# ECMAScript 6

Course 8



### Outline

- Syntax
- New Objects
- Fetch
- 2016

# Syntax

## Syntax

- const
- let
- Template string
- Arrow function
- Default parameter

- Spread operator
- Destructing assign
- Object initializer
- Class
- Import/Export

#### const

```
const foo = 100;
foo; // 100

foo = 101;
foo; // 100
```

### let

```
{
    let foo = 100;
    foo; // 100
}

foo; //undefined
```

### let

```
for (let i = 0; i < len; i++) {
   // blah
}</pre>
```

## Template String

```
var name = 'world';
var greeting = `hello ${name}`;
greeting; //hello world;
```



- Grave accent
- Back tick
- Shell: execute command in between

```
var square = (x) => {
  return x * x;
};

var square2 = x => x * x;
```

```
// Empty function body
var foo = (x) => {}

// Single parameter
var foo = x => {}

// No parameter
var foo = () => {}

// More parameters
var foo = (x, y) => {}
```

```
// Single expression
var foo = (x) => x*x

// Multiple expression
var foo = (x) => {
  let y = x * x;
  // need return
  return y * x;
}
```

- Auto return result of single expression
- Lexical this , like CoffeeScript

#### Default Parameter

```
function foo(x = 5, y = 5) { }
```

#### Rest Parameters

```
function foo(x = 5, ...rest) {
  rest;
}
foo(1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6);
// [2,3,4,5,6]
```

# Spread Operator

```
function f(x, y, z) { }
var args = [0, 1, 2];
f.apply(null, args);
f(...args);
```

## Spread Operator

```
var arg2 = [...args, 3, 4];
// [0,1,2,3,4]

var arg3 = arg.push(...arg2);
// [0,1,2,0,1,2,3,4]
```

## Destructing Assign

```
var a, b;

[a, b] = [1, 2];
//a:1, b:2
```

## Destructing Assign

```
[a, b] = [b, a];
//swap

[a, ,[b, c]] = [1, 0, [2, 3]];
//a:1, b:2, c:3

{lan: a, lon: b} = getPOS();
//object destructing
```

## Destructing & Spread

```
[a, ...b] = [1, 2, 3, 4, 5];
//a:1, b:[2,3,4,5]
```

#### Object Initializer Shorthand

```
function getPoint() {
  var x = 1;
  var y = 10;

  return {x, y};
}
```

#### Object Initializer Shorthand

```
var a = "foo", b = 42, c = {};
var o = { a: a, b: b, c: c };

var a = "foo", b = 42, c = {};
var o = { a, b, c };
```

# Computed Property

```
var prop = "foo";
var o = {
    [prop]: "hey",
    ["b" + "ar"]: "there",
};
```

### Class

```
class Counter {
  constructor() {
    this.count = 0;
  }
  tick() {
    this.count++;
  }
  get count() {
    return this.count;
  }
}
```

#### Class Extend

```
class People extends Counter {
  constructor(people) {
    this.people = people;
    for (let p in people) {
      this.tick();
    }
  }
}
var p = new People([1,2,3,4,5]);
p.count; //5
```

#### Class

- No multiple inheritance
- Define property only in constructor

## Import/Export

• The syntax to define module

### Export

```
export default 42;
export default function foo() {};

export { encrypt };
export { decrypt as dec };
export { encrypt as en } from 'crypto';
export * from 'crypto';
```

### Export

```
export default 42;
export default function foo() {};

export { encrypt };
export { decrypt as dec };
export { encrypt as en } from 'crypto';
export * from 'crypto';
```

### Import

```
import 'jquery';
import $ from 'jquery';
import { $ } from 'jquery';
import { $ as jQuery } from 'jquery';
```

# Map/Set

## Map

- Like object, {...}
- Key, value pair data structure
- Use non-string data as key
- Native object's key will use toString

# Map

```
m = new Map();
m.set(true, 'T');
m.set(false, 'F');

m.size; //2

m.get(true); //"T"
m.get(false); //"F"
```

# Map Methods

clear

delete keys

entries set

forEach values

get

### Set

- Like array, [...]
- Can't get value at specific index
- Use for...of

### Set

```
s = new Set();
s.add('A');
s.add('B');
s.add('C');

for (v of s) {
   console.log(v);
}
// A, B ,C
```

#### Set Methods

add forEach

clear

delete values

entries

## WeakMap/WeakSet

Not prevent Garbage Collection

### for...of

### for...of

- New loop method
- Like CoffeeScript's for...in
- Used to loop iterable object items

#### Iterable

Array

String

Map

Set

### Iterator

#### Iterator

- A new interface in ES spec
- User can implement custom iterator
- An object with next method

#### lterator.next

- · Return an object with value and done
- value is next item's value
- done shows is this iterator finished
- Can't reuse

#### Iterator

```
var it = idMaker();
console.log(it.next().value);
console.log(it.next().value);
console.log(it.next().value);
```

#### Generator

#### Generator

- Like idMaker
- Generator is a function, generate iterator
- Different invoke will create different iterator, iterate the same list.

#### Generator

```
function idMaker() {
  var index = 0;
  return {
    next: function () {
      return {
      value: index++,
          done: false
      };
    }
  };
}
```

- yield is generator helper
- Let you easy to create generator

```
function* idMaker(){
  var index = 0;
  while(true)
    yield index++;
}
```

```
function* idMaker(){
  var index = 0;
  while(index < 6)
    yield index++;
}</pre>
```

- \* is the indicator to tell runtime
- yield is return point

```
function* idMaker(){
  var index = 0;
  while(index < 6)
    yield index++;
}</pre>
```

```
function* idMaker(){
   var index = 0;
   while(index < 6)

return yield index++;
   starts here
}</pre>
```

• Function end will return done: true

#### Iterable

- Have generator function in the object
- Under @@iterator property

### Iterable

```
ID = {};

ID['@@iterator'] = idMaker;
//or use Symbol
ID[Symbol.iterator] = idMaker;

for (id of ID) {
   id;
    //0,1,2,3,4,5
}
```

#### Comprehension 簡約式

```
var ns = [1, 2, 3, 4];
var dbls = [for (i of ns) i*2];
dbls; // [2, 4, 6, 8]
```

# CoffeeScript Syntax

```
arr = [1, 2, 3, 4];
res = (x for x in arr);
```

### 2 Level Comprehension

```
var ms = [1, 2, 3, 4];
var ns = [2, 3, 4, 5];

[for (i of ms) for (j of ns) i*j];
// [2, 3, 4, 5, 4, 6, 8, 10, 6, 9, ...]
```

### Conditional Comprehension

```
var ns = [1, 2, 3, 4];
[for (i of ns) if (i % 2) i];
//[1, 3]
```

### Comprehension for Iterator

```
var ns = [1, 2, 3, 4];
(for (i of ns) if (i % 2) i);
//iterator with values [1, 3]
```

- New primitive type
- Used as property key
- Each symbol is unique

```
let symbol1 = Symbol();
```

```
const MY_KEY = Symbol();
let obj = {
    [MY_KEY]: 123
};
```

```
const RED = Symbol();
const BLUE = Symbol();
const GREEN = Symbol();
const YELLOW = Symbol();
```

### Symbol.iterator

```
var myIterable = {}
myIterable[Symbol.iterator] = function* () {
    yield 1;
    yield 2;
    yield 3;
};
[...myIterable] // [1, 2, 3]
```

### Promise

## ES6 Promise

- Inspires by jQuery Deferred
- Based on CommonJS Promise/A & Promise/A+

# Promise/A+

https://promisesaplus.com/

```
new Promise(function (resolve, reject) {
   //...
});
```

```
function JQXHR(url) {
 var xhr = new XMLHttpRequest();
 var dfd = new $.Deferred();
  xhr.onreadystatechange = function () {
    if (xhr.readyState == 4) {
      dfd.resolve(xhr.response);
  xhr.open('GET', url);
  xhr.send();
  return dfd.promise();
}
```

```
function ESXHR(url) {
 var xhr = new XMLHttpRequest();
 var dfd = new Promise(function (resolve) {
    xhr.onreadystatechange = function () {
      if (xhr.readyState == 4) {
        resolve(xhr.response);
 });
  xhr.open('GET', url);
  xhr.send();
  return dfd;
```

```
dfd.then(null, function () {
   return $.Deferred().resolve();
});
```

```
dfd.then(function (val) {
   if (val === 0) {
     throw new Error('');
   }
});
```

```
dfd.then(null, function () {
    //rejected handler
});

dfd.catch(function () {
    //rejected handler
});
```

Cache

ImageBitmap

ServiceWorker

Notification

• RTC

Web Audio

TV

Feature Detect

Stream

fetch

# Proxy/Reflect

# Proxy

- The Proxy object is used to define custom behavior for fundamental operations
- e.g. property lookup, assignment, enumeration, function invocation, etc

# Proxy

```
let target = {};
let handler = {
    get(target, propKey, receiver) {
        console.log('get ' + propKey);
        return 123;
    }
};
let proxy = new Proxy(target, handler);
```

# Traps

- getPrototypeOf
- setPrototypeOf
- isExtensible
- preventExtensions
- getOwnPropertyDescriptor
- defineProperty
- has

- get
- set
- deleteProperty
- enumerate
- ownKeys
- apply
- construct

### Use Cases

- DOM
- Observer
- Negative array index
- Deal unknown properties

## Reflect

- A "@reflect" module is a more natural place for many of the reflection methods previously defined on Object.
- For backwards-compatibility purposes, it is unlikely that the static methods on Object will disappear.

## Reflect Define

```
try {
   Object.defineProperty(obj, name, desc);
   // success
} catch (e) {
   // failure
}
```

## Reflect Define

```
if (Reflect.defineProperty(obj, name, desc)) {
    // success
} else {
    // failure
}
```

# Reflect Apply

```
f.apply(obj, args)
```

Function.prototype.apply.call(f, obj, args)

# Reflect Apply

Reflect.apply(f, obj, args)

## Reflect Construct

```
var obj = new F(...args)
```

## Reflect Construct

```
var obj = Reflect.construct(F, args)
```

# fetch

#### XHR

- XMLHttpRequest
- by Microsoft, 1999
- Make HTTP request in web page

## XHR Spec

- W3C Working Draft since 2006, Level 2 since 2008
- WHATWG Living Standard since 2011



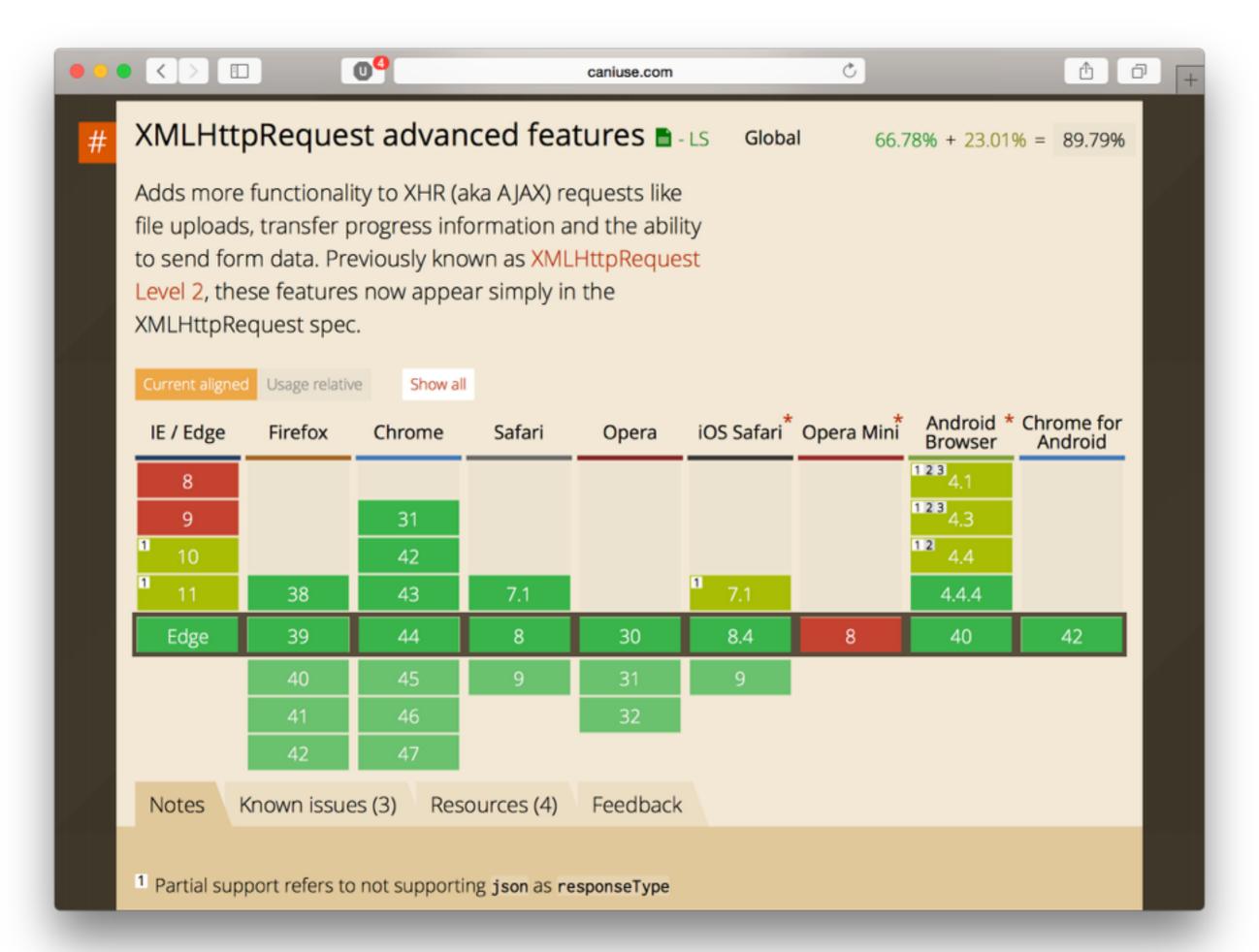
#### What's in 2.0

**CORS** 

**FormData** 

ArrayBuffer

File/Blob



## XHR

• 15 years old

#### **New Stuffs**

JSON FormData File/Blob

Promise ServiceWorker ArrayBuffer

Not every new tech can apply to XHR without break it.

So here is the new XHR.

## Fetch

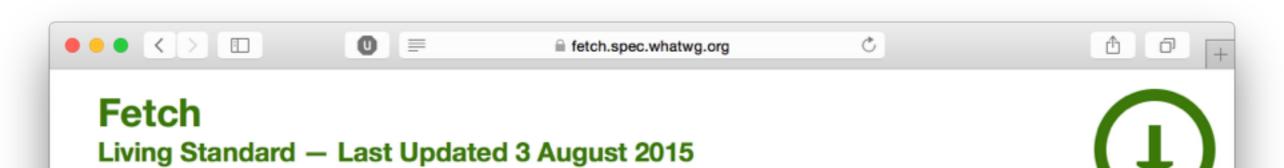
## Fetch

- The unified architecture of resource fetching
  - img, script, css, cursor image, ...etc
- fetch() JavaScript API



## fetch

- Promise based
- JSON support
- Simple naming, options object
- Designed as low level API



#### Participate:

GitHub whatwg/fetch (file an issue, open issues, legacy open bugs)

IRC: #whatwg on Freenode

#### Commits:

GitHub whatwg/fetch/commits @fetchstandard

#### **Abstract**

The Fetch standard defines requests, responses, and the process that binds them: fetching.

#### **Table of Contents**

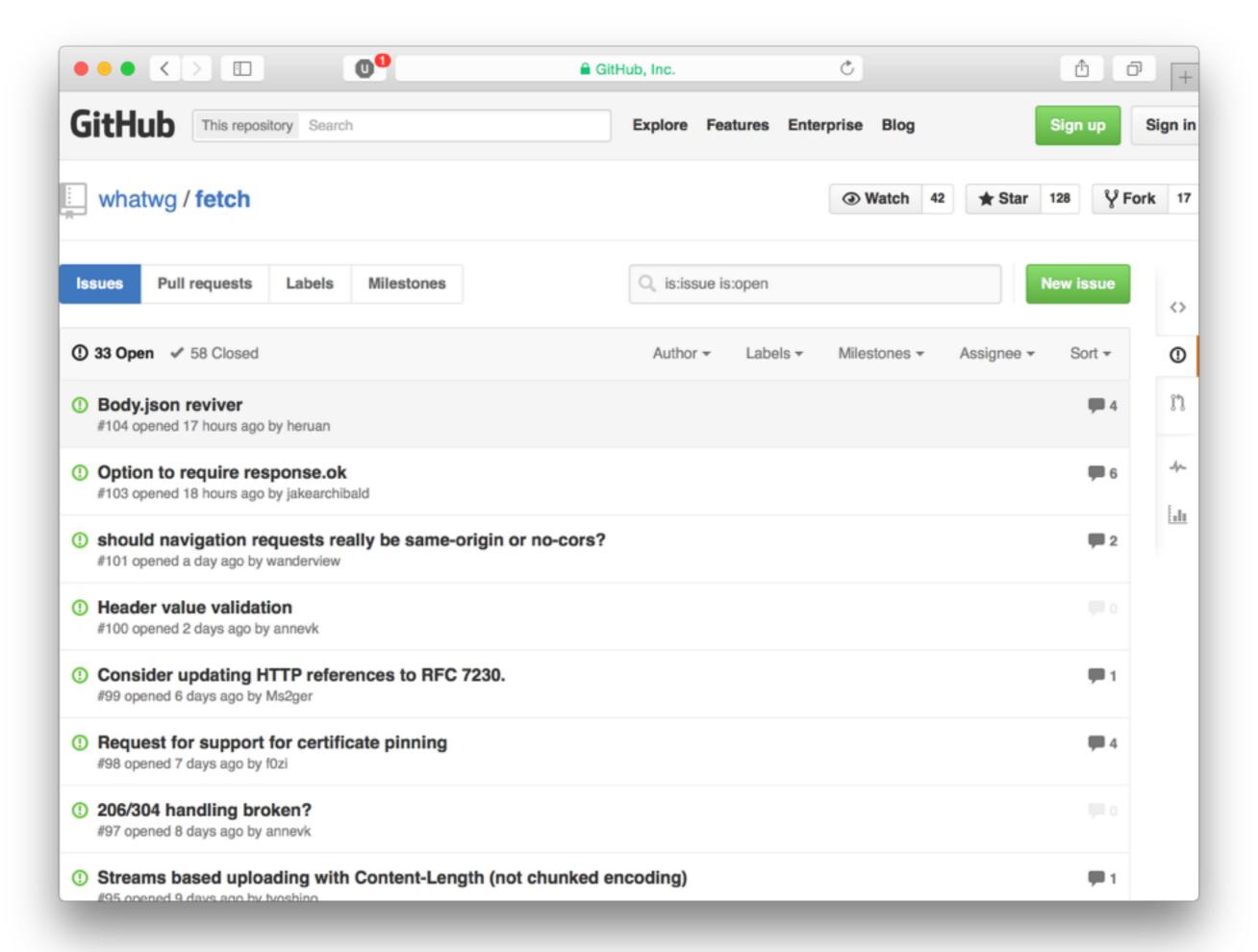
Goals

1 Preface

2 Conformance

3 Infrastructure

0.4.1.770



```
fetch('./api/some.json').then(function(response) {
    return response.json();
}).then(function(data) {
    console.log(data);
});
```

```
fetch('./api/some.json').then(function(response) {
    return response.json();
}).then(function(data) {
    console.log(data);
});
```

```
fetch('./api/some.json').then(function(response) {
    return response.json();
}).then(function(data) {
    console.log(data);
});
```

```
fetch('./api/some.json').then(function(response) {
   return response.json();
}).then(function(data) {
   console.log(data);
});
```

```
fetch('./api/some.txt').then(function(response) {
   return response.text();
}).then(function(data) {
   console.log(data);
});
```

```
fetch('./api/some.file').then(function(response) {
   return response.blob();
}).then(function(data) {
   // console.log(data);
});
```

```
fetch('./api/some.json')
  .then(res => res.json())
  .then(data => console.log(data));
```

```
fetch('./api/entry', {
  method: 'POST',
  headers: {
    'Content-Type': 'application/json'
  },
  body: JSON.stringify(data)
}).then(function(response) {
  response.json().then(data => console.log(data));
  return response;
});
```

```
fetch('./api/entry', {
    method: 'POST',
    headers: {
        'Content-Type': 'application/x-www-form-url-encoded'
    },
    body: $.param(data)
});
```

```
fetch('./api/entry', {
    method: 'POST',
    headers: {
        'Content-Type': 'application/x-www-form-url-encoded'
    },
    body: $.param(data)
});
```

```
fetch('./api/entry', {
    method: 'POST',
    headers: {
        'Content-Type': 'application/x-www-form-url-encoded'
    },
    body: $.param(data)
});
```

```
var obj = { key1: 'value1', key2: [10, 20, 30] };
var str = $.param(obj);
// "key1=value1&key2%5B%5D=10&key2%5B%5D=20&key2%5B%5D=30"
```

```
var obj = { key1: 'value1', key2: [10, 20, 30] };
var str = $.param(obj);
// "key1=value1&key2%5B%5D=10&key2%5B%5D=20&key2%5B%5D=30"
```

```
var obj = { key1: 'value1', key2: [10, 20, 30] };

var str = $.param(obj);

// "key1=value1&key2%5B%5D=10&key2%5B%5D=20&key2%5B%5D=30"

// key1=value1 &
    key2[]=10 &
    key2[]=20 &
    key2[]=30
```

Or you can post JSON, or other format

```
fetch('./api/entry', {
    method:'POST',
    headers: {
        'Content-Type': 'application/x-www-form-url-encoded'
    },
    body: $.param(data)
});
```

method

headers

body

mode

crendentials

cache

method

headers

body

mode

crendentials

cache

### mode

- The one XHR can't do
  - same-origin
  - cors
  - no-cors

#### no-cors

- Don't check CORS
- Get opaque response
- For ServiceWorker
- XHR can't do this

method headers

body mode

crendentials cache

#### headers

POJSO(Plain Old JavaScript Object)

```
'Content-Type': 'text/plain',
'X-Custom-Header', 'ProcessThisImmediately'
}
```

```
fetch('./api/some.json', {
    method: 'POST',
    mode: 'no-cors',
    headers: {
        'Content-Type': 'text/plain',
        'X-Custom-Header', 'ProcessThisImmediately'
    }
});
```

What if

What if

Header have multiple entry with the same name?

Set-Cookie: JSESSIONID=alphabeta120394049; HttpOnly

Set-Cookie: AWSELBID=baaadbeef6767676767690220; Path=/alpha

#### RFC 2616

Multiple message-header fields with the same field-name MAY be present in a message if and only if the entire field-value for that header field is defined as a comma-separated list [i.e., #(values)]

#### Header Class

- New global class
- For both request and response headers

```
var h = new Headers();
h.append(
  'Set-Cookie',
  'JSESSIONID=alphabeta120394049; HttpOnly'
);
h.append(
  'Set-Cookie',
  'AWSELBID=baaadbeef6767676767690220; Path=/alpha'
);
fetch(url, {
  headers: h
});
```

```
var h = new Headers();
h.append(
  'Set-Cookie',
  'JSESSIONID=alphabeta120394049; HttpOnly'
);
h.append(
  'Set-Cookie',
  'AWSELBID=baaadbeef6767676767690220; Path=/alpha'
);
fetch(url, {
  headers: h
});
```

```
var h = new Headers();
h.append(
  'Set-Cookie',
  'JSESSIONID=alphabeta120394049; HttpOnly'
);
h.append(
  'Set-Cookie',
  'AWSELBID=baaadbeef6767676767690220; Path=/alpha'
);
fetch(url, {
  headers: h
});
```

append()

delete()

get()

getAll()

has()

set()

# Deal with Response

```
fetch('./api/some.json').then(function(response) {
   return response.json();
})
```

```
fetch('./api/some.json').then(function(response) {
   return response.json();
})
```

## Response

- New global class
- Contains status, headers, body ...

ok status

url statusText

headers type

ok status

url statusText

headers type

# ok

"ok" is true when status is 2xx

### Means

- Fetch promise will resolve even when server respond 404, 500 ...
- Request is complete so Promise is resolved.

# Reject?

• On exception, ex: Network Error

arrayBuffer()

blob()

formData()

json()

text()

bodyUsed

arrayBuffer()

blob()

formData()

json()

text()

bodyUsed

# Response Body

- For formatted response body
- No auto format detection
- Body can consume only once (save memory)
- Use clone when need consume twice

```
fetch('...').then(function (res) {
  if (res.ok) {
    if (res.headers.get('Content-Type') === 'application/json')
      return res.json();
    }
}
```

```
fetch('...').then(function (res) {
   if (res.ok) {
     if (res.headers.get('Content-Type') === 'application/json'
        return res.json();
   }
  }
}
```

```
fetch('...').then(function (res) {
  if (res.ok) {
    if (res.headers.get('Content-Type') === 'application/json'
      return res.json();
  }
}
```

```
fetch('...').then(function (res) {
  if (res.ok) {
    if (res.headers.get('Content-Type') === 'application/json'
      return res.json();
  }
}
```

## New Classes

- Headers
- Response

## New Classes

- Headers
- Response
- Request

# Request

- Another new global class
- · Contains method, headers, body ...

## Where to Use

- Inside fetch
- As fetch input

#### 6.6 Fetch method

< > < </p>

The fetch(input, init) method, must run these steps:

- 1. Let p be a new promise.
- 2. Let r be the associated request of the result of invoking the initial value of Request as constructor with input and init as arguments. If this throws an exception, reject p with it.
- 3. Set r's context to "fetch".
- 4. Run the following in parallel:

Fetch r.

To process response for response, run these substeps:

- 1. If response's type is "error", reject p with a TypeError.
- Otherwise, resolve p with a new Response object associated with response and a new Headers object whose guard is "immutable".

To process response body for response, do nothing.

T 1 CC C 1 1

```
fetch.spec.whatwg.org
od
aceObject,
(Window, Worker)]
GlobalFetch {
ect] Promise<<u>Response</u>> <u>fetch(RequestInfo</u> input, optional <u>RequestIn</u>:
plements GlobalFetch;
<u>balScope</u> implements <u>GlobalFetch</u>;
, init) method, must run these steps:
v promise.
ssociated request of the result of invoking the initial value of Request as constructor with
this throws an exception, reject p with it.
t to "fetch".
```

C





typedef (Request or USVString) RequestInfo; [Constructor(RequestInfo input, optional RequestInit init), Exposed=(Window, Worker)] interface Request { readonly attribute ByteString method; readonly attribute USVString url; [SameObject] readonly attribute Headers headers; readonly attribute RequestContext context; readonly attribute USVString referrer; readonly attribute ReferrerPolicy referrerPolicy; readonly attribute RequestMode mode; readonly attribute RequestCredentials credentials; readonly attribute RequestCache cache; readonly attribute RequestRedirect redirect; [NewObject] Request clone(); **}**; Request implements Body; dictionary RequestInit { ByteString method; HeadersInit headers; BodyInit body; USVString referrer; ReferrerPolicy referrerPolicy; RequestMode mode; RequestCredentials credentials; RequestCache cache;





[NorrObject] Postport along().



IDL

#### typedef (Request or USVString) RequestInfo;

```
[Constructor(RequestInfo input, optional RequestInit i
Exposed=(Window, Worker)]
interface Request {
 readonly attribute ByteString method;
 readonly attribute USVString url;
  [SameObject] readonly attribute Headers headers;
 readonly attribute RequestContext context;
 readonly attribute USVString referrer;
 readonly attribute ReferrerPolicy referrerPolicy;
 readonly attribute RequestMode mode;
 readonly attribute RequestCredentials credentials;
 readonly attribute RequestCache cache;
 readonly attribute RequestRedirect redirect;
```

# Ideally You Can

- Create a request object
- Reuse it

```
var req = new Request('http://blah', {
    method: 'POST',
    body: requestBody
});

fetch(req);
```

# But

• Body can only consumed once

```
var req = new Request('http://blah', {
    method: 'POST',
    body: requestBody
});

fetch(req);

fetch(req); // TypeError
```

# Issue #61

- Fix the different behaviors
- Request will not able to reuse in the future

# Polyfill

by Github

https://github.com/github/fetch

# Node Polyfill

- node-fetch
   https://www.npmjs.com/package/node-fetch
- isomorphic-fetch https://www.npmjs.com/package/isomorphic-fetch

### Debug:

Chrome, at 'other tab', request body not shows Firefox, depend on response type

Safety flag for CORS not affect fetch
 Affect Electron app
 Use XHR + polyfill instead

- Not able to cancel a fetch
- Issue #27
- No solution now

- Not support progress now
- fetch-with-streams
- Future spec

### Streams

- WHATWG Spec
- Not Node Stream
- Base on Promise



```
fetch(url).then(response => {
  var reader = response.body.getReader();
 var decoder = new TextDecoder();
  function drain(valueSoFar) {
    return reader.read().then(function(result) {
      valueSoFar += decoder.decode(result.value || new Uint8Ar
      if (result.done) return valueSoFar;
      return drain(valueSoFar);
    });
  return drain();
}).then(function(fullText) {
  console.log(fullText);
});
```

```
fetch(url).then(response => {
  var reader = response.body.getReader();
  var decoder = new TextDecoder();
  function drain(valueSoFar) {
    return reader.read().then(function(result) {
      valueSoFar += decoder.decode(result.value || new Uint8Ar
      if (result.done) return valueSoFar;
      return drain(valueSoFar);
   });
  return drain();
}).then(function(fullText) {
  console.log(fullText);
});
```

```
fetch(url).then(response => {
  var reader = response.body.getReader();
  var decoder = new TextDecoder();
  function drain(valueSoFar) {
    return reader.read().then(function(result) {
      valueSoFar += decoder.decode(result.value || new Uint8Ar
      if (result.done) return valueSoFar;
      return drain(valueSoFar);
   });
  return drain();
}).then(function(fullText) {
  console.log(fullText);
});
```

```
fetch(url).then(response => {
  var reader = response.body.getReader();
  var decoder = new TextDecoder();
  function drain(valueSoFar) {
    return reader.read().then(function(result) {
      valueSoFar += decoder.decode(result.value || new Uint8Ar
      if (result.done) return valueSoFar;
      return drain(valueSoFar);
   });
  return drain();
}).then(function(fullText) {
  console.log(fullText);
});
```

```
fetch(url).then(response => {
  var reader = response.body.getReader();
  var decoder = new TextDecoder();
  function drain(valueSoFar) {
    return reader.read().then(function(result) {
      valueSoFar += decoder.decode(result.value || new Uint8Ar
      if (result.done) return valueSoFar;
      return drain(valueSoFar);
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```

#### **Current Status**

- Lots of new stuff is on the way
  - Streams, cancel
  - Browser integration
  - Cache, HTTP/2, CSP, subresource integrity,
     GET with body, busy indicator

## ES7

# Async/Await

## Async

- Function is asynchronous
- Can stop somewhere
- Like generator function

### Await

Stop and wait for promise result

## Async/Await

```
async function init() {
  var users = await fetch('/api/users');
  var items = await fetch('/api/items');
};
```

```
fetch(url).then(response => {
  var reader = response.body.getReader();
 var decoder = new TextDecoder();
  function drain(valueSoFar) {
    return reader.read().then(function(result) {
      valueSoFar += decoder.decode(result.value || new Uint8Ar
      if (result.done) return valueSoFar;
      return drain(valueSoFar);
    });
  return drain();
}).then(function(fullText) {
  console.log(fullText);
});
```

```
fetch(url).then(async response => {
  var reader = response.body.getReader();
 var decoder = new TextDecoder();
 var fullText = '';
 var result;
  do {
    result = await reader.read();
    fullText += decoder.decode(result.value || new Uint8Array,
  } while (!result.done);
  console.log(fullText);
});
```

```
fetch(url).then(async response => {
 var reader = response.body.getReader();
 var decoder = new TextDecoder();
 var fullText = '';
 var result;
  do {
    result = await reader.read();
    fullText += decoder.decode(result.value | | new Uint8Array,
 } while (!result.done);
  console.log(fullText);
});
```

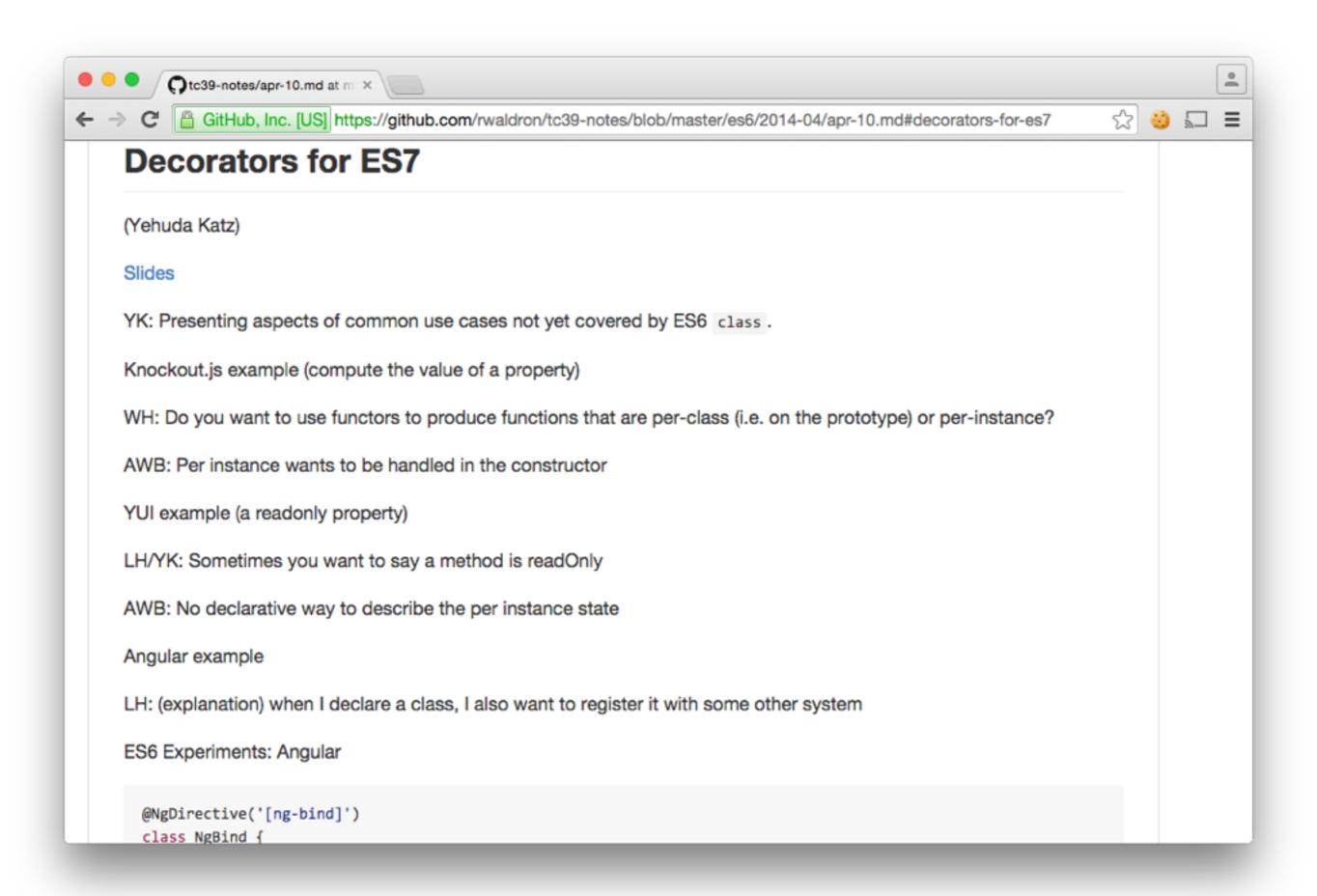
```
fetch(url).then(async response => {
  var reader = response.body.getReader();
  var decoder = new TextDecoder();
  var fullText = '';
  var result;
  do {
    result = await reader.read();
    fullText += decoder.decode(result.value | | new Uint8Array,
  } while (!result.done);
  console.log(fullText);
});
```

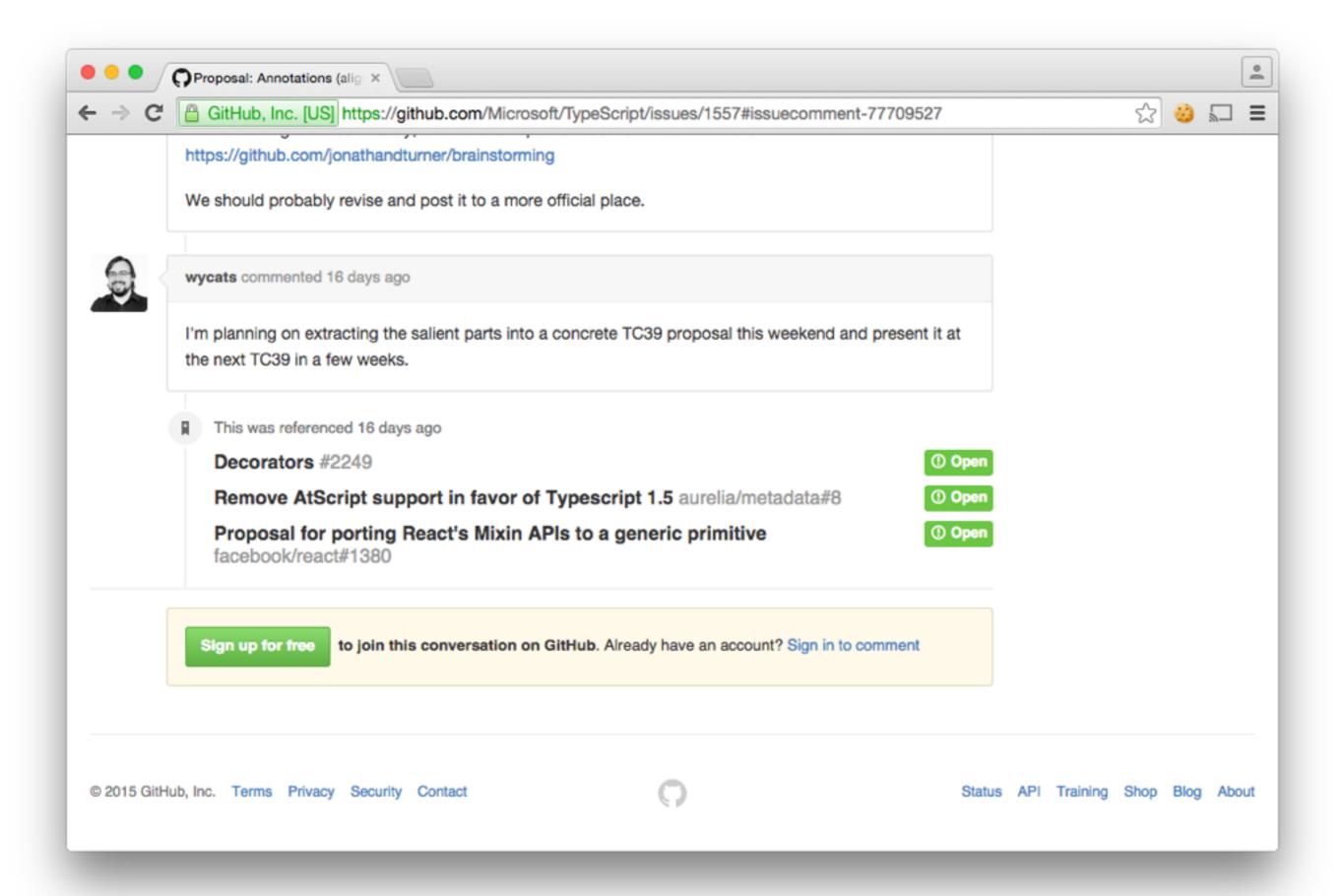
```
fetch(url).then(async response => {
  var reader = response.body.getReader();
  var decoder = new TextDecoder();
  var fullText = '';
  var result;
  do {
    result = await reader.read();
    fullText += decoder.decode(result.value | | new Uint8Array,
  } while (!result.done);
  console.log(fullText);
});
```

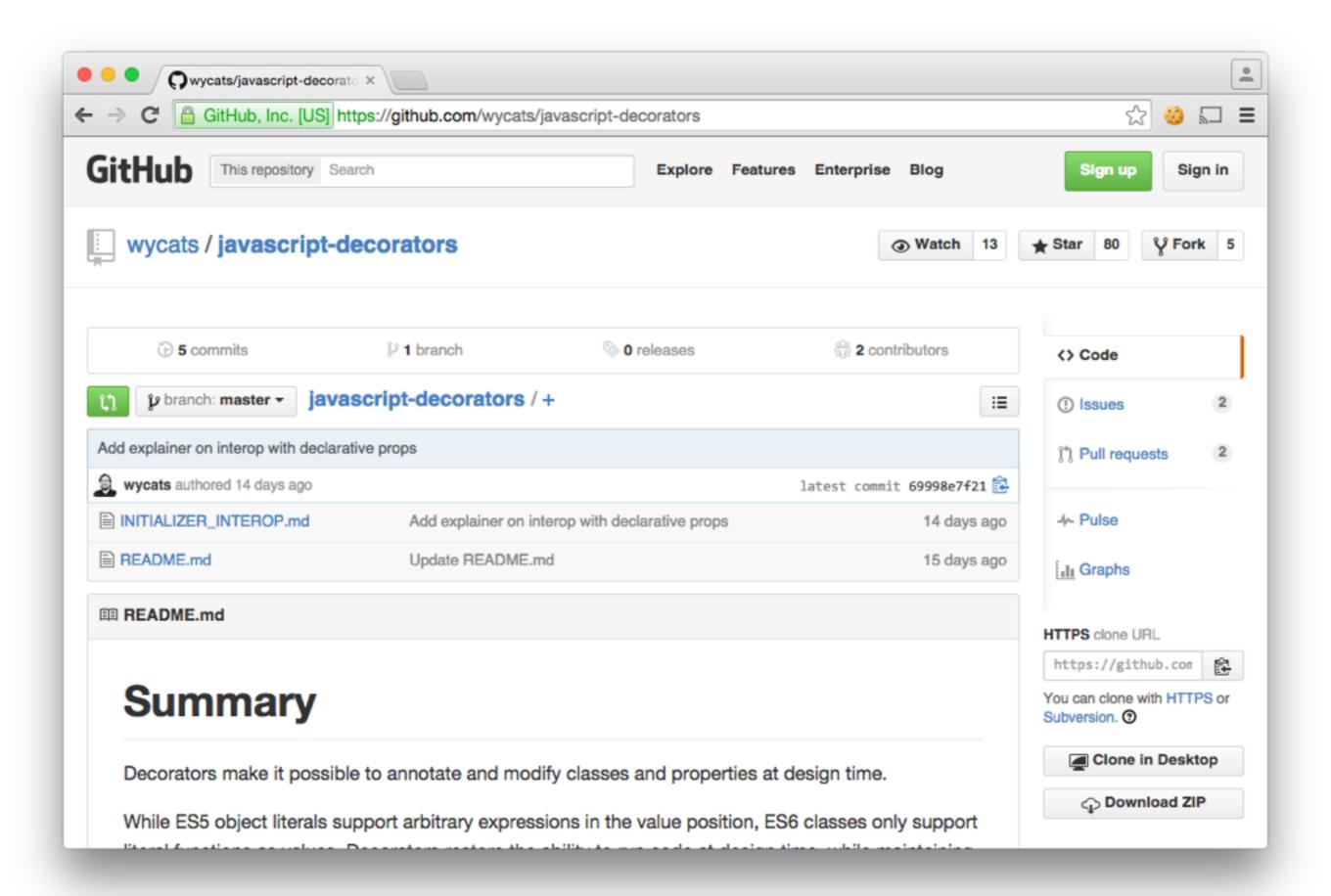
### Decorator

#### Decorator

- Syntax sugar
- Looks like annotation
- Like Python decorator
- by Yehuda Katz







```
var M = (function () {
  class M {
    fib(n) {
      if (n < 2) { return n }
      return this.fib(n - 1) + this.fib(n - 2)
  var _temp
  _temp = memorize(Foo.prototype, "fib") || _temp
  if (_temp) Object.defineProperty(M.prototype, "fib", _te
  return M
})()
```

```
function memorize(target, name, descriptor) {
  let getter = descriptor.get, setter = descriptor.set;
 descriptor.get = function() {
    let table = memorizationFor(this);
    if (name in table) { return table[name]; }
    return table[name] = getter.call(this);
  }
 descriptor.set = function(val) {
    let table = memorizationFor(this);
    setter.call(this, val);
    table[name] = val;
  }
  return descriptor;
```

# Use ES6 today

			Compilers/polyfills										
	71%	59%			-	51%	17%	7%	16%	63%	84%	66%	
Feature name	Current browser	Traceur	Babel + core-js <sup>[1]</sup>	Closure	<b>JSX</b> <sup>[2]</sup>	Type- Script ± core-js	es6- shim	IE 10	<u>IE 11</u>	Edge 12 <sup>[3]</sup>	Edge 13 <sup>[3]</sup>	FF 38 ESR	
Optimisation													
<ul> <li>proper tail calls (tail call optimisation)</li> </ul>	0/2	0/2	1/2	0/2	0/2	0/2	0/2	0/2	0/2	0/2	0/2	0/2	(
Syntax													
<ul> <li>default function parameters</li> </ul>	3/7	4/7	6/7	4/7	0/7	4/7	0/7	0/7	0/7	0/7	0/7	3/7	1
□ rest parameters     □	4/5	4/5	4/5	2/5	3/5	3/5	0/5	0/5	0/5	5/5	5/5	4/5	
spread () operator	15/15	15/15	13/15	3/15	2/15	4/15	0/15	0/15	0/15	12/15	15/15	15/15	1
<ul> <li>object literal extensions</li> </ul>	6/6	6/6	6/6	4/6	5/6	6/6	0/6	0/6	0/6	6/6	6/6	6/6	(
■ forof loops	7/9	9/9	9/9	6/9	2/9	3/9	0/9	0/9	0/9	6/9	7/9	7/9	
<ul> <li>octal and binary literals</li> </ul>	4/4	2/4	4/4	2/4	0/4	4/4	2/4	0/4	0/4	4/4	4/4	4/4	•
<u>template strings</u>	5/5	4/5	4/5	3/5	4/5	3/5	0/5	0/5	0/5	4/5	5/5	5/5	
■ RegExp "y" and "u" flags	2/4	2/4	2/4	0/4	0/4	0/4	0/4	0/4	0/4	2/4	4/4	2/4	
■ destructuring	28/36	30/36	33/36	20/36	15/36	26/36	0/36	0/36	0/36	0/36	0/36	27/36	2
<ul> <li>Unicode code point escapes</li> </ul>	1/2	1/2	1/2	1/2	0/2	1/2	0/2	0/2	0/2	2/2	2/2	0/2	
<u>new.target</u>	2/2	0/2	0/2	0/2	0/2	0/2	0/2	0/2	0/2	0/2		0/2	:
Bindings													
	8/8	6/8	6/8	6/8	0/8	6/8	0/8	0/8	8/8	8/8	8/8	8/8	
● <u>let</u>	0/10	8/10	8/10	8/10	0/10	6/10	0/10	0/10	8/10	8/10	8/10	0/10	C
<ul> <li>block-level function declaration<sup>[12]</sup></li> </ul>	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	
Functions													
arrow functions	10/13	11/13	10/13	10/13	8/13	9/13	0/13	0/13	0/13	9/13	13/13	8/13	10
■ class	0/23	16/23	19/23	9/23	15/23	16/23	0/23	0/23	0/23	0/23	23/23	0/23	0
<ul><li>super</li></ul>	0/8	7/8	6/8	4/8	7/8	7/8	0/8	0/8	0/8	0/8	8/8	0/8	
■ generators	20/25	22/25	22/25	16/25	0/25	0/25	0/25	0/25	0/25	0/25	25/25	20/25	2

## Current Implements

- https://kangax.github.io/compat-table/es6/
- Only partial support on major browsers
- No module supports
- Bad performance

# Babel + Webpack

### **TC39**

### **TC39**

Tech Committee of ECMAScript

