

## Enačbe za single phase model

### 1 Polnjenje

#### 1.1 1. Robni pogoj

$$\frac{k}{\Delta z^2}(T_1 - T_0) + \frac{h}{\Delta z}(T_f - T_0) = \frac{1}{2}\rho c_p \frac{T_0 - T_0^{k-1}}{\Delta t} + Gc_p^f \frac{T_1 - T_0}{\Delta z}$$

Razčlenjeno

$$(2k\Delta t + 2h\Delta z\Delta t + \rho c_p \Delta z^2 - 2Gc_p^f \Delta z\Delta t)T_0 + \\ + (-2k\Delta t + 2Gc_p^f \Delta z\Delta t)T_1 = \rho c_p \Delta z^2 T_0^{k-1} + 2h\Delta z\Delta t T_f$$

#### 1.2 Vmesne enačbe

$$k \frac{T_{i+1} - 2T_i + T_{i-1}}{\Delta z^2} = \rho c_p \frac{T_i - T_i^{k-1}}{\Delta t} + Gc_p^f \frac{T_{i+1} - T_{i-1}}{2\Delta z}$$

Razčlenjeno

$$(-2k\Delta t - Gc_p^f \Delta z\Delta t)T_{i-1} + (4k\Delta t + 2\rho c_p \Delta z^2)T_i + \\ + (-2k\Delta t + Gc_p^f \Delta z\Delta t)T_{i+1} = 2\rho c_p \Delta z^2 T_i^{k-1}$$

#### 1.3 2. Robni pogoj

$$\frac{k}{\Delta z^2}(T_{M-2} - T_{M-1}) = \frac{1}{2}\rho c_p \frac{T_{M-1} - T_{M-1}^{k-1}}{\Delta t} + Gc_p^f \frac{T_{M-1} - T_{M-2}}{\Delta z}$$

Razčlenjeno

$$(-2k\Delta t - 2Gc_p^f \Delta z\Delta t)T_{M-2} + (2k\Delta t + \rho c_p \Delta z^2 + 2Gc_p^f \Delta z\Delta t)T_{M-1} = \\ = \rho c_p \Delta z^2 T_{M-1}^{k-1}$$

## 2 Hranjenje

### 2.1 1. Robni pogoj

$$\frac{4k}{\Delta r^2}(T_1 - T_0) = \rho c_p \frac{T_0 - T_0^{k-1}}{\Delta t}$$

Razčlenjeno

$$(4k\Delta t + \rho c_p \Delta r^2)T_0 - 4k\Delta t T_1 = \rho c_p \Delta r^2 T_0^{k-1}$$

### 2.2 Vmesne enačbe brez točke na meji med hranilnikom in izolacijo

$$k \left( \frac{1}{r\Delta j} \frac{T_{j+1} - T_{j-1}}{2\Delta r} + \frac{T_{j+1} - 2T_j + T_{j-1}}{\Delta r^2} \right) = \rho c_p \frac{T_j - T_j^{k-1}}{\Delta t}$$

Razčlenjeno

$$\begin{aligned} (k\Delta t - 2k\Delta t j)T_{j-1} + (4k\Delta t j + 2\rho c_p \Delta r^2 j)T_j + (-k\Delta t - 2k\Delta t j)T_{j+1} = \\ = 2\rho c_p \Delta r^2 j T_j^{k-1} \end{aligned}$$

### 2.3 Točka na meji

$$\begin{aligned} K &= (N_M - \frac{3}{2})\rho_{hr}c_{hr} + (N_M - \frac{1}{2})\rho_{iz}c_{iz} \\ \frac{1}{2\Delta r^2(N_{hr}-1)}(k_{iz}(T_M - T_{M-1}) + k_{hr}(T_{M-1} - T_{M-2})) + \frac{k_{iz}}{\Delta r^2}(T_M - T_{M-1}) - \\ - \frac{k_{hr}}{\Delta r^2}(T_{M-1} - T_{M-2}) &= \frac{K}{2(N_M-1)} \frac{T_{M-1} - T_{M-1}^{k-1}}{\Delta t} \end{aligned}$$