group_by_clause :

A railroad/syntax diagram for `group_by_clause` starting with `GROUP_BY`, branching into the following alternatives:

- `<quoted string>`
- `NUMERIC`
- `NUMBER_VALUE`
- `DOT` `<integer value>`
- `<integer value>`
- `<identifier>`
- `<identifier>` `[` `<integer value>` `]`
- `<identifier>` `[` `<integer value>` `,` `<integer value>` `]`
- `<identifier>` `DOT` `<identifier>` `[` `<integer value>` `]`
- `<identifier>` `DOT` `<identifier>` `[` `<integer value>` `,` `<integer value>` `]`
- `DOLLAR` `<identifier>`
- `<identifier>` `DOT` `<identifier>`
- `<identifier>` `DOT` `MULTIPLY`
- `TRUE`
- `FALSE`
- `USER`
- `MULTIPLY`
- `(` sql_value_expression `)`
- `DATE` `(` sql_value_expression `)`
- `DAY` `(` sql_value_expression `)`
- `MONTH` `(` sql_value_expression `)`
- `YEAR` `(` sql_value_expression `)`
- `<identifier>` `(` sql_value_expression `)`
- `AVG` `(` (`ALL` | `DISTINCT` | `UNIQUE`) sql_value_expression `)`
- `XMAX` `(` (`ALL` | `DISTINCT` | `UNIQUE`) sql_value_expression `)`
- `XMIN` `(` (`ALL` | `DISTINCT` | `UNIQUE`) sql_value_expression `)`
- `SUM` `(` (`ALL` | `DISTINCT` | `UNIQUE`) sql_value_expression `)`
- `COUNT` `(` (`ALL` | `DISTINCT` | `UNIQUE`) sql_value_expression `)`