REDES DE COMPUTADORES

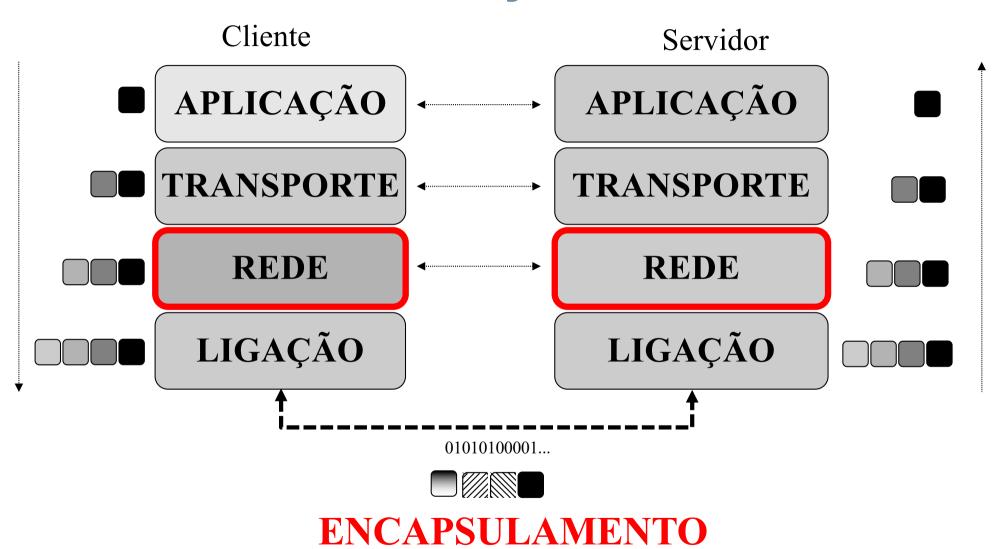
Mário Antunes

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Outubro de 2019



Modelo de comunicação TCP/IP





Modelo de comunicação TCP/IP

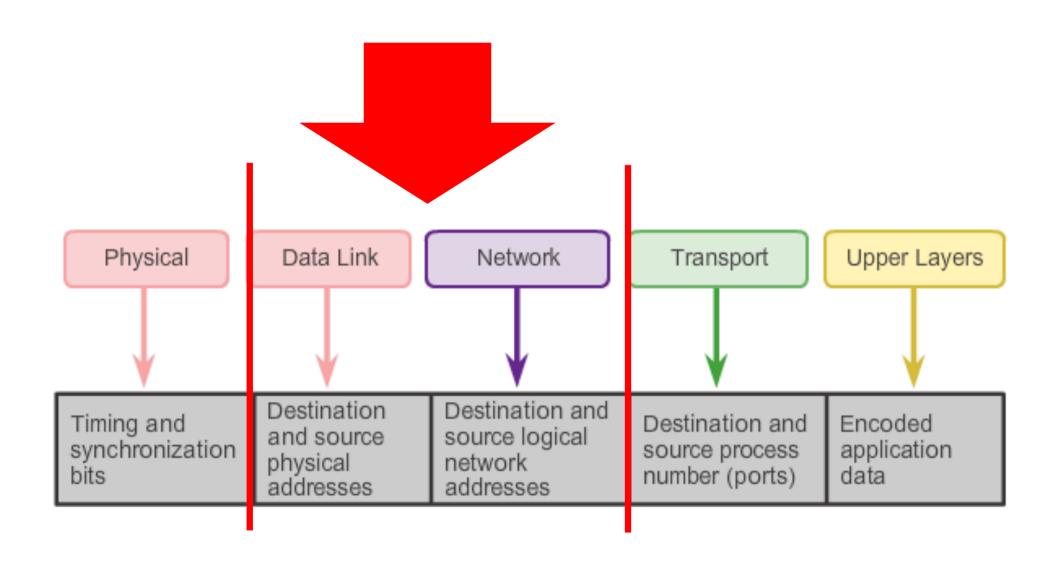
Exemplos de encapsulamentos comuns:

Ethernet IPv	4 TCP	Dados	telnet, HTTP
Ethernet IPv	4 UDP	Dados	NTP, DNS
Ethernet IPv	4 ICMP		ICMP
Ethernet AR	P		ARP



Moving Data in the Network

Accessing Local Resources





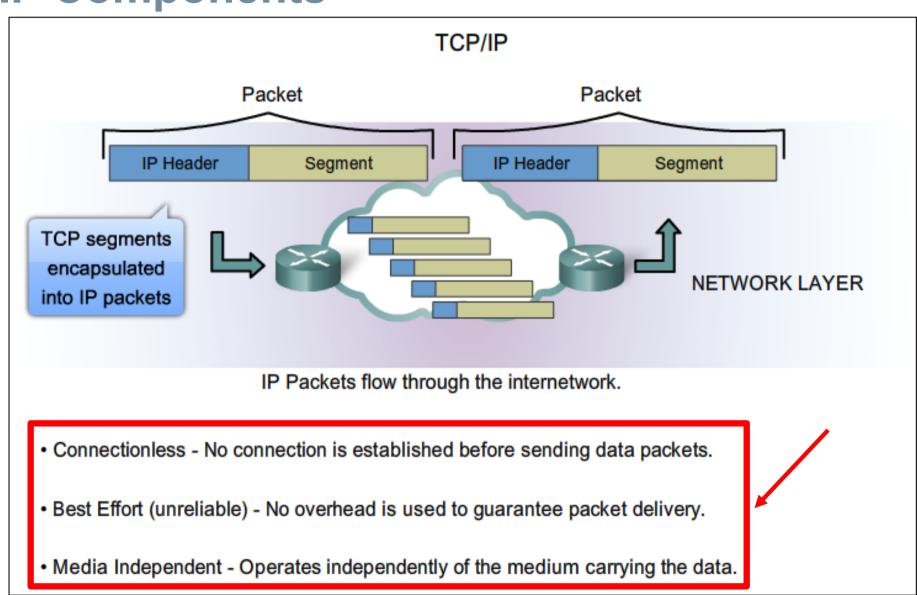
Funções da camada de rede

- Endereçamento lógico dos dispositivos
- Encapsulamento
- Encaminhamento
- Reconstituição

L

IP Characteristics

IP Components

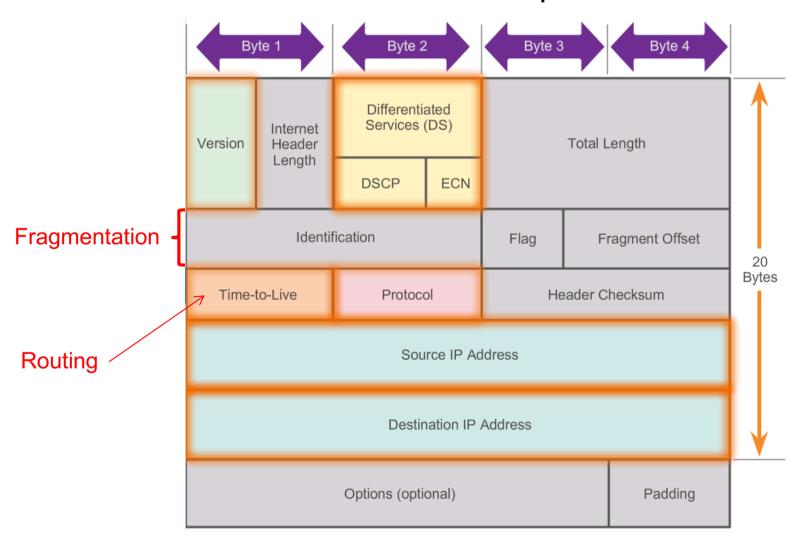




IPv4 Packet

IPv4 Packet Header

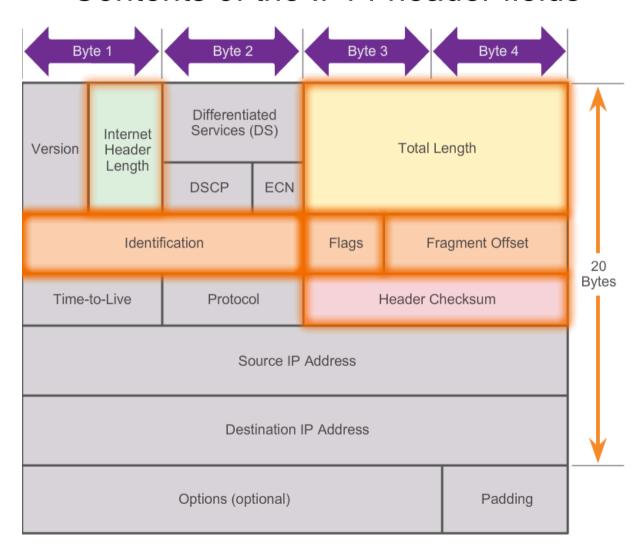
Contents of the IPv4 packet header



IPv4 Packet

IPv4 Header Fields

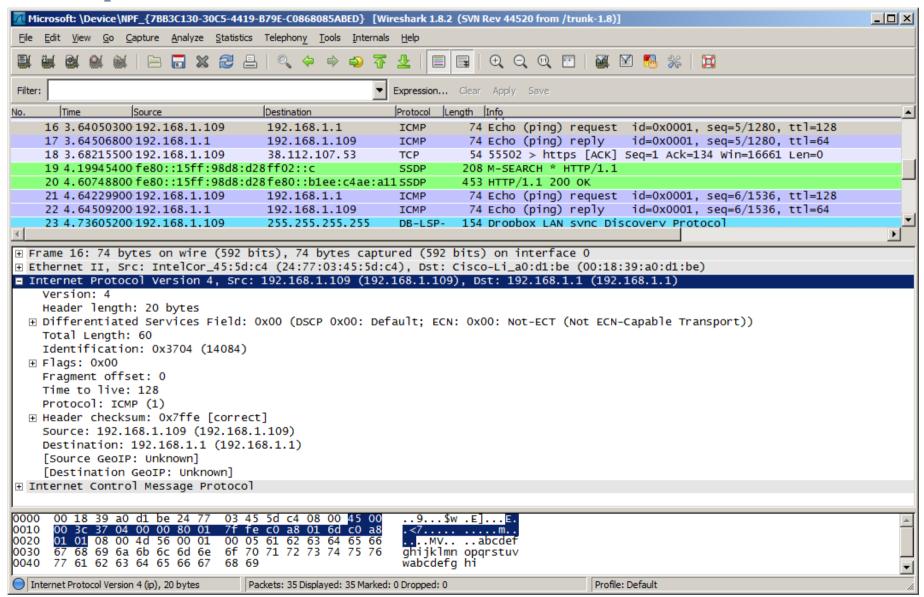
Contents of the IPv4 header fields





IPv4 Packet

Sample IPv4 Headers





- IP Address depletion
- Internet routing table expansion
- Lack of end-to-end connectivity

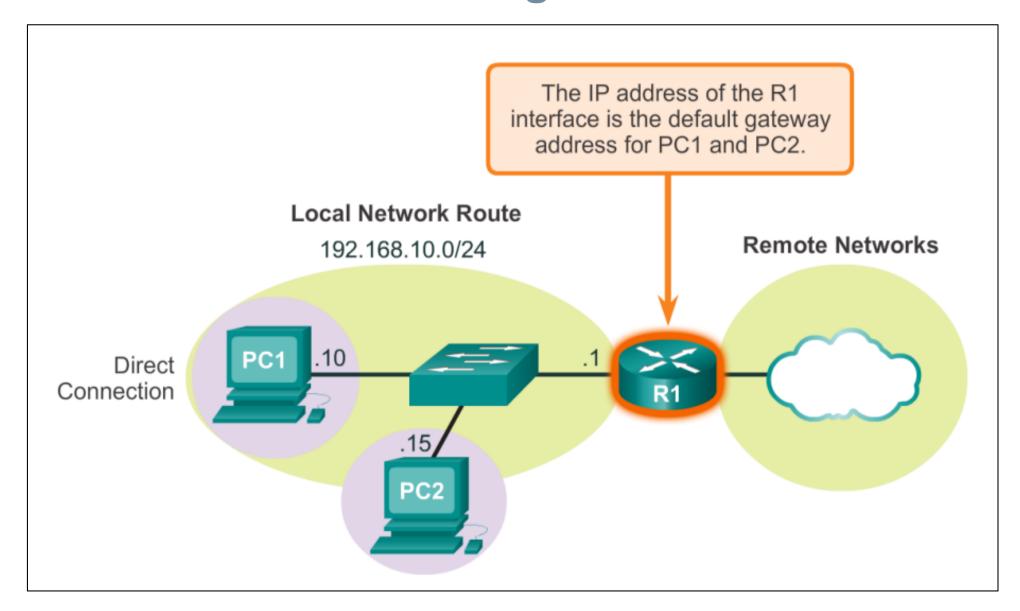
IPv6





Host Routing Tables

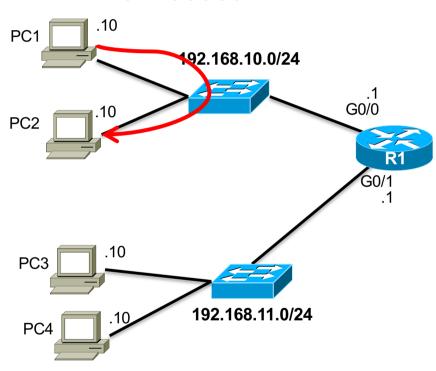
Host Packet Forwarding Decision



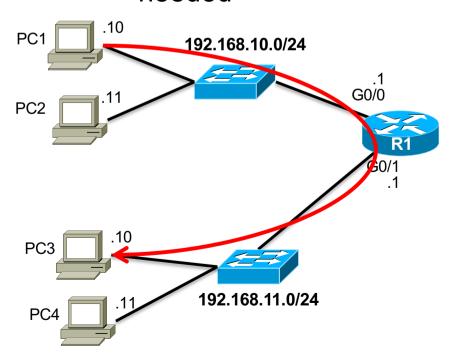
Configuring the Default Gateway

Default Gateway on a Host

Default Gateway not needed

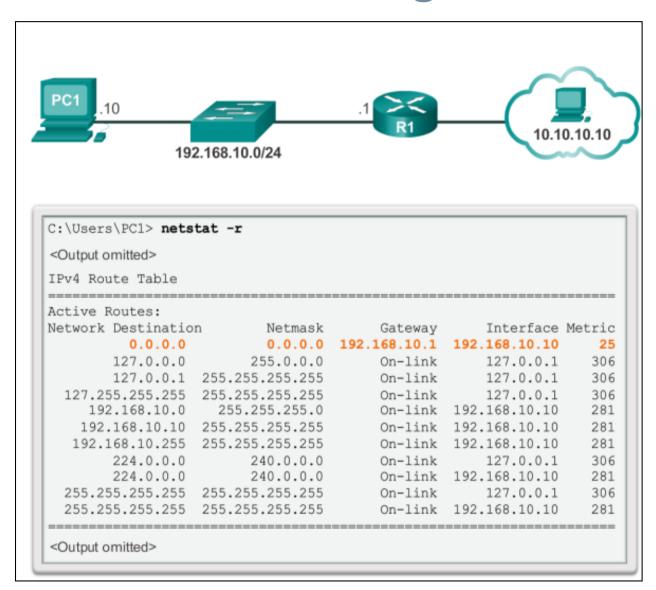


Default Gateway needed



Host Routing Tables

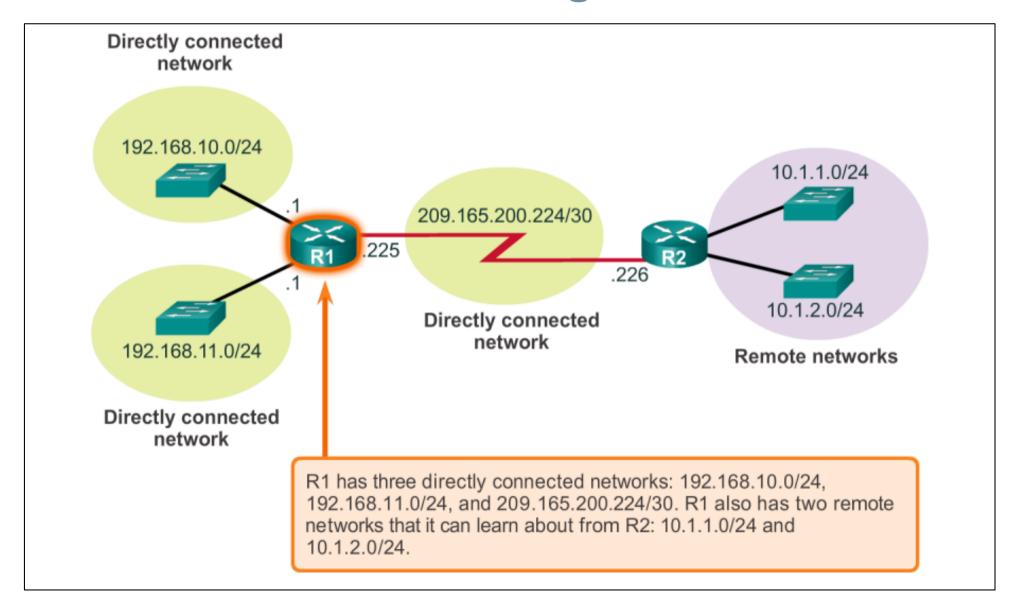
Sample IPv4 Host Routing Table





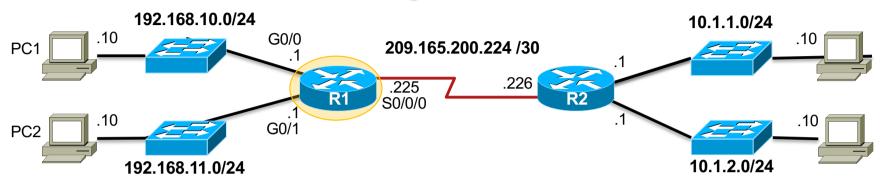
Router Routing Tables

Router Packet Forwarding Decision



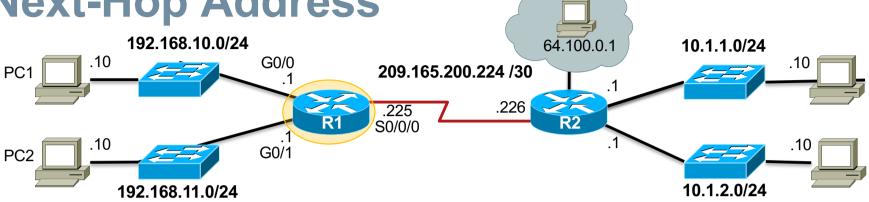
Router Routing Tables

IPv4 Router Routing Table



```
R1#show ip route
Codes: L - local, C - connected, S - static, R - RIP, M - mobile, B - BGP
       D - EIGRP, EX - EIGRP external, O - OSPF, IA - OSPF inter area
      N1 - OSPF NSSA external type 1, N2 - OSPF NSSA external type 2
       E1 - OSPF external type 1, E2 - OSPF external type 2, E - EGP
       i - IS-IS, L1 - IS-IS level-1, L2 - IS-IS level-2, ia - IS-IS inter area
       * - candidate default, U - per-user static route, o - ODR
       P - periodic downloaded static route
Gateway of last resort is not set
    10.0.0.0/8 is variably subnetted, 2 subnets, 2 masks
        10.1.1.0/24 [90/2170112] via 209.165.200.226, 00:00:05, Serial0/0/0
D
D
        10.1.2.0/24 [90/2170112] via 209.165.200.226, 00:00:05, Serial0/0/0
    192.168.10.0/24 is variably subnetted, 2 subnets, 3 masks
        192.168.10.0/24 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/0
        192.168.10.1/32 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/0
L
    192.168.11.0/24 is variably subnetted, 2 subnets, 3 masks
        192.168.11.0/24 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/1
C
L
        192.168.11.1/32 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/1
     209.165.200.0/24 is variably subnetted, 2 subnets, 3 masks
        209.165.200.224/30 is directly connected, Serial0/0/0
С
        209.165.200.225/32 is directly connected, Serial0/0/0
L
R1#
```

Router Routing Tables Next-Hop Address 192.168.10.0/24



```
R1#show ip route
Codes: L - local, C - connected, S - static, R - RIP, M - mobile, B - BGP
       D - EIGRP, EX - EIGRP external, O - OSPF, IA - OSPF inter area
       N1 - OSPF NSSA external type 1, N2 - OSPF NSSA external type 2
       E1 - OSPF external type 1, E2 - OSPF external type 2, E - EGP
       i - IS-IS, L1 - IS-IS level-1, L2 - IS-IS level-2, ia - IS-IS inter area
       * - candidate default, U - per-user static route, o - ODR
       P - periodic downloaded static route
Gateway of last resort is not set
    10.0.0.0/8 is variably subnetted, 2 subnets, 2 masks
        10.1.1.0/24 [90/2170112] via 209.165.200.226, 00:00:05, Serial0/0/0
D
        10.1.2.0/24 [90/2170112] via 209.165.200.226, 00:00:05, Serial0/0/0
    192.168.10.0/24 is variably subnetted, 2 subnets, 3 masks
        192.168.10.0/24 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/0
С
        192.168.10.1/32 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/0
T.
     192.168.11.0/24 is variably subnetted, 2 subnets, 3 masks
        192.168.11.0/24 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/1
C
        192.168.11.1/32 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/1
L
     209.165.200.0/24 is variably subnetted, 2 subnets, 3 masks
        209.165.200.224/30 is directly connected, Serial0/0/0
C
        209.165.200.225/32 is directly connected, Serial0/0/0
L
R1#
```





Anatomy of a Router

A Router is a Computer





Anatomy of a Router Router Memory

Memory	Volatile / Non-Volatile	Stores
RAM	Volatile	 Running IOS Running configuration file IP routing and ARP tables Packet buffer
ROM	Non-Volatile	Bootup instructionsBasic diagnostic softwareLimited IOS
NVRAM	Non-Volatile	Startup configuration file
Flash	Non-Volatile	IOSOther system files



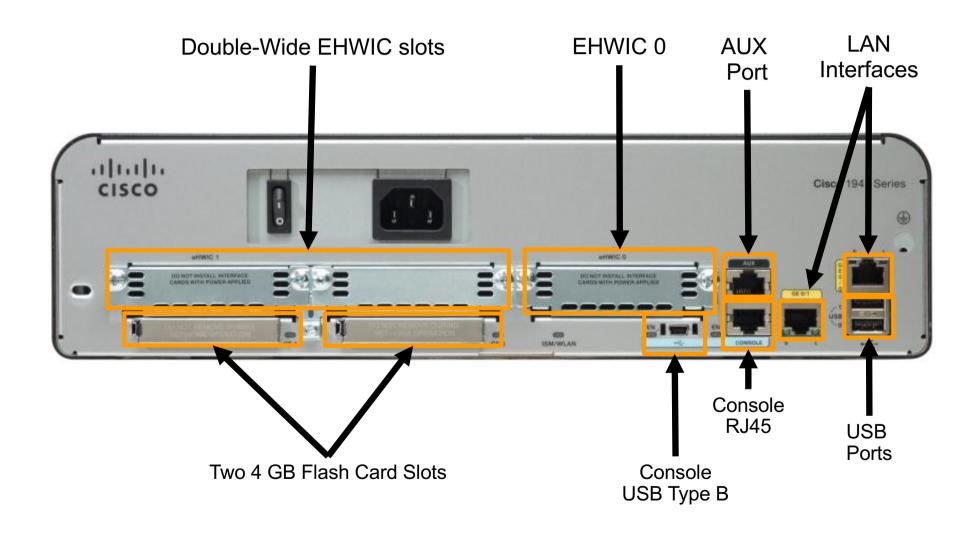
Anatomy of a Router

Inside a Router

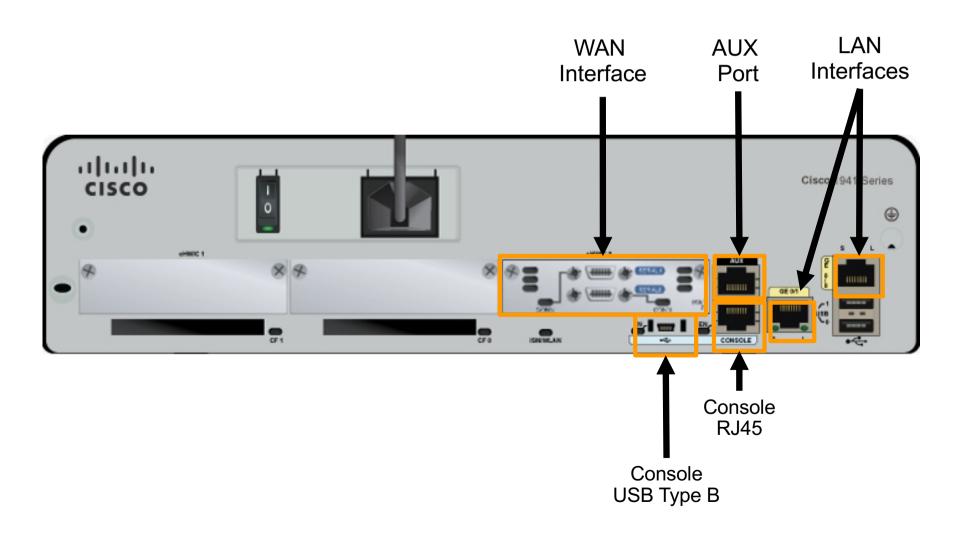
- Power Supply
- 2. Shield for WIC
- 3. Fan
- 4. SDRAM
- 5. NVRAM
- 6. CPU
- 7. Advanced Integration Module (AIM)



Anatomy of a Router Router Backplane



Anatomy of a Router Connecting to a Router





Anatomy of a Router LAN and WAN Interfaces

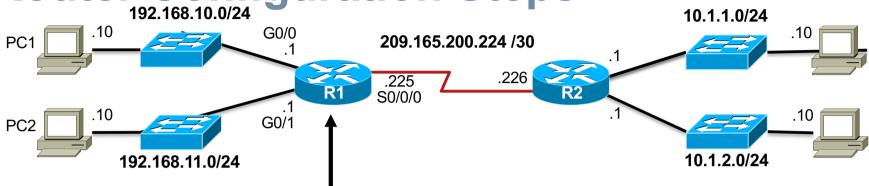
Serial Interfaces Cisco 1941 Series Cisco 1941 Series Cisco 1941 Series



LAN Interfaces

Configure Initial Settings

Router Configuration Steps



```
Router> enable
Router# configure terminal
Enter configuration commands, one per line.
End with CNTL/Z.
Router(config)# hostname R1
R1(config)#
```

```
Router> en
Router# conf t
Enter configuration commands, one per line.

End with CNTL/Z.
Router(config)# ho R1
R2(config)#
```

```
R1(config) # enable secret class
R1(config) #
R1(config) # line console 0
R1(config-line) # password cisco
R1(config-line) # login
R1(config-line) # exit
R1(config) #
R1(config) # line vty 0 4
R1(config-line) # password cisco
R1(config-line) # login
R1(config-line) # login
R1(config-line) # exit
R1(config) #
R1(config) #
R1(config) #
R1(config) #
R1(config) # service password-encryption
R1(config) #
```

```
R1# copy running-config startup-config
Destination filename [startup-config]?
Building configuration...
[OK]
R1#
```