

# Tutorial and Lab Problems # 8

## MATH3871/MATH5970

1. **Skew-Normal Distribution.** The skew-normal density (see [https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Skew\\_normal\\_distribution](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Skew_normal_distribution)) has pdf:

$$\pi(x) = 2\phi(x)\Phi(\alpha x),$$

where  $\alpha$  is real,  $\phi$  is the standard normal pdf, and  $\Phi$  is the corresponding cumulative distribution function (cdf). This pdf arises in the Probit model from lectures. One way to simulate from this density is to introduce an auxiliary variable  $z$  and consider the joint pdf:

$$\pi(x, z) = 2\phi(x)\phi(z)\mathbb{I}\{z \leq \alpha x\}$$

Show that the marginal pdf  $\int \pi(x, z)dz$  is the skew-normal pdf. Then, write pseudo-code implementing the Gibbs sampler to simulate from  $\pi(x, z)$ . Then, implement the algorithm in Matlab/R/Python and simulate  $10^5$  approximate draws.

2. **Skew-Normal Probit-Style Sampling.** Yet another way to simulate from the skew-normal is to introduce an auxiliary variable  $z$  and consider the joint pdf:

$$\pi(x, z) = 2\phi(x)\phi(z + \alpha x)\mathbb{I}\{z \leq 0\}$$

Show that the marginal pdf  $\int \pi(x, z)dz$  is the skew-normal pdf. Then, write pseudo-code implementing the Gibbs sampler to simulate from  $\pi(x, z)$ . After examining the MCMC output, which Gibbs sampler do you think is more efficient?

## Answers:

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**Algorithm 1** : Simulating from skew-normal pdf with parameter  $\alpha > 0$ .

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1.  $\mathbf{Y}_0 \leftarrow (0, 0)$   
**for**  $k = 1, \dots, t$  **do**  
 $(X, Z) \leftarrow \mathbf{Y}_{k-1}$   
 $X | Z \sim \text{TN}_{(Z/\alpha, \infty)}(0, 1)$   
 $Z | X \sim \text{TN}_{(-\infty, \alpha X)}(0, 1)$   
 $\mathbf{Y}_k \leftarrow (X, Z)$   
**return**  $\mathbf{Y}_1, \dots, \mathbf{Y}_t$
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Some sample code.

```
clear all, clc
x=-5:0.03:5;
a=4;
y=2*normcdf(a*x).*normpdf(x);

t=10^5;
data=nan(2*t,2);
Z=0; X=0;
for k=1:t
    X=randn(Z/a, Inf);
    data(2*k-1,:)=[X,Z];
    Z=randn(-Inf, a*X);
    data(2*k,:)=[X,Z];
end

ksdensity(data(:,1)),
hold on
plot(x,y,'r')

for k=11:2*t
    plot(data(1:k,1),data(1:k,2),'r.'), axis([-3,3,-3,3])
    pause(.1), hold on
    comet(data(k-1:k,1),data(k-1:k,2))
    pause(.1)
    hold off
end
```

2. Pseudo-code for this Probit-style sampling is as follows.

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**Algorithm 2** : Simulating from skew-normal ala Probit.

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- $$\mathbf{Y}_0 \leftarrow (0, 0)$$
- for**  $k = 1, \dots, t$  **do**  
 $(X, Z) \leftarrow \mathbf{Y}_{k-1}$   
 $Z | X \sim \text{TN}_{(-\infty, 0)}(-\alpha X, 1)$   
 $X | Z \sim \text{N}(-\alpha Z / (1 + \alpha^2), 1 / (1 + \alpha^2))$   
 $\mathbf{Y}_k \leftarrow (X, Z)$   
**return**  $\mathbf{Y}_1, \dots, \mathbf{Y}_t$
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