

# Coimisiún na Scrúduithe Stáit State Examinations Commission

# Junior Certificate Examination 2016

# **Mathematics**

# Paper 2 Higher Level

# Monday 13 June – Morning 9:30 to 12:00

# 300 marks

Examination number						
Centre stamp						
Running total						

	For examiner								
Question	Mark	Question	Mark						
1		11							
2		12							
3									
4									
5									
6									
7									
8									
9									
10		Total							

Grade	

#### **Instructions**

There are 12 questions on this examination paper. Answer **all** questions.

Questions do not necessarily carry equal marks. To help you manage your time during this examination, a maximum time for each question is suggested. If you remain within these times you should have about 10 minutes left to review your work.

Write your answers in the spaces provided in this booklet. You may lose marks if you do not do so. You may ask the superintendent for more paper. Label any extra work clearly with the question number and part.

The superintendent will give you a copy of the *Formulae and Tables* booklet. You must return it at the end of the examination. You are not allowed to bring your own copy into the examination.

You will lose marks if you do not show all necessary work.

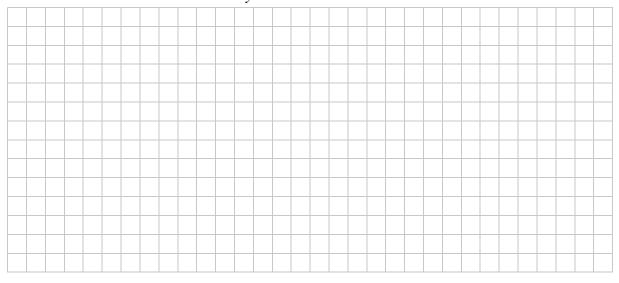
You may lose marks if you do not include the appropriate units of measurement, where relevant.

You may lose marks if you do not give your answers in simplest form, where relevant.

Write the make and model of your calculator(s) here:	

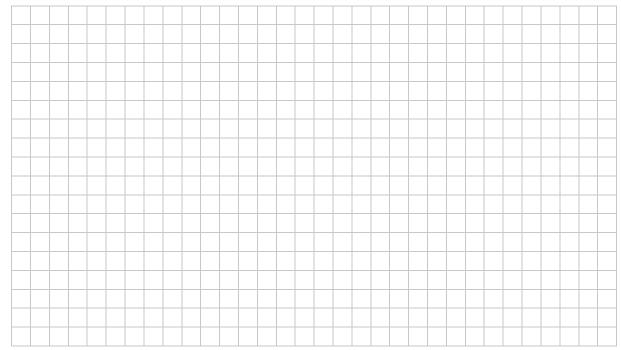
(a) The following five numbers have a median of 6 and a range of 9. They are given in increasing order.

Find the value of x and the value of y.



**(b)** The following six numbers have a median of 15, a mean of 18, and a range of 30. They are given in increasing order.

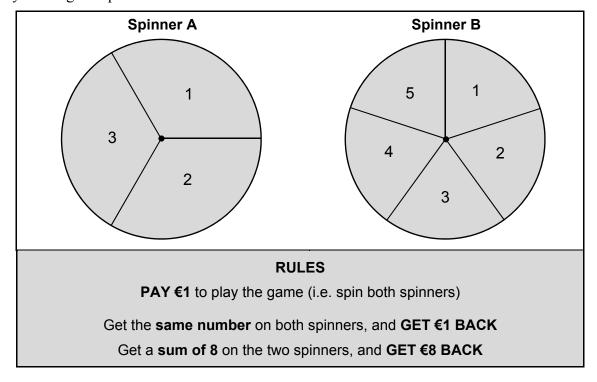
Find the value of a, the value of b, and the value of c.



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#### (Suggested maximum time: 15 minutes)

Paul is raising money for a charity in his school. He organises a fun day where one of the games is played using the spinners and the rules shown below.

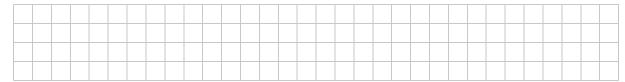


(a) Complete the **two-way table** below to show the **sum** of the numbers on the two spinners.

		Spinner B								
		1	2	3	4	5				
A	1			4						
Spinner	2									
$\mathbf{S}\mathbf{p}$	3		5							

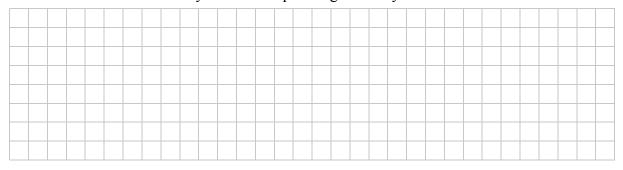
Each outcome in the two-way table is equally likely.

(b) Find the probability that you get €8 back if you play the game once.



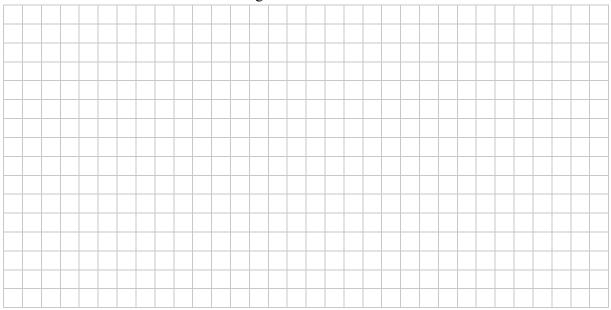
(c) 320 students play the game.

Find the number of students you would expect to get exactly €1 back.



(d) After 320 students have played the game, 74 students have got exactly €1 back, and Paul has made a profit of €110 from the game.

Find the number of students who have got €8 back.



(e) Paul says that the probability of someone getting money back ( $\in$ 1 or  $\in$ 8) would **decrease** if he changed **Spinner B** so that it went from **1 to 6** instead of 1 to 5, and kept the rules the same.

Is Paul correct?

Make out a two-way table using the changed Spinner B, and use it to justify your answer fully.

Answer:			
- Justification:			
(including two-way table)			

previous	page	running

#### (Suggested maximum time: 25 minutes)

**Table 1** on the right shows the percentage of female members of parliament in each of the current 28 EU countries in 2005 and 2015. The figures are given in increasing order for each year.

(a) Find the value of the median and the upper quartile for the 2015 data. Fill your answers into the table below.

The lower quartile value is already filled in.

	Lower Quartile	Median	Upper Quartile
2015	19·5%		

-										

**(b) Explain** what the value of the lower quartile of the 2015 data means, in this context.

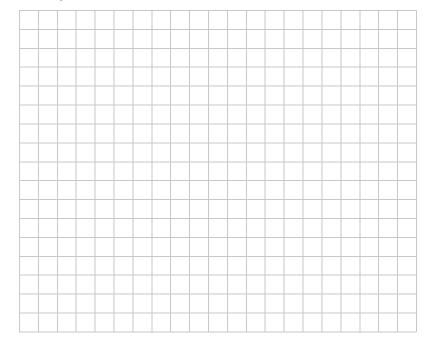
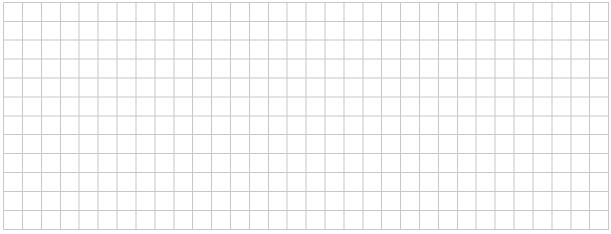


Table 1					
e members iament					
2015					
10					
13					
13					
14					
16					
18					
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23					
23					
24					
24					
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37					
39					
41					
42					
44					

(c) Fill in the grouped frequency table in **Table 2** below.

Table 2									
% of female members of parliament		0 – 9	10 – 19	20 – 29	30 – 39	40 – 49			
Number of	2005								
countries	2015								

(d) Based on the data in **Table 2**, use **mid-interval values** to estimate the mean percentage of female members of parliament in **2005**. Give your answer correct to one decimal place.



(e) Using **mid-interval values** from **Table 2**, Tom estimates that the mean percentage of female members of parliament in 2015 is 27%.

Using the figures in **Table 1**, the **actual mean** percentage in 2015 is 26.86%.

(i) Explain why these two values are different.



(ii) Write the **error** in Tom's estimate of the mean as a **percentage** of the actual mean. Give your answer correct to two decimal places.

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Paper 2 – Higher Level

Mathematics

(f) Display the data **graphically** in a way that allows you to compare the data for the two years. Label your graph(s) clearly. Show any calculations that you make.

You may use the data from **Table 1** or **Table 2**. The tables are reprinted on the next page.

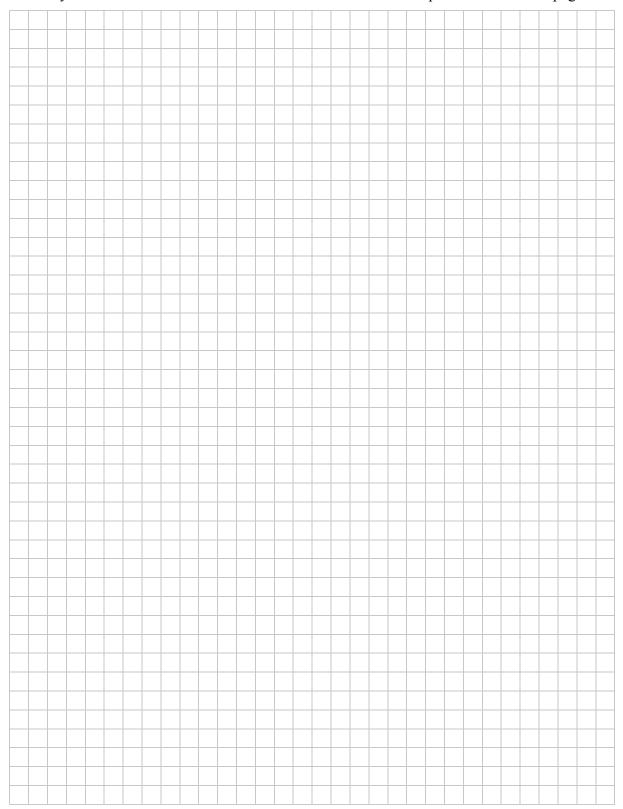


	Table 2											
% of female members of parliame		0-9	10 – 19	20 – 29	30 – 39	40 – 49						
Number	2005											
of countries	2015											

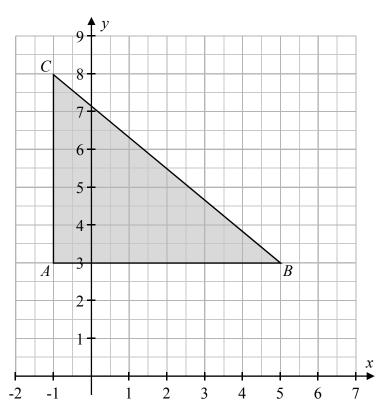
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Table 1										
% of female members										
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2005	2015									
9	10									
9	13									
11	13									
12	14									
12	16									
12	18									
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34	37									
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38	42									
45	44									

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The triangle ABC is shown on the co-ordinate grid below.



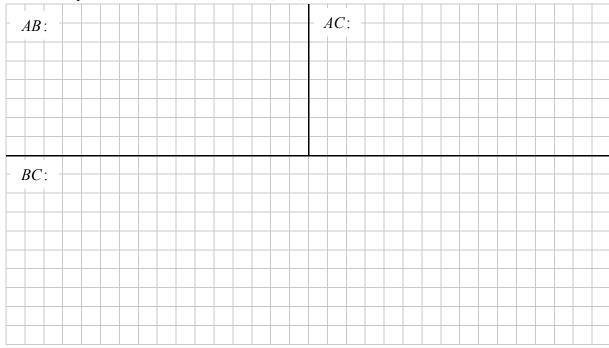
(a) Write down the co-ordinates of the points A, B, and C.

$$A =$$
 ( , )

$$B = \left[ \left( \right), \right]$$

$$C = \begin{pmatrix} & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \end{pmatrix}$$

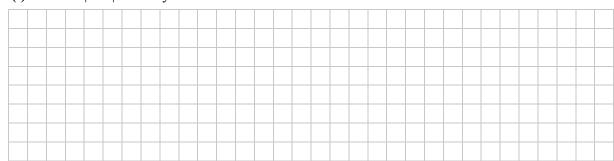
**(b)** Find the equation of each of the lines AB, AC, and BC.



(c) Use trigonometry to find the measure of the angle *ABC*. Give your answer in degrees, correct to two decimal places.



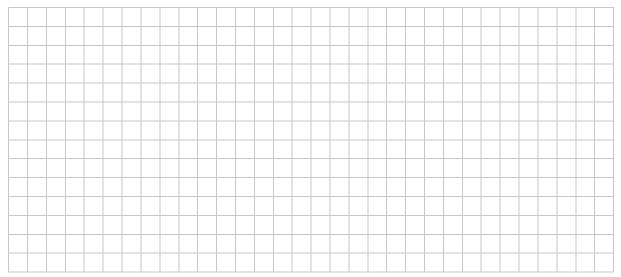
(d) (i) Find |BC|. Give your answer in surd form.



(ii) Hence, or otherwise, find the area of the circle that goes through the points A, B, and C. Give your answer in terms of  $\pi$ .



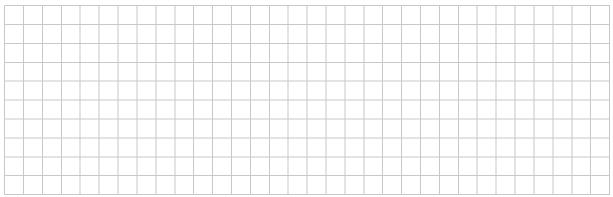
(e) Find the equation of the line through the point A that is perpendicular to the line BC.



previous	page	running

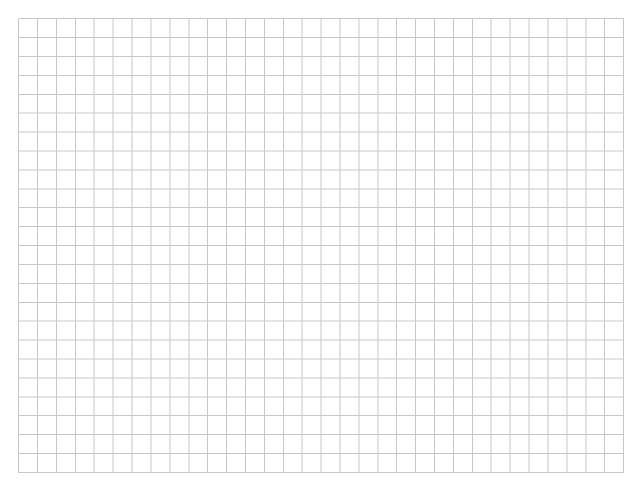
## (Suggested maximum time: 10 minutes)

(a) Is the point (3, -5) on the line 5x + 3y + 6 = 0? Justify your answer.



**(b)** Find the point of intersection of the following two lines.

$$3x + 2y = 7$$
$$y = -2x + 5$$



Prove that the angles in any triangle add to 180°.

Diagram:

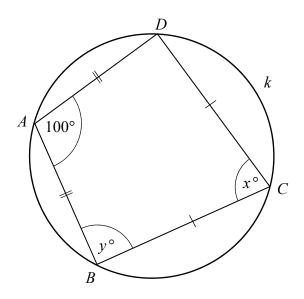
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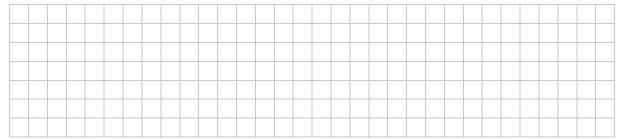
## (Suggested maximum time: 5 minutes)

The points A, B, C, and D are shown on the diagram. They are all on the circle k. |AB| = |AD| and |BC| = |DC|, as shown.

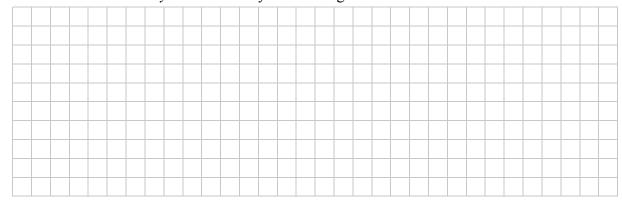
The sizes of some of the angles are marked.



(a) Calculate the value of x.

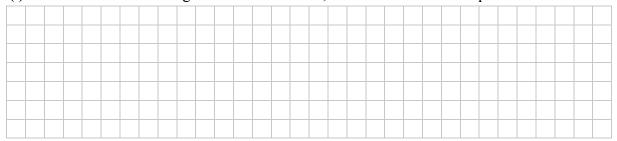


**(b)** Calculate the value of y. Show all of your working out.

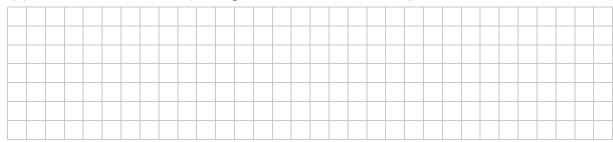


# (Suggested maximum time: 10 minutes)

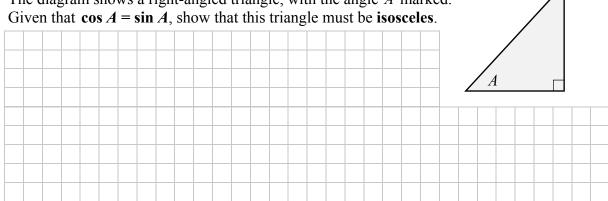
Write 2° 43′ 5″ in degrees in decimal form, correct to two decimal places. (a) (i)



Write 3·14° in DMS (i.e. degrees, minutes, and seconds).



The diagram shows a right-angled triangle, with the angle A marked. **(b)** 



A right-angled triangle has sides of length 7 cm, 24 cm, and 25 cm. (c) Find the size of the **smallest** angle in this triangle. Give your answer correct to one decimal place.

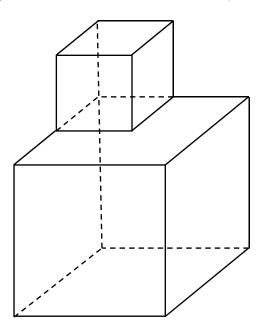
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# (Suggested maximum time: 10 minutes)

A shape is made by placing a small cube on top of a larger one, as shown. The cubes have edges of length 1 unit and 2 units.

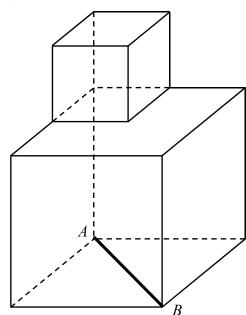
(a) Find the total surface area of this shape.





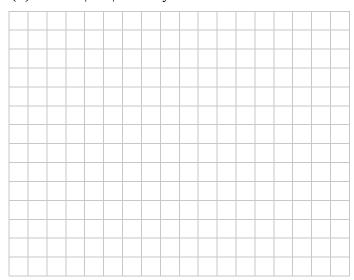
- **(b)** The line segment [AB] is a diagonal of the base of the shape, as shown.
  - (i) Find |AB|. Give your answer in surd form.

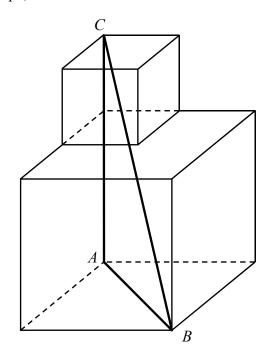




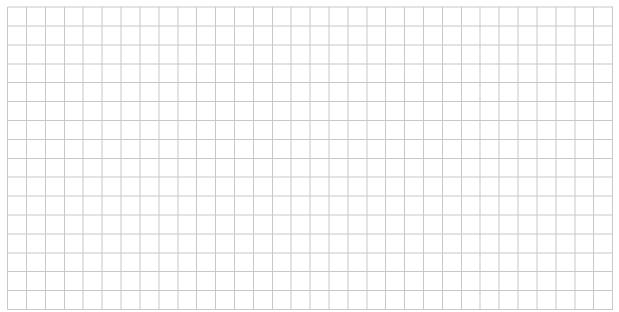
The right-angled triangle ABC is constructed inside this shape, as shown.

(ii) Find |BC|. Give your answer in surd form.





(iii) Find the length of the part of the line BC that is inside the larger cube.

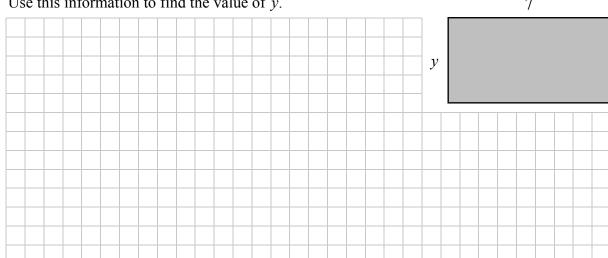


#### (Suggested maximum time: 10 minutes)

In this question, all lengths are in cm and all areas are in cm<sup>2</sup>.

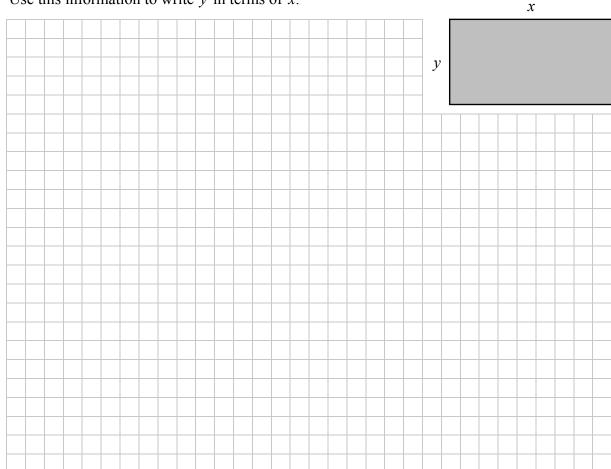
(a) The diagram shows a rectangle with sides of length 7 and y. The value of the area of the rectangle is equal to the length of its perimeter.

Use this information to find the value of y.



(b) The diagram shows a rectangle with sides of length x and y, where x > 2. The value of the area of the rectangle is equal to the length of its perimeter.

Use this information to write y in terms of x.

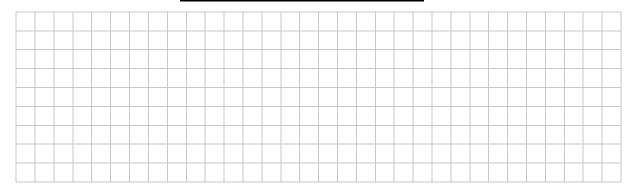


## (Suggested maximum time: 5 minutes)

Fiona finds the volumes of five different cylinders. Each of them has a height of K centimetres.

(a) Complete the table below to show the volume of each of the five cylinders. Give each answer in terms of  $\pi$  and K.

Radius of cylinder (cm)	Height of cylinder (cm)	Volume of cylinder (cm <sup>3</sup> )
1	K	
2	K	
3	K	9 π <i>K</i>
4	K	
5	K	



**(b)** Is the sequence of volumes in the table linear, quadratic, exponential, or none of these? Justify your answer fully.

A																
Ju																

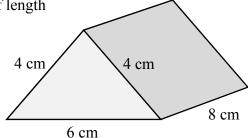
previous	page	running

# (Suggested maximum time: 20 minutes)

(a) A packet of sweets is in the shape of a closed triangular-based prism. It has a height of 8 cm and a triangular base with sides of length

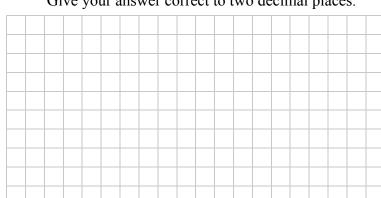
4 cm, 4 cm, and 6 cm.

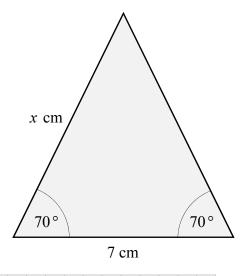
Construct an accurate **net** of the prism. Show all of your construction lines clearly.



- **(b)** A different triangular-based prism has the base shown in the diagram on the right.
  - (i) Use trigonometry to find the length of the side marked x cm.

Give your answer correct to two decimal places.

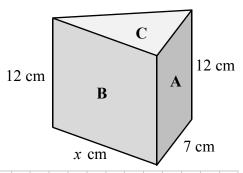


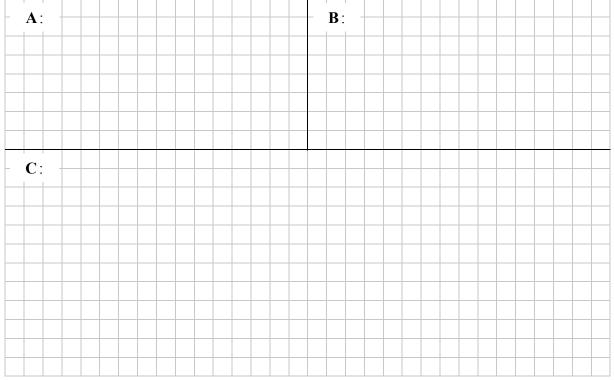


This prism is shown in the diagram on the right. It has a height of 12 cm.

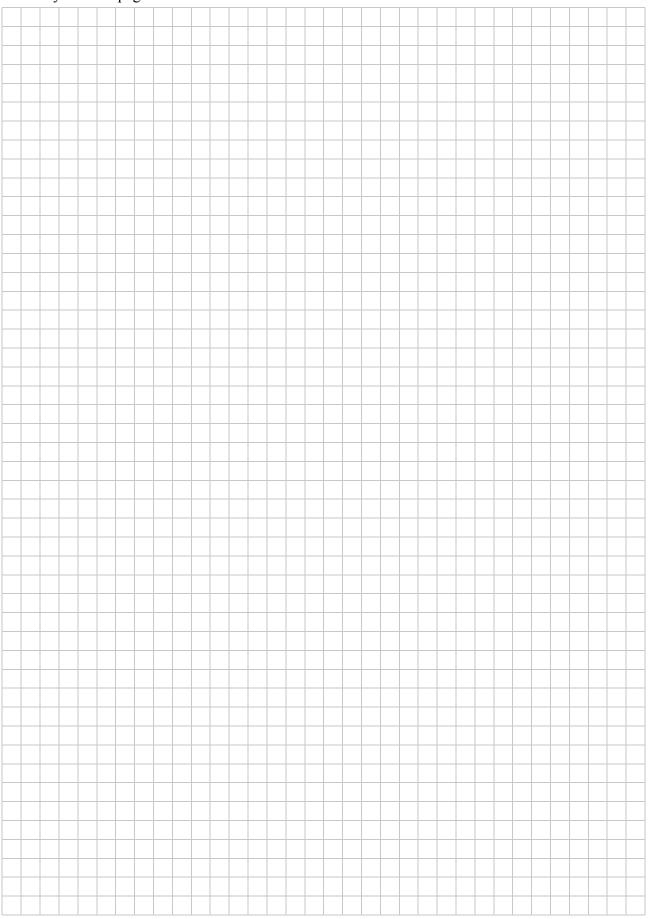
Three of its faces are labelled A, B, and C.

(ii) Find the area of each of the faces labelled
A, B, and C in the diagram.
Give each answer correct to the nearest cm<sup>2</sup>.

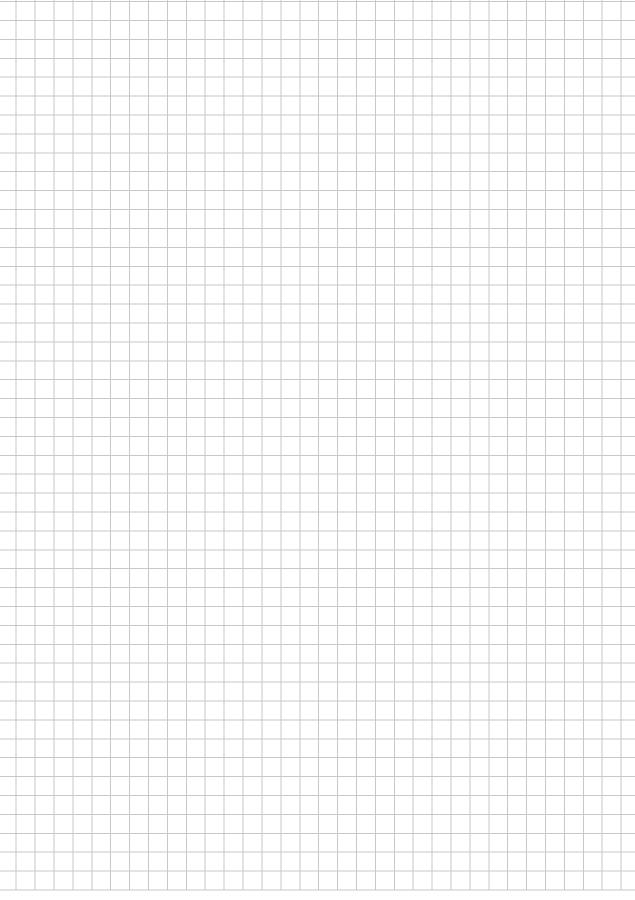




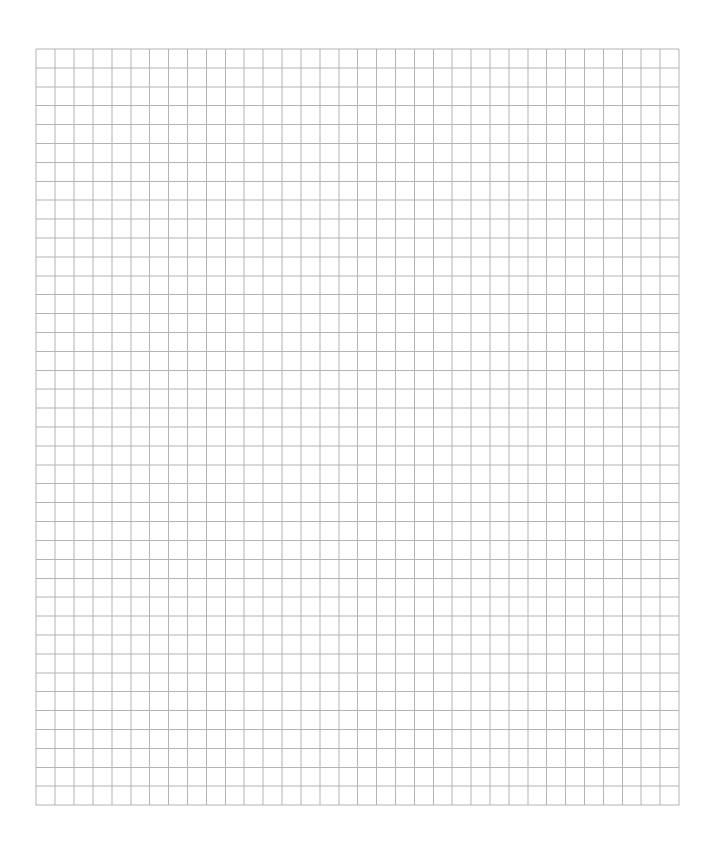
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previous	page	running
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Junior Certificate 2016 – Higher Level

Mathematics – Paper 2

Monday 13 June Morning 9:30 to 12:00