

# Philippians

## What is Markdown?

*Markdown is an easy way to format your documents without having to constantly highlight text and click buttons.*

*To use markdown you just add a few markers to your text and it will appear as nicely formatted text as soon as you save it. **It even looks good as is***

**Adding Headings** To add a heading just put a pound sign(s) in front of your text. You can add up to 6 pound signs which will represent Headings 1 - 6.

```
# Heading 1
## Heading 2
### Heading 3
#### Heading 4
##### Heading 5
##### Heading 6
```

And these headings will look like the following when you view them.

## Heading 1

### Heading 2

#### Heading 3

#### Heading 4

#### Heading 5

 Heading 6

**Adding other formatting** Beside headings there are many other formats available. Here is an important rule.

**To change formats *always* add a blank line above the text you wish to format.**

If you ever have a line that does not seem to format itself as expected, add blank lines above and below.

**Italic, Bold, and Bold Italic** You can use either \* or \_ to create the above formats it's really easy.

```
*Italic*
**Bold**
***Bold Italic***
_Italic_
__Bold__
___Bold Italic___
```

Either of the above produce the following it's just a matter of preference:

*Italic*

**Bold**

***Bold Italic***

**Indents and colors** To add indented text you simply need to add a > to the beginning of the first line.  
It's as easy as this.

```
> Indented text begins like this...
More indented text.
    < This blank line ends indentation >
A fresh un-indented line
```

This is what results from the above:

```
    Indented text begins like this...
    More indented text.
```

A fresh un-indented line

### **Adding Colored Indented text**

To use colored text do the following:

```
> This is indented black text.
>> This is indented Green text.
>>> This is indented Red text.
```

```
    This is indented black text.
```

```
        This is indented Green text.
```

This is indented Red text.

This is the same as the above:

```
>
Black indented text.
>>
Green indented text
>>>
Red indented text.
```

**Adding a Horizontal line** To draw a horizontal line across the page simply add 3 minus signs.

```
---
```

This will make a nice looking line across the page.

---

**Making Literal text.** To make text formatted exactly as you type it use a “code block”.

~~~use three tilde's above

```
  *
  ^
  ===
  =====
  | <>  <> |
  \   |   /
  ~~~~
  \   /
  ""
```

~~~use three tilde's below  
to "fence in" your literal text.

Any text between these two lines of tilde's will be formatted just as it is typed and it will be contained in a box, just like the text above.

**Adding Bullets** To make bulleted text you just add a \* with a space following and you will get a bullet.  
(make sure you have a blank line over the first bulleted line)

\* Bulleted Text

This produces the following:

- Bulleted Text

### **Nested Lists**

Bullets and Numbered lists can have many layers.

```
* First level Bullet text
  * (Add 4 spaces in front)
    * (Add 8 spaces and so on)
```

This will produce the following:

- First level Bullet text
  - (Add 4 space in front)
    - \* (Add 8 spaces and so on)

*You see that even without formatting it is perfectly readable as a nested list.*  
Numbered lists work just like bulleted lists only you start each line with a number a period and a space.  
(Leave a blank line over your numbered lists too)

```
1. First level numbered list.
  1. Second level
  2. (use four spaces)
    1. Third level
    2. (use 8 spaces)
2. Another first level
```

This produces the following:

1. First level numbered list.
  - (a) Second level
    - (b) (use four spaces)
      - i. Third level
      - ii. (use 8 spaces)
2. Another first level

**Creating Links to web pages** There are several ways to create links to web pages, I will give you three which should be enough to handle almost any circumstance.

### **auto-links**

Links will automatically be created whenever you enclose a web address in <>  
Example:

```
<http://studyworx.net>
```

The above will produce:

<http://studyworx.net>

For references and footnotes this is often the quickest and clearest way to create links that give the address, as well as a direct link to the site.

### **Named Links**

What if you want a nice name for a long ugly link? There is another way.

```
[Sweet happy named link](http://studyworx.net)
```

The above will produce:

[Sweet happy named link](http://studyworx.net)

But what if you want to put a long ugly link in the middle of a sentence and you don't want it to look terrible?

### ***Referenced Links***

A referenced link allow you to use a link in a sentence without making your sentence a total mess.

```
Check [here][1] for the answer.
```

```
Then anywhere later, usually at the end  
of your document add the link like this:
```

```
[1]: http://studyworx.net "pop up text"
```

The above will produce this:

Check [here](http://studyworx.net) for the answer.

This is bazzaar - do not get this at all.