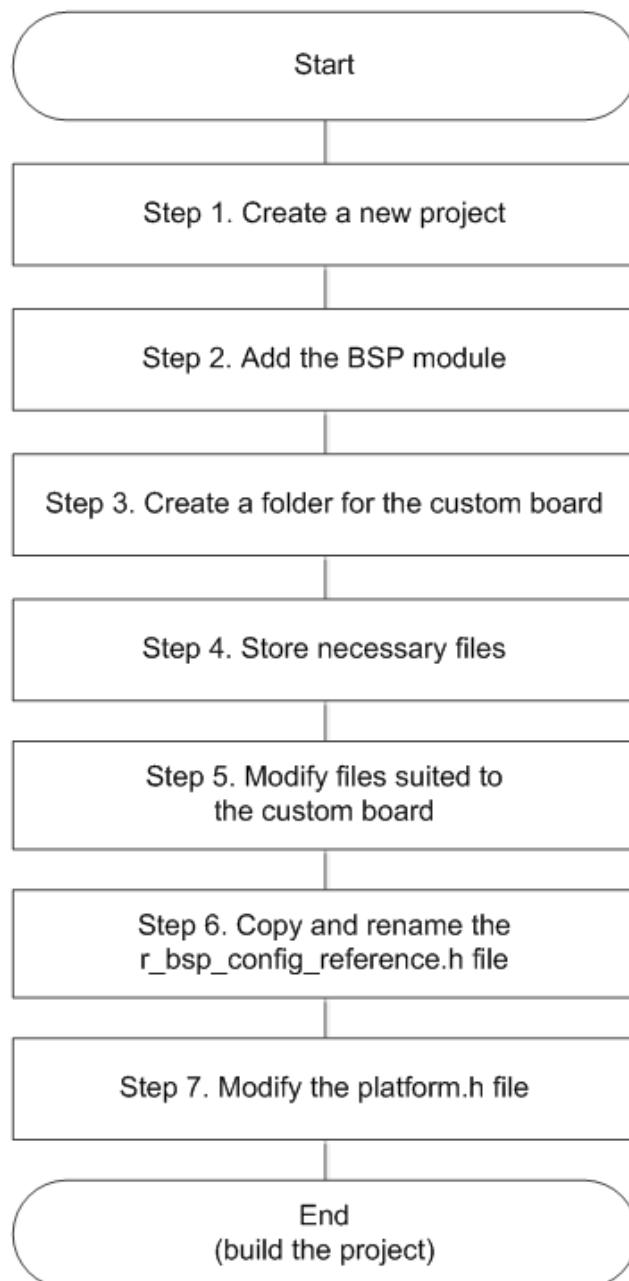
8.1 Creating a BSP Module for a Custom Board

This section describes how to create a custom BSP.

When there is a *generic* folder for the MCU used, create a project selecting the Generic board (refer to the procedure in 7. Project Setup).

When there is no *generic* folder for the MCU used, create a project following the procedure below. This section describes an example procedure using the RX111 MCU.

The figure below shows the procedure for creating a bsp for a custom board.



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Step 1. Create a New Project (Mandatory)

To create a new project, refer to "Creating Empty Project" in the "Board Support Package Module Using Firmware Integration Technology" application note (R01AN1685).

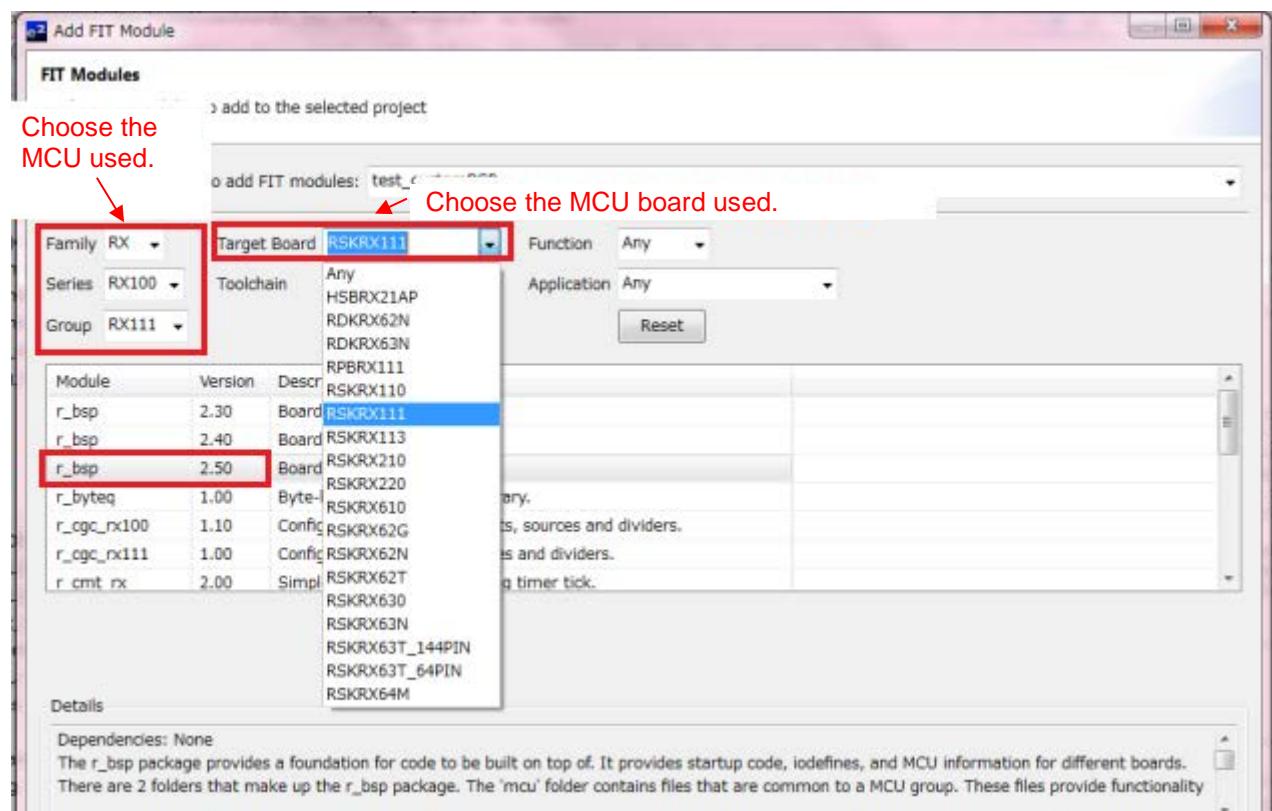
Step 2. Add the BSP Module (Mandatory)

To add the BSP module to the new project (user project) created in step 1, refer to "Adding r_bsp with e² studio FIT Plug-in" in the "Board Support Package Module Using Firmware Integration Technology" application note (R01AN1685).

Choose the following options when adding the BSP module on the FIT plug-in.

- Family, Series, Group: MCU used.
- Target Board: MCU board used.

For example, when using the RX111 to create the user board, choose "RSKRX111" or "RSKRX64M". By choosing the appropriate options here, the board folder for the custom board can be created easily.



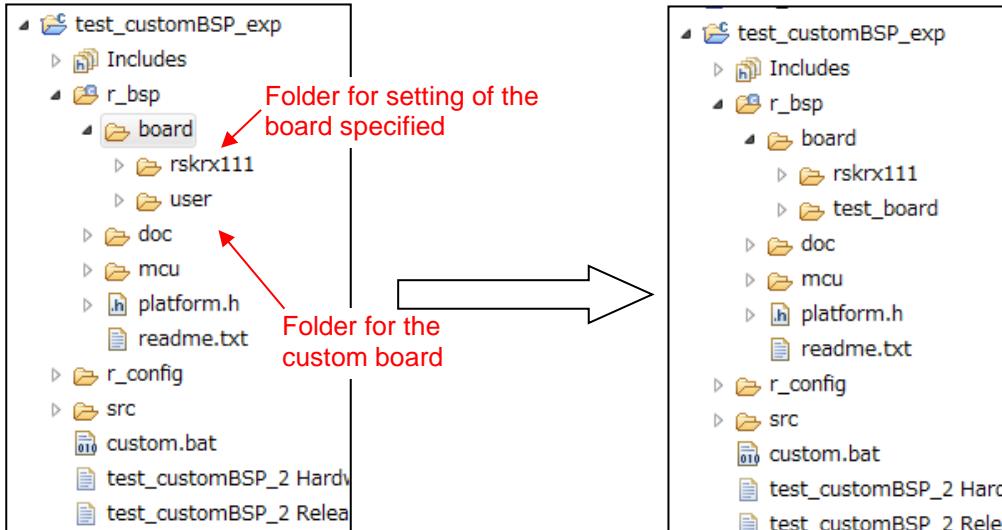
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Step 3. Create a Folder for the Custom Board

The r_bsp folder should now be present in the user project. Below, the board folder under the r_bsp folder is modified to create the custom BSP. The code in the mcu folder does not require modification.

- 1) Confirm that the board folder (rskrx111 here) specified in step 2 and the user folder are generated in the board folder under the r_bsp folder.
- 2) Use the user folder as the folder for the custom board (optional).

Rename the folder name (optional). The folder name does not have to be changed.



Folder structure after the
BSP module is added.

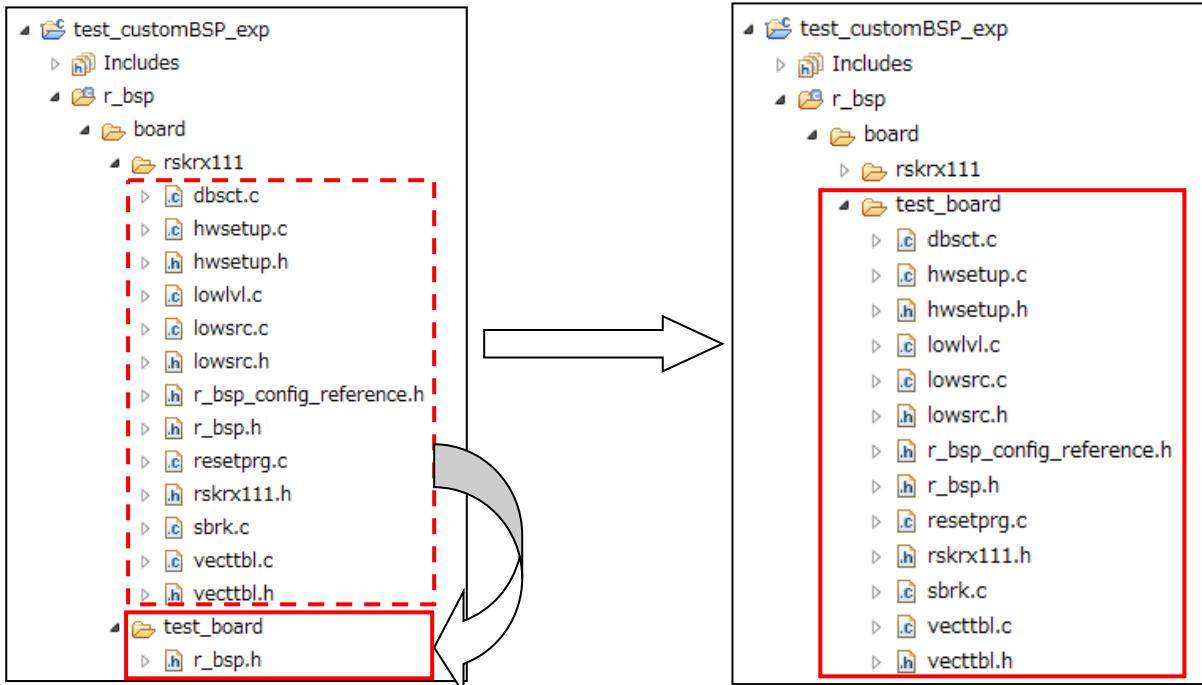
Example when the folder name is
changed for the custom board

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Step 4. Store Necessary Files (Mandatory)

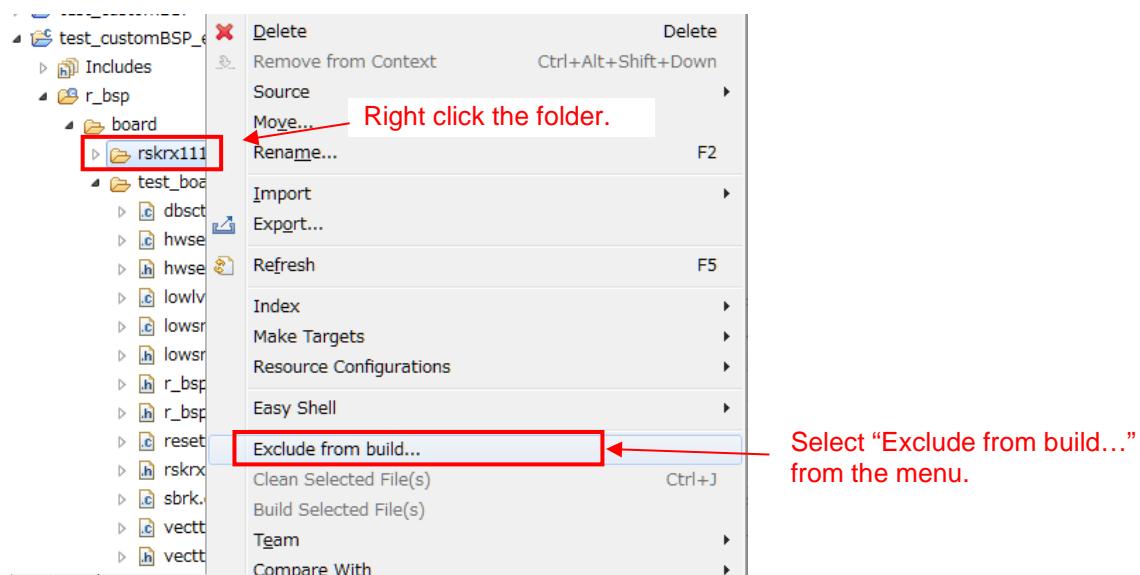
Store necessary files in the folder created in step 3.

- 1) Copy all files in the rskrx111 folder and paste them in the folder for the custom board. Then overwrite the r_bsp.h file.



- 2) Exclude the rskrx111 folder from build.

(The folder can be deleted if it is not necessary after the folder for the custom board is created.)



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Step 5. Modify Files Suited to the Custom Board (Mandatory)

Modify the following four files suited to the custom board.

1. hwsetup.c

This file executes the following four functions.

- **Function: output_ports_configure**

This function initializes ports used for LEDs, switches, SCI, and ADC.

Ports need to be configured with either of procedures below according to the board used.

If not configuring pins in this function:

- 1) Comment out or delete the function declaration of the output_ports_configure function.
- 2) Delete the output_ports_configure function which is called in the hardware_setup function.
- 3) Comment out or delete the output_ports_configure function.

Then configure settings described in "2. *board_specificDefines*.h" as well.

If configuring pins in this function:

- 1) Comment out or delete the source code in the output_ports_configure function.
- 2) Configure pins according to the board used.

- **Function: bsp_non_existent_port_init**

This function initializes nonexistent ports. No additional processing is required for this function.

- **Function: interrupts_configure**

This function configures interrupt settings which are performed prior to the main function.

When such settings are required, add the settings in this function.

- **Function: peripheral_modules_enable**

This function configures settings for peripheral functions which are performed prior to the main function.

When such settings are required, add the settings in this function.

Examples of processing are shown below when not configuring pins in the output_ports_configure function.

```
④ /**************************************************************************  
 * Private global variables and functions  
 **************************************************************************/  
 /* MCU I/O port configuration function declaration */  
 static void output_ports_configure(void); // Comment out or delete this part.  
  
 /* Interrupt configuration function declaration */  
 static void interrupts_configure(void);  
  
 /* MCU peripheral module configuration function declaration */  
 static void peripheral_modules_enable(void);
```

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```
/*
 * Function name: hardware_setup
 * Description : Contains setup functions called at device restart
 * Arguments   : none
 * Return value : none
 */
void hardware_setup(void)
{
    output_ports_configure();           ← Comment out or delete this line.
    interrupts_configure();
    peripheral_modules_enable();
    bsp_non_existent_port_init();
}
```

```
static void output_ports_configure(void)
{
    /* Enable LEDs. */
    /* Start with LEDs off. */
    LED0 = LED_OFF;
    LED1 = LED_OFF;
    LED2 = LED_OFF;
    LED3 = LED_OFF;

    /* Set LED pins as outputs. */
    LED0_PDR = 1;
    LED1_PDR = 1;
    LED2_PDR = 1;
    LED3_PDR = 1;

    /* Enable switches. */
    /* Set pins as inputs. */
    SW1_PDR = 0;
    SW2_PDR = 0;
    SW3_PDR = 0;

    /* Set port mode registers for switches. */
    SW1_PMR = 0;
    SW2_PMR = 0;
    SW3_PMR = 0;

    /* Unlock MPC registers to enable writing to them. */
    R_BSP_RegisterProtectDisable(BSP_REG_PROTECT_MPC);

    /* TXD1 is output. */
    PORT1.PMR.BIT.B6 = 0;
    MPC.P16PFS.BYTE = 0x0A;
    PORT1.PDR.BIT.B6 = 1;
    PORT1.PMR.BIT.B6 = 1;
    /* RXD1 is input. */
    PORT1.PMR.BIT.B5 = 0;
    MPC.P15PFS.BYTE = 0x0A;
    PORT1.PDR.BIT.B5 = 0;
    PORT1.PMR.BIT.B5 = 1;

    /* Configure the pin connected to the ADC Pot as an analog input */
    #if (BSP_CFG_BOARD_REVISION == 0)
        PORT4.PMR.BIT.B4 = 0;
        MPC.P44PFS.BYTE = 0x80;      //Set ASEL bit and clear the rest
        PORT4.PDR.BIT.B4 = 0;
    #elif (BSP_CFG_BOARD_REVISION == 1)
        PORT4.PMR.BIT.B0 = 0;
        MPC.P40PFS.BYTE = 0x80;      //Set ASEL bit and clear the rest
        PORT4.PDR.BIT.B0 = 0;
    #endif
}
```

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2. *board_specificDefines*.h

The board used becomes the name of this file (e.g. rskrx111.h). This file has definitions of pins used for switches, LEDs, and so on, and their settings vary depending on the board used.

However, this file is not necessary when using a custom board. Perform the following steps.

- 1) Delete the *board_specificDefines*.h file from the folder for the custom board.
- 2) Delete the following line in the r_bsp.h file.

```
#include "board/rskrx111/rskrx111.h"
```

3. r_bsp.h

This header file is included in platform.h and has all #includes required for the board and the MCU. The include paths associated with the board need to be modified.

- 1) Modify the include paths which start with "board/" as follows:

Change the path to "board/*name of the folder for the custom board/file name*".

Example:

Before modification: `#include "board/rskrx111/rskrx111.h"`

After modification: `#include "board/test_board/rskrx111.h"`

```
/* **** APPROPRIATE MCU AND BOARD FILES ****/
#include "mcu/all/r_bsp_common.h"
#include "r_bsp_config.h"
#include "mcu/rx111/register_access/iodefine.h"
#include "mcu/rx111/mcu_info.h"
#include "mcu/rx111/mcu_locks.h"
#include "mcu/rx111/locking.h"
#include "mcu/rx111/cpu.h"
#include "mcu/rx111/mcu_init.h"
#include "mcu/rx111/mcu_interrupts.h"
#include "board/test_board/rskrx111.h" // Change this part to the folder name for the custom board.
#include "board/test_board/hwsetup.h"
#include "board/test_board/lowsrc.h"
#include "board/test_board/vecttbl.h"
#endif /* BSP_BOARD_RSKRX111 */
```

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4. r_bsp_config_reference.h

This header file has settings to provide default options of the board. Macro definitions that are included in this file and need to be modified according to the custom board are listed in the table below. Change the settings as required.

For example, when the setting in the copied board folder uses the PLL as the system clock while the user system uses the HOCO, change the clock setting for BSP_CFG_CLOCK_SOURCE from PLL to HOCO.

Also confirm usage conditions for macros not in the table below and modify them as required.

Table 8.1 Macros to be modified to reflect the Custom Board

Macro	Description
BSP_CFG_CLOCK_SOURCE	Selects a crystal on the board and a clock source.
BSP_CFG_XTAL_HZ	Specifies a value according to the crystal on the board (default value: RSK setting).
BSP_CFG_PLL_DIV	When using the PLL: Specifies an available setting value using the crystal on the board.
BSP_CFG_PLL_MUL	When using the PLL: Specifies an available setting value using the crystal on the board.
BSP_CFG_ICK_DIV	Specifies an available setting value using the crystal on the board.
BSP_CFG_PCKB_DIV	Specifies an available setting value using the crystal on the board.
BSP_CFG_PCKD_DIV	Specifies an available setting value using the crystal on the board.
BSP_CFG_FCK_DIV	Specifies an available setting value using the crystal on the board.

Step 6. Copy and Rename the r_bsp_config_reference.h File (Mandatory)

After step 5, copy the r_bsp_config_reference.h file, paste it in the r_config folder, and rename the copied file to "r_bsp_config.h".

Step 7. Modify the platform.h File (Mandatory)

This header file needs to be modified to specify the r_bsp.h file in the newly created folder for the custom board. Follow the steps below for the modification.

- 1) Uncomment the line under the comment /* User Board - Define your own board here. */ .
- 2) Change the folder name after "board/" to the folder name for the custom board.

Before modification:

```
/* User Board - Define your own board here. */
//#include "./board/user/r_bsp.h"
```

After modification:

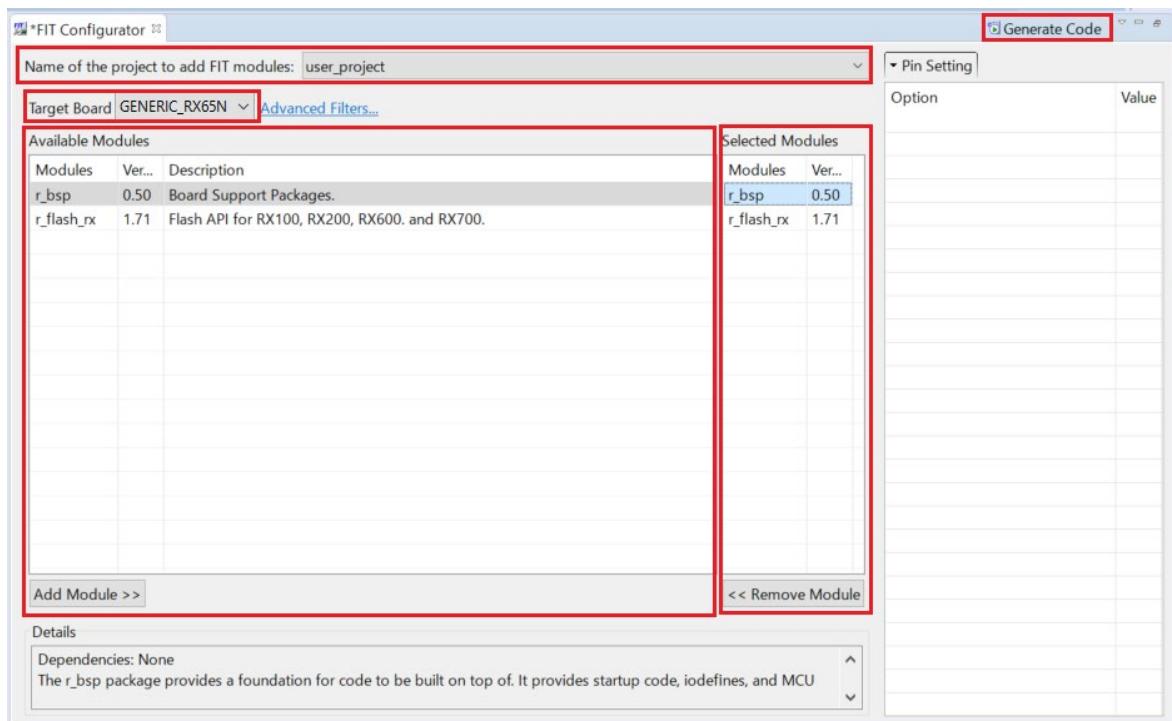
```
/* User Board - Define your own board here. */
#include "./board/test_board/r_bsp.h"
```

9. Adding FIT Modules to the User Project

This section describes how to add a FIT module to the user project. The procedure to add the peripheral FIT module to the existing user project without creating a new project is described. The FIT configurator in the e² studio is used to add the FIT module.

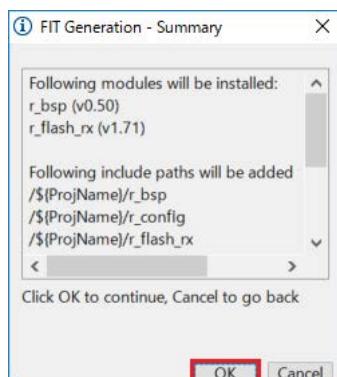
Step 1. Adding the FIT module using the FIT configurator

1. Click Renesas Views >> e2 solution toolkit >> FIT Configurator to open the FIT configurator.
2. Select the user created project from the list in the ‘Name of the project to add FIT modules’ field.
3. Select a GENERIC board from the list in the ‘Target Board’ field.
4. Select the *r_bsp* and the peripheral FIT module from the ‘Available Modules’ pane and click the Add Module button.
5. Confirm that the *r_bsp* and the peripheral FIT module selected are displayed in the ‘Selected Modules’ pane, and click the Generate Code button.



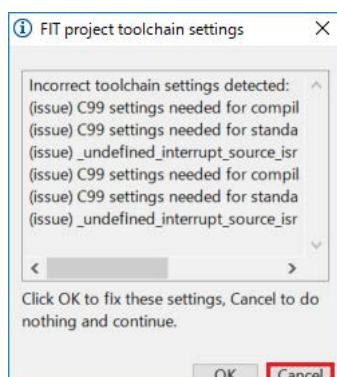
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6. Check the contents for code generation in the ‘FIT Generation – Summary’ window and click OK.



7. When the ‘FIT project toolchain settings’ window appears, click **Cancel**.

This window appears when the necessary settings to use the BSP and FIT modules have not been done. Settings for the compiler option and the Standard library option are described in “Step 2. Setting the Project Environment”.

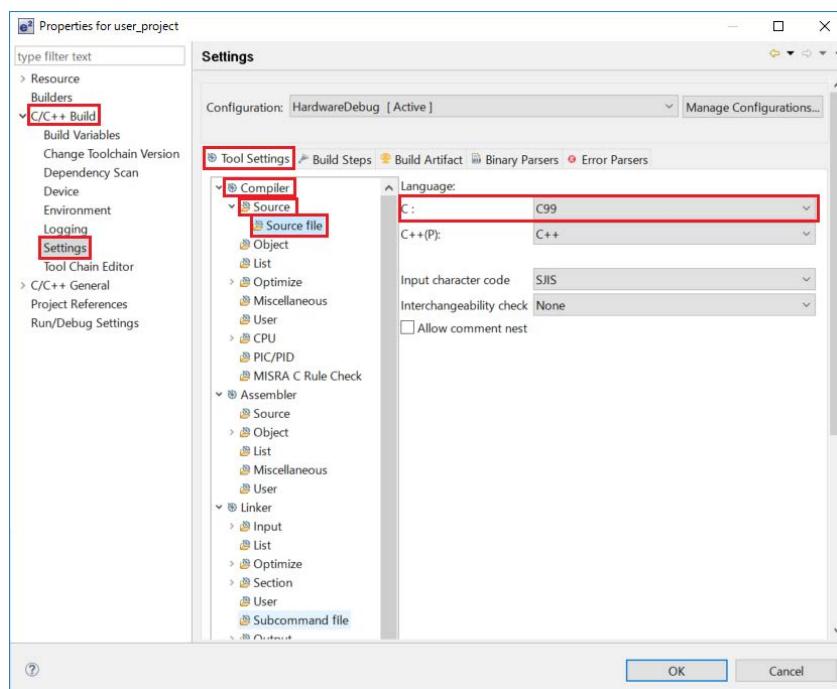


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Step 2. Setting the Project Environment

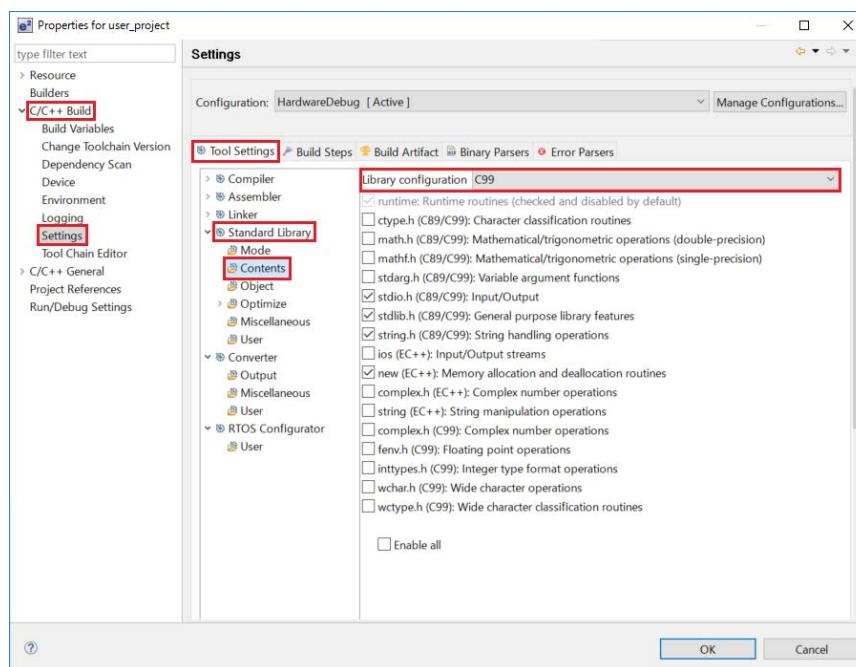
1. Select Renesas Tool Setting (click the e² icon on the menu bar) to open the ‘Properties for <project name>’ window and select

C/C++ Build >> Settings >> Tool Settings (tab) >> Compiler >> Source >> Source file, and then specify ‘C99’ in the ‘C’ field. The FIT module assumes ‘C99’ to be specified for the C language setting.



2. Select Renesas Tool Setting (click the e² icon on the menu bar) to open the ‘Properties for <project name>’ window and select

C/C++ Build >> Settings >> Tool Settings >> Standard Library >> Contents, and then specify ‘C99’ in the ‘Library configuration’ field. The FIT module assumes ‘C99’ to be specified for the library setting for C language.



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3. Specify sections for the FIT module.

When the FIT module project is generated in the e² studio, sections for the FIT module will be specified. FIT module assumes these sections are used for the project.

Table 9.1 lists the Sections for the FIT module.

Table 9.1 Sections for the FIT module

Address	Section Name
0x00000004	SU
	SI
	B_1
	R_1
	B_2
	R_2
	B
	R
0xFFxxxxxx *1	PResetPRG *4
	C_1
	C_2
	C
	C\$*
	D*
	W*
	L
0xFFFFFFF80	P *4
	EXCEPTVECT / FIXEDVECT *2
0xFFFFFFFFC *3	RESETVECT *3

Note 1. The address varies depending on the device selected when generating the project.

Note 2. Section names are different for each CPU. The section names are EXCEPTVECT for RXv2 and RXv3, and FIXEDVECT for RXv1.

Note 3. This is only specified when RXv2 core and RXv3 are selected.

Note 4. Not added or changed by FIT configurator. Add or change manually.

For the device CPU, refer to the Features section in the User's Manual: Hardware.

Step 3. Startup disable

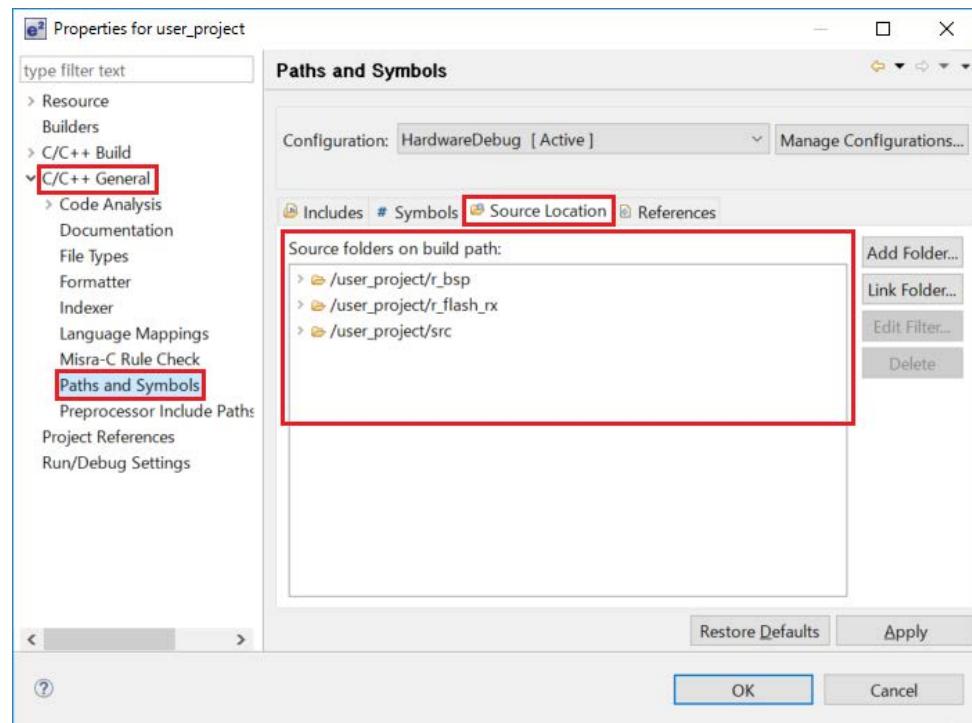
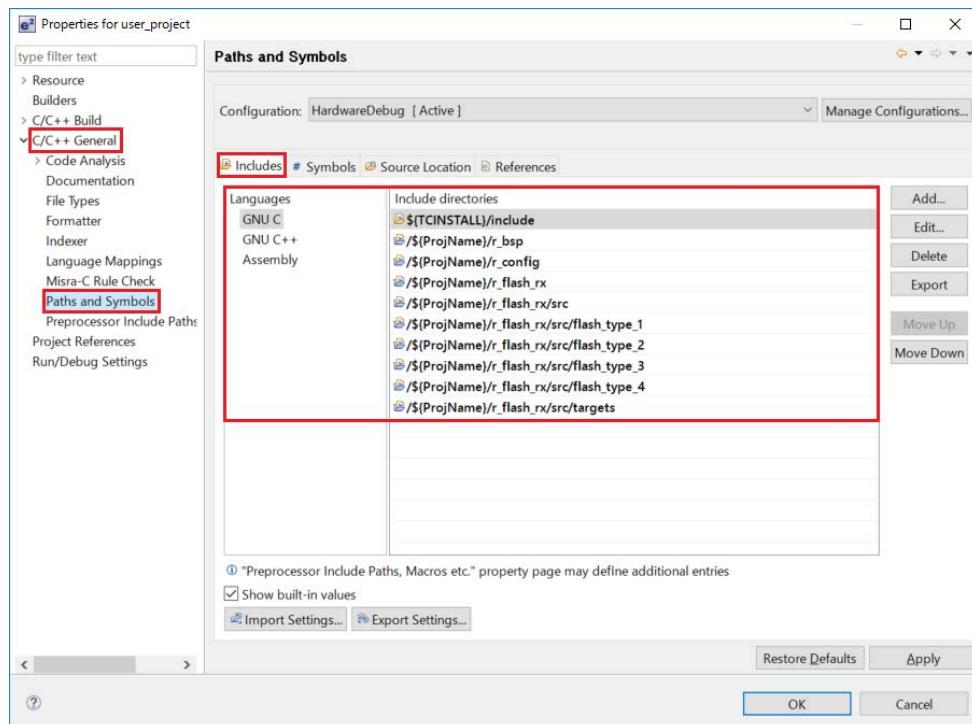
1. Disable the BSP startup. See Section 2.22.1 Setting the Startup Disable Function for details.

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Notes

1. When the code is generated with the FIT configurator, include paths necessary for using the FIT module are automatically added.

To check include paths added, select Renesas Tool Setting (click the e² icon on the menu bar) to open the ‘Properties for <project name>’ window and select C/C++ General >> Path and Symbols, and then check the paths in the ‘Includes’ and the ‘Source and Location’ tabs.



10. Appendices

10.1 Confirmed Operation Environment

This section describes confirmed operation environment for this module. Some macros for GCC Compiler and IAR Compiler cannot be used with CCRX Compiler V2.04.01 or lower. If the version of your BSP is Rev.5.00 or higher, please update to V2.05.00 or higher. The version used for confirmed operation environment is also described for the GCC Compiler and IAR Compiler, but it is recommended to use the latest version.

Table 10.1 Confirmed Operation Environment (Rev.3.10)

Item	Details
Integrated development environment	Renesas Electronics e ² studio Version 4.1.0.018
C compiler	Renesas Electronics C/C++ Compiler Package for RX Family V2.03.00 Compiler option: The following option is added to the default settings of the integrated development environment. -lang = c99
Endian	Big endian/little endian
Revision of the module	Rev.3.10
Board used	Renesas Starter Kit for RX130 (Part Number: RTK5005130SxxxxBE)

Table 10.2 Confirmed Operation Environment (Rev.3.20)

Item	Details
Integrated development environment	Renesas Electronics e ² studio Version 4.1.0.018
C compiler	Renesas Electronics C/C++ Compiler Package for RX Family V2.03.00 Compiler option: The following option is added to the default settings of the integrated development environment. -lang = c99
Endian	Big endian/little endian
Revision of the module	Rev.3.20
Board used	Renesas Starter Kit for RX24T (Part Number: RTK500524TSxxxxBE)

Table 10.3 Confirmed Operation Environment (Rev.3.30)

Item	Details
Integrated development environment	Renesas Electronics e ² studio Version 4.2.0.012
C compiler	Renesas Electronics C/C++ Compiler Package for RX Family V2.03.00 Compiler option: The following option is added to the default settings of the integrated development environment. -lang = c99
Endian	Big endian/little endian
Revision of the module	Rev.3.30
Board used	Renesas Starter Kit for RX231 (Part Number: R0K505231SxxxBE)

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Table 10.4 Confirmed Operation Environment (Rev.3.31)

Item	Details
Integrated development environment	Renesas Electronics e ² studio Version 4.3.0.007
C compiler	Renesas Electronics C/C++ Compiler Package for RX Family V2.03.00 Compiler option: The following option is added to the default settings of the integrated development environment. -lang = c99
Endian	Big endian/little endian
Revision of the module	Rev.3.31
Board used	Renesas Starter Kit for RX23T (Part Number: RTK500523TSxxxxxBE)

Table 10.5 Confirmed Operation Environment (Rev.3.40)

Item	Details
Integrated development environment	Renesas Electronics e ² studio Version 5.0.1.005
C compiler	Renesas Electronics C/C++ Compiler Package for RX Family V2.05.00 Compiler option: The following option is added to the default settings of the integrated development environment. -lang = c99
Endian	Big endian/little endian
Revision of the module	Rev.3.40
Board used	Renesas Starter Kit+ for RX65N (Part Number: RTK500565NSxxxxxBE)

Table 10.6 Confirmed Operation Environment (Rev.3.50)

Item	Details
Integrated development environment	Renesas Electronics e ² studio Version 5.2.0.020
C compiler	Renesas Electronics C/C++ Compiler Package for RX Family V2.06.00 Compiler option: The following option is added to the default settings of the integrated development environment. -lang = c99
Endian	Big endian/little endian
Revision of the module	Rev.3.50
Board used	Renesas Starter Kit for RX24T (Part Number: RTK500524TSxxxxxBE) Renesas Starter Kit for RX24U (Part Number: RTK500524USxxxxxBE)

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Table 10.7 Confirmed Operation Environment (Rev.3.60)

Item	Details
Integrated development environment	Renesas Electronics e ² studio Version 5.4.0.015 (RX130) Renesas Electronics e ² studio Version 6.0.0.001 (RX65N)
C compiler	Renesas Electronics C/C++ Compiler Package for RX Family V2.07.00 Compiler option: The following option is added to the default settings of the integrated development environment. -lang = c99
Endian	Big endian/little endian
Revision of the module	Rev3.60
Board used	Renesas Starter Kit for RX130 (Part Number: RTK5005130SxxxxxBE) Renesas Starter Kit for RX130-512KB (Part Number: RTK5051308SxxxxxBE) Renesas Starter Kit+ for RX65N (Part Number: RTK500565NSxxxxxBE) Renesas Starter Kit+ for RX65N-2MB (Part Number: RTK50565N2SxxxxxBE)

Table 10.8 Confirmed Operation Environment (Rev.3.70)

Item	Details
Integrated development environment	Renesas Electronics e ² studio Version 6.1.0
C compiler	Renesas Electronics C/C++ Compiler Package for RX Family V2.07.00 Compiler option: The following option is added to the default settings of the integrated development environment. -lang = c99
Endian	Big endian/little endian
Revision of the module	Rev3.70
Board used	Renesas Starter Kit for RX111 (Part Number: R0K505111SxxxBE) Renesas Starter Kit for RX113 (Part Number: R0K505113SxxxBE) Renesas Starter Kit for RX130 (Part Number: RTK5005130SxxxxxBE) Renesas Starter Kit for RX130-512KB (Part Number: RTK5051308SxxxxxBE) Renesas Starter Kit for RX231 (Part Number: R0K505231SxxxBE) Renesas Starter Kit for RX23T (Part Number: RTK500523TSxxxxxBE) Renesas Starter Kit for RX24T (Part Number: RTK500524TSxxxxxBE) Renesas Starter Kit for RX24U (Part Number: RTK500524USxxxxxBE) Renesas Starter Kit+ for RX64M (Part Number: R0K50564MSxxxBE) Renesas Starter Kit+ for RX71M (Part Number: R0K50571MSxxxBE) RX65N Envision Kit (Part Number: RTK5RX65N2CxxxxBR)

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Table 10.9 Confirmed Operation Environment (Rev.3.71)

Item	Details
Integrated development environment	Renesas Electronics e ² studio Version 6.1.0
C compiler	Renesas Electronics C/C++ Compiler Package for RX Family V2.07.00 Compiler option: The following option is added to the default settings of the integrated development environment. -lang = c99
Endian	Big endian/little endian
Revision of the module	Rev3.71
Board used	Renesas Starter Kit+ for RX65N-2MB (Part Number: RTK50565N2SxxxxBE) RX65N Envision Kit (product No.: RTK5RX65N2CxxxxBR)

Table 10.10 Confirmed Operation Environment (Rev.3.80)

Item	Details
Integrated development environment	Renesas Electronics e ² studio Version 7.0.0
C compiler	Renesas Electronics C/C++ Compiler Package for RX Family V2.08.00 Compiler option: The following option is added to the default settings of the integrated development environment. -lang = c99
Endian	Big endian/little endian
Revision of the module	Rev3.80
Board used	Renesas Starter Kit for RX111 (Part Number: R0K505111SxxxBE) Renesas Starter Kit for RX113 (Part Number: R0K505113SxxxBE) Renesas Starter Kit for RX130 (Part Number: RTK5005130SxxxxBE) Renesas Starter Kit for RX130-512KB (Part Number: RTK5051308SxxxxBE) Renesas Starter Kit for RX210 (B Mask) (Part Number: R0K505210SxxxBE) Renesas Starter Kit for RX231 (Part Number: R0K505231SxxxBE) Renesas Starter Kit for RX23T (Part Number: RTK500523TSxxxxBE) Renesas Starter Kit for RX63T (64-pin) (Part Number: R0K50563TSxxxBE) Renesas Starter Kit for RX63T (144-pin) (Part Number: R0K5563THSxxxBE) Renesas Starter Kit+ for RX64M (Part Number: R0K50564MSxxxBE) Renesas Starter Kit+ for RX65N (Part Number: RTK500565NSxxxxBE) Renesas Starter Kit+ for RX65N-2MB (Part Number: RTK50565N2SxxxxBE) Renesas Starter Kit+ for RX71M (Part Number: R0K50571MSxxxBE) Target Board for RX130 (Part Number: RTK5RX1300CxxxxBR) Target Board for RX231 (Part Number: RTK5RX2310CxxxxBR) Target Board for RX65N (Part Number: RTK5RX65N0CxxxxBR) RX65N Envision Kit (Part Number: RTK5RX65N2CxxxxBR)

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Table 10.11 Confirmed Operation Environment (Rev.3.90)

Item	Details
Integrated development environment	Renesas Electronics e ² studio Version 7.0.0
C compiler	Renesas Electronics C/C++ Compiler Package for RX Family V3.00.00 Compiler option: The following option is added to the default settings of the integrated development environment. -lang = c99
Endian	Big endian/little endian
Revision of the module	Rev3.90
Board used	Renesas Starter Kit for RX66T (Part Number: RTK50566T0SxxxxxBE)

Table 10.12 Confirmed Operation Environment (Rev.3.91)

Item	Details
Integrated development environment	Renesas Electronics e ² studio Version 7.0.0
C compiler	Renesas Electronics C/C++ Compiler Package for RX Family V3.00.00 Compiler option: The following option is added to the default settings of the integrated development environment. -lang = c99
Endian	Big endian/little endian
Revision of the module	Rev3.91
Board used	Renesas Starter Kit for RX66T (Part Number: RTK50566T0SxxxxxBE)

Table 10.13 Confirmed Operation Environment (Rev.4.00)

Item	Details
Integrated development environment	Renesas Electronics e ² studio Version 7.1.0
C compiler	Renesas Electronics C/C++ Compiler Package for RX Family V3.00.00 Compiler option: The following option is added to the default settings of the integrated development environment. -lang = c99
Endian	Big endian/little endian
Revision of the module	Rev4.00

Table 10.14 Confirmed Operation Environment (Rev.4.01)

Item	Details
Integrated development environment	Renesas Electronics e ² studio Version 7.2.0
C compiler	Renesas Electronics C/C++ Compiler Package for RX Family V3.00.00 Compiler option: The following option is added to the default settings of the integrated development environment. -lang = c99
Endian	Big endian/little endian
Revision of the module	Rev4.01
Board used	Renesas Starter Kit for RX72T (Part Number: RTK5572Txxxxxxxxx)

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Table 10.15 Confirmed Operation Environment (Rev.5.00)

Item	Details
Integrated development environment	Renesas Electronics e ² studio Version 7.3.0 IAR Embedded Workbench for Renesas RX 4.11.1 IAR Embedded Workbench for Renesas RX 4.12.1 (RX66T and RX72T only)
C compiler	Renesas Electronics C/C++ Compiler Package for RX Family V3.01.00 Compiler option: The following option is added to the default settings of the integrated development environment. -lang = c99
	GCC for Renesas RX 4.8.4.201902 Compiler option: The following option is added to the default settings of the integrated development environment. -std=gnu99
	IAR C/C++ Compiler for Renesas RX version 4.11.1 IAR C/C++ Compiler for Renesas RX version 4.12.1 (RX66t and RX72T only) Compiler option: The default settings of the integrated development environment. (RX110 is excluded)
Endian	Big endian/little endian
Revision of the module	Rev.5.00
Board used	Renesas Starter Kit for RX110 (Part Number: R0K505110xxxxxx) Renesas Starter Kit for RX111 (Part Number: R0K505111xxxxxx) Renesas Starter Kit for RX113 (Part Number: R0K505113xxxxxx) Renesas Starter Kit for RX130-512KB (Part Number: RTK505130xxxxxxxxx) Renesas Starter Kit for RX231 (Part Number: R0K505231xxxxxx) Renesas Starter Kit for RX23T (Part Number: RTK500523Txxxxxxxx) Renesas Starter Kit for RX24T (Part Number: RTK500524Txxxxxxxx) Renesas Starter Kit for RX24U (Part Number: RTK500524Uxxxxxxxx) Renesas Starter Kit+ for RX63N (Part Number: R0K50563Nxxxxxx) Renesas Starter Kit+ for RX64M (Part Number: R0K50564Mxxxxxx) Renesas Starter Kit+ for RX65N-2MB (Part Number: RTK50565Nxxxxxxxxx) Renesas Starter Kit+ for RX71M (Part Number: R0K50571Mxxxxxx) Renesas Starter Kit for RX66T (Part Number: RTK50566Txxxxxxxxx) Renesas Starter Kit for RX72T (Part Number: RTK5572Txxxxxxxxx)

Table 10.16 Confirmed Operation Environment (Rev.5.10)

Item	Details
Integrated development environment	Renesas Electronics e ² studio Version 7.1.0
C compiler	Renesas Electronics C/C++ Compiler Package for RX Family V3.01.00
	Compiler option: The following option is added to the default settings of the integrated development environment. -lang = c99
Endian	Big endian/little endian
Revision of the module	Rev5.10
Board used	Renesas Solution Starter Kit for RX23W (Part Number: RTK5523Wxxxxxxxxx)

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Table 10.17 Confirmed Operation Environment (Rev.5.20)

Item	Details
Integrated development environment	Renesas Electronics e ² studio Version 7.4.0 IAR Embedded Workbench for Renesas RX 4.12.1
C compiler	Renesas Electronics C/C++ Compiler Package for RX Family V3.01.00 Compiler option: The following option is added to the default settings of the integrated development environment. -lang = c99 GCC for Renesas RX 4.8.4.201902 Compiler option: The following option is added to the default settings of the integrated development environment. -std=gnu99 IAR C/C++ Compiler for Renesas RX version 4.12.1 Compiler option: The default settings of the integrated development environment. (R_BSP_CHG_PMUSR function and R_BSP_ChangeToUserMode function are excluded.)
Endian	Big endian/little endian
Revision of the module	Rev.5.20
Board used	Renesas Starter Kit+ for RX72M (Part Number: RTK5572Mxxxxxxxxx)

Table 10.18 Confirmed Operation Environment (Rev.5.21)

Item	Details
Integrated development environment	Renesas Electronics e ² studio Version 7.5.0 IAR Embedded Workbench for Renesas RX 4.12.1
C compiler	Renesas Electronics C/C++ Compiler Package for RX Family V3.01.00 Compiler option: The following option is added to the default settings of the integrated development environment. -lang = c99 GCC for Renesas RX 4.8.4.201902 Compiler option: The following option is added to the default settings of the integrated development environment. -std=gnu99 IAR C/C++ Compiler for Renesas RX version 4.12.1 Compiler option: The default settings of the integrated development environment. (R_BSP_CHG_PMUSR function and R_BSP_ChangeToUserMode function are excluded.)
Endian	Big endian/little endian
Revision of the module	Rev.5.21

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Table 10.19 Confirmed Operation Environment (Rev.5.30)

Item	Details
Integrated development environment	Renesas Electronics e ² studio Version 7.4.0 Renesas Electronics e ² studio Version 7.5.0 (RX231 and RX72M only) IAR Embedded Workbench for Renesas RX 4.12.1
C compiler	Renesas Electronics C/C++ Compiler Package for RX Family V3.01.00 Compiler option: The following option is added to the default settings of the integrated development environment. -lang = c99
	GCC for Renesas RX 4.8.4.201902 Compiler option: The following option is added to the default settings of the integrated development environment. -std=gnu99
	IAR C/C++ Compiler for Renesas RX version 4.12.1 Compiler option: The default settings of the integrated development environment. (R_BSP_CHG_PMUSR function and R_BSP_ChangeToUserMode function are excluded.)
Endian	Big endian/little endian
Revision of the module	Rev.5.30
Board used	RX13T CPU Card (Part Number: RTK0EMXA10C00000BJ) Renesas Starter Kit for RX231 (Part Number: R0K505231xxxxxxxx) Renesas Starter Kit+ for RX72M (Part Number: RTK5572Mxxxxxxxxxxxx)

Table 10.20 Confirmed Operation Environment (Rev.5.40)

Item	Details
Integrated development environment	Renesas Electronics e ² studio Version 7.5.0 IAR Embedded Workbench for Renesas RX 4.12.1
C compiler	Renesas Electronics C/C++ Compiler Package for RX Family V3.01.00 Compiler option: The following option is added to the default settings of the integrated development environment. -lang = c99
	GCC for Renesas RX 4.8.4.201902 Compiler option: The following option is added to the default settings of the integrated development environment. -std=gnu99
	IAR C/C++ Compiler for Renesas RX version 4.12.1 Compiler option: The default settings of the integrated development environment.
Endian	Big endian/little endian
Revision of the module	Rev.5.40
Board used	Renesas Solution Starter Kit for RX23E-A (product No.: RTK0ESXB10C00001BJ) Renesas Solution Starter Kit for RX23W (product No.: RTK5523Wxxxxxxxxxx) Renesas Starter Kit+ for RX64M (Part Number: R0K50564Mxxxxxxxx) Renesas Starter Kit+ for RX65N-2MB (Part Number: RTK50565Nxxxxxxxxxx) Renesas Starter Kit+ for RX71M (Part Number: R0K50571Mxxxxxxxx) Renesas Starter Kit for RX66T (Part Number: RTK50566Txxxxxxxxxx) Renesas Starter Kit for RX72T (Part Number: RTK5572Txxxxxxxxxxxx) Renesas Starter Kit+ for RX72M (Part Number: RTK5572Mxxxxxxxxxxxx)

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Table 10.21 Confirmed Operation Environment (Rev.5.50)

Item	Details
Integrated development environment	Renesas Electronics e ² studio Version 7.5.0 IAR Embedded Workbench for Renesas RX 4.12.1
C compiler	Renesas Electronics C/C++ Compiler Package for RX Family V3.01.00 Compiler option: The following option is added to the default settings of the integrated development environment. -lang = c99
	GCC for Renesas RX 4.8.4.201902 Compiler option: The following option is added to the default settings of the integrated development environment. -std=gnu99
	IAR C/C++ Compiler for Renesas RX version 4.12.1 Compiler option: The default settings of the integrated development environment.
Endian	Big endian/little endian
Revision of the module	Rev.5.50
Board used	Renesas Starter Kit+ for RX72M (Part Number: RTK5572Mxxxxxxxxx) Renesas Starter Kit+ for RX72N (Part Number: RTK5572Nxxxxxxxxx) Renesas Starter Kit for RX72T (Part Number: RTK5572Txxxxxxxxx)

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Table 10.22 Confirmed Operation Environment (Rev.5.51)

Item	Details
Integrated development environment	Renesas Electronics e ² studio Version 7.6.0 IAR Embedded Workbench for Renesas RX 4.13.1
C compiler	Renesas Electronics C/C++ Compiler Package for RX Family V3.01.00 Compiler option: The following option is added to the default settings of the integrated development environment. -lang = c99
	GCC for Renesas RX 8.3.0.201904 Compiler option: The following option is added to the default settings of the integrated development environment. -std=gnu99
	IAR C/C++ Compiler for Renesas RX version 4.13.1 Compiler option: The default settings of the integrated development environment. (RX110 is excluded)
Endian	Big endian/little endian
Revision of the module	Rev.5.51
Board used	Renesas Starter Kit for RX110 (Part Number: R0K505110xxxxxx) Renesas Starter Kit for RX111 (Part Number: R0K505111xxxxxx) Renesas Starter Kit for RX113 (Part Number: R0K505113xxxxxx) Renesas Starter Kit for RX130-512KB (Part Number: RTK505130xxxxxxxx) RX13T CPU Card (Part Number: RTK0EMXA10C00000BJ) Renesas Starter Kit for RX231 (Part Number: R0K505231xxxxxx) Renesas Starter Kit for RX23T (Part Number: RTK500523Txxxxxxxx) Renesas Solution Starter Kit for RX23E-A (product No.: RTK0ESXB10C00001BJ) Renesas Solution Starter Kit for RX23W (product No.: RTK5523Wxxxxxxxxx) Renesas Starter Kit for RX24T (Part Number: RTK500524Txxxxxxxx) Renesas Starter Kit for RX24U (Part Number: RTK500524Uxxxxxxxx) Renesas Starter Kit+ for RX63N (Part Number: R0K50563Nxxxxxx) Renesas Starter Kit+ for RX64M (Part Number: R0K50564Mxxxxxx) Renesas Starter Kit+ for RX65N-2MB (Part Number: RTK50565Nxxxxxxxx) Renesas Starter Kit for RX66T (Part Number: RTK50566Txxxxxxxx) Renesas Starter Kit+ for RX71M (Part Number: R0K50571Mxxxxxx) Renesas Starter Kit for RX72T (Part Number: RTK5572Txxxxxxxxxx) Renesas Starter Kit+ for RX72M (Part Number: RTK5572Mxxxxxxxxxx) Renesas Starter Kit+ for RX72N (Part Number: RTK5572Nxxxxxxxxxx)

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Table 10.23 Confirmed Operation Environment (Rev.5.52)

Item	Details
Integrated development environment	Renesas Electronics e ² studio Version 7.7.0 IAR Embedded Workbench for Renesas RX 4.14.1
C compiler	Renesas Electronics C/C++ Compiler Package for RX Family V3.02.00 Compiler option: The following option is added to the default settings of the integrated development environment. -lang = c99
	GCC for Renesas RX 8.3.0.201904 Compiler option: The following option is added to the default settings of the integrated development environment. -std=gnu99
	IAR C/C++ Compiler for Renesas RX version 4.14.1 Compiler option: The default settings of the integrated development environment.
Endian	Big endian/little endian
Revision of the module	Rev.5.52
Board used	Renesas Starter Kit+ for RX72N (Part Number: RTK5572Nxxxxxxxxx)

Table 10.24 Confirmed Operation Environment (Rev.5.60)

Item	Details
Integrated development environment	Renesas Electronics e ² studio Version 7.7.0 IAR Embedded Workbench for Renesas RX 4.14.1
C compiler	Renesas Electronics C/C++ Compiler Package for RX Family V3.02.00 Compiler option: The following option is added to the default settings of the integrated development environment. -lang = c99
	GCC for Renesas RX 8.3.0.201904 Compiler option: The following option is added to the default settings of the integrated development environment. -std=gnu99
	IAR C/C++ Compiler for Renesas RX version 4.14.1 Compiler option: The default settings of the integrated development environment.
Endian	Big endian/little endian
Revision of the module	Rev.5.60
Board used	Renesas Solution Starter Kit for RX23W (product No.: RTK5523Wxxxxxxxxx)

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Table 10.25 Confirmed Operation Environment (Rev.5.61)

Item	Details
Integrated development environment	Renesas Electronics e ² studio Version 2020-07 IAR Embedded Workbench for Renesas RX 4.14.1
C compiler	Renesas Electronics C/C++ Compiler Package for RX Family V3.02.00 Compiler option: The following option is added to the default settings of the integrated development environment. -lang = c99
	GCC for Renesas RX 8.3.0.202002 Compiler option: The following option is added to the default settings of the integrated development environment. -std=gnu99
	IAR C/C++ Compiler for Renesas RX version 4.14.1 Compiler option: The default settings of the integrated development environment.
Endian	Big endian/little endian
Revision of the module	Rev.5.61

Table 10.26 Confirmed Operation Environment (Rev.5.62)

Item	Details
Integrated development environment	Renesas Electronics e ² studio Version 2020-10 IAR Embedded Workbench for Renesas RX 4.14.1
C compiler	Renesas Electronics C/C++ Compiler Package for RX Family V3.02.00 Compiler option: The following option is added to the default settings of the integrated development environment. -lang = c99
	GCC for Renesas RX 8.3.0.202002 Compiler option: The following option is added to the default settings of the integrated development environment. -std=gnu99
	IAR C/C++ Compiler for Renesas RX version 4.14.1 Compiler option: The default settings of the integrated development environment.
Endian	Big endian/little endian
Revision of the module	Rev.5.62
Board used	Renesas Starter Kit+ for RX65N (Part Number: RTK500565Nxxxxxxxxx) Renesas Starter Kit+ for RX72M (Part Number: RTK5572Mxxxxxxxxxx) Renesas Starter Kit+ for RX72N (Part Number: RTK5572Nxxxxxxxxxx) Renesas Starter Kit for RX231 (Part Number: R0K505231xxxxxx)

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Table 10.27 Confirmed Operation Environment (Rev.5.63)

Item	Details
Integrated development environment	Renesas Electronics e ² studio Version 2021-01 IAR Embedded Workbench for Renesas RX 4.20.1
C compiler	Renesas Electronics C/C++ Compiler Package for RX Family V3.02.00 Compiler option: The following option is added to the default settings of the integrated development environment. -lang = c99
	GCC for Renesas RX 8.3.0.202004 Compiler option: The following option is added to the default settings of the integrated development environment. -std=gnu99
	IAR C/C++ Compiler for Renesas RX version 4.20.1 Compiler option: The default settings of the integrated development environment.
Endian	Big endian/little endian
Revision of the module	Rev.5.63
Board used	Renesas Starter Kit+ for RX65N (Part Number: RTK500565Nxxxxxxxx)

Table 10.28 Confirmed Operation Environment (Rev.5.64)

Item	Details
Integrated development environment	Renesas Electronics e ² studio Version 2021-01 IAR Embedded Workbench for Renesas RX 4.20.1
C compiler	Renesas Electronics C/C++ Compiler Package for RX Family V3.03.00 Compiler option: The following option is added to the default settings of the integrated development environment. -lang = c99
	GCC for Renesas RX 8.3.0.202004 Compiler option: The following option is added to the default settings of the integrated development environment. -std=gnu99
	IAR C/C++ Compiler for Renesas RX version 4.20.1 Compiler option: The default settings of the integrated development environment.
Endian	Big endian/little endian
Revision of the module	Rev.5.64
Board used	Renesas Starter Kit+ for RX65N (Part Number: RTK500565Nxxxxxxxx)

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Table 10.29 Confirmed Operation Environment (Rev.5.65)

Item	Details
Integrated development environment	Renesas Electronics e ² studio Version 2021-01 IAR Embedded Workbench for Renesas RX 4.20.1
C compiler	Renesas Electronics C/C++ Compiler Package for RX Family V3.02.00 Compiler option: The following option is added to the default settings of the integrated development environment. -lang = c99
	GCC for Renesas RX 8.3.0.202004 Compiler option: The following option is added to the default settings of the integrated development environment. -std=gnu99
	IAR C/C++ Compiler for Renesas RX version 4.20.1 Compiler option: The default settings of the integrated development environment.
Endian	Big endian/little endian
Revision of the module	Rev.5.65
Board used	Renesas Starter Kit+ for RX65N (Part Number: RTK500565Nxxxxxxxx) Target Board for RX23W (product No.: RTK5RX23Wxxxxxxxx)

Table 10.30 Confirmed Operation Environment (Rev.5.66)

Item	Details
Integrated development environment	Renesas Electronics e ² studio Version 2021-01 IAR Embedded Workbench for Renesas RX 4.20.1
C compiler	Renesas Electronics C/C++ Compiler Package for RX Family V3.02.00 Compiler option: The following option is added to the default settings of the integrated development environment. -lang = c99
	GCC for Renesas RX 8.3.0.202004 Compiler option: The following option is added to the default settings of the integrated development environment. -std=gnu99
	IAR C/C++ Compiler for Renesas RX version 4.20.1 Compiler option: The default settings of the integrated development environment.
Endian	Big endian/little endian
Revision of the module	Rev.5.66
Board used	Renesas Starter Kit+ for RX65N (Part Number: RTK500565Nxxxxxxxx) Target Board for RX23W (product No.: RTK5RX23Wxxxxxxxx)

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Table 10.31 Confirmed Operation Environment (Rev.6.11)

Item	Details
Integrated development environment	Renesas Electronics e ² studio Version 2021-07 IAR Embedded Workbench for Renesas RX 4.20.1
C compiler	Renesas Electronics C/C++ Compiler Package for RX Family V3.03.00 Compiler option: The following option is added to the default settings of the integrated development environment. -lang = c99
	GCC for Renesas RX 8.3.0.202004 Compiler option: The following option is added to the default settings of the integrated development environment. -std=gnu99
	IAR C/C++ Compiler for Renesas RX version 4.20.1 Compiler option: The default settings of the integrated development environment.
Endian	Big endian/little endian
Revision of the module	Rev.6.11
Board used	Renesas Starter Kit+ for RX671 (Part Number: RTK55671xxxxxxxxx)

Table 10.32 Confirmed Operation Environment (Rev.6.20)

Item	Details
Integrated development environment	Renesas Electronics e ² studio Version 2021-07 IAR Embedded Workbench for Renesas RX 4.20.1
C compiler	Renesas Electronics C/C++ Compiler Package for RX Family V3.03.00 Compiler option: The following option is added to the default settings of the integrated development environment. -lang = c99
	GCC for Renesas RX 8.3.0.202004 Compiler option: The following option is added to the default settings of the integrated development environment. -std=gnu99
	IAR C/C++ Compiler for Renesas RX version 4.20.1 Compiler option: The default settings of the integrated development environment.
Endian	Big endian/little endian
Revision of the module	Rev.6.20
Board used	Target board for RX140 (Part Number: RTK5RX140xxxxxxxx)

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Table 10.33 Confirmed Operation Environment (Rev.6.21)

Item	Details
Integrated development environment	Renesas Electronics e ² studio Version 2021-07 IAR Embedded Workbench for Renesas RX 4.20.1
C compiler	Renesas Electronics C/C++ Compiler Package for RX Family V3.03.00 Compiler option: The following option is added to the default settings of the integrated development environment. -lang = c99
	GCC for Renesas RX 8.3.0.202102 Compiler option: The following option is added to the default settings of the integrated development environment. -std=gnu99
	IAR C/C++ Compiler for Renesas RX version 4.20.1 Compiler option: The default settings of the integrated development environment.
Endian	Big endian/little endian
Revision of the module	Rev.6.21
Board used	Target board for RX140 (Part Number: RTK5RX140xxxxxxxx)

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Table 10.34 Confirmed Operation Environment (Rev.7.00)

Item	Details
Integrated development environment	Renesas Electronics e ² studio Version 2021-10 IAR Embedded Workbench for Renesas RX 4.20.1
C compiler	Renesas Electronics C/C++ Compiler Package for RX Family V3.03.00 Compiler option: The default settings when using the Smart Configurator.
	GCC for Renesas RX 8.3.0.202102 Compiler option: The default settings when using the Smart Configurator.
	IAR C/C++ Compiler for Renesas RX version 4.20.1 Compiler option: The default settings of the integrated development environment.
Endian	Big endian/little endian
Revision of the module	Rev.7.00
Board used	Renesas Starter Kit for RX110 (Part Number: R0K505110xxxxxx) Renesas Starter Kit for RX111 (Part Number: R0K505111xxxxxx) Renesas Starter Kit for RX113 (Part Number: R0K505113xxxxxx) Renesas Starter Kit for RX130-512KB (Part Number: RTK505130xxxxxxxxx) RX13T CPU Card (Part Number: RTK0EMXA10C00000BJ) Renesas Starter Kit for RX231 (Part Number: R0K505231xxxxxx) Renesas Solution Starter Kit for RX23E-A (product No.: RTK0ESXB10C00001BJ) Renesas Starter Kit for RX23T (Part Number: RTK500523Txxxxxxxx) Renesas Solution Starter Kit for RX23W (product No.: RTK5523Wxxxxxxxxx) Renesas Starter Kit for RX24T (Part Number: RTK500524Txxxxxxxx) Renesas Starter Kit for RX24U (Part Number: RTK500524Uxxxxxxxx) Renesas Starter Kit+ for RX64M (Part Number: R0K50564Mxxxxxx) Renesas Starter Kit+ for RX65N-2MB (Part Number: RTK50565Nxxxxxxxx) Renesas Starter Kit for RX66T (Part Number: RTK50566Txxxxxxxx) Renesas Starter Kit+ for RX71M (Part Number: R0K50571Mxxxxxx) Renesas Starter Kit+ for RX72M (Part Number: RTK5572Mxxxxxxxxx) Renesas Starter Kit+ for RX72N (Part Number: RTK5572Nxxxxxxxxx) Renesas Starter Kit for RX72T (Part Number: RTK5572Txxxxxxxxx)

Table 10.35 Confirmed Operation Environment (Rev.7.10)

Item	Details
Integrated development environment	Renesas Electronics e ² studio Version 2021-10 IAR Embedded Workbench for Renesas RX 4.20.1
C compiler	Renesas Electronics C/C++ Compiler Package for RX Family V3.04.00 Compiler option: The default settings when using the Smart Configurator.
	GCC for Renesas RX 8.3.0.202104 Compiler option: The default settings when using the Smart Configurator.
	IAR C/C++ Compiler for Renesas RX version 4.20.1 Compiler option: The default settings of the integrated development environment.
Endian	Big endian/little endian
Revision of the module	Rev.7.10
Board used	Renesas Starter Kit for RX66T (Part Number: RTK50566Txxxxxxxx)

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Table 10.36 Confirmed Operation Environment (Rev.7.20)

Item	Details
Integrated development environment	Renesas Electronics e ² studio Version 2021-10 IAR Embedded Workbench for Renesas RX 4.20.1
C compiler	Renesas Electronics C/C++ Compiler Package for RX Family V3.04.00 Compiler option: The default settings when using the Smart Configurator.
	GCC for Renesas RX 8.3.0.202104 Compiler option: The default settings when using the Smart Configurator.
	IAR C/C++ Compiler for Renesas RX version 4.20.1 Compiler option: The default settings of the integrated development environment.
Endian	Big endian/little endian
Revision of the module	Rev.7.20
Board used	Renesas Starter Kit for RX660 (Part Number: RTK556609xxxxxxxxx) Renesas Starter Kit for RX66T (Part Number: RTK50566Txxxxxxxxx) Renesas Starter Kit for RX72T (Part Number: RTK5572Txxxxxxxxxx)

Table 10.37 Confirmed Operation Environment (Rev.7.21)

Item	Details
Integrated development environment	Renesas Electronics e ² studio Version 2022-10 IAR Embedded Workbench for Renesas RX 4.20.1
C compiler	Renesas Electronics C/C++ Compiler Package for RX Family V3.04.00 Compiler option: The default settings when using the Smart Configurator.
	GCC for Renesas RX 8.3.0.202202 Compiler option: The default settings when using the Smart Configurator.
	IAR C/C++ Compiler for Renesas RX version 4.20.1 Compiler option: The default settings of the integrated development environment.
Endian	Big endian/little endian
Revision of the module	Rev.7.21
Board used	Renesas Starter Kit for RX23T (Part Number: RTK500523Txxxxxxxxx) Renesas Starter Kit+ for RX65N-2MB (Part Number: RTK50565Nxxxxxxxxx) Renesas Starter Kit+ for RX72M (Part Number: RTK5572Mxxxxxxxxx) Renesas Starter Kit+ for RX72N (Part Number: RTK5572Nxxxxxxxxx)

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Table 10.38 Confirmed Operation Environment (Rev.7.30)

Item	Details
Integrated development environment	Renesas Electronics e ² studio Version 2023-01 IAR Embedded Workbench for Renesas RX 4.20.3
C compiler	Renesas Electronics C/C++ Compiler Package for RX Family V3.05.00 Compiler option: The default settings when using the Smart Configurator.
	GCC for Renesas RX 8.3.0.202204 Compiler option: The default settings when using the Smart Configurator.
	IAR C/C++ Compiler for Renesas RX version 4.20.3 Compiler option: The default settings of the integrated development environment.
Endian	Big endian/little endian
Revision of the module	Rev.7.30
Board used	Renesas Flexible Motor Control Kit for RX26T (Part Number: RTK0EMXE70S00020BJ) Renesas Starter Kit+ for RX72M (Part Number: RTK5572Mxxxxxxxxx)

Table 10.39 Confirmed Operation Environment (Rev.7.40)

Item	Details
Integrated development environment	Renesas Electronics e ² studio Version 2023-01 IAR Embedded Workbench for Renesas RX 4.20.3
C compiler	Renesas Electronics C/C++ Compiler Package for RX Family V3.05.00 Compiler option: The default settings when using the Smart Configurator.
	GCC for Renesas RX 8.3.0.202204 Compiler option: The default settings when using the Smart Configurator.
	IAR C/C++ Compiler for Renesas RX version 4.20.3 Compiler option: The default settings of the integrated development environment.
Endian	Big endian/little endian
Revision of the module	Rev.7.40
Board used	Renesas Solution Starter Kit for RX23E-B (product No.: RTK0ES1001C00001BJ)

Table 10.40 Confirmed Operation Environment (Rev.7.41)

Item	Details
Integrated development environment	Renesas Electronics e ² studio Version 2023-04 IAR Embedded Workbench for Renesas RX 4.20.3
C compiler	Renesas Electronics C/C++ Compiler Package for RX Family V3.05.00 Compiler option: The default settings when using the Smart Configurator.
	GCC for Renesas RX 8.3.0.202204 Compiler option: The default settings when using the Smart Configurator.
	IAR C/C++ Compiler for Renesas RX version 4.20.3 Compiler option: The default settings of the integrated development environment.
Endian	Big endian/little endian
Revision of the module	Rev.7.41

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Table 10.41 Confirmed Operation Environment (Rev.7.42)

Item	Details
Integrated development environment	Renesas Electronics e ² studio Version 2023-10 IAR Embedded Workbench for Renesas RX 5.10.1
C compiler	Renesas Electronics C/C++ Compiler Package for RX Family V3.05.00 Compiler option: The default settings when using the Smart Configurator.
	GCC for Renesas RX 8.3.0.202305 Compiler option: The default settings when using the Smart Configurator.
	IAR C/C++ Compiler for Renesas RX version 5.10.1 Compiler option: The default settings of the integrated development environment.
Endian	Big endian/little endian
Revision of the module	Rev.7.42
Board used	Renesas Starter Kit for RX111 (Part Number: R0K505111xxxxxx) Renesas Starter Kit for RX113 (Part Number: R0K505113xxxxxx) Renesas Starter Kit for RX130-512KB (Part Number: RTK505130xxxxxxxxxx) Renesas Starter Kit for RX140 (Part Number: RTK55140xxxxxxxxxx) Renesas Starter Kit for RX231 (Part Number: R0K505231xxxxxx) Renesas Solution Starter Kit for RX23E-A (product No.: RTK0ESXB10C00001BJ) Renesas Solution Starter Kit for RX23E-B (product No.: RTK0ES1001C00001BJ) Renesas Solution Starter Kit for RX23W (product No.: RTK5523Wxxxxxxxxx) Renesas Starter Kit for RX24T (Part Number: RTK500524Txxxxxxxxx) Renesas Flexible Motor Control Kit for RX26T (Part Number: RTK0EMXE70S00020BJ) Renesas Starter Kit+ for RX65N-2MB (Part Number: RTK50565Nxxxxxxxxx) Renesas Starter Kit for RX660 (Part Number: RTK556609xxxxxxxxx) Renesas Starter Kit for RX66T (Part Number: RTK50566Txxxxxxxxx) Renesas Starter Kit+ for RX671 (Part Number: RTK55671xxxxxxxxxx) Renesas Starter Kit+ for RX72M (Part Number: RTK5572Mxxxxxxxxx) Renesas Starter Kit+ for RX72N (Part Number: RTK5572Nxxxxxxxxx) Renesas Starter Kit for RX72T (Part Number: RTK5572Txxxxxxxxx)

Table 10.42 Confirmed Operation Environment (Rev.7.50)

Item	Details
Integrated development environment	Renesas Electronics e ² studio Version 2024-04 IAR Embedded Workbench for Renesas RX 5.10.1
C compiler	Renesas Electronics C/C++ Compiler Package for RX Family V3.06.00 Compiler option: The default settings when using the Smart Configurator.
	GCC for Renesas RX 8.3.0.202311 Compiler option: The default settings when using the Smart Configurator.
	IAR C/C++ Compiler for Renesas RX version 5.10.1 Compiler option: The default settings of the integrated development environment.
Endian	Big endian/little endian
Revision of the module	Rev.7.50
Board used	Evaluation Kit for RX261 MCU Group(product No.: RTK5EK2610S00001BE)

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Table 10.43 Confirmed Operation Environment (Rev.7.51)

Item	Details
Integrated development environment	Renesas Electronics e ² studio Version 2024-04 IAR Embedded Workbench for Renesas RX 5.10.1
C compiler	Renesas Electronics C/C++ Compiler Package for RX Family V3.06.00 Compiler option: The default settings when using the Smart Configurator.
	GCC for Renesas RX 8.3.0.202405 Compiler option: The default settings when using the Smart Configurator.
	IAR C/C++ Compiler for Renesas RX version 5.10.1 Compiler option: The default settings of the integrated development environment.
Endian	Big endian/little endian
Revision of the module	Rev.7.51
Board used	Evaluation Kit for RX261 MCU Group(product No.: RTK5EK2610S00001BE)

Table 10.44 Confirmed Operation Environment (Rev.7.52)

Item	Details
Integrated development environment	Renesas Electronics e ² studio Version 2024-10 IAR Embedded Workbench for Renesas RX 5.10.1
C compiler	Renesas Electronics C/C++ Compiler Package for RX Family V3.06.00 Compiler option: The default settings when using the Smart Configurator.
	GCC for Renesas RX 8.3.0.202405 Compiler option: The default settings when using the Smart Configurator.
	IAR C/C++ Compiler for Renesas RX version 5.10.1 Compiler option: The default settings of the integrated development environment.
Endian	Big endian/little endian
Revision of the module	Rev.7.52
Board used	Renesas Starter Kit+ for RX64M (Part Number: R0K50564Mxxxxxx) Renesas Starter Kit+ for RX65N-2MB (Part Number: RTK50565Nxxxxxxxxx) Renesas Starter Kit+ for RX671 (Part Number: RTK55671xxxxxxxxxx) Renesas Starter Kit+ for RX71M (Part Number: R0K50571Mxxxxxx) Renesas Starter Kit+ for RX72M (Part Number: RTK5572Mxxxxxxxxx) Renesas Starter Kit+ for RX72N (Part Number: RTK5572Nxxxxxxxxx)

Table 10.45 Confirmed Operation Environment (Rev.7.53)

Item	Details
Integrated development environment	Renesas Electronics e ² studio Version 2025-01 IAR Embedded Workbench for Renesas RX 5.10.1
C compiler	Renesas Electronics C/C++ Compiler Package for RX Family V3.07.00 Compiler option: The default settings when using the Smart Configurator.
	GCC for Renesas RX 8.3.0.202411 Compiler option: The default settings when using the Smart Configurator.
	IAR C/C++ Compiler for Renesas RX version 5.10.1 Compiler option: The default settings of the integrated development environment.
Endian	Big endian/little endian
Revision of the module	Rev.7.53

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Table 10.46 Confirmed Operation Environment (Rev.7.54)

Item	Details
Integrated development environment	Renesas Electronics e ² studio Version 2025-04 IAR Embedded Workbench for Renesas RX 5.10.1
C compiler	Renesas Electronics C/C++ Compiler Package for RX Family V3.07.00 Compiler option: The default settings when using the Smart Configurator.
	GCC for Renesas RX 8.3.0.202411 Compiler option: The default settings when using the Smart Configurator.
	IAR C/C++ Compiler for Renesas RX version 5.10.1 Compiler option: The default settings of the integrated development environment.
Endian	Big endian/little endian
Revision of the module	Rev.7.54
Board used	Renesas Starter Kit+ for RX72M (Part Number: RTK5572Mxxxxxxxxx) Renesas Starter Kit for RX72T (Part Number: RTK5572Txxxxxxxxxx)

Table 10.47 Confirmed Operation Environment (Rev.7.60)

Item	Details
Integrated development environment	Renesas Electronics e ² studio Version 2025-04 IAR Embedded Workbench for Renesas RX 5.10.1
C compiler	Renesas Electronics C/C++ Compiler Package for RX Family V3.07.00 Compiler option: The default settings when using the Smart Configurator.
	GCC for Renesas RX 14.2.0.202505 Compiler option: The default settings when using the Smart Configurator.
	IAR C/C++ Compiler for Renesas RX version 5.10.1 Compiler option: The default settings of the integrated development environment.
Endian	Big endian/little endian
Revision of the module	Rev.7.60
Board used	Renesas Flexible Motor Control Kit for RX26T (Part Number: RTK0EMXE70S00020BJ)

Table 10.48 Confirmed Operation Environment (Rev.7.70)

Item	Details
Integrated development environment	Renesas Electronics e ² studio Version 2025-10 IAR Embedded Workbench for Renesas RX 5.20.1
C compiler	Renesas Electronics C/C++ Compiler Package for RX Family V3.07.00 Compiler option: The default settings when using the Smart Configurator.
	GCC for Renesas RX 14.2.0.202505 Compiler option: The default settings when using the Smart Configurator.
	IAR C/C++ Compiler for Renesas RX version 5.20.1 Compiler option: The default settings of the integrated development environment.
Endian	Big endian/little endian
Revision of the module	Rev.7.70
Board used	Renesas Flexible Motor Control CPU Board for RX14T (Part Number: RTK0EMXH30C00000BJ)

10.2 Troubleshooting

(1) Q: I have added the FIT module to the project and built it. Then I got the following error: Could not open source file “platform.h”.

A: The FIT module may not be added to the project properly. Using the following documents, check if the method for adding FIT modules is correct with the following documents:

- When using CS+:

Application note “Adding Firmware Integration Technology Modules to CS+ Projects (R01AN1826)”

- When using e² studio:

Application note “Adding Firmware Integration Technology Modules to Projects (R01AN1723)”

When using a FIT module, the board support package FIT module (BSP module) must also be added to the project. For this, refer to the application note “Board Support Package Module Using Firmware Integration Technology (R01AN1685)”.

(2) Q: I have added the FIT module to the project and built it. Then I got the following error: ERROR - Valid clock source must be chosen in r_bsp_config.h using BSP_CFG_CLOCK_SOURCE macro.

A: The setting in the file “r_bsp_config.h” may be wrong. Check the file “r_bsp_config.h”. If there is a wrong setting, set the correct value for that. Refer to 3 Configuration.

(3) Q: I have added the FIT module to the project in CS+ and built it. Then I got the following error: “E0520101: “enum_ir” has already been declared in the current scope.” and many other similar errors in iodefine.h.

A: Multiple iodefine.h may be included. By including platform.h, iodefine.h for the compiler that you are using is included. If the FIT modules is used, please do not include iodefine.h directly. If you include iodefine.h, include platform.h.

(4) Q: I am using the software interrupt functionality, but I cannot gain the access control right no matter how many times I call the function.

A: Call the R_BSP_SoftwareInterruptClose function to reset the software interrupt.

(5) Q: I have added the FIT module to the project by using Smart Configurator and built it. Then I got the following error: “To use this version of BSP, you need to upgrade Smart configurator. Please upgrade Smart configurator. If you don't use Smart Configurator, please change value of BSP_CFG_CONFIGURATOR_VERSION in r_bsp_config.h.”.

A: Because the version of Smart Configurator (when using CS+) or Smart Configurator Plug-in (when using e2 studio) is old, some of the link functions between Smart Configurator and BSP cannot be used. Please update the version of Smart Configurator (when using CS+) or Smart Configurator Plug-in (when using e2 studio).

10.3 Note when using the IWDT auto-start mode

There is note when the IWDT auto-start mode of the Option Function Select Register 0 (OFS0) is enabled by the BSP_CFG_OFS0_REG_VALUE in 3.2.7 Registers in ROM & External Memory Access Protection.

When the IWDT auto-start mode is enabled, there is a possibility that time out of the IWDT occurs while running start-up function in 2.2 Initialization. For example, if the IWDT auto start mode is enabled in the optional function selection register (OFS0) and the IWDT timeout period selection is set to 1024 cycles and the sub clock is oscillated, the IWDT timeout will occur while waiting for the sub clock to oscillate stably. If time out of the IWDT occurs, refresh the IWDT in start-up function.

10.4 Control the Software Configurable Interrupt sources

This section describes an operation example of the Software Configurable Interrupt sources defined in 3.2.23 Software Configurable Interrupts.

10.4.1 Setting of the Software Configurable Interrupts

When using the Software Configurable Interrupt sources, set the corresponding interrupt source in *r_bsp_interrupt_config.h*.

```
r_bsp_interrupt_config.h (example: RX64M)
/* Interrupt B Sources.
 * -Valid vector numbers are 128-207.
 * -There are more vector slots for B sources than actual B sources. By default
all B sources are mapped.
 * -If using the 'TPU1, TGI1A' interrupt it must be vector 144 or 145. It is set
to 144 by default.
 * -If a peripheral interrupt is going to be used to wake up the MCU from All-
Module Clock Stop Mode then it must be
 * in a vector between 146 to 157. Peripheral interrupts that can do this are
TMR interrupts and the 'USB0, USBI0'
 * interrupt. By default the TMR interrupts are chosen since there are 12 of
them and there are 12 slots.
 */
#define BSP_MAPPED_INT_CFG_B_VECT_CMT2_CMI2 128
#define BSP_MAPPED_INT_CFG_B_VECT_CMT3_CMI3 129
#define BSP_MAPPED_INT_CFG_B_VECT_TMR0_CMIA0 146
...
```

10.4.2 Operation example to set each Software Configurable Interrupts

The BSP has macro definitions for controlling the interrupt sources of each Software Configurable Interrupt. The macro definitions for controlling these interrupts are provided in the *mcu_mapped_interrupts.h* of BSP. The definition of CMI2 (CMCOR compare match) interrupt source of CMT2 extracted from *mcu_mapped_interrupts.h* is shown below.

```
mcu_mapped_interrupts.h (example: RX64M)
/* The appropriate macros will now be defined based on the vector selections
made by the user.
 * These are the same macros that are defined for constant-mapped interrupts
(vectors 0-127). This means that the
 * code can define, setup, and use mapped interrupts the same as would be done
for constant-mapped interrupts.
 */
#ifndef BSP_PRV_VALID_MAP_INT(B, BSP_MAPPED_INT_CFG_B_VECT_CMT2_CMI2)
```

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```
#define IR_CMT2_CMI2          BSP_PRV_IR(BSP_PRV_B,
BSP_MAPPED_INT_CFG_B_VECT_CMT2_CMI2)
#define DTCE_CMT2_CMI2         BSP_PRV_DTCE(BSP_PRV_B,
BSP_MAPPED_INT_CFG_B_VECT_CMT2_CMI2)
#define IER_CMT2_CMI2          BSP_PRIV_CALC_IER_REG(BSP_MAPPED_INT_CFG_B_VECT_CMT2_CMI2)
#define IPR_CMT2_CMI2          BSP_PRV_IPR(BSP_PRV_B,
BSP_MAPPED_INT_CFG_B_VECT_CMT2_CMI2)
#define IEN_CMT2_CMI2          BSP_PRV_IEN(BSP_MAPPED_INT_CFG_B_VECT_CMT2_CMI2)
#define VECT_CMT2_CMI2          BSP_PRV_VECT(BSP_PRV_B,
BSP_MAPPED_INT_CFG_B_VECT_CMT2_CMI2)
#endif
```

There are macro definitions for other interrupt sources as well.

Table 10.49 Definition for controlling the Software Configurable Interrupt sources.

Define	Meaning
IR_XXX_YYY XXX: Interrupt Request Source YYY: Name of Interrupt Source	Defines indicating the register number for referencing the Interrupt Request Register n (IRn) of specified interrupt source.
DTCE_XXX_YYY XXX: Interrupt Request Source YYY: Name of Interrupt Source	Defines indicating the register number for referencing the DTC Transfer Request Enable Register n (DTCErn) of specified interrupt source.
IER_XXX_YYY XXX: Interrupt Request Source YYY: Name of Interrupt Source	Defines indicating the register number for referencing the Interrupt Request Enable Register m (IERm) of specified interrupt source.
IPR_XXX_YYY XXX: Interrupt Request Source YYY: Name of Interrupt Source	Defines indicating the register number for referencing the Interrupt Source Priority Register r (IPRr) of specified interrupt source.
IEN_XXX_YYY XXX: Interrupt Request Source YYY: Name of Interrupt Source	Defines indicating the bit name for referencing the Interrupt Request Enable bit (IEN) of specified interrupt source.
VECT_XXX_YYY XXX: Interrupt Request Source YYY: Name of Interrupt Source	Defines the vector number of specified interrupt source.

Example

Examples of using each definition is shown below.

Clear interrupt status flag.

```
ICU.IR[IR_CMT2_CMI2].BYTE = 0;
```

Set the DTC Transfer Request Enable bit.

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```
/* Selected as the DTC trigger. */
ICU.DTCER[DTCE_CMT2_CMI2].BYTE = 1
```

Set the Interrupt Request Enable Register and Interrupt Request Enable bit.

```
/* Interrupt request of CMI2 interrupt of CMT2 is enabled. */
ICU.IER[IER_CMT2_CMI2].BIT.IEN_CMT2_CMI2 = 1;
```

Set the Interrupt Source Priority.

```
/* Set the interrupt priority level of the CMI2 interrupt source of CMT2 to
level 1. */
ICU.IPR[IPR_CMT2_CMI2].BYTE = 1;
```

Disable the interrupt with a specified vector number.

```
/* Disable interrupt of the CMI2 interrupt source of CMT2. */
R_BSP_InterruptDisable(VECT_CMT2_CMI2);
```

10.5 How to use multiple sections in the expansion RAM area

This chapter describes how to add multiple sections to the expansion RAM when the expansion RAM section defined in 3.2.24 Expansion RAM is enabled. Here, we will describe using an example of adding multiple sections to expansion RAM of RX72M. The additional image of the section is as follows. Add “Additional section No.1” and “Additional section No.2” to the setting where there is a default section of the expansion RAM in BSP.

Table 10.50 Additional sections image

Address	Section Name
0x00800000	Section of Expansion RAM
0x00810000	Additional section No.1
0x00820000	Additional section No.2

10.5.1 Instructions for using multiple sections (for CCRX)

Add two sections “NEW_EXRAM1” and “NEW_EXRAM2” as additional sections to the expansion RAM area of project of RX72M that supports expansion RAM, and then describe how to initialize the added sections with _INITSCT() as an example.

- (1) Add section to project.

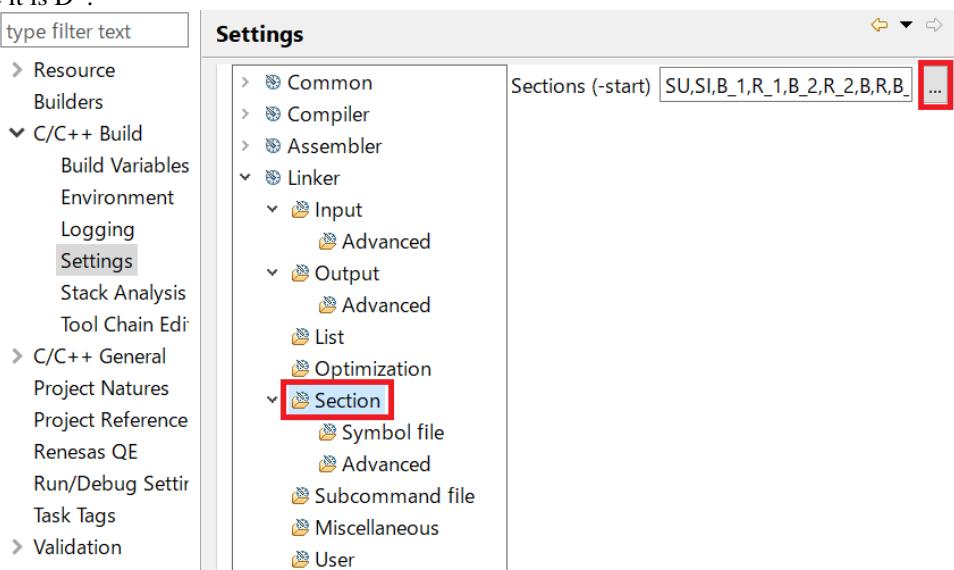
Table 10.51 List of sections to add (1)

Section name specified by program	Name	Section name to add the project	Attribute	Alignment
NEW_EXRAM1	Initialized data	DNEW_EXRAM1_8	romdata	8 bytes
		DNEW_EXRAM1	romdata	4 bytes
		DNEW_EXRAM1_2	romdata	2 bytes
		DNEW_EXRAM1_1	romdata	1 byte
	Variable with initial value	RNEW_EXRAM1_8	data	8 bytes
		RNEW_EXRAM1	data	4 bytes
		RNEW_EXRAM1_2	data	2 bytes
		RNEW_EXRAM1_1	data	1 byte
	Variable without initial value	BNEW_EXRAM1_8	data	8 bytes
		BNEW_EXRAM1	data	4 bytes
		BNEW_EXRAM1_2	data	2 bytes
		BNEW_EXRAM1_1	data	1 byte

Table 10.51 List of sections to add (2)

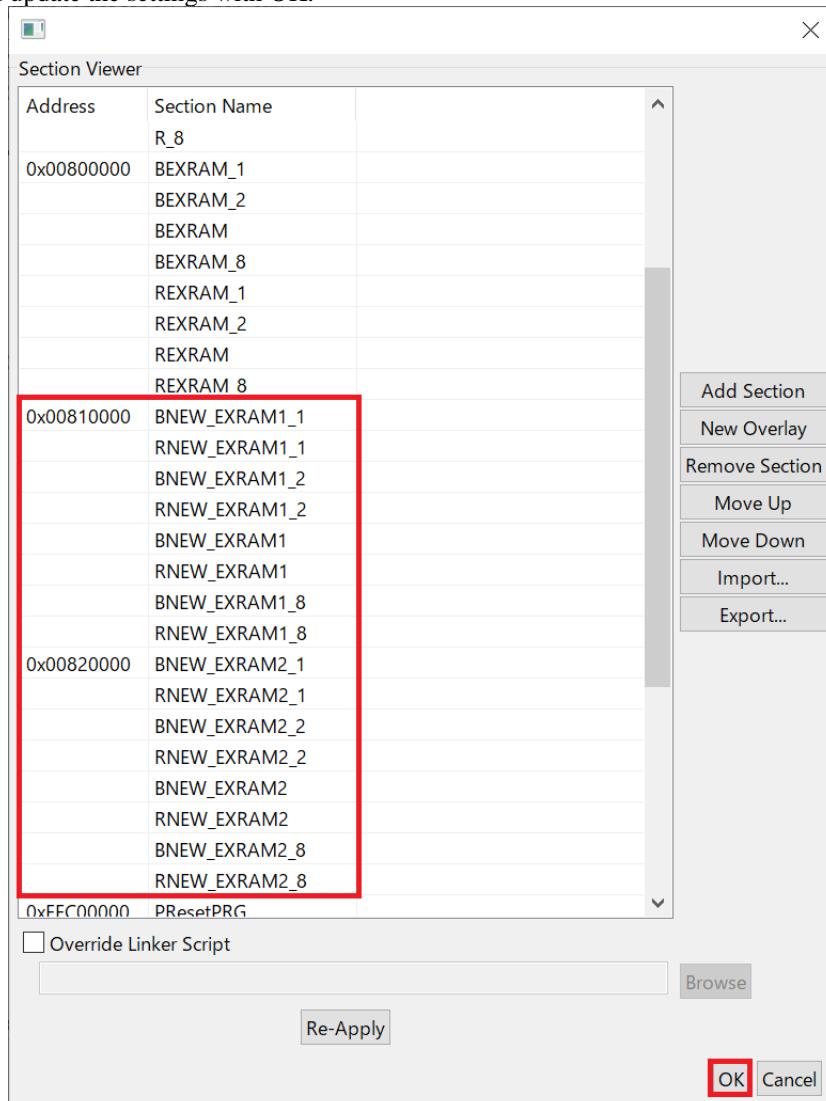
Section name specified by program	Name	Section name to add the project	Attribute	Alignment
NEW_EXRAM2	Initialized data	DNEW_EXRAM2_8	romdata	8 bytes
		DNEW_EXRAM2	romdata	4 bytes
		DNEW_EXRAM2_2	romdata	2 bytes
		DNEW_EXRAM2_1	romdata	1 byte
	Variable with initial value	RNEW_EXRAM2_8	data	8 bytes
		RNEW_EXRAM2	data	4 bytes
		RNEW_EXRAM2_2	data	2 bytes
		RNEW_EXRAM2_1	data	1 byte
	Variable without initial value	BNEW_EXRAM2_8	data	8 bytes
		BNEW_EXRAM2	data	4 bytes
		BNEW_EXRAM2_2	data	2 bytes
		BNEW_EXRAM2_1	data	1 byte

Open the setting screen from “C/C++Build” > “Settings” from the project properties and add above sections with the section name to add the project with “Tool settings” > “Linker” > “Section”. There is no need to add the initialized data section because it is D*.



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Add the sections and update the settings with OK.

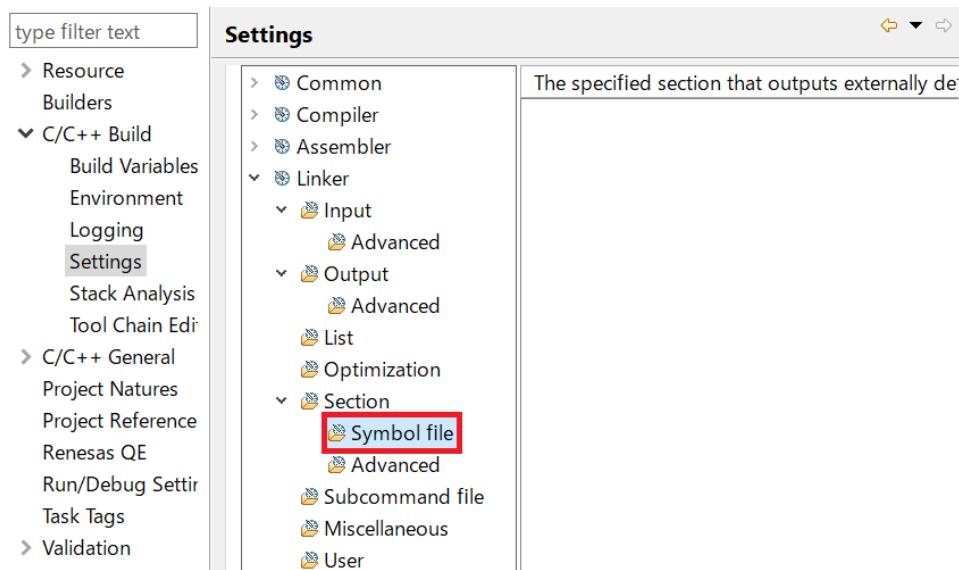


(2) Add section settings to map from ROM to RAM.

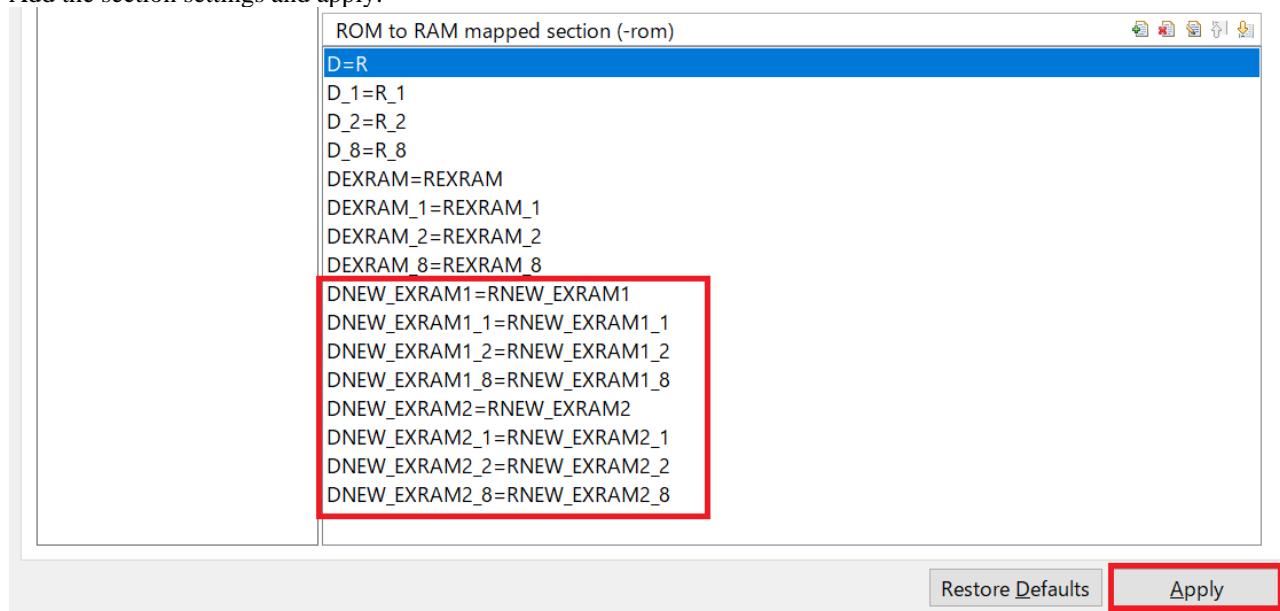
Open the setting screen from “C/C++Build” > “Settings” from the project properties and add the following settings to “Tool settings” > “Linker” > “Section” > “Symbol File”.

```
DNEW_EXRAM1= RNEW_EXRAM1
DNEW_EXRAM1_1= RNEW_EXRAM1_1
DNEW_EXRAM1_2= RNEW_EXRAM1_2
DNEW_EXRAM1_2= RNEW_EXRAM1_8
DNEW_EXRAM2= RNEW_EXRAM2
DNEW_EXRAM2_1= RNEW_EXRAM2_1
DNEW_EXRAM2_2= RNEW_EXRAM2_2
DNEW_EXRAM2_2= RNEW_EXRAM2_8
```

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Add the section settings and apply.



(3) Add the section initialized by _INITSCT().

Add the following red part to r_bsp/mcu/all/dbsct.c.

```
/* Section start */
#pragma section C C$DSEC

extern st_dtbl_t const _DTBL[] = {
#endif BSP_MCU_DOUBLE_PRECISION_FLOATING_POINT
    { __sectop("D_8"), __secend("D_8"), __sectop("R_8") },
#endif
    { __sectop("D"), __secend("D"), __sectop("R") },
    { __sectop("D_2"), __secend("D_2"), __sectop("R_2") },
    { __sectop("D_1"), __secend("D_1"), __sectop("R_1") }
#if (defined(BSP_CFG_EXPANSION_RAM_ENABLE) & (BSP_CFG_EXPANSION_RAM_ENABLE ==
1))
    #ifdef BSP_MCU_DOUBLE_PRECISION_FLOATING_POINT
        ,{ __sectop("DEXRAM_8"), __secend("DEXRAM_8"), __sectop("REXRAM_8") }
    #endif

```

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```

#endif BSP_EXPANSION_RAM
    ,{ __sectop( "DEXRAM" ), __secend( "DEXRAM" ), __sectop( "REXRAM" ) },
    { __sectop( "DEXRAM_2" ), __secend( "DEXRAM_2" ), __sectop( "REXRAM_2" ) },
    { __sectop( "DEXRAM_1" ), __secend( "DEXRAM_1" ), __sectop( "REXRAM_1" ) }
#endif BSP MCU_DOUBLE_PRECISION_FLOATING_POINT
    ,{ __sectop( "DNEW_EXRAM1_8" ), __secend( "DNEW_EXRAM1_8" ),
__sectop( "RNEW_EXRAM1_8" ) }
#endif
    ,{ __sectop( "DNEW_EXRAM1" ), __secend( "DNEW_EXRAM1" ),
__sectop( "RNEW_EXRAM1" ) },
    { __sectop( "DNEW_EXRAM1_2" ), __secend( "DNEW_EXRAM1_2" ),
__sectop( "RNEW_EXRAM1_2" ) },
#endif BSP MCU_DOUBLE_PRECISION_FLOATING_POINT
    ,{ __sectop( "DNEW_EXRAM2_8" ), __secend( "DNEW_EXRAM2_8" ),
__sectop( "RNEW_EXRAM2_8" ) }
#endif
    { __sectop( "DNEW_EXRAM1_1" ), __secend( "DNEW_EXRAM1_1" ),
__sectop( "RNEW_EXRAM1_1" ) }
    ,{ __sectop( "DNEW_EXRAM2" ), __secend( "DNEW_EXRAM2" ),
__sectop( "RNEW_EXRAM2" ) },
    { __sectop( "DNEW_EXRAM2_2" ), __secend( "DNEW_EXRAM2_2" ),
__sectop( "RNEW_EXRAM2_2" ) },
    { __sectop( "DNEW_EXRAM2_1" ), __secend( "DNEW_EXRAM2_1" ),
__sectop( "RNEW_EXRAM2_1" ) }
#endif
#endif
#endif (BSP_CFGRTOS_USED == 4) && (BSP_CFRenesas_RTOS_USED == RENESAS_RI600PX)
    ,{ __sectop( "DRI_ROM" ), __secend( "DRI_ROM" ), __sectop( "RRI_RAM" ) }
#endif /* Renesas RI600PX */
};

/* Section start */
#pragma section C C$BSEC

extern st_btbl_t const _BTBL[ ] =
#endif BSP MCU_DOUBLE_PRECISION_FLOATING_POINT
    { __sectop( "B_8" ), __secend( "B_8" ) },
#endif
    { __sectop( "B" ), __secend( "B" ) },
    { __sectop( "B_2" ), __secend( "B_2" ) },
    { __sectop( "B_1" ), __secend( "B_1" ) }
#endif (defined(BSP_CFRAM_ENABLE) && (BSP_CFRAM_ENABLE ==
1))
#endif BSP EXPANSION_RAM
#endif BSP MCU_DOUBLE_PRECISION_FLOATING_POINT
    ,{ __sectop( "BEXRAM_8" ), __secend( "BEXRAM_8" ) }
#endif
    ,{ __sectop( "BEXRAM" ), __secend( "BEXRAM" ) },
    { __sectop( "BEXRAM_2" ), __secend( "BEXRAM_2" ) },
    { __sectop( "BEXRAM_1" ), __secend( "BEXRAM_1" ) }
#endif BSP MCU_DOUBLE_PRECISION_FLOATING_POINT
    ,{ __sectop( "BNEW_EXRAM1_8" ), __secend( "BNEW_EXRAM1_8" ) }
#endif
    ,{ __sectop( "BNEW_EXRAM1" ), __secend( "BNEW_EXRAM1" ) },
    { __sectop( "BNEW_EXRAM1_2" ), __secend( "BNEW_EXRAM1_2" ) },
    { __sectop( "BNEW_EXRAM1_1" ), __secend( "BNEW_EXRAM1_1" ) }
#endif BSP MCU_DOUBLE_PRECISION_FLOATING_POINT
    ,{ __sectop( "BNEW_EXRAM2_8" ), __secend( "BNEW_EXRAM2_8" ) }
#endif
    ,{ __sectop( "BNEW_EXRAM2" ), __secend( "BNEW_EXRAM2" ) },

```

```
{ __sectorp("BNEW_EXRAM2_2"), __secend("BNEW_EXRAM2_2") },
{ __sectorp("BNEW_EXRAM2_1"), __secend("BNEW_EXRAM2_1") }
#endif
#endif
#if (BSP_CFG_RTOS_USED == 4) && (BSP_CFG_RENESAS_RTOS_USED == RENESAS_RI600V4)
{ __sectorp("BRI_RAM"), __secend("BRI_RAM") }
#endif /* Renesas RI600V4 */
};
```

(4) Allocate variables to the section allocated to the expansion RAM area.

Example

If you want to change the arrangement of variables from RAM to extended RAM, add a deficit.

```
#pragma section NEW_EXRAM1
/* Variable with initial value */
uint32_t test_val3[4] =
{
    0xDDEEFF00,
    0x99AABBCC,
    0x55667788,
    0x11223344
};

/* Variable without initial value */
uint32_t test_val4;

#pragma section

#pragma section NEW_EXRAM2
/* Variable with initial value */
uint32_t test_val5[3] =
{
    0x8899AABB,
    0x44556677,
    0x00112233
};

/* Variable without initial value */
uint32_t test_val6;

#pragma section
```

10.5.2 Instructions for using multiple sections (for GCC)

Add four sections “.data_new_exram1” and “.data_new_exram2” (section for variables with initial value) and “.bss_new_exram1” and “.bss_new_exram2” (section for variables without initial value) as additional sections to the expansion RAM area of project of RX72M that supports expansion RAM, and then describe how to initialize the added sections with _INITSCT() as an example.

(1) Add section to project.

In GCC projects, sections are defined by linker_script.ld inside the project.

Edit linker_script.ld and add definitions for sections “.data_new_exram1” and “.data_new_exram2” for variables with initial value and sections “.bss_new_exram1” and “.bss_new_exram2” for variables without initial value.

Divide RAM2 which is the definition of the expansion RAM in the memory region and add the definition of “RAM2_1” and “RAM2_2”.

```
MEMORY
{
    RAM : ORIGIN = 0x4, LENGTH = 0x7ffffc
    RAM2 : ORIGIN = 0x00800000, LENGTH = 65536
    RAM2_1 : ORIGIN = 0x00810000, LENGTH = 65536
    RAM2_2 : ORIGIN = 0x00820000, LENGTH = 393216
    ROM : ORIGIN = 0xFFC00000, LENGTH = 4194304
    OFS : ORIGIN = 0xFE7F5D00, LENGTH = 256
}
SECTIONS
{
    .exvectors 0xFFFFFFF80: AT(0xFFFFFFF80)
(omission)
    .data : AT(_mdata)
    {
        _data = .;
        *(.data)
        *(.data.*)
        *(D)
        *(D_1)
        *(D_2)
        . = ALIGN(2);
        _edata = .;
    } > RAM
    .data_exram : AT(LOADADDR(.data)+(_edata - _data))
    {
        PROVIDE( _mdata_exram = LOADADDR(.data_exram) );
        _data_exram = .;
        *(.data_exram)
        *(.data_exram.*)
        . = ALIGN(2);
        _edata_exram = .;
    } > RAM2
    .data_new_exram1 : AT(LOADADDR(.data_exram)+(_edata_exram - _data_exram))
    {
        PROVIDE( _mdata_new_exram1 = LOADADDR(.data_new_exram1) );
        _data_new_exram1 = .;
        *(.data_new_exram1)
        *(.data_new_exram1.*)
        . = ALIGN(2);
        _edata_new_exram1 = .;
    } > RAM2_1
    .data_new_exram2 : AT(LOADADDR(.data_new_exram1)+(_edata_new_exram1 -
_data_new_exram1))
    {
```

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```
PROVIDE( _mdata_new_exram2 = LOADADDR(.data_new_exram2) );
_data_new_exram2 = .;
*(.data_new_exram2)
*(.data_new_exram2.*)
_edata_new_exram2 = .;
} > RAM2_2
.bss :
{
    _bss = .;
    *(.bss)
    *(.bss.**)
    *(COMMON)
    *(B)
    *(B_1)
    *(B_2)
    _ebss = .;
    . = ALIGN(128);
    _end = .;
} > RAM AT>RAM
.bss_exram (NOLOAD) :
{
    _bss_exram = .;
    *(.bss_exram)
    *(.bss_exram.**)
    _ebss_exram = .;
} > RAM2
.bss_new_exram1 (NOLOAD) :
{
    _bss_new_exram1 = .;
    *(.bss_new_exram1)
    *(.bss_new_exram1.**)
    _ebss_new_exram1 = .;
} > RAM2_1
.bss_new_exram2 (NOLOAD) :
{
    _bss_new_exram2 = .;
    *(.bss_new_exram2)
    *(.bss_new_exram2.**)
    _ebss_new_exram2 = .;
} > RAM2_2
.ofsl 0xFE7F5D00: AT(0xFE7F5D00)
```

(2) Add the section initialized by _INITSCT().

Add the following red part to r_bsp/mcu/all/reset_program.S.

```
#if BSP_CFG_EXPANSION_RAM_ENABLE == 1
    .extern _data_exram
    .extern _mdata_exram
    .extern _ebss_exram
    .extern _bss_exram
    .extern _edata_exram

    .extern .data_new_exram1
    .extern _mdata_new_exram1
    .extern _ebss_new_exram1
    .extern _bss_new_exram1
    .extern _edata_new_exram1

    .extern .data_new_exram2
    .extern _mdata_new_exram2
```

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```
.extern _ebss_new_exram2
.extern _bss_new_exram2
.extern _edata_new_exram2

#endif
(omission)
;load data section from ROM to RAM
    pushm r1-r3
    mov    #_mdata,r2      ;src ROM address of data section in R2
    mov    #_data,r1       ;dest start RAM address of data section in R1
    mov    #_edata,r3      ;end RAM address of data section in R3
    sub    r1,r3          ;size of data section in R3 (R3=R3-R1)
    smovf             ;block copy R3 bytes from R2 to R1

#if BSP_CFG_EXPANSION_RAM_ENABLE == 1
;load data section from ROM to Extra RAM
    mov    #_mdata_exram,r2      ;src ROM address of data_exram section in R2
    mov    #_data_exram,r1       ;dest start RAM address of data_exram section
in R1
    mov    #_edata_exram,r3      ;end RAM address of data_exram section in R3
    sub    r1,r3          ;size of data section in R3 (R3=R3-R1)
    smovf             ;block copy R3 bytes from R2 to R1

    mov    #_mdata_new_exram1,r2      ;src ROM address of data_new_exram1
section in R2
    mov    #_data_new_exram1,r1       ;dest start RAM address of
data_new_exram1 section in R1
    mov    #_edata_new_exram1,r3      ;end RAM address of data_new_exram1
section in R3
    sub    r1,r3          ;size of data section in R3 (R3=R3-R1)
    smovf             ;block copy R3 bytes from R2 to R1

    mov    #_mdata_new_exram2,r2      ;src ROM address of data_new_exram2
section in R2
    mov    #_data_new_exram2,r1       ;dest start RAM address of
data_new_exram2 section in R1
    mov    #_edata_new_exram2,r3      ;end RAM address of data_new_exram2
section in R3
    sub    r1,r3          ;size of data section in R3 (R3=R3-R1)
    smovf             ;block copy R3 bytes from R2 to R1
#endif

;bss initialisation : zero out bss
    mov    #00h,r2      ;load R2 reg with zero
    mov    #_ebss, r3    ;store the end address of bss in R3
    mov    #_bss, r1     ;store the start address of bss in R1
    sub    r1,r3          ;size of bss section in R3 (R3=R3-R1)
    sstr.b

#if BSP_CFG_EXPANSION_RAM_ENABLE == 1
;bss initialisation : zero out bss_exram
    mov    #00h,r2      ;load R2 reg with zero
    mov    #_ebss_exram, r3    ;store the end address of bss_exram in R3
    mov    #_bss_exram, r1     ;store the start address of bss_exram in R1
    sub    r1,r3          ;size of bss_exram section in R3 (R3=R3-R1)
    sstr.b

    mov    #00h,r2      ;load R2 reg with zero
    mov    #_ebss_new_exram1, r3    ;store the end address of bss_new_exram1
in R3
```

```
    mov    #_bss_new_exram1, r1          ;;store the start address of  
bss_new_exram1 in R1  
    sub    r1,r3                      ;;size of bss_new_exram1 section in R3 (R3=R3-R1)  
    sstr.b  
  
    mov    #00h,r2                  ;;load R2 reg with zero  
    mov    #_ebss_new_exram2, r3      ;;store the end address of bss_new_exram2  
in R3  
    mov    #_bss_new_exram2, r1      ;;store the start address of  
bss_new_exram2 in R1  
    sub    r1,r3                      ;;size of bss_new_exram2 section in R3 (R3=R3-R1)  
    sstr.b  
#endif
```

(3) Allocate variables to the section allocated to the expansion RAM area.

Example

If you want to change the arrangement of variables from RAM to extended RAM, add a deficit.

```
/* Variable with initial value */  
uint32_t test_val3[4] __attribute__((section (".data_new_exram1"))) =  
{  
    0xDDDEFF00,  
    0x99AABBCC,  
    0x55667788,  
    0x11223344  
};  
/* Variable without initial value */  
uint32_t test_val4 __attribute__((section (".bss_new_exram1")));  
  
/* Variable with initial value */  
uint32_t test_val5[3] __attribute__((section (".data_new_exram2"))) =  
{  
    0x8899AABB,  
    0x44556677,  
    0x00112233  
};  
/* Variable without initial value */  
uint32_t test_val6 __attribute__((section (".bss_new_exram2")));
```

Technical Update Information

The following technical update applies to this module.

- TN-RX*-A021A
- TN-RX*-A138A
- TN-RX*-A153A
- TN-RX*-A164A
- TN-RX*-A169A
- TN-RX*-A0214A
- TN-RX*-A0236B
- TN-RX*-A0237B
- TN-RX*-A0238B
- TN-RX*-A0241B
- TN-RX*-A0256A
- TN-RX*-A0257A
- TN-RX*-A0278A
- TN-RX*-A0279A
- TN-RX*-A0280A
- TN-RX*-A0281A

Revision Record

Rev.	Date	Description	
		Page	Summary
2.30	Nov.15.13	—	First Release.
2.40	Feb.18.14	—	Added support for RX21A, RX220, RX110. Expanded the 'MCU Information' subsection.
2.50	Mar.13.14	—	Added support for RX64M.
2.60	Jul.15.14	—	Added section for Creating a BSP Module for a Custom Board.
2.70	Aug.05.14	—	Added support for RX113.
2.80	Jan.21.15	—	Added support for RX71M.
2.81	Mar.31.15	—	Supported 240 MHz of the operating frequency (default) for RX71M.
2.90	Jun.30.15	—	Added support for RX231.
3.00	Sep.30.15	—	Added support for RX23T.
3.01	Sep.30.15	Program	<p>Modified BSP FIT module due to the software issues.</p> <p><u>Modification Regarding Clocks</u></p> <p>[Description]</p> <p>For processing to switch a clock immediately after a reset, there is an error in determination of the condition in processing for switching to high-speed operating mode when exceeding the allowable frequency range of middle-speed operating mode. This may cause middle-speed operating mode to be set with a frequency out of the allowable frequency range.</p> <p>[Conditions]</p> <p>When the following three conditions are all met:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - RX231 or RX23T is used with the BSP FIT module rev. 3.00 or earlier. - The initial definition of the highest clock frequency is as follows: $12 \text{ MHz} < \text{the highest clock frequency} \leq 32 \text{ MHz}$ (RX231). - The initial definition of the ICLK is as follows: $12 \text{ MHz} < \text{ICLK} \leq 32 \text{ MHz}$ (RX23T). <p>[Workaround]</p> <p>Use rev. 3.01 or a later version of the BSP FIT module.</p> <p><u>Modification Regarding Stacks</u></p> <p>[Description]</p> <p>The large stack size defined by the BSP FIT module may cause a lack of the RAM area used for other than stack or heap.</p> <p>[Conditions]</p> <p>When the following two conditions are met:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - RX23T is used with the BSP FIT module rev. 3.00. - <code>BSP_CFG_USER_STACK_ENABLE = 1</code> <p>[Workaround]</p> <p>Use rev. 3.01 or a later version of the BSP FIT module.</p>

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Rev.	Date	Description	
		Page	Summary
3.01	Sep.30.15	Program	<p>Modified the BSP FIT module due to software issues.</p> <p>Modification Regarding Locks</p> <p>[Description]</p> <p>For the lock function, predefined indexes according to hardware functions do not exactly correspond to actual hardware functions supported. Thus, the lock function may not be used for some hardware functions.</p> <p>[Conditions]</p> <p>When the following three conditions are all met:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - RX231 or RX23T is used with the BSP FIT module rev. 3.00 or earlier. - The function R_BSP_HardwareLock or R_BSP_HardwareUnlock is used. - BSP_CFG_USER_LOCKING_ENABLED = 0 <p>[Workaround]</p> <p>Use rev. 3.01 or a later version of the BSP FIT module.</p> <p>This modification includes the following changes in definitions.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Definitions added (RX23T) BSP_LOCK_CMPC0, CMPC1, CMPC2, BSP_LOCK_SMCI1, SMCI5 - Definitions added (RX231) BSP_LOCK_CMPB0, CMPB1, CMPB2, CMPB3, BSP_LOCK_LPT - Definitions deleted (RX231) BSP_LOCK_CMPB, BSP_LOCK_SMCI2, SMCI3, SMCI4, SMCI7, SMCI10, SMCI11
3.10	Dec.01.15	—	Added support for RX130.
		1, 6, 8	Modified descriptions in the following sections: Target Device, 2.6 Clock Setup, 2.14 Trusted Memory
		62	Added the following section: Technical Update Information
3.20	Feb.01.16	—	Added support for RX24T.
		13, 14	Added the following macro definitions in section 3.2.6 Clock Setup: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - BSP_CFG_MAIN_CLOCK_SOURCE - BSP_CFG_MOSC_WAIT_TIME - BSP_CFG_ROM_CACHE_ENABLE
		Program	Modified the PCLKA to satisfy the clock restriction (ICLK=PCLKA) of Ethernet Controller (ETHERC). (RX63N)
3.30	Feb.29.16	—	Added support for RX230.
		—	Update RX113 iodefine.h to V1.0A.
		43	5.15 R_BSP_SoftwareDelay, Description changed

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Rev.	Date	Description	
		Page	Summary
3.30	Feb.29.16	Program	<p>Modified the BSP FIT module.</p> <p>Modification Regarding API Functions</p> <p>[Description]</p> <p>Since subtraction of overhead in the R_BSP_SoftwareDelay function is more than necessary, it may not be possible to secure the specified duration.</p> <p>[Workaround]</p> <p>Change the following definition (the overhead cycles).</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - OVERHEAD_CYCLES - OVERHEAD_CYCLES_64 <p>[Note]</p> <p>This modification is compared with the BSP FIT module Rev.3.20 or earlier, the processing time of R_BSP_SoftwareDelay function is longer.</p>
3.31	May.19.16	—	Updated RX230 and RX231 iodefine.h to V1.0F.
		—	Changed RX23T iodefine.h to V1.1.
		—	Changed RX24T iodefine.h to V1.0A.
		—	Changed RX64M iodefine.h to V1.0.
		14	<p>3.2.6 Clock Setup</p> <p>Amended the following macro definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - BSP_CFG_MOSC_WAIT_TIME <p>Added the following macro definitions:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - BSP_CFG_HOCO_WAIT_TIME - BSP_CFG_SOSC_WAIT_TIME
		Program	<p>Modification Regarding Memory</p> <p>Changed the setting values in the following macro definition to match the increased RAM capacity (RX23T):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - BSP_RAM_SIZE_BYTES <p>Modification Regarding Clocks</p> <p>The following items are now supported. Made partial changes to the program code (RX23T, RX64M, and RX71M).</p> <p>[Description]</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Added HOCO as a selectable clock source for the system clock (RX23T only). • The oscillation source of the main clock oscillator is selectable. • The wait time of the main clock oscillator is selectable. <p>The oscillation source of the sub-clock oscillator is selectable (RX64M and RX71M only).</p> <p>[Note]</p> <p>With these changes, the wait time default values for the main clock oscillator and sub-clock oscillator of the RX64M and RX71M are set to the values after a reset listed in the user's manual. Note that the new default values differ from the BSP FIT module default values listed in rev. 3.30 and earlier.</p>

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Rev.	Date	Description	
		Page	Summary
3.31	May.19.16	Program	<p>Modification Regarding Clocks Amended the HOCO oscillation setting because the setting value was not appropriate when HOCO oscillation is enabled in option function select register 1 (OFS1.HOCOEN = 1) (RX64M and RX71M).</p> <p>[Description]</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Made changes so that when HOCO oscillation is enabled in option function select register 1 (OFS1.HOCOEN = 1) and HOCO is selected as the clock source of the system clock, HOCO oscillation does not stop. Set the HOCO power supply to OFF when HOCO oscillation is disabled in option function select register 1 (OFS1.HOCOEN = 0) and HOCO is not selected as the clock source of the system clock. <p>Modification Regarding interrupts Made changes to the bsp_interrupt_group_enable_disable function in the program code to conform to the IPR setting procedure in the user's manual (RX64M and RX71M).</p> <p>[Description]</p> <p>Changed the program code so that writing to the IPRr register occurs when the value of the corresponding IERm.IENj bit is 0.</p> <p>Modification Regarding STDIO & Debug console Improved the following (RX23T, RX64M, and RX71M).</p> <p>[Description]</p> <p>The module did not operate properly when BSP_CFG_USER_CHARGET_ENABLED or BSP_CFG_USER_CHARPUT_ENABLED was set to "enabled" (1), so the program code was modified to ensure proper operation.</p> <p>Modification Regarding API Functions Deleted unnecessary enumerated constants from the R_BSP_RegisterProtectEnable and R_BSP_RegisterProtectDisable functions, and added HOCO enumerated constant (RX23T).</p> <p>[Description]</p> <p>Deleted the BSP_REG_PROTECT_VRCR constant of the bsp_reg_protect_t enumerated argument of the R_BSP_RegisterProtectEnable and R_BSP_RegisterProtectDisable functions. Added BSP_REG_PROTECT_HOCOWTCR.</p>
3.40	Oct.01.16	—	Added support for RX65N.
		17	<p>3.2.7 Registers in ROM & External Memory Access Protection Added the following macro definitions:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> BSP_CFG_FAW_REG_VALUE BSP_CFG_ROMCODE_REG_VALUE

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Rev.	Date	Description	
		Page	Summary
3.40	Oct.01.16	Program	<p>Modification Regarding Clocks</p> <p>(1) Changed the default value of the following definition in <i>r_bsp_config_reference.h</i>, because it becomes the cause of compile errors in the LPT module (RX130).</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • BSP_CFG_LPT_CLOCK_SOURCE <p>Changed the default value from 2 to 0.</p> <p>(2) Fixed the error of the following definitions in <i>mcu_info.h</i> (RX230, RX231).</p> <p>Case of the "BSP_CFG_LPT_CLOCK_SOURCE = 1".</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • BSP_LPTSRCCLK_HZ <p>Changed the default value from "15360" to "15000".</p> <p>Case of the "BSP_CFG_LPT_CLOCK_SOURCE = 2".</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Deleted the definition. <p>(3) Added the following macro definition in <i>mcu_info.h</i> (RX130).</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • BSP_LPTSRCCLK_HZ
3.50	Mar.15.17	—	Added support for RX24U
		—	Changed RX24T iodefine.h to V1.0H.
		15	3.2.6 Clock Setup Amended the following macro definition contests: - BSP_CFG_USE_CGC_MODULE
		16	3.2.7 Registers in ROM & External Memory Access Protection Amended the following macro definition contests: - BSP_CFG_OFS1_REG_VALUE
		19	4.5 Supported Toolchains Amended the contents
		62	Added 8, Appendix
		Program	<p>Modification Regarding Memory</p> <p>Changed the setting values in the following macro definition to match the increased ROM and RAM capacity (RX24T):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • BSP_ROM_SIZE_BYTES • BSP_RAM_SIZE_BYTES <p>Modification Regarding Package</p> <p>Added the following macro definition to match the increased 64 Pin Packages (RX24T):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • BSP_PACKAGE_LFQFP64 • BSP_PACKAGE_PINS <p>Modification Regarding Clocks</p> <p>The following items are now supported. Made partial changes to the program code (RX24T).</p> <p>[Description]</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Added HOCO as a selectable clock source for the system clock. - Added HOCO as a selectable input clock source for the PLL circuit.

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Rev.	Date	Description	
		Page	Summary
3.50	Mar.15.17	Program	<p>Modification Regarding STDIO & Debug console Improved the following (RX24T).</p> <p>[Description] The module did not operate properly when BSP_CFG_USER_CHARGET_ENABLED or BSP_CFG_USER_CHARPUT_ENABLED was set to "enabled" (1), so the program code was modified to ensure proper operation.</p> <p>Modification Regarding API Functions Deleted unnecessary enumerated constants from the R_BSP_RegisterProtectEnable and R_BSP_RegisterProtectDisable functions, and added HOCO enumerated constant (RX24T).</p> <p>[Description] Deleted the BSP_REG_PROTECT_VRCR constant of the bsp_reg_protect_t enumerated argument of the R_BSP_RegisterProtectEnable and R_BSP_RegisterProtectDisable functions. Added BSP_REG_PROTECT_HOCOWTCR.</p>
3.60	May.15.17	—	<p>Added support for RX130-512KB. Added support for RX65N-2MB. Added support for GENERIC-RX65N.</p>
		—	<p>Updated RX110 iodefine.h to V1.0B. Updated RX111 iodefine.h to V1.1A. Updated RX113 iodefine.h to V1.0C. Updated RX130 iodefine.h to V2.0. Updated RX210 iodefine.h to V1.5. Updated RX21A iodefine.h to V1.1C. Updated RX220 iodefine.h to V1.1A. Updated RX230 iodefine.h to V1.0I. Updated RX231 iodefine.h to V1.0I. Updated RX23T iodefine.h to V1.1C. Updated RX62N iodefine.h to V1.4. Updated RX62T iodefine.h to V2.0. Updated RX62G iodefine.h to V2.0. Updated RX630 iodefine.h to V1.6A. Updated RX63N/RX631 iodefine.h to V1.8A. Updated RX63T iodefine.h to V2.1C. Updated RX64M iodefine.h to V1.0A. Updated RX65N iodefine.h to V2.0. Updated RX71M iodefine.h to V1.0A.</p>
		—	<p>Applied the following technical update:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - TN-RX*-A138A - TN-RX*-A164A - TN-RX*-A169A
		4	<p>Modified the description in 1.2 File Structure. Revised Figure 1-1: r_bsp File Structure.</p>

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3.60	May.15.17	Program	<p><u>Changes associated with functions</u></p> <p>Deleted unnecessary transition to User Mode. (RX130) - Description: Deleted the following function. PSW_PM_to_UserMode function.</p> <p>Added the startup disable function. (RX65N) - Description: Added the macro definition, BSP_CFG_STARTUP_DISABLE.</p> <p>Added the bank function. (RX65N) - Description: Added processing for setting the bank function in vecttbl.c. If a package with the ROM of 1 Mbytes or less is selected, this processing will be disabled.</p> <p>Modified the procedure for initializing the ADSAM register. (RX65N) - Description: Modified the procedure to hold the setting of module-stop state before the ADSAM register is initialized so that the setting can be restored after the initialization.</p> <p><u>Changes associated with packages</u></p> <p>Added new package specifications. (RX130) [Description] (1) Added the following macro definitions for new packages. - BSP_MCU_RX130_512KB - BSP_PACKAGE_LFQFP100</p> <p>(2) Added setting values of the following macro definitions regarding new packages. - BSP_CFG MCU PART PACKAGE: Values: FP = 0x5 = LFQFP/100/0.50 - BSP_CFG MCU PART MEMORY_SIZE: Values: 6 = 0x6 = 128KB/32KB/8KB 7 = 0x7 = 384KB/48KB/8KB 8 = 0x8 = 512KB/48KB/8KB</p> <p>Added new package specifications. (RX65N) [Description] (1) Added the following macro definitions for new packages. - BSP_CFG_CODE_FLASH_BANK_MODE - BSP_CFG_CODE_FLASH_START_BANK - BSP_MCU_RX65N_2MB - BSP_PACKAGE_LFQFP176 - BSP_PACKAGE_LFBGA176 - BSP_PACKAGE_TFLGA177 - BSP_PRV_PORTG_NE_PIN_MASK</p>

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3.60	May.15.17	Program	<p>(2) Added setting values of the following macro definitions regarding new packages.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - BSP_CFG MCU_PART PACKAGE: Values: FC = 0x0 = LFQFP/176/0.50 BG = 0x1 = LFBGA/176/0.80 LC = 0x2 = TFLGA/177/0.50 - BSP_CFG MCU_PART_ENCRYPTION_INCLUDED: Values: D = false = Encryption module not included, SDHI/SDSI module included, dual-bank structure H = true = Encryption module included, SDHI/SDSI module included, dual-bank structure. - BSP_CFG MCU_PART_MEMORY_SIZE: Values: C = 0xC = 1.5MB/640KB/32KB E = 0xE = 2MB/640KB/32KB <p>Changed the macro definitions for the RX231 package.</p> <p>(1) Added the following macro definition.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - BSP_PACKAGE_WFLGA64 <p>(2) Deleted the following macro definition.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - BSP_PACKAGE_LQFP64 <p>(3) Added setting values of the following macro definitions:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - BSP_CFG MCU_PART PACKAGE: Values: LF = 0x1 = WFLGA/64/0.50 - BSP_CFG MCU_PART VERSION: Values: C = 0xC = Chip version C = Security function not included, SDHI module not included, CAN module not included. <p>(4) Deleted the setting values for the following macro definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - BSP_CFG MCU_PART PACKAGE: Values: FK = 0x3 = LQFP/64/0.80 LJ = 0xA = TFLGA//100/0.65 - BSP_CFG MCU_PART_MEMORY_SIZE: Values: 3 = 0x3 = 64KB/12KB/8KB <p>(5) Changed the setting values for the following macro definitions:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - BSP_CFG MCU_PART_MEMORY_SIZE: Value: 5 = 0x5 = 128KB/20KB/8KB -> 5 = 0x5 = 128KB/32KB/8KB

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3.60	May.15.17	Program	<p>Changed the macro definition for the RX63N/RX631 package. [Description]</p> <p>(1) Changed the default value of the following macro definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - BSP_CFG MCU PART MEMORY_SIZE: (RSK only) Value: (0xB) -> (0xF) - BSP_CFG MCU PART GROUP: (RX631 only) Value: (0x2) -> (0x1) <p>(2) Added the following macro definition.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - BSP PACKAGE_TFLGA64 <p>(3) Deleted the following macro definition.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - BSP PACKAGE_LQFP80 <p>(4) Added setting values of the following macro definitions:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - BSP_CFG MCU PART PACKAGE: Values: LJ = 0xA = TFLGA/100/0.65 LH = 0xB = TFLGA/64/0.65 - BSP_CFG MCU PART ENCRYPTION INCLUDED: Values: H = true = CAN included/DEU included/PDC not included. G = false = CAN not included/DEU included/PDC not included. S = true = CAN included/DEU not included/PDC included. F (only 64-pin TFLGA) = true = CAN included/DEU not included/PDC not included. - BSP_CFG MCU PART MEMORY_SIZE: Values: F = 0xF = 2MB/256KB/32KB G = 0x10 = 1.5MB/192KB/32KB J = 0x13 = 1.5MB/256KB/32KB K = 0x14 = 2MB/192KB/32KB M = 0x16 = 256KB/64KB/32KB N = 0x17 = 384KB/64KB/32KB P = 0x19 = 512KB/64KB/32KB W = 0x20 = 1MB/192KB/32KB Y = 0x22 = 1MB/256KB/32KB <p>(5) Deleted the setting values for the following macro definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - BSP_CFG MCU PART PACKAGE: Values: LA = 0x6 = TFLGA/100/0.65 FN = 0x7 = LQFP/80/0.50 - BSP_CFG MCU PART CAN INCLUDED: Values: E = 3V included (RX63T). Ignore. - BSP_CFG MCU PART MEMORY_SIZE: Values: 4 = 0x4 = 32KB/8KB/8KB 5 = 0x5 = 48KB/8KB/8KB

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3.60	May.15.17	Program	<p>(6) Changed the setting values for the following macro definitions:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - BSP_CFG MCU PART_MEMORY_SIZE: Value: 6 = 0x6 = 64KB/8KB/8KB -> 6 = 0x6 = 256KB/128KB/32KB Value: 7 = 0x7 = 384KB/64KB/32KB -> 7 = 0x7 = 384KB/128KB/32KB Value: 8 = 0x8 = 512KB/64KB/32KB -> 8 = 0x8 = 512KB/128KB/32KB <p>Changed the macro definitions for the RX64M package. [Description]</p> <p>(1) Corrected typo for the following macro definitions:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - BSP PACKAGE_LQFP176 -> BSP PACKAGE_LFQFP176 - BSP PACKAGE_LQFP144 -> BSP PACKAGE_LFQFP144 - BSP PACKAGE_LQFP100 -> BSP PACKAGE_LFQFP100 <p>(2) Added the setting value for the following macro definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - BSP_CFG MCU PART PACKAGE: Value: LJ = 0xA = TFLGA/100/0.65 <p>(3) Deleted the setting values for the following macro definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - BSP_CFG MCU PART PACKAGE: Values: LA = 0x6 = TFLGA/100/0.50 JA = 0x7 = TFLGA/100/0.65 <p>Changed the macro definition for the RX65N package. [Description]</p> <p>(1) Corrected typo for the following macro definitions:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - BSP PACKAGE_LQFP144 -> BSP PACKAGE_LFQFP144 - BSP PACKAGE_LQFP100 -> BSP PACKAGE_LFQFP100 <p>(2) Changed the setting values for the following macro definitions:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - BSP_CFG MCU PART PACKAGE: Value: LJ = 0x6 = TFLGA/100/0.65 -> LJ = 0xA = TFLGA/100/0.65 - BSP_CFG MCU PART GROUP: Value: 5N = 0x0 = RX65N Group -> 5N/51 = 0x0 = RX65N Group/RX651 Group <p>(3) Deleted the setting value for the following macro definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - BSP_CFG MCU PART GROUP: Value: 51 = 0x1 = RX65N Group

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3.60	May.15.17	Program	<p>Changed the macro definition for the RX71M package. [Description]</p> <p>(1) Corrected typo for the following macro definitions:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - BSP_PACKAGE_LQFP176 -> BSP_PACKAGE_LFQFP176 - BSP_PACKAGE_LQFP144 -> BSP_PACKAGE_LFQFP144 - BSP_PACKAGE_LQFP100 -> BSP_PACKAGE_LFQFP100 <p>(2) Changed the setting value for the following macro definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - BSP_CFG MCU_PART PACKAGE: Value: LJ = 0x6 = TFLGA/100/0.65 -> LJ = 0xA = TFLGA/100/0.65 <p><u>Changes associated with clocks</u></p> <p>The following items are now supported. Made partial changes to the program code. (RX130)</p> <p>[Description]</p> <p>(1) Added definition of the following clock setting:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - The oscillation source of the main clock oscillator is selectable. - The wait time of the main clock oscillator is selectable. <p>(2) Added the following macro definition in mcu_info.h.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - BSP_ILOCO_HZ <p>Made add to the lpt_clock_source_select function in the program code to conform to the notes on LPT in the user's manual. (RX130)</p> <p>[Description]</p> <p>When the IWDT-dedicated on-chip oscillator is used as the clock source for the low-power timer, changed the program code to write the IWDTCSR.SLCSTP bit to 0.</p> <p>Improved the following. (RX130)</p> <p>[Description]</p> <p>(1) When restarting the sub-clock oscillator after it has been stopped, allow at least five cycles of the sub-clock as an interval over which it is still stopped.</p> <p>Deleted the following unnecessary branch condition in the lpt_clock_source_select function.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - BSP_CFG_LPT_CLOCK_SOURCE == 2

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3.60	May.15.17	Program	<p>Modified the sub-clock oscillation settings. (RX64M, RX65N, RX71M)</p> <p>[Description]</p> <p>(1) Modified for the sub-clock oscillation settings to be specified according to the settings in r_bsp_config.h.</p> <p>(2) Added processing at warm start.</p> <p>(3) Added the following macro definitions regarding changes in the sub-clock oscillation settings.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - BSP_CFG_RTC_ENABLE - BSP_CFG_SOSC_DRV_CAP <p><u>Changes associated with interrupts</u></p> <p>Made add to the bsp_interrupt_enable_disable function in the program code. (RX130)</p> <p>[Description]</p> <p><u>Added timeout detection enable bit (BSC.BEREN.BIT.TOEN) settings.</u></p> <p>Modified the following items for software configurable interrupts.</p> <p>[Description]</p> <p>(1) Corrected the macro definitions due to typos in names of the software configurable interrupt sources. (RX64M, RX65N, RX71M)</p> <p>The corrected interrupt sources are as follows:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - TPU0_TGI0V -> TPU0_TCI0V - TPU1_TGI1V -> TPU1_TCI1V - TPU1_TGI1U -> TPU1_TCI1U - TPU2_TGI2V -> TPU2_TCI2V - TPU2_TGI2U -> TPU2_TCI2U - TPU3_TGI3V -> TPU3_TCI3V - TPU4_TGI4V -> TPU4_TCI4V - TPU4_TGI4U -> TPU4_TCI4U - TPU5_TGI5V -> TPU5_TCI5V - TPU5_TGI5U -> TPU5_TCI5U - MTU0_TGIV0 -> MTU0_TCIV0 - MTU1_TGIV1 -> MTU1_TCIV1 - MTU1_TGIU1 -> MTU1_TCIU1 - MTU2_TGIV2 -> MTU2_TCIV2 - MTU2_TGIU2 -> MTU2_TCIU2 - MTU3_TGIV3 -> MTU3_TCIV3 - MTU4_TGIV4 -> MTU4_TCIV4 - MTU6_TGIV6 -> MTU6_TCIV6 - MTU7_TGIV7 -> MTU7_TCIV7 - MTU8_TGIV8 -> MTU8_TCIV8

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3.60	May.15.17	Program	<p>(2) Deleted the macro definition, MTU8_TGI8U since the corresponding interrupt source does not exist. (RX64M, RX71M)</p> <p>(3) Added interrupt sources for software configurable interrupts regarding new packages. (RX65N)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - BSP_MAPPED_INT_CFG_B_VECT_TSIP_PROC_BUSY - BSP_MAPPED_INT_CFG_B_VECT_TSIP_ROMOK - BSP_MAPPED_INT_CFG_B_VECT_TSIP_LONG_PLG - BSP_MAPPED_INT_CFG_B_VECT_TSIP_TEST_BUSY - BSP_MAPPED_INT_CFG_B_VECT_TSIP_WRRDY0 - BSP_MAPPED_INT_CFG_B_VECT_TSIP_WRRDY1 - BSP_MAPPED_INT_CFG_B_VECT_TSIP_WRRDY4 - BSP_MAPPED_INT_CFG_B_VECT_TSIP_RDRDY0 - BSP_MAPPED_INT_CFG_B_VECT_TSIP_RDRDY1 - BSP_MAPPED_INT_CFG_B_VECT_TSIP_INTEGRATE_WRRDY - BSP_MAPPED_INT_CFG_B_VECT_TSIP_INTEGRATE_RDRDY <p>Modified the following items for group interrupts. [Description]</p> <p>(1) Modified the sequence to call callback functions for group interrupts. (RX64M, RX65N, RX71M) Peripherals influenced by the sequence change are as follows:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - SCI0 to SCI7, SCI12 - SCI8 to SCI11 (RX65N only) - PDC - SCIFA8 to SCIFA11 (RX64M and RX71M only) - RSPI0 - RSPI1 (RX71M and RX65N only) - RSPI2 (RX65N only) <p>(2) Added the following enum definitions regarding new packages. (RX65N)</p> <pre>bsp_int_src_t - BSP_INT_SRC_BL1_RIIC1_TEI1 - BSP_INT_SRC_BL1_RIIC1_EEI1 - BSP_INT_SRC_AL1_GLCD_C_VPOS - BSP_INT_SRC_AL1_GLCD_C_GR1UF - BSP_INT_SRC_AL1_GLCD_C_GR2UF - BSP_INT_SRC_AL1_DRW2D_DRW_IRQ</pre>

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3.60	May.15.17	Program	<p>(3) Corrected the macro definitions due to typos in names of the group interrupt sources. (RX64M, RX71M) The corrected interrupt sources are as follows:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - BSP_INT_SRC_BL0_CAC_FERRF -> BSP_INT_SRC_BL0_CAC_FERRI - BSP_INT_SRC_BL0_CAC_MENDF -> BSP_INT_SRC_BL0_CAC_MENDI - BSP_INT_SRC_BL0_CAC_OVFF -> BSP_INT_SRC_BL0_CAC_OVFI - BSP_INT_SRC_BL0_DOC_DOPCF -> BSP_INT_SRC_BL0_DOC_DOPCI <p>Changed the following items regarding non-maskable interrupts. [Description]</p> <p>(1) Added the enum definition, BSP_INT_SRC_EXRAM to bsp_int_src_t regarding new packages. (RX65N)</p> <p>(2) Added interrupt processing for EXRAM in vecttbl.c regarding new packages. (RX65N) If a package with ROM of 1 Mbytes or less is selected, this processing will be disabled.</p> <p><u>Change associated with API functions</u></p> <p>Modified the branch condition for the number of loop cycles of the R_BSP_SoftwareDelay function. [Description]</p> <p>Before:</p> <pre>#if defined(BSP MCU_RX231) defined(BSP MCU_RX64M) defined(BSP MCU_RX71M) ... #define CPU_CYCLES_PER_LOOP 4 #else #define CPU_CYCLES_PER_LOOP 5 #endif</pre> <p>After:</p> <pre>#ifdef __RXV1 #define CPU_CYCLES_PER_LOOP (5) #else #define CPU_CYCLES_PER_LOOP (4) #endif</pre>

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3.60	May.15.17	Program	<p><u>Change associated with the lock function</u></p> <p>Modified the lock function. (RX130) [Description]</p> <p>Added the following enums regarding new packages:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> mcu_lock_t - BSP_LOCK_REMC0 - BSP_LOCK_REMC1 - BSP_LOCK_REMCOM - BSP_LOCK_SCI0 - BSP_LOCK_SCI8 - BSP_LOCK_SCI9 - BSP_LOCK_SMCI0 - BSP_LOCK_SMCI8 - BSP_LOCK_SMCI9 - BSP_LOCK_TEMPS <p>Modified the lock function. (RX65N) [Description]</p> <p>Added the following enums regarding new packages:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> mcu_lock_t - BSP_LOCK_RIIC1 - BSP_LOCK_GLCD - BSP_LOCK_DRW2D <p><u>Modification Regarding STDIO & Debug console</u></p> <p>Improved the following. (RX130) [Description]</p> <p>The module did not operate properly when BSP_CFG_USER_CHARGET_ENABLED or BSP_CFG_USER_CHARPUT_ENABLED was set to "enabled" (1), so the program code was modified to ensure proper operation.</p> <p><u>Modification Regarding Pin Function</u></p> <p>Made changes to the output_ports_configure function in the program code to conform to the notes on MPC in the user's manual. (RX130) [Description]</p> <p>When setting the given bits of the PMR register to 0, the PDR register to 0, and the PCR register to 0, changed the program code to write the PmnPFS.ASEL bit to 1.</p> <p>Improved the following. (RX111) [Description]</p> <p>(1) PORTH does not exist. Therefore, deleted the port setting.</p> <p>(2) Deleted the following macro definition. - BSP_PRV_PORTH_NE_PIN_MASK</p>

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3.70	Nov.01.17	—	<p>Added support for GENERIC-RX110. Added support for GENERIC-RX111. Added support for GENERIC-RX113. Added support for GENERIC-RX130. Added support for GENERIC-RX230. Added support for GENERIC-RX231. Added support for GENERIC-RX23T. Added support for GENERIC-RX24T. Added support for GENERIC-RX24U. Added support for GENERIC-RX64M. Added support for GENERIC-RX71M. Added support for Envision Kit for RX65N-2MB</p>
		20	<p>3.2.6 Clock Setup For <code>BSP_CFG_LPT_CLOCK_SOURCE</code>, “2 = LPT not used” has been added as the setting value in the Value and “The default value is 2 (LPT not used)” has been added to the description in the Meaning.</p>
		Program	<p><u>Changes associated with functions</u> Added the startup disable function for RX110, RX111, RX113, RX130, RX230, RX231, RX23T, RX24T, RX24U, RX64M, and RX71M.</p> <p>[Description] Added the macro definition, <code>BSP_CFG_STARTUP_DISABLE</code>.</p> <p><u>Changes associated with the low power timer</u> Modified the following items for RX230 and RX231:</p> <p>[Description]</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (1) To follow the description for the ILCSTP bit in the User's Manual, processing to wait for the ILOCO oscillation stabilization time has been added in the <code>usb_lpc_clock_source_select</code> function. (2) To follow the note on the LPT in the User's Manual, the code has been modified to write 0 to the <code>IWDTCSTPR.SLCSTP</code> bit when the IWDT-dedicated on-chip oscillator is used as the clock source of the low power timer. (3) The <code>usb_lpc_clock_source_select</code> function included processing to stop the ILOCO. This processing has been removed since the ILOCO cannot be stopped by the program once it starts oscillation. (4) Added the definition of the IWDT-dedicated on-chip oscillator “<code>BSP_ILOCO_HZ</code>” for RX230 and RX231.

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3.70	Nov.01.17	Program	<p>Modified the following items for RX130, RX230, and RX231:</p> <p>[Description]</p> <p>(1) Added the following definition for when the LPT module is not used: "BSP_CFG_LPT_CLOCK_SOURCE = 2"</p> <p>(2) Changed the default value of the following definition: BSP_CFG_LPT_CLOCK_SOURCE (0) → (2)</p> <p>(3) Added a branch to processing not to oscillate the sub-clock and the ILOCO when the LPT is not used.</p>
3.71	Dec.20.17	24	3.2.10 Extended Bus Master Priority Setting
		80	Corrected typo for the 'Board used' in the Table 9.8 Operation Confirmation Environment.
		108	Corrected typo in Revision Record. (Rev3.70)
		Program	<p><u>Changes associated with functions</u></p> <p>Added the Extended Bus Master Priority Setting function for RX65N-2MB.</p> <p>[Description]</p> <p>Added the following macro definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - BSP_CFG_EBMAPCR_1ST_PRIORITY - BSP_CFG_EBMAPCR_2ND_PRIORITY - BSP_CFG_EBMAPCR_3RD_PRIORITY - BSP_CFG_EBMAPCR_4TH_PRIORITY - BSP_CFG_EBMAPCR_5TH_PRIORITY
3.80	Jul.01.18	—	<p>Added support for Target Board for RX130</p> <p>Added support for Target Board for RX231</p> <p>Added support for Target Board for RX65N</p> <p>Added support for the 384 KB and 256 KB ROM size for RX111.</p>
		—	Changed the name of Section 9.
		—	Updated RX113 iodefine.h to V1.1. Updated RX65N iodefine.h to V2.0A.
		24, 25	Corrected some table names.
		25	Added 3.2.13 Using Smart Configurator.
		32	Corrected a typo for Function name for the "5.1 Summary" table.
		81	R_BSP_StartupOpen -> R_BSP_StartupOpen Added Table 9.10 Confirmed Operation Environment (Rev.3.80).
		Program	<p><u>Changes associated with functions</u></p> <p>Added support setting function of configuration option Using GUI on Smart Configurator for only Generic of RX110, RX111, RX113, RX230, RX231, RX64M, RX65N, and RX71M.</p> <p>[Description]</p> <p>Added a setting file to support configuration option setting function by GUI.</p> <p>Supports peripheral function initialization processing by smart configurator.</p> <p>[Description]</p> <p>Added the following macro definition: -BSP_CFG_CONFIGURATOR_SELECT</p>

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3.80	Jul.01.18	Program	<p>Processing was added after writing the ROMWT register of RX65N. Processing was added after writing the MEMWAIT register of RX71M. [Description] Added processing to check that the value written to the ROMWT or MEMWAIT register was reflected after the value was written to the ROMWT or MEMWAIT register.</p> <p>Supported tool news number R20TS0302. (RX113, RX210 and RX63T) [Description] Corrected a problem that caused a build error when selecting and building a specific package. For more information on this problem please reference the tool news (R20TS0302).</p> <p>Deleted unnecessary processing. (RX230, RX231 and RX23T) [Description] Deleted the processing for user boot function from RX230, RX231 and RX23T.</p>
3.90	Jul.27.18	—	Added support for RX66T.
		1	<p>Related Documents: Added the following documents: "RX Family Adding Firmware Integration Technology Modules to Projects (R01AN1723)" "RX Family Adding Firmware Integration Technology Modules to CS+ Projects (R01AN1826)" "Renesas e² studio Smart Configurator User Guide (R20AN0451)"</p>
		19	<p>3.2.3 STDIO & Debug Console Changed the chapter headings. Added descriptions regarding definitions. - Addition: BSP_CFG_USER_CHARGET_ENABLED - Addition: BSP_CFG_USER_CHARGET_FUNCTION - Addition: BSP_CFG_USER_CHARPUT_ENABLED - Addition: BSP_CFG_USER_CHARPUT_FUNCTION</p>
		22	<p>3.2.6. Clock Setup Deleted BSP_CFG_ROM_CACHE_ENABLE because it was moved to 3.2.15 ROM Cache Function.</p>
		27	<p>3.2.11. MCU Voltage Added descriptions and definitions. - Addition: BSP_CFG_MCU_AVCC_MV</p>
		28, 29	Added 3.2.14 Negative Voltage Input Settings for AD Pins.
		30, 31	Added 3.2.15 ROM Cache Function.
		32	<p>Added 3.2.16 Callback function at warm start Added 3.2.17 Board Revision.</p>
		33	Added 3.2.18 Interrupt Priority Level When FIT Module Interrupts Are Disabled.
		40	Added 4.14 "for", "while" and "do while" statements.
		41	<p>5.1 Summary Added R_BSP_VoltageLevelSetting function.</p>
		47	<p>5.7 R_BSP_RegisterProtectEnable() Changed the contents of the "Description" section.</p>

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		Page	Summary
3.90	Jul.27.18	49	5.8 R_BSP_RegisterProtectDisable() Changed the contents of the "Description" section.
		64, 65	Added 5.19 R_BSP_VoltageLevelSetting()
		66	6. Project Setup 6.1 Adding the FIT Module to Your Project Changed the chapter title and description.
		—	Deleted 6.2 Adding FIT Module with e ² studio FIT Configurator
		87	9.1 Confirmed Operation Environment Added Table 9.11 Confirmed Operation Environment (Rev. 3.90).
		—	Deleted 9.2 Creating a Project with FIT Plug-in
		Program	<p><u>Changes associated with functions</u></p> <p>Changed the board folder of devices supporting Smart Configurator (RX110, RX111, RX113, RX130, RX230, RX231, RX64M, RX65N, and RX71M).</p> <p>[Description] Deleted all folders other than the generic folder, since other boards can all be substituted with GENERIC_RXxxx.</p> <p>Corresponds to cautionary note in Tool News (R20TS0302) regarding port initialization processing in "bsp_non_existent_port_init" function (RX113, RX210, RX231, RX610, RX62G, RX62N, RX62T, RX631, and RX63N)</p> <p>[Description] Revised port initialization settings. For details, see Tool News (R20TS0302).</p> <p>Added the macro definition of the ID code for RX64M, RX65N, and RX71M.</p> <p>[Description] (1) Added the following macro definition: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - BSP_CFG_ID_CODE_LONG_1 - BSP_CFG_ID_CODE_LONG_2 - BSP_CFG_ID_CODE_LONG_3 - BSP_CFG_ID_CODE_LONG_4 (2) Added settings related to macro definitions to the settings file for the GUI-based configuration option setting functionality.</p>
			<p><u>Changes associated with packages</u></p> <p>Changed the macro definitions for the RX23T package.</p> <p>[Description] (1) Deleted the following macro definition. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - BSP_CFG MCU PART VERSION </p> <p>Changed the macro definitions for the RX220 package.</p> <p>[Description] (1) Added setting values of the following macro definitions regarding packages. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - BSP_CFG MCU PART PACKAGE: Values: FK = 0x3 = LQFP/64/0.80 </p>

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3.90	Jul.27.18	Program	<p>Changed the macro definitions for the RX62T package. [Description] (1) Added setting values of the following macro definitions regarding packages. - BSP_CFG MCU_PART_PACKAGE: Values: FK = 0x4 = LQFP/64/0.80</p> <p>Changes associated with the lock function</p> <p>Modified the lock function. (RX113) [Description] (1) Added the following enums. mcu_lock_t - BSP_LOCK_TEMPS</p> <p>Modified the lock function. (RX65N) [Description] (1) Added the following enums. mcu_lock_t - BSP_LOCK_SMCI10 - BSP_LOCK_SMCI11</p> <p>Modification Regarding Pin Function</p> <p>Changed the program in the output_ports_configure function, since the timing of the pin settings differs depending on the peripheral function FIT module specifications. (RX210, RX220, RX23T, RX24T, RX24U, RX62G, RX62N, RX630, RX63N, and RX631)</p> <p>[Description] Deleted pin setting processing related to peripheral functions other than those for LEDs and switches.</p>
3.91	Aug.31.18	Program	<p>Changes associated with functions</p> <p>Modified the following item for RX66T.</p> <p>(1) Corrected execution timing for bsp_volsr_initial_configure function. (2) Added the process for saving and restoring general-purpose registers to the stack in the R_BSP_VoltageLevelSetting function.</p>
4.00	Oct.31.18	—	Added support for RX651 with 64 pin packages.
		—	Updated RX65N iodefine.h to V2.2.
		20	3.2.5 RTOS Added BSP_CFG RTOS_SYSTEM_TIMER in Table 3-5 RTOS Defines.
		87,88	9.1 Confirmed Operation Environment Corrected board used in Table 9.10 Confirmed Operation Environment (Rev. 3.90) and Table 9.11 Confirmed Operation Environment (Rev. 3.91).
		88	9.1 Confirmed Operation Environment Added Table 9.13 Confirmed Operation Environment (Rev. 4.00).

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4.00	Oct.31.18	Program	<p>Changes associated with functions</p> <p>Added settings related to macro definitions to the settings file for the GUI-based configuration option setting functionality for only Generic of RX23T, RX24T, and RX24U. [Description]</p> <p>Added a setting file to support configuration option setting function by GUI.</p> <p>Changed the board folder of devices supporting Smart Configurator (RX23T, RX24T, and RX24U).</p> <p>[Description]</p> <p>Deleted all folders other than the generic folder, since other boards can all be substituted with GENERIC_RXxxx.</p> <p>Added support for RTOS of RX64M, RX65N and RX71M. [Description]</p> <p>Added RTOS processing</p> <p>Added the following macro definition: - BSP_CFG_RTOS_SYSTEM_TIMER</p> <p>Changes associated with packages</p> <p>Changed the macro definitions for the RX65N package. [Description]</p> <p>(1) Added setting values of the following macro definitions regarding packages.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - BSP_CFG MCU PART PACKAGE: Values: FM = 0x8 = LFQFP/64/0.50 Values: BP = 0xC = TFBGA/64/0.50 <p>(2) Added the following macro definitions:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - BSP PACKAGE_LFQFP64 - BSP PACKAGE_TFBGA64
4.01	Jan.11.19	—	Added support for RX72T.
		41	5.1 Summary Added notes about RX72T.
		64	5.19 R_BSP_VoltageLevelSetting Added descriptions about RX72T.
		88	9.1 Confirmed Operation Environment Added Table 9.14 Confirmed Operation Environment (Rev. 4.01).
5.00	Mar.15.19	—	Supported the following compilers. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - GCC for Renesas RX - IAR C/C++ Compiler for Renesas RX
		—	Performed the following technical update. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - TN-RX*-A153A

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		Page	Summary
5.00	Mar.15.19	—	<p>Excluded the following devices from operation confirmed devices.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - RX210 group - RX21A group - RX220 group - RX610 group - RX62N group - RX62T, RX62G group - RX630 group - RX63T group
		1	<p>Updated operation confirmed devices. Added target compilers. Deleted related documents.</p>
		3	Updated Overview.
		4, 5	Updated 1.2 File Structure.
		6	Updated 2.1 MCU Information.
		7, 8	Updated 2.2 Initialization.
		9	Updated 2.3 Global Interrupts. Updated 2.4 Interrupt Callbacks.
		10	Updated 2.6 Clock Setup. Updated 2.7 STDIO & Debug Console. Updated 2.8 Stacks Area and Heap Area.
		11	Updated 2.10 ID Code. Updated 2.12 Endian. Updated 2.13 Option Function Select Registers. Deleted 2.16 Definition for Each Board.
		12	Updated 2.18 Register Protection.
		14-17	Updated 2.22 Startup Disable.
		18	Updated 3.1 Choosing a Platform.
		19-20	Updated 3.2.1 MCU Product Part Number Information. Updated 3.2.2 Stack & Heap Sizes.
		21	Updated 3.2.5 RTOS.
		22	Updated 3.2.6 Clock Setup.
		24	Updated 3.2.7 Registers in ROM & External Memory Access Protection.
		28	Updated 3.2.12 Startup Disable.
		37	Updated 4.10.2 Hardware Resource Locks.
		40	Updated 4.13 Code Size.
		42	Updated 5.1 Summary.
		43	Updated 5.2 R_BSP_GetVersion().
		63, 64	Updated 5.18 R_BSP_StartupOpen().
		67	Added 5.20 R_BSP_InterruptRequestEnable().
		68	Added 5.21 R_BSP_InterruptRequestDisable().
		69-75	Updated 6. Intrinsic Functions.
		76	Updated 7.1 Adding FIT Module to Your Project.
		77-83	Added 7.2 Adding FIT Modules to the IAR Project.
		95-98	Updated 9. Adding FIT Modules to the User Project.

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5.00	Mar.15.19	105	<p>10.1 Confirmed Operation Environment Added Table 10.15 Confirmed Operation Environment (Rev.5.00).</p>
		107	<p>Updated Technical Update Information. Deleted web page and support contact.</p>
		Program	<p>Folder Structure Changed the folder structure. [Description] (1) Added the following files. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - r_bsp_interrupt.c - r_bsp_interrupt.h - linker_script_rvectors.inc - r_rx_compiler.h - r_rx_intrinsic_functions.c - r_rx_intrinsic_functions.h - r_rots.h - reset_program.s - mcu_clocks.h (2) Eliminated device dependence from the following files in the board folder and moved them to the all folder. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - dbsct.c - lowlvl.c - lowsrd.c - lowsrd.h - resetprg.c - sbrk.c (3) Eliminated device dependence from the following files in the mcu folder and moved them to the all folder. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - cpu.c - locking.c - mcu_locks.c - mcu_startup.c - mcu_startup.h - resetprg.c - sbrk.c (4) Eliminated board dependence from the following files in the board folder and moved them to the mcu folder. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - vecttbl.c - vecttbl.h (5) Added the following folders to the register_access folder. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - ccrx - gnuC - iccrx </p>

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Rev.	Date	Description	
		Page	Summary
5.00	Mar.15.19	Program	<p>(6) Moved the following processing.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Moved the ROM cache settings from resetprg.c to hwsetup.c. - Moved the clock settings from resetprg.c to mcu_clocks.c. - Moved the include settings of RTOS from r_bsp.h to rots.h. - Moved intrinsic related API functions from mcu_interrupt.c to r_bsp_interrupts.c. - Moved exception interrupt functions from vecttbl.c to r_bsp_interrupts.c. <p>(7) Changed the name of the following files.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - cpu.c -> r_bsp_cpu.c - cpu.h -> r_bsp_cpu.h - locking.c -> r_bsp_locking.c - locking.h -> r_bsp_locking.h - mcu_startup.c -> r_bsp_mcu_startup.c - mcu_startup.h -> r_bsp_mcu_startup.h <p>Clock related</p> <p>Corrected the clock setting procedure. (RX110, RX111, RX113, RX130, RX230, RX231)</p> <p>[Description]</p> <p>(1) Corrected the clock setting processing of HOCO, main clock, sub clock, and PLL.</p> <p>(2) Added the following macro definitions.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - BSP_CFG_MAIN_CLOCK_SOURCE - BSP_CFG莫斯C_WAIT_TIME - BSP_CFG_RTC_ENABLE - BSP_CFG_SOSC_DRV_CAP - BSP_CFG_SOSC_WAIT_TIME <p>(3) Deleted the following macro definitions. (RX110, RX111, RX113)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - BSP_CFG_USE_CGC_MODULE <p>Change Main Clock Oscillator Wait Time to initial value of register.</p> <p>[Description]</p> <p>(1) Changed the default value of the following macro definitions.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - BSP_CFG莫斯C_WAIT_TIME (0x06) ⇒ (0x04) <p>Supported low power timers. (RX113)</p> <p>[Description]</p> <p>(1) Added processing that oscillates the clock source of the low power timer when the low power timer is used.</p> <p>(2) Added the following macro definition.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - BSP_CFG_LPT_CLOCK_SOURCE

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5.00	Mar.15.19	Program	<p>Changed the default value of the clocks (ICLK, PCLKB, PCLKD, FCLK) from 24 MHz to 32 MHz. (RX113)</p> <p>[Description]</p> <p>(1) Changed the default value of the following macro definitions.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - BSP_CFG_PLL_DIV (2) ⇒ (4) - BSP_CFG_PLL_MUL (6) ⇒ (8) - BSP_CFG_ICK_DIV (2) ⇒ (1) - BSP_CFG_PCKB_DIV (2) ⇒ (1) - BSP_CFG_PCKD_DIV (2) ⇒ (1) - BSP_CFG_FCK_DIV (2) ⇒ (1) <p>Added settings in case the LCD module is not used. (RX113)</p> <p>[Description]</p> <p>(1) Added the following definition in case the LCD module is not used.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - BSP_CFG_LCD_CLOCK_SOURCE = 5 <p>(2) Changed the default value of the following definition.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - BSP_CFG_LCD_CLOCK_SOURCE (2) -> (5) <p>Deleted processing related to the CGC FIT module. (RX110, RX111, RX113)</p> <p>[Description]</p> <p>Deleted all processing related to the FIT module of CGC.</p> <p>Modified the following items for RX113 and RX231:</p> <p>[Description]</p> <p>Changed the default value of the following definition: BSP_CFG_USB_CLOCK_SOURCE (0) -> (1)</p> <p>Lock related</p> <p>Changed the content related to the lock function. (RX100, RX200, RX600 (RX631, RX63N, RX64M are excluded), Operation confirmed device supporting RX700 (RX71M is excluded))</p> <p>[Description]</p> <p>(1) Deleted the following enum definition.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - BSP_LOCK_SMC_x (x is any value from 0 to 12) <p>Changed the content of the lock function. (RX64M, RX71M)</p> <p>[Description]</p> <p>(1) Changed the following enum definitions.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - BSP_LOCK_EPTPC0 - BSP_LOCK_EPTPC1 - BSP_LOCK_PTPEDMAC <p>STDIO/debug console related</p> <p>Corrected the following content. (RX110, RX113, RX230, RX231)</p> <p>[Description]</p> <p>Even though BSP_CFG_USER_CHARGET_ENABLED or BSP_CFG_USER_CHARPUT_ENABLED was set to enabled ("1"), correct operation was not performed, therefore, it was corrected so that normal operation is performed.</p>

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Rev.	Date	Description	
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5.00	Mar.15.19	Program	<p>Function related</p> <p>Supported the extended language specifications of CCRX by multiple compilers.</p> <p>[Description] Added #pragma, key word, and the macro definition of intrinsic functions and section address operators. (For details, refer to r_rx_compiler.h, r_rx_intrinsic_functions.c, r_rx_intrinsic_functions.h.)</p> <p>Added initialization processing of variables to resetprg.c.</p> <p>[Description] Added processing that initializes variables that have not been initialized after reset release.</p> <p>Added initialization of double precision floating point function to resetprg.c.</p> <p>[Description] Added processing that initializes DPSW after reset release.</p> <p>Added initialization of trigonometric function calculator to resetprg.c.</p> <p>[Description] Added processing that initializes TFU after reset release.</p> <p>Added the macro definition of the MCU function to mcu_info.h.</p> <p>[Description] Added the macro definition for judging the function implemented for each device.</p> <p>Added support Group BE0 interrupts. (RX64M, RX65N, RX66T, RX71M, and RX72T)</p> <p>[Description] (1) Added the group_be0_handler_isr function. (2) Added the following enums. <code>bsp_int_src_t</code><ul style="list-style-type: none">- <code>BSP_INT_SRC_BE0_CAN0_ERS0</code>- <code>BSP_INT_SRC_BE0_CAN1_ERS1</code> (except RX66T, and RX72T)- <code>BSP_INT_SRC_BE0_CAN2_ERS2</code> (except RX66T, and RX72T)</p>
5.10	Mar.29.19	— 24 42 69 106	<p>Added support for RX23W.</p> <p>Added the following macro definitions in section 3.2.6 Clock Setup: - <code>BSP_Cfg_CLKOUT_RF_MAIN</code></p> <p>5.1 Summary Added <code>R_BSP_ConfigClockSetting</code> function.</p> <p>Added 5.22 <code>R_BSP_ConfigClockSetting()</code></p> <p>10.1 Confirmed Operation Environment Added Table 10.16 Confirmed Operation Environment (Rev.5.10).</p>
5.20	Apr.08.19	— 22	<p>Added support for RX72M.</p> <p>3.2.6 Clock Setup Revised the value of <code>BSP_Cfg_USB_CLOCK_SOURCE</code>.</p>

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		Page	Summary
5.20	Apr.08.19	24	<p>3.2.6 Clock Setup Added the following definition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - BSP_CFG_PPLL_DIV - BSP_CFG_PPLL_MUL - BSP_CFG_PHY_CLOCK_SOURCE - BSP_CFG_ESC_CLOCK_SOURCE - BSP_CFG_CLKOUT_SOURCE - BSP_CFG_CLKOUT_DIV - BSP_CFG_CLKOUT_OUTPUT
		108	<p>10.1 Confirmed Operation Environment Added Table 10.17 Confirmed Operation Environment (Rev.5.20).</p>
5.21	Jul.23.19	108	<p>10.1 Confirmed Operation Environment Added Table 10.18 Confirmed Operation Environment (Rev.5.21).</p>
		Program	<p>Changes associated with functions Added changes for RTOS support of RX110, RX111, RX113, RX130, RX230, RX231, RX23T, RX23W, RX24T, RX24U, RX63N RX66T, and RX72T. [Description] Added the following macro definition: - BSP_CFG_RTOS_SYSTEM_TIMER</p>
5.30	Jul.26.19	—	Added support for RX13T.
		—	Added support for RX24T with 64 pin packages.
		—	Added support for RX23W with GCC Compiler.
		—	Added support for RX72M with IAR Compiler.
		—	Performed the following technical update. - TN-RX*-A0214A
		—	Changed the comment of API functions to the doxygen style.
		—	Updated RX72M iodefine.h for CCRX and GCC to V1.00C.
		—	Updated RX65N iodefine.h for CCRX and GCC to V2.30.
		—	Added RX23W iodefine.h for GCC to V1.0B.
		8	2.2 Initialization Changed figure 2.1 Flowchart of startup function.
		16	2.22 Startup Disable Changed figure 2.5 Processing Disabled with the Startup Disable Function.
		18, 19	2.22.1 Setting the Startup Disable Function (3) Calling the R_BSP_StartupOpen function: Changed the description. (4) Calling the R_BSP_VbattInitialSetting function: Added.
		23	3.2.4 CPU Modes & Boot Modes Added notes.
		37	Added 3.2.19 Battery Backup Function.
		38	4.4 Limitations Added limitations.
		41	4.10.3 Interrupt Error Codes Added error code. 4.10.4 Interrupt Control Commands Added commands.

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		Page	Summary
5.30	Jul.26.19	42	4.10.6 Interrupt Sources Added the BSP_INT_SRC_EMPTY.
		45	5.1 Summary Added the R_BSP_SoftwareReset() and R_BSP_VbattInitialSetting().
		46-79	Delete “Reentrant” item on each API section.
		51	5.7 R_BSP_RegisterProtectEnable() Modified the description.
		52-53	5.7 R_BSP_RegisterProtectEnable() Added notes in Special Notes.
		54	5.8 R_BSP_RegisterProtectDisable() Modified the description and added notes in Special Notes.
		64-67	5.15 R_BSP_InterruptControl() Changed the description of Parametars, Retern Values, and Description for Added functions. Added Example. Added notes in Special Notes.
		77	Added 5.23 R_BSP_SoftwareReset().
		78-79	Added 5.24 R_BSP_VbattInitialSetting().
		84	Table 6.5 Common Macros of Intrinsic Functions (5/7) R_BSP_CHG_PMUSR(): Added notes for RX72M.
		86	Table 6.7 Common Macros of Intrinsic Functions (7/7) Added following intrinsic functions. - R_BSP_SINCOSF - R_BSP_ATAN2HYPOTF
		118	10.1 Confirmed Operation Environment Added Table 10.18 Confirmed Operation Environment (Rev.5.30).
		120	Updated Technical Update Information.
	Program	<u>Changes associated with packages</u>	
		Changed the macro definitions for the RX24T package. [Description] (1) Added setting values of the following macro definitions regarding packages. - BSP_CFG MCU_PART PACKAGE: Values: FK = 0x1 = LQFP/64/0.80	
		(2) Added the following macro definitions: - BSP_PACKAGE_LFQFP64	
		<u>Changes associated with functions</u>	
		Added initialization settings when battery backup function is not used. (RX23W) [Description] (1) Added the following macro definition. - BSP_CFG_VBATT_ENABLE	
		(2) Added the initialization settings when battery backup function is not used.	

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5.30	Jul.26.19	Program	<p>Corresponds to Technical Update Information (TN-RX*-A0214A). (RX230 and RX231)</p> <p>[Description]</p> <p>(1) Added the following macro definition. - BSP_CFG_VBATT_ENABLE</p> <p>(2) Added the initialization settings when battery backup function is not used. For details, see Technical Update Information (TN-RX*-A0214A).</p> <p>Change associated with API functions</p> <p>Changed the process of the R_BSP_RegisterProtectEnable function and R_BSP_RegisterProtectDisable function.</p> <p>[Description]</p> <p>Changed to use R_BSP_InterruptControl function for control of processor interrupt priority level.</p> <p>(Changed so that privileged instruction exception does not occur even when executed in user mode.)</p> <p>Added the function to R_BSP_InterruptControl function. (All devices)</p> <p>[Description]</p> <p>(1) Added the following macro definitions of the command. - BSP_INT_CMD_FIT_INTERRUPT_ENABLE - BSP_INT_CMD_FIT_INTERRUPT_DISABLE</p> <p>(2) Added the following macro definition of the error code. - BSP_INT_ERR_INVALID_IPL</p> <p>(3) Added the following macro definition when interrupt vector not used. - BSP_INT_SRC_EMPTY</p> <p>(4) Added the interrupt enable / disable processing by controlling the processor interrupt priority level.</p> <p>Added the API function for initialize the battery backup function.</p> <p>[Description]</p> <p>(1) Added the following API function. - R_BSP_VbattInitialSetting()</p> <p>Change associated with intrinsic functions</p> <p>Fixed the bugs about Compiler of GCC for Renesas RX.</p> <p>[Description]</p> <p>(1) Fixed the following intrinsic functions. - R_BSP_MulAndAccOperation_2byte() - R_BSP_MulAndAccOperation_FixedPoint1() - R_BSP_MulAndAccOperation_FixedPoint2()</p> <p>Added the intrinsic function for Arithmetic unit for trigonometric functions (TFU).</p> <p>[Description]</p> <p>(1) Added the following intrinsic functions. - R_BSP_CalcSine_Cosine() - R_BSP_CalcAtan_SquareRoot()</p>
5.40	Oct.04.19	—	Added support for RX23E-A.

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Rev.	Date	Description	
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5.40	Oct.04.19	—	<p>Updated RX23W iodefine.h for CCRX and GCC to V1.00D. Updated RX23W iodefine.h for IAR to V1.00C. Updated RX72M iodefine.h for IAR to V1.00C. Updated RX13T iodefine.h for CCRX and GCC to V1.00A.</p>
		37	<p>4.4 Limitations Added limitations.</p>
		118	<p>10.1 Confirmed Operation Environment Added Table 10.20 Confirmed Operation Environment (Rev.5.40).</p>
		Program	<p>Function related Fixed option-setting memory initialization for GCC. (RX64M, RX65N, RX66T, RX71M, RX72M, RX72T) [Description] Fixed the problem that option-setting memory register was not initialized correctly when the optimization level of the compiler was changed from the default.</p>
			<p>Changes associated with interrupts Added the following items for software configurable interrupts. [Description] Added the following software configurable interrupt sources. (RX71M) - BSP_MAPPED_INT_CFG_B_VECT_SHA_SHARDY</p>
			<p>Modification Regarding Pin Function Fixed the initial value of port setting. (RX23W) [Description] Fixed the initial value of port setting of Port 1, 2, and 3.</p>
		—	Added support for RX72N.
		—	Added support for RX66N.
		—	Excluded the following devices from operation confirmed devices. - RX63N, RX631 group
		—	Added support for RX23W with IAR Compiler.
5.50	Oct.08.19	—	Added support for RTOS (RI600V4 and RI600PX).
		—	Changed iodefine.h for RX65N.
		5	1.2 File Structure: Added notes for RX651.
		6	Updated Figure 1.2 Structures of generic Folder.
		8	2.2 Initialization: Updated Figure 2.1 Flowchart of startup function.
		17	2.22 Startup Disable: Updated Figure 2.6 Files Influenced by the Startup Disable Function.
		19	Added 2.23 Software Interrupts.
		21-22	3.2.2 Stack & Heap Sizes Added description when using RTOS to the description of the definition below. - BSP_CFG_USER_STACK_ENABLE - BSP_CFG_USTACK_BYTES - BSP_CFG_ISTACK_BYTES
		23	3.2.4 CPU Modes & Boot Modes: Added description when using RTOS to the description of BSP_CFG_RUN_IN_USER_MODE.

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5.50	Oct.08.19	24	3.2.5 RTOS: Added description when using RTOS to the description of BSP_CFG_RTOS_SYSTEM_TIMER. Added BSP_CFG_RENESAS_RTOS_USED.
		38	Added 3.2.20 Software Interrupts
		39	Changed 4.4 Limitations Added limitation of RX72N and RX66N. Added support of the intrinsic functions for Arithmetic Unit for Trigonometric Functions with GCC and IAR Compiler. Added support of the intrinsic functions for Double-Precision Floating-Point Coprocessor with GCC Compiler. Therefore, these limitations are deleted.
		40	Added 4.6 Interrupt Vectors Used. Deleted 4.8 Configuration Overview.
		43	Chapter 4.11.3 Interrupt Error Codes has been moved to Chapter 4.11 Return Values.
		45	Added 4.10.7 Software Interrupt Units. Added 4.10.8 Software Interrupt Control Commands.
		46	Added 4.10.9 Software Interrupt Information. Added 4.10.10 Software Interrupt Task Status. Added 4.10.11 Software Interrupt Task. Added 4.10.12 Software Interrupt Task Buffer Number.
		47	Added 4.10.13 Software Interrupt Access Control Status. 4.11 Return Values 4.11.1 Interrupt Error Codes: Moved from Chapter 4.11.3. Added 4.11.2 Software Interrupt Error Code.
		51	5.1 Summary Added the following functions. - R_BSP_SoftwareInterruptOpen - R_BSP_SoftwareInterruptClose - R_BSP_SoftwareInterruptSetTask - R_BSP_SoftwareInterruptControl
		54	5.3 R_BSP_Disable(): Changed the description of Special Notes.
		55	5.4 R_BSP_Enable(): Changed the description of Special Notes.
		57	5.6 R_BSP_CpuInterruptLevelWrite(): Changed the description of Retern Values and Special Notes.
		60	5.7 R_BSP_RegisterProtectEnable():Changed the description of Special Notes.
		61	5.8 R_BSP_RegisterProtectDisable():Changed the description of Special Notes.
		87	Added 5.25 R_BSP_SoftwareInterruptOpen().
		88	Added 5.26 R_BSP_SoftwareInterruptClose().
		89-90	Added 5.27 R_BSP_SoftwareInterruptSetTask().
		91-94	Added 5.28 R_BSP_SoftwareInterruptControl().

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5.50	Oct.08.19	101	<p>Table 6.7 Common Macros of Intrinsic Functions (7/7) R_BSP_INIT_TFU(): Changed function of iccrx. Added notes. Changed the following functions of iccrx of common macros to the built-in function of IAR C/C++ Compiler for Renesas RX.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - R_BSP_SINCOSF(x, y, z) - R_BSP_ATAN2HYPOTF(w, x, y, z)
		102	Updated 7.1 Adding the FIT Module to Your Project.
		103	<p>Changed the description of 7.2 Adding FIT Modules to the IAR Project. Added 7.2.1 Adding FIT Modules by using the Smart Configurator standalone version.</p>
		105	7.2.2 Adding FIT Modules by using the IAR Project Convertor: Added Chapter title.
		137	<p>10.1 Confirmed Operation Environment Added Table 10.21 Confirmed Operation Environment (Rev.5.50).</p>
		138	10.2 Troubleshooting: Added the case.
		Program	<p>Function related Added changes for RTOS support. (All devices) [Description] (1) Added the following macro definition. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - BSP_CFG_RENESAS_RTOS_USED (2) Changed the specification of the following API functions in user mode. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - R_BSP_InterruptsEnable - R_BSP_InterruptsDisable - R_BSP_CpuInterruptLevelWrite Added the software interrupt function. (All devices) [Description] (1) Added the following macro definition. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - BSP_CFG_SWINT_UNITn_ENABLE(n = 0, 1) - BSP_CFG_SWINT_TASK_BUFFER_NUMBER - BSP_CFG_SWINT_IPR_INITIAL_VALUE (2) Added the following API functions. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - R_BSP_SoftwareInterruptOpen - R_BSP_SoftwareInterruptClose - R_BSP_SoftwareInterruptSetTask - R_BSP_SoftwareInterruptControl (3) Added the initialize of the software reset in Startup function of BSP.</p>
			<p>Lock related Changed the content of the lock function. (All devices) [Description] (1) Added the following enum definitions. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - BSP_LOCK_SWINT - BSP_LOCK_SWINT2 (Only RX64M, RX65N, RX66T, RX71M, RX72M, and RX72T) </p>

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5.50	Oct.08.19	Program	<p>Intrinsic function related</p> <p>Changed the common macros for Arithmetic unit for trigonometric functions for IAR C/C++ Compiler for Renesas RX.</p> <p>[Description]</p> <p>(1) Changed the following common macros of intrinsic functions.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - R_BSP_INIT_TFU - R_BSP_SINCOSF - R_BSP_ATAN2HYPOTF
5.51	Dec.10.19	—	<p>Updated RX23W iodefine.h for IAR to V1.00D.</p> <p>Updated RX65N iodefine.h for IAR to V2.30.</p> <p>Updated RX13T iodefine.h for IAR to V1.00A.</p>
		38	<p>Changed 4.4 Limitations</p> <p>The limitation of User mode transition is deleted from 4.4.1 IAR Compiler Limitations.</p> <p>Deleted 4.4.2 GNU Compiler Limitations.</p>
		73	<p>5.15 R_BSP_InterruptControl()</p> <p>Added notes in Special Notes.</p>
		130	<p>10.1 Confirmed Operation Environment</p> <p>Added Table 10.22 Confirmed Operation Environment (Rev.5.51).</p>
		—	<p>7.2.2 Adding FIT Modules by using the IAR Project Convertor:</p> <p>Deleted the section for changed specification of e² studio version 7.6.0.</p>
5.52	Feb.14.20	—	Added support for RX110 with IAR Compiler.
		131	<p>10.1 Confirmed Operation Environment</p> <p>Added Table 10.23 Confirmed Operation Environment (Rev.5.52).</p>
		Program	<p>Fixed the issue that warnings of unused variable were output when building with the CCRX and IAR compilers. (RX110, RX111, RX113, RX130, RX230, RX231, RX23W, RX64M, RX65N, RX66N, RX71M, RX72M, RX72N)</p> <p>Fixed the issue that external variables were not initialized by the _INITSCT function when the -pack option was specified in the CCRX compiler.</p>
		—	Added support for RX23W with 83 pin packages.
5.60	Jul.31.20	—	Added support for RX13T with 32 pin and 48 pin packages.
		1	Described available version about CCRX Compiler in Target Compiler.
		38	Added 4.4.3 CCRX Compiler Limitations.
		102	Updated 7.1 Adding the FIT Module to Your Project.
		121	<p>10.1 Confirmed Operation Environment</p> <p>Added description about compiler version.</p>
		131	Added Table 10.24 Confirmed Operation Environment (Rev.5.60).

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5.60	Jul.31.20	Program	<p>Changes associated with packages</p> <p>Changed the macro definitions for the RX23W package. [Description]</p> <p>(1) Added setting values of the following macro definitions regarding packages.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - BSP_CFG MCU_PART PACKAGE: Values: LN = 0xF = LGA/83/0.50 <p>(2) Added the following macro definitions:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - BSP PACKAGE_LGA83 <p>Changed the macro definitions for the RX13T package. [Description]</p> <p>(1) Added setting values of the following macro definitions regarding packages.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - BSP_CFG MCU_PART PACKAGE: Values: NE = 0x10 = QFN/48/0.50 Values: NH = 0x11 = QFN/32/0.50 <p>(2) Added the following macro definitions:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - BSP PACKAGE_QFN48 - BSP PACKAGE_QFN32 <p>Function related</p> <p>Fixed an issue that caused build errors when the _REENTRANT option was specified in the CCRX compiler.</p> <p>Added the initialization for BSP_CFG_SDCLK_OUTPUT. (RX66N, RX72M, RX72N)</p>
5.61	Aug.04.20	—	Added part number for RX23E-A.
		132	Added Table 10.25 Confirmed Operation Environment (Rev.5.61).
		Program	<p>Changes associated with packages</p> <p>Changed the macro definitions for the RX23E-A Chip version. [Description]</p> <p>(1) Added setting values of the following macro definitions.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - BSP_CFG MCU_PART VERSION: Values: S = 0x1C = S: Temperature (thermocouple or resistive temperature detector), DSAD 1 Unit
5.62	Nov.20.20	—	Added support for RX72M with 100 pin and 144 pin packages.
		27	3.2.7 Registers in ROM & External Memory Access Protection Added the following macro definitions: - BSP_CFG_ID_CODE_ENABLE
		39	4.6 Interrupt Vectors Used Changed Table 4.1 Interrupt Vectors Used.
		107	8. Adding r_bsp manually Changed the description.
		132	Added Table 10.26 Confirmed Operation Environment (Rev.5.62).

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5.62	Nov.20.20	Program	<p><u>Changes associated with packages</u></p> <p>Changed the macro definitions for the RX72M package. [Description]</p> <p>(1) Added setting values of the following macro definitions regarding packages.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - BSP_CFG MCU_PART PACKAGE: Values: FB = 0x03 = LFQFP/144/0.50 Values: FP = 0x05 = LFQFP/100/0.50 <p>(2) Added the following macro definitions:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - BSP PACKAGE_LFQFP144 - BSP PACKAGE_LFQFP100 <p><u>Function related</u></p> <p>Added the macro definition to set enable/disable of id code (RX64M, RX66T, RX71M, and RX72T). [Description]</p> <p>(1) Added the following macro definitions:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - BSP_CFG_ID_CODE_ENABLE <p>(2) If the id code is enabled (BSP_CFG_ID_CODE_ENABLE is 1), added the process to enable the id code protection function of Serial Programmer Command Control Register (SPCC).</p> <p>Fixed the initialization settings of VBATT for updated Technical Update Information (TN-RX*-A0214A). (RX230, RX231, and RX23W) [Description]</p> <p>(1) Fixed the initialization settings of VBATT. For details, see Technical Update Information (TN-RX*-A0214A).</p>
5.63	Jan.29.21	—	Added support for Technical Update Information.
		38	Added 3.2.21 Definitions of board setting.
		134	Added Table 10.27 Confirmed Operation Environment (Rev.5.63).
		136	Updated Technical Update Information.
		Program	<p><u>Function related</u></p> <p>Added a data input / ouput function in the IAR environment(iccrx).</p> <p>(1) Added the __write function and the __read function.</p> <p>Fixed the initialization settings of sub-clock for updated Technical Update Information (TN-RX*-A0236B). (RX64M, RX65N, RX66N, RX71M, RX72M and RX72N) [Description]</p> <p>(1) Fixed the initialization settings of sub-clock. For details, see Technical Update Information (TN-RX*-A0236B).</p> <p>Fixed the initialization settings of sub-clock for updated Technical Update Information (TN-RX*-A0237B). (RX230, RX231 and RX23W) [Description]</p> <p>(1) Fixed the initialization settings of sub-clock. For details, see Technical Update Information (TN-RX*-A0237B).</p>

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5.63	Jan.29.21	Program	Function related Fixed the initialization settings of sub-clock for updated Technical Update Information (TN-RX*-A0238B). (RX113 and RX130) [Description] (1) Fixed the initialization settings of sub-clock. For details, see Technical Update Information (TN-RX*-A0238B).
			Fixed the initialization settings of sub-clock for updated Technical Update Information (TN-RX*-A0241B). (RX110 and RX111) [Description] (1) Fixed the initialization settings of sub-clock. For details, see Technical Update Information (TN-RX*-A0241B).
			Added the macro definitions for serial terminal of board function. (All devices) [Description] (1) Added the following macro definitions: - BSP_CFG_SCI_UART_TERMINAL_ENABLE - BSP_CFG_SCI_UART_TERMINAL_CHANNEL - BSP_CFG_SCI_UART_TERMINAL_BITRATE - BSP_CFG_SCI_UART_TERMINAL_INTERRUPT_PRIORITY
			Improved the ID code protection function. (RX64M, RX66T, RX71M and RX72T)
			—
5.64	Feb.26.21	—	Added a specification to notify an error when the initial value of the heap size of BSP is smaller than the minimum value of the heap size when the heap size usage is specified for FIT modules other than BSP in the component settings of Smart Configurator.
			23 3.2.5 RTOS Added the "5"(Azure RTOS is used.) to the value of BSP_CFG_RTOS_USED.
			134 Added Table 10.28 Confirmed Operation Environment (Rev.5.64).
			Function related Added the compile switch for Azure RTOS to compile switch of BSP_CFG_RTOS_USED.
5.65	Apr.23.21	Program	— Added support for FSP.
			134 Added Table 10.29 Confirmed Operation Environment (Rev.5.65).
			Function related Added fsp_common_api.h and r_fsp_error.h to support FSP.
5.66	May.14.21	135	Added Table 10.30 Confirmed Operation Environment (Rev.5.66).
		Program	Function related Updated fsp_common_api.h.
6.11	May.18.21	—	Added support for RX671.

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6.11	May.18.21	24	<p>3.2.6 Clock Setup Added the following macro definitions.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - BSP_CFG_MAIN_CLOCK_OSCILLATE_ENABLE - BSP_CFG_SUB_CLOCK_OSCILLATE_ENABLE - BSP_CFG_HOCO_OSCILLATE_ENABLE - BSP_CFG_LOCO_OSCILLATE_ENABLE - BSP_CFG_IWDT_CLOCK_OSCILLATE_ENABLE
		27	<p>3.2.6 Clock Setup Added the following macro definitions.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - BSP_CFG_HOCO_FLL_ENABLE - BSP_CFG_HOCO_TRIMMING_ENABLE - BSP_CFG_HOCO_TRIMMING_REG_VALUE
		28	Added the Note in Table 3.7 ROM Register Defines (1/2).
		42	<p>4.6 Interrupt Vectors Used Changed Table 4.1 Interrupt Vectors Used.</p>
		89	<p>5.25 R_BSP_SoftwareInterruptOpen() Changed the description.</p>
		138	Added Table 10.31 Confirmed Operation Environment (Rev.6.11).
		140	Added 10.3 Note when using the IWDT auto-start mode.
6.20	Jun.30.21	Program	<p>Function related Fixed MDF files that remove the configure clock out (CLKOUT) pin from the software component section of BSP. (RX66N, RX72M, RX72N)</p>
		—	Added support for RX140.
		138	Added Table 10.32 Confirmed Operation Environment (Rev.6.20).
6.21	Aug.20.21	Program	<p>Function related Added support of the exception address interrupts. (RX66N, RX72M, RX72N)</p>
		139	Added Table 10.33 Confirmed Operation Environment (Rev.6.21).
		Program	<p>Fixed the initial value of PDR register of PORTH for 80 and 64 pins. (RX140) Added the Waiting for the IWDT clock oscillation stabilization. (RX140)</p>

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6.21	Aug.20.21	Program	<p>Fixed BSP FIT module due to the software issues.</p> <p>Modification Regarding Clocks</p> <p>[Description]</p> <p>When the clock source other than the PLL circuit is selected for the clock source (BSP_CFG_CLOCK_SOURCE) and the PLL circuit is selected for the clock source (BSP_CFG_CLKOUT_SOURCE) output from the CLKOUT pin, the oscillation processing of the PLL circuit is disabled. Therefore, the PLL clock is not output from the CLKOUT pin.</p> <p>[Conditions]</p> <p>When the following conditions are all met:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - BSP FIT module rev.6.20 is used with RX140. - The clock source other than the PLL circuit is selected for the clock source. (BSP_CFG_CLOCK_SOURCE != 4) - The PLL circuit is selected for the clock source output from the CLKOUT pin. (BSP_CFG_CLKOUT_SOURCE = 4) <p>[Workaround]</p> <p>Use rev.6.21 or a later version of the BSP FIT module.</p> <p>Fixed the error of the oscillation processing of the PLL circuit with this measure.</p>
7.00	Nov.30.21	19	<p>3.2 Platform Configuration</p> <p>Modified the description.</p>
		30, 31	<p>3.2.7 Registers in ROM & External Memory Access Protection</p> <p>Added the following macro definitions.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - BSP_CFG_BLOCK_ERASE_CMD_PROTECT_ENABLE - BSP_CFG_PROGRAM_CMD_PROTECT_ENABLE - BSP_CFG_READ_CMD_PROTECT_ENABLE - BSP_CFG_SERIAL_PROGRAMMER_CONECT_ENABLE - BSP_CFG_ONCHIP_DEBUGGER_CONECT_ENABLE
		35	<p>3.2.13 Definitions of Smart Configurator</p> <p>Changed chapter title. Added the following macro definition.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - BSP_CFG_CONFIGURATOR_VERSION
		43	<p>3.2.22 C++ Project</p> <p>Added the following macro definition.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - BSP_CFG_CPLUSPLUS <p>Added the section of 3.2.23 Software Configurable Interrupts.</p>
		54	Updated 4.12 Code Size.
		56, 57	<p>5.1 Summary</p> <p>Added the notes for processor mode.</p>
		59	<p>5.3 R_BSP_InterruptsDisable()</p> <p>Changed the description of the Special Notes.</p>
		60	<p>5.4 R_BSP_InterruptsEnable()</p> <p>Changed the description of the Special Notes.</p>
		62	<p>5.6 R_BSP_CpuInterruptsLevelWrite()</p> <p>Changed the description of the Special Notes.</p>
		78	<p>5.15 R_BSP_InterruptControl()</p> <p>Changed the description of the Special Notes.</p>

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7.00	Nov.30.21	89	5.23 R_BSP_SoftwareReset() Changed the description of the Special Notes.
		102, 106	6. Intrinsic Functions Added notes (Note 3) to the R_BSP_SET_IPL(x) of common macro.
		102 – 104, 106	6. Intrinsic Functions Added notes (Note 2) to the following common macros. - R_BSP_SET_IPL(x) - R_BSP_SET_PSW(x) - R_BSP_SET_ISP(x) - R_BSP_SET_INTB(x) - R_BSP_SET_BPSW(x) - R_BSP_SET_BPC(x) - R_BSP_SET_FINTV(x) - R_BSP_CHG_PMUSR() - R_BSP_SETPSW_I() - R_BSP_CLRPSW_I()
		104	Table 6.5 Deleted notes for iccrx from the R_BSP_CHG_PMUSR() of common macro.
		143	Added Table 10.34 Confirmed Operation Environment (Rev.7.00).
		145	10.3 Note when using the IWDT auto-start mode Added an example of IWDT timeout occurrence condition to the description. Added the section of 10.4 Control the Software Configurable Interrupts.
	Program	<p>Fixed BSP FIT module due to the software issues.</p> <p>Modification Regarding Functions</p> <p>[Description] If you have created a C++ project with the CCRX and used the BSP for it, one of the functions of the BSP startup process “_CALL_INIT” is disabled.</p> <p>[Conditions] The problem occurs when you have created a C++ project with the CCRX and embedded the BSP in the project using the Smart Configurator. The applicable revisions of BSP are Rev.5.00 to Rev.6.21.</p> <p>[Workaround] Use rev.7.00 or a later version of the BSP FIT module. Fixed the error of the startup processing with this measure.</p> <p>Corresponding tool news number: R20TS0763</p>	

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7.00	Nov.30.21	Program	<p>Clock related</p> <p>Changed the specification of Clock setting. (All devices other than RX671 and RX140.)</p> <p>[Description]</p> <p>Changed to set the clock setting of each device with the following macro definitions.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - BSP_CFG_MAIN_CLOCK_OSCILLATE_ENABLE - BSP_CFG_SUB_CLOCK_OSCILLATE_ENABLE - BSP_CFG_HOCO_OSCILLATE_ENABLE - BSP_CFG_LOCO_OSCILLATE_ENABLE - BSP_CFG_IWDT_CLOCK_OSCILLATE_ENABLE <p>Added the version check of Smart Configurator by the following macro definition according to this specification change.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - BSP_CFG_CONFIGURATOR_VERSION <p>[Notes]</p> <p>BSP Rev.7.00 needs to update Smart Configurator because of the cooperation function with Smart Configurator.</p>
			<p>Supported clock output function. (RX110, RX111, RX113, RX130, RX230, RX231, RX23E-A, and RX23W)</p> <p>Added setting of the HOCO trimming register. (RX130, RX13T, RX230, RX231, RX23E-A, and RX23W)</p>
			<p>Function related</p> <p>Changed the specification of ID code protection. (RX64M, RX66T, RX71M, and RX72T)</p> <p>[Description]</p> <p>When ID code protection is disabled, the block erase command, program command, and read command by the serial programmer are changed to be set individually with the following macro definitions.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - BSP_CFG_BLOCK_ERASE_CMD_PROTECT_ENABLE - BSP_CFG_PROGRAM_CMD_PROTECT_ENABLE - BSP_CFG_READ_CMD_PROTECT_ENABLE <p>Added the setting for connection of the serial programmer. (RX64M, RX65N, RX66N, RX66T, RX671, RX71M, RX72M, RX72N, and RX72T)</p> <p>[Description]</p> <p>Changed to set the connection of the serial programmer with the following macro definition.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - BSP_CFG_SERIAL_PROGRAMMER_CONECT_ENABLE <p>Added the setting for connection of the On-chip debugger. (RX671)</p> <p>[Description]</p> <p>Changed to set the connection of the On-chip debugger with the following macro definition.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - BSP_CFG_ONCHIP_DEBUGGER_CONECT_ENABLE

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7.00	Nov.30.21	Program	<p>Packages related</p> <p>Changed the macro definitions for package of all devices. [Description]</p> <p>(1) Changed initial values of the following macro definitions.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - BSP_CFG MCU_PART_GROUP - BSP_CFG MCU_PART_SERIES
7.10	Feb.11.22	—	Added support for RX66T with 48 pin packages.
		—	Updated RX140 iodefine.h to V1.10A.
		54	Updated 4.12 Code Size.
		143	Added Table 10.35 Confirmed Operation Environment (Rev.7.10).
		Program	<p>Changed the macro definitions for the RX66T package. [Description]</p> <p>(1) Added setting values of the following macro definitions regarding packages.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - BSP_CFG MCU_PART_PACKAGE: Values: FL = 0x6 = LFQFP48/0.50 (2) Added the following macro definitions: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - BSP_PACKAGE_LFQFP48 (3) Added the port initial setting for 48 pin packages.
		Function related	
		Changed the software interrupt function. (All devices) [Description]	
		(1) Changed initial value of the following macro definitions. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - BSP_CFG_SWINT_UNITn_ENABLE(n = 0, 1) 	
		—	Added support for RX660.
		—	Performed the following technical update.
7.20	Apr.22.22	—	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - TN-RX*-A0256A - TN-RX*-A0257A
		—	Updated RX140 iodefine.h to V1.10C.
		29	3.2.7 Registers in ROM & External Memory Access Protection Changed the description of BSP_CFG_ID_CODE_ENABLE.
		46	4.6 Interrupt Vectors Used Changed Table 4.1 Interrupt Vectors Used.
		57	5.1 Summary Changed the description of R_BSP_VoltageLevelSetting() and notes 2.
		85	5.19 R_BSP_VoltageLevelSetting() Changed the description.
		126	Table 9.1 Sections for the FIT module Added section in Section Name. Added note (Note 4).
		145	Added Table 10.36 Confirmed Operation Environment (Rev.7.20).
		150	Technical Update Information Added TN-RX*-A0256A and TN-RX*-A0257A.

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7.20	Apr.22.22	Program	<p>Function related</p> <p>Changed the specification of Bank mode setting of Dual Bank Function. (RX65N, RX66N, RX72M, and RX72N.)</p> <p>[Description]</p> <p>Changed to set the following macro definitions for the bank mode setting by Smart Configurator.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - BSP_CFG_CODE_FLASH_BANK_MODE <p>Added the version check of Smart Configurator by the following macro definition according to this specification change.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - BSP_CFG_CONFIGURATOR_VERSION <p>[Notes]</p> <p>BSP Rev.7.20 needs to update Smart Configurator because of the cooperation function with Smart Configurator.</p> <p>Changed the specification of section for CCRX. (All devices)</p> <p>[Description]</p> <p>Added ResetPRG section definition to startup function.</p> <p>Added the version check of Smart Configurator by the following macro definition according to this specification change.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - BSP_CFG_CONFIGURATOR_VERSION <p>[Notes]</p> <p>BSP Rev.7.20 needs to update Smart Configurator because of the cooperation function with Smart Configurator.</p>
7.21	Nov.25.22	20 47 48 58 148 149 153	<p>Added 2.2.24 Expansion RAM.</p> <p>Added 3.2.24 Expansion RAM.</p> <p>4.4.1 IAR Compiler Limitations Added limitation of Expansion RAM.</p> <p>Updated 4.12 Code Size.</p> <p>Added Table 10.37 Confirmed Operation Environment (Rev.7.21).</p> <p>10.2 Troubleshooting Added QA (5).</p> <p>Added 10.5 How to use multiple sections in the expansion RAM area.</p>
		Program	<p>Function related</p> <p>Added the section of expansion RAM to the definition of section table to initialize the section of expansion RAM with _INITSCT() in CCRX.</p> <p>Added the processing to initialize the section of expansion RAM to the _INITSCT() processing.</p> <p>Modified the MDF file so that an error is displayed when a value that causes an incorrect setting to the reserved area is specified in the setting value of TMEF – TM Enable Flag Register in the software component settings of BSP. (RX64M, RX65N, RX660, RX66N, RX66T, RX671, RX71M, RX72M, RX72N, and RX72T)</p>
7.30	Feb.28.23	—	Added support for RX26T.

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Rev.	Date	Description	
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7.30	Feb.28.23	—	Updated RX113 iodefine.h for CCRX and GCC to V1.1A. Updated RX130 iodefine.h for CCRX and GCC to V2.0A. Updated RX230 iodefine.h for CCRX and GCC to V1.0J. Updated RX231 iodefine.h for CCRX and GCC to V1.0J. Updated RX23W iodefine.h for CCRX and GCC to V1.00E. Updated RX66T iodefine.h for CCRX and GCC to V1.21a. Updated RX671 iodefine.h for CCRX and GCC to V1.00A. Updated RX72T iodefine.h for CCRX and GCC to V1.00B.
		46	3.2.23 Software Configurable Interrupts Changed the description.
		49	4.6 Interrupt Vectors Used Changed Table 4.1 Interrupt Vectors Used.
		60	5.1 Summary Changed the description of R_BSP_VoltageLevelSetting() and notes 2.
		88	5.19 R_BSP_VoltageLevelSetting() Changed the description.
		110	Table 6.7 Common Macros of Intrinsic Functions (7/8) Modified typo of iccrx of R_BSP_SINCOSF and R_BSP_ATAN2HYPOTF.
		111	Added Table 6.8 Common Macros of Intrinsic Functions (8/8).
		150	Added Table 10.38 Confirmed Operation Environment (Rev.7.30).
		Program	Function related Added _CALL_INIT function for C++ projects using IAR Compiler.
		—	Added support for RX23E-B.
7.40	Mar.10.23	—	Added Table 10.39 Confirmed Operation Environment (Rev.7.40).
		150	
7.41	Apr.26.23	—	Updated RX66T iodefine.h for GCC to V1.21b. Updated RX72T iodefine.h for GCC to V1.00C.
		58	Updated 4.12 Code Size.
		150	Added Table 10.40 Confirmed Operation Environment (Rev.7.41).
7.42	Nov.21.23	—	Updated RX26T iodefine.h to V1.10A. Updated RX113 iodefine.h for IAR to V1.1A. Updated RX130 iodefine.h for IAR to V2.0A. Updated RX230 iodefine.h for IAR to V1.0J. Updated RX231 iodefine.h for IAR to V1.0J. Updated RX23W iodefine.h for IAR to V1.00E. Updated RX66T iodefine.h for IAR to V1.21a. Updated RX671 iodefine.h for IAR to V1.00A. Updated RX72T iodefine.h for IAR to V1.00B.
		8	2.2 Initialization Updated Figure 2.1 Flowchart of startup function.
		9	Updated Figure 2.2 Flowchart of System Clock Setting.
		16	2.22 Startup Disable Updated Figure 2.5 Processing Disabled with the Startup Disable Function.

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		Page	Summary
7.42	Nov.21.23	20	2.24 Expansion RAM Modified the explanation regarding the response status of the Expansion RAM. Added the explanation about the prerequisites of GCC Compiler.
		25	3.2.4 CPU Modes & Boot Modes Deleted the note for BSP_CFG_RUN_IN_USER_MODE.
		26	3.2.5 RTOS Added notes to BSP_CFG_RTOS_USED.
		30	3.2.6 Clock setup Changed the description of the value of BSP_CFG_CLKOUT_SOURCE.
		31	Added the following macro definitions. - BSP_CFG_BACKUP_DOMAIN_SUB_CLOCK_SOURCE
		44	Deleted 3.2.17 Board Revision. (Changed the chapter numbers and table numbers of the following three chapters.)
		48	Added 3.2.24 Arithmetic Unit for Trigonometric Functions.
		49, 50	Added 3.2.25 Bus Priority.
		50	Added 3.2.26 Bootloader Project.
		51	Added 4.4.4 GCC Compiler Limitations.
		56	4.10.5 Interrupt Sources Added the following enum definitions of bsp_int_src_t. - BSP_INT_SRC_BUS_ERROR_ILLEGAL_ACCESS - BSP_INT_SRC_BUS_ERROR_TIMEOUT
		61	Updated 4.12 Code Size.
		81	5.13 R_BSP_InterruptWrite() Fixed return value description.
		90	5.18 R_BSP_StartupOpen() Updated Figure 5.2 Processing of the R_BSP_StartupOpen Function.
		98	5.24 R_BSP_VbattInitialSetting() Updated Figure 5.3 Processing of the R_BSP_VbattInitialSetting Function.
		107	Added 5.29 R_BSP_ClockReset_Bootloader().
		155	Added Table 10.41 Confirmed Operation Environment (Rev.7.42).
		Program	<p>Function related Added processing to clear the Interrupt Status Flag after assigning the interrupt source of the software configurable interrupt. (RX26T, RX64M, RX65N, RX660, RX66N, RX66T, RX671, RX71M, RX72M, RX72N, and RX72T)</p> <p>Modified the MDF files so that channels 8 and 9 can be selected in the channel settings of BSP_CFG_SCI_UART_TERMINAL_CHANNEL in the software component settings of BSP. (RX130, RX230, and RX231)</p> <p>Added the processing to initialize bus priority to startup function.</p> <p>Deleted the BSP_CFG_ROM_CODE_PROTECT_VALUE. Fixed the definition of vector table. (RX140)</p> <p>Clock related Added the R_BSP_ClockReset_Bootloader().</p>

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7.42	Nov.21.23	Program	<p>Clock related</p> <p>Added processing to return clock settings to reset state. (RX130, RX140, RX230, RX231, RX23E-A, RX23E-B, RX23W, RX24T, RX26T, RX65N, RX660, RX66N, RX66T, RX671, RX72M, and RX72N)</p> <p>Fixed the macro definition below. (RX26T)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Deleted the BSP_CFG_ROMCODE_REG_VALUE. - Deleted the BSP_BCLK_HZ. - Deleted the BSP_UCLK_HZ - Added the BSP_CFDCLK_HZ. <p>Changed the setting timing of the Main Clock Oscillator Forced Oscillation Control Register (MOFCR). (RX24T, RX26T, RX65N, RX660, RX66N, RX66T, RX671, RX72M, and RX72N)</p> <p>Changed the initial values of the following macro definitions.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - BSP_CFG_MAIN_CLOCK_OSCILLATE_ENABLE - BSP_CFG_HOCO_OSCILLATE_ENABLE - BSP_CFG_CLOCK_SOURCE - BSP_CFG_CLKOUT_SOURCE - BSP_CFG_CLKOUT_DIV - BSP_CFG_HOCO_FREQUENCY <p>Function related</p> <p>Changed the specification of bus error interrupt settings.</p> <p>[Description]</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Deleted the process to set the bus error interrupt from the startup function. - When R_BSP_InterruptControl() specifies BSP_INT_SRC_BUS_ERROR for vector, BSP_INT_CMD_INTERRUPT_ENABLE, and BSP_INT_CMD_INTERRUPT_DISABLE for cmd, the timeout detection permission bit is also controlled. (RX110, RX111, and RX113) - When R_BSP_InterruptControl() specifies BSP_INT_SRC_BUS_ERROR_ILLEGAL_ACCESS for vector, BSP_INT_CMD_INTERRUPT_ENABLE, and BSP_INT_CMD_INTERRUPT_DISABLE for cmd, added processing to control only the illegal address access detection enable bit for bus errors. - When R_BSP_InterruptControl() specifies BSP_INT_SRC_BUS_ERROR_TIMEOUT for vector, BSP_INT_CMD_INTERRUPT_ENABLE, and BSP_INT_CMD_INTERRUPT_DISABLE for cmd, added processing to control only the timeout detection enable bit for bus errors. <p>Changed the specification of R_BSP_InterruptWrite().</p> <p>Changed to return BSP_INT_ERR_INVALID_ARG as the return value when R_BSP_InterruptWrite() specifies BSP_INT_SRC_BUS_ERROR_ILLEGAL_ACCESS, and BSP_INT_SRC_BUS_ERROR_TIMEOUT, and a value greater than or equal to BSP_INT_SRC_EMPTY for vector, and a valid address for callback.</p>
7.50	May.31.24	—	Added support for RX261 and RX260.

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		Page	Summary
7.50	May.31.24	28	3.2.6 Clock setup Changed the description of the value of BSP_CFG_USB_CLOCK_SOURCE.
		31	Added the following macro definitions. - BSP_CFG_SUB_CLOCK_SOURCE - BSP_CFG_CANFD_CLOCK_SOURCE - BSP_CFG_USB_CLOCK_ENABLE - BSP_CFG_CANFD_CLOCK_ENABLE - BSP_CFG_PLL2_DIV - BSP_CFG_PLL2_MUL
		55	4.10.5 Interrupt Sources Changed bsp_int_src_t definition to RX72N definition.
		63	Updated 4.12 Code Size.
		84	5.14 R_BSP_InterruptRead() Changed Example.
7.51	Jul.05.24	—	Added Table 10.42 Confirmed Operation Environment (Rev.7.50).
		—	Updated RX26T iodefine.h to V1.10B. Updated RX671 iodefine.h for IAR to V1.00B.
		—	Updated fsp_common_api.h.
		61	Updated 4.12 Code Size.
		158	Added Table 10.43 Confirmed Operation Environment (Rev.7.51).

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Rev.	Date	Description							
		Page	Summary						
7.51	Jul.05.24	Program	<p>Fixed BSP FIT module due to the software issues.</p> <p><u>Modification Regarding Clocks</u></p> <p>[Description]</p> <p>When the IWDT is selected as the clock source for the low-power timer (BSP_CFG_LPT_CLOCK_SOURCE), the IWDT Count Stop Control Register (IWDTCSR) setting process is not executed. Therefore, problems will occur if you set the registers for LPT in combination with the LPT module(R01AN2571) or the LPT code generation software to enable to return from a low power consumption mode by the LPT, and then execute the WAIT instruction. When a transition to a low power consumption mode occurs, the IWDT stops counting. When the IWDT stops, the LPT count operation also stops, making it impossible to return from the low power consumption mode by the LPT.</p> <p>[Conditions]</p> <p>When the following conditions are all met:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - BSP FIT module rev.7.50 is used with RX260 and RX261. - Select IWDT as the LPT clock source (BSP_CFG_LPT_CLOCK_SOURCE = 1) - Set the registers for LPT in combination with the LPT module(R01AN2571) or the LPT code generation software to enable to return from a low power consumption mode by the LPT. - Execute the WAIT instruction. <p>[Workaround]</p> <p>Use rev.7.51 or a later version of the BSP FIT module.</p> <p>As a result of this fix, a correction has been made to add a setting process for the IWDT count stop control register (IWDTCSR), so the IWDT count will not stop even under the above conditions.</p>						
7.52	Nov.27.24	—	<p>Performed the following technical update.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - TN-RX*-A0278A - TN-RX*-A0279A - TN-RX*-A0280A - TN-RX*-A0281A <table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td style="width: 25%;">61</td><td>Updated 4.12 Code Size.</td></tr> <tr> <td>158</td><td>Added Table 10.44 Confirmed Operation Environment (Rev.7.52).</td></tr> <tr> <td>173</td><td>Technical Update Information Added TN-RX*-A0278A, TN-RX*-A0279A, TN-RX*-A0280A, and TN-RX*-A0281A.</td></tr> </table>	61	Updated 4.12 Code Size.	158	Added Table 10.44 Confirmed Operation Environment (Rev.7.52).	173	Technical Update Information Added TN-RX*-A0278A, TN-RX*-A0279A, TN-RX*-A0280A, and TN-RX*-A0281A.
61	Updated 4.12 Code Size.								
158	Added Table 10.44 Confirmed Operation Environment (Rev.7.52).								
173	Technical Update Information Added TN-RX*-A0278A, TN-RX*-A0279A, TN-RX*-A0280A, and TN-RX*-A0281A.								

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Rev.	Date	Description	
		Page	Summary
7.52	Nov.27.24	Program	<p>Clock related</p> <p>Corresponds to Technical Update Information (TN-RX*-A0278A). (RX64M and RX71M)</p> <p>Corresponds to Technical Update Information (TN-RX*-A0279A). (RX66N, RX72M and RX72N)</p> <p>Corresponds to Technical Update Information (TN-RX*-A0280A). (RX65N and RX651)</p> <p>Corresponds to Technical Update Information (TN-RX*-A0281A). (RX671)</p> <p>[Description]</p> <p>Changed the specifications of the sub-clock and RTC initial settings. For details, refer to each technical update.</p> <p>Added the version check of Smart Configurator by the following macro definition according to this specification change.</p> <p>- BSP_CFG_CONFIGURATOR_VERSION</p> <p>[Notes]</p> <p>BSP Rev.7.52 needs to update Smart Configurator because of the cooperation function with Smart Configurator.</p>
7.53	Feb.26.25	—	<p>Updated RX110 iodefine.h (CCRX, GCC, and IAR) to V1.00C.</p> <p>Updated RX111 iodefine.h (CCRX, GCC, and IAR) to V1.10B.</p> <p>Updated RX113 iodefine.h (CCRX, GCC, and IAR) to V1.10B.</p> <p>Updated RX130 iodefine.h (CCRX, GCC, and IAR) to V2.00B.</p> <p>Updated RX13T iodefine.h (CCRX, GCC, and IAR) to V1.00B.</p> <p>Updated RX140 iodefine.h (CCRX, GCC, and IAR) to V1.10D.</p> <p>Updated RX230 iodefine.h (CCRX, GCC, and IAR) to V1.00K.</p> <p>Updated RX231 iodefine.h (CCRX, GCC, and IAR) to V1.00K.</p> <p>Updated RX23E-A iodefine.h (CCRX, GCC, and IAR) to V1.00A.</p> <p>Updated RX23E-B iodefine.h (CCRX, GCC, and IAR) to V1.00A.</p> <p>Updated RX23T iodefine.h (CCRX, GCC, and IAR) to V1.10B.</p> <p>Updated RX23W iodefine.h (CCRX, GCC, and IAR) to V1.00F.</p> <p>Updated RX24T iodefine.h (CCRX, GCC, and IAR) to V1.00I.</p> <p>Updated RX24U iodefine.h (CCRX, GCC, and IAR) to V1.00I.</p> <p>Updated RX260 iodefine.h (CCRX, GCC, and IAR) to V1.00A.</p> <p>Updated RX261 iodefine.h (CCRX, GCC, and IAR) to V1.00A.</p> <p>Updated RX26T iodefine.h (CCRX, GCC, and IAR) to V1.10C.</p> <p>Updated RX64M iodefine.h (CCRX, GCC, and IAR) to V1.00B.</p> <p>Updated RX65N iodefine.h (CCRX, GCC, and IAR) to V2.30A.</p> <p>Updated RX660 iodefine.h (CCRX, GCC, and IAR) to V1.00A.</p> <p>Updated RX66N iodefine.h (CCRX, GCC, and IAR) to V1.00E.</p> <p>Updated RX66T iodefine.h (CCRX, and IAR) to V1.21B.</p> <p>Updated RX66T iodefine.h (GCC) to V1.21c.</p> <p>Updated RX671 iodefine.h (CCRX, GCC, and IAR) to V1.00C.</p> <p>Updated RX71M iodefine.h (CCRX, GCC, and IAR) to V1.00B.</p> <p>Updated RX72M iodefine.h (CCRX, GCC, and IAR) to V1.00E.</p> <p>Updated RX72N iodefine.h (CCRX, GCC, and IAR) to V1.00E.</p> <p>Updated RX72T iodefine.h (CCRX, and IAR) to V1.00C.</p> <p>Updated RX72T iodefine.h (GCC) to V1.00D.</p>
		61	Updated 4.12 Code Size.

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Rev.	Date	Description	
		Page	Summary
7.53	Feb.26.25	158	Added Table 10.45 Confirmed Operation Environment (Rev.7.53).
		Program	Changed the disclaimer in program sources.
7.54	May.28.25	50	Added 3.2.27 Low-level interfaces and exclusive control of reentrant libraries.
		53	4.4.4 GCC Compiler Limitations Added limitations regarding the end of support for the Optlib library.
		65	Updated 4.12 Code Size.
		118	Table 6.7 Common Macros of Intrinsic Functions (7/8) Changed the gnuc function of the following common macros to the built-in functions of GCC for Renesas RX. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - R_BSP_SET_DPSW(x) - R_BSP_GET_DPSW() - R_BSP_SET_DECNT(x) - R_BSP_GET_DECNT() - R_BSP_GET_DEPC() - R_BSP_INIT_TFU() - R_BSP_SINCOSF(x, y, z) - R_BSP_ATAN2HYPOTF(w, x, y, z)
			Table 6.7 Common Macros of Intrinsic Functions (7/8) Changed the iccrx function of the following common macros to the built-in functions of IAR C/C++ Compiler for Renesas RX. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - R_BSP_SET_DPSW(x) - R_BSP_GET_DPSW() - R_BSP_SET_DECNT(x) - R_BSP_GET_DECNT() - R_BSP_GET_DEPC()
		119	Table 6.8 Common Macros of Intrinsic Functions (8/8) Changed the gnuc function of the following common macros to the built-in functions of GCC for Renesas RX. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - R_BSP_SINCOSFX(x, y, z) - R_BSP_SINFX(x) - R_BSP_COSFX(x) - R_BSP_ATAN2HYPOTFX(w, x, y, z) - R_BSP_ATAN2FX(x, y) - R_BSP_HYPOTFX(x, y)
			Table 6.8 Common Macros of Intrinsic Functions (8/8) Changed the iccrx function of the following common macros to the built-in functions of IAR C/C++ Compiler for Renesas RX. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - R_BSP_SINCOSFX(x, y, z) - R_BSP_SINFX(x) - R_BSP_COSFX(x) - R_BSP_ATAN2HYPOTFX(w, x, y, z) - R_BSP_ATAN2FX(x, y) - R_BSP_HYPOTFX(x, y)
		161	Added Table 10.46 Confirmed Operation Environment (Rev.7.54).

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Rev.	Date	Description	
		Page	Summary
7.54	May.28.25	Program	<p>Function related</p> <p>Changed the specification of low-level interface. [Description]</p> <p>Added the following macro definitions to enable or disable low-level interface functions.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - BSP_CFG_LOW_LEVEL_INTERFACE_STUDIO_ENABLE - BSP_CFG_LOW_LEVEL_INTERFACE_SBRK_ENABLE - BSP_CFG_LOW_LEVEL_INTERFACE_REENTRANT_LIB_ENABLE <p>Fixed BSP FIT module due to the software issues. [Description]</p> <p>The atomicity of critical sections is not guaranteed when allocating and releasing semaphores in the low-level interface functions wait_sem and signal_sem for reentrant libraries. Therefore, if an interrupt occurs when allocating or releasing a semaphore, and a reentrant standard library function that calls these functions again is called from the interrupt, the state of allocating and releasing the semaphore may become inconsistent. [Workaround]</p> <p>Added exclusive control processing to wait_sem and signal_sem to ensure the atomicity of the critical sections of wait_sem and signal_sem.</p> <p>The following macro definitions have been added so that user functions can be used to secure atomicity of critical sections in the low-level interface functions wait_sem and signal_sem for the reentrant library.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - BSP_CFG_USER_EXCLUSIVE_CONTROL_ENABLE - BSP_CFG_USER_ENTER_CRITICAL_FUNCTION - BSP_CFG_USER_EXIT_CRITICAL_FUNCTION <p>As support for the OPTLIB library has ended, processing of low-level interface functions related to the OPTLIB library has been deleted.</p> <p>Added a compile switch to enable the following functions only in GNUC and ICCRX.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - R_BSP_ChangeToUserMode - R_BSP_BitSet - R_BSP_BitClear - R_BSP_BitReverse

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Rev.	Date	Description	
		Page	Summary
7.54	May.28.25	Program	<p>Function related</p> <p>Added a compile switch to enable the following functions only in ICCRX.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - R_BSP_MoveToAccHiLong - R_BSP_MoveToAccLoLong - R_BSP_MoveFromAccHiLong - R_BSP_MoveFromAccMiLong - bsp_move_from_acc_hi_long - bsp_move_from_acc_mi_long - R_BSP_SetBPSW - R_BSP_GetBPSW - R_BSP_SetBPC - R_BSP_GetBPC - R_BSP_SetEXTB - R_BSP_GetEXTB - bsp_get_bpsw - bsp_get_bpc - bsp_get_extb
			<p>Changed the gnuc function of the following common macros to the built-in functions of GCC for Renesas RX.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - R_BSP_SET_DPSW(x) - R_BSP_GET_DPSW() - R_BSP_SET_DECNT(x) - R_BSP_GET_DECNT() - R_BSP_GET_DEPC() - R_BSP_INIT_TFU() - R_BSP_SINCOSF(x, y, z) - R_BSP_ATAN2HYPOTF(w, x, y, z) - R_BSP_SINCOSFX(x, y, z) - R_BSP_SINFX(x) - R_BSP_COSFX(x) - R_BSP_ATAN2HYPOTFX(w, x, y, z) - R_BSP_ATAN2FX(x, y) - R_BSP_HYPOTFX(x, y)
			<p>Changed the iccrx function of the following common macros to the built-in functions of IAR C/C++ Compiler for Renesas RX.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - R_BSP_SET_DPSW(x) - R_BSP_GET_DPSW() - R_BSP_SET_DECNT(x) - R_BSP_GET_DECNT() - R_BSP_GET_DEPC() - R_BSP_SINCOSFX(x, y, z) - R_BSP_SINFX(x) - R_BSP_COSFX(x) - R_BSP_ATAN2HYPOTFX(w, x, y, z) - R_BSP_ATAN2FX(x, y) - R_BSP_HYPOTFX(x, y)

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Rev.	Date	Description	
		Page	Summary
7.54	May.28.25	Program	<p>Function related</p> <p>Deleted the following intrinsic functions.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - R_BSP_SetDPSW - R_BSP_GetDPSW - R_BSP_SetDECNT - R_BSP_GetDECNT - R_BSP_GetDEPC - bsp_get_dpsw - bsp_get_decnt - bsp_get_depc - R_BSP_InitTFU - R_BSP_CalcSine_Cosine - R_BSP_CalcAtan_SquareRoot - R_BSP_CalcSine_Cosine_Fpn - R_BSP_CalcSine_Fpn - R_BSP_CalcCosine_Fpn - R_BSP_CalcAtan_SquareRoot_Fpn - R_BSP_CalcAtan_Fpn - R_BSP_CalcSquareRoot_Fpn - bsp_calc_sine_fsp - bsp_calc_cosine_fsp - bsp_calc_atan_fsp - bsp_calc_squareroot_fsp <p>Interrupt related</p> <p>Changed the process to enable group interrupts.</p> <p>[Description]</p> <p>When enabling an edge-detected group interrupt, it now checks whether other peripherals in the group interrupt are enabled, and if any are enabled, it does not clear the interrupt status flag. For level-detected group interrupts, the process for clearing the interrupt status flag when the group interrupts is enabled has been deleted.</p> <p>Clock related</p> <p>Added processing to return clock settings to reset state. (RX72T)</p> <p>Changed the setting timing of the Main Clock Oscillator Forced Oscillation Control Register (MOFCR). (RX72T)</p>
7.60	Jul.30.25	—	Added support for RX26T with 32 pin packages.
		65	Updated 4.12 Code Size.
		161	Added Table 10.47 Confirmed Operation Environment (Rev.7.60).
7.70	Sep.12.25	—	Added support for RX14T.
		65	Updated 4.12 Code Size.
		161	Added Table 10.48 Confirmed Operation Environment (Rev.7.70).

General Precautions in the Handling of Microprocessing Unit and Microcontroller Unit Products

The following usage notes are applicable to all Microprocessing unit and Microcontroller unit products from Renesas. For detailed usage notes on the products covered by this document, refer to the relevant sections of the document as well as any technical updates that have been issued for the products.

1. Precaution against Electrostatic Discharge (ESD)

A strong electrical field, when exposed to a CMOS device, can cause destruction of the gate oxide and ultimately degrade the device operation. Steps must be taken to stop the generation of static electricity as much as possible, and quickly dissipate it when it occurs. Environmental control must be adequate. When it is dry, a humidifier should be used. This is recommended to avoid using insulators that can easily build up static electricity. Semiconductor devices must be stored and transported in an anti-static container, static shielding bag or conductive material. All test and measurement tools including work benches and floors must be grounded. The operator must also be grounded using a wrist strap. Semiconductor devices must not be touched with bare hands. Similar precautions must be taken for printed circuit boards with mounted semiconductor devices.

2. Processing at power-on

The state of the product is undefined at the time when power is supplied. The states of internal circuits in the LSI are indeterminate and the states of register settings and pins are undefined at the time when power is supplied. In a finished product where the reset signal is applied to the external reset pin, the states of pins are not guaranteed from the time when power is supplied until the reset process is completed. In a similar way, the states of pins in a product that is reset by an on-chip power-on reset function are not guaranteed from the time when power is supplied until the power reaches the level at which resetting is specified.

3. Input of signal during power-off state

Do not input signals or an I/O pull-up power supply while the device is powered off. The current injection that results from input of such a signal or I/O pull-up power supply may cause malfunction and the abnormal current that passes in the device at this time may cause degradation of internal elements. Follow the guideline for input signal during power-off state as described in your product documentation.

4. Handling of unused pins

Handle unused pins in accordance with the directions given under handling of unused pins in the manual. The input pins of CMOS products are generally in the high-impedance state. In operation with an unused pin in the open-circuit state, extra electromagnetic noise is induced in the vicinity of the LSI, an associated shoot-through current flows internally, and malfunctions occur due to the false recognition of the pin state as an input signal become possible.

5. Clock signals

After applying a reset, only release the reset line after the operating clock signal becomes stable. When switching the clock signal during program execution, wait until the target clock signal is stabilized. When the clock signal is generated with an external resonator or from an external oscillator during a reset, ensure that the reset line is only released after full stabilization of the clock signal. Additionally, when switching to a clock signal produced with an external resonator or by an external oscillator while program execution is in progress, wait until the target clock signal is stable.

6. Voltage application waveform at input pin

Waveform distortion due to input noise or a reflected wave may cause malfunction. If the input of the CMOS device stays in the area between VIL (Max.) and VIH (Min.) due to noise, for example, the device may malfunction. Take care to prevent chattering noise from entering the device when the input level is fixed, and also in the transition period when the input level passes through the area between VIL (Max.) and VIH (Min.).

7. Prohibition of access to reserved addresses

Access to reserved addresses is prohibited. The reserved addresses are provided for possible future expansion of functions. Do not access these addresses as the correct operation of the LSI is not guaranteed.

8. Differences between products

Before changing from one product to another, for example to a product with a different part number, confirm that the change will not lead to problems. The characteristics of a microprocessing unit or microcontroller unit products in the same group but having a different part number might differ in terms of internal memory capacity, layout pattern, and other factors, which can affect the ranges of electrical characteristics, such as characteristic values, operating margins, immunity to noise, and amount of radiated noise. When changing to a product with a different part number, implement a system-evaluation test for the given product.

Notice

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Corporate Headquarters

TOYOSU FORESIA, 3-2-24 Toyosu,
Koto-ku, Tokyo 135-0061, Japan

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